

E c o n o m i c &
S o c i a l A f f a i r s

World Urbanization Prospects The 2011 Revision



United Nations
New York

ST/ESA/SER.A/322

Department of Economic and Social Affairs
Population Division

World Urbanization Prospects

The 2011 Revision



United Nations
New York, 2012

DESA

The Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat is a vital interface between global policies in the economic, social and environmental spheres and national action. The Department works in three main interlinked areas: (i) it compiles, generates and analyses a wide range of economic, social and environmental data and information on which States Members of the United Nations draw to review common problems and take stock of policy options; (ii) it facilitates the negotiations of Member States in many intergovernmental bodies on joint courses of action to address ongoing or emerging global challenges; and (iii) it advises interested Governments on the ways and means of translating policy frameworks developed in United Nations conferences and summits into programmes at the country level and, through technical assistance, helps build national capacities.

Note

The designations employed in this report and the material presented in it do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

Symbols of United Nations documents are composed of capital letters combined with figures.

This publication has been issued without formal editing.

PREFACE

The Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs at the United Nations Secretariat is responsible for providing the international community with up-to-date and scientifically objective information on population and development. The Population Division provides guidance to the United Nations General Assembly, Economic and Social Council, and the Commission on Population and Development on population and development issues and undertakes regular studies on population levels and trends, population estimates and projections, population policies, and population and development inter-relationships.

The Population Division's work encompasses the following substantive areas: the study of mortality, fertility, international and internal migration, including their levels and trends as well as their causes and consequences; estimates and projections of the distribution of the population between urban and rural areas and in cities; estimates and projections of population size, age and sex structure, and demographic indicators for all countries of the world; the documentation and analysis of population and development policies at the national and international levels; and the study of the relationship between socio-economic development and population change.

This report presents the highlights of the *2011 Revision of World Urbanization Prospects* including the official United Nations estimates and projections of urban and rural populations for major areas, regions and countries of the world and of all urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011. The data in this *Revision* are consistent with the total populations estimated and projected according to the medium variant of the *2010 Revision* of the United Nations global population estimates and projections, published in *World Population Prospects: The 2010 Revision*¹. This *Revision* updates and supersedes previous estimates and projections published by the United Nations.

Wall charts entitled *Urban Agglomerations 2011* and *Urban and Rural Areas 2011* will also be issued in 2012. A CD-ROM containing major results of the *2011 Revision* can be purchased from the Population Division. A description of the databases and an order form are given on pages 111-117 of this publication and are also posted on the Population Division's web site at www.unpopulation.org. All basic data and a complete list of data sources can be retrieved from an on-line database at the same web site.

This publication may also be accessed on the website of the Population Division at www.unpopulation.org. For further information about the *2011 Revision*, please contact the office of Mr. Gerhard Heilig, Chief, Population Estimates and Projections Section (heilig@un.org), Population Division, DESA, United Nations, New York, NY 10017, USA; tel.: (1 212) 963-4531, fax: (1 212) 963-2147.

¹*World Population Prospects: The 2010 Revision*, Volume I, *Comprehensive Tables* (United Nations publication, ST/ESA/SER.A/313) and Volume II: *Demographic Profiles*. (United Nations publication, ST/ESA/SER.A/317). <http://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/Documentation/publications.htm>.

CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
PREFACE.....	iii
EXPLANATORY NOTES.....	viii
CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTRIES BY MAJOR AREA AND REGION OF THE WORLD	ix
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
I. KEY FINDINGS OF THE 2011 REVISION.....	3
II. URBANIZATION AND NATURAL HAZARDS.....	17
III. PROCEDURES TO ESTIMATE AND PROJECT THE POPULATION OF URBAN AREAS AND URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS.....	31
A. The estimation of urban indicators over the estimation period	33
B. Projection of the proportion urban at the national level	35
C. Past estimates of city populations.....	37
D. The projection of city populations.....	39
E. Principal symbols used.....	41
IV. DATA SOURCES OF NATURAL DISASTER HOTSPOTS.....	43
V. SOURCES OF DATA ON URBAN AND CITY POPULATION.....	45
A. Sources of data on the urban population	45
B. Sources of data for estimates of urban agglomerations and capital cities	63
REFERENCES	109
DATA IN DIGITAL FORM.....	111
ORDER FORM.....	117

TABLES

<i>No</i>	<i>Page</i>
1. Total, urban and rural populations by development group, selected periods, 1950-2050	4
2. Percentage urban by development group, selected periods, 1950-2050	4
3. Population of urban agglomerations with 10 million inhabitants or more, 1950, 1975, 2011 and 2025	6
4. Population of urban agglomerations with 10 million inhabitants or more in 2011 and their average annual rates of change, selected periods, 1970-2025.....	8
5. Population distribution of the world and development groups, by area of residence and size class of urban settlement, 1970, 2011 and 2025	9
6. Percentage urban by major area, selected periods, 1950-2050	11
7. Total, urban and rural populations by major area, selected periods, 1950-2050	12
8. Government views on the spatial distribution of the population, 2009	15
9. Number of cities by number of natural hazards, class size (2011) and major area	24

<i>No</i>	<i>Page</i>
10. City population (in million) by number of natural hazards, class size (2011) and region	25
11. Number of cities (750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011) by risk decile, type of natural hazard and coastal status	26
12. Population for cities or urban agglomerations of 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 (in millions) by risk decile, type of natural hazard and coastal status	26
13. Cities and urban agglomerations (with 5 million or more inhabitants in 2011) exposed to at least one major natural hazard (8-10th risk deciles of natural disasters)	27
14. Top 10 largest city populations in 2011 at 8-10th risk deciles by type of hazard.....	28
15. Top 10 fastest growing city populations in 2001-2011 at 8-10th risk deciles by type of hazard.....	28
16. Urban areas (with 750,000 or more inhabitants in 2011) exposed to three or more natural hazards (8-10th risk deciles of natural disasters)	29
17. Top 10 largest city populations in 2011 least exposed to natural hazards (no risk or 1-4th risk decile for only one natural disaster)	29
18. Distribution of countries according to the criteria used in defining urban areas, 2011 Revision	32
19. Distribution of countries or areas according to the criteria used in defining city populations, 2011 Revision	34
20. Distribution of countries or areas according to most recent information available	35
21. Distribution of cities or urban agglomerations according to most recent information available	38

FIGURES

<i>No</i>	<i>Page</i>
I. Urban and rural population of the world, 1950-2050	3
II. Total population in millions by city size class, 1970, 1990, 2011 and 2025	5
III. Percentage of the population in urban areas, 2011, 2030 and 2050	10
IV. Distribution of the world urban population by major area, 1950, 2011, 2050.....	11
V. Contribution of demographic and urban growth to urbanization among the ten countries with the largest increase in their urban population between 2000 and 2050, 1950-2050.....	14
VI. Distribution of cities by population size in 2011 and risk of natural hazards.....	18
VII. Distribution of cities by population size in 2011 and risk of floods.....	18
VIII. Distribution of cities by population size in 2011 and risk of droughts.....	19
IX. Distribution of cities by population size in 2011 and risk of cyclones.....	19
X. Distribution of cities by population size in 2011 and risk of earthquakes.....	20
XI. Percentage of population at highest risk of natural hazards (8th-10th risk deciles)	22
XII. Percentage of population at highest risk of selected natural hazards (8th-10th risk deciles) by size class of costal settlement in 2011	22
XIII. Percentage of population at highest risk of selected natural hazards (8th-10th risk deciles) by size class of inland urban settlement in 2011, costal cities.....	23
XIV. Annual distribution of percentage urban	34
XV. Growth rate of the urban-rural ratio (rur) by proportion urban (PU) for countries or areas with 2 million or more inhabitants in 2011: selected country trajectories and fitted robust regression model...	36
XVI. Growth rate of the urban-rural ratio by proportion urban for countries or areas with less than 2 million inhabitants in 2011: selected country trajectories and fitted robust regression model.....	36
XVII. Cities analysed by 2011 population class size.....	37
XVIII. Annual distribution of city populations.....	38
XIX. Growth rate of the city-urban difference by city population (log) for all countries or areas: selected city trajectories and fitted robust regression model	39
XX. Growth rate of the city-urban difference by city population (log) for countries or areas with less than 2 million inhabitants in 2011: selected city trajectories and fitted robust regression model	40

ANNEX TABLES

<i>No</i>	<i>Page</i>
A.1. Population of urban and rural areas at mid-year and percentage urban, 2011.....	121
A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas by major area, region and country, 1950-2050	126
A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country, 1950-2050	136
A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country, 1950-2050.....	146
A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country, 1950-2050	156
A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population by major area, region and country, 1950-2050	166
A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population by major area, region and country, 1950-2050	176
A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population by major area, region and country, 1950-2050	186
A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban by major area, region and country, 1950-2050.....	196
A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural by major area, region and country, 1950-2050	206
A.11. The 30 largest urban agglomerations ranked by population size, 1950-2025	216
A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011, by country, 1950-2025 ...	220
A.13. Population of capital cities in 2011	234
A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011, by country, 1950-2025	238
A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011, by country, 1950-2025.....	252
A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011, by country, 1950-2025	266
A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025.....	280
A.18. Cities and urban agglomerations (with 750,000 or more inhabitants in 2011) by coastal status, type of aridity zone, and risk decile of natural disasters	291

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The following symbols have been used in the tables throughout this report:

- Two dots (..) indicate that the item is not applicable.
- Three dots (...) indicate that data are not available or are not separately reported.
- An em dash (—) indicates that the value is zero (magnitude zero).
- 0 or 0.0 indicates that the magnitude is not zero, but less than half of the unit employed.
- A minus sign (-) before a figure indicates a decrease.
- A full stop (.) is used to indicate decimals.
- Years given start on 1 July.
- Use of a hyphen (-) between years, for example, 1995-2000, signifies the full period involved, from 1 July of the beginning year to 30 June of the end year.

Decimals and percentages in tables may not add to the totals presented because of rounding.

References to countries, territories, areas and urban locations

The designations employed in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

The designations “more developed regions” and “less developed regions” are used for statistical convenience and do not necessarily express a judgment about the stage reached by a particular country or area in the development process. The term “country” as used in this publication also refers, as appropriate, to territories or areas.

The more developed regions comprise all regions of Europe plus Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan. The term “developed countries” is used to designate countries in the more developed regions.

The less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan) and Latin America and the Caribbean, as well as Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia. The term “developing countries” is used to designate countries in the less developed regions.

The least developed countries, as defined by the United Nations General Assembly in its resolutions (59/209, 59/210, 60/33, 62/97, 64/L.55) include 49 countries in 2012: 34 in Africa, 9 in Asia, 5 in Oceania and one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

Country names and the composition of geographical areas follow those presented in “Standard country or area codes for statistical use” (ST/ESA/STAT/SER.M/49/Rev.3), available at:

<http://unstats.un.org/unsd/methods/m49/m49.htm>.

Names of cities or urban agglomerations are presented in their original language, following the names used by National Statistical Offices or the United Nations Demographic Yearbook. For cities with names in more than one language, different names are separated by a hyphen. If the country uses non-Latin scripts, a transliteration of the original spelling into Latin script is used. If cities have established alternative names or English names, those names are presented in brackets. When necessary, the administrative subdivision to which a city belongs is appended to the city name to identify it unambiguously.

For convenience, the term “growth rate” is used in this report interchangeably with the more appropriate term “rate of change”, which is neutral in respect to either growth or decline.

The following abbreviations are used in this publication:

- DESA Department of Economic and Social Affairs
- SAR Special Administrative Region
- HDI Human Development Index

CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTRIES BY MAJOR AREA AND REGION OF THE WORLD

Africa

<i>Eastern Africa</i>	<i>Middle Africa</i>	<i>Northern Africa</i>	<i>Western Africa</i>
Burundi	Angola	Algeria	Benin
Comoros	Cameroon	Egypt	Burkina Faso
Djibouti	Central African Republic	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Cape Verde
Eritrea	Chad	Morocco	Côte d'Ivoire
Ethiopia	Congo	Sudan	Gambia
Kenya	Democratic Republic of the Congo	Tunisia	Ghana
Madagascar	Equatorial Guinea	Western Sahara	Guinea
Malawi	Gabon	<i>Southern Africa</i>	Guinea-Bissau
Mauritius ²	São Tomé and Príncipe	Botswana	Liberia
Mayotte		Lesotho	Mali
Mozambique		Namibia	Mauritania
Réunion		South Africa	Niger
Rwanda		Swaziland	Nigeria
Seychelles*			Saint Helena ^{3*}
Somalia			Senegal
South Sudan			Sierra Leone
Uganda			Togo
United Republic of Tanzania ⁴			
Zambia			
Zimbabwe			

² Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

³ Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

⁴ Including Zanzibar.

CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTRIES (*continued*)

Asia

<i>Eastern Asia</i> ⁵	<i>South-Central Asia</i> ⁶	<i>South-Eastern Asia</i>	<i>Western Asia</i>
	<i>Central Asia</i>		
China ⁷	Kazakhstan	Brunei Darussalam	Armenia
China, Hong Kong SAR ⁸	Kyrgyzstan	Cambodia	Azerbaijan ⁹
China, Macao SAR ¹⁰	Tajikistan	Indonesia	Bahrain
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	Turkmenistan	Lao People's Democratic Republic	Cyprus ¹¹
Japan	Uzbekistan	Malaysia ¹³	Georgia ¹²
Mongolia	<i>Southern Asia</i>	Myanmar	Iraq
Republic of Korea		Philippines	Israel
	Afghanistan	Singapore	Jordan
	Bangladesh	Thailand	Kuwait
	Bhutan	Timor-Leste	Lebanon
	India	Viet Nam	Occupied Palestinian Territory ¹⁴
	Iran (Islamic Republic of)		Oman
	Maldives ¹⁵		Qatar
	Nepal		Saudi Arabia
	Pakistan		Syrian Arab Republic
	Sri Lanka		Turkey
			United Arab Emirates
			Yemen

⁵ Includes other non-specified areas

⁶ The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

⁷ For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

⁸ As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

⁹ Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

¹⁰ As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

¹¹ Including Northern-Cyprus.

¹² Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia

¹³ Including Sabah and Sarawak.

¹⁴ Including East Jerusalem.

¹⁵ Including Transnistria.

CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTRIES (*continued*)

Europe

<i>Eastern Europe</i>	<i>Northern Europe</i>	<i>Southern Europe</i>	<i>Western Europe</i>
Belarus	Channel Islands ¹⁶	Albania	Austria
Bulgaria	Denmark	Andorra*	Belgium
Czech Republic	Estonia	Bosnia and Herzegovina	France
Hungary	Faeroe Islands*	Croatia	Germany
Poland	Finland ¹⁷	Gibraltar*	Liechtenstein*
Republic of Moldova	Iceland	Greece	Luxembourg
Romania	Ireland	Holy See ^{18*}	Monaco*
Russian Federation	Isle of Man*	Italy	Netherlands
Slovakia	Latvia	Malta	Switzerland
Ukraine	Lithuania	Montenegro	
	Norway ¹⁹	Portugal	
	Sweden	San Marino*	
	United Kingdom of Great	Serbia ²⁰	
	Britain and Northern	Slovenia	
	Ireland ²¹	Spain ²²	
		The former Yugoslav	
		Republic of Macedonia ²³	

¹⁶ Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

¹⁷ Including Åland Islands.

¹⁸ Refers to the Vatican City State.

¹⁹ Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

²⁰ Including Kosovo.

²¹ Also referred to as United Kingdom.

²² Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla

²³ Also referred to as TFYR Macedonia.

CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTRIES (*continued*)

Latin America and the Caribbean

<i>Caribbean</i>	<i>Central America</i>	<i>South America</i>
Anguilla*	Belize	Argentina
Antigua and Barbuda*	Costa Rica	Bolivia
Aruba	El Salvador	Brazil
Bahamas	Guatemala	Chile
Barbados	Honduras	Colombia
British Virgin Islands*	Mexico	Ecuador
Cayman Islands*	Nicaragua	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)*
Cuba	Panama	French Guiana
Dominica*		Guyana
Dominican Republic		Paraguay
Grenada		Peru
Guadeloupe ²⁴		Suriname
Haiti		Uruguay
Jamaica		Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of)
Martinique		
Montserrat*		
Netherlands Antilles ²⁵		
Puerto Rico		
Saint Kitts and Nevis*		
Saint Lucia		
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		
Trinidad and Tobago		
Turks and Caicos Islands*		
United States Virgin Islands		

²⁴ Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

²⁵ Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius

CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTRIES (*continued*)

Northern America

Bermuda*
 Canada
 Greenland*
 Saint Pierre and Miquelon*
 United States of America

Oceania

<i>Australia/New Zealand</i>	<i>Melanesia</i>	<i>Micronesia</i>	<i>Polynesia</i> ²⁶
Australia ²⁷	Fiji	Guam	American Samoa*
New Zealand	New Caledonia	Kiribati*	Cook Islands*
	Papua New Guinea	Marshall Islands*	French Polynesia
	Solomon Islands	Micronesia	Niue*
	Vanuatu	(Federated States of)	Samoa
		Nauru*	Tokelau*
		Northern Mariana Islands*	Tonga
		Palau*	Tuvalu*
			Wallis and Futuna Islands*

Sub-Saharan Africa

Angola	Côte d'Ivoire	Kenya	Niger	South Sudan
Benin	Democratic Republic of the Congo	Lesotho	Nigeria	Swaziland
Botswana	Djibouti	Liberia	Réunion	Togo
Burkina Faso	Equatorial Guinea	Madagascar	Rwanda	Uganda
Burundi	Eritrea	Malawi	Saint Helena	United Republic of Tanzania
Cameroon	Ethiopia	Mali	São Tomé and Príncipe	Zambia
Cape Verde	Gabon	Mauritania	Senegal	Zimbabwe
Central African Republic	Gambia	Mauritius	Seychelles	
Chad	Ghana	Mayotte	Sierra Leone	
Comoros	Guinea	Mozambique	Somalia	
Congo	Guinea-Bissau	Namibia	South Africa	

²⁶ Including Pitcairn.

²⁷ Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTRIES (*continued*)

Least developed countries

Afghanistan	Gambia	Rwanda
Angola	Guinea	Samoa
Bangladesh	Guinea-Bissau	São Tomé and Príncipe
Benin	Haiti	Senegal
Bhutan	Kiribati	Sierra Leone
Burkina Faso	Lao People's Democratic Republic	Solomon Islands
Burundi	Lesotho	Somalia
Cambodia	Liberia	South Sudan ²⁸
Central African Republic	Madagascar	Sudan
Chad	Malawi	Timor-Leste
Comoros	Mali	Togo
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Mauritania	Tuvalu
Djibouti	Mozambique	Uganda
Equatorial Guinea	Myanmar	United Republic of Tanzania
Eritrea	Nepal	Vanuatu
Ethiopia	Niger	Yemen
		Zambia

NOTE: Countries with fewer than 100,000 inhabitants in 2010 are marked by an asterisk (*).

²⁸ Pending the official status, it was decided to include South Sudan in the least developed countries for statistical purposes.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Since 1988 the Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations has been issuing every two years revised and updated estimates and projections of the urban and rural populations of all countries in the world and of their major urban agglomerations. This note presents the main findings of the *2011 Revision of World Urbanization Prospects* which are consistent with the size of the total population of each country as estimated or projected in the *2010 Revision of World Population Prospects* (United Nations, 2011).

The *2011 Revision* presents estimates and projections of the total, urban and rural populations of the world for the period 1950-2050. The results are shown for development groups, six major areas (i.e., Africa, Asia, Europe, Latin America and the Caribbean, Northern America and Oceania) and 21 regions. Data are further presented for the 231 countries or areas of the world. The *2011 Revision* also provides estimates and projections of the population of urban agglomerations with at least 750,000 inhabitants in 2011 for the period 1950-2025. Estimates of the proportion of the population living in urban areas and the population of cities are based on national statistics. Population censuses are the most commonly used sources of data on the proportion urban and the population of cities. However, in some countries, the data used as the basis for estimation are obtained from population registers or administrative statistics.

As reported in previous revisions, more than half of the world population lives in urban areas. Nevertheless, not all regions of the world have reached this level of urbanization. According to the *2011 Revision*, it is expected that half of the population of Asia will live in urban areas by 2020, while Africa is likely to reach a 50 per cent urbanization rate only in 2035.

Between 2011 and 2050, the world population is expected to increase by 2.3 billion, passing from 7.0 billion to 9.3 billion (United Nations, 2011). At the same time, the population living in urban areas is projected to gain 2.6 billion, passing from 3.6 billion in 2011 to 6.3 billion 2050. Thus, the urban areas of the world are expected to absorb all the population growth expected over the next four decades while at the same time drawing in some of the rural population. As a result, the world rural population is projected to start decreasing in about a decade and there will likely be 0.3 billion fewer rural inhabitants in 2050 than today. Furthermore, most of the population growth expected in urban areas will be concentrated in the cities and towns of the less developed regions. Asia, in particular, is projected to see its urban population increase by 1.4 billion, Africa by 0.9 billion, and Latin America and the Caribbean by 0.2 billion. Population growth is therefore becoming largely an urban phenomenon concentrated in the developing world (David Satterthwaite, 2007).

Realization of these projections is contingent on the continuation of fertility reductions in the developing world. If fertility were to remain constant at current levels and the pace of urbanization remained that projected in the *2011 Revision*, the world urban population would increase to 7.4 billion by 2050 instead of the 6.3 billion expected when fertility is assumed to continue declining in all developing regions (United Nations, 2009b). In many countries, natural increase (the difference of births minus deaths) accounts for 60 per cent or more of urban population growth. Consequently, policies that facilitate the reduction of fertility by ensuring that couples have access to the modern contraception and that they can decide freely the number of children they desire can contribute to moderate increases in the number of urban dwellers, thereby making it easier for developing countries to adjust to the transformations associated with growing urbanization.

There is significant diversity in the urbanization levels reached by different regions. The transformative power of urbanization was felt earlier in today's more developed regions and they have reached high levels of urbanization. Thus, 78 per cent of the inhabitants of the more developed regions

lived in urban areas in 2011, whereas just 47 per cent of those in the less developed regions did so. Urbanization is expected to continue rising in both the more developed and the less developed regions so that, by 2050, urban dwellers will likely account for 86 per cent of the population in the more developed regions and for 64 per cent of that in the less developed regions. Overall, the world population is expected to be 67 per cent urban in 2050.

Today's 3.6 billion urban dwellers are distributed unevenly among urban settlements of different size. In discussing urbanization, the focus often is on large cities, cities whose populations are larger than those of many countries. In 2011, 23 urban agglomerations qualified as megacities because they had at least 10 million inhabitants. Despite their visibility and dynamism, megacities account for a small though increasing proportion of the world urban population: 9.9 per cent in 2011 and 13.6 per cent in 2025. At the same time, over half of the urban population lives and will continue to live in small urban centres with fewer than half a million inhabitants. These and other key findings of the *2011 Revision* are summarized below.

I. KEY FINDINGS OF THE 2011 REVISION

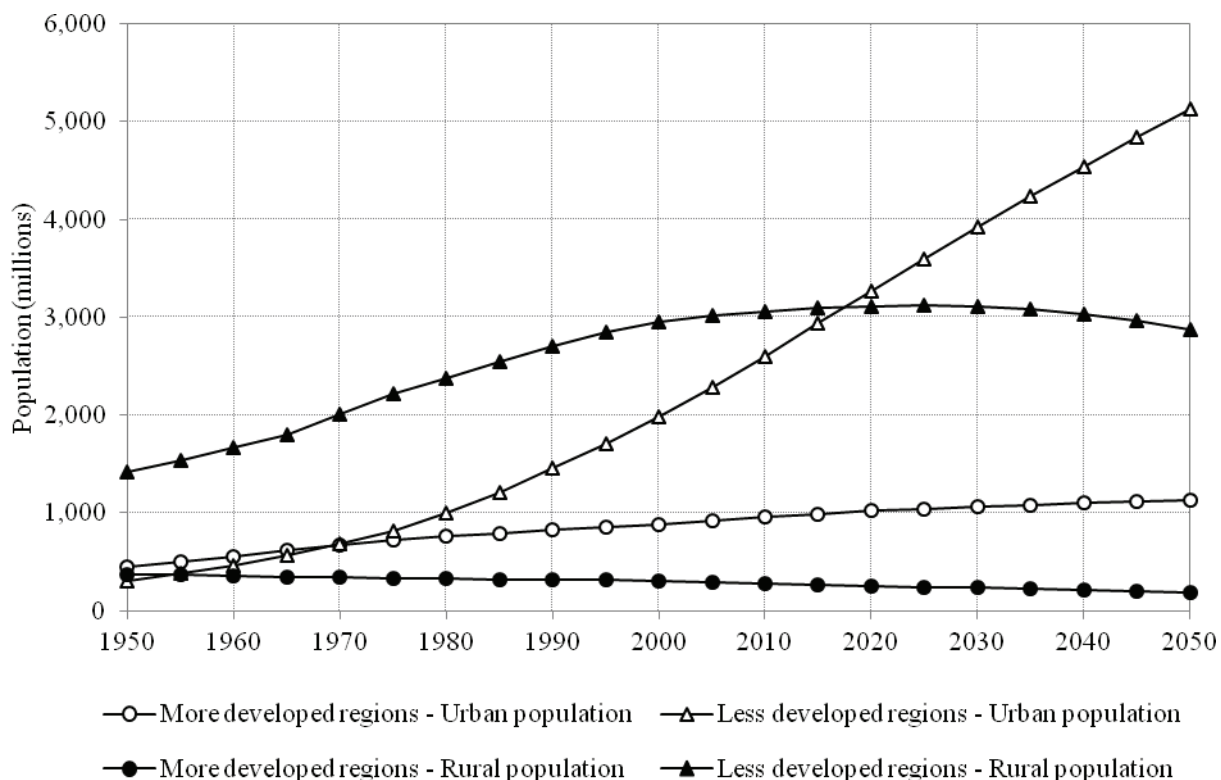
1. Major disparities in the level of urbanization exist among development groups. Thus, whereas the proportion urban in the more developed regions was already nearly 54 per cent in 1950, it will still take another decade for half of the population of the less developed regions to live in urban areas (figure I).

2. The world urban population is expected to increase by 72 per cent by 2050, from 3.6 billion in 2011 to 6.3 billion in 2050. By mid-century the world urban population will likely be the same size as the world's total population was in 2002. Virtually all of the expected growth in the world population will be concentrated in the urban areas of the less developed regions, whose population is projected to increase from 2.7 billion in 2011 to 5.1 billion in 2050. Over the same period, the rural population of the less developed regions is expected to decline from 3.1 billion to 2.9 billion.

In the more developed regions, the urban population is projected to increase modestly, from 1 billion in 2011 to 1.1 billion in 2050 (table 1).

3. The world rural population is expected to reach a maximum of 3.4 billion in 2021 and to decline slowly thereafter, to reach 3.05 billion in 2050. These global trends are driven mostly by the dynamics of rural population growth in the less developed regions, which house today almost 92 per cent of the world rural population. Whereas the rural population of the more developed regions has been declining steadily during the second half of the twentieth century and will continue to do so for the foreseeable future, the rural population of the less developed regions more than doubled since 1950 and will likely continue to grow until 2021 before a long-term decline sets in.

Figure I. Urban and rural populations by development group, 1950-2050



4. The rate of growth of the world urban population is slowing down (table 1). Between 1950 and 2011, the world urban population grew at an average rate of 2.6 per cent per year and increased nearly fivefold over the period, passing from 0.75 billion to 3.6 billion. During 2011-2030, the world urban population is projected to grow at an average annual rate of 1.7 per cent, which, if maintained, would lead to a doubling of the urban population in 41 years. During 2030-2050, the urban growth rate is expected to decline further to 1.1 per cent per year, implying a doubling time of 63 years.

5. The sustained increase of the urban population combined with the pronounced deceleration of rural population growth will result in continued urbanization, that is, in increasing

proportions of the population living in urban areas. Globally, the level of urbanization is expected to rise from 52 per cent in 2011 to 67 per cent in 2050 (table 2). The more developed regions are expected to see their level of urbanization increase from 78 per cent to 86 per cent over the same period. In the less developed regions, the proportion urban will likely increase from 47 per cent in 2011 to 64 per cent in 2050 (table 2).

6. The world urban population is not distributed evenly among cities of different sizes. Over half of the world's 3.6 billion urban dwellers (50.9 per cent) lived in cities or towns with fewer than half a million inhabitants. Such small cities account for 55 per cent of the urban population in the more developed regions and for 50.2 per cent of that in the less developed regions.

TABLE 1. TOTAL, URBAN AND RURAL POPULATIONS BY DEVELOPMENT GROUP, SELECTED PERIODS, 1950-2050

<i>Development group</i>	<i>Population (billion)</i>					<i>Average annual rate of change (percentage)</i>			
	<i>1950</i>	<i>1970</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2030</i>	<i>2050</i>	<i>1950-1970</i>	<i>1970-2011</i>	<i>2011-2030</i>	<i>2030-2050</i>
Total population									
World.....	2.53	3.70	6.97	8.32	9.31	1.89	1.55	0.93	0.56
More developed regions....	0.81	1.01	1.24	1.30	1.31	1.08	0.51	0.23	0.06
Less developed regions.....	1.72	2.69	5.73	7.03	7.99	2.23	1.85	1.07	0.65
Urban population									
World.....	0.75	1.35	3.63	4.98	6.25	2.98	2.41	1.66	1.13
More developed regions....	0.44	0.67	0.96	1.06	1.13	2.09	0.89	0.52	0.29
Less developed regions.....	0.30	0.68	2.67	3.92	5.12	4.04	3.33	2.02	1.34
Rural population									
World.....	1.79	2.34	3.34	3.34	3.05	1.36	0.87	-0.01	-0.44
More developed regions....	0.37	0.34	0.28	0.23	0.18	-0.48	-0.48	-0.92	-1.14
Less developed regions.....	1.42	2.01	3.07	3.11	2.87	1.74	1.03	0.07	-0.40

TABLE 2. PERCENTAGE URBAN BY DEVELOPMENT GROUP, SELECTED PERIODS, 1950-2050

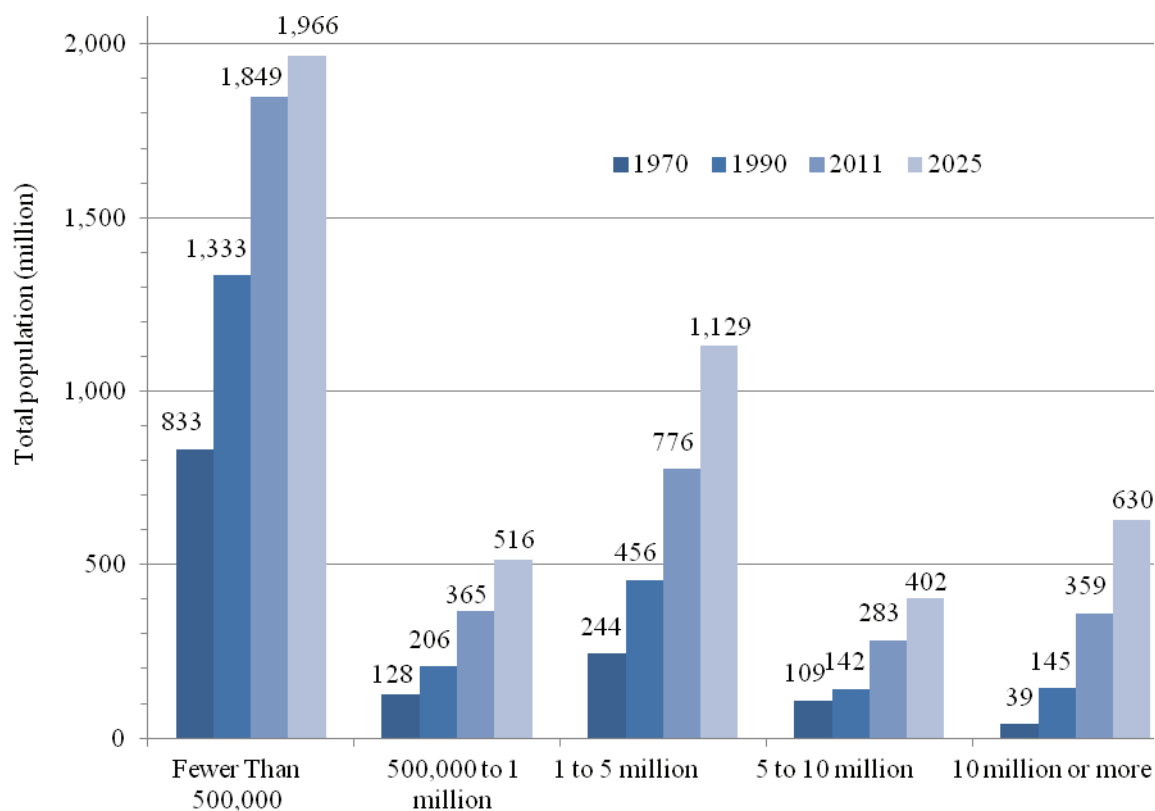
<i>Development group</i>	<i>Percentage urban</i>					<i>Rate of urbanization (percentage)</i>			
	<i>1950</i>	<i>1970</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2030</i>	<i>2050</i>	<i>1950-1970</i>	<i>1970-2011</i>	<i>2011-2030</i>	<i>2030-2050</i>
World.....	29.4	36.6	52.1	59.9	67.2	1.09	0.86	0.74	0.57
More developed regions.....	54.5	66.6	77.7	82.1	85.9	1.01	0.38	0.29	0.23
Less developed regions.....	17.6	25.3	46.5	55.8	64.1	1.81	1.48	0.95	0.69

7. In 2011, cities with fewer than 500,000 inhabitants accounted for about half of the world urban population, amounting to 1.85 billion (figure II). Cities with populations ranging between 500,000 and 1 million were home to a further 365 million people, equivalent to 10.1 per cent of the world urban population. Taken together, cities with fewer than 1 million inhabitants account for 61 per cent of the urban population.

8. While three in every five people living in urban areas reside in cities smaller than 1 million inhabitants in 2011, this proportion is expected to

decline in the future. By 2025, only one person out of two will live in cities of this size. In contrast, cities of 1 million and more inhabitants, accounting for about 40 per cent of the world urban population in 2011, are expected to account for 47 per cent of the world urban population by 2025. Indeed, the future urban population will be increasingly concentrated in large cities of one million or more inhabitants. In fact, among the million plus cities, the megacities of at least 10 million inhabitants will experience the largest percentage increase. This increasing urban concentration in very large cities is a new trend which contradicts previous observations.

Figure II. Total population in millions by city size class, 1970, 1990, 2011 and 2025



NOTE: The overall population in the smallest cities is estimated as the difference of the total urban population and the sum of the populations in cities estimated to have at least 500,000 inhabitants at each point in time.

9. By 1970, the world had only two megacities: Tokyo and New York. Since then their number has increased markedly and most

new megacities have arisen in developing countries (table 3). Today, Asia has 13 megacities, Latin America has four, and Africa, Europe and

Northern America have two each (table 3). Thirteen of those megacities are capitals of their countries. By 2025, when the number of megacities is expected to reach 37, Asia would have gained another nine, Latin America two, and Africa, Europe and Northern America one each. This indicates a clear trend of accelerated urban concentration in Asia.

10. In 2011, the world counted 23 megacities of at least 10 million inhabitants accounting for 9.9 per cent of the world urban population. The number of megacities is projected to increase to 37 in 2025, at which time they are expected to account for 13.6 per cent of the world urban population.

11. Between 1970 and 2011, the number of people living in megacities has been multiplied almost 10 times, passing from 39.5 millions to 359.4 millions. It is expected that this number will almost double by 2025 and reach 630 millions. Today, about 1 person out of 10 living in urban areas resides in a megacity of at least 10 million inhabitants; by 2025, it is expected that about 1 person out of 7-8 living in urban areas will live in a megacity. In relation to the overall population of the world, the share of megacities was 5.2 per cent in 2011, implying that just about one in every twenty people on Earth live in megacities. By 2025, the population living in megacities is expected to reach almost 8 per cent of the overall

world population. One out of 13 people will then reside in a megacity.

12. Tokyo, the capital of Japan, is today the most populous urban agglomeration. Its population, estimated at 37.2 million in 2011, is higher than that of 196 countries or areas. If it were a country, it would rank 35th in population size, surpassing the populations of Algeria, Canada or Uganda. To reach such a large number of inhabitants, Tokyo, the megacity, is actually an urban agglomeration that comprises not only Tokyo-to but also 87 surrounding cities and towns, including Yokohama, Kawasaki and Chiba, large cities in their own right. Often, megacities arise because of the fusion of several cities or urban localities that are functionally linked and form an urban agglomeration.

13. Following Tokyo, the next largest urban agglomerations are Delhi in India with 23 million inhabitants, Mexico City in Mexico, New York-Newark in the United States of America, Shanghai in China, São Paulo in Brazil and Bombay in India, each with about 20 million inhabitants. The smallest megacities are located in Africa and Europe. They include the two megacities in Africa, namely, Lagos in Nigeria and Cairo in Egypt, each with 11 million inhabitants, and the two megacities in Europe, namely, Moscow in the Russian Federation with 11.6 million inhabitants and Paris in France with 10.6 million inhabitants.

TABLE 3. POPULATION OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS WITH 10 MILLION INHABITANTS OR MORE, 1950, 1975, 2011 AND 2025 (MILLIONS)

1970			1990		
Rank	Urban agglomeration	Population	Rank	Urban agglomeration	Population
1	Tokyo, Japan	23.3	1	Tokyo, Japan	32.5
2	New York-Newark, USA	16.2	2	New York-Newark, USA	16.1
			3	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	15.3
			4	São Paulo, Brazil	14.8
			5	Mumbai (Bombay), India	12.4
			6	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	11.0
			7	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	10.9
			8	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	10.9
			9	Seoul, Republic of Korea	10.5
			10	Buenos Aires, Argentina	10.5

2011			2025		
Rank	Urban agglomeration	Population	Rank	Urban agglomeration	Population
1	Tokyo, Japan	37.2	1	Tokyo, Japan	38.7
2	Delhi, India	22.7	2	Delhi, India	32.9
3	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	20.4	3	Shanghai, China	28.4
4	New York-Newark, USA	20.4	4	Mumbai (Bombay), India	26.6
5	Shanghai, China	20.2	5	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	24.6
6	São Paulo, Brazil	19.9	6	New York-Newark, USA	23.6
7	Mumbai (Bombay), India	19.7	7	São Paulo, Brazil	23.2
8	Beijing, China	15.6	8	Dhaka, Bangladesh	22.9
9	Dhaka, Bangladesh	15.4	9	Beijing, China	22.6
10	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	14.4	10	Karachi, Pakistan	20.2
11	Karachi, Pakistan	13.9	11	Lagos, Nigeria	18.9
12	Buenos Aires, Argentina	13.5	12	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	18.7
13	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	13.4	13	Manila, Philippines	16.3
14	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	12.0	14	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	15.7
15	Manila, Philippines	11.9	15	Shenzhen, China	15.5
16	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	11.6	16	Buenos Aires, Argentina	15.5
17	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	11.5	17	Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	15.5
18	Istanbul, Turkey	11.3	18	Istanbul, Turkey	14.9
19	Lagos, Nigeria	11.2	19	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	14.7
20	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	11.2	20	Kinshasa, Democratic Rep. of the Congo	14.5
21	Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	10.8	21	Chongqing, China	13.6
22	Shenzhen, China	10.6	22	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	13.6
23	Paris, France	10.6	23	Bangalore, India	13.2
			24	Jakarta, Indonesia	12.8
			25	Chennai (Madras), India	12.8
			26	Wuhan, China	12.7
			27	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	12.6
			28	Paris, France	12.2
			29	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	12.0
			30	Tianjin, China	11.9
			31	Hyderabad, India	11.6
			32	Lima, Peru	11.5
			33	Chicago, USA	11.4
			34	Bogotá, Colombia	11.4
			35	Krung Thep (Bangkok), Thailand	11.2
			36	Lahore, Pakistan	11.2
			37	London, United Kingdom	10.3

14. In 2025, Tokyo is projected to remain the world's most populous urban agglomeration, with almost 39 million inhabitants, although its population will scarcely increase. It will be followed by Delhi in India with 33 million inhabitants and Shanghai in China with 28.4 million inhabitants. Mumbai in India would come

next, with almost 27 million inhabitants. All three cities are expecting important population gains.

15. Megacities are experiencing very different rates of population change (table 4). The megacities exhibiting the lowest rates of population growth include those located in developed countries (France, Japan, the Russian

Federation and the United States) plus the four megacities in Latin America. Very high rates of growth are expected in Lagos in Nigeria, Dhaka in Bangladesh, and Karachi in Pakistan (all having growth rates well above 2 per cent per year). In addition, the megacities in India (Delhi, Calcutta and Bombay) and in China (Shenzhen, Beijing, Guangzhou, Shanghai) plus Manila in the Philippines are expected to grow considerably faster than those in Egypt or Turkey. These trends are consistent with the overall differentials in fertility among the national populations concerned. As noted earlier, the excess of births over deaths is an important component of population growth in most urban areas and the projected rates of population growth in megacities reflect the gradient in natural increase of the countries they belong to.

16. Although the megacities attract considerable attention because of their population size and

geographical complexity, they represent the extreme of the distribution of cities by population size. They are followed by large cities with populations ranging from 5 million to just under 10 million, which in 2011 numbered 40 and are expected to number 59 in 2025. Over three quarters of these “megacities in waiting” are located in developing countries and account for about 9 per cent of the urban population (table 5).

17. Cities in the next size class, with more than a million inhabitants but fewer than 5 million, are numerous (394 in 2011 increasing to 573 in 2025) and they account for 21 per cent of the urban population. Smaller cities, with populations ranging from 500,000 to one million inhabitants, are even more numerous (525 in 2011 rising to 750 in 2025), but they account for just 10 per cent of the overall urban population (table 5).

TABLE 4. POPULATION OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS WITH 10 MILLION INHABITANTS OR MORE IN 2011 AND THEIR AVERAGE ANNUAL RATES OF CHANGE, SELECTED PERIODS, 1970-2025

Urban agglomeration	Population (millions)				Average annual rate of change (percentage)		
	1970	1990	2011	2025	1970-1990	1990-2011	2011-2025
Lagos, Nigeria	1.4	4.8	11.2	18.9	6.08	4.08	3.71
Dhaka, Bangladesh	1.4	6.6	15.4	22.9	7.86	4.02	2.84
Shenzhen, China	0.0	0.9	10.6	15.5	18.44	11.89	2.71
Karachi, Pakistan	3.1	7.1	13.9	20.2	4.15	3.16	2.68
Delhi, India	3.5	9.7	22.7	32.9	5.07	4.03	2.67
Beijing, China	4.4	6.8	15.6	22.6	2.14	3.96	2.66
Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	1.5	3.1	10.8	15.5	3.45	6.01	2.54
Shanghai, China	6.0	7.8	20.2	28.4	1.30	4.52	2.43
Manila, Philippines	3.5	8.0	11.9	16.3	4.07	1.89	2.26
Mumbai (Bombay), India	5.8	12.4	19.7	26.6	3.80	2.20	2.12
Istanbul, Turkey	2.8	6.6	11.3	14.9	4.30	2.58	2.00
Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	5.6	9.1	11.2	14.7	2.42	1.00	1.98
Kolkata (Calcutta), India	6.9	10.9	14.4	18.7	2.26	1.33	1.87
Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	8.8	15.3	20.4	24.6	2.79	1.38	1.32
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	8.4	10.9	13.4	15.7	1.31	0.99	1.13
São Paulo, Brazil	7.6	14.8	19.9	23.2	3.31	1.42	1.08
New York-Newark, USA	16.2	16.1	20.4	23.6	-0.03	1.12	1.05
Buenos Aires, Argentina	8.1	10.5	13.5	15.5	1.30	1.20	0.98
Paris, France	8.2	9.3	10.6	12.2	0.64	0.62	0.97
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	6.6	9.6	12.0	13.6	1.84	1.05	0.93
Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	7.1	9.0	11.6	12.6	1.17	1.22	0.56
Osaka-Kobe, Japan	9.4	11.0	11.5	12.0	0.80	0.19	0.33
Tokyo, Japan	23.3	32.5	37.2	38.7	1.67	0.64	0.27

NOTE: Urban agglomerations are ordered according to their projected rate of population change during 2011-2025.

TABLE 5. POPULATION DISTRIBUTION OF THE WORLD AND DEVELOPMENT GROUPS, BY AREA OF RESIDENCE AND SIZE CLASS OF URBAN SETTLEMENT, 1970, 2011 AND 2025

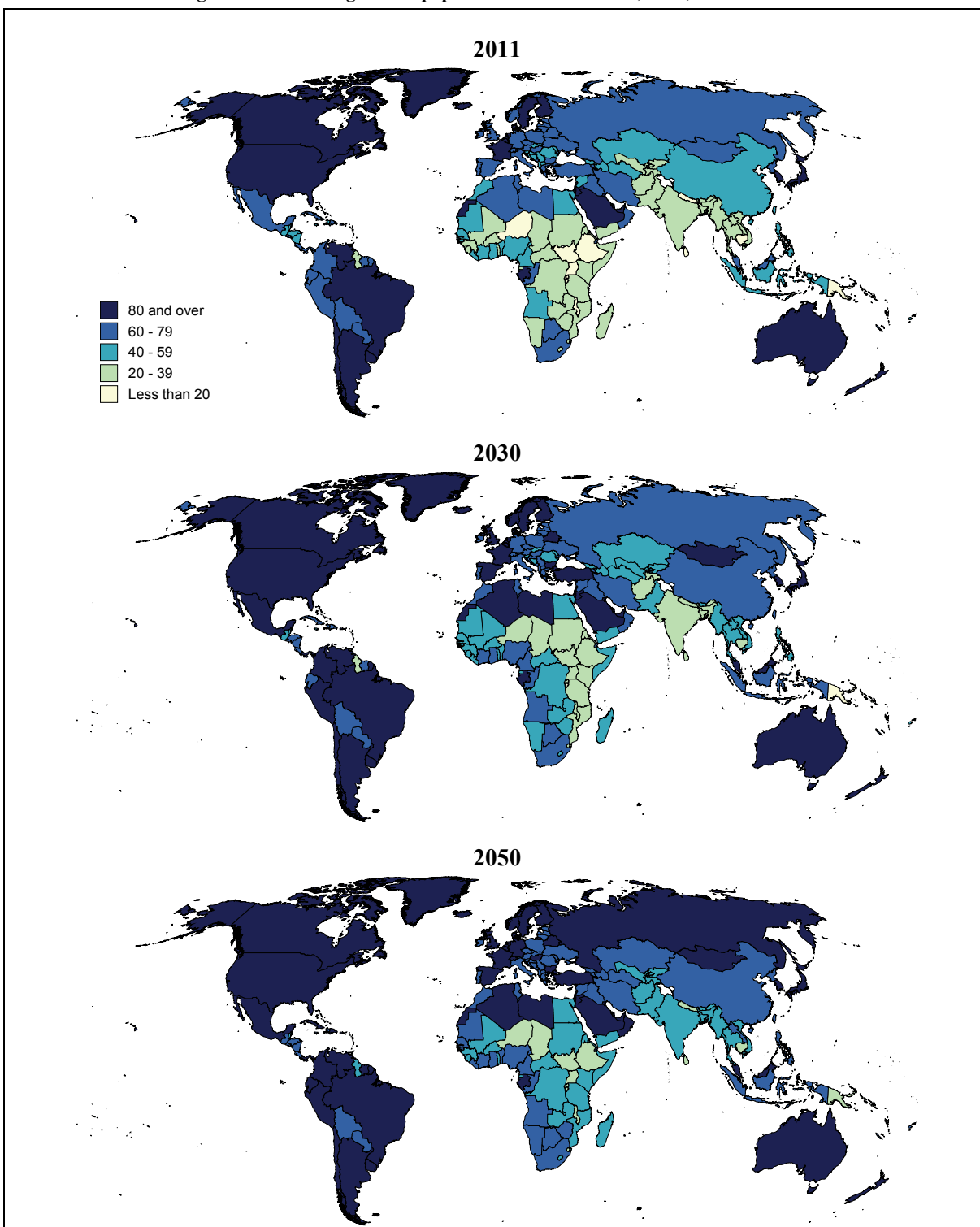
Development group	Area of residence and size class of urban settlement (number of inhabitants)	Population (millions)			Percentage distribution		
		1970	2011	2025	1970	2011	2025
World	Urban area	1,352	3,632	4,643	100.0	100.0	100.0
	10 million or more	39	359	630	2.9	9.9	13.6
	5 million to 10 million	109	283	402	8.0	7.8	8.7
	1 million to 5 million	244	775	1,128	18.0	21.3	24.3
	500,000 to 1 million	128	365	516	9.4	10.1	11.1
	Fewer than 500,000	833	1,850	1,967	61.6	50.9	42.4
More developed regions	Urban area	671	964	1,043	100.0	100.0	100.0
	10 million or more	39	105	136	5.9	10.9	13.1
	5 million to 10 million	48	54	81	7.1	5.6	7.8
	1 million to 5 million	124	210	229	18.5	21.7	21.9
	500,000 to 1 million	66	87	111	9.9	9.0	10.7
	Fewer than 500,000	393	509	485	58.5	52.8	46.5
Less developed regions	Urban area	682	2,668	3,600	100.0	100.0	100.0
	10 million or more	0	255	494	0.0	9.5	13.7
	5 million to 10 million	61	229	321	8.9	8.6	8.9
	1 million to 5 million	120	567	900	17.6	21.2	25.0
	500,000 to 1 million	61	278	405	9.0	10.4	11.2
	Fewer than 500,000	440	1,339	1,480	64.6	50.2	41.1

18. The distribution of the urban population by city size class varies among the major areas. Europe, for instance, is exceptional in that 67 per cent of its urban dwellers live in urban centres with fewer than 500,000 inhabitants and only 9.6 per cent live in cities with 5 million inhabitants or more. Africa has a distribution of the urban population by size of urban settlement resembling that of Europe, with 57 per cent of urban dwellers living in smaller cities (those with fewer than half a million inhabitants) and barely 9 per cent living in cities with over 5 million inhabitants. In Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean, and Northern America, the concentration of the urban population in large cities is marked: about one in every five urban dwellers in those major areas lives in a large urban agglomeration. At the same time, the proportion of urban dwellers living in small cities is between 49 per cent and 47 per cent in Asia and in Latin America and the Caribbean and is a low 32 per cent in Northern America.

Oceania is a special case because it lacks cities with more than 5 million inhabitants but also has a relatively low percentage of its population living in urban centres with fewer than half a million inhabitants (39 per cent).

19. Historically, the process of rapid urbanization started first in today's more developed regions. In 1920, just under 30 per cent of their population was urban and by 1950, more than half of their population was living in urban areas. In 2011, high levels of urbanization, surpassing 80 per cent, characterized Australia, New Zealand and Northern America. Europe, with 73 per cent of its population living in urban areas, was the least urbanized major area in the developed world. By 2050, Australia, New Zealand and Northern America are all expected to be over 90 per cent urban while Europe's level of urbanization is projected to be lower, at 82 per cent (table 6).

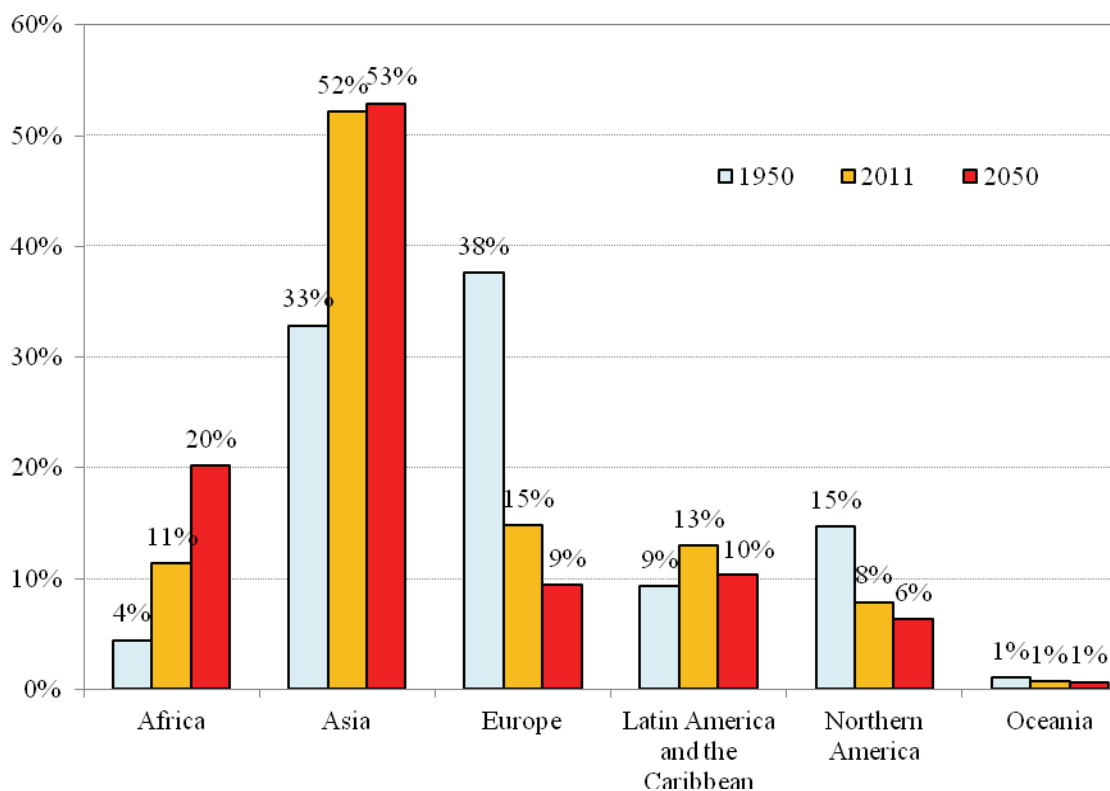
Figure III. Percentage of the population in urban areas, 2011, 2030 and 2050



Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division: World Population Prospects DEMOBASE extract. 2012.

NOTE: The boundaries shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Figure IV. Distribution of the world urban population by major area, 1950, 2011, 2050



20. Among the less developed regions, Latin America and the Caribbean has an exceptionally high level of urbanization (79 per cent), higher than that of Europe. Africa and Asia, in contrast, remain mostly rural, with 40 per cent and 45 per cent, respectively, of their populations living in urban areas. Over the coming decades, the level of

urbanization is expected to increase in all major areas of the developing world, with Africa and Asia urbanizing more rapidly than the rest (table 6). Nevertheless, by mid-century, Africa and Asia are expected still to have lower levels of urbanization than the more developed regions or Latin America and the Caribbean (figure III).

TABLE 6. PERCENTAGE URBAN BY MAJOR AREA, SELECTED PERIODS, 1950-2050

Major area	Percentage urban					Rate of urbanization (percentage)			
	1950	1970	2011	2030	2050	1950-1970	1970-2011	2011-2030	2030-2050
Africa.....	14.4	23.5	39.6	47.7	57.7	2.47	1.27	0.98	0.96
Asia.....	17.5	23.7	45.0	55.5	64.4	1.52	1.57	1.10	0.74
Europe	51.3	62.8	72.9	77.4	82.2	1.02	0.36	0.31	0.30
Latin America and the Caribbean	41.4	57.1	79.1	83.4	86.6	1.61	0.80	0.28	0.19
Northern America	63.9	73.8	82.2	85.8	88.6	0.72	0.26	0.22	0.16
Oceania	62.4	71.2	70.7	71.4	73.0	0.66	-0.02	0.05	0.12

21. Despite its low level of urbanization, in 2011 Asia was home to about half of the urban population in the world. Europe had the second highest share, at 15 per cent (figure IV). Over the next four decades, Africa and Asia will experience a marked increase in their urban populations. In Africa the urban population is likely to treble and in Asia it will increase by 1.7 times (table 7). By mid-century, most of the urban population of the world will be concentrated in Asia (53 per cent) and Africa (20 per cent).

22. With the exception of Africa and Oceania, all major areas are expected to have smaller rural populations in 2050 than today (table 7). Africa's rural population may start to decline before the mid-century. Today, the majority of rural dwellers live in Asia (69 per cent) and Africa (19 per cent) and the concentration of the world rural

population in these two major areas combined is expected to increase so that, by 2050, 60 per cent of all rural inhabitants are projected to live in Asia and 30 per cent in Africa.

23. The world urban population is highly concentrated in a few countries. In 2011, about three quarters of the 3.6 billion urban dwellers on Earth lived in 25 countries, whose urban populations ranged from 31 million in Ukraine to 682 million in China. China, India and the United States accounted for 37 per cent of the world urban population. Most of the 25 countries with the largest urban populations are highly urbanized, but eight have levels of urbanization ranging from 28 per cent to 51 per cent and they include some of the most populous countries in the world: Bangladesh, China, India, Indonesia, Nigeria and Pakistan.

TABLE 7. TOTAL, URBAN AND RURAL POPULATIONS BY MAJOR AREA, SELECTED PERIODS, 1950-2050

Major area	Population (millions)					Average annual rate of change (percentage)			
	1950	1970	2011	2030	2050	1950- 1970	1970- 2011	2011- 2030	2030- 2050
Total population									
Africa.....	230	368	1,046	1,562	2,192	2.35	2.55	2.11	1.69
Asia.....	1,403	2,135	4,207	4,868	5,142	2.10	1.65	0.77	0.27
Europe.....	547	656	739	741	719	0.91	0.29	0.01	-0.15
Latin America and the Caribbean	167	286	597	702	751	2.69	1.79	0.85	0.34
Northern America	172	231	348	402	447	1.49	0.99	0.76	0.53
Oceania	13	20	37	47	55	2.16	1.57	1.25	0.80
Urban population									
Africa.....	33	87	414	744	1,265	4.82	3.82	3.09	2.65
Asia.....	245	506	1,895	2,703	3,310	3.62	3.22	1.87	1.01
Europe.....	281	412	539	573	591	1.92	0.65	0.33	0.15
Latin America and the Caribbean	69	163	472	585	650	4.29	2.59	1.13	0.53
Northern America	110	171	286	344	396	2.21	1.26	0.98	0.70
Oceania	8	14	26	34	40	2.82	1.56	1.30	0.91
Rural population									
Africa.....	197	282	632	818	927	1.79	1.97	1.35	0.63
Asia.....	1,158	1,629	2,312	2,165	1,833	1.71	0.85	-0.35	-0.83
Europe.....	267	244	200	168	128	-0.45	-0.48	-0.93	-1.34
Latin America and the Caribbean	98	123	124	116	100	1.13	0.03	-0.36	-0.73
Northern America	62	61	62	57	51	-0.11	0.05	-0.40	-0.59
Oceania	5	6	11	13	15	0.82	1.62	1.12	0.50

24. Most countries have small urban populations. In 2011, almost two thirds of the 231 countries or areas considered had fewer than 5 million urban dwellers and they accounted for barely 5 per cent of the world urban population. Among them, 84 per cent had urban populations below one million and accounted for 0.5 per cent of all urban dwellers on Earth. By 2050, just half of all countries or areas are expected to have fewer than 5 million urban dwellers and will account for 1.7 per cent of the world urban population.

25. Similarly, the increases in the world urban population are concentrated in a few countries, with China and India together projected to account for about a third of the increase in the urban population in the coming decades. Between 2011 and 2030, the urban areas of the world are expected to gain 1.4 billion people, including 276 million in China and 218 million in India, which account together for 37 per cent of the total increase. Nine additional countries are projected to contribute 26 per cent of the urban increment, with increases ranging from 22 million to 76 million. The countries involved are: Nigeria and the Democratic Republic of the Congo in Africa; Bangladesh, Indonesia, Pakistan and the Philippines in Asia; Brazil and Mexico in Latin America, and the United States of America. Among them, those in Africa and Asia will experience high rates of urban population growth, usually surpassing 2 per cent or even 3 per cent per year

26. A further urban increment of 1.3 billion people is expected globally during 2030-2050, with India being the major contributor (270 million) and Nigeria following (121 million). Together, these two countries are expected to account for 31 per cent of urban growth during 2030-2050. China will only contribute an additional 44 million during the same period. Yet, China will still have the largest urban population in 2050 (1 billion), followed by India (0.9 billion).

27. In a few developed countries, the urban population will decrease. Despite the projected increases in the level of urbanization, overall population decline in several countries will lead to a reduction in the number of urban dwellers.

Between 2011 and 2030, the urban population of Ukraine and Bulgaria are projected to decline by 2 million and 0.2 million, respectively. Between 2030 and 2050, more countries will experience reductions in the urban population. Those with the largest drops include Japan (a reduction of 10 million), the Russian Federation (2.4 million), the Republic of Korea (1.7 million) and Ukraine (1.3 million).

28. The rural population is even more highly concentrated in a few countries than the urban population. In 2011, 19 countries accounted for 75 per cent of the rural population and all but three (Brazil, the Russian Federation and the United States) are located in Africa or Asia. India has the largest rural population (853 million), followed by China (666 million). Together, they account for 45 per cent of the world rural population. Bangladesh, Indonesia and Pakistan follow, each with over 107 million rural inhabitants.

29. In Africa, the largest rural populations are located in Nigeria (82 million), Ethiopia (70 million), Egypt (47 million), the Democratic Republic of the Congo (45 million), the United Republic of Tanzania (34 million), Kenya (32 million) and Uganda (29 million). During 2011-2030, the rural populations of most of those African countries are projected to increase at rates higher than 1.3 per cent per year, except in the cases of Nigeria and Egypt. Among the populous countries in Asia, Pakistan is expected to experience the highest growth rate of the rural population during 2011-2030 (0.8 per cent per year). In contrast, in eight of the 19 countries with large rural populations, the rural population is declining, with China, the Russian Federation, Brazil, Indonesia, Thailand and the United States having the fastest rates of decline.

30. As in the case of the urban population, most countries have small rural populations. In 2011, two thirds of the 231 countries or areas considered had at most 5 million rural inhabitants and accounted for 4.9 per cent of the world rural population. In more than two thirds of them, the rural population is projected to decrease during 2011-2050. The past and future trends of the urban (and rural) population change are influenced by two components. The first is the overall increase

(or decline) of the national population. The second is the *urban* population change resulting from the increase (or decline) of the urban population only. The contribution of each component in the urban population change between 1950 and 2000 and 2000 and 2050 varies markedly among the ten countries with the largest increase of their future urban population (figure V).

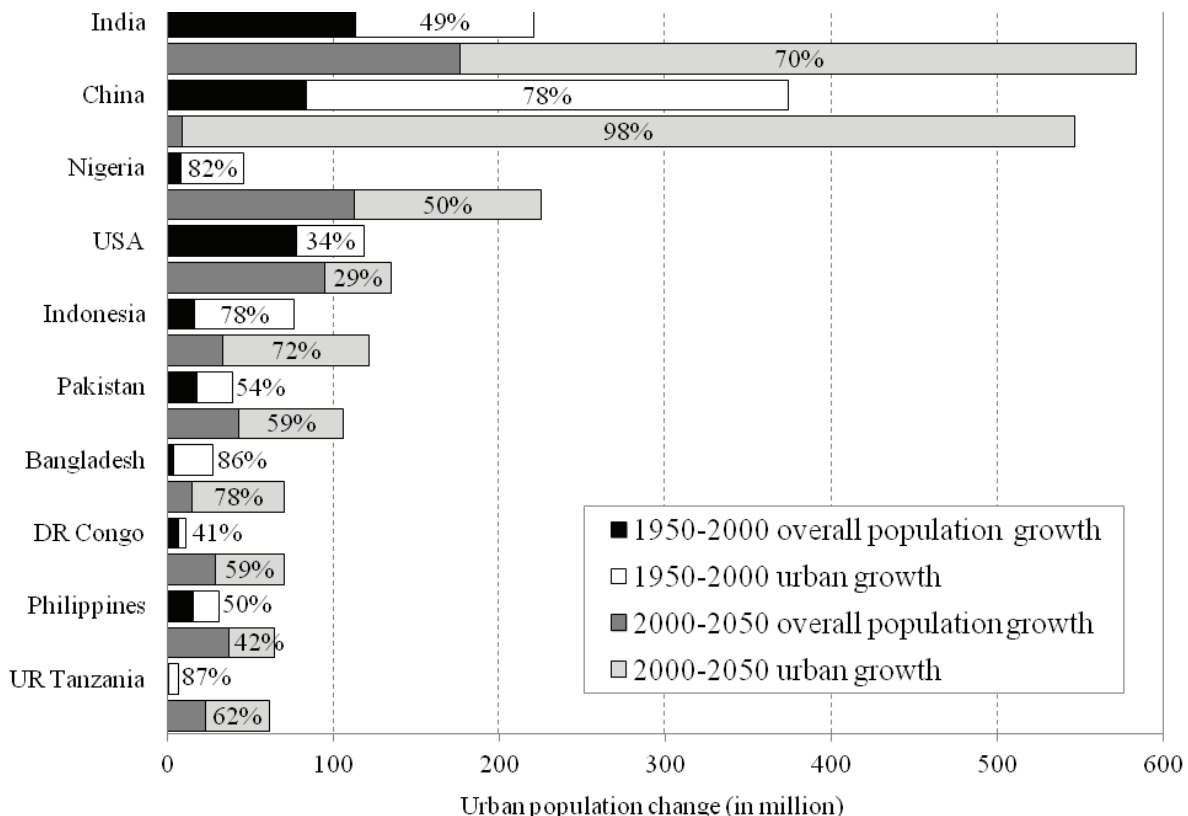
31. The increase in the urban population between 1950 and 2000 is equally divided between overall population increase and urban growth in India, Pakistan, the Democratic Republic of the Congo and the Philippines. However, urban population growth played a more important role in the urbanization of China, Nigeria, Indonesia, Bangladesh and the United Republic of Tanzania. Among these ten countries, only in the United States overall population increase has been the *main* driver of urbanization between 1950 and 2000.

32. Between 2000 and 2050, urban growth will be the sole driver of the increase in the urban

population of China. In India, the urban population is expected to increase by two thirds due to urban growth and one third due to the overall population increase. In contrast, the urbanization of the United States until 2050 will be still mainly led by an increase in the overall increase of the population.

33. Faced with the opportunities and challenges associated with urbanization, many Governments have consistently considered their population's spatial distribution as a concern. In 2009, 83 per cent of Governments expressed concern about their pattern of population distribution, down from 89 per cent in the 1970s (table 8). Among developing countries, 58 per cent expressed the desire to modify in a major way the spatial distribution of their populations, whereas 28 per cent wanted to effect only minor changes. Among developed countries, 29 per cent desired a major change and 43 per cent a minor change.

Figure V. Contribution of demographic and urban growth to urbanization among the ten countries with the largest increase in their urban population between 2000 and 2050, 1950-2050



34. Dissatisfaction regarding patterns of population distribution was highest in Africa (75 per cent of its countries wished to make major changes in the spatial distribution of their populations) and Asia (57 per cent desired a major change). In Latin America and the Caribbean, Oceania and Europe, about 40 per cent of Governments considered that major changes in spatial distribution were desirable.

35. Policies aimed at modifying the spatial distribution of a population often focus on ways to reduce migrant flows to large cities. In 1976, 44 per cent of developing countries reported having implemented such policies and by 2011, that proportion had increased to 72 per cent. At the same time, among developed countries, the proportion having policies to reduce migrant flows to large cities declined from 55 per cent in 1976 to 26 per cent in 1996 but increased later to 34 per cent in 2009. In Oceania, 83 per cent of countries have such policies, in Africa 77 per cent, in Asia 66 per cent and in Latin America and the Caribbean 68 per cent (United Nations, 2009 a).

36. Historically, urbanization has been driven by the concentration of investment and employment opportunities in urban areas. Productive activities in industry and services

cluster in cities. By one estimate, 80 per cent of the world's gross domestic product (GDP) is generated by urban areas. As cities attract businesses and jobs, they bring together both the human and the entrepreneurial resources to generate new ideas, innovations and increasingly productive uses of technology. The *2011 Revision of World Urbanization Prospects* provides a useful basis for the analysis of the world's urban transformation and the dynamics of city growth.

37. The *2011 Revision of the World Urbanization Prospects* includes, for the first time, geographical coordinates for all the cities with more than 750,000 inhabitants. This will allow researchers to link future demographic trends in urban agglomerations to various spatial and environmental characteristics, such proximity to coasts, earthquake faults, or climate zones.

38. Estimates and projections of urban and rural populations as well as urban agglomerations critically depend on information from censuses. For the *2011 Revision of the World Population Prospects* results from the 2010 round of censuses that became available since the release of the previous revision could now be included for many countries.

TABLE 8. GOVERNMENT VIEWS ON THE SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION, 2009

	Number of countries				Percentage			
	Major change desired	Minor change desired	Satisfactory	Total	Major change desired	Minor change desired	Satisfactory	Total
World.....	99	62	34	195	51	32	17	100
More developed regions....	14	21	14	49	29	43	29	100
Less developed regions.....	85	41	20	146	58	28	14	100

Source: *World Population Policies 2009* (United Nations publication, Sales No.E.09.XIII.14).

II. URBANIZATION AND NATURAL HAZARDS

For the first time, the *2011 Revision of the World Urbanization Prospects* includes geographical coordinates for all 633 cities with more than 750,000 inhabitants in 2011. This will allow researchers to link demographic trends in urban agglomerations to various spatial and environmental characteristics, such as proximity to coastal areas, earthquake faults, or climate zones. In an initial analysis the Population Division combined data from the *2011 Revision of the World Urbanization Prospects* with a spatial database on natural hazards prepared by the Center for International Earth Science Information Network (CIESIN) at Columbia University.²⁹ In this database an area is classified to be at “relatively high risk” of a particular natural disaster if it is located in grid cells ranking in the top three deciles of the global risk distribution in terms of frequency of occurrences and scales of one or more specified natural hazards. The main findings of this analysis are as follows:

1. Of the more than 450 urban areas with 1 million inhabitants or more in 2011 (representing 1.4 billion people), 60 per cent, or about 890 million people, were living in areas of high risk of exposure to at least one natural hazard (tables 9 and 10).³⁰

²⁹ *Natural Disaster Hotspots: A Global Risk Analysis* (Dilley et al., 2005) jointly produced by the Center for Hazards and Risk Research (CHRR), the Center for International Earth Science Information Network (CIESIN), the International Research Institute for Climate Prediction (IRI), and the Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO) at Columbia University, and the Hazard Management Unit (HMU), Development Economics Research Group (DECRG) at the World Bank,

(<http://www.ldeo.columbia.edu/chrr/research/hotspots/>). The database includes information collected for cyclones (for the period between 1980 and 2000), droughts (between 1980 and 2000), earthquakes (between 1976 and 2002), floods (between 1985 and 2003), landslides, and volcano eruptions (between 79 and 2000). Data are published with a spatial resolution ranging from a 30 by 30 arc *second* grid to a 2.5 by 2.5 arc *degree* grid for cyclones, earthquakes, landslides, volcanoes, droughts and floods. Data for floods are less reliable or missing in the early-mid 1990s. For each single hazard, all grid cells with occurrence data were divided into deciles, 10 classes consisting of approximately equal numbers of grid cells. The higher the value of the grid cell, the higher the decile ranking and the greater the frequency of the hazard relative to other cells (Dilley et al., 2005: 23-34).

³⁰ Since the location of cities in the *World Urbanization Prospects* is specified by point coordinates, a buffer tool in ArcGIS 10.0 (ESRI, 2011) was employed to create buffer polygons with 2 km and 5 km distance from the point data, respectively, to approximately reflect their actual locations as accurate as possible. In classifying the

2. Europe’s and Africa’s major cities are the least exposed overall. Only 26 and 37 per cent of their cities with one million inhabitants or more are located in areas at high risk of exposure to at least one natural disaster. However, cities in Latin America and the Caribbean, in Northern America, and especially in Asia are often located in areas exposed to natural hazards (figure VI). Depending on the region, between half and two thirds of the cities with 1 million inhabitants or more are located in areas that face high risk of exposure to at least one natural disaster.

3. Flooding is the most frequent and greatest hazard for the 633 largest cities or urban agglomerations analyzed: At least 233 cities are located in or close to areas with a high risk of flooding – potentially affecting 663 million inhabitants. One hundred forty eight of these cities are not coastal cities (figure VII).³¹ Exposure to a high risk of flooding does not necessarily mean that those cities are actually affected by frequent floods. One has to take into account that this analysis relies only on flood data for the period 1985 to 2003. Previous or more recent flooding events have not been considered. The geographical data are also rather coarse and refer to a 55-kilometer radius around the city proper. Moreover, cities may have already built infrastructure to prevent flooding, such as dams, dikes or flood retention areas. However, the data indicate that these 233 large cities may need to take precautions for flooding, if they have not already done so.

4. Drought is the second most frequent hazard, affecting areas where 132 cities are located (figure VIII), followed by cyclones affecting 68 cities (figure IX) and earthquakes threatening 40 of the 633 cities analyzed (figure X, table 11.). Some

degree of risk exposure of a city to hotspots of a specific hazard, the highest cell value of grids is used when the city’s buffer zones overlap with surrounding grid cells of that particular hazard.

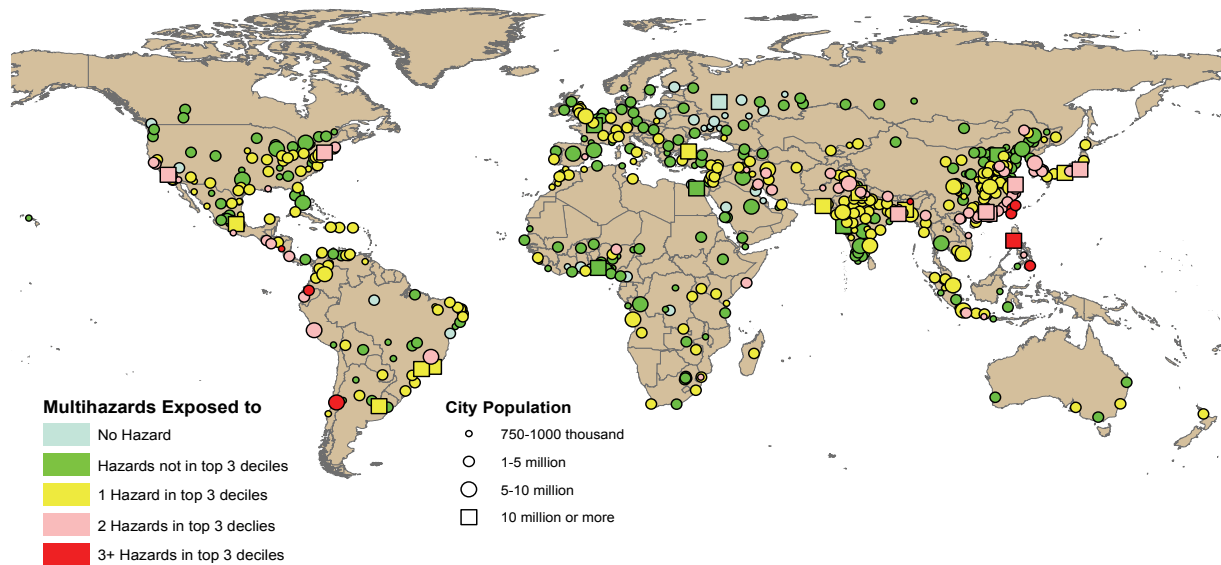
³¹ The geographic data (in shape files) for coastal areas were from the Millennium Ecosystem Assessment (MA). The coastal areas were defined as areas between 50 meters below mean sea level and 50 meters above the high tide level or extending landward to a distance of 100 kilometers from shore, including coral reefs, intertidal zones, estuaries, coastal aquaculture, and seagrass communities (MA, 2003: 54).

277 million people live in cities at high risk of droughts and 229 million reside in cities at high risk of cyclones (table 12). Other cities are also exposed to some of these hazards but to a lesser extent.

5. Among the 63 most populated urban areas (with 5 million or more inhabitants in 2011), 39 are located in regions that are exposed to a high risk of at least one natural hazard; 72 per cent of

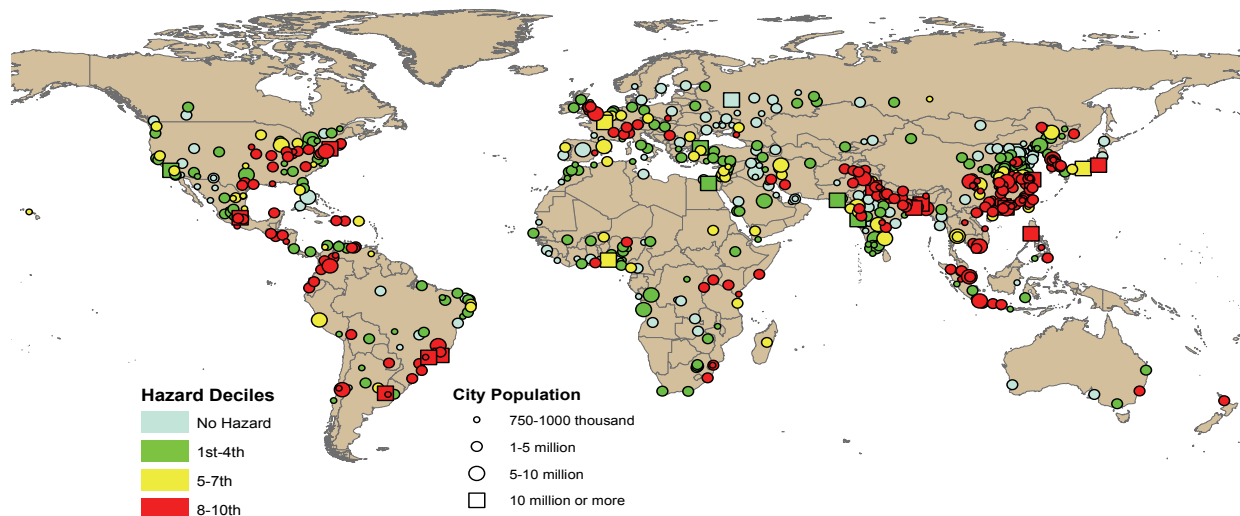
them are located on or near the coast, and two thirds of them are in Asia (table 13). Among the six natural hazards analyzed, the greatest and most common hazard is flooding potentially affecting areas where 30 of the 63 agglomerations are located, followed by cyclones for 10 cities, droughts for another 9 cities, and earthquakes potentially affecting 6 cities.

Figure VI. Distribution of cities by population size in 2011 and risk of natural hazards



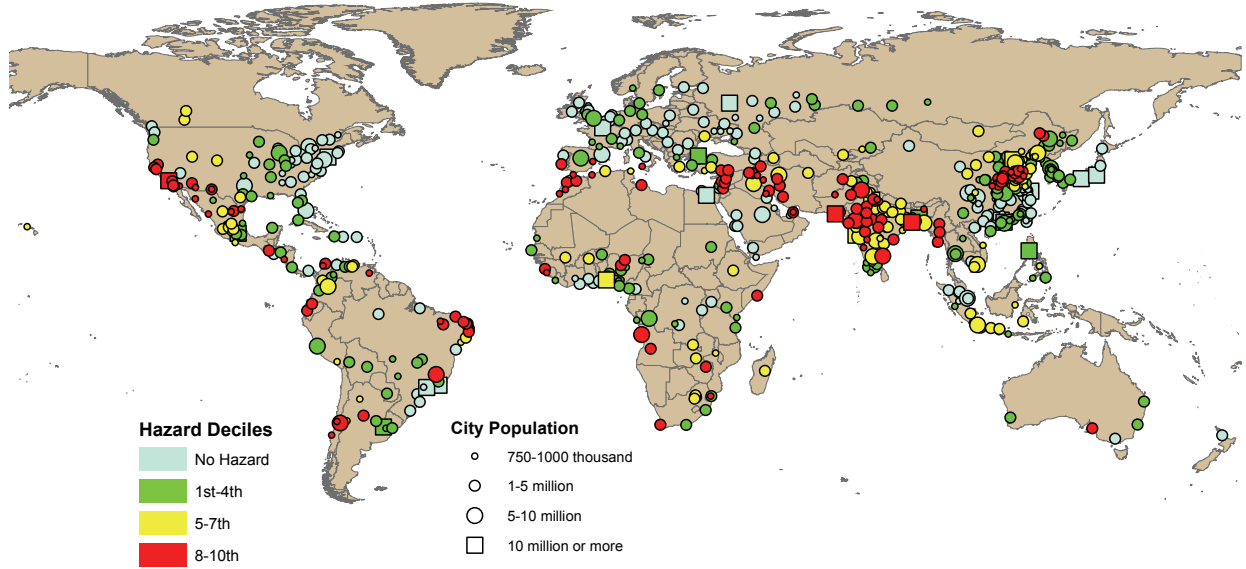
NOTE: The boundaries shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Figure VII. Distribution of cities by population size in 2011 and risk of floods



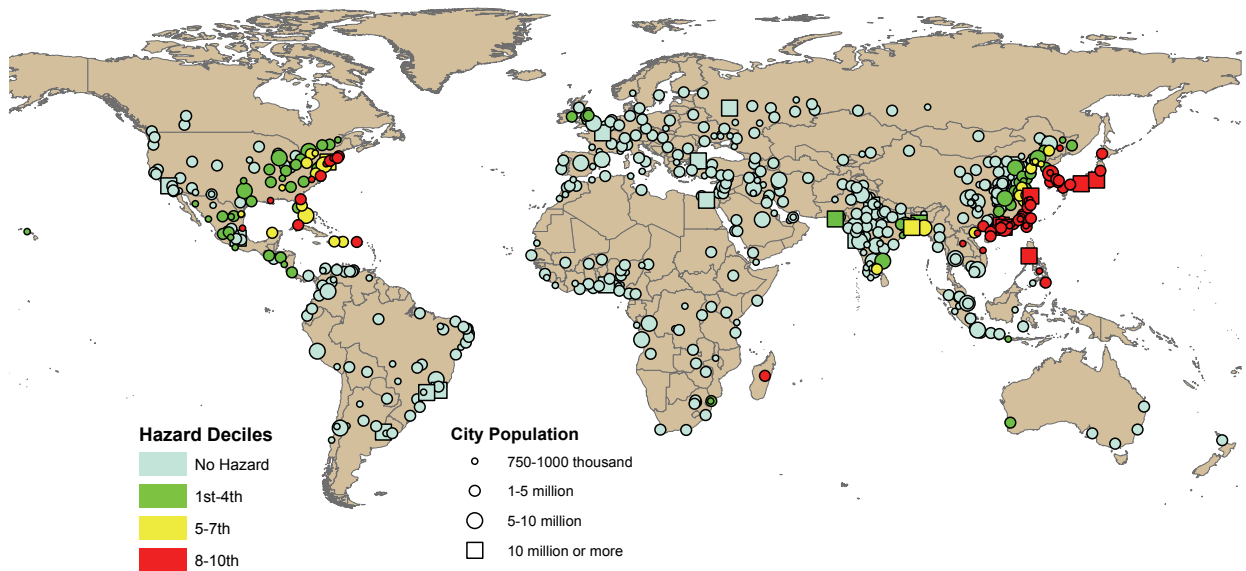
NOTE: The boundaries shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Figure VIII. Distribution of cities by population size in 2011 and risk of droughts



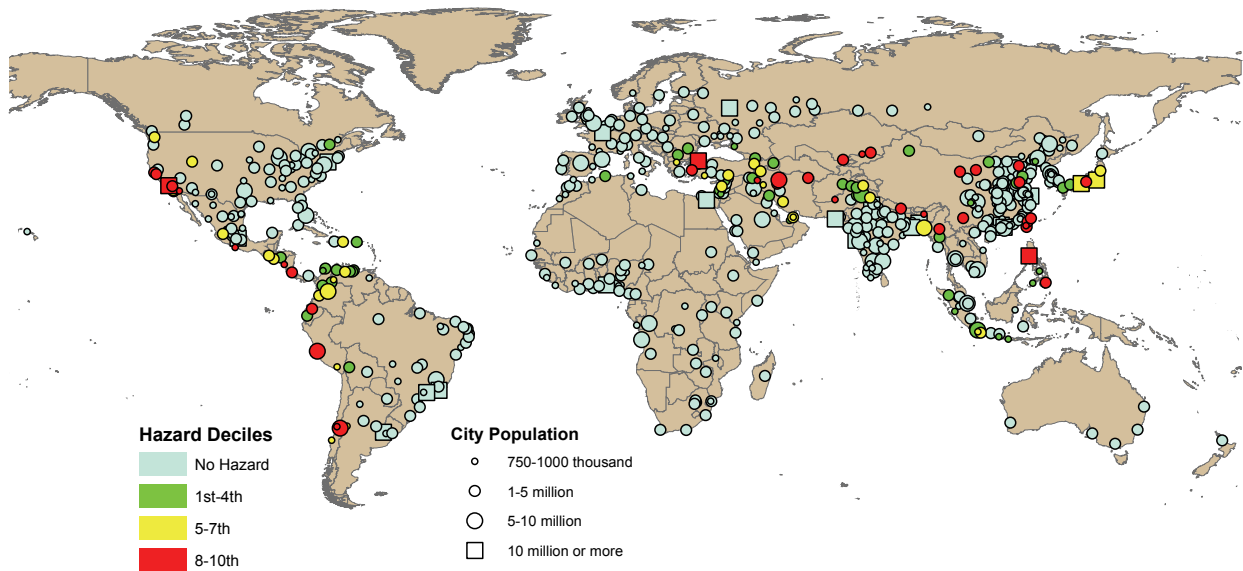
NOTE: The boundaries shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Figure IX. Distribution of cities by population size in 2011 and risk of cyclones



NOTE: The boundaries shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Figure X. Distribution of cities by population size in 2011 and risk of earthquakes



NOTE: The boundaries shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

6. The five most populated cities in 2011 located in areas with exposure to at least one major natural hazard are Tokyo, Delhi, Ciudad de México, New York-Newark and Shanghai. Tokyo is located in a region with high risk of floods and cyclones; Delhi is potentially affected by high risk of floods and medium risk of droughts; Ciudad de México has a high risk of floods, medium risk of landslides and low risk of droughts; the region of New York-Newark, is at high risk of floods and medium risk of cyclones; and Shanghai is at high risk of floods (table 13). Table 14 lists the top ten most populous cities in 2011 at high risk for each of the six types of natural disasters. Table 15 lists the top ten fastest growing cities in 2001-2011 located in areas exposed to each of these hazards.

7. Many cities are located in areas that are exposed to more than one natural hazard, but among the largest inhabited urban areas (with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011), only ten major cities are located in areas at high risk from three or more natural disasters (table 16). Manila (Philippines) with nearly 12 million inhabitants is the largest urban agglomeration at high risk of cyclones, floods and earthquakes. Four other large coastal cities in Asia are at similar high risks. Davao (Philippines) is potentially exposed to the

risks of cyclones, floods, and earthquakes, while three other cities face additional high risks of landslides: Taipei, Kaohsiung, and Taichung (China). Another group of major in-land cities at high risks of multiple natural hazards are: Santiago and Valparaíso (Chile), Quito (Ecuador), Guwahati (India), and Managua (Nicaragua) - all located in areas at high risks of droughts, earthquakes and floods (as well as landslides and volcano in Quito).

8. One out of five cities among the most populous in 2011 is located in an area that is at low risk of natural disasters. 133 cities are located in areas not exposed to any natural disasters or are exposed only to low risks. Table 17 provides the list of the top ten most populated cities located in areas at low or no risk of natural disasters. Two megacities stand out: Moskva (Moscow) and Al-Qahirah (Cairo). For those cities, the natural hazards database from CIESIN does not record a high risk for any kind of natural disaster based on information from the 1985 to 2000 period.

9. In 2011, 390 cities are located in inland areas with a total population of 836 million; whereas 243 cities are located in the coastal regions with a total population of 734 million.

Based on the multihazard index, 518 million people in coastal cities, or 71 per cent, are exposed to at least one natural hazard. The corresponding figure for inland cities is 459 million people, accounting for 55 per cent of the total population in the 390 inland cities. Figure XI indicates that cyclones and floods are the two most frequent natural hazards for coastal agglomerations compared to other disasters. In 2011, nearly half of 734 million people living in coastal agglomerations are exposed to floods, followed by 26 per cent of people, or 190 million, being exposed to cyclones. Many people in coastal agglomerations are also exposed to droughts, accounting for 18 per cent of total population in coastal agglomerations, or 131 million. In contrast, while people living in inland agglomerations are less likely to be at risk of cyclones, 37 per cent, or 313 million, are at risk of floods and 18 per cent, or 147 million, are exposed to droughts.

10. A further investigation shows substantial differences in proportions of people being at risk of natural disasters by size among coastal agglomerations. More than 87 per cent of people living in coastal megacities in 2011 are exposed to at least one hazards, as compared to 77 per cent of people in agglomeration with inhabitants less than ten million but more than five million and to 56-57 per cent of people in agglomerations with inhabitants between 750,000 and five million. The corresponding figures for exposures to floods are 67, 54, 33, and 31 per cent, and exposures to cyclones are 41, 17, 19, and 19 per cent (figure XII). The variation in respect to risk to natural

disasters by city size is less pronounced in inland agglomerations (figure XIII). The patterns for number of cities are similar to those for population.

The results of these initial analyses concerning the potential exposure of cities and urban agglomerations to natural disasters are subject to the following constraints:

- The geographical database for the six major natural disasters only covers the relatively short time period from 1980 to 2000. Data for floods are even more restricted to the period between 1985 and 2003. The analysis therefore likely underestimates the impact of rare, but perhaps more severe, natural disasters on urban areas.
- The spatial resolution for which floods, droughts, cyclones, earthquakes, landslides and volcanoes are recorded ranges from a 30 by 30 arc *second* grid to a 2.5 by 2.5 arc *degree* grid. These very different spatial resolutions make it difficult to assess absolute risks and compare hazards (Dilley et al., 2005: 26).
- Spatial information for the cities and urban agglomerations are only point coordinates, extended by a circular “buffer area”. More appropriate information would be the polygon coordinates of the city area, which is currently not available in the *World Urbanization Prospects*. The overlay between urban agglomerations and hazard areas may therefore be only partial.

Figure XI. Percentage of population at highest risk of natural hazards (8th-10th risk deciles)

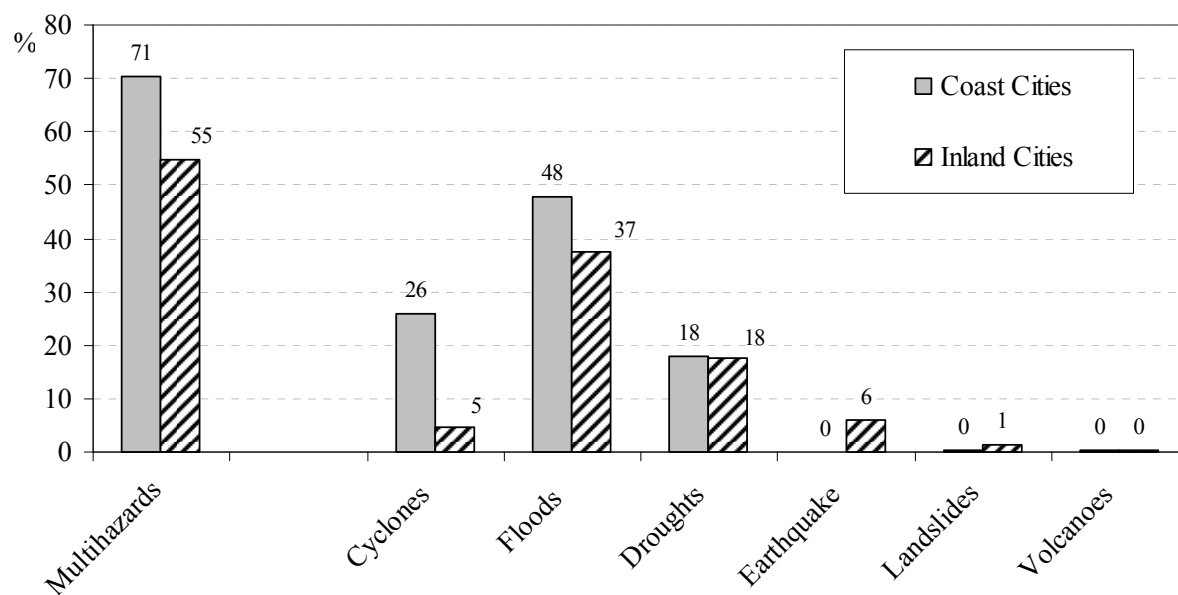


Figure XII. Percentage of population at highest risk of selected natural hazards (8th-10th risk deciles) by size class of coastal settlement in 2011

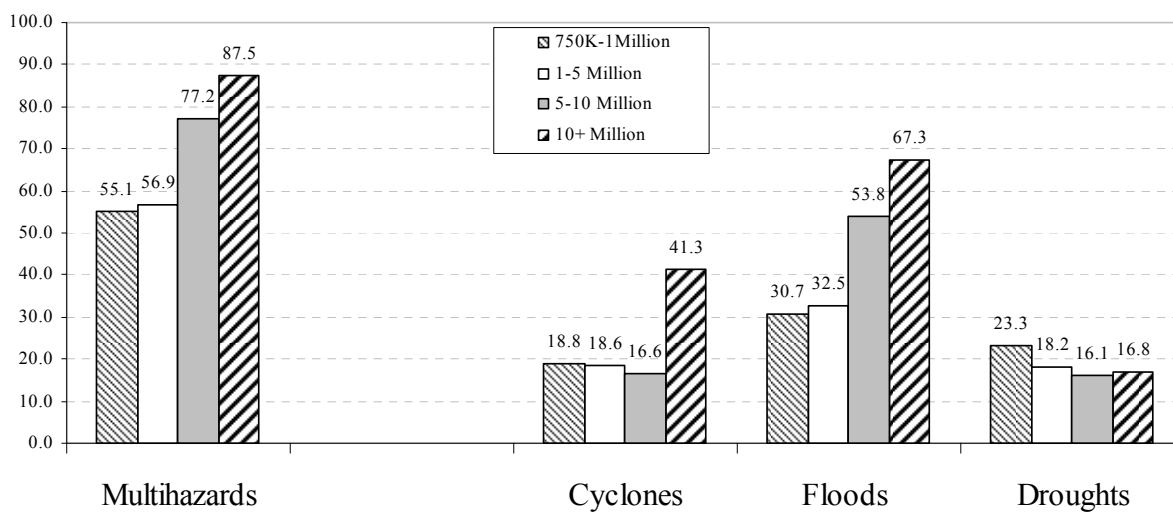


Figure XIII. Percentage of population at highest risk of selected natural hazards (8th-10th risk deciles) by size class of inland urban settlement in 2011, coastal cities

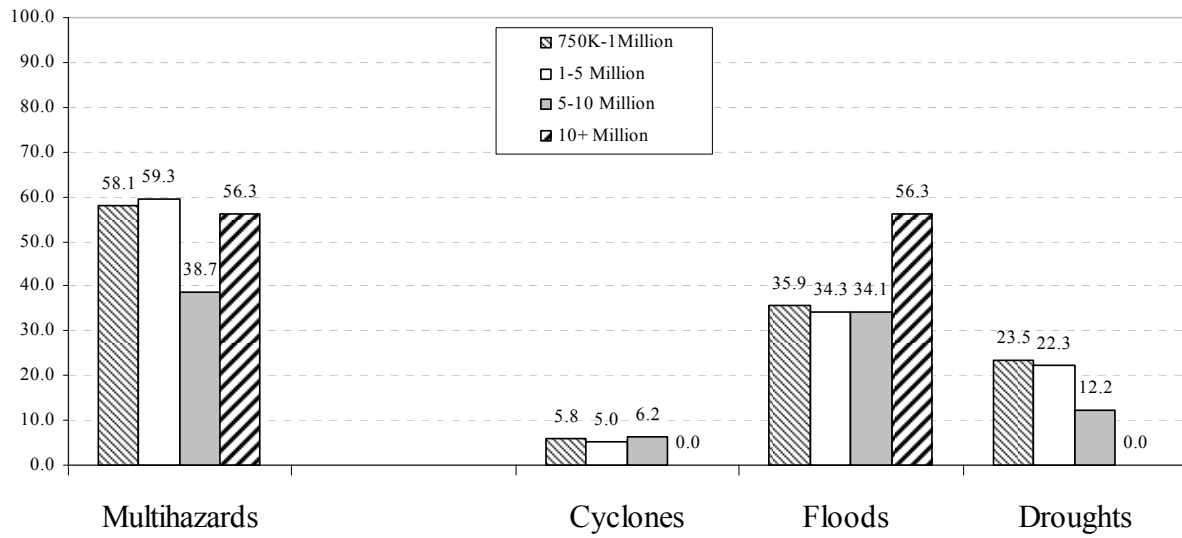


TABLE 9. NUMBER OF CITIES BY NUMBER OF NATURAL HAZARDS, CLASS SIZE (2011)
AND MAJOR AREA

<i>1-5 million</i>	<i>Natural hazard risk (1980-2000)</i>				<i>Total</i>
	<i>No or low hazard</i>	<i>1 hazard</i>	<i>2 hazards</i>	<i>3+ hazards</i>	
Africa	29	16	2		47
Asia	55	97	37	4	193
Europe	35	13			48
Latin America and the Caribbean	17	33	4	1	55
Northern America	20	20	4		44
Oceania	3	3			6
Total	159	182	47	5	393
<i>5-10 million</i>	<i>No or low hazard</i>	<i>1 hazard</i>	<i>2 hazards</i>	<i>3+ hazards</i>	<i>Total</i>
Africa	1	1			2
Asia	11	10	5		26
Europe	2	1			3
Latin America and the Caribbean		1	2	1	4
Northern America	4	1			5
Oceania					0
Total	18	14	7	1	40
<i>10 million and over</i>	<i>No or low hazard</i>	<i>1 hazard</i>	<i>2 hazards</i>	<i>3+ hazards</i>	<i>Total</i>
Africa	2				2
Asia	2	5	5	1	13
Europe	2				2
Latin America and the Caribbean		4			4
Northern America			2		2
Oceania					0
Total	6	9	7	1	23
<i>1 million and over</i>	<i>No or low hazard</i>	<i>1 hazard</i>	<i>2 hazards</i>	<i>3+ hazards</i>	<i>Total</i>
Africa	32	17	2	0	51
Asia	68	112	47	5	232
Europe	39	14	0	0	53
Latin America and the Caribbean	17	38	6	2	63
Northern America	24	21	6	0	51
Oceania	3	3	0	0	6
Total	183	205	61	7	456

NOTE: No or low hazard represents a city that is not located in an area or a region that are in top three deciles of any six natural hazards analyzed.

TABLE 10. CITY POPULATION (IN MILLION) BY NUMBER OF NATURAL HAZARDS,
CLASS SIZE (2011) AND REGION

<i>1-5 million</i>	<i>Natural hazard risk (1980-2000)</i>				<i>Total</i>
	<i>No or low hazard</i>	<i>1 hazard</i>	<i>2 hazards</i>	<i>3+ hazards</i>	
Africa	68.0	31.1	4.9		104.0
Asia	107.3	177.9	72.1	6.9	364.3
Europe	57.8	23.5			81.3
Latin America and the Caribbean	34.3	69.9	6.6	1.6	112.5
Northern America	47.4	38.4	12.3		98.0
Oceania	7.6	7.2			14.8
Total	322.5	348.0	95.9	8.5	775.0
<i>5-10 million</i>	<i>No or low hazard</i>	<i>1 hazard</i>	<i>2 hazards</i>	<i>3+ hazards</i>	<i>Total</i>
Africa	8.8	5.1			13.9
Asia	77.3	70.4	38.2		185.9
Europe	12.1	9.0			21.1
Latin America and the Caribbean		8.7	14.6	6.0	29.4
Northern America	26.5	5.9			32.5
Oceania					0.0
Total	124.8	99.1	52.8	6.0	282.8
<i>10 million and over</i>	<i>No or low hazard</i>	<i>1 hazard</i>	<i>2 hazards</i>	<i>3+ hazards</i>	<i>Total</i>
Africa	22.4				22.4
Asia	35.3	74.7	93.3	11.9	215.2
Europe	22.2				22.2
Latin America and the Caribbean		65.9			65.9
Northern America			33.7		33.7
Oceania					0.0
Total	80.0	140.5	127.1	11.9	359.4
<i>1 million and over</i>	<i>No or low hazard</i>	<i>1 hazard</i>	<i>2 hazards</i>	<i>3+ hazards</i>	<i>Total</i>
Africa	99.2	36.1	4.9	0.0	140.3
Asia	220.0	323.0	203.6	18.8	765.3
Europe	92.2	32.5	0.0	0.0	124.7
Latin America and the Caribbean	34.3	144.5	21.2	7.7	207.7
Northern America	73.9	44.3	46.1	0.0	164.2
Oceania	7.6	7.2	0.0	0.0	14.8
Total	527.3	587.7	275.8	26.4	1,417.2

NOTE: No or low hazard represents a city that is not located in an area or a region that are in top three deciles of any six natural hazards analyzed.

TABLE 11. NUMBER OF CITIES (750,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE IN 2011) BY RISK DECILE,
TYPE OF NATURAL HAZARD AND COASTAL STATUS

<i>Risk decile</i>	<i>Type of natural hazard</i>											
	<i>Cyclones</i>		<i>Droughts</i>		<i>Earthquakes</i>		<i>Floods</i>		<i>Landslides</i>		<i>Volcanoes</i>	
	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>
No hazard	138	308	87	110	196	314	45	83	233	364	242	385
1st-4th decile	29	51	69	107	20	31	72	126				
5-7th decile	26	13	40	86	13	20	38	45	9	21		2
8-10th decile	50	18	47	87	14	25	88	136	1	5	1	3

TABLE 12. POPULATION FOR CITIES OR URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS OF 750,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE IN 2011 (IN MILLIONS)
BY RISK DECILE, TYPE OF NATURAL HAZARD AND COASTAL STATUS

<i>Risk decile</i>	<i>Type of natural hazard</i>											
	<i>Cyclones</i>		<i>Droughts</i>		<i>Earthquakes</i>		<i>Floods</i>		<i>Landslides</i>		<i>Volcanoes</i>	
	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>	<i>Coastal city</i>	<i>Inland city</i>
No hazard	364	668	298	244	559	690	85	151	709	765	732	829
1st-4th decile	92	112	196	234	40	59	182	248				
5-7th decile	89	16	109	212	73	37	117	124	24	61		4
8-10th decile	190	39	131	147	63	50	350	313	2	10	2	3

TABLE 13. CITIES AND URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS (WITH 5 MILLION OR MORE INHABITANTS IN 2011) EXPOSED TO AT LEAST ONE MAJOR NATURAL HAZARD (8-10TH RISK DECILES OF NATURAL DISASTERS)

	City	Population (in million)			Risk decile						
		2011	Location	Type	Cyclones	Droughts	Earthquakes	Floods	Landslides	Volcanoes	
1	Tokyo, Japan	37.2	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10th	No hazard	5-7 th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
2	Delhi, India	22.7	Inland	Semi-arid	No hazard	5-7th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
3	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	20.4	Inland	Not Arid	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	8-10th	5-7th	No hazard	
4	New York-Newark, USA	20.4	Coastal	Not Arid	5-7th	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
5	Shanghai, China	20.2	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
6	São Paulo, Brazil	19.9	Inland	Not Arid	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
7	Dhaka, Bangladesh	15.4	Coastal	Not Arid	1st-4th	1st-4th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
8	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	14.4	Coastal	Not Arid	5-7th	8-10th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
9	Karachi, Pakistan	13.9	Coastal	Arid	1st-4th	8-10th	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard	
10	Buenos Aires, Argentina	13.5	Coastal	Not Arid	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
11	Los Angeles-Long Beach -Santa Ana, USA	13.4	Coastal	Semi-arid	No hazard	8-10th	8-10th	1st-4th	5-7th	No hazard	
12	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	12.0	Coastal	Not Arid	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
13	Manila, Philippines	11.9	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
14	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	11.5	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10th	No hazard	5-7th	5-7th	No hazard	No hazard	
15	Istanbul, Turkey	11.3	Coastal	Not Arid	No hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard	
16	Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	10.8	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
17	Shenzhen, China	10.6	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10th	1st-4th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
18	Jakarta, Indonesia	9.8	Coastal	Not Arid	No hazard	5-7th	1st-4th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
19	Seoul, Republic of Korea	9.7	Inland	Not Arid	8-10th	1st-4th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
20	Wuhan, China	9.2	Inland	Not Arid	1st-4th	1st-4th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
21	Lima, Peru	9.1	Coastal	Arid	No hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	5-7th	No hazard	No hazard	
22	London, United Kingdom	9.0	Coastal	Not Arid	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
23	Chennai (Madras), India	8.8	Coastal	Not Arid	1st-4th	8-10th	No hazard	5-7th	No hazard	No hazard	
24	Bogotá, Colombia	8.7	Inland	Not Arid	No hazard	5-7th	5-7th	8-10th	5-7th	No hazard	
25	Lahore, Pakistan	7.6	Inland	Semi-arid	No hazard	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
26	Tehran, Iran (Islamic Republic of)	7.3	Inland	Semi-arid	No hazard	5-7th	8-10th	5-7th	No hazard	No hazard	
27	Dongguan, Guangdong, China	7.3	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
28	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	7.1	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10th	1st-4th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
29	Chengdu, China	6.7	Inland	Not Arid	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
30	Foshan, China	6.5	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
31	Ahmadabad, India	6.4	Coastal	Semi-arid	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	5-7th	No hazard	No hazard	
32	Thành Phố Hồ Chí Minh (Ho Chi Minh City), Viet Nam	6.4	Coastal	Not Arid	No hazard	5-7th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
33	Santiago, Chile	6.0	Inland	Semi-arid	No hazard	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
34	Philadelphia, USA	5.9	Coastal	Not Arid	5-7th	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
35	Belo Horizonte, Brazil	5.5	Inland	Not Arid	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
36	Hangzhou, China	5.4	Coastal	Not Arid	5-7th	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
37	Chittagong, Bangladesh	5.2	Coastal	Not Arid	5-7th	5-7th	5-7th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
38	Singapore, Singapore	5.2	Coastal	Not Arid	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard	
39	Luanda, Angola	5.1	Coastal	Semi-arid	No hazard	8-10th	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard	

TABLE 14. TOP 10 LARGEST CITY POPULATIONS IN 2011 AT 8-10TH RISK DECILES BY TYPE OF HAZARD

	<i>Cyclones</i>	<i>Droughts</i>	<i>Earthquakes</i>	<i>Floods</i>	<i>Landslides</i>	<i>Volcanoes</i>
1	Tokyo, Japan	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	Tokyo, Japan	Taipei, China	Napoli (Naples), Italy
2	Shanghai, China	Karachi, Pakistan	Manila, Philippines	Delhi, India	Bandung, Indonesia	Quito, Ecuador
3	Manila, Philippines	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	Istanbul, Turkey	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	Quito, Ecuador	Bogor, Indonesia
4	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	Chennai (Madras), India	Lima, Peru	New York-Newark, USA	San Salvador, El Salvador	Malang, Indonesia
5	Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	Lahore, Pakistan	Tehran, Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Shanghai, China	Kaohsiung, China	
6	Shenzhen, China	Ahmadabad, India	Santiago, Chile	São Paulo, Brazil	San José, Costa Rica	
7	Seoul, Republic of Korea	Santiago, Chile	San Francisco-Oakland, USA	Dhaka, Bangladesh		
8	Dongguan, Guangdong, China	Belo Horizonte, Brazil	Kunming, China	Kolkata (Calcutta), India		
9	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	Luanda, Angola	Nagoya, Japan	Buenos Aires, Argentina		
10	Foshan, China	Yangon, Myanmar	Izmir, Turkey	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil		

TABLE 15. TOP 10 FASTEST GROWING CITY POPULATIONS IN 2001-2011 AT 8-10TH RISK DECILES BY TYPE OF HAZARD

	<i>Cyclone</i>	<i>Drought</i>	<i>Earthquake</i>	<i>Flood</i>	<i>Landslide</i>	<i>Volcano</i>
1	Zhongshan, China	Nay Pyi Taw, Myanmar	Yinchuan, China	Can Tho, Viet Nam	San José, Costa Rica	Bogor, Indonesia
2	Xiamen, China	Sharjah, United Arab Emirates	Kathmandu, Nepal	Batam, Indonesia	San Salvador, El Salvador	Quito, Ecuador
3	Haikou, China	Dubayy (Dubai), United Arab Emirates	Karaj, Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Yongin, Republic of Korea	Quito, Ecuador	Malang, Indonesia
4	Jinjiang, China	Luanda, Angola	Sulaimaniya, Iraq	Zhongshan, China	Bandung, Indonesia	Napoli (Naples), Italy
5	Dongguan, Guangdong, China	Huambo, Angola	San José, Costa Rica	Xiamen, China	Kaohsiung, China	
6	Jiangmen, China	Hamah, Syrian Arab Republic	Quetta, Pakistan	Suzhou, Jiangsu, China	Taipei, China	
7	Vientiane, Lao People's Democratic Republic	Nanyang, Henan, China	Xining, China	Wuhu, Anhui, China		
8	Huizhou, China	Liaocheng, China	Bursa, Turkey	Hefei, China		
9	Jiaxing, China	Handan, China	Tangshan, Hebei, China	Kigali, Rwanda		
10	Putian, China	Zhengzhou, China	Davao, Philippines	Jinjiang, China		

TABLE 16. URBAN AREAS (WITH 750,000 OR MORE INHABITANTS IN 2011) EXPOSED TO THREE OR MORE NATURAL HAZARDS (8-10TH RISK DECILES OF NATURAL DISASTERS)

	City	Population (in million)			Risk decile					
		2011	Location	Type	Cyclones	Droughts	Earthquakes	Floods	Landslides	Volcanoes
1	Manila, Philippines	11.9	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard
2	Santiago, Chile	6.0	Inland	Semiarid	No hazard	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard
3	Taipei, China	2.7	Inland	Not Arid	8-10th	No hazard	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	No hazard
4	Quito, Ecuador	1.6	Inland	Not Arid	No hazard	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th
5	Davao, Philippines	1.6	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10 th	1st-4th	8-10th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard
6	Kaohsiung, China	1.5	Coastal	Not Arid	8-10 th	No hazard	8-10th	5-7th	8-10th	No hazard
7	Taichung, China	1.2	Inland	Not Arid	8-10th	No hazard	8-10th	8-10th	5-7th	No hazard
8	Guwahati (Gauhati), India	1.0	Inland	Not Arid	No hazard	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard
9	Managua, Nicaragua	1.0	Inland	Not Arid	1st-4th	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard
10	Valparaiso, Chile	0.9	Coastal	Not Arid	No hazard	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	No hazard	No hazard

TABLE 17. TOP 10 LARGEST CITY POPULATIONS IN 2011 LEAST EXPOSED TO NATURAL HAZARDS (NO RISK OR 1-4TH RISK DECILE FOR ONLY ONE NATURAL DISASTER)

	City	Population (in million)			Risk decile					
		2011	Location	Type	Cyclones	Droughts	Earthquakes	Floods	Landslides	Volcanoes
1	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	11.6	Inland	Not Arid	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard
2	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	11.2	Inland	Hyperarid	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard
3	Kinshasa, DR. of the Congo	8.8	Inland	Not Arid	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard
4	Madrid, Spain	6.6	Inland	Semiarid	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard
5	Toronto, Canada	5.6	Inland	Not Arid	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard
6	Ar-Riyadh (Riyadh), Saudi Arabia	5.5	Inland	Hyperarid	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard
7	Dallas-Fort Worth, USA	5.2	Inland	Semiarid	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard
8	Xi'an, Shaanxi, China	5.0	Inland	Dry subhumid	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard
9	Atlanta, USA	5.0	Inland	Not Arid	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard	No hazard
10	Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Russian Federation	4.9	Inland	Coastal	Not Arid	No hazard	No hazard	No hazard	1st-4th	No hazard

III. PROCEDURES TO ESTIMATE AND PROJECT THE POPULATION OF URBAN AREAS AND URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS

The estimation and projection of the urban population is based on observed changes in the proportion of the population living in urban areas. Therefore, the quality of the estimates and projections made is highly dependent on the quality of the basic information permitting the calculation of the proportion urban. Such information consists normally of complete counts of both the total population in a country and the total population living in urban areas. Censuses or population registers are the most common sources of those counts. To be accurate, the proportion urban should be based on counts of the total and the urban population that achieve similar levels of coverage and that reflect properly the division of the territory into urban and rural areas. However, because of the complexity and variety of situations in which the urbanization process takes place, it is not always straightforward to divide the inhabited territory into urban and rural areas. Indeed, the criteria used to identify urban areas vary from country to country and may not be consistent even between different data sources within the same country. Furthermore, as the process of urbanization proceeds, the number and extension of the areal units qualifying as urban generally expand, so that keeping an urban versus rural division of the territory constant over time would be misleading and would likely result in a major underestimation of the actual proportion of the population living in areas with urban characteristics.

In preparing estimates and projections of the urban population, the United Nations relies on the data produced by national sources that reflect the definitions and criteria established by national authorities. It has long been recognized that, given the variety of situations in the countries of the world, it is not possible or desirable to adopt uniform criteria to distinguish urban areas from rural areas (see, for instance, United Nations,

1967 and 1969). Thus, stipulating that any areal unit with at least 5,000 inhabitants, for instance, is to be considered urban is not appropriate in populous countries such as China or India where rural settlements with none of the characteristics typical of urban areas often have large numbers of inhabitants. Clearly, national statistical offices are in the best position to establish the most appropriate criteria to characterize urban areas in their respective countries.

The urban and city projections presented in this report are based on the definitions used for statistical purposes by the countries and areas constituting the world – except for cases lacking clear definitions, or historical changes prevent to reconstruct consistent time series (e.g., Netherlands, Gambia, Kenya). An analysis of that set of definitions indicates that 118 of the 231 countries or areas considered use administrative criteria to make a distinction between urban and rural, 64 of which use it as the sole criterion to make that distinction (table 18). In 107 cases, the criteria used to characterize urban areas include population size or population density, solely in the case of 48 countries. However, the lower limit above which a settlement is considered urban varies considerably, ranging between 200 and 50,000 inhabitants. Economic characteristics were part of the criteria used to identify urban areas in 33 countries or areas, including all the successor States of the former Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; and criteria related to the functional nature of urban areas, such as the existence of paved streets, water-supply systems, sewerage systems or electric lighting, were part of the definition of urban in 43 cases, but only in ten cases such a criteria was used alone. Lastly, in another 14 cases no definition of “urban” was available and in a further eight the entire population of a country or area was considered to be urban.

TABLE 18. DISTRIBUTION OF COUNTRIES ACCORDING TO THE CRITERIA
USED IN DEFINING URBAN AREAS, 2011 REVISION

<i>Criterion</i>		<i>Sole use</i>	<i>Used in conjunction with other criteria</i>	<i>Percentage according to sole use</i>	<i>Percentage according to use in conjunction with other criteria</i>
1 criteria	Administrative	64	118	27.7	51.1
	Economic	—	33		14.3
	Population size/density	48	107	20.8	46.3
	Urban characteristics	9	43	3.9	18.6
2 criteria	Administrative and population size/density	24	—	10.4	—
	Administrative and economic	—	—	—	—
	Administrative and urban characteristics	11	—	4.8	—
	Economic and population size/density	15	—	6.5	—
	Economic and urban characteristics	—	—	—	—
	Population and urban characteristics	15	—	6.5	—
3 criteria	Administrative, economic and population size/density	10	—	4.3	—
	Administrative, economic and urban characteristics	—	—	—	—
	Administrative, urban characteristics and population	1	—	0.4	—
	Economic, population and urban characteristics	—	—	—	—
4 criteria	Administrative, economic, population size/density and urban characteristics	8	—	3.5	—
	Entire population	9	9	3.9	3.9
	Unclear definition	3	3	1.3	1.3
	No definition	14	14	6.1	6.1
	Total number of countries or areas	231	—	100.0	—

Despite the variety of criteria used to distinguish urban from rural areas and the resulting heterogeneity, no independent adjustment of national statistics is made unless it is clear that the definitions used by a given country have changed over time in ways that lead to inconsistencies in the data. Such adjustments eliminate the erratic peaks and troughs in urban growth resulting from changes in definition. However, despite efforts to avoid inconsistencies within countries, it is not always possible to adjust the data available in ways that ensure consistency. In some cases, inconsistencies remain precisely because the data needed to make the necessary adjustment are lacking. In cases where adjustment is possible, every effort is made to adjust earlier data so as to conform to the most recent definitions.

In the case of cities, population statistics are often reported in terms of the territory delimited by administrative boundaries that do not necessarily coincide with the extent of the urbanized territory as delimited by other standards. Thus, the city proper as defined by administrative boundaries may not include suburban areas where an important proportion of the population working or studying in the city lives. Furthermore, in some cases two or more adjacent cities may be separately administered, although they might form jointly a single urbanized region. Alternatively, in some cities administrative boundaries may cover large tracts of land devoted to agriculture, especially if the produce is intended for city consumption. Because of these problems it is advisable to base the measurement of a city's population on territorial boundaries different from those established by the accidents of administrative history. Two auxiliary

concepts have been used to improve the comparability of measurements of city populations across countries and over time, since they are not affected by changes in administrative boundaries. The first is that of urban agglomeration and it refers to the population contained within the contours of contiguous territory inhabited at urban levels of residential density. The second is that of metropolitan region, which entails a more extensive definition of the territory of interest. Thus, a metropolitan region includes both the contiguous territory inhabited at urban levels of residential density and additional surrounding areas of lower settlement density that are also under the direct influence of the city (e.g., through frequent transport, road linkages, commuting facilities etc.).

In compiling information on city population size, the Population Division has endeavoured to use data or estimates based on the concept of urban agglomeration. When those data are not consistently available, population data relative to the city as defined by its administrative boundaries are used. It is recognized, however, that when the administrative boundaries of cities remain fixed for long periods of time, they are likely to misrepresent the actual growth of a city in both territorial and population terms. Only when administrative boundaries change with relative frequency can one assume that they are reflecting the actual territorial expansion of the urbanized area linked to the functioning of the city and inhabited at urban levels of population density. For a number of cities, the data available refer to both the city proper as defined by administrative boundaries and to its metropolitan area. In those instances, the data referring to the metropolitan area are usually preferred because they are thought to approximate better the territory associated with the urban agglomeration than the data based on administrative boundaries. However, the population of the metropolitan area is also likely to be larger than that of the urban agglomeration associated with it, so an upward bias is thus introduced.

For any given city, an effort is made to ensure that the time series of population estimates derived from national sources conforms to the same definition over time. Adjustments are made

when necessary to achieve internal consistency. Often, the changes involved demand that the criterion on which the population of a city is based be changed. That is the case when data on a city in terms of the urban agglomeration are available for only one or two points in time and there is a longer and more consistent series of data on the population of the city proper. In those circumstances, the data on the city proper, based on administrative boundaries, are used instead of those on the urban agglomeration since a sufficiently long time series based on the latter concept is normally not possible to reconstruct from the data available. When such reconstruction is possible, it is undertaken.

In the *2011 Revision*, the city data for 86 of the 230 countries or areas considered were based on the concept of urban agglomeration (table 19). In a further 14 countries, data for the capital city were reported in terms of urban agglomeration, whereas data for other cities in the same country did not always conform to the definition of urban agglomeration. For an additional 98 countries or areas the city data available reflected the definition of city proper, and in 26 countries or areas different definitions were used for different cities. Adjustment of city data was carried out when information for a particular city has changed over time and, if at all possible, the urban agglomeration concept was used. However, when recent data were based on the concept of city proper and there was insufficient information to adjust the data to reflect the population in the urban agglomeration, a time series based on the city proper definition was used.

A. THE ESTIMATION OF URBAN INDICATORS OVER THE ESTIMATION PERIOD

Aside from varying in terms of underlying definitions, the data available for different countries vary in terms of their time references. Because census dates are not the same for all countries, estimates of the proportion urban or of city populations derived from census data refer to different points in time and are not directly comparable among countries. Nor is there consistency among countries in the reference dates of official estimates of urban or city populations. Consequently, to facilitate

comparisons, estimates for specific points in time have to be made. Interpolation or extrapolation based on the data actually available is used to produce estimates of the proportion urban or of city populations referring to 1 July of calendar year starting in 1950. The most recent mid-year estimate derived in that way should refer to the year that precedes the reference date of the most recent data available. From that point on, the projection procedure is used to complete the time series until 2050 for the proportion urban and until 2025 for city populations.

TABLE 19. DISTRIBUTION OF COUNTRIES OR AREAS ACCORDING TO THE CRITERIA USED IN DEFINING CITY POPULATIONS, 2011 REVISION

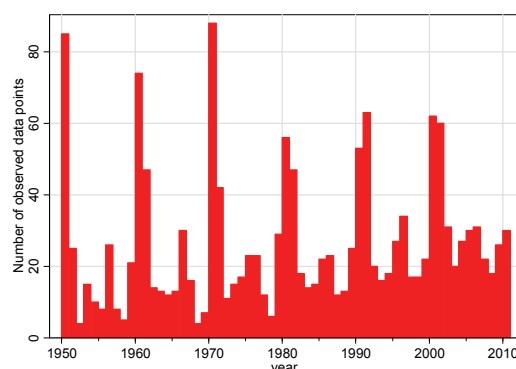
Criterion	Sole use	Used in conjunction with other criteria
City proper	98	26
Urban agglomeration.....	86	23
Metropolitan area	14	12
Capital is urban agglomeration; other cities are city proper, urban agglomerations or metropolitan areas	14	—
Capital is city proper; other cities are city proper, urban agglomerations or metropolitan areas	6	—
Capital is metropolitan area; other cities are city proper, urban agglomerations or metropolitan areas	9	—
Not defined.....	3	1
Total number of countries or areas	230	—

Among the 231 countries or areas considered in this *Revision*, the proportion urban was analysed for over 1,800 observations with on average 8 observations per country (with a standard deviation of 4 points). As seen on Figure 1, the proportion urban is most often available in the years around the start of each decade defining a round of censuses.

Overall new data from the 2010 round of censuses were included for more than two-third of the countries, and for 137 (59 per cent) the most recent data available referred to 2005 and later. Only for three countries (Myanmar, Democratic Republic of Congo, and Seychelles) did the most recent data refer to the 1980s (table 20). Clearly

the more recent the latest information on the proportion urban available for a given country or area, the more likely that projections over the short-term future may approximate true trends.

Figure XIV. Annual distribution of percentage urban



The proportion of the population living in urban areas is estimated or projected, as the case may be, by country or area for the period 1950-2050 in single year intervals. Once values of the proportion urban at the national level are established for the 1950-2050 period, they were applied to the estimates and projections of the total national population of each country or area derived from *World Population Prospects: The 2010 Revision* (United Nations, 2011) so as to obtain the corresponding urban population for 1950 to 2050. At a later stage, country level estimates and projections are aggregated to obtain the figures corresponding to regions, major areas and the world.

Calculation of the proportion urban during the estimation period involves interpolation between recorded figures and extrapolation back to 1 July 1950 when the earliest of recorded figures refer to a later date. Such interpolation or extrapolation to 1950 is based on the *urban-rural ratio* (URR_t), defined as the ratio of the urban to the rural population, that is:

$$URR_t = \frac{U_t}{R_t} \quad (1)$$

where U_t and R_t denote the urban and the rural populations at time t , respectively. The urban-

rural ratio at time t is directly related to the percentage urban (PU_t) since

$$PU_t = \frac{URR_t}{(1+URR_t)} \quad (2)$$

Letting ${}^n r_{ur_t}$ denote the growth rate of the urban-rural ratio between time t and $t+n$, it follows that

$${}^n r_{ur_t} = \frac{1}{n} \times \ln \left(\frac{URR_{t+n}}{URR_t} \right) \quad (3)$$

where, substituting URR_t for its equivalent according to (1), one obtains

$$\begin{aligned} {}^n r_{ur_t} &= \frac{1}{n} \times \left[\ln \left(\frac{U_{t+n}}{R_{t+n}} \right) - \ln \left(\frac{U_t}{R_t} \right) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \times \left[\ln(U_{t+n}) - \ln(R_{t+n}) - \ln(U_t) + \ln(R_t) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \times \left[\ln \left(\frac{U_{t+n}}{U_t} \right) - \ln \left(\frac{R_{t+n}}{R_t} \right) \right] \\ &= \left[\frac{1}{n} \times \ln \left(\frac{U_{t+n}}{U_t} \right) \right] - \left[\frac{1}{n} \times \ln \left(\frac{R_{t+n}}{R_t} \right) \right] \\ &= {}^n u_t - {}^n r_t \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

TABLE 20. DISTRIBUTION OF COUNTRIES OR AREAS ACCORDING TO MOST RECENT INFORMATION AVAILABLE

Date of most recent information	Number of countries or areas	Percentage
Before 1990	3	1.3
1990-1994	5	2.2
1995-1999	7	3.0
2000-2004	79	34.2
2005-2009	99	42.9
2010 and later	38	16.5
TOTAL	231	100.0

where ${}^n u_t$ denotes the growth rate of the urban population between t and $t+n$, and ${}^n r_t$ is the growth rate of the rural population between the same time points. That is, the growth rate of the urban-rural ratio is equivalent to the difference

between the growth rates of the urban and the rural populations. Therefore, ${}^n r_{ur_t}$ is known as the urban-rural growth difference and it is the basis for the interpolation and extrapolation of the proportion urban. Thus, if T is any time point within the intercensal period ($t, t+n$),

$$URR_T = URR_t \times e^{({}^n r_{ur_t} \times (T-t))} \quad (5)$$

The same equation can be applied to obtain extrapolated values of URR when T is outside the intercensal period and ($t, t+n$) is the intercensal period closest to it.

The use of (5) for interpolation and extrapolation purposes implies that r_{ur} is assumed to remain constant during each intercensal period and during the period 1950 to the reference date of the second observation available. Once an estimate of URR_T is available, it can be converted to PU_T by using equation (2).

B. PROJECTION OF THE PROPORTION URBAN AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL

The United Nations has developed a parsimonious and fairly straightforward method for the projection of the proportion urban. The United Nations projection method was first used in the 1970s (United Nations, 1974 and 1980) and, although it has undergone some revisions since then, the general estimation approach has not changed. Basically, the method projects the most recent urban-rural growth difference observed by assuming that the proportion urban follows a logistic path that attains a maximum growth rate when the proportion urban reaches 50 per cent and whose asymptotic value is 100 per cent.

Normally, an extrapolation based on a simple logistic curve would imply that the urban-rural growth difference remains constant over the projection period. Yet empirical evidence shows that the urban-rural growth difference declines as the proportion urban increases because the pool of potential rural-urban migrants decreases as a fraction of the urban population, while it increases as a fraction of the rural population. Consequently, a model for the evolution of the

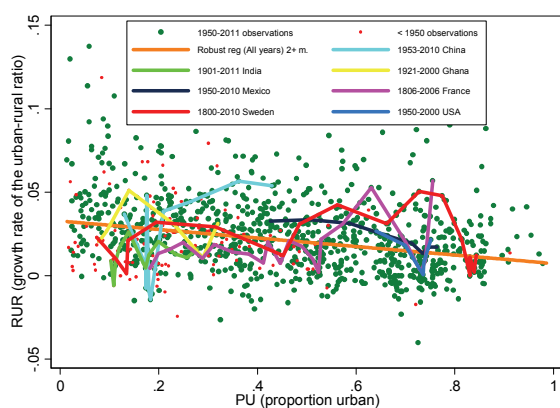
urban-rural growth difference was developed so that it would evolve over the projection period, passing from the last observed value to a universal norm consistent with general world-wide experience so far. The norm is expressed in terms of a hypothetical urban-rural growth difference, denoted by $hrur$, which has been obtained by regressing the initial observed percentage urban on the urban-rural growth difference for the 148 countries or areas with 2 million or more inhabitants in 2011. The resulting regression equation¹ estimated on 1,047 observations (with 906 observations covering the period 1950-2011 and 141 observations for the period 1800-1949) is:

$$hrur = 0.0327211 - 0.0254696 \times PU_{t_0} \quad (6)$$

where PU_{t_0} is the proportion urban at the time of the initial census.

Figure XV shows all the observations considered (in green dots those since 1950 and in red dots those before 1950) together the fitted regression line in orange. The empirical experience of several countries through the last one or two centuries illustrate how rur has changed over time with greater proportion of their population becoming urban (PU).

Figure XV. Growth rate of the urban-rural ratio (rur) by proportion urban (PU) for countries or areas with 2 million or more inhabitants in 2011: selected country trajectories and fitted robust regression model



¹ Robust regression estimated using Stata/SE 11.2 for Windows (32-bit). Five extreme outliers associated to exceptional historical events with $rur > |0.2|$ were excluded from this analysis. $R^2 = 0.06$

Equation (6) implies that, as the initial level of urbanization increases, $hrur$ decreases. When the initial proportion urban is zero, an urban-rural growth difference of 0.0327211 can be expected; when the proportion urban is 0.5, a value of $hrur$ of 0.0199863 can be expected; and when the proportion urban is 1, an $hrur$ of 0.0072515 can be expected.

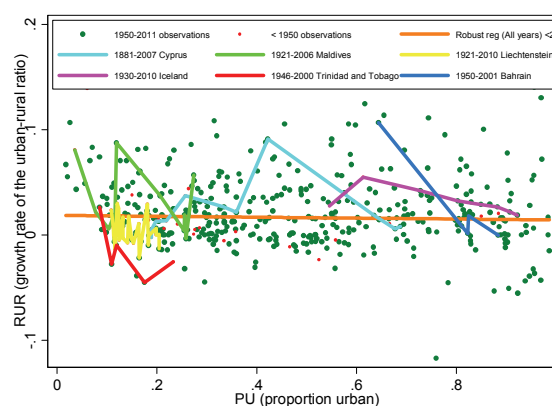
For 84 countries or areas with less than 2 million inhabitants in 2011 (many of them are islands or enclaves) another regression equation² was estimated on 463 observations (with 412 observations covering the period 1950-2011 and 51 observations for the period 1812-1949) is:

$$hrur = 0.018584 - 0.0042713 \times PU_{t_0} \quad (7)$$

where PU_{t_0} is the proportion urban at the time of the initial census.

Figure XVI shows all the observations analysed and the fitted regression line (in orange). The trajectories since the 1950s (or earlier) for selected countries illustrate how rur has changed over time with greater urbanization (PU).

Figure XVI. Growth rate of the urban-rural ratio by proportion urban for countries or areas with less than 2 million inhabitants in 2011: selected country trajectories and fitted robust regression model



The projection of the proportion urban is carried out based on a projection of the urban-rural growth differential. It is assumed that the

² Robust regression estimated using Stata/SE 11.2 for Windows (32-bit). Three extreme outliers associated to exceptional historical events with $rur > |0.2|$ were excluded from this analysis. $R^2 = 0.0001$

most recent observed urban-rural growth difference for the most recent period available in a given country, instead of remaining constant, is linearly converging to the hypothetical urban-rural growth difference - or world norm - over a period of 25 years.

The projected urban-rural growth difference, denoted with ${}^n rur_t^*$, is then

$${}^n rur_t^* = (W_t \times {}^n rur_t) + ((1 - W_t) \times {}^n hrur_t) \quad (8)$$

The weights W_t are calculated as

$$W_t = \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{1}{d} \times (t - t_0) & (t - t_0) \leq d \\ 0 & (t - t_0) > d \end{cases} \quad (9)$$

The convergence period, d , defaults to 25 years. In this way, the empirical urban-rural growth difference for a country approaches the hypothetical value in a smooth way, with the country's current characteristics having a lower weight and the world norm having a higher weight the further into the future one projects.

Then, the urban-rural ratio can be calculated as:

$$URR_t = URR_{t_0} \times e^{rur^* \times (t - t_0)} \quad (10)$$

where t_0 is the last date with an estimate or a projected value of the proportion urban and t is the actual projection date. Each projected value of URR_t is converted into a proportion urban PU_t using equation (2).

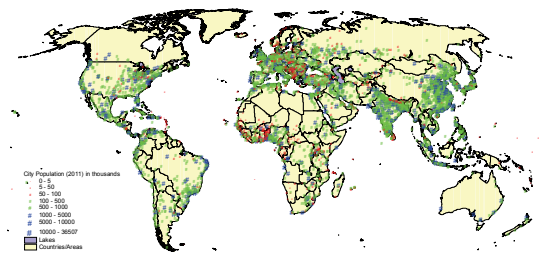
In order to derive the urban population at the national level, the proportion urban is multiplied by the total population of each country, obtained from the independent projections published in *World Population Prospects: The 2010 Revision* (United Nations, 2011). With respect to the estimates and projections of the urban population at the regional level, the urban populations of all the countries in the region are added up. Lastly,

regional totals are aggregated to derive the estimates and projections at the world level.

C. PAST ESTIMATES OF CITY POPULATIONS

Estimates and projections of the population of cities with an estimated population of 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 are calculated for the period 1950-2025 and presented for every year that is a multiple of five within that period. However, in order to carry out a more comprehensive monitoring of population growth in cities, all those reaching a population of 100,000 or more within the 1950-2011 period are considered, provided data on their population size is available from a census or population register. Furthermore, once a city has reached 100,000 inhabitants, its population size continues to be monitored even if it subsequently falls below that level, provided national statistical sources continue to report data on its population. For the *2011 Revision*, a total of 5,368 cities or urban agglomerations was considered (including 1,417 cities of less than 100,000 persons in 2011) as illustrated on figure XVII.

Figure XVII. Cities analysed by 2011 population class size

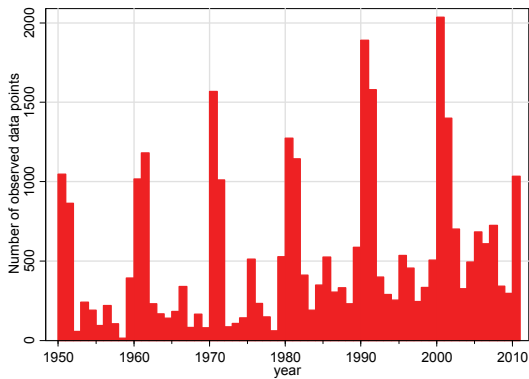


NOTE: The boundaries shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

City population data were analyzed for over 37,000 observations with on average 7 observations per country (with a standard deviation of 4 observations). As seen on figure XVIII, city population data are most often available in the years around the start of each decade defining a round of censuses.

Overall new data from the 2010 round of censuses were included for more than two-third of the cities or urban agglomerations, and for 3,455 (64 per cent) of them the most recent data available referred to 2005 and later (table 21).

Figure XVIII. Annual distribution of city populations



Because countries take population censuses at different times, the actual dates of observation vary from city to city, although they are usually identical for cities within a particular country. Consequently, just as with the estimates of the proportion urban, the first step in preparing estimates and projections of city populations consists in estimating the population size of all cities for the same dates in the past.

TABLE 21. DISTRIBUTION OF CITIES OR URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS ACCORDING TO MOST RECENT INFORMATION AVAILABLE

Date of most recent information	Number of cities or urban agglomerations	Percentage
Before 1990	45	0.8
1990-1994	73	1.4
1995-1999	101	1.9
2000-2004	1,694	31.6
2005-2009	1,812	33.8
2010 and later	1,643	30.6
TOTAL	5,368	100.0

To estimate the population of cities on 1 July of any year in the past, the procedure used is similar to that described above for the proportion urban. However, in this case instead of using the urban-rural growth difference, the interpolation or extrapolation is based on the difference between the growth rate of a city minus the growth rate of the population of the rest of the country. Specifically, if one considers the ratio of the city population at time t , C_t , to the population of the rest of the country, RES_t , that is

$$CRR_t = \frac{C_t}{RES_t} \quad (11)$$

where

$$RES_t = P_t - C_t \quad (12)$$

and P_t is the total population of the country at time t , then the growth rate of CRR between t and $t+n$, denoted by nrcr_t , is

$${}^nrcr_t = \frac{1}{n} \times [\ln(CRR_{t+n}) - \ln(CRR_t)] \quad (13)$$

which is equivalent to

$${}^nrcr_t = {}^nc_t - {}^nres_t \quad (14)$$

where nc_t is the growth rate of the city's population between t and $t+n$, and nres_t is the growth rate of the rest of the country's population between t and $t+n$. Then, the value of CRR for any time T within the period $(t, t+n)$ is given by:

$$CRR_T = CRR_t \times e^{({}^nrcr_t \times (T-t))} \quad (15)$$

The same equation can be applied to obtain extrapolated values of CRR when T is outside the intercensal period $(t, t+n)$ and that period is the closest to T . Then, because the ratio of a city's population to the total population of a country at time T , PC_T , is equivalent to:

$$PC_T = \frac{CRR_T}{1 + CRR_T} \quad (16)$$

The proportion PC_t can be calculated for time T and multiplied by an independent estimate of the country's population to obtain the population of the city at time T . Such independent estimate is obtained from the country-level estimates published in *World Population Prospects: The 2010 Revision* (United Nations, 2011).

D. THE PROJECTION OF CITY POPULATIONS

The method used for projecting city populations is similar to that used for urban populations. The city growth rate over the most recent intercensal period is modified over the projection period so that it approaches linearly an expected value that is based on the city population and on the growth rate of the urban population as a whole. First, if $(t, t+n)$ is the most recent intercensal period for a given country or, more specifically, the period between the two most recent sets of observed city populations, the city-urban growth difference, denoted by nrcu_t , is calculated as:

$${}^nrcu_t = {}^nC_t - {}^nU_t \quad (17)$$

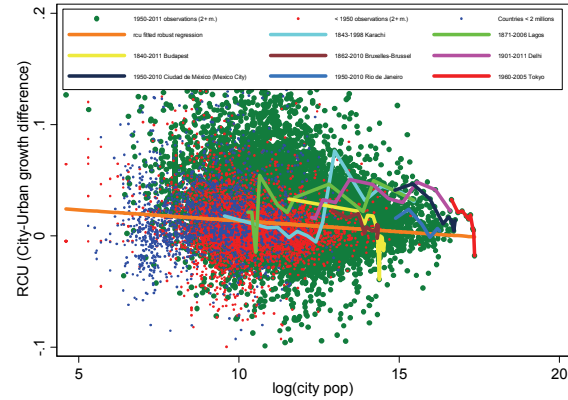
that is, it is the difference between the rate of population growth for the city and that for the total urban population. To project a city's population it is necessary to establish future values of nrcu using a model.

The model used to project nrcu was developed by regressing the observed values of nrcu for the most recent period for which data were available for each city on the logarithm of the city's population at the beginning of that period. The regression equation was fitted³ to the data relative to 5,271 cities located in the 230 countries or areas analysed (31,442 observations including 26,578 observations covering the period 1950-2011 and 4,864 observations for the period 1815-1949)

Figure XIX shows all the observations considered (in green dots those since 1950 and in red dots those before 1950 for countries or areas with at least 2 million inhabitants in 2011, and in blue dots for those from countries or areas with less than 2 million inhabitants in 2011) together with the fitted regression line in orange. The empirical experience of several cities through the last one or two centuries illustrate how nrcu has

changed over time with the growth of the population of these cities.

Figure XIX. Growth rate of the city-urban difference by city population (log) for all countries or areas: selected city trajectories and fitted robust regression model



Although the correlation between the city-urban growth difference and the logarithm of the initial population size of each city was a low 0.0313, taking account of the influence of population size on city growth dampens the growth of the largest cities in a manner that is realistic. The fitted model is the following:

$${}^nrcu_t = 0.033134 - 0.001957 \times \ln(C_t) \quad (18)$$

where C_t is the population of the city at time t . That is, as the population of the city increases, nrcu decreases. Equation (18) can be used recursively to calculate nrcu_t over the projection period. Thus, if the projection period starts at time T and the hypothetical growth rate of a city's population over the period $(T-n, T)$ is denoted by ${}^nhc_{T-n}$, it can be calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} {}^nhc_{T-n} &= {}^nU_{T-n} + {}^nrcu_{T-n} \\ &= {}^nU_{T-n} + 0.033134 - 0.001957 \times \ln(C_{T-n}) \end{aligned} \quad (19)$$

To deal with more specific constraints experienced by cities located in islands, enclaves and other small areas, regression equation (18) was also fitted⁴ on the subset of the data relative

3 Robust regression estimated using Stata/SE 11.2 for Windows (32-bit). 71 extreme outliers associated to exceptional historical events with ${}^nrcu > |0.25|$, and 9 observations referring to city population less than 100 inhabitants were excluded from this analysis. $R^2 = 0.0313$

4 Robust regression estimated using Stata/SE 11.2 for Windows (32-bit). 28 extreme outliers associated to exceptional historical events

to 233 cities located in the 84 countries or areas that had less than 2 million inhabitants in 2011 (1,602 observations including 1,319 observations covering the period 1950-2011 and 283 observations for the period 1815-1949).

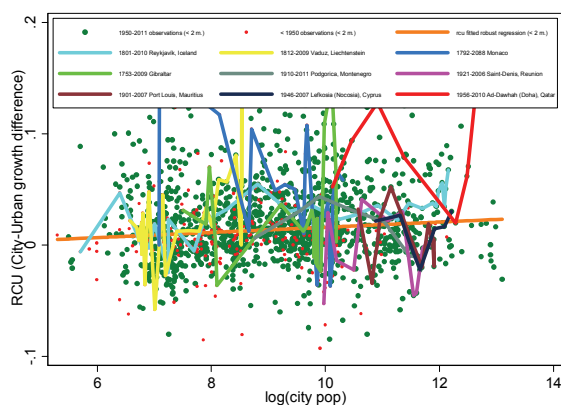
$${}_nrcu_t = -0.0073323 + 0.0023382 \times \ln(C_t) \quad (20)$$

where C_t is the population of the city at time t .

Regression (20) instead of (18) is used in equation (19) for cities located in countries or areas that had less than 2 million inhabitants in 2011.

Figure XX shows all the observations considered (in green dots those since 1950 and in red dots those before 1950 for countries or areas with less than 2 million inhabitants in 2011) together with the fitted regression line in orange. The empirical experience of several cities through the last one or two centuries illustrate how rcu has changed over time with the growth of the population of these cities.

Figure XX. Growth rate of the city-urban difference by city population (log) for countries or areas with less than 2 million inhabitants in 2011: selected city trajectories and fitted robust regression model



A city's growth is then projected according to equation (21) that, as in the approach for projecting the growth rates for the proportion urban (see equation (7)), uses weights to let the estimated growth rate converge to the hypothetical growth rate:

with $rcu > [0.25]$, and 4 observations referring to city population less than 100 inhabitants were excluded from this analysis. $R^2 = 0.0088$

$${}_n c_T = (W_t \times {}_n c_{T-n}) + ((1-W_t)_n \times hc_{T-n}) \quad (21)$$

The weights W_t are calculated as described in equation (8).

Projection calculations are carried out independently for each city within a country, but a further adjustment sometimes has to be made once the projected populations of all cities are available. If the aggregated projected values of the city populations of a country grow more rapidly than the total urban population of the country, a further dampening factor is imposed on the city growth rates. When this situation arises, the growth rate of each city is reduced by the following quantity:

$${}_n \delta_t = \frac{({}_n r_{TC_t} - {}_n u_t) \times TC_t}{U_t} \quad (22)$$

where TC_t is the aggregated population of cities whose populations are being projected at time t , U_t is the total urban population, ${}_n r_{TC_t}$ is the growth rate of the aggregated population of cities and ${}_n u_t$ is the growth rate of the urban population. That is, the projected growth rate of the city would be changed to:

$${}_n c_t^* = {}_n c_t - {}_n \delta_t \quad (23)$$

This reduction assures that the total population of cities will not exceed the total urban population, while maintaining the differences in the growth rates among cities.

Adjustments are also made to the projected growth rates of cities when the future city-urban growth difference (rcu) from equation (18) is less than zero, in such cases, rcu is set to zero. Similarly if the hypothetical growth rate for a city (equation 19) is less than or equal to zero, the hypothetical growth rate is also set to 0. However, this second constraint is not enforced when the urban population is declining and the city population is growing (e.g., case of some Eastern European countries).

In all cases, equation (21) is used to project the city growth rate. But in instances when both the urban population and the city population are declining, then only the projected city growth is used (i.e., ${}^n c_t^*$ with $W_t=1$). In addition, the projection using equation (21) starts from 2011 onward, except when the urban population and the city population are both growing, in those instances the projection starts from the last observed time point.

E. PRINCIPAL SYMBOLS USED

C_t Population of a particular city at time t
 ${}^n c_t$ Growth rate of a city's population between time t and t+n
 ${}^n c_t^*$ Projected growth rate of a city between time t and t+n (adjusted to insure consistency with total urban population)
 CRR_t City-rest of the country ratio at time t (Ratio of a city's population to the population of the rest of the country)
 d Duration of convergence period
 ${}^n hc_t$ Hypothetical growth rate of a city's population between time t and t+n
 ${}^n hrur_t$ Hypothetical growth rate of the urban-rural ratio (hypothetical urban-rural growth difference) between time t and t+n
 P_t Total population of a country at time t
 PC_t Proportion of a city's population to total population of the country at time t
 PU_t Percentage urban at time t
 R_t Rural population at time t
 ${}^n r_t$ Growth rate of the rural population between time t and t+n
 ${}^n rcr_t$ Growth rate of CRR between time t and t+n

${}^n rcu_t$ City-urban growth difference between time t and t+n
 RES_t Population of the rest of the country (total population minus a particular city) at time t
 ${}^n res_t$ Growth rate of the population of the rest of the country between time t and t+n (total population minus a particular city's population)
 ${}^n rtc_t$ Growth rate of the aggregated population of cities between time t and t+n
 ${}^n rur_t$ Growth rate of the urban-rural ratio (the urban-rural growth difference) between time t and t+n
 ${}^n rur_t^*$ Projected growth rate of the urban-rural ratio (urban-rural growth difference) between time t and t+n
 TC_t Aggregated population of cities at time t,
 U_t Urban population at time t
 ${}^n u_t$ Growth rate of the urban population between time t and t+n
 URR_t Urban-rural ratio at time t (ratio of the urban to the rural population)
 W_t Weight at time t
 ${}^n \delta_t$ Dampening factor for city growth rates between time t and t+n
 t Index for time point
 n Length of time period

General:

A subscript on the lower left means the length of an interval, here in years
A subscript on the lower right stands for time
Superscripts are used to assign additional attributes to a symbol.

IV. DATA SOURCES OF NATURAL DISASTER HOTSPOTS

For the first time, the *2011 Revision* of the *World Urbanization Prospects* includes geographical coordinates for all 633 cities with more than 750,000 inhabitants in 2011. This will allow researchers to link demographic trends in urban agglomerations to various spatial and environmental characteristics, such as proximity to coastal areas, earthquake faults, or climate zones. In an initial analysis the Population Division combined data from the *2011 Revision* of the *World Urbanization Prospects* with a spatial database on natural hazards jointly produced by the Center for Hazards and Risk Research (CHRR), the Center for International Earth Science Information Network (CIESIN), the International Research Institute for Climate Prediction (IRI), and the Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO) at Columbia University, and the Hazard Management Unit (HMU), Development Economics Research Group (DECRG) at the World Bank, (<http://www.ldeo.columbia.edu/chrr/research/hotspots/>). The natural hazards database includes information collected for six hazards: cyclones (for the period between 1980 and 2000), floods (between 1985 and 2003), droughts (between 1980 and 2000), earthquakes (between 1976 and 2002), landslides, and volcano eruptions (between 79 and 2000). Data are published with spatial resolutions of a 30 by 30 arc *second* grid (about 1 km at the equator) for cyclones and landslide, a 2.5 by 2.5 arc *minute* grid (about 4.6 km at the equator) for volcanoes and earthquakes, a 1 by 1 arc *degree* grid (about 110 km at the equator) for floods, and a 2.5 by 2.5 arc *degree* grid (about 280 km at the equator) for droughts (Dilley et al., 2005: 29).

To facilitate readers to have a quick understanding about the spatial database on natural disasters, we provide a brief introduction below. More details can be found in at the website aforementioned and the report entitled *Natural Disaster Hotspot: A Global Risk Analysis* (Dilley et al., 2005).

Data for cyclones in the natural hazards database that are assembled and modeled at

UNEP/GRID-Geneva PreView include more than 1,600 storm tracks in Atlantic, Pacific, and Indian Oceans covering the period from 1 January 1980 to 31 December 2000 with some missing data parts of the Indian and Pacific Oceans in the 1980s. To assess to the levels of exposure for the grid cells, the wind speeds around the storm tracks are modeled using the Holland's model and the different wind speed buffers are translated into six categories using the Saffir-Simpson Hurricane scale (Dilley et al., 2005: 27, 119).

Flood extent data are based on extreme flood events compiled from diverse sources and georeferenced to the nearest degree for the period of 1985-2003 from Dartmouth Flood Observatory. Data for floods are less reliable or missing in the early-mid 1990s (Dilley et al., 2005:29).

Drought extent data are based on the International Research Institute for Climate Prediction's (IRI) Weighted Anomaly of Standardized Precipitation (WASP). A drought event is counted when a grid cell (about 280 km by 280 km) has a monthly precipitant below 50 per cent of its median values of the 21-year period (1980-2000) for at least three consecutive months (Dilley et al., 2005:29).

Data on earthquakes consist of two sets: the Global Seismic Hazard Program (GSHAP) data and actual earthquake events greater than 4.5 on the Richter scale covering the period of 1976-2000 from Advanced National Seismic System. The GSHAP dataset is sampled at 1' intervals, with a criterion for shaking amplitude of a minimum peak ground acceleration (PGA) of 2 meters per square second (m/s^2), for which there is a 10 percent chance of exceedance in the next 50 years (Dilley et al., 2005:27, 29-30). The PGA data are applied when we link the earthquake hazard with the *2011 Revision* of the *World Urbanization Prospect*.

The landslide and snow avalanche hazards dataset are from the Norwegian Geotechnical Institute (NGI) that include slope, soil, soil moisture conditions, precipitation, seismicity, and

temperature with incorporated data from Shuttle Radar Topography Mission (SRTM) elevation data at 30 seconds resolution (Dilley et al., 2005:29).

Data for volcanoes are from the Worldwide Volcano Database developed by Global and Regional Integrated Data-Geneva, United Nations Environment Programme, including 4,000 volcanic activities over nearly two thousand years from 79 to 2000 (Dilley et al., 2005:29).

Gridded cells that had a population density less than 5 persons per square kilometer and without significant agriculture are excluded in the natural hazards database for all six hazards. For each single hazard, all grid cells with data on frequencies of occurrences and scales are divided into deciles, 10 classes consisting of approximately equal numbers of grid cells. The higher the value of the grid cell, the higher the decile ranking and the greater the frequency or the scale of the hazard relative to other cells (Dilley et al., 2005: 23-34).

In this spatial database an area is classified to be at a “relatively high risk” of a particular natural disaster if it is located in grid cells ranking in the top three deciles of the global risk distribution in terms of frequency of occurrences and scales of one or more specified natural hazards. An area is classified to be at a medium level of risk if it is located in grid cells ranking from the 5th to the 7th decile and at a low level of risk if it is located in grid cells ranking from the 1st to the 4th decile (Dilley et al., 2005: 33).

A multi-hazard index is included in the database, which sums cell values between 8 and 10 (i.e., values for the top three deciles) for each cell across all six natural hazards to reflect the number of hazards considered relatively significant in a particular grid cell (Dilley et al., 2005:47). The construction of the multi-hazards index takes into account the fact that some areas may be subject to a variety of natural hazards and associated moderate-to-high levels of risk loss and that the hazards themselves may be largely independent of each other in some cases (Dilley et al., 2005: 24).

Since the location of cities in the *World Urbanization Prospects* is specified by point coordinates, a buffer tool in ArcGIS 10.0 (ESRI, 2011) is employed to create buffer polygons with 2 km and 5 km distance from the point data, respectively, to approximately reflect their actual locations as accurate as possible. In classifying the degree of risk exposure of a city to hotspots of a specific hazard, the highest cell value of grids is used when the city’s buffer zones overlap with surrounding grid cells of that particular hazard.

The geographic data (in shapefiles) for coastal areas and types of drylands were from the Millennium Ecosystem Assessment (MA). The coastal areas were defined as areas between 50 meters below mean sea level and 50 meters above the high tide level or extending landward to a distance of 100 kilometers from shore, including coral reefs, intertidal zones, estuaries, coastal aquaculture, and seagrass communities (MA, 2003: 54). Drylands are defined as lands where annual precipitation is less than two thirds of potential evaporation, from dry subhumid areas (ratio ranges 0.50–0.65), through semiarid, arid, and hyper-arid (ratio <0.05) areas, but excluding polar areas; drylands include cultivated lands, scrublands, shrublands, grasslands, semi-deserts, and true deserts (MA, 2003:55).

Notice that it is likely inadequate to assess absolute risk levels and for detailed comparisons of risk levels across hazards (Dilley et al., 2005:26). This is because patterns of occurrence of disasters (e.g., floods, earthquakes, and volcanoes) are different in terms of spatial distributions, temporal recurrence, and event characteristics and because the time period is limited for most hazards analyzed, and the quality of data, especially in developing countries where data are less likely to be complete (Dilley et al., 2005:33-34). Also keep mind that because of relatively low spatial resolutions for flood extent data (about 110 km by 110 km at the equator) and droughts (about 280 km by 280 km at the equator), the data for floods and droughts may refer to a region or an area, not necessarily to a city.

V. SOURCES OF DATA ON URBAN AND CITY POPULATION

This chapter contains information on the sources of data used in estimating and projecting the population of urban areas and urban agglomerations. Section A presents the sources of data and the definitions underlying the data on urban populations. The definitions presented are generally those used by national statistical offices in carrying out the latest available census. When the definition used in the latest census was not the same as in previous censuses, the data were adjusted whenever possible so as to maintain consistency. In cases where adjustments were made in such a way as to ensure consistency with the definition used in previous censuses, that information is included in the sources listed below. United Nations estimates and projections are based, to the extent possible, on actual enumerations. In some cases, however, it was desirable to incorporate official or other estimates of urban population size as part of the input for the estimation of trends. The sources below indicate when that was done.

Section B presents sources of data and the statistical concepts underlying the data used in estimating and projecting the populations of urban agglomerations and capital cities. The term “Urban agglomeration” refers to the population contained within the contours of a contiguous territory inhabited at urban density levels without regard to administrative boundaries. It usually incorporates the population in a city or town plus that in the suburban areas lying outside the city proper but being adjacent to the city boundaries. Whenever possible, data classified according to the concept of urban agglomeration are used. However, some countries do not produce data according to that concept but use instead that of metropolitan area or City proper. If possible, such data are adjusted to conform to the concept of urban agglomeration. When sufficient information is not available to permit such an adjustment, data based on the concept of City proper or metropolitan area are used. The sources listed in section B indicate whether data were adjusted to conform to the concept of urban agglomeration or whether a different concept was used.

A. SOURCES OF DATA ON THE URBAN POPULATION

Afghanistan

Sources of data: Census of 1979; Estimates for 1950, 1966, 1971, 1988 and 2010.

Definition: Sixty-six localities and provincial centers.

Albania

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1969, 1979, 1989, 2001 and 2011; Estimate for 1991.

Definition: Towns and other industrial centres with more than 400 inhabitants.

Algeria

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1960, 1966, 1977, 1987, 1998 and 2008.

Definition: All communes having as *chef-lieu* a city, a rural town or an urban agglomeration.

American Samoa

Sources of data: Census of 2000; UN Estimates for 1970, 1980 and 1990.

Definition: Urban areas, defined in the 2000 census as densely settled territory that meets minimum population density requirements and encompasses a population of at least 2,500. The proportion urban for earlier years was adjusted for consistency with the new definition.

Andorra

Sources of data: Estimates for 1985, 1990, 2000, 2004 and 2010; UN Estimates for 1950 and 1960.

Definition: Parishes of Andorra la Vella, Escaldes-Engordany, Saint Julia, Encamp and La Massana.

Angola

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960 and 1970; Estimate for 1994; UN Estimate for 2003.

Definition: Localities with a population of 2,000 or more.

Anguilla

Sources of data: UN Estimates for 1960, 1974, 1984, 1992 and 2001.

Definition: In the absence of more detailed information the entire population is considered urban.

Antigua and Barbuda

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: St. John's (capital).

Argentina

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Population centres with 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Armenia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2001; Estimates for 1974 and 2008.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to the criteria of number of inhabitants and predominance of agricultural or non-agricultural workers and their families.

Aruba

Sources of data: Censuses of 1991, 2000 and 2000; Estimate for 1965; UN Estimate for 2005.

Definition: Oranjestad (capital) and Sant Nicolas.

Australia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1961, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996 and 2001.

Definition: All urban centres with 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Austria

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001; Estimate for 2007.

Definition: Based on the concept of a functional and structural urban area (*Stadtregion*)

consisting of an urban core area (*Kernzone*) and surrounding urban areas. (*Außenzone*). The surrounding urban areas is defined as an area in which at least 30 percent of working adults commute daily into the corresponding core area.

Azerbaijan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009; Estimates for 1974 and 1984.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to the criteria of number of inhabitants and predominance of agricultural or non-agricultural workers and their families.

Bahamas

Sources of data: Censuses of 1963, 1980, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 1953.

Definition: For the 1980, 1990 and 2000 census counts, sum of the cities.

Bahrain

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1965, 1991 and 2001; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Communes or villages with 2,500 inhabitants or more. For consistency purposes, the 1971 and 1981 census estimates were excluded.

Bangladesh

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1974, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Places having a municipality (*pourashava*), a town (*shahar*) committee or a cantonment board. In general, urban areas are a concentration of at least 5,000 persons in a continuous collection of houses where the community sense is well developed and the community maintains public utilities, such as roads, street lighting, water supply, sanitary arrangements, etc. These places are generally centres of trade and commerce where the labour force is mostly non-agricultural and literacy levels are high. An area that has urban characteristics but has fewer than 5,000 inhabitants may, in special cases, be considered urban.

Barbados

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Definition: Bridgetown (capital).

Belarus

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009; Estimates for 1964, 1974 and 1984.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such (cities and towns, semiurban centers, industrial communities and health resort communities).

Belgium

Sources of data: Census of 1981; Estimate for 1976; UN Estimates for 1961, 2000 and 2010.

Definition: Cities, urban agglomerations and urban communes following the 1977 administrative reclassification (UN estimates are based on communes with 5,000 inhabitants or more).

Belize

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 2000 and 2010.

Definition: Not available.

Benin

Sources of data: Censuses of 1992 and 2002; Estimates for 1979 and 2011; Sample Survey of 1961.

Definition: Localities with 10,000 inhabitants or more.

Bermuda

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2000.

Definition: Entire population.

Bhutan

Sources of data: Census of 2005; Estimates for 1950 and 2011.

Definition: The urban-rural definition used in the 2005 census follows the classification of the Department of Urban Development and Engineering Services (DUDES). An area to be declared as 'urban' (Thromde) the following criteria (up to 75% implying 4 out of the 5 outlined) should be met: a) A minimum population of 1,500 people; b) A population density of 1,000 persons or more per square kilometer; c) More than fifty percent of the population should depend on non primary activities; d) The area of the urban center should not be less than 1.5 square kilometers; and e) Potential for future growth of the urban center

particularly in terms of its revenue base. As of 2005, there are 28 declared urban centres and 26 satellite towns.

Bolivia (Plurinational State of)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1976, 1992 and 2001; Estimate for 1995.

Definition: Localities with 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981 and 1991.

Definition: Not available.

Botswana

Sources of data: Censuses of 1964, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Agglomerations of 5,000 inhabitants or more where 75 per cent of the economic activity is non-agricultural.

Brazil

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1996, 2000 and 2010.

Definition: Urban and suburban zones of administrative centres of *municipios* and districts.

British Virgin Islands

Sources of data: UN Estimates for 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2000.

Definition: Road Town.

Brunei Darussalam

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Municipalities and areas having urban socio-economic characteristics.

Bulgaria

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1965, 1975, 1985, 1992, 2001 and 2011; Estimates for 1960, 1970, 1980, 2003 and 2007.

Definition: Towns, that is, localities legally established as urban.

Burkina Faso

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1975, 1985, 1996 and 2006.

Definition: Localities with 10,000 inhabitants or more and with sufficient socio-economic and administrative infrastructures.

Burundi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1965, 1970, 1979, 1990 and 2008; Estimate for 1998.

Definition: Commune of Bujumbura.

Cambodia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1980, 1998 and 2008; Estimates for 1950 and 1966; UN Estimates for 1970, 1975, 1975 and 1979.

Definition: Up to 1998 census: the designation of places as urban was based only on administrative criteria (e.g., municipalities of Phnom Penh, Bokor and Kep and 13 additional urban centres). Since 2005: every commune that meets at least one of the following criteria: (a) population density exceeding 200 per km, (b) percentage of male employment in agriculture below 50 percent, or (c) total population of the commune exceeding 2,000. To improve time trend comparability, the proportion urban for the 1998 census was recalculated based on the revised classification of urban areas adopted in the 2008 census.

Cameroon

Sources of data: Censuses of 1976, 1987 and 2005; Estimates for 1959 and 1970.

Definition: Administrative centres of territorial units (district, sub-division, division or province) or/and any locality with more than 5,000 inhabitants and with sufficient socio-economic and administrative infrastructures.

Canada

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006.

Definition: Areas with at least 1,000 inhabitants and a population density of at least 400 persons per square kilometre (as of 1981; the definition of "urban" has changed slightly between 1951 and 1981).

Cape Verde

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1985; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: As of 1990, municipalities of Praia, Mindelo, Sao Filipe and Espargos/Sal.

Cayman Islands

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 1999; Sample Survey of 2007.

Definition: Entire population.

Central African Republic

Sources of data: Censuses of 1975, 1988 and 2003; Estimates for 1960, 1963, 1967 and 1968.

Definition: Twenty principal centres with a population of over 3,000 inhabitants each.

Chad

Sources of data: Censuses of 1993 and 2009; Estimates for 1972 and 1978; Sample Survey of 1964; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Administrative centres of *prefectures*, *sous-prefectures* and administrative posts.

Channel Islands

Sources of data: Censuses of 1971, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996 and 2001.

Definition: Civil Parish of St. Peter Port, Guernsey; Civil Parish of St. Helier, Jersey.

Chile

Sources of data: Censuses of 1952, 1960, 1970, 1982, 1992 and 2002; Estimates for 1997 and 1998.

Definition: Populated centres with definite urban characteristics, such as certain public and municipal services.

China

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimates for 1965, 1970, 1972, 1975, 1977 and 2005.

Definition: Up to 1982: total population of cities and towns. Cities had to have a population of at least 100,000 or command special administrative, strategic, or economic importance to qualify as cities. Towns were either settlements with more than 3,000 inhabitants of whom more than 70 per cent were registered as non-agricultural or settlements with a population ranging from 2,500 to 3,000 inhabitants of whom more than 85 per cent were registered as non-agricultural. For the 1990 census, the urban population included: (1) all residents of urban districts in provincial and prefectural-level cities; (2) resident population of "streets" (jiedao) in

county-level cities; (3) population of all residents' committees in towns. For the 2000 census, the urban population was composed of population in City Districts with an average population density of at least 1,500 persons per square kilometer, other population in suburban-district units and township-level units meeting criteria such as "contiguous built-up area," being the location of the local government, or being a Street or having a Resident Committee. For the 2010 census, urban population included all urban residents meeting the criterion defined by the National Bureau of Statistics of China in 2008, i.e., the criterion used in the 2000 census plus residents living in villages or towns in outer urban and suburban areas that are directly connected to municipal infrastructure, and that receive public services from urban municipalities.

China, Hong Kong SAR

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Hong Kong Island, New Kowloon and new towns in New Territories.

China, Macao SAR

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 2001 and 2006; UN Estimates for 1981 and 1995.

Definition: Prior to 2001, the city of Macao comprised of the population of the country, except for the population of Coloane, Taipa, Co-Thai and the maritime population. After 2001, the entire population of Macao was considered to be urban.

Colombia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1964, 1973, 1985, 1993 and 2005.

Definition: Population living in a nucleus of 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Comoros

Sources of data: Censuses of 1966, 1980, 1991 and 2003; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Administrative centres of *prefectures* and localities with 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Congo

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1974, 1984 and 1996; Estimate for 2007.

Definition: As of 1984, six communes (Brazzaville, Pointe-Noire, Dolisie/Loubomo, Nkayi, Ouessou and Mossendjo).

Cook Islands

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006 and 2011.

Definition: Island of Rarotonga.

Costa Rica

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1963, 1973, 1984 and 2000; Estimate for 1996.

Definition: Administrative centres of cantons, including adjacent areas with clear urban characteristics such as streets, urban services and electricity.

Côte d'Ivoire

Sources of data: Censuses of 1958, 1975, 1988 and 1998; Estimates for 2006 and 2009; Sample Survey of 1965 and 1978.

Definition: Urban agglomerations containing more than 10,000 inhabitants; agglomerations with populations ranging from 4,000 to 10,000 persons with more than 50 per cent of the households engaged in non-agricultural activities; and the administrative centres of Grand Lahoun and Dabakala. Excludes the *milieu urbain* of Bouna, which has a population of 11,000 persons.

Croatia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Not available.

Cuba

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1970, 1981 and 2002; Estimates for 1990, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006 and 2007.

Definition: Places with 2,000 inhabitants or more, and places with fewer inhabitants but with paved streets, street lighting, piped water, sewage, a medical centre and educational facilities.

Cyprus

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1960, 1973, 1982, 1992 and 2001; Estimate for 2007.

Definition: Six district towns and the suburbs of Nicosia and Larnaka.

Czech Republic

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2001; Estimate for 2010.

Definition: Municipalities with 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Dem. People's Republic of Korea

Sources of data: Censuses of 1993 and 2008; Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1967, 1970, 1975 and 1980.

Definition: Not available.

Democratic Republic of the Congo

Sources of data: Census of 1984; Estimates for 1950, 1960 and 1970.

Definition: Places with 2,000 inhabitants or more where the predominant economic activity is non-agricultural; and places with fewer inhabitants which are considered urban because of their type of economic activity (predominantly non-agricultural).

Denmark

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1965 and 1970; Estimates for 1990, 2000, 2001, 2003 and 2004; Registers of 1976, 1981, 2006, 2009 and 2011.

Definition: Localities with 200 inhabitants or more.

Djibouti

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1983 and 2009; Estimates for 1956 and 1989; Sample Survey of 1991.

Definition: For 1956 and 1960: Djibouti (capital). For 1983: the urban population of the districts of Djibouti, Ali-Sabieh, Dikhil, Tadjourah and Obock. For 1991: the following 9 towns: Djibouti (capital), Dikhil, Ali-Sabieh, Tadjourah, Obock, Arta, Damerjog, Yoboki and Randa. Nomads are included in the rural population. For 1998: localities of 1,500 inhabitants or more.

Dominica

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Cities and villages with 500 inhabitants or more (as of 1970).

Dominican Republic

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1993 and 2002.

Definition: Administrative centres of comunas and municipal districts.

Ecuador

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1962, 1974, 1982, 1990 and 2001; Estimate for 2004.

Definition: Capitals of provinces and cantons.

Egypt

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2006.

Definition: Governorates of Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Al-Iskandariyah (Alexandria), Bur Sa'id (Port Said), Al-Isma'iliyah (Ismailia) and As-Suways (Suez); frontier governorates; and capitals of other governorates as well as district capitals (markaz).

El Salvador

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1971, 1992 and 2007; Estimate for 1998.

Definition: Administrative centres of *municipios*.

Equatorial Guinea

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1983, 1994 and 2001.

Definition: District centres and localities with 300 dwellings or more or with 1,500 inhabitants or more.

Eritrea

Sources of data: Census of 1984; Estimate for 1990; UN Estimates for 1950 and 1967.

Definition: Localities with 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Estonia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2000; Estimates for 1994 and 2009.

Definition: Population of officially designated urban settlements including cities, cities without municipal status and towns.

Ethiopia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1984, 1994 and 2007; Estimates for 1950 and 1967.

Definition: Localities with 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Faeroe Islands

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1966, 1970 and 1977; Estimates for 1989, 1990, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999 and 2002; UN Estimates for 2005 and 2010.

Definition: Torshavn (capital).

Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1972, 1980, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006; Estimates for 1953 and 1962.

Definition: Town of Stanley.

Fiji

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2007.

Definition: Places with 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Finland

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970 and 1980; Registers of 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2009; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Urban communes.

France

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1962, 1968, 1975, 1982, 1990, 1999 and 2006.

Definition: Communes with 2,000 inhabitants or more living in houses separated by at most 200 meters; or communes in which the majority of the population is part of a multi-communal agglomeration as defined above.

French Guiana

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1961, 1967, 1982, 1990 and 1999.

Definition: Not available.

French Polynesia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1971, 1983, 1988, 1996, 2002 and 2007; Estimate for 1977; UN Estimate for 1956.

Definition: Places with 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Gabon

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961 and 1993; Estimates for 1950, 1970, 1981 and 1987.

Definition: As of 1993 census, towns with 3,000 inhabitants or more.

Gambia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1963, 1973, 1983 and 1993.

Definition: No official definition. In the present publication, settlements with 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Georgia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2002; Estimates for 2006 and 2009.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to criteria regarding the number of inhabitants and the predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

Germany

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961 and 1987; Estimates for 1970, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005.

Definition: Communes (kreisfreie Staedte and Kreise) with population density equal or greater than 150 inhabitants per square kilometre.

Ghana

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1984 and 2000.

Definition: Localities with 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Gibraltar

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Entire population.

Greece

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Municipalities and communes in the largest population centre with 10,000 inhabitants or more, plus 18 urban agglomerations as defined in the 1991 census: Greater Athens (Athínai), Thessaloniki, Pátrai, Iraklion, Vólos, Chania, Irannina, Chalkida, Agrino, Kalamata, Katerini, Kerkyra, Salamina, Chios, Egio, Rethymno, Ermoúpolis and Spárti.

Greenland

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1965, 1970 and 1976; Estimates for 1992, 1993, 1996 and 2000; Registers of 2005 and 2011; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Localities with 200 inhabitants or more.

Grenada

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Parishes of St. George's Town (capital) and St. George.

Guadeloupe

Sources of data: UN Estimates for 1954, 1961, 1967, 1974, 1982, 1990, 1999 and 2006.

Definition: Localities with 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Guam

Sources of data: Census of 2000; Estimate for 2004; UN Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980 and 1990.

Definition: Urban areas, defined in the 2000 census as densely settled territory that meets minimum population density requirements and encompasses a population of at least 2,500 persons. The proportion urban for earlier years was adjusted for consistency with the new definition.

Guatemala

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1964, 1973, 1981 and 2002.

Definition: The *municipio* of Guatemala Department and officially recognized centres of other departments and municipalities. The urban population for 1981 is officially adjusted to include the urbanized suburbs bordering the *municipio* of Guatemala in a way consistent with the previous census.

Guinea

Sources of data: Censuses of 1955, 1983 and 1996.

Definition: As of 1983, administrative centres of *prefectures*.

Guinea-Bissau

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1979 and 1991; Estimate for 2006.

Definition: As of 1991, capitals of regions or sectors and localities with 1,500 inhabitants or more.

Guyana

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980 and 2002.

Definition: City of Georgetown (capital), and four other towns.

Haiti

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1971, 1982 and 2003; Estimates for 1992, 1996, 1999 and 2000.

Definition: Administrative centres of communes.

Holy See

Sources of data: Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimates for 1965, 1975, 1985 and 1995.

Definition: The entire population is considered urban.

Honduras

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1974, 1988 and 2001; Estimates for 2003 and 2004; UN Estimates for 2006 and 2007.

Definition: Populated centres with 2,000 inhabitants or more that also meet the following criteria: piped water service; communication by land (road or train) or regular air or maritime service; complete primary school (6 grades); postal service or telegraph; and at least one of the following: electrical light, sewer system, or a health centre.

Hungary

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2001; Estimates for 2005 and 2009.

Definition: Budapest and all legally designated towns.

Iceland

Sources of data: Census of 1950; Estimates for 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 1998 and 2010.

Definition: Localities with 200 inhabitants or more.

India

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Definition: The definition of urban area adopted is as follows: (a) All statutory places with a municipality, corporation, cantonment board or notified town area committee, etc. (b) A place satisfying the following three criteria simultaneously: i) a minimum population of 5,000; ii) at least 75 per cent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuits; and iii) a density of population of at least 400 per sq. km. (1,000 per sq. mile).

Indonesia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimates for 1950 and 1997; Sample Survey of 1995.

Definition: Municipalities (*kotamadya*), regency capitals (*kabupaten*) and other places with urban characteristics.

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1991, 1996 and 2006; Estimate for 2011.

Definition: Every district with a municipality. In censuses before 1986, all county centres (*shahrestan*) regardless of size and places with a population of 5,000 persons and more.

Iraq

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1965, 1977, 1987 and 1997; Estimates for 2003 and 2009.

Definition: Area within the boundaries of municipality councils (*Al-Majlis Al-Baldei*).

Ireland

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2002 and 2006.

Definition: Persons living in population clusters of 1,500 or more inhabitants (aggregate town areas, including suburbs).

Isle of Man

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1996, 2001 and 2006; UN Estimates for 1981, 1986 and 1991.

Definition: Towns of Castletown, Douglas, Peel and Ramsey.

Israel

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1972, 1983, 1995 and 2008; Estimates for 1953 and 1955.

Definition: All settlements with more than 2,000 inhabitants except those where at least one third of the households participating in the civilian labour force earn their living from agriculture.

Italy

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Communes with 10,000 inhabitants or more.

Jamaica

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1982, 1991 and 2001; Estimate for 2008.

Definition: Kingston metropolitan area and selected main towns.

Japan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005 and 2010.

Definition: Total of cities. The Definition of city Shi : In general, municipality which satisfy the following conditions (1) 50,000 or more inhabitants (2) 60 percent or more of the houses located in the main built-up areas (3) 60 percent or more of the population (including their dependents) engaged in manufacturing, trade or other urban type of business The definition of urban of previous revisions was based on DID (Densely Inhabited District).

Jordan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1952, 1961, 1979 and 1994; Estimates for 1967, 1989 and 2010; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Localities with 5,000 inhabitants or more as well as the district and sub-district centres of each governorate irrespective of population size.

Kazakhstan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009; Estimates for 1964, 1974, 1984 and 1994.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to

criteria based on the number of inhabitants and the predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

Kenya

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1969, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009.

Definition: Municipalities, town councils, and other urban centres with 2,000 inhabitants or more. Due to substantial changes in the 1999 census delineations of urban areas, only the population for the “urban core” is considered to ensure consistency with previous censuses.

Kiribati

Sources of data: Censuses of 1968, 1973, 1978, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: The island of South Tarawa.

Kuwait

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985 and 1995; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: For 1970 and 1975: Capital Governorate and localities of 10,000 inhabitants or more; from 1980 onward: the urban agglomeration of Al-Kuwayt and localities of 10,000 inhabitants or more.

Kyrgyzstan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to criteria based on the number of inhabitants and predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

Lao People's Democratic Republic

Sources of data: Censuses of 1958, 1966, 1973, 1985, 1995 and 2005.

Definition: Urban villages were defined in the 2005 census as areas within municipal vicinity with the center of that municipality having more than 600 residents or more than 100 households. Further, the areas have to have certain urban characteristics (roads, electricity, market function, tap water supply).

Latvia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2000; Estimates for 1981, 1986, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006 and 2009.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to criteria based on the number of inhabitants and predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

Lebanon

Sources of data: Estimate for 1988; Sample Survey of 1970; UN Estimates for 1950, 1958, 1998 and 2000.

Definition: Localities with 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Lesotho

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2006; Estimate for 1972; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: District headquarters and other settlements with rapid population growth and with facilities that tend to encourage people to engage in non-agricultural economic activities.

Liberia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1974, 1984 and 2008.

Definition: Localities with 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Libya

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1973, 1984 and 1995; Estimate for 1964.

Definition: Municipalities of Tarabulus and Bangazi and urban parts of other municipalities.

Liechtenstein

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1970, 1980 and 1990; Estimates for 1995, 2000 and 2010.

Definition: No official definition. In the present publication, Vaduz municipality.

Lithuania

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2001; Estimates for 1950, 2005 and 2009.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, according to criteria based on the number of inhabitants and the predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

Luxembourg

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1981 and 1991; Estimates for 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2003 and 2009.

Definition: Communes with 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Madagascar

Sources of data: Censuses of 1975 and 1993; Estimates for 1950, 1970, 2004 and 2008; Sample Survey of 1966.

Definition: Centres with 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Malawi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1966, 1977, 1987, 1998 and 2008; Estimate for 1956.

Definition: All townships, town planning areas and district centres.

Malaysia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1991 and 2000; Estimates for 1970 and 1980.

Definition: Gazetted areas with their adjoining built-up areas and with a combined population of 10,000 persons or more. Built-up areas were areas contiguous to a gazetted area and had at least 60 per cent of their population (aged 10 years and over) engaged in non-agricultural activities. Areas had also modern toilet facilities in their housing units.

Maldives

Sources of data: Censuses of 1965, 1967, 1970, 1977, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2006.

Definition: The capital of Male and other small settlements.

Mali

Sources of data: Censuses of 1976, 1987, 1998 and 2009; Estimate for 1960.

Definition: Up to 1987 census, localities with 5,000 inhabitants or more and district centres. Due to several historical changes in definition of urban areas, urban is defined in this publication as

localities with 30,000 inhabitants or more in 1998 census, and with 40,000 inhabitants or more in 2009 census.

Malta

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1967, 1985, 1995 and 2005.

Definition: No official definition available. In the present publication, localities with 2,500 inhabitants or more.

Marshall Islands

Sources of data: Censuses of 1973, 1980, 1988 and 1999; UN Estimates for 1958 and 1967.

Definition: The entire population of Majuro Atoll and the town of Ebeye Island on Kwajalein Atoll.

Martinique

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1961, 1982, 1999 and 2006; Estimate for 1967.

Definition: For the census in 1990 and 1999, total population of the Commune of Fort-de-France plus the agglomerations of other communes with 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Mauritania

Sources of data: Censuses of 1964, 1977, 1988 and 2000.

Definition: Localities with 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Mauritius

Sources of data: Censuses of 1952, 1962, 1972, 1983, 1990 and 2000; Estimates for 2003 and 2007.

Definition: Towns with proclaimed legal limits.

Mayotte

Sources of data: Censuses of 1991, 2002 and 2007; UN Estimates for 1950, 1966 and 1980.

Definition: No official definition available. In the present publication, localities with 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Mexico

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005 and 2010.

Definition: Localities with 2,500 inhabitants or more.

Micronesia (Fed. States of)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1973, 1980, 1994 and 2000; UN Estimates for 1950 and 2005.

Definition: Localities with 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Monaco

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1962, 1968, 1975, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2008.

Definition: Monaco (capital).

Mongolia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1963, 1969, 1979, 1989, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Capital city and district centres.

Montenegro

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1991, 2003 and 2011.

Definition: Not available

Montserrat

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980 and 1991; UN Estimates for 1950, 1955, 1997, 1997, 2001 and 2004.

Definition: Brades Estate/Plymouth (capital). Due to volcanic activity, Plymouth was abandoned in 1997. The government premises have been established at Brades Estate, in the Carr's Bay/Little Bay vicinity at the northwest end of Montserrat.

Morocco

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1971, 1982, 1994 and 2004; Estimate for 1952.

Definition: Respectively 250 and 370 localities in the 1982 and 1994 censuses.

Mozambique

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1997 and 2007.

Definition: From 1950 to 1970: *Conselho* of Maputo and Beira; in the 1980 census: 12 cities (Maputo, nine provincial capitals and the cities of Nacala-Porto and Chokwe); in the 1997 census: 23 cities and 68 towns (*vilas*).

Myanmar

Sources of data: Censuses of 1973 and 1983; Estimate for 1953; Sample Survey of 1957.

Definition: Not available.

Namibia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1991 and 2001; UN Estimates for 1951, 1960, 1970 and 1981.

Definition: The district headquarters and other settlements of rapid population growth with facilities that encourage people to engage in non-agricultural activities.

Nauru

Sources of data: Censuses of 1977, 1983, 1992 and 2002.

Definition: Entire population.

Nepal

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Definition: For 1961 census: Localities with 5,000 inhabitants or more (*panchayats*); For later census counts: localities with 9,000 or more inhabitants. Criteria of population size, density, contiguity and occupational structure of population have changed over time and a complex set of rules varying by ecological zones and based on annual revenue, population size and infrastructure is used since 1999.

Netherlands

Sources of data: UN Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Definition: Due to several historical changes in definition of urban areas, urban is defined in this publication as municipalities with 20,000 inhabitants or more.

Netherlands Antilles

Sources of data: Censuses of 1992 and 2001; UN Estimates for 1950 and 1960.

Definition: Population of the urban agglomerations of Willemstad, Philipsburg and Kralendijk.

New Caledonia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1969, 1976, 1983, 1989 and 2004; Estimates for 1996 and 2008.

Definition: Nouméa and communes of Païta, Nouvel Dumbéa and Mont-Dore.

New Zealand

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996

and 2001; Estimates for 2002, 2003 and 2008; UN Estimate for 2001.

Definition: All cities plus boroughs, town districts, townships and country towns with a population of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Nicaragua

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1963, 1971, 1995 and 2005.

Definition: Localities with more than 1000 inhabitants that show some urban characteristics, such as electricity, industrial and commercial centers.

Niger

Sources of data: Censuses of 1977, 1988 and 2001; Estimates for 1956, 1962 and 1966.

Definition: Urban centres, defined as localities serving as administrative headquarters for departments and “arrondissements” as well as all those with an administrative headquarter with 2,500 inhabitants or more.

Nigeria

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963 and 1991.

Definition: Towns with 20,000 inhabitants or more whose occupations are not mainly agrarian.

Niue

Sources of data: Censuses of 1966, 1971, 1986, 1991, 1997, 2001 and 2006; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Alofi (capital).

Northern Mariana Islands

Sources of data: Census of 2000; UN Estimates for 1950, 1958, 1967, 1973, 1980, 1990 and 1995.

Definition: Saipan Island for 1980 and later.

Norway

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980 and 1990; Estimates for 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2002, 2003 and 2004; Registers of 2005, 2007 and 2011.

Definition: Localities with 2000 inhabitants or more.

Occupied Palestinian Territory

Sources of data: Censuses of 1997 and 2007; Estimates for 1950, 1961, 1975 and 1997.

Definition: Any locality whose population amounts to 10,000 persons or more; all governorate and district centres regardless of their size; and localities whose populations vary from 4,000 to 9,999 persons provided they have at least four of the following elements: public electricity network, public water network, post office, health centre with a full-time physician and a school offering a general secondary education certificate.

Oman

Sources of data: Censuses of 1993 and 2003; Estimate for 2009; UN Estimates for 1950 and 1960.

Definition: Not available.

Pakistan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1972, 1981 and 1998; Estimate for 2008.

Definition: Places with municipal corporation, town committee or cantonment.

Palau

Sources of data: Censuses of 1973, 1980, 1986, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Definition: Koror Island.

Panama

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Definition: Localities with 1,500 inhabitants or more, having the following urban characteristics: electricity, water-supply and sewerage systems, paved roads and access to commercial establishments, secondary schools and social and recreational centres.

Papua New Guinea

Sources of data: Censuses of 1966, 1971, 1980, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Centres with 500 inhabitants or more, excluding separately located schools, hospitals, missions, plantations, rural settlements and rural villages regardless of population size.

Paraguay

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1962, 1972, 1982, 1992 and 2002.

Definition: Administrative centres of the official districts of the Republic.

Peru

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1972, 1981, 1993 and 2007.

Definition: Populated centres with 100 dwellings or more grouped contiguously and administrative centres of districts.

Philippines

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Definition: All cities and municipalities with a density of at least 1,000 persons per square kilometre; administrative centres, *barrios* of at least 2,000 inhabitants, and *barrios* of at least 1,000 inhabitants which are contiguous to the administrative centre, in all cities and municipalities with a density of at least 500 persons per square kilometre; and all other administrative centres with at least 2,500 inhabitants.

Poland

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1978, 1988 and 2002; Estimates for 2005, 2007 and 2010.

Definition: Towns and settlements of urban nature (for example, workers' settlements, fishermen's settlements and health resorts).

Portugal

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Agglomerations of 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Puerto Rico

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Definition: Urban areas, defined as densely settled territory that meets minimum population density requirements and encompasses a population of at least 2,500 inhabitants. A change in the definition for the 2000 census from place-based to density-based affects the comparability of estimates before and after this date.

Qatar

Sources of data: Censuses of 1986, 1997, 2004 and 2010; UN Estimates for 1956, 1963, 1971 and 1979.

Definition: Localities with 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Republic of Korea

Sources of data: Censuses of 1955, 1960, 1966, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Definition: Places with 50,000 or more inhabitants are usually considered urban. However, the reported proportion urban from the census actually refers to the total population of *dong*, the administrative division for urban areas, rather than places.

Republic of Moldova

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979 and 1989; Estimate for 1996; UN Estimates for 2005 and 2008.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to criteria based on the number of inhabitants and the predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

Réunion

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1967, 1974, 1982, 1990 and 1999.

Definition: Communes with 2,000 inhabitants or more living in houses separated by at most 200 meters; or communes in which the majority of the population is part of a multi-communal agglomeration.

Romania

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1977, 1992, 2002 and 2011.

Definition: Municipalities and towns with certain urban socio-economic characteristics.

Russian Federation

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 2002 and 2010; Estimates for 2005 and 2006.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to criteria based on the number of inhabitants and the predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

Rwanda

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1978, 1991 and 2002; Estimates for 1960 and 2005.

Definition: Kigali; administrative centres of préfectures and important agglomerations and their surroundings.

Saint Helena

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1987, 1998 and 2008.

Definition: Jamestown (capital) and Half Tree Hollow.

Saint Kitts and Nevis

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Basseterre (capital) and Charlestown.

Saint Lucia

Sources of data: Census of 1991; Estimates for 1996 and 2001; Unknown of 2010.

Definition: Not available.

Saint Pierre and Miquelon

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1982, 1990 and 1999; Estimate for 1950; UN Estimate for 2006.

Definition: Saint-Pierre (capital).

Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960 and 2001; Estimate for 1991.

Definition: Not available.

Samoa

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1991, 2001, 2006 and 2011.

Definition: Urban area of Apia (capital), comprising the districts of Vaimauga West and Faleata East.

San Marino

Sources of data: Census of 1976; Estimates for 1987 and 1992; UN Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1970, 2001, 2003 and 2007.

Definition: Municipalities with 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Sao Tome and Principe

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: The district of Água Grande (São Tomé and Pantufo) and 6 other small settlements (as of 1991).

Saudi Arabia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1974, 2004 and 2010; Estimates for 1962 and 1986; UN Estimates for 1950 and 1992.

Definition: Cities with 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Senegal

Sources of data: Censuses of 1976, 1988 and 2002; Estimates for 1960 and 1970.

Definition: Agglomerations of 10,000 inhabitants or more.

Serbia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981 and 1991; Estimates for 2002 and 2007.

Definition: Not available.

Seychelles

Sources of data: UN Estimates for 1960, 1971, 1977 and 1987.

Definition: No official definition. In the present publication, prior to 1971, Victoria city proper (capital). From 1971, greater Victoria agglomeration plus districts with population density greater than 1,500 persons per inhabited square kilometre in 2002 (Cascades, Pointe Larue, Anse aux Pins).

Sierra Leone

Sources of data: Censuses of 1963, 1974, 1985 and 2004.

Definition: Towns with 2,000 inhabitants or more.

Singapore

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 2004.

Definition: City of Singapore, including residents and non-residents.

Slovakia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2001; Estimate for 2009.

Definition: Cities with 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Slovenia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2002; Estimate for 2010.

Definition: Settlements with over 3,000 inhabitants; settlements with 2,000-3,000 inhabitants and a surplus of workplaces; settlements that are seats of municipalities and have at least 1,400 inhabitants and a surplus of workplaces; suburban settlements that have fewer inhabitants but are spatially and functionally integrated with the city.

Solomon Islands

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1976, 1986, 1999 and 2009; UN Estimates for 1950 and 1959.

Definition: Places with 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Somalia

Sources of data: Census of 1975; Estimates for 1953 and 1963; Sample Survey of 2002; UN Estimate for 1987.

Definition: All district capitals and any other town or village with a population of 1,500 persons or more.

South Africa

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1960, 1970, 1996 and 2001; UN Estimates for 1980, 1985 and 1991.

Definition: A classification based on dominant settlement type and land use. Cities, towns, townships, suburbs, etc., are typical urban settlements. Enumeration areas comprising informal settlements, hostels, institutions, industrial and recreational areas, and smallholdings within or adjacent to any formal urban settlement are classified as urban. The 1996 estimate was adjusted to comply with the 2001 census definition. Estimates from 1980, 1985 and 1991 were adjusted to take into account the populations of Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei.

South Sudan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1983, 1993 and 2008.

Definition: Localities of administrative and/or commercial importance or with a population of 5,000 inhabitants or more

Spain

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Municipalities (*municipios*) with 10,000 inhabitants or more.

Sri Lanka

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953 and 2001; UN Estimates for 1963, 1971 and 1981.

Definition: Municipalities and urban councils only. Urban data for 1963-1981 censuses also included town councils that have been adjusted to match the revised 2001 definition.

Sudan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1973, 1983, 1993 and 2008.

Definition: Localities of administrative and/or commercial importance or with a population of 5,000 inhabitants or more.

Suriname

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1964, 1971, 1980 and 2004.

Definition: Great Paramaribo.

Swaziland

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1997 and 2007; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Localities defined as urban.

Sweden

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985 and 1990; Estimates for 1995 and 2000; Registers of 2005 and 2010.

Definition: Built-up areas with at least 200 inhabitants and where houses are at most 200 meters separated from each other (according to the administrative divisions of 2003).

Switzerland

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 2009.

Definition: Communes with 10,000 inhabitants or more, including suburbs and urban agglomerations with contiguous built-up area with at least 20000 inhabitants.

Syrian Arab Republic

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1981, 1994 and 2004.

Definition: Cities, *Mohafaza* centres and *Mantika* centres, and communities of 20,000 inhabitants or more.

Tajikistan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2000; Estimates for 2000, 2003 and 2010; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to criteria based on the number of inhabitants and the predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

TFYR Macedonia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 1994; UN Estimate for 2002.

Definition: Population which has official place of residence in urban settlements and settlements which as urban units have been integrated into urban settlements and taken together represent one unit.

Thailand

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Definition: Municipalities. In 1999, 981 sanitary districts were reclassified as *Tambon* municipalities and data for proportion urban were adjusted retrospectively.

Timor-Leste

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960 and 2004; UN Estimate for 1990.

Definition: Dili (capital) and other small settlements (sucos) defined as urban. For 2004, the functional definition of urban of the National Statistics Directorate of Timor-Leste was used.

Togo

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1981 and 2010.

Definition: Up to 1970: seven urban communes. Since the 1981 census: 21 administrative centres of *prefectures*.

Tokelau

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006.

Definition: Not available.

Tonga

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2006; Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Population of Nuku'alofa.

Trinidad and Tobago

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Definition: Port-of-Spain (capital), Arima borough and San Fernando town.

Tunisia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1975, 1984, 1994 and 2004; Estimate for 2009.

Definition: Population living in communes.

Turkey

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990 and 2000; Estimates for 1960, 2002 and 2003; Registers of 2007 and 2010.

Definition: Population of localities within the municipality limits of administrative centres of provinces and districts.

Turkmenistan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 1995; Estimate for 2004.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to criteria based on the number of inhabitants and the predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

Turks and Caicos Islands

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2001; Estimate for 2006; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Refers to the islands of Grand Turk and Providenciales.

Tuvalu

Sources of data: Censuses of 1979, 1985, 1991 and 2002.

Definition: Island of Funafuti.

Uganda

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1969, 1980, 1991 and 2002; Estimate for 2009.

Definition: 1991 and earlier: cities, municipalities, towns, town boards and all trading centres with a population over 1,000 persons; 2002: gazetted cities, municipalities and towns with a population over 2,000 persons.

Ukraine

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2001; Estimates for 1950, 1964, 1974, 1984, 2004, 2005 and 2009.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to criteria based on the number of inhabitants and predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

United Arab Emirates

Sources of data: Censuses of 1975, 1980, 1985, 1995 and 2005; UN Estimates for 1950 and 1960.

Definition: Nine cities or towns (as of 1975).

United Kingdom

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Definition: Prior to 1974 the definition of urban was based on administrative boundaries. In 1981 and later an urban area was a settlement of at least 10,000 people.

United Republic of Tanzania

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1967, 1978, 1988 and 2002.

Definition: Up to 1967: 16 gazetted townships. Since the 1978 census, urban areas are defined using several criteria and include all regional and district headquarters, as well as all wards with urban characteristics (i.e., exceeding certain minimal level of size-density criteria and/or with many of their inhabitants in non-agricultural occupations). No specific numerical values of size and density are identified, and wards are defined as urban based on the decision of the District/Regional Census Committees.

United States of America

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Definition: Urban areas, defined as densely settled territory that meets minimum population density requirements and encompasses a population of at least 2,500 inhabitants. A change in the definition for the 2000 census from place-based to density-based has a small effect on the comparability of estimates before and after this date.

United States Virgin Islands

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960 and 2000.

Definition: Urban areas, defined in the 2000 census as densely settled territory that meets minimum population density requirements and encompasses a population of at least 2,500 inhabitants. The proportion urban for earlier years was adjusted for consistency with new definition.

Uruguay

Sources of data: Censuses of 1963, 1975, 1985, 1996 and 2004.

Definition: Cities as officially defined.

Uzbekistan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979 and 1989; Estimates for 1994, 1997, 2000 and 2006.

Definition: Cities and urban-type localities, officially designated as such, usually according to criteria based on number of inhabitants and the predominance of non-agricultural workers and their families.

Vanuatu

Sources of data: Censuses of 1967, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009.

Definition: Port-Vila and Luganville.

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1990 and 2001.

Definition: Places with 2,500 inhabitants or more.

Viet Nam

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009; Estimate for 1970; UN Estimates for 1992 and 1994.

Definition: Places with 4,000 inhabitants or more.

Wallis and Futuna Islands

Sources of data: Censuses of 1969, 1976, 1983, 1990, 1996 and 2003.

Definition: No urban population. Mata-Utu (capital) defined according to administrative boundaries.

Western Sahara

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1982, 1994 and 2004; UN Estimates for 1950, 1960 and 2006.

Definition: Not available.

Yemen

Sources of data: Censuses of 1986, 1994 and 2004; Estimates for 1950, 1960 and 1970.

Definition: Capitals of 17 governorates and other towns.

Zambia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1963, 1969, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimate for 1950.

Definition: Localities of 5,000 inhabitants or more, with a majority of the labour force not in agricultural activities.

Zimbabwe

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1962, 1969, 1982, 1992 and 2002; Estimate for 1974.

Definition: Designated urban areas, as well as places with at least 2,500 inhabitants, whose population resides in a compact settlement pattern and where more than 50 per cent of the employed persons are engaged in non-agricultural occupations.

B. SOURCES OF DATA FOR ESTIMATES OF URBAN AGGLOMERATIONS AND CAPITAL CITIES

Afghanistan

Kabul (capital)

Sources of data: Census of 1979; Estimates for 1966, 1971, 1986, 2004 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1999.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Albania

Tiranë (Tirana) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1969, 1979, 1989 and 2001.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Algeria

El Djazaïr (Algiers) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1960, 1966, 1977, 1987 and 2008.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Wahran (Oran)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1966, 1977, 1987, 1998 and 2008.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

American Samoa

Pago Pago (capital)

Sources of data: Census of 2000; UN Estimates for 1970, 1980 and 1990.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Andorra

Andorra la Vella (capital)

Sources of data: Estimates for 1950, 1959, 1965, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 2000, 2005 and 2008.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Angola

Luanda (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960 and 1970; Estimates for 1983, 1991, 1993, 1996 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Huambo

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960 and 1970; Estimates for 1950, 1983, 1993, 2000 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Anguilla

The Valley (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1992 and 2001; UN Estimates for 1960, 1974 and 1984.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Antigua and Barbuda

St. John's (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Argentina

Buenos Aires (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Córdoba, La Plata, Mendoza, Rosario and San Miguel de Tucumán

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Armenia

Yerevan (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2001; Estimates for 2005 and 2008.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Aruba

Oranjestad (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1991 and 2000; Estimate for 1965.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Includes Oranjestad West and Oranjestad East.

Australia

Canberra (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976 and 1981; Estimates for 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Adelaide, Brisbane, Melbourne, Perth and Sydney

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976 and 1981; Estimates for 1950, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Austria

Wien (Vienna) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011; Estimate for 2006.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Azerbaijan

Baku (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 1999; Estimates for 2006, 2008 and 2011.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Bahamas

Nassau (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1963, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 1953.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Bahrain

Al-Manamah (Manama) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1959, 1965, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Bangladesh

Dhaka (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1974, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Chittagong, Khulna and Rajshahi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1974, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Barbados

Bridgetown (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Belarus

Minsk (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009; Estimates for 1950, 1955 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: The data include communities under the authority of the Town Council. The 1989 census produced data referring to the city proper only; the population of the urban agglomeration for that date was estimated by assuming that the ratio of the population of the urban agglomeration to that of the city proper was the same as in 1979.

Belgium

Antwerpen

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970 and 1981; Estimates for 1988, 1991, 1995 and 2010; UN Estimate for 1961.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Bruxelles-Brussel (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1981; Estimates for 1988, 1991, 1995, 2010; UN Estimate for 1961.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: *Região metropolitana*; refers to the *Região Integrada de Desenvolvimento do Distrito Federal e Entorno*.

Belize

Belmopan (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1980, 1991 and 2000; Estimates for 2005 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Benin

Cotonou (seat of government)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1979, 1992 and 2002; Estimates for 1953, 1955 and 1965; Sample Survey of 1961.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Porto-Novo (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1979, 1992 and 2002; Estimate for 1965; Sample Survey of 1961.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Bermuda

Hamilton (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Bhutan

Thimphu (capital)

Sources of data: Census of 2005; Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1970, 1977, 1990 and 1999.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Bolivia

Sucre (legislative capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1976, 1992 and 2001; Estimate for 1995; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Santa Cruz

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1976, 1992 and 2001; Estimates for 1995 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

La Paz (administrative capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1976, 1992, 2001; Estimate for 1995.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Sarajevo (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981 and 1991; Estimate for 2008.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Botswana

Gaborone (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1964, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001; Estimate for 2006; UN Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Brazil

Aracaju and Sorocaba

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 1996, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Includes Barra dos Coqueiros and Nossa Senhora de Socorro

Salvador

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 2000 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Baixada Santista (including Santos), Campo Grande, Cuiabá, Curitiba, Fortaleza, Goiânia, Grande São Luis, Grande Vitória, João Pessoa, Maceió, Natal, Norte/Nordeste Catarinense (including Joinville), Pôrto Alegre, Recife, São Paulo

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Campinas, Manaus and Rio de Janeiro

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 2000, 2007 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Teresina

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 2000, 2007 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Belém and Belo Horizonte

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimate for 1991.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Florianópolis

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimates for 1980 and 1991.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Londrina

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980 and 2000; Estimate for 2005; UN Estimate for 1991.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Brasília (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

British Virgin Islands

Road Town (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1980 and 1991; Estimate for 1970; UN Estimate for 2000.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Brunei Darussalam

Bandar Seri Begawan (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Bulgaria

Sofiya (Sofia) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1965, 1985 and 1992; Estimates for 2001, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2005, 2006 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Burkina Faso

Ouagadougou (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1960, 1975, 1985, 1996 and 2006; Sample Survey of 1968.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Burundi

Bujumbura (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1979 and 1990; Estimates for 1970 and 2004; Register of 1950; Sample Survey of 1965.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Cambodia

Phnum Pénh (Phnom Penh) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1980, 1998 and 2008; Estimates for 1950, 1966, 1970, 1975, 1975, 1979, 1985, 1990 and 1993.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data refer to the municipality of Phnom Penh including suburban areas.

Cameroon

Douala

Sources of data: Censuses of 1955, 1976, 1987 and 2005; Sample Survey of 1964.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Yaoundé (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1976, 1987 and 2005; Estimate for 1969; Sample Survey of 1962 and 1964.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Canada

Calgary and Montréal

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006; Estimate for 2000.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Refers to the Census Metropolitan Area.

Edmonton

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Refers to the Census Metropolitan Area

Ottawa-Gatineau (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006; Estimate for 2000.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Refers to the Census Metropolitan Area.

Québec, Toronto and Vancouver

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Cape Verde

Praia (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 2009.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Cayman Islands

George Town (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 1999; Sample Survey of 2007.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Central African Republic

Bangui (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1955, 1964, 1975, 1988 and 2003; Estimate for 1966; Sample Survey of 1960.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Chad

N'Djaména (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1993 and 2009; Estimates for 1972 and 1978; Sample Survey of 1964.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Channel Islands

St. Helier (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Others.

Note: Data refer to the parish. St.Helier is the capital of the Bailiwick of Jersey and St.Peter Port is the capital of the Bailiwick of Guernsey.

St. Peter Port

Sources of data: Censuses of 1971, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Others.

Note: Data refer to the parish. St.Helier is the capital of the Bailiwick of Jersey and St.Peter Port is the capital of the Bailiwick of Guernsey.

Chile

Santiago (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1952, 1960, 1970, 1982, 1992 and 2002.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Referring to Gran Santiago which includes the Province of Santiago plus cities within the Provinces of Puente Alto and San Bernardo.

Valparaíso

Sources of data: Censuses of 1952, 1960, 1970, 1982, 1992 and 2002.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Refers to the Greater Valparaíso.

Concepción

Sources of data: Censuses of 1952, 1960, 1970, 1982, 1992 and 2002.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

China

Lianyungang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990 and 2010; Estimate for 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Linyi (Shandong)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Register of 1984; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Liuzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000; Register of 1955, 1964 and 1982; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Luoyang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000; Register of 1962, 1965, 1970 and 1980; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Luzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Register of 1984; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Maoming

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1964.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Mianyang (Sichuan)

Sources of data: Census of 2000; Register of 1984 and 1988; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000,

the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Mudanjiang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Nanchang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1970.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Nanchong

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Nanjing (Jiangsu)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being

the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2001 included urban population in Jiangning and Liuhe Districts.

Nanning

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 1996; Register of 1966, 1970, 1975 and 1980; UN Estimates for 2006 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include former Yongning County that was converted into districts in 2004.

Nantong

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1960 and 1970.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population of Tongzhou District.

Nanyang (Henan)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Neijiang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Ningbo

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1970 and 1975.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Yinzhou District.

Panjin

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Pingdingshan (Henan)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1964, 1982, 1990 and 2000; Register of 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Pingxiang, Jiangxi

Sources of data: Censuses of 2000 and 2010; Estimates for 1984 and 1991.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Putian

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimate for 1964.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Licheng and Xiuyu Districts.

Qingdao

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1951; Register of 1970 and 1980; Sample Survey of 1975.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Qinhuangdao

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990 and 2000; Estimates for 1951, 2006 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Qiqihaer

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Quanzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1984; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Shanghai

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1957, 1959, 1965 and 1977.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Shantou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimates for 2003 and 2005; Register of 1970.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Chenghai, Chaonan, and Chaoyang Districts.

Shaoguan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or

Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Qujiang District.

Shaoxing

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimate for 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Shenyang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1960 and 1970.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Shenzhen

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1979 and 1982; UN Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Shijiazhuang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1950; Register of 1962, 1966 and 1970.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Shiyao

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Suzhou (Jiangsu)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1970 and 1975.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Wuzhong and Xiangcheng Districts.

Taian (Shandong)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 2006; Register of 1984.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Taichung (Taiwan Province of China)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1970 and 1975.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Tainan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1975; Sample Survey of 1970.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Taipei (Taiwan Province of China)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1975; Sample Survey of 1970.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Taiyuan (Shanxi)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Anshan (Liaoning)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990 and 2000; Estimates for 1960, 1962, 1970 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Anyang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimates for 2005 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include some parts of Anyang County that were converted into city districts of Anyang in 2002.

Baoding

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000,

the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Baoji

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Baotou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000; Register of 1964, 1970 and 1982; UN Estimates for 2004 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Beijing (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1958, 1960, 1965 and 1970.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Daxing, Pinggu, and Huairou Districts.

Bengbu

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Register of 1984; UN Estimate for 2008.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Benxi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Register of 1984.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Changchun

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 1970; Register of 1965; UN Estimates for 2006 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Changde

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Changsha (Hunan)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1961, 1967, 1970 and 1975.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Changzhou (Jiangsu)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1970 and 1975; UN Estimate for 2002.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Wujin District.

Chengdu

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimates for 1959, 1970, 1975 and 1980.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Xindu and Wenjiang Districts.

Chifeng

Sources of data: Censuses of 1964, 1990 and 2000; Register of 1984; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Chongqing

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1959, 1968 and 1970.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of

the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Jiangjin, Hechuan, Nanchuan, and Yongchuan Districts.

Dalian

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 1964; UN Estimates for 2006 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Dandong

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Estimates for 1975 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Daqing

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Datong (Shanxi)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1970; Register of 1956, 1961, 1962, 1965 and 1980.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being

the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Dongguan (Guangdong)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimate for 2009.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Foshan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 2006; UN Estimate for 1987.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Nanhai, Shunde, Shanshui, and Gaoming Districts.

Fushun (Liaoning)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Register of 1956, 1970 and 1982; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Fuxin

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the

criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Fuyang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990, 1995 and 2000; Estimate for 1975; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Fuzhou (Fujian)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimates for 1951 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Guangzhou (Guangdong)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Guilin

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Guiyang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimates for 1951 and 1965; Register of 1956 and 1982.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Handan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Hangzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1960, 1962 and 1980.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Xiaoshan and Yuhang Districts.

Hefei

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1966, 1970, 1975 and 1980.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of the city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Hengyang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 2007; Register of 1984.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Huai'an

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1988.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data in 2000 and after include urban population in Huiyin District.

Huaipei

Sources of data: Censuses of 1964, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Huainan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Huangshi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Hohhot

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1982; Register of 1964.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Huizhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1964, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Huiyang District.

Huzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1984.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Jiamusi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 1984.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Jiangmen

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimates for 2002 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Xinhui District.

Jiaozuo

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1984.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Jiaxing

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1984.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Jilin

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 1964; Register of 1970, 1975 and 1982.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Jinan (Shandong)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1961, 1962, 1970, 1975, 1980 and 1996.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Changqing District.

Jining (Shandong)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1984.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Jinxi (Liaoning)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 1985.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Jinzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990 and 2000; Estimates for 1952 and 1970; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Jiujiang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Unknown of 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Jixi (Heilongjiang)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 1953.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Kaohsiung (Taiwan Province of China)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1970, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1975.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Kunming

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Lanzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1964; Register of 1970.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Taizhou, Jiangsu

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Tangshan (Hebei)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Estimates for 1982 and 2008; Register of 1956, 1965, 1970 and 1975; UN Estimate for 1976.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria

such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Tianjin

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Baodi District.

Ürümqi (Wulumqi)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1964.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Weifang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 2000 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Weihai

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990, 2000 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Wenzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1950; UN Estimates for 2003 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Wuhan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Wuhu (Anhui)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Wuxi (Jiangsu)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 2002.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Xishan and Huishan Districts.

Xiamen

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1975.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000,

the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Xi'an (Shaanxi)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Chang'an District.

Xiangtan, Hunan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Xianyang (Shaanxi)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Xining

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1982.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria

such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Xinxiang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Xuzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Yancheng (Jiangsu)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982 and 2000; UN Estimates for 2005 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 census the data reflect all non-agriculture population of former Yancheng County. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Yandu District.

Yangzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a

Resident Committee.

Yantai

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990 and 2000; Register of 1970 and 1975; UN Estimate for 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Yichang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimate for 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Yiling District.

Yinchuan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Yingkou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Yiwu

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; UN Estimates for 1950 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Yiyang, Hunan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Yueyang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Zaozhuang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Register of 1984; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Zhangjiakou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000; Register of 1984; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Zhanjiang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Zhengzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of city districts. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Zhenjiang (Jiangsu)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Zhuhai

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1979 and 1982; UN Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Doumen and Jinwan Districts.

Zhuzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Zibo

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Zigong

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimates for 1953 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Zunyi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Cixi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; UN Estimates for 1950 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Dongying

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Estimates for 1952, 1957 and 1970; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Haerbin

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Register of 1962, 1970 and 1975.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Hulan and Acheng Districts.

Haicheng

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Haikou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990 and 2000; Estimates for 2003 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria

such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee. Data after 2000 include urban population in Qiongsan District (formerly Qiongsan City).

Jiangyin

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Register of 1984; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Jingzhou

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1982, 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1982 and 1990 censuses the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Jinjiang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 2007; Register of 1984.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Puning

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; Register of 1984; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Rizhao

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Lufeng

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Zhongshan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990, 2000 and 2010; UN Estimates for 1950 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Taizhou, Zhejiang

Sources of data: Census of 2000; Estimates for 1995, 2005 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: For the 1990 census the data reflect all residents of urban districts of the city. For 2000, the population of the city is composed of population in all City Districts meeting the criteria such as “contiguous built-up area,” being the location of the local government, being a Street or Having a Resident Committee.

Liaocheng

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990 and 2000; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Changshu

Sources of data: Census of 1990; Register of 2000; UN Estimates for 1950 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Xiangyang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1964, 1982, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimates for 1960 and 1962; UN Estimate for 1951.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

China, Hong Kong Special Administrative Region

Hong Kong (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data for Hong Kong consist of the population of Hong Kong Island, New Kowloon the new towns in New Territories and the marine areas.

China, Macao Special Administrative Region

Macao (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Prior to 2001, the city of Macao comprised of the population of the country, except for the population of Coloane, Taipa, Co-Thai and the maritime population. After 2001, the entire population of Macao was considered to be urban.

Colombia

Barranquilla

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1964, 1973, 1985, 1993 and 2005; Estimate for 2009.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Refers to the nuclei of Barranquilla, Soledad, Malambo and Puerto Colombia.

Bucaramanga

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1964, 1973, 1985, 1993 and 2005; Estimate for 2009.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Refers to the nuclei of Bucaramanga,

Floridablanca, Girón and Piedecuesta.

Cali

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1964, 1973, 1985, 1993 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Refers to the nuclei of Cali and Yumbo.

Cartagena

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1964, 1973, 1985, 1993 and 2005.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Cúcuta

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1964, 1973, 1985, 1993 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Medellín

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1964, 1973, 1985, 1993 and 2005; Estimate for 2009.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Refers to the nuclei of Medellín, Barbosa, Bello, Caldas, Copacabana, Envigado, Girardota, Itagui, La Estrella and Sabaneta.

Santa Fé de Bogotá (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1964, 1973, 1985, 1993 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Refers to the nuclei of Santa Fe de Bogotá, Soacha, Chia and Funza.

Comoros

Moroni (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1966, 1980, 1991 and 2003; Estimates for 1950 and 1970.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Congo

Brazzaville (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1955, 1961, 1974, 1984, 1996 and 2007; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Pointe-Noire

Sources of data: Censuses of 1958, 1960, 1974, 1984, 1996 and 2007; Sample Survey of 1962.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Cook Islands

Rarotonga (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1971, 1986, 1996, 2001 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Data refer to the island of Rarotonga. The capital is Avarua, located on the island of Rarotonga. Population estimates for Avarua have not been made available.

Costa Rica

San José (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1963, 1973, 1984 and 2000; Estimate for 1996.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Urban population at the canton level.

Côte d'Ivoire

Abidjan (seat of government)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1975, 1988 and 1998; Estimate for 2008; Sample Survey of 1963 and 1978.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Yamoussoukro (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1975, 1988 and 1998; Estimate for 1965.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Croatia

Zagreb (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Cuba

La Habana (Havana) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1970, 1981 and 2002; Estimates for 1990, 2000, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Cyprus

Lefkosia (Nicosia) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1960, 1973, 1982, 1992 and 2001; Estimate for 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Czech Republic

Praha (Prague) (Capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1970, 1980, 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Chongjin

Sources of data: Census of 1993; Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1967, 1980 and 1987.

Statistical concept: City proper.

P'yongyang (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1993 and 2008; Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1967, 1980 and 1987.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Democratic Republic of the Congo

Kananga

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956 and 1984; Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1969 and 2004.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Kinshasa (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1984 and 2004; Estimate for 1990; Register of 1950 and 1958; Sample Survey of 1967; Unknown of 1998.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Kisangani

Sources of data: Census of 1984; Estimates for 1950, 1956, 1960, 1969, 1970 and 2004.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Lubumbashi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956 and 1984; Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1969, 1970 and 2004.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Mbuji-May

Sources of data: Census of 1984; Estimates for 1960, 1969 and 2004.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Denmark

København (Copenhagen) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1965 and 1970; Estimates for 1976, 1981, 1986, 1989, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1997 and 1998; Register of 2002, 2007 and 2011.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Refers to the Greater Copenhagen Region as defined from 1999 onward consisting of (parts of) 16 municipalities. Data before 1976 still use the previous definition where 28 municipalities were (partly) included.

Djibouti

Djibouti (capital)

Sources of data: Census of 1960; Estimates for 1957, 1970 and 1995; Sample Survey of 1991; UN Estimates for 1998 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Data refer to the population of the "cercle".

Dominica

Roseau (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001; UN Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Dominican Republic

Santo Domingo (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1993, 2002 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Ecuador

Guayaquil

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1962, 1974, 1982, 1990, 2001 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Includes the population of the locality of

Eloy Alfaro.

Quito (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1962, 1974, 1982, 1990, 2001 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Egypt

Al-Iskandariyah (Alexandria)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Al-Qahirah (Cairo) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Includes the Governorate of Al-Qahirah (Cairo) and the cities of Al-Jizah (Giza) and Shubra al-Khaymah (Shubra-El-Khema).

El Salvador

San Salvador (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1971, 1992 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Consisting of the urban parts of the municipios San Salvador, Mejicanos, Soyapango, Delgado, Ilopango, Cuscatancingo, Ayutuxtepeque and San Marcos.

Equatorial Guinea

Malabo (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1983 and 1994.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Eritrea

Asmera (capital)

Sources of data: Census of 1984; Estimates for 1950, 1967, 1989, 1990, 2002 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Estonia

Tallinn (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2000; Estimates for 1996, 2001, 2002 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Ethiopia

Addis Ababa (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1984, 1994 and 2007; Estimates for 1950, 1967 and 2011.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Faeroe Islands

Tórshavn (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1966, 1970 and 1977; Estimates for 1987, 1989, 1990, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Refers to the municipality.

Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

Stanley (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1962, 1972, 1980, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Federated States of Micronesia

Palikir (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1980, 1989, 1994 and 2000.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Fiji

Greater Suva (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Note: Includes Lami.

Finland

Helsinki (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970 and 1980; Register of 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005, 2007, 2008 and 2009.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Includes Espoo and Vantaa.

France

Bordeaux

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1962, 1968, 1975, 1982, 1990, 1999 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Lille

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1968, 1975, 1982, 1990, 1999 and 2006; UN Estimate for 1954.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Lyon, Marseille-Aix-en-Provence and Nice-Cannes

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1962, 1968, 1975, 1982, 1990, 1999 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Paris (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1954, 1962, 1975, 1982, 1990, 1999 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Toulouse

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1962, 1968, 1975, 1982, 1990, 1999 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

French Guiana

Cayenne (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1961, 1967, 1982, 1990 and 1999.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Note: Data refers to the commune.

French Polynesia

Papeete (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1977, 1983, 1988, 1996 and 2002; UN Estimates for 1956 and 1971.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Gabon

Libreville (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1958, 1959, 1961, 1969 and 1993; Estimates for 1960, 1961, 1965, 1967, 1968, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1980 and 1981; Register of 1951 and 1957; Sample Survey of 1964.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Gambia

Banjul (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1963, 1973, 1983, 1993 and 2003; Estimate for 1967.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Consisting of the local government areas of Banjul and Kanifing.

Georgia

Tbilisi (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2002; Estimate for 2008.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Germany

Berlin (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1970 and 1987; Estimates for 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2008.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Hamburg

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1970 and 1987; Estimates for 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2008.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Köln (Cologne)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1970 and 1987; Estimates for 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2008.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

München (Munich)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961 and 1970; Estimates for 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007 and 2008.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Ghana

Accra (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1984 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Kumasi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1984 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Gibraltar

Gibraltar (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Greece

Athínai (Athens) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: The agglomeration of Athínai includes the localities of Calithèa, Peristérion and Piraeus, among others.

Thessaloniki

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: The agglomeration of Athínai includes the localities of Calithèa, Peristérion and Piraeus, among others.

Greenland

Nuuk (Godthåb) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1965, 1970 and 1976; Estimates for 1992, 1993, 1995, 1996, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Grenada

St. George's (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Includes the parishes of St. George's Town and St. George.

Guadeloupe

Basse-Terre (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1961, 1967, 1982, 1990 and 1999.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Guam

Hagåtña (capital)

Sources of data: Census of 2000; UN Estimates for 1960, 1970, 1980 and 1990.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Data refer to the urbanized area, that is, contiguous territory in and around the city that meets minimum population density requirements. Prior to 2000, only city proper data were published. For these years, it was assumed that the ratio of the population of the capital agglomeration to the total urban population was the same as in 2000.

Guatemala

Ciudad de Guatemala (Guatemala City) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1964, 1973, 1981, 1994 and 2002.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Refers to the municipio of Ciudad de Guatemala.

Guinea

Conakry (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1960, 1983 and 1996; Estimate for 1972.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Guinea-Bissau

Bissau (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1979 and 1991; Estimates for 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Guyana

Georgetown (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1991 and 2002.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Haiti

Port-au-Prince (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1971, 1982 and 2003; Estimates for 1992 and 1996; UN Estimates for 1999, 2010 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data for 1971 and later refer to urban agglomeration. Data for 1950 refer to city proper. 1999 estimate refers to the urban agglomeration of Port-au-Prince, Delmas and Carrefour. As of 1 February 2010, the impact of the earthquake on 12 January 2010 is estimated with the data from the Government of Haiti and the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA).

Holy See

Vatican City (capital)

Sources of data: Estimates for 1950, 1964, 1970, 1978, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2004; UN Estimates for 1955, 1965, 1975, 1985 and 1995.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Note: The figures refer to the population of the Vatican City State alone.

Honduras

Tegucigalpa (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1974, 1988 and 2001; Estimate for 2003.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Hungary

Budapest (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2001; Estimates for 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2011.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Iceland

Reykjavik

Sources of data: Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 1993, 1996, 1999, 2001 and 2003; Register of 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Refers to the urban area in the Capital region

India

Agra, Ahmadabad, Aligarh, Allahabad, Amritsar, Asansol, Aurangabad, Bangalore, Bareilly, Bhopal, Bhubaneswar, Coimbatore, Dhanbad, Durg-Bhilainagar, Gwalior, Hyderabad, Indore, Jabalpur, Jaipur, Jalandhar, Jamshedpur, Jodhpur, Kanpur, Ludhiana, Chennai (Madras), Madurai, Meerut, Moradabad, Mysore, Nagpur, Nashik, Patna, Pune (Poona), Raipur, Rajkot, Ranchi, Salem, Srinagar, Surat, Tiruchirappalli, Tiruppur, Vadodara, Varanasi (Benares), Vijayawada, Visakhapatnam and Warangal

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Kolkata (Calcutta)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001; Estimate for 2011.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Chandigarh

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Delhi (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971 and 1981; Estimates for 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: 1991 and 2001 data based on a definition of urban agglomeration that is not restricted to state boundaries (National Capital Territory). Contiguous suburban cities and towns, such as Faridabad, Gurgaon, and Ghaziabad are included in Dehli.

Guwahati (Gauhati) and Mumbai (Bombay)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Hubli-Dharwad

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Kochi (Cochin), Kozhikode (Calicut) and Thiruvananthapuram

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Kota and Lucknow

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Solapur

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Indonesia

Bandar Lampung

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Refers to the municipality.

Bandung

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Refers to the municipality.

Bogor

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Refers to the municipality.

Jakarta (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Data refer to the functional urban area, that is, contiguous areas which are consistently urban in character as indicated by levels of population density, economic functions and facilities. Jakarta covers five municipalities (kotamadya): Jakarta Selatan, Jakarta Timur, Jakarta Pusat, Jakarta Barat, and Jakarta Utara. Data for 1990 did not refer to the functional urban area. Appropriate estimates were derived by using the ratio of the population in the functional urban area to that of the population in the relevant municipalities as derived from the 1980 census.

Malang and Pekan Baru

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 2003; Sample Survey of 2005.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Refers to the municipality.

Medan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimates for 1950 and 2003; Sample Survey of 2005.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Refers to municipality.

Padang and Samarinda

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Palembang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Refers to municipality.

Semarang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: The data for 1990 were adjusted to represent the population in the *functional urban area* as detailed above.

Surabaya

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Refers to municipality.

Ujung Pandang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990 and 2010; Sample Survey of 2005.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Refers to municipality.

Batam and Densapar

Sources of data: Census of 2010; Unknown of 1990 and 2003.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

Ahvaz, Esfashan, Karaj, Kermanshah, Mashhad, Qom, Shiraz and Tabriz

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1991, 1996 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Tehran (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1991, 1996 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Iraq

Irbil (Erbil)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1965 and 1987; Estimate for 1997; UN Estimate for 2003.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Baghdad (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1965, 1977, 1987 and 1997; Estimate for 2003; UN Estimates for 2007, 2008 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Al-Basrah (Basra)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1965, 1987 and 1997; Estimate for 2003.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Al-Mawsil (Mosul)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1965, 1987 and 1997; Estimate for 2003.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data for earlier years refer to city proper.

Najaf

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1965, 1987 and 1997; Estimate for 2003.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Sulaimaniya

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1965 and 1987; Estimate for 1997.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Ireland

Dublin (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2002 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Figures for 1991 were estimated using the ratio of the population in the urban agglomeration to that in the city proper as recorded in the 1986 census.

Isle of Man

Douglas (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Israel

Heifa (Haifa)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961 and 1972; Estimates for 1955, 1995, 2002 and 2010; UN Estimate for 1983.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Data prior to 1995 refer to urban agglomeration.

Jerusalem (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1972, 1983, 1995 and 2008; Estimates for 1950 and 1955.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Tel Aviv-Yafo (Tel Aviv-Jaffa)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961 and 1972; Estimates for 1955, 1995, 2002 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Data prior to 1995 refer to urban agglomeration.

Italy

Bergamo, Milano (Milan), Napoli (Naples), Palermo and Torino (Turin)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Roma (Rome) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Based on the local labour market system (Sistemi locali del lavoro) as defined in the 2001 census. Unlike previous revisions of this publication, based on population estimates of urban agglomerations only available in 1971, this revision relies from 1951 to 2001 on historically consistent aggregate of municipalities identified on the basis of daily commuting for work purposes.

Jamaica

Kingston (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1982, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Includes St. Andrew.

Japan

Fukuoka-Kitakyushu, Kyoto, Nagoya and Osaka-Kobe

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005; Estimates for 1950, 1955 and 1960.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: The Statistics Bureau of Japan has provided the list of cities, towns and villages included in the urban agglomerations associated with the cities of Fukuoka-Kitakyushu, Kyoto, Nagoya and Osaka-Kobe for each census year from 1960 to 1990. The number of cities, towns and villages included in these agglomerations has been rising as the agglomerations have expanded territorially. In 1990, the urban agglomeration of Fukuoka-Kitakyushu consisted of the contiguous densely inhabited districts (DIDs) of Fukuoka, nine cities surrounding Fukuoka, Kitakyushu and two cities surrounding Kitakyushu. The urban agglomeration of Kyoto consisted of the DIDs of Kyoto and six cities surrounding Kyoto. The agglomeration of Nagoya consisted of the DIDs of Nagoya and 19 cities surrounding Nagoya. The agglomeration of Osaka consisted of the DIDs of Osaka, 35 cities surrounding Osaka, Kobe and six cities surrounding Kobe. The estimates for 1995, 2000 and 2005 were also calculated on the basis of these definitions (including the adjustments made to the DIDs after 1990).

Tokyo (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: As defined by the Statistics Bureau of Japan, Census figure of 2005 refers to Kanto major metropolitan area (M.M.A.), figures from 1990 to 2000 are based on the Keihinyo M.M.A., and figures from 1960 to 1985 are based on the Keihin M.M.A.. As a reference, the population of Tokyo-to was estimated at 12.1 million persons and of the Tokyo Ku-area at 8.1 million in 2000.

Hiroshima, Sapporo and Sendai

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: As defined by the Statistics Bureau of Japan, estimates prior to 1970 do not correspond

to official figures but are higher than official city proper estimates.

Jordan

Amman (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1952, 1961, 1979, 1994 and 2004; Estimate for 1967.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Kazakhstan

Astana (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 1999; Estimates for 2004 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Almaty

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009; Estimate for 1999.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Kenya

Mombassa

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1969, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Nairobi (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1969, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Kiribati

Tarawa (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1968, 1973, 1978, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Data refer to the island of South Tarawa, including the towns of Bairiki and Bikenibeu. The capital is Bairiki; population estimates for Bairiki have not been made available.

Kuwait

Al Kuwayt (Kuwait City) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980 and 1985; Estimate for 2010; UN Estimates for 1991, 1995 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data for 1985 and 1995 refer to the Governorates of Capital, Hawalli and Farwaniya. The number and names of governorates have changed over time as well as the limits of the urban agglomeration.

Kyrgyzstan

Bishkek (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Lao People's Democratic Republic

Vientiane (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1966, 1973, 1985, 1995 and 2005; Estimate for 1958.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Latvia

Riga (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2000; Estimates for 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Lebanon

Bayrut (Beirut) (capital)

Sources of data: Estimates for 1958, 1964, 1975, 1982, 1988, 1997, 1998, 2001, 2002, 2005 and 2007; Sample Survey of 1970; UN Estimate for 1991.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: There is some level of uncertainty with respect to the estimates for Bayrut.

Lesotho

Maseru (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Liberia

Monrovia (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1962, 1974, 1984 and 2008; Estimates for 1991, 1995, 1996, 1999 and 2004.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Libyan Arab Jamahiriya

Tarabulus (Tripoli) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1964, 1973, 1995 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Data prior to 1984 refer to city proper.

Liechtenstein

Vaduz (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980 and 1990; Estimates for 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1999 and 2005.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Lithuania

Vilnius (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2001; Estimates for 2006 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Luxembourg

Luxembourg-Ville (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1981 and 1991; Estimates for 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Madagascar

Antananarivo (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1975 and 1993; Estimates for 1952, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1971 and 2001; Sample Survey of 1966.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Malawi

Blantyre-Limbe

Sources of data: Censuses of 1966, 1977, 1987 and 1998; Estimate for 1956.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Lilongwe (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1966, 1977, 1987, 1998 and 2008.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Malaysia

Johore Bharu and Klang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1991 and 2000; Estimates for 1970 and 1980; UN Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Kuala Lumpur (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1991 and 2000; Estimates for 1970 and 1980.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Maldives

Male (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1965, 1967, 1970, 1974, 1977, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Mali

Bamako (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1965, 1976, 1987, 1998 and 2009; Estimates for 1960 and 1968.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Malta

Valletta (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1967, 1985, 1995 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Includes all the localities of the Northern and Southern Harbour regions.

Marshall Islands

Majuro (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1973, 1980, 1988 and 1999; UN Estimates for 1958 and 1967.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Martinique

Fort-de-France (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1961, 1967, 1982, 1990 and 1999.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Note: Refers to the commune.

Mauritania

Nouakchott (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1964, 1977, 1988 and 2000; Estimate for 1957.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Mauritius

Port Louis (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1952, 1962, 1972, 1983, 1990 and 2000; Estimates for 2005 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Mayotte

Mamoudzou (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1991, 2002 and 2007; UN Estimates for 1950, 1966 and 1980.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Mexico

Acapulco de Juárez and Chihuahua

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2005 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Aguascalientes

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2005 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: *Localidad*.

Ciudad Juárez

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2005 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: *Localidad*.

Cuernavaca

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Culicán

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2005; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: *Localidad*.

Guadalajara

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2005 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: *Zona metropolitana*, which includes several *municipios*.

Hermosillo

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2005; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

León de los Aldamas

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2005 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: *Conurbación*, which includes several *localidades*.

Mérida

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2005; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: *Conurbación*, which includes several *localidades*.

Mexicali, Monterrey, Morelia, Puebla, Querétaro, Reynosa, Saltillo, San Luis Potosí, Tampico, Tijuana, Toluca de Lerdo and Torreón

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2005 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: *Zona metropolitana*, which includes several *municipios*.

Ciudad de México (Mexico City) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2005 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: *Zona metropolitana*, which includes several *municipios*.

Moldova

Chisinau (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2004.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Monaco

Monaco (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1962, 1968, 1975, 1982, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Mongolia

Ulaanbaatar (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1963, 1969, 1979, 1989, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Montenegro

Podgorica (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2003, 2011.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Montserrat

Plymouth (former capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980; Estimate for 1991; UN Estimates for 1950, 1955, 1993, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1997, 2001.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Note: Due to volcanic activity, the capital Plymouth was abandoned in 1997. The government premises have been established at Brades Estate, in the Carr's Bay/Little Bay vicinity at the northwest end of Montserrat.

Brades Estate (capital)

Sources of data: UN Estimates for 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 1997, 1997, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Note: Due to volcanic activity, the capital Plymouth was abandoned in 1997. The government premises have been established at Brades Estate, in the Carr's Bay/Little Bay vicinity at the northwest end of Montserrat.

Morocco

Agadir

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1971, 1982, 1994 and 2004.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Dar-el-Beida (Casablanca)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1971, 1982, 1994 and 2004; Estimate for 1952.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Rabat includes Salé and Temara; Casablanca includes Mohammedia.

Fès

Sources of data: Censuses of 1971, 1982, 1994 and 2004; Estimates for 1952 and 1960.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Marrakech

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1971, 1982, 1994 and 2004; Estimate for 1952.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Rabat (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1952, 1960, 1971, 1982, 1994 and 2004.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Rabat includes Salé and Temara; Casablanca includes Mohammedia.

Tanger

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1971, 1982, 1994 and 2004; Estimate for 1952.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Mozambique

Maputo (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1997 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Matola

Sources of data: Censuses of 1980, 1997 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Myanmar

Mandalay

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1973 and 1983; Unknown of 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Rangoon

Sources of data: Censuses of 1973 and 1983; UN Estimate for 1957.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Nay Pyi Taw(Capital)

Sources of data: Estimate for 2007; UN Estimates for 2005 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Namibia

Windhoek (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Nauru

Nauru (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1977, 1983, 1992 and 2002.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: The entire island is considered a single urban agglomeration; government offices are located in Yaren District.

Nepal

Kathmandu (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Data refer to the municipality.

Netherlands

Amsterdam (capital)

Sources of data: Register of 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005 and 2009.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Refers to the municipalities of Amstelveen, Amsterdam, Diemen, Landsmeer, Oostzaan, Wormerland, Zaanstad

Rotterdam

Sources of data: Register of 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Refers to the municipalities of Barendrecht, Capelle a/d IJssel, Krimpen a/d IJssel, Maasland, Maassluis, Rotterdam, Rozenburg, Schiedam, Spijkenisse, Vlaardingen

s-Gravenhage (The Hague)

Sources of data: Register of 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Refers to the municipalities of s-Gravenhage, Leidschendam, Leidschendam-Voorburg, Rijswijk, Voorburg, Wassenaar, Wateringen

Netherlands Antilles

Willemstad (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1981, 1992 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: The 1981 census provided data for city proper only; the population of the urban agglomeration at that date was estimated using the ratio of the population in the urban agglomeration to that in the city proper derived from the 1960 census.

New Caledonia

Nouméa (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1963, 1969, 1976, 1983, 1989 and 1996; UN Estimate for 2004.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Greater Nouméa includes the communes of Dumbéa, Mont-Doré and Païta (as of 1983).

New Zealand

Auckland

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006; Estimate for 2008.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Population estimates for 1996-2000 are based on 2001 Urban Area boundaries, whereas estimates from 2001 onwards are based on 2006 Urban Area boundaries.

Wellington (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006; Estimate for 2008.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Population estimates for 1996-2000 are based on 2001 Urban Area boundaries, whereas estimates from 2001 onwards are based on 2006 Urban Area boundaries.

Nicaragua

Managua (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1963, 1971, 1995 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Niger

Niamey (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1977, 1988 and 2001; Estimates for 1962, 1966 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Nigeria

Aba

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1991 and 2006; UN Estimate for 1983.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Abuja (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1991 and 2006; UN Estimates for 1953 and 1963.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Benin City

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1991 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data for 1953 and 1963 refer to city proper. Data for 1991 and 2006 refer to urban agglomeration.

Enugu

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1991 and 2006; Estimate for 1971; UN Estimate for 1983.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Ibadan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1991 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: As of 1983 (1983 city proper estimates were adjusted by assuming that the ratios of the population of the urban agglomeration to that of the city proper were the same as in 1991). Data from 1953, 1963 and 1971 refer to city proper.

Ilorin

Sources of data: Censuses of 1963, 1991 and 2006; UN Estimate for 1983.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Jos

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1991 and 2006; UN Estimate for 1983.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Kaduna and Kano

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1991 and 2006; UN Estimate for 1983.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: As of 1983 (1983 city proper estimates were adjusted by assuming that the ratios of the population of the urban agglomeration to that of the city proper were the same as in 1991). Data from 1953, 1963 and 1971 refer to city proper.

Lagos

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1991 and 2006; Estimate for 1971.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Lagos State.

Maiduguri Port Harcourt

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1991 and 2006; UN Estimate for 1983.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: As of 1983 (1983 city proper estimates

were adjusted by assuming that the ratios of the population of the urban agglomeration to that of the city proper were the same as in 1991). Data from 1953, 1963 and 1971 refer to city proper.

Ogbomosh

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963 and 1991.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Onitsha

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1991 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Port Harcourt

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1991 and 2006; UN Estimate for 1983.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Niue

Alofi (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1966, 1971, 1986, 1991, 1997 and 2001.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Northern Mariana Islands

Saipan (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1980, 1990, 1995 and 2000; UN Estimates for 1950, 1958, 1967 and 1973.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: From 1980 to 2000, data refer to the island of Saipan (municipality of Saipan in the year 2000). The capital is Garapan, located on the island of Saipan; the population was estimated at 3,588 persons in the year 2000. Government offices are located in Capitol Hill.

Norway

Oslo (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980 and 1990; Estimates for 1999 and 2002; Register of 2005, 2007 and 2011.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Occupied Palestinian Territory

Ramallah (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1997, 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Includes Al Bira.

Oman

Masqat (capital)

Sources of data: Census of 1993; Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1999, 2000, 2001 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: The 1993 census and all estimates since 1999 also include As Seeb, Bawshar and Mutrah.

Pakistan

Faisalabad, Gujranwala, Hyderabad, Karachi, Lahore, Multan, Peshawar and Rawalpindi

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1972, 1981 and 1998.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Islamabad (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1972, 1981 and 1998.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Palau

Koror

Sources of data: Censuses of 1973, 1980, 1986, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Melekeok (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1980, 1986, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Panama

Ciudad de Panamá (Panama City) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Corresponds to the metropolitan agglomeration of Panama City, including the urban districts of Balboa (Ancón), Arrajian, La Chorrera and San Miguelito.

Papua New Guinea

Port Moresby (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1966, 1971, 1980, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Paraguay

Asunción (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1962, 1972, 1982, 1992 and 2002.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Peru

Arequipa

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1972, 1981, 1993 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Includes numerous urban districts of Arequipa, Miraflores, Yanahuara, Paucarpata, Cayma, Sabandia, Socabaya and Sachaca.

Lima (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1972, 1981, 1993 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Great Lima includes the capitals of the departments of Lima and Callao as well as surrounding populated centres.

Philippines

Cebu

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Davao and Zamboanga

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1990, 1995 and 2000.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Manila (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2007.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: National Capital Region.

Poland

Kraków (Crakow)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1978 and 2002; Estimates for 1992 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: The 2007 Revision is based on a time series of consistent city population data available for the period 1950-2002.

Warszawa (Warsaw) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1978 and 2002; Estimates for 1992 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Unlike previous revisions of this publication which were based on population estimates of urban agglomerations only available

in 1969, this revision relies on time series of city population data consistently available between 1950 and 2002.

Portugal

Lisboa (Lisbon) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Data refer to municipalities included in Grande Lisboa and the Peninsula of Setúbal, as well as that of Azambuja.

Porto

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Puerto Rico

San Juan (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Data refer to the urbanized area (UA), that is, contiguous territory in and around the city that meets minimum population density requirements. The implementation of a revised definition of UA for the 2000 census led to changes in the boundaries of the San Juan UA. In the present publication, the time series for the San Juan UA has been adjusted for consistency with the 2000 census; it now includes the former Caguas, Cayay, Humacao, and Vega Baja-Manati UAs.

Qatar

Ad-Dawhah (Doha) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1986, 1997 and 2004; Estimates for 1962, 1967 and 2006; UN Estimates for 1956 and 1971.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Republic of Korea

Ansan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1990, 1995 and 2005; Estimate for 2000.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Ich'on, Kwangju and Pusan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1955, 1960, 1966, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: City Proper.
Note: Data refer to the metropolitan city.

Bucheon

Sources of data: Censuses of 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005; UN Estimate for 1955.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Soul (Seoul) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1955, 1960, 1966, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Data refer to the metropolitan city.

Seongnam

Sources of data: Censuses of 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Data refer to the metropolitan city.

Suwon, Taegu, Taejon and Ulsan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1955, 1960, 1966, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Data refer to the metropolitan city.

Goyang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1980, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2005.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: Data refer to the metropolitan city.

Yongin

Sources of data: Censuses of 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Others.

Réunion

Saint-Denis (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1954, 1961, 1967, 1974, 1982, 1990, 1999 and 2006; Estimate for 2003.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Romania

Bucuresti (Bucharest) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1977, 1992 and 2002; Estimates for 2003 and 2007.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Russian Federation

Chelyabinsk, Kazan and Krasnodar

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 2002 and 2010; Estimate for 1999.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Krasnoyarsk and Yekaterinburg

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 2002 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Moskva (Moscow) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 2002 and 2010; Estimates for 1992, 1994, 1996 and 1998.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Note: The data include communities under the authority of the Town Council. The 1989 census produced data referring to the city proper only; the population of the urban agglomeration for that date was estimated by assuming that the ratio of the population of the urban agglomeration to that of the city proper was the same as in 1979. For Saint Petersburg, the same adjustment was made for the 2002 census.

Nizhniy Novgorod, Novosibirsk, Omsk, Perm, Rostov-na-Donu (Rostov-on-Don), Samara and Saratov, Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Ufa, Volgograd and Voronezh

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 2002 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Rwanda

Kigali (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1978, 1991 and 2002; Estimate for 1960; Sample Survey of 1996.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Saint Helena

Jamestown (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1987 and 1998; Estimate for 1950; UN Estimate for 2005.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Saint Kitts and Nevis

Basseterre (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2001; Estimate for 2005.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Saint Lucia*Castries (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1980 and 1991; Estimates for 1996, 1998 and 2005.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Includes Castries Town and Castries Sub-Urban.

Saint Pierre and Miquelon*Saint-Pierre (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1982, 1990 and 1999; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Saint Vincent and the Grenadines*Kingstown (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970 and 1980; Estimates for 1991 and 2003.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Samoa*Apia (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: City proper.

San Marino*San Marino (capital)*

Sources of data: Estimates for 1962, 1973, 1982, 1986, 1989, 1991, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2005 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Sao Tome and Principe*São Tomé (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001; Estimate for 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Refers to district of Água-Grande.

Saudi Arabia*Ad-Dammam*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1974, 1992, 2004 and 2010; Estimate for 1962; UN Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Jiddah and Makkah (Mecca)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1974, 1992, 2004 and 2010; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Al-Madinah (Medina)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1974, 1992, 2004 and 2010; Estimates for 1950 and 1962.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Ar-Riyadh (Riyadh) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1962, 1974, 1992, 2004 and 2010; Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Senegal*Dakar (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1955, 1976, 1988 and 2002; Estimate for 1969; Sample Survey of 1961.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Serbia*Beograd (Belgrade) (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2002 and 2011.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data refer to the ten municipalities of the City of Belgrade.

Seychelles*Victoria (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1977, 1987, 1994, 1997 and 2002; UN Estimate for 1971.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: City proper before 1971, and urban agglomeration since 1971 composed of the following districts: English River, Mont Buxton, St Louis, Bel Air, Mont Fleuri, Plaisance, Roche Caiman, Les Mamelles.

Sierra Leone*Freetown (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1963, 1974, 1985 and 2004.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Singapore*Singapore (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010; Estimates for 2004 and 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Includes resident and non-resident population.

Slovakia*Bratislava (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2001; Estimate for 2005.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Slovenia*Ljubljana (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2002; Estimate for 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Solomon Islands*Honiara (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1976, 1986 and 1999; UN Estimate for 1950.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Somalia*Muqdisho (Mogadishu) (capital)*

Sources of data: Census of 1975; Estimates for 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1963, 1972, 1982, 1984 and 2001; UN Estimates for 1991, 2007, 2007 and 2011.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data refer to the urban agglomeration of 1972.

South Africa*Bloemfontein (judicial capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1960, 1970, 1985, 1991, 1996 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Cape Town (legislative capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1960, 1970, 1985, 1991, 1996 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Durban

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1960, 1970, 1991, 1996 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Ekurhuleni (East Rand) and Johannesburg

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1960, 1970, 1985, 1996 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Port Elizabeth and Vereeniging

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1960, 1970, 1985, 1991, 1996 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Pretoria (administrative capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1960, 1970, 1985, 1991, 1996 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

South Sudan*Juba*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1973, 1983, 1993 and 2008.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Spain*Barcelona*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981 and 1991; Register of 2011.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Madrid (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991 and 2001; Register of 2011.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Valencia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981 and 1991; Register of 2006 and 2011.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Sri Lanka*Colombo (commercial capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1971, 1981 and 2001; Estimate for 2007.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Sri Jayewardenepura Kotte (administrative)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1953, 1963, 1971, 1981 and 2001.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Sudan*Al-Khartoum (Khartoum) (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1973, 1983, 1993 and 2008.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Suriname*Paramaribo (capital)*

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1964, 1971, 1980 and 2004; Estimate for 1995.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Refers to the district (districto) of Paramaribo.

Swaziland

Mbabane (administrative capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986 and 1997.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Sweden

Stockholm (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960 and 1965; Estimates for 1970, 1980, 1990, 1995 and 2000; Register of 2005 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Refers to "tätort" (According to the administrative divisions of 2005).

Switzerland

Bern (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000; Estimate for 2006.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Population contained within the contours of contiguous territory inhabited by at least 20000 inhabitants consisting of a core area and surrounding area. The core and the surrounding areas have certain urban characteristics regarding population density and economic functions of the areas.

Zürich (Zurich)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000; Register of 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Population contained within the contours of contiguous territory inhabited by at least 20000 inhabitants consisting of a core area and surrounding area. The core and the surrounding areas have certain urban characteristics regarding population density and economic functions of the areas.

Syrian Arab Republic

Halab (Aleppo)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1981, 1994 and 2004.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Dimashq (Damascus) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1981, 1994 and 2004.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Hamah and Hims (Homs)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1981, 1994 and 2004.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Hims (Homs)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1981, 1994 and 2004.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Tajikistan

Dushanbe (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Thailand

Krung Thep (Bangkok) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Samut Prakan

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

Skopje (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 1994; Estimate for 2002.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Timor-Leste

Dili (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1990 and 2004.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: City proper prior to 1990; urban agglomeration after 1990.

Togo

Lomé (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1981 and 2010; Sample Survey of 1961.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Tokelau

Tonga

Nuku'alofa (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986 and 1996; Estimates for 1950 and 2000.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Trinidad and Tobago

Port of Spain (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Tunisia

Tunis (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1956, 1966, 1975, 1984, 1994 and 2004; Estimate for 1998.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Turkey

Adana

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1965, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Adana includes Seyhan and Yuregir.

Ankara (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1997 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Ankara includes Altindag, Cankaya, Etimesgut, Golbasi, Keçioren, Mamak, Sincan and Yenimahalle.

Antalya

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1965, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Bursa

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1965, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1997 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Bursa includes Nilufer, Osmangazi and Yildirim.

Gaziantep

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1965, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Gaziantep includes Sahinbey and Sehitkami.

Istanbul

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1997 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Istanbul includes Adalar, Avcilar, Bagicilar, Bahçelievler, Bakirkoy, Bayrampasa, Besiktas, Beykoz, Beyoglu, Eminonu, Esenler, Eyup, Fatih, Gaziosmanpasa, Gungoren, Kadikoy, Kagithane, Kartal, Kuçukçekmece, Maltepe, Pendik, Sariyer, Sisli, Tuzla, Umraniye, Uskudar and Zeytinburnu

Izmir

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1997 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Izmir includes Balçova, Bornova, Buca, Cigli, Gaziemir, Guzelbahce Karsiyaka, Konak and Narlidere (1950 and 1955 data for Izmir refer to city proper)

Konya

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1955, 1960, 1965, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Konya includes Karatay, Meram and Selçuklu.

Turkmenistan

Ashgabat (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 1995; Estimate for 1999.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Turks and Caicos Islands

Cockburn Town (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1975, 1980 and 1990; Estimate for 2006.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Tuvalu

Funafuti (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1979, 1985, 1991 and 2002.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Note: Data refer to the island of Funafuti.

Uganda

Kampala (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1969, 1980, 1991 and 2002; Estimate for 2009.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Ukraine

Dnipropetrovs'k, Donets'k and Kharkiv

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2001; Estimates for 2005 and 2009.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Kyiv (Kiev) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2001; Estimates for 2005 and 2009.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Krivoi Rog

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2001; Estimate for 2009.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Odesa and Zaporizhzhya

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989 and 2001; Estimates for 2005 and 2009.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

United Arab Emirates

Abu Zaby (Abu Dhabi) (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1975, 1980, 1985 and 1995; Estimates for 1960, 1968, 2006 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Dubayy (Dubai)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1975, 1980, 1985, 1995 and 2005; Estimates for 1950, 1960, 1968 and 2010.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Sharjah

Sources of data: Censuses of 1968, 1975, 1980, 1985 and 1995; Estimates for 1965 and 2006.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

United Kingdom

Birmingham, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle upon Tyne and West Yorkshire

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: The urban agglomeration of Birmingham (also known as the West Midlands urban area) consists of 10 urban divisions,

including Birmingham, Dudley, Oldbury/Smethwick, Solihull, Sutton Coldfield, Walsall, West Bromwich, and Wolverhampton.

London (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: The urban agglomeration of Birmingham (also known as the West Midlands urban area) consists of 10 urban divisions, including Birmingham, Dudley, Oldbury/Smethwick, Solihull, Sutton Coldfield, Walsall, West Bromwich, and Wolverhampton.

Glasgow

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1961, 1971, 1991 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: The urban agglomeration of Birmingham (also known as the West Midlands urban area) consists of 10 urban divisions, including Birmingham, Dudley, Oldbury/Smethwick, Solihull, Sutton Coldfield, Walsall, West Bromwich, and Wolverhampton.

United Republic of Tanzania

Dar es Salaam

Sources of data: Censuses of 1952, 1957, 1967, 1978, 1988 and 2002.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Dodoma (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1957, 1967, 1978, 1988 and 2002.

Statistical concept: City proper.

United States of America

Allentown-Bethlehem, El Paso, Omaha, Raleigh, Rochester

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Atlanta, Austin, Baltimore, Birmingham, Boston, Bridgeport-Stamford, Buffalo, Charlotte, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus (Ohio), Dallas-Fort Worth, Dayton, Denver-Aurora, Detroit, Hartford, Honolulu, Houston, Indianapolis, Jacksonville(Florida), Kansas City, Las Vegas, Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana,

Louisville, Memphis, Miami, Milwaukee, Minneapolis-St. Paul, Nashville-Davidson, New Orleans, New York-Newark, Virginia Beach, Oklahoma City, Orlando, Philadelphia, Phoenix-Mesa, Pittsburgh, Portland, Providence, Richmond, Riverside-San Bernardino, Sacramento, Salt Lake City, San Antonio, San Diego, San Francisco-Oakland, San Jose, Seattle, St. Louis, Tampa-St. Petersburg and Tucson

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data refer to the urbanized area (UA), that is, contiguous territory that meets minimum population density requirements. Each UA is named after the most populous place or places contained within it. The implementation of a revised definition of UA for the 2000 census led to changes in the boundaries of several UAs. In the present publication, the time series for affected UAs have been adjusted where possible for consistency with the 2000 census. Specifically, the UA of Baltimore is now defined to include the former Annapolis UA but no longer includes the separate Aberdeen-Havre de Grace-Bel Air UA; that of Boston now includes the former Brockton, Lawrence-Haverhill, Lowell, and Taunton UAs; that of Bridgeport-Stamford now includes the former Bridgeport-Milford, Stamford, and Norwalk UAs; that of Chicago now includes the former Aurora, Crystal Lake, Elgin, and Joliet UAs; that of Cincinnati now includes the former Hamilton UA; that of Hartford now includes the former Bristol and New Britain UAs; that of Kansas City no longer includes the Lee's Summit UA; that of Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana no longer includes the Mission Viejo and Santa Clarita UAs; that of Miami now includes the former Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach and West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach UAs; that of Oklahoma City no longer includes the Norman UA; that of Philadelphia now includes the former Wilmington UA and that portion of the Trenton UA that was in the state of Pennsylvania; that of Providence now includes the former Fall River and Newport UAs; that of Richmond now includes the former Petersburg UA; that of San Francisco-Oakland no longer includes the Concord, Livermore, and Vallejo UAs; that of San Jose no longer includes the Gilroy-Morgan Hill UA; that of Seattle now

includes the former Tacoma UA but no longer includes the Marysville UA; and the Virginia Beach UA, which was formerly called Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, no longer includes the Suffolk urban cluster.

McAllen

Sources of data: Censuses of 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Washington D.C. (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990 and 2000.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data refer to the urbanized area (UA), that is, contiguous territory that meets minimum population density requirements. Each UA is named after the most populous place or places contained within it. The implementation of a revised definition of UA for the 2000 census led to changes in the boundaries of several UAs. In the present publication, the time series for affected UAs have been adjusted where possible for consistency with the 2000 census. Specifically, the UA of Baltimore is now defined to include the former Annapolis UA but no longer includes the separate Aberdeen-Havre de Grace-Bel Air UA; that of Boston now includes the former Brockton, Lawrence-Haverhill, Lowell, and Taunton UAs; that of Bridgeport-Stamford now includes the former Bridgeport-Milford, Stamford, and Norwalk UAs; that of Chicago now includes the former Aurora, Crystal Lake, Elgin, and Joliet UAs; that of Cincinnati now includes the former Hamilton UA; that of Hartford now includes the former Bristol and New Britain UAs; that of Kansas City no longer includes the Lee's Summit UA; that of Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana no longer includes the Mission Viejo and Santa Clarita UAs; that of Miami now includes the former Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach and West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach UAs; that of Oklahoma City no longer includes the Norman UA; that of Philadelphia now includes the former Wilmington UA and that portion of the Trenton UA that was in the state of Pennsylvania; that of Providence now includes the former Fall River and Newport UAs; that of Richmond now includes the former Petersburg UA; that of San Francisco-Oakland no longer

includes the Concord, Livermore, and Vallejo UAs; that of San Jose no longer includes the Gilroy-Morgan Hill UA; that of Seattle now includes the former Tacoma UA but no longer includes the Marysville UA; and the Virginia Beach UA, which was formerly called Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, no longer includes the Suffolk urban cluster.

United States Virgin Islands

Charlotte Amalie (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1960 and 2000; UN Estimates for 1970, 1980 and 1990.

Statistical concept: Urban agglomeration.

Note: Data refer to the urban cluster, that is, contiguous territory that meets minimum population density requirements. Prior to 2000, only city proper data were published. For 1970, 1980 and 1990, it was assumed that the ratio of the population of the capital agglomeration to the total urban population was the same as in 2000. Data for 1950 and 1960 refer to city proper.

Uruguay

Montevideo (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1963, 1975, 1985 and 1996; UN Estimate for 2004.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Note: Corresponds to the metropolitan area of Montevideo including the urban population of surrounding localities.

Uzbekistan

Tashkent (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1959, 1970, 1979 and 1989; Estimates for 1991, 1997, 2000, 2001 and 2008.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Vanuatu

Port Vila (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1979, 1989 and 1999; Estimate for 1965.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

Barquisimeto

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1990 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Caracas (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1990 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Ciudad Guayana

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1990 and 2001.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Maracaibo, Maracay and Valencia

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1990 and 2001.

Statistical concept: Metropolitan area.

Viet Nam

Da Nang

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009; Estimate for 1970.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Hai Phòng

Sources of data: Censuses of 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Hà Nội (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009; Estimate for 1960.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Refers to urban population in the city districts. Data after 2008 include urban population in former Ha Tay Province.

Thành Phố Hồ Chí Minh (Ho Chi Minh City)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009; Estimate for 1960.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Can Tho

Sources of data: Censuses of 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009; Estimate for 1970.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Wallis and Futuna Islands

Matu-Utu (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1976, 1983, 1990, 1996 and 2003.

Statistical concept: Others.

Western Sahara

El Aaiún (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1960, 1970, 1982, 1994 and 2004; UN Estimates for 1950 and 1974.

Statistical concept: City proper.

Yemen

Adan (Aden)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1973, 1988, 1994 and 2004; Estimates for 1950, 1960 and 1975.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

Sana'a' (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1975, 1986, 1994 and 2004; Estimates for 1950 and 1960.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Note: Data for 1950, 1960 and 1975 refer to city proper. Data for 1986, 1994 and 2004 refer to urban agglomeration.

Zambia

Lusaka (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1950, 1963, 1969, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010.

Statistical concept: Urban Agglomeration.

Zimbabwe

Harare (capital)

Sources of data: Censuses of 1951, 1956, 1969, 1982, 1992 and 2002; Estimates for 1972, 1973 and 2009.

Statistical concept: City Proper.

REFERENCES

- David Satterthwaite (2007). *The transition to a predominantly urban world and its underpinnings*. International Institute for Environment and Development. Human Settlements Discussion Paper Series, 4 September 2007.
- Dilley, M, Chen, R.S., Deichmann, U., Lerner-Lam, A.L., Arnold, M., Agwe, J., Buys, P., Kjekstad, O., Lyon, B., and Yetman, G. (2005). *Natural Disaster Hotspots: A Global Risk Analysis*. Disaster Risk Management, Series No. 5-34423. Washington DC: The World Bank.
- Esri (2011). ArcGIS 10. (<http://www.esri.com/software/arcgis/>)
- Millennium Ecosystem Assessment (2003). *Ecosystems and Human Well-Being: A Framework for Assessment*. Washington, D.C.: Island Press.
- United Nations (1974). *Methods for the Projection of Urban and Rural Population*. Population Studies, No. 55 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.74.XIII.3).
- _____ (1967). *Principles and Recommendations for the 1970 Population Censuses* (United Nations publication, Sales No. 67.XVIII.3).
- _____ (1969). *Growth of the World's Urban and Rural Population, 1920-2000*. Population Studies No. 44 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.69.XIII.3).
- _____ (1980). *Patterns of Urban and Rural Population Growth*. Population Studies No. 68 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.XIII.9).
- _____ (2009a). *World Population Monitoring. Focusing on Population Distribution, Urbanization, Internal Migration and Development. A Concise Report*. New York, (ST/ESA/SER.A/284, Sales No. E.09.XII.3).
- _____ (2009b). *World Fertility Patterns 2009. Wall Chart*. (ST/ESA/SER.A/294, Sales No. E.09.XIII.12).
- _____ (2011a). *World Population Prospects: The 2010 Revision*, New York (Extended Dataset on CD-ROM, ST/ESA/SER.A/308, Sales No. 11.XIII.7).
- _____ (2011b). *World Population Prospects: The Revision 2010*. (United Nations publications ST/ESA/SER.A/313 and ST/ESA/SER.A/317)



Department of Economic and Social Affairs
POPULATION DIVISION

DATA IN DIGITAL FORM

The *2011 Revision of the World Urbanization Prospects*, prepared by the United Nations Population Division, provides a comprehensive and consistent set of urban and rural population data for the world's countries and areas, as well as for urban agglomerations with more than 750,000 inhabitants in 2011. The data referring to urban and rural areas cover the period 1950-2050 and those referring to urban agglomerations cover the period 1950-2025. Detailed results from the *2011 Revision* are available for purchase in two sets of files, distributed on a single CD-ROM.

The files are prepared in Excel 2003, which is compatible with all versions since Excel 5.0/95. The CD-ROM version launches a navigation interface upon insertion that provides direct access to the files.

In the data sets, figures for 1950-2011 are estimates and those for years beyond 2011 are projections. To the exception of a selected set of annual indicators, estimates and projections are presented for years that are multiples of five. The urban, rural and city data presented are consistent with the medium variant of the *2010 Revision of World Population Prospects*, the official United Nations population estimates and projections at the national level. A short description of each set of files is presented below; the list of file names and their contents are presented in detail in tables A and B on the following pages.

(1) Urban and rural areas: Ten files present estimates and projections of the population in urban and rural areas as well as associated indicators. The data are presented for 231 countries and areas individually and for 33 country aggregates, including the world as a whole, the more and the less developed regions, the major world areas and selected additional aggregates. The projected values cover the period 2011-2050. The files present information on: (1) urban and rural population and percentage urban in 2011; (2) the percentage of the population residing in urban areas; (3) the urban population by country; (4) the rural population by country; (5) the total population by country; (6) the average annual rate of change of the urban population; (7) the average annual rate of change of the rural population; (8) the average annual rate of

change of the total population; (9) the urbanization rate or average annual rate of change of the percentage urban, and (10) the average annual rate of change of the percentage rural. In addition to these data presented for five-year periods, annual time series are provided for the following five indicators: (10) the total population by country; (11) the urban population by country; (12) the rural population by country; (13) the percentage of the population residing in urban areas.

(2) Urban agglomerations: Eleven files present the estimates and projections of the population in urban agglomerations. The main set of files contains data only for urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011. In addition to the latitude and longitude coordinates for each area name, they cover the following indicators: (1) the total population of each urban agglomeration (also included as annual time series); (2) the average annual rate of change of the population of each urban agglomeration; (3) the percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration; (4) the percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration. Three more files provide data for specific sets of urban agglomerations. The first one presents the 30 largest urban agglomerations of the world ranked by population size over the period 1950-2025. The second provides 1950-2025 time series of the population of the 30 largest urban agglomerations in 2007. The third presents the population of the capital cities of each country for the year 2011. Lastly, four files (one per indicator and altogether) provide summary statistics for major areas, regions and countries (with a population of less than 100,000 in 2011) on the number of cities, the percentage of urban population and the urban population by size class of urban settlement.

The following citation should be used to indicate the source of any data derived from the data sets described above:

United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2012). *World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision*. CD-ROM Edition – Data in digital form (ST/ESA/SER.A/319).

World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision - CD-ROM Edition
Table A: Schematic Contents of Dataset on Urban and Rural Areas, 1950-2050
 ST/ESA/SER.A/31

All rights reserved.

File number	File name	Indicator presented	Units	Geographical coverage	Number of countries or areas	Type of indicator	Reference date	Time period covered	Table in World Urbanization Prospects
File 0	WUP2011-F00- Locations.xls	Location list with codes (numerical and ISO3), description, major area, region and development group.		All countries and areas	231				
Five-year Indicators									
File 1	WUP2011-F01- Total_Urban_Rural.xls	Total, urban and rural population and percentage urban	Thousands and Per cent	All countries and areas	231	Stock indicator	1 July 2011	2011	A.1
File 2	WUP2011-F02- Proportion_Urban.xls	Percentage of the population residing in urban areas	Per cent	All countries and areas	231	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, 1960, ... 2045, 2050	A.2
File 3	WUP2011-F03- Urban_Population.xls	Total population residing in urban areas	Thousands	All countries and areas	231	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, 1960, ... 2045, 2050	A.3
File 4	WUP2011-F04- Rural_Population.xls	Total population residing in rural areas	Thousands	All countries and areas	231	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, 1960, ... 2045, 2050	A.4
File 5	WUP2011-F05- Total_Population.xls	Total population	Thousands	All countries and areas	231	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, 1960, ... 2045, 2050	A.5
File 6	WUP2011-F06- Urban_Growth_Rate.xls	Average annual rate of change of the urban population	Per cent	All countries and areas	231	Period indicator	Average per year	1950-1955, 1955-1960, ... 2040-2045, 2045-2050	A.6
File 7	WUP2011-F07- Rural_Growth_Rate.xls	Average annual rate of change of the rural population	Per cent	All countries and areas	231	Period indicator	Average per year	1950-1955, 1955-1960, ... 2040-2045, 2045-2050	A.7

File number	File name	Indicator presented	Units	Geographical coverage	Number of countries or areas	Type of indicator	Reference date	Time period covered	Table in World Urbanization Prospects
File 8	WUP2011-F08-Total_Growth_Rate.xls	Average annual rate of change of the total population	Per cent	All countries and areas	231	Period indicator	Average per year	1950-1955, 1955-1960, ... 2040-2045, 2045-2050	A.8
File 9	WUP2011-F09-Urbanization_Rate.xls	Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban	Per cent	All countries and areas	231	Period indicator	Average per year	1950-1955, 1955-1960, ... 2040-2045, 2045-2050	A.9
File 10	WUP2011-F10-Rate_Proportion_Rural.xls	Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural	Per cent	All countries and areas	231	Period indicator	Average per year	1950-1955, 1955-1960, ... 2040-2045, 2045-2050	A.10
Annual Indicators									
File 18	WUP2011-F18-Total_Population_Annual.xls	Total population	Thousands	All countries and areas	231	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1951, 1952, ... 2049, 2050	
File 19	WUP2011-F19-Urban_Population_Annual.xls	Total population residing in urban areas	Thousands	All countries and areas	231	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1951, 1952, ... 2049, 2050	
File 20	WUP2011-F20-Rural_Population_Annual.xls	Total population residing in rural areas	Thousands	All countries and areas	231	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1951, 1952, ... 2049, 2050	
File 21	WUP2011-F21-Proportion_Urban_Annual.xls	Percentage of the population residing in urban areas	Per cent	All countries and areas	231	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1951, 1952, ... 2049, 2050	

Suggested citation: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2010). *World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision. CD-ROM Edition - Data in digital form* (POP/DB/WUP/Rev.2011).

World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision - CD-ROM Edition
Table B: Schematic Contents of Dataset on Urban Agglomerations, 1950-2025
 ST/ESA/SER.A/319
 All rights reserved.

File number	File name	Indicator presented	Units	Geographical coverage	Number of countries or areas	Type of indicator	Reference date	Time period covered	Table in World Urbanization Prospects
File 0	WUP2011-F00-Locations.xls	Location list with codes (numerical and ISO3), description, major area, region and development group.		All countries and areas	231				
Five-year Indicators									
File 11a	WUP2011-F11a-30_Largest_Cities.xls	Population of the 30 largest urban agglomerations ranked by population size at each point in time	Millions	The 30 most populous cities at each point in time	...	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, ..., 2020, 2025	A.11
File 11b	WUP2011-F11b-30_Largest_Cities_in_2011_by_time.xls	Time series of the population of the 30 largest urban agglomerations in 2011	Millions	The 30 most populous cities in 2011	...	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, ..., 2020, 2025	A.11
File 12	WUP2011-F12-Cities_Over_750K.xls	Population of each urban agglomeration	Thousands	All cities with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011	230	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, ..., 2020, 2025	A.12
File 14	WUP2011-F14-Growth_Rate_Cities.xls	Average annual rate of change of the population of each urban agglomeration	Per cent	All cities with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011	230	Stock indicator	Average per year	1950-1955, 1955-1960, ..., 2015-2020, 2020-2025	A.14
File 15	WUP2011-F15-Percentage_Urban_in_Cities.xls	Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration	Per cent	All cities with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011	230	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, ..., 2020, 2025	A.15

File number	File name	Indicator presented	Units	Geographical coverage	Number of countries or areas	Type of indicator	Reference date	Time period covered	Table in World Urbanization Prospects
File 16	WUP2011-F16-Percentage_Total_in_Cities.xls	Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration	Per cent	All cities with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011	230	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, ..., 2020, 2025	A.16
File 17a	WUP2011-F17a-City_Size_Class.xls	Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population by size class of urban settlement	Various	All countries and areas with 100,000 inhabitants or more in 2011	197	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, ..., 2020, 2025	A.17
File 17b	WUP2011-F17b-City_Size_Class-Number.xls	Number of cities classified by size class of urban settlement	Number of cities	All countries and areas with 100,000 inhabitants or more in 2011	197	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, ..., 2020, 2025	A.17
File 17c	WUP2011-F17c-City_Size_Class-Percentage.xls	Percentage of urban population in cities classified by size class of urban settlement	Per cent	All countries and areas with 100,000 inhabitants or more in 2011	197	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, ..., 2020, 2025	A.17
File 17d	WUP2011-F17d-City_Size_Class-Population.xls	Population in cities classified by size class of urban settlement	Thousands	All countries and areas with 100,000 inhabitants or more in 2011	197	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1955, ..., 2020, 2025	A.17
File 23	WUP2011-F23-City_Risk_Natural-Disasters.xls	Coastal status, Type of drylands ecosystem, Number of multi-Hazards, Risk decile by type of hazard (cyclone, drought, earthquake, flood, landslide, volcano)	Risk decile	All cities with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011	230	Stock indicator		About 1980-2000	A.18

File number	File name	Indicator presented	Units	Geographical coverage	Number of countries or areas	Type of indicator	Reference date	Time period covered	Table in World Urbanization Prospects
Annual Indicators									
File 13	WUP2011-F13-Capital_Cities.xls	Population of capital cities in 2011	Thousands	Capital cities	231	Stock indicator	1 July	2011	A.13
File 22	WUP2011-F22-Cities_Over_750K_Annual.xls	Population of each urban agglomeration	Thousands	All cities with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011	231	Stock indicator	1 July	1950, 1951, 1952,... 2024, 2025	

Suggested citation: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2012). *World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision. CD-ROM Edition - Data in digital form* Sales No. 12.XIII.5 (ST/ESA/SER.A/319).

UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

Department of Economic and Social Affairs
POPULATION DIVISION

**World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision
Data in Digital Form**

Copyright © United Nations 2012
All rights reserved

Date: _____

Order Form

Data set requested (please mark appropriate box with an "x")

Price in US\$

CD-ROM:

- World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision.*
CD-ROM Edition – Data in digital form (ST/ESA/SER.A/319).....\$200.-

SHIP TO:

Name:

Institution:

Address:

.....

Telephone: Fax No:

Email address:

For overnight or express mail delivery, please provide a billing account number:

Notes

1. Data contained in the above data sets are copyrighted by the United Nations. No portion of the data files contained on the CD-ROM can be reproduced, distributed or used to prepare derivative works or for any other purpose without the express permission of the United Nations, to be obtained from the Secretary of the United Nations Publications Board. For further information, please contact the Director, Population Division/DESA, United Nations (Room DC2-1950), New York, NY 10017, U.S.A. Telephone No. (1 212) 963-3179; Fax No. (1 212) 963-2147.

2. The order form should be accompanied by a cheque or an international money order in **US dollars drawn on a United States Bank** for the correct amount, payable to the UNITED NATIONS POPULATION DIVISION and mailed to: The Director, Population Division/DESA, United Nations, DC2-1950, New York, NY 10017, U.S.A.

Credit cards are not accepted.

ANNEX TABLES

Table A.1. Population of urban and rural areas at mid-year and percentage urban, 2011

Major area, region and country	Population (thousands)			
	Population in urban areas	Population in rural areas	Total	Percentage urban
WORLD	3 632 457	3 341 579	6 974 036	52.1
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)	964 240	276 140	1 240 380	77.7
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)	2 668 217	3 065 439	5 733 657	46.5
Least developed countries (c)	242 686	608 418	851 103	28.5
Other less developed countries (d)	2 425 532	2 457 022	4 882 553	49.7
Less developed regions, excluding China	1 962 022	2 393 128	4 355 151	45.1
Sub-Saharan Africa (e)	309 463	533 786	843 249	36.7
AFRICA	413 880	632 043	1 045 923	39.6
EASTERN AFRICA	81 172	261 679	342 850	23.7
Burundi	936	7 639	8 575	10.9
Comoros	211	543	754	28.0
Djibouti	698	208	906	77.1
Eritrea	1 155	4 260	5 415	21.3
Ethiopia	14 402	70 332	84 734	17.0
Kenya	9 973	31 637	41 610	24.0
Madagascar	6 941	14 374	21 315	32.6
Malawi	2 410	12 971	15 381	15.7
Mauritius (1)	546	761	1 307	41.8
Mayotte	105	105	211	50.1
Mozambique	7 463	16 467	23 930	31.2
Réunion	807	49	856	94.3
Rwanda	2 090	8 853	10 943	19.1
Seychelles	47	40	87	53.6
Somalia	3 607	5 950	9 557	37.7
South Sudan	1 860	8 455	10 314	18.0
Uganda	5 371	29 138	34 509	15.6
United Republic of Tanzania (2)	12 351	33 867	46 218	26.7
Zambia	5 276	8 199	13 475	39.2
Zimbabwe	4 924	7 830	12 754	38.6
MIDDLE AFRICA	53 881	76 101	129 981	41.5
Angola	11 613	8 006	19 618	59.2
Cameroon	10 435	9 596	20 030	52.1
Central African Republic	1 753	2 734	4 487	39.1
Chad	2 512	9 014	11 525	21.8
Congo	2 635	1 504	4 140	63.7
Democratic Republic of the Congo	23 221	44 537	67 758	34.3
Equatorial Guinea	284	436	720	39.5
Gabon	1 323	212	1 534	86.2
São Tomé and Príncipe	106	63	169	62.7
NORTHERN AFRICA	104 417	98 256	202 674	51.5
Algeria	26 250	9 730	35 980	73.0
Egypt	35 903	46 634	82 537	43.5
Libya	4 992	1 431	6 423	77.7
Morocco	18 406	13 867	32 273	57.0
Sudan	11 392	22 926	34 318	33.2
Tunisia	7 024	3 570	10 594	66.3
Western Sahara	450	99	548	82.0
SOUTHERN AFRICA	34 287	23 925	58 212	58.9
Botswana	1 252	779	2 031	61.7
Lesotho	605	1 589	2 194	27.6
Namibia	892	1 432	2 324	38.4
South Africa	31 282	19 178	50 460	62.0
Swaziland	256	948	1 203	21.2
WESTERN AFRICA	140 124	172 081	312 205	44.9
Benin	4 087	5 013	9 100	44.9
Burkina Faso	4 498	12 470	16 968	26.5
Cape Verde	314	187	501	62.6
Côte d'Ivoire	10 339	9 814	20 153	51.3
Gambia	1 017	759	1 776	57.3
Ghana	12 955	12 011	24 966	51.9
Guinea	3 622	6 600	10 222	35.4
Guinea-Bissau	680	868	1 547	43.9

Table A.1. Population of urban and rural areas at mid-year (continued)

Major area, region and country	Population (thousands)			
	Population in urban areas	Population in rural areas	Total	Percentage urban
Liberia	1 989	2 140	4 129	48.2
Mali	5 532	10 308	15 840	34.9
Mauritania	1 469	2 073	3 542	41.5
Niger	2 866	13 203	16 069	17.8
Nigeria	80 635	81 836	162 471	49.6
Saint Helena (3)	2	2	4	39.5
Senegal	5 430	7 338	12 768	42.5
Sierra Leone	2 353	3 645	5 997	39.2
Togo	2 339	3 815	6 155	38.0
ASIA	1 895 307	2 312 140	4 207 448	45.0
EASTERN ASIA	878 586	702 059	1 580 646	55.6
China (4)	681 508	666 058	1 347 565	50.6
China, Hong Kong SAR (5)	7 122	—	7 122	100.0
China, Macao SAR (6)	556	—	556	100.0
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	14 748	9 703	24 451	60.3
Japan	115 453	11 044	126 497	91.3
Mongolia	1 919	881	2 800	68.5
Republic of Korea	40 271	8 120	48 391	83.2
Other non-specified areas	17 010	6 253	23 263	73.1
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)	587 945	1 201 974	1 789 919	32.8
CENTRAL ASIA	24 974	36 467	61 442	40.6
Kazakhstan	8 684	7 523	16 207	53.6
Kyrgyzstan	1 906	3 487	5 393	35.3
Tajikistan	1 850	5 127	6 977	26.5
Turkmenistan	2 487	2 618	5 105	48.7
Uzbekistan	10 047	17 713	27 760	36.2
SOUTHERN ASIA	562 971	1 165 507	1 728 477	32.6
Afghanistan	7 613	24 746	32 358	23.5
Bangladesh	42 698	107 795	150 494	28.4
Bhutan	263	476	738	35.6
India	388 286	853 206	1 241 492	31.3
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	51 661	23 137	74 799	69.1
Maldives	132	188	320	41.2
Nepal	5 176	25 309	30 486	17.0
Pakistan	63 967	112 778	176 745	36.2
Sri Lanka	3 175	17 871	21 045	15.1
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA	268 064	331 961	600 025	44.7
Brunei Darussalam	308	98	406	76.0
Cambodia	2 857	11 448	14 305	20.0
Indonesia	122 885	119 441	242 326	50.7
Lao People's Democratic Republic	2 154	4 134	6 288	34.3
Malaysia (8)	20 999	7 860	28 859	72.8
Myanmar	15 778	32 558	48 337	32.6
Philippines	46 326	48 526	94 852	48.8
Singapore	5 188	—	5 188	100.0
Thailand	23 689	45 829	69 519	34.1
Timor-Leste	327	827	1 154	28.3
Viet Nam	27 553	61 239	88 792	31.0
WESTERN ASIA	160 711	76 146	236 858	67.9
Armenia	1 987	1 114	3 100	64.1
Azerbaijan (9)	4 990	4 316	9 306	53.6
Bahrain	1 174	150	1 324	88.7
Cyprus (10)	787	329	1 117	70.5
Georgia (11)	2 287	2 042	4 329	52.8
Iraq	21 712	10 953	32 665	66.5
Israel	6 948	614	7 562	91.9
Jordan	5 237	1 094	6 330	82.7
Kuwait	2 769	49	2 818	98.3
Lebanon	3 716	543	4 259	87.2
Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)	3 087	1 065	4 152	74.4
Oman	2 090	756	2 846	73.4
Qatar	1 848	22	1 870	98.8
Saudi Arabia	23 111	4 971	28 083	82.3

Table A.1. Population of urban and rural areas at mid-year (continued)

Major area, region and country	Population (thousands)			
	Population in urban areas	Population in rural areas	Total	Percentage urban
Syrian Arab Republic	11 642	9 124	20 766	56.1
Turkey	52 656	20 984	73 640	71.5
United Arab Emirates	6 657	1 234	7 891	84.4
Yemen	8 014	16 785	24 800	32.3
EUROPE	539 010	200 289	739 299	72.9
EASTERN EUROPE	203 146	91 137	294 284	69.0
Belarus	7 174	2 386	9 559	75.0
Bulgaria	5 445	2 001	7 446	73.1
Czech Republic	7 734	2 800	10 534	73.4
Hungary	6 922	3 044	9 966	69.5
Poland	23 307	14 992	38 299	60.9
Republic of Moldova (13)	1 690	1 855	3 545	47.7
Romania	11 318	10 118	21 436	52.8
Russian Federation	105 438	37 397	142 836	73.8
Slovakia	2 995	2 477	5 472	54.7
Ukraine	31 124	14 066	45 190	68.9
NORTHERN EUROPE	78 903	20 865	99 768	79.1
Channel Islands (14)	48	106	154	31.2
Denmark	4 845	728	5 573	86.9
Estonia	932	409	1 341	69.5
Faeroe Islands	20	29	49	41.1
Finland (15)	4 506	878	5 385	83.7
Iceland	304	20	324	93.7
Ireland	2 815	1 711	4 526	62.2
Isle of Man	42	41	83	50.5
Latvia	1 518	725	2 243	67.7
Lithuania	2 219	1 088	3 307	67.1
Norway (16)	3 910	1 015	4 925	79.4
Sweden	8 044	1 396	9 441	85.2
United Kingdom	49 700	12 718	62 417	79.6
SOUTHERN EUROPE	105 849	49 989	155 838	67.9
Albania	1 718	1 498	3 216	53.4
Andorra	75	11	86	87.3
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1 811	1 942	3 752	48.3
Croatia	2 541	1 855	4 396	57.8
Gibraltar	29	—	29	100.0
Greece	6 998	4 392	11 390	61.4
Holy See (17)	0	—	0	100.0
Italy	41 566	19 222	60 789	68.4
Malta	396	22	418	94.8
Montenegro	400	232	632	63.3
Portugal	6 527	4 162	10 690	61.1
San Marino	30	2	32	94.1
Serbia (18)	5 555	4 299	9 854	56.4
Slovenia	1 015	1 020	2 035	49.9
Spain (19)	35 964	10 491	46 455	77.4
TFYR Macedonia (20)	1 223	840	2 064	59.3
WESTERN EUROPE	151 112	38 298	189 410	79.8
Austria	5 692	2 721	8 413	67.7
Belgium	10 484	270	10 754	97.5
France	54 175	8 951	63 126	85.8
Germany	60 742	21 420	82 163	73.9
Liechtenstein	5	31	36	14.4
Luxembourg	441	75	516	85.4
Monaco	35	—	35	100.0
Netherlands	13 862	2 803	16 665	83.2
Switzerland	5 675	2 026	7 702	73.7
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN	472 175	124 454	596 629	79.1
CARIBBEAN	28 106	13 823	41 930	67.0
Anguilla	16	—	16	100.0
Antigua and Barbuda	27	63	90	29.8
Aruba	51	57	108	46.8

Table A.1. Population of urban and rural areas at mid-year (continued)

Major area, region and country	Population (thousands)			
	Population in urban areas	Population in rural areas	Total	Percentage urban
Bahamas	293	55	347	84.3
Barbados	122	152	274	44.4
British Virgin Islands	10	14	23	40.6
Cayman Islands	57	—	57	100.0
Cuba	8 459	2 795	11 254	75.2
Dominica	45	22	68	67.1
Dominican Republic	7 007	3 049	10 056	69.7
Grenada	41	64	105	39.1
Guadeloupe (21)	456	7	463	98.4
Haiti	5 409	4 715	10 124	53.4
Jamaica	1 432	1 320	2 751	52.0
Martinique	362	45	407	89.0
Montserrat	1	5	6	14.2
Netherlands Antilles (22)	189	13	203	93.4
Puerto Rico	3 704	41	3 746	98.9
Saint Kitts and Nevis	17	36	53	32.0
Saint Lucia	31	145	176	17.5
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	54	55	109	49.3
Trinidad and Tobago	185	1 162	1 346	13.7
Turks and Caicos Islands	37	2	39	93.8
United States Virgin Islands	104	5	109	95.5
CENTRAL AMERICA	114 361	43 657	158 018	72.4
Belize	142	176	318	44.7
Costa Rica	3 056	1 670	4 727	64.7
El Salvador	4 034	2 193	6 227	64.8
Guatemala	7 345	7 412	14 757	49.8
Honduras	4 045	3 710	7 755	52.2
Mexico	89 673	25 120	114 793	78.1
Nicaragua	3 378	2 492	5 870	57.5
Panama	2 688	883	3 571	75.3
SOUTH AMERICA	329 707	66 974	396 681	83.1
Argentina	37 712	3 053	40 765	92.5
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	6 741	3 347	10 088	66.8
Brazil	166 414	30 241	196 655	84.6
Chile	15 399	1 871	17 270	89.2
Colombia	35 336	11 592	46 927	75.3
Ecuador	9 894	4 773	14 666	67.5
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	2	1	3	74.1
French Guiana	181	56	237	76.4
Guyana	214	542	756	28.4
Paraguay	4 067	2 501	6 568	61.9
Peru	22 715	6 685	29 400	77.3
Suriname	369	160	529	69.7
Uruguay	3 128	252	3 380	92.6
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	27 534	1 903	29 437	93.5
NORTHERN AMERICA	285 805	61 758	347 563	82.2
Bermuda	65	—	65	100.0
Canada	27 704	6 645	34 350	80.7
Greenland	49	9	57	84.7
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	5	1	6	90.7
United States of America	257 982	55 103	313 085	82.4
OCEANIA	26 280	10 895	37 175	70.7
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND	23 972	3 049	27 020	88.7
Australia (23)	20 165	2 441	22 606	89.2
New Zealand	3 807	608	4 415	86.2
MELANESIA	1 659	7 276	8 935	18.6
Fiji	454	415	868	52.2
New Caledonia	157	98	255	61.7
Papua New Guinea	874	6 140	7 014	12.5
Solomon Islands	113	439	552	20.5
Vanuatu	61	184	246	24.9

Table A.1. Population of urban and rural areas at mid-year (continued)

Major area, region and country	Population (thousands)			
	Population in urban areas	Population in rural areas	Total	Percentage urban
MICRONESIA	362	179	542	66.9
Guam	170	12	182	93.2
Kiribati	44	57	101	43.9
Marshall Islands	39	15	55	71.8
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	25	86	112	22.6
Nauru	10	—	10	100.0
Northern Mariana Islands	56	5	61	91.5
Palau	17	3	21	84.2
POLYNESIA (24)	287	391	678	42.3
American Samoa	65	5	70	93.2
Cook Islands	15	5	20	73.5
French Polynesia	141	133	274	51.4
Niue	1	1	1	37.9
Samoa	37	147	184	19.9
Tokelau	—	1	1	—
Tonga	25	80	105	23.4
Tuvalu	5	5	10	50.6
Wallis and Futuna Islands	—	13	13	—

a More developed regions comprise Europe, Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan.

b Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), Latin America and the Caribbean plus Melanesia, Micronesia

c The least developed countries are 49 countries, 33 in Africa, 10 in Asia, 5 in Oceania plus one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

d Other less developed countries comprise the less developed regions excluding the least developed countries.

e Sub-Saharan Africa refers to all of Africa except Northern Africa.

1 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

2 Including Zanzibar

3 Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

8 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

9 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

10 Including Northern-Cyprus.

11 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

12 Including East Jerusalem.

13 Including Transnistria.

14 Refers to Guernsey and Jersey.

15 Including Åland Islands.

16 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

17 Refers to the Vatican City State.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

21 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

22 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

23 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

24 Including Pitcairn.

**Table A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas
by major area, region and country, 1950-2050**

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Percentage urban										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
WORLD	29.4	31.4	33.6	35.5	36.6	37.7	39.4	41.2	43.0	44.8	46.7
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)	54.5	57.7	60.9	63.9	66.6	68.7	70.1	71.3	72.3	73.2	74.1
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)	17.6	19.6	21.8	24.0	25.3	27.0	29.5	32.3	34.9	37.5	40.1
Least developed countries (c)	7.4	8.4	9.5	11.1	13.0	14.7	17.2	19.0	21.0	22.7	24.3
Other less developed countries (d)	19.0	21.1	23.4	25.7	27.0	28.6	31.1	34.1	36.9	39.7	42.5
Less developed regions, excluding China	20.3	22.2	24.2	26.4	28.6	31.0	33.5	35.7	37.9	39.6	41.2
Sub-Saharan Africa (e)	11.2	12.8	14.9	17.3	19.5	21.7	23.9	25.9	28.2	30.3	32.2
AFRICA	14.4	16.2	18.6	21.2	23.5	25.6	27.8	29.8	32.0	33.9	35.6
EASTERN AFRICA	5.5	6.4	7.4	8.8	10.4	12.3	14.5	16.0	17.7	19.4	20.6
Burundi	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	3.2	4.3	5.2	6.3	7.2	8.2
Comoros	6.6	9.2	12.6	17.0	19.4	21.2	23.2	25.5	27.9	28.3	28.1
Djibouti	39.8	45.0	50.3	56.1	61.8	67.1	72.1	74.6	75.7	76.3	76.5
Eritrea	7.1	8.3	9.8	11.4	12.6	13.5	14.4	15.2	15.8	16.6	17.6
Ethiopia	4.6	5.4	6.4	7.6	8.6	9.5	10.4	11.5	12.6	13.8	14.7
Kenya	5.6	6.4	7.4	8.6	10.3	12.9	15.6	16.1	16.7	18.3	19.9
Madagascar	7.8	9.1	10.6	12.4	14.1	16.3	18.5	20.9	23.6	25.8	27.1
Malawi	3.5	3.9	4.4	4.9	6.1	7.7	9.1	10.2	11.6	13.3	14.6
Mauritius (1)	29.3	30.9	33.2	37.0	42.0	43.4	42.4	42.3	43.9	43.3	42.7
Mayotte	8.5	11.9	16.3	22.0	25.1	27.5	30.1	33.0	36.1	41.5	47.7
Mozambique	2.4	3.0	3.7	4.6	5.8	8.7	13.1	16.7	21.1	26.2	29.1
Réunion	23.5	27.9	32.8	38.2	41.7	44.5	53.5	67.9	81.2	86.1	89.9
Rwanda	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.2	4.0	4.7	5.1	5.4	8.3	13.8
Seychelles	27.4	27.5	27.7	33.1	39.1	46.3	49.4	49.3	49.3	49.6	50.4
Somalia	12.7	14.9	17.3	20.0	22.7	25.5	26.8	28.1	29.7	31.4	33.2
South Sudan	8.9	8.8	8.7	8.7	8.6	8.6	8.5	9.8	13.3	15.9	16.5
Uganda	2.8	3.5	4.4	5.5	6.7	7.0	7.5	9.2	11.1	11.7	12.1
United Republic of Tanzania (2)	3.5	4.4	5.2	6.0	7.9	11.1	14.6	16.8	18.9	20.5	22.3
Zambia	11.5	14.5	18.1	23.4	30.4	34.9	39.8	39.7	39.4	37.1	34.8
Zimbabwe	10.6	11.6	12.6	14.6	17.4	19.9	22.4	25.4	29.0	31.7	33.8
MIDDLE AFRICA	14.0	15.8	17.7	21.0	24.9	27.1	29.0	30.7	32.4	34.2	36.2
Angola	7.6	8.9	10.4	12.5	15.0	19.1	24.3	30.3	37.1	44.0	49.0
Cameroon	9.3	11.4	13.9	16.9	20.3	27.3	31.9	36.2	39.7	42.6	45.5
Central African Republic	14.4	17.1	20.1	23.5	27.3	32.0	33.9	35.5	36.8	37.2	37.6
Chad	4.5	5.5	6.7	8.4	11.6	15.6	18.8	19.8	20.8	21.4	21.5
Congo	24.9	28.1	31.6	35.3	39.1	43.3	47.9	52.2	54.3	56.4	58.7
Democratic Republic of the Congo	19.1	20.7	22.3	26.1	30.3	29.5	28.7	28.0	27.7	28.2	29.3
Equatorial Guinea	15.5	20.4	25.5	26.5	27.0	27.4	27.9	29.9	34.7	38.8	38.8
Gabon	11.4	14.1	17.4	23.8	32.0	43.0	54.7	62.4	69.1	75.4	80.1
Sao Tome and Principe	13.5	14.7	16.1	21.8	29.5	31.6	33.5	38.0	43.6	48.6	53.4
NORTHERN AFRICA	25.8	28.5	31.3	34.8	37.2	39.3	41.2	43.4	45.6	47.2	48.4
Algeria	22.2	26.1	30.5	37.6	39.5	40.3	43.5	48.0	52.1	56.0	60.8
Egypt	31.9	34.8	37.9	40.7	42.2	43.5	43.9	43.9	43.5	42.8	42.8
Libya	19.5	23.2	27.3	33.7	49.7	62.8	70.1	75.5	75.7	76.0	76.3
Morocco	26.2	27.7	29.4	31.9	34.5	37.7	41.2	44.8	48.4	51.7	53.3
Sudan	6.8	8.6	10.7	13.4	16.5	18.9	20.0	22.9	28.6	32.2	32.5
Tunisia	32.3	35.2	37.5	39.7	43.5	47.6	50.6	53.8	57.9	61.5	63.4
Western Sahara	31.0	31.1	31.2	36.2	42.1	60.6	77.4	84.2	86.2	87.2	83.9
SOUTHERN AFRICA	37.7	39.8	42.0	42.9	43.7	44.2	44.7	45.9	48.8	51.4	53.7
Botswana	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.8	7.8	11.9	16.5	26.7	41.9	49.0	53.2
Lesotho	1.4	1.9	3.4	6.3	8.6	10.8	11.5	11.8	14.0	17.0	20.0
Namibia	13.4	15.5	17.9	20.0	22.3	23.7	25.1	26.4	27.7	29.8	32.4
South Africa	42.2	44.4	46.6	47.2	47.8	48.1	48.4	49.4	52.0	54.5	56.9
Swaziland	1.8	2.4	3.9	6.5	9.7	14.0	17.8	21.8	22.9	23.0	22.6
WESTERN AFRICA	9.7	11.8	15.1	18.5	21.3	24.1	27.1	30.1	33.2	35.7	38.5
Benin	5.0	6.8	9.3	12.5	16.7	21.9	27.3	30.8	34.5	36.8	38.3
Burkina Faso	3.8	4.2	4.7	5.2	5.7	6.3	8.8	12.3	13.8	15.1	17.8
Cape Verde	14.2	15.4	16.7	18.1	19.6	21.4	23.5	31.5	44.1	48.8	53.4
Côte d'Ivoire	10.0	13.1	17.7	24.5	28.2	32.2	36.8	37.9	39.3	41.2	43.5
Gambia	10.3	11.2	12.1	14.5	19.5	24.4	28.4	33.0	38.3	43.8	48.8
Ghana	15.4	19.1	23.3	26.1	29.0	30.1	31.2	32.9	36.4	40.1	44.0
Guinea	6.7	8.4	10.5	13.0	16.0	19.5	23.6	26.6	28.0	29.5	31.0
Guinea-Bissau	10.0	11.7	13.6	14.3	15.1	16.0	17.6	22.4	28.1	32.3	35.9

Table A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Percentage urban										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
49.1	51.6	53.9	56.0	58.0	59.9	61.7	63.5	65.3	67.2	WORLD
75.9	77.5	78.8	80.0	81.1	82.1	83.1	84.1	85.0	85.9	MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)
43.0	46.0	48.7	51.3	53.6	55.8	57.9	60.0	62.0	64.1	LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)
26.1	28.1	30.3	32.7	35.2	38.0	40.8	43.8	46.8	49.8	Least developed countries (c)
45.8	49.0	52.1	54.9	57.4	59.7	61.8	63.9	66.0	68.0	Other less developed countries (d)
										Less developed regions, excluding China
42.9	44.7	46.5	48.3	50.3	52.4	54.6	56.9	59.1	61.4	
34.2	36.3	38.4	40.7	43.2	45.7	48.3	51.0	53.8	56.5	Sub-Saharan Africa (e)
37.3	39.2	41.1	43.2	45.3	47.7	50.1	52.6	55.1	57.7	AFRICA
21.9	23.3	25.2	27.3	29.7	32.4	35.3	38.3	41.5	44.7	EASTERN AFRICA
9.4	10.6	12.1	13.7	15.5	17.5	19.8	22.3	25.0	27.9	Burundi
27.9	28.0	28.5	29.4	30.7	32.4	34.3	36.2	38.1	40.1	Comoros
76.8	77.0	77.4	78.0	78.8	79.8	81.0	82.1	83.2	84.2	Djibouti
19.1	20.9	23.2	25.8	28.6	31.5	34.6	37.8	41.1	44.5	Eritrea
15.7	16.8	18.1	19.7	21.6	23.9	26.6	29.4	32.4	35.5	Ethiopia
21.7	23.6	25.6	27.9	30.4	33.2	36.1	39.3	42.5	45.7	Kenya
28.8	31.9	35.1	38.3	41.6	44.7	47.8	51.0	54.1	57.2	Madagascar
15.1	15.5	16.3	17.4	18.9	20.8	23.2	25.8	28.6	31.5	Malawi
42.2	41.8	41.9	42.5	43.6	45.3	47.2	49.2	51.2	53.2	Mauritius (1)
50.2	50.1	50.3	51.0	52.1	53.7	55.6	57.5	59.4	61.3	Mayotte
30.0	31.0	32.2	33.9	36.0	38.6	41.5	44.4	47.4	50.5	Mozambique
92.4	94.0	95.1	95.7	96.0	96.4	96.6	96.9	97.2	97.4	Réunion
17.5	18.8	20.4	22.2	24.4	27.0	29.8	32.8	35.9	39.2	Rwanda
51.6	53.2	55.2	57.1	59.0	60.9	62.8	64.6	66.4	68.2	Seychelles
35.2	37.3	39.6	42.2	45.0	48.0	51.0	53.9	56.9	59.8	Somalia
17.2	17.9	18.8	20.2	21.9	24.0	26.6	29.4	32.3	35.4	South Sudan
13.2	15.2	17.3	19.6	22.0	24.7	27.5	30.5	33.6	36.9	Uganda
24.2	26.3	28.6	31.2	34.0	37.0	40.1	43.4	46.6	50.0	United Republic of Tanzania (2)
36.6	38.7	40.9	43.3	45.8	48.4	51.2	54.0	56.8	59.5	Zambia
35.9	38.1	40.6	43.2	46.0	49.0	51.9	54.8	57.7	60.6	Zimbabwe
38.4	40.9	43.5	46.1	48.6	51.2	53.7	56.3	58.9	61.5	MIDDLE AFRICA
53.9	58.4	62.2	65.4	68.0	70.2	72.3	74.3	76.2	78.0	Angola
48.5	51.5	54.4	57.1	59.7	62.2	64.5	66.8	69.1	71.2	Cameroon
38.1	38.8	40.1	41.9	44.1	46.8	49.6	52.4	55.1	57.9	Central African Republic
21.6	21.7	22.2	23.1	24.5	26.5	29.1	31.9	34.8	37.8	Chad
61.0	63.2	65.4	67.4	69.3	71.1	72.8	74.5	76.1	77.6	Congo
31.2	33.7	36.5	39.3	42.3	45.2	48.3	51.3	54.3	57.3	Democratic Republic of the Congo
38.9	39.3	40.2	41.5	43.2	45.2	47.3	49.3	51.3	53.3	Equatorial Guinea
83.5	85.8	87.4	88.4	89.2	90.0	90.8	91.5	92.1	92.7	Gabon
58.0	62.0	65.3	68.0	70.1	71.9	73.6	75.2	76.7	78.2	Sao Tome and Principe
49.8	51.2	52.6	54.1	55.7	57.5	59.4	61.4	63.4	65.3	NORTHERN AFRICA
66.7	72.0	76.2	79.4	81.7	83.3	84.4	85.5	86.4	87.4	Algeria
43.0	43.4	44.2	45.5	47.3	49.6	52.3	54.9	57.4	60.0	Egypt
76.9	77.6	78.4	79.4	80.5	81.5	82.4	83.3	84.2	85.1	Libya
55.0	56.7	58.5	60.4	62.5	64.6	66.7	68.7	70.6	72.5	Morocco
32.8	33.1	33.8	35.1	36.9	39.2	42.1	44.9	47.9	50.8	Sudan
65.1	66.1	67.2	68.4	69.8	71.2	72.8	74.3	75.8	77.2	Tunisia
80.8	81.8	82.8	83.8	84.8	85.7	86.6	87.5	88.3	89.0	Western Sahara
56.2	58.5	60.6	62.7	64.7	66.7	68.6	70.5	72.3	74.0	SOUTHERN AFRICA
57.3	61.0	64.2	66.9	69.2	71.2	73.2	75.0	76.8	78.5	Botswana
23.3	26.8	30.5	34.1	37.6	41.0	44.3	47.6	51.0	54.4	Lesotho
35.0	37.8	40.7	43.6	46.6	49.6	52.7	55.7	58.6	61.5	Namibia
59.3	61.5	63.8	65.9	67.9	69.8	71.7	73.5	75.2	76.8	South Africa
21.9	21.3	21.1	21.4	22.1	23.3	24.8	26.4	28.0	29.7	Swaziland
41.4	44.3	47.1	49.9	52.7	55.4	58.1	60.7	63.2	65.7	WESTERN AFRICA
41.0	44.3	47.5	50.7	53.7	56.5	59.2	61.7	64.2	66.7	Benin
21.5	25.7	29.9	34.0	37.9	41.5	44.9	48.3	51.8	55.2	Burkina Faso
57.7	61.8	65.6	68.7	71.3	73.4	75.1	76.6	78.1	79.5	Cape Verde
46.8	50.6	54.2	57.5	60.5	63.1	65.5	67.8	70.0	72.1	Côte d'Ivoire
53.1	56.7	59.4	61.6	63.7	65.8	67.7	69.7	71.5	73.3	Gambia
47.7	51.2	54.5	57.5	60.2	62.8	65.3	67.7	70.1	72.3	Ghana
32.8	35.0	37.4	40.2	43.2	46.2	49.3	52.4	55.4	58.4	Guinea
39.5	43.2	46.6	49.7	52.4	54.7	56.8	58.9	61.0	63.1	Guinea-Bissau

Table A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Percentage urban										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Liberia	13.0	15.6	18.6	22.1	26.0	30.4	35.2	39.3	40.9	42.6	44.3
Mali	8.5	9.7	11.1	12.6	14.3	16.2	18.5	21.0	23.3	25.5	28.1
Mauritania	3.1	4.6	6.9	10.1	14.6	20.6	27.4	35.0	39.7	39.8	40.0
Niger	4.9	5.3	5.8	6.8	8.8	11.4	13.4	14.5	15.4	15.8	16.2
Nigeria	10.2	12.3	16.2	20.1	22.7	25.5	28.6	31.8	35.3	38.8	42.4
Saint Helena (3)	51.4	50.3	49.2	48.1	46.4	44.5	43.8	43.5	42.6	41.3	40.4
Senegal	17.2	20.0	23.0	26.4	30.0	33.7	35.8	37.5	38.9	39.6	40.3
Sierra Leone	12.6	14.9	17.4	20.2	23.4	26.8	29.1	31.6	33.0	34.4	35.8
Togo	4.4	6.7	10.1	15.0	21.3	22.9	24.7	26.6	28.6	30.7	32.9
ASIA	17.5	19.2	21.1	22.9	23.7	25.0	27.1	29.8	32.3	34.8	37.4
EASTERN ASIA	17.8	20.2	22.8	25.0	25.0	25.5	27.5	30.8	34.0	37.8	42.0
China (4)	11.8	13.9	16.2	18.1	17.4	17.4	19.4	22.9	26.4	31.0	35.9
China, Hong Kong SAR (5)	85.2	85.2	85.2	86.4	87.7	89.7	91.5	92.9	99.5	100.0	100.0
China, Macao SAR (6)	96.9	96.2	95.3	96.2	97.0	97.9	98.5	99.4	99.8	99.9	100.0
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	31.0	35.5	40.2	45.1	54.2	56.7	56.9	57.6	58.4	59.0	59.4
Japan	53.4	58.4	63.3	67.9	71.9	75.7	76.2	76.7	77.3	78.0	78.6
Mongolia	20.0	26.6	35.7	42.1	45.1	48.7	52.1	55.0	57.0	56.8	57.1
Republic of Korea	21.4	24.4	27.7	32.4	40.7	48.0	56.7	64.9	73.8	78.2	79.6
Other non-specified areas	21.6	23.9	26.4	29.2	34.4	40.4	49.1	57.9	66.3	68.4	69.9
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)	16.6	17.4	18.2	19.3	20.5	22.3	24.4	25.9	27.2	28.3	29.4
CENTRAL ASIA	32.7	35.9	38.9	40.9	42.9	44.3	45.2	45.4	44.7	42.9	41.7
Kazakhstan	36.4	40.4	44.2	47.0	50.2	52.6	54.1	56.0	56.3	55.9	55.7
Kyrgyzstan	26.5	30.6	34.2	35.9	37.5	38.2	38.6	38.4	37.8	36.3	35.3
Tajikistan	29.4	31.2	33.2	35.2	36.9	35.5	34.3	33.2	31.7	28.9	26.5
Turkmenistan	45.0	45.7	46.4	47.1	47.8	47.6	47.1	46.0	45.1	44.8	45.9
Uzbekistan	28.9	31.6	34.0	35.3	36.7	39.1	40.8	40.7	40.2	38.4	37.4
SOUTHERN ASIA	16.0	16.7	17.3	18.3	19.5	21.3	23.4	25.0	26.5	27.7	29.0
Afghanistan	5.8	6.8	8.0	9.4	11.0	13.3	15.7	16.9	18.2	19.3	20.6
Bangladesh	4.3	4.7	5.1	6.2	7.6	9.8	14.9	17.5	19.8	21.7	23.6
Bhutan	2.1	2.8	3.6	4.7	6.1	7.9	10.1	12.9	16.4	20.5	25.4
India	17.0	17.6	17.9	18.8	19.8	21.3	23.1	24.3	25.5	26.6	27.7
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	27.5	30.6	33.7	37.1	41.2	45.7	49.7	53.4	56.3	60.2	64.0
Maldives	10.6	10.9	11.2	11.5	11.9	17.3	22.3	25.5	25.8	25.6	27.7
Nepal	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.7	4.0	4.8	6.1	7.4	8.9	10.9	13.4
Pakistan	17.5	19.7	22.1	23.5	24.8	26.3	28.1	29.3	30.6	31.8	33.1
Sri Lanka	15.3	15.6	16.4	17.6	19.5	19.5	18.8	18.0	17.2	16.4	15.7
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA	15.4	16.9	18.5	19.9	21.4	23.2	25.5	28.4	31.6	34.5	38.2
Brunei Darussalam	26.8	34.6	43.4	52.6	61.7	62.0	59.9	62.3	65.8	68.6	71.2
Cambodia	10.2	10.2	10.3	10.8	16.0	4.4	9.0	13.9	15.5	17.3	18.6
Indonesia	12.4	13.5	14.6	15.8	17.1	19.3	22.1	26.1	30.6	35.6	42.0
Lao People's Democratic Republic	7.2	7.6	7.9	8.3	9.6	11.1	12.4	13.8	15.4	17.4	22.0
Malaysia (8)	20.4	23.4	26.6	29.9	33.5	37.7	42.0	45.9	49.8	55.7	62.0
Myanmar	16.2	17.6	19.2	21.0	22.8	23.9	24.0	24.1	24.6	25.6	27.2
Philippines	27.1	28.7	30.3	31.6	33.0	35.6	37.5	43.0	48.6	48.3	48.0
Singapore	99.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Thailand	16.5	18.0	19.7	20.2	20.9	23.8	26.8	28.1	29.4	30.3	31.1
Timor-Leste	9.9	10.0	10.1	11.4	12.9	14.6	16.5	18.6	20.8	22.5	24.3
Viet Nam	11.6	13.1	14.7	16.4	18.3	18.8	19.2	19.6	20.3	22.2	24.4
WESTERN ASIA	28.8	32.6	36.4	40.4	44.8	49.0	52.2	57.4	61.1	62.5	63.8
Armenia	40.3	46.0	51.3	55.6	59.9	63.6	66.1	67.1	67.4	66.1	64.7
Azerbaijan (9)	45.7	50.0	52.7	51.2	50.0	51.9	52.8	53.5	53.7	52.2	51.4
Bahrain	64.4	75.5	82.3	82.5	83.8	85.0	86.1	87.2	88.1	88.4	88.4
Cyprus (10)	28.4	32.3	35.6	38.2	40.8	47.3	58.6	64.7	66.8	68.0	68.6
Georgia (11)	36.9	40.1	43.1	45.5	48.0	50.3	52.5	54.2	55.0	53.8	52.6
Iraq	35.1	37.6	42.9	50.7	56.2	61.4	65.5	68.8	69.7	68.8	67.8
Israel	71.0	71.0	76.8	80.9	84.2	86.6	88.6	89.8	90.4	90.9	91.2
Jordan	37.0	43.2	50.9	54.3	56.0	57.7	59.9	66.3	72.2	78.4	79.8
Kuwait	61.5	69.3	74.9	79.3	85.7	89.4	94.8	97.9	98.0	98.0	98.1
Lebanon	32.0	36.3	42.3	50.9	59.5	67.0	73.7	79.4	83.1	84.8	86.0
Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)	37.3	40.6	44.0	48.9	54.3	59.6	62.4	65.2	67.9	70.4	72.0
Oman	8.6	12.0	16.4	22.3	29.7	38.2	47.6	57.1	66.1	71.7	71.6
Qatar	79.2	82.4	85.2	87.2	88.4	88.9	89.4	90.1	92.8	95.0	96.3
Saudi Arabia	21.3	26.0	31.3	38.8	48.7	58.3	65.9	72.6	76.6	78.7	79.8
Syrian Arab Republic	30.6	33.6	36.8	40.0	43.3	45.1	46.7	47.9	48.9	50.1	51.9

Table A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Percentage urban										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
46.1	47.8	49.7	51.8	54.0	56.4	58.9	61.4	63.8	66.1	Liberia
31.1	34.3	37.5	40.8	44.0	47.1	50.2	53.2	56.2	59.2	Mali
40.4	41.2	42.6	44.6	47.0	49.8	52.5	55.2	57.8	60.4	Mauritania
16.7	17.6	18.9	20.6	22.8	25.3	28.0	30.9	33.9	37.1	Niger
45.8	49.0	52.1	55.0	57.9	60.8	63.6	66.3	68.9	71.3	Nigeria
39.9	39.5	39.5	40.1	41.1	42.7	44.6	46.6	48.6	50.6	Saint Helena (3)
41.1	42.3	43.8	45.7	48.1	50.8	53.5	56.2	58.9	61.4	Senegal
37.3	38.9	40.8	43.0	45.5	48.2	51.1	53.9	56.7	59.5	Sierra Leone
35.2	37.5	40.0	42.5	45.2	47.9	50.8	53.6	56.5	59.3	Togo
40.9	44.4	47.6	50.5	53.1	55.5	57.8	60.0	62.2	64.4	ASIA
48.3	54.4	60.1	64.8	68.7	71.7	73.9	75.8	77.6	79.3	EASTERN ASIA
42.5	49.2	55.6	61.0	65.4	68.7	71.3	73.4	75.4	77.3	China (4)
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	China, Hong Kong SAR (5)
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	China, Macao SAR (6)
59.8	60.2	60.9	61.9	63.2	64.8	66.6	68.5	70.3	72.0	Dem. People's Republic of Korea
86.0	90.5	93.5	95.3	96.3	96.8	97.1	97.3	97.5	97.6	Japan
62.5	67.6	72.0	75.5	78.3	80.3	81.7	82.9	84.1	85.1	Mongolia
81.3	82.9	84.3	85.4	86.3	87.1	87.8	88.4	89.0	89.6	Republic of Korea
71.3	72.8	74.3	75.8	77.3	78.8	80.1	81.4	82.7	83.9	Other non-specified areas
30.9	32.5	34.2	36.2	38.5	41.0	43.7	46.7	49.6	52.5	SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)
41.0	40.7	40.8	41.5	42.9	45.0	47.4	50.0	52.6	55.2	CENTRAL ASIA
54.7	53.7	53.3	53.5	54.3	55.9	58.0	60.2	62.3	64.4	Kazakhstan
35.3	35.3	35.7	36.7	38.3	40.4	43.1	45.9	48.8	51.6	Kyrgyzstan
26.4	26.5	26.8	27.5	28.8	30.7	33.2	36.0	39.0	42.0	Tajikistan
47.0	48.4	50.1	52.0	54.3	56.7	59.2	61.6	64.0	66.3	Turkmenistan
36.7	36.2	36.4	37.3	39.0	41.4	44.1	46.8	49.6	52.4	Uzbekistan
30.6	32.2	34.0	36.0	38.3	40.8	43.6	46.5	49.5	52.4	SOUTHERN ASIA
21.9	23.2	24.8	26.6	28.7	31.2	34.1	37.1	40.2	43.4	Afghanistan
25.6	27.9	30.4	33.1	36.0	39.1	42.3	45.6	48.9	52.2	Bangladesh
31.0	34.8	38.7	42.2	45.5	48.3	50.7	52.9	55.1	57.3	Bhutan
29.2	30.9	32.8	34.8	37.2	39.8	42.6	45.6	48.7	51.7	India
67.6	68.9	69.7	70.6	71.6	72.9	74.2	75.6	76.9	78.2	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
33.8	40.0	45.6	50.3	54.0	56.7	59.0	61.2	63.4	65.6	Maldives
15.1	16.7	18.4	20.3	22.4	24.8	27.5	30.4	33.5	36.7	Nepal
34.5	35.9	37.6	39.5	41.8	44.4	47.3	50.2	53.1	56.0	Pakistan
15.1	15.0	15.5	16.4	18.0	20.1	22.4	24.9	27.5	30.3	Sri Lanka
41.1	44.1	47.1	50.0	52.9	55.7	58.4	60.9	63.4	65.9	SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA
73.5	75.6	77.4	79.0	80.4	81.6	82.7	83.8	84.9	85.9	Brunei Darussalam
19.2	19.8	20.8	22.1	23.8	26.0	28.7	31.5	34.5	37.6	Cambodia
45.9	49.9	53.7	57.2	60.3	63.1	65.5	67.8	70.0	72.1	Indonesia
27.4	33.1	38.6	43.6	48.0	51.5	54.9	58.2	61.5	64.6	Lao People's Democratic Republic
67.6	72.0	75.4	77.9	79.6	81.1	82.4	83.7	84.9	86.0	Malaysia (8)
29.4	32.1	34.9	37.9	40.9	44.1	47.2	50.4	53.6	56.8	Myanmar
48.0	48.6	49.8	51.6	53.9	56.3	58.7	61.1	63.4	65.6	Philippines
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Singapore
32.2	33.7	35.6	38.0	40.8	43.7	46.7	49.7	52.7	55.7	Thailand
26.1	28.0	29.9	31.8	33.8	35.8	37.9	39.9	42.1	44.2	Timor-Leste
27.3	30.4	33.6	36.9	40.1	43.3	46.5	49.6	52.8	55.9	Viet Nam
65.2	67.4	69.4	71.1	72.5	73.8	75.0	76.1	77.2	78.3	WESTERN ASIA
64.2	64.1	64.3	65.0	66.0	67.4	69.1	70.8	72.4	73.9	Armenia
52.4	53.4	54.6	56.1	57.9	59.9	62.1	64.2	66.4	68.4	Azerbaijan (9)
88.4	88.6	89.0	89.4	90.0	90.7	91.2	91.8	92.3	92.8	Bahrain
69.4	70.3	71.3	72.4	73.7	75.0	76.4	77.8	79.0	80.3	Cyprus (10)
52.5	52.7	53.3	54.4	55.8	57.7	59.9	62.1	64.2	66.4	Georgia (11)
67.0	66.5	66.4	66.7	67.4	68.6	70.1	71.7	73.2	74.6	Iraq
91.5	91.8	92.1	92.4	92.7	93.0	93.3	93.6	93.9	94.1	Israel
81.2	82.5	83.7	84.7	85.6	86.5	87.2	87.8	88.4	89.0	Jordan
98.2	98.2	98.3	98.4	98.4	98.5	98.5	98.6	98.7	98.7	Kuwait
86.6	87.1	87.7	88.2	88.8	89.3	89.8	90.3	90.8	91.2	Lebanon
73.1	74.1	75.2	76.3	77.5	78.6	79.8	80.8	81.9	82.9	Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)
71.9	73.2	74.5	75.7	76.9	78.1	79.3	80.4	81.5	82.6	Oman
97.4	98.7	99.2	99.5	99.7	99.7	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	Qatar
81.0	82.1	83.1	84.1	84.9	85.7	86.4	87.1	87.8	88.4	Saudi Arabia
53.8	55.7	57.7	59.7	61.8	64.0	66.1	68.2	70.2	72.2	Syrian Arab Republic

Table A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Percentage urban										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Turkey	24.8	28.6	31.5	34.2	38.2	41.6	43.8	52.4	59.2	62.1	64.7
United Arab Emirates	54.5	64.6	73.5	75.7	77.7	79.6	80.7	79.8	79.1	78.3	80.2
Yemen	5.8	7.3	9.1	11.0	13.3	14.8	16.5	18.4	20.9	23.8	26.3
EUROPE	51.3	54.1	57.0	60.0	62.8	65.2	67.3	68.7	69.8	70.3	70.8
EASTERN EUROPE	39.7	44.4	48.9	52.9	56.6	60.4	63.8	66.2	68.0	68.2	68.2
Belarus	26.2	28.9	32.4	38.1	44.0	50.6	56.5	61.8	66.0	67.9	70.0
Bulgaria	27.6	32.2	37.1	45.8	52.3	57.6	62.1	64.6	66.4	67.8	68.9
Czech Republic	54.2	56.9	59.5	62.0	64.4	69.9	75.2	75.4	75.2	74.6	74.0
Hungary	53.0	54.4	55.9	58.0	60.1	62.2	64.2	65.1	65.8	65.2	64.6
Poland	38.3	43.2	47.9	50.1	52.1	55.3	58.1	59.9	61.3	61.5	61.7
Republic of Moldova (13)	16.5	19.7	23.4	27.6	32.1	36.2	40.4	44.2	46.8	46.3	44.6
Romania	25.6	30.6	34.2	37.7	40.3	42.8	46.1	49.6	53.2	53.8	53.0
Russian Federation	44.1	49.0	53.7	58.2	62.5	66.4	69.8	71.9	73.4	73.4	73.4
Slovakia	30.0	31.7	33.5	37.0	41.1	46.3	51.6	54.2	56.5	56.5	56.2
Ukraine	35.5	41.4	46.8	50.6	54.8	58.4	61.7	64.7	66.8	67.0	67.1
NORTHERN EUROPE	69.7	70.6	71.6	72.8	73.8	75.2	76.4	76.8	77.1	77.5	77.9
Channel Islands (14)	41.4	40.0	38.7	37.4	36.1	34.2	32.2	31.8	31.4	30.5	30.5
Denmark	68.0	69.6	73.7	77.0	79.7	82.1	83.7	84.4	84.8	85.0	85.1
Estonia	49.7	53.6	57.5	61.3	64.9	67.6	69.7	70.8	71.1	70.0	69.4
Faroe Islands	17.4	18.6	21.4	25.6	28.0	30.3	31.2	30.8	30.6	30.9	36.3
Finland (15)	43.0	49.1	55.3	59.7	63.7	67.8	71.7	75.8	79.4	81.0	82.2
Iceland	72.8	76.8	80.3	82.7	84.9	86.7	88.3	89.6	90.8	91.6	92.4
Ireland	40.1	43.7	45.8	48.7	51.7	53.6	55.3	56.3	56.9	57.9	59.1
Isle of Man	52.9	54.0	55.1	56.3	55.8	52.4	51.8	51.8	51.7	51.8	51.8
Latvia	46.4	49.5	52.9	56.8	60.7	64.2	67.1	68.6	69.3	68.8	68.1
Lithuania	28.8	34.1	39.5	44.5	49.6	55.7	61.2	65.0	67.6	67.3	67.0
Norway (16)	50.5	50.2	49.9	57.6	65.4	68.2	70.5	71.3	72.0	73.8	76.1
Sweden	65.7	69.3	72.5	77.1	81.0	82.7	83.1	83.1	83.1	83.8	84.0
United Kingdom	79.0	78.7	78.4	77.8	77.1	77.7	78.5	78.4	78.1	78.4	78.7
SOUTHERN EUROPE	45.1	47.7	50.4	53.9	57.6	60.0	62.1	63.1	63.8	64.7	65.5
Albania	20.5	26.9	30.7	31.2	31.7	32.7	33.8	35.1	36.4	38.9	41.7
Andorra	38.8	48.6	58.5	70.4	80.2	87.3	92.1	95.2	94.7	93.7	92.4
Bosnia and Herzegovina	13.7	16.2	19.0	22.8	27.2	31.3	35.5	37.6	39.2	41.0	43.0
Croatia	22.3	26.0	30.2	35.0	40.2	45.1	50.1	52.3	54.0	54.9	55.6
Gibraltar	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Greece	37.3	40.1	42.9	47.5	52.5	55.3	57.7	58.4	58.8	59.3	59.7
Holy See (17)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Italy	54.1	56.9	59.4	61.8	64.3	65.6	66.6	66.8	66.7	66.9	67.2
Malta	88.9	89.8	90.1	89.8	89.7	89.8	89.8	89.8	90.4	90.9	92.4
Montenegro	12.7	15.5	18.8	22.6	26.9	31.6	36.8	42.3	48.0	53.4	58.5
Portugal	31.2	33.0	35.0	36.9	38.8	40.8	42.8	45.3	47.9	51.1	54.4
San Marino	43.2	46.0	48.9	54.4	59.8	71.5	81.2	88.3	90.4	91.7	93.4
Serbia (18)	20.3	24.4	29.1	34.2	39.7	43.1	46.1	48.3	50.4	51.7	53.0
Slovenia	19.9	23.8	28.2	32.5	37.0	42.4	48.0	49.6	50.4	50.6	50.8
Spain (19)	51.9	54.2	56.6	61.3	66.0	69.6	72.8	74.2	75.4	75.9	76.3
TFYR Macedonia (20)	23.4	28.4	34.0	40.4	47.1	50.6	53.5	55.7	57.8	59.7	59.4
WESTERN EUROPE	63.8	65.7	67.9	69.9	71.5	72.3	72.7	73.3	74.1	74.8	75.7
Austria	63.6	64.2	64.7	65.0	65.3	65.3	65.4	65.6	65.8	65.8	65.8
Belgium	91.5	92.0	92.5	93.1	93.8	94.5	95.4	95.9	96.4	96.8	97.1
France	55.2	58.2	61.9	67.1	71.1	72.9	73.3	73.7	74.1	74.9	76.9
Germany	68.1	69.7	71.4	72.0	72.3	72.6	72.8	72.7	73.1	73.3	73.1
Liechtenstein	19.9	20.4	20.4	19.5	18.5	18.3	18.3	17.6	16.9	16.5	15.1
Luxembourg	67.2	68.4	69.6	72.0	74.4	77.3	80.0	80.7	80.9	82.9	83.8
Monaco	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Netherlands	56.1	58.0	59.8	60.8	61.7	63.2	64.7	66.7	68.7	72.8	76.8
Switzerland	44.4	47.7	51.0	54.2	57.4	57.4	57.1	65.2	73.2	73.6	73.3
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN	41.4	45.3	49.3	53.3	57.1	60.7	64.3	67.4	70.3	73.1	75.5
CARIBBEAN	36.9	38.4	40.2	42.8	45.6	48.9	51.8	53.6	55.8	58.8	61.3
Anguilla	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Antigua and Barbuda	30.1	34.9	39.7	36.6	33.8	34.2	34.6	35.0	35.4	34.0	32.1
Aruba	50.9	50.9	50.8	50.7	50.6	50.5	50.5	50.4	50.3	48.8	46.7
Bahamas	52.1	55.9	59.7	63.3	66.7	70.0	73.1	76.7	79.8	81.0	82.0
Barbados	36.1	36.4	36.8	37.1	37.5	38.6	39.6	36.0	32.7	35.5	38.3

Table A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Percentage urban										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
66.8	70.5	75.1	78.6	81.2	83.1	84.4	85.4	86.4	87.3	Turkey
82.3	84.0	85.5	86.7	87.6	88.3	88.9	89.5	90.1	90.6	United Arab Emirates
28.9	31.7	34.7	37.7	40.7	43.8	47.0	50.2	53.3	56.5	Yemen
71.6	72.7	73.8	74.9	76.1	77.4	78.6	79.9	81.0	82.2	EUROPE
68.2	68.9	69.7	70.6	71.7	72.9	74.2	75.6	77.0	78.2	EASTERN EUROPE
72.4	74.6	76.6	78.4	79.9	81.2	82.3	83.3	84.2	85.2	Belarus
70.2	72.5	75.3	77.6	79.5	81.0	82.2	83.3	84.3	85.2	Bulgaria
73.7	73.5	73.4	73.6	74.1	74.9	76.0	77.2	78.4	79.5	Czech Republic
66.4	69.0	71.3	73.4	75.2	76.8	78.2	79.5	80.7	81.9	Hungary
61.5	60.9	60.7	60.9	61.7	62.9	64.6	66.5	68.3	70.0	Poland
43.2	46.9	50.5	53.9	57.0	59.8	62.3	64.8	67.2	69.6	Republic of Moldova (13)
52.8	52.8	52.9	53.5	54.6	56.1	58.1	60.4	62.6	64.7	Romania
72.9	73.7	74.5	75.5	76.5	77.6	78.7	79.8	80.9	81.9	Russian Federation
55.6	54.8	54.6	54.9	55.9	57.5	59.5	61.7	63.7	65.7	Slovakia
67.8	68.7	69.7	70.8	72.0	73.4	74.8	76.2	77.5	78.8	Ukraine
78.3	79.0	79.7	80.5	81.4	82.3	83.2	84.1	84.9	85.7	NORTHERN EUROPE
30.6	31.1	31.8	32.7	34.0	35.5	37.3	39.3	41.4	43.4	Channel Islands (14)
85.9	86.8	87.5	88.1	88.7	89.2	89.7	90.2	90.7	91.1	Denmark
69.4	69.5	69.7	70.3	71.3	72.5	73.9	75.3	76.7	78.0	Estonia
39.8	40.9	42.0	43.3	44.8	46.5	48.5	50.6	52.6	54.7	Faroe Islands
82.9	83.6	84.2	84.9	85.5	86.2	86.8	87.5	88.1	88.7	Finland (15)
93.0	93.6	94.2	94.6	95.0	95.4	95.7	96.0	96.3	96.5	Iceland
60.5	61.9	63.4	65.1	66.8	68.6	70.4	72.2	73.8	75.4	Ireland
51.2	50.6	50.4	50.6	51.2	52.2	53.6	55.4	57.3	59.3	Isle of Man
68.0	67.7	67.7	68.1	68.9	70.1	71.5	73.0	74.4	75.8	Latvia
66.6	67.0	67.6	68.4	69.5	70.8	72.3	73.8	75.3	76.7	Lithuania
77.5	79.1	80.5	81.7	82.8	83.8	84.6	85.4	86.2	86.9	Norway (16)
84.3	85.1	85.8	86.5	87.2	87.8	88.4	88.9	89.5	90.0	Sweden
79.0	79.5	80.1	80.9	81.8	82.7	83.6	84.4	85.2	85.9	United Kingdom
66.5	67.7	68.9	70.3	71.9	73.5	75.0	76.5	77.9	79.2	SOUTHERN EUROPE
46.8	52.3	57.6	62.2	66.0	69.1	71.5	73.4	75.3	77.1	Albania
90.3	87.8	85.1	83.0	81.5	81.1	81.6	82.5	83.4	84.2	Andorra
45.3	47.7	50.4	53.2	56.0	58.7	61.4	64.0	66.5	68.9	Bosnia and Herzegovina
56.4	57.5	59.0	60.7	62.7	64.8	66.8	68.8	70.7	72.5	Croatia
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Gibraltar
60.3	61.2	62.4	64.0	65.8	67.6	69.5	71.2	72.9	74.6	Greece
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Holy See (17)
67.6	68.2	69.1	70.3	71.7	73.2	74.6	76.0	77.4	78.7	Italy
93.6	94.7	95.4	96.0	96.4	96.7	96.9	97.2	97.4	97.6	Malta
62.2	63.1	64.1	65.2	66.5	68.0	69.6	71.2	72.8	74.3	Montenegro
57.6	60.5	63.2	65.6	67.8	69.8	71.8	73.7	75.5	77.2	Portugal
94.0	94.1	94.2	94.4	94.7	95.0	95.3	95.6	95.9	96.1	San Marino
54.4	56.0	57.8	59.6	61.6	63.7	65.8	67.8	69.8	71.7	Serbia (18)
50.5	50.0	49.8	50.3	51.3	53.0	55.2	57.5	59.8	62.1	Slovenia
76.7	77.3	78.0	78.9	79.8	80.9	81.8	82.8	83.7	84.5	Spain (19)
59.1	59.2	59.8	60.9	62.5	64.5	66.4	68.2	70.0	71.8	TFYR Macedonia (20)
77.7	79.5	80.9	82.2	83.3	84.2	85.2	86.1	86.9	87.7	WESTERN EUROPE
66.5	67.5	68.5	69.7	71.1	72.5	74.0	75.5	76.9	78.2	Austria
97.3	97.5	97.6	97.7	97.8	97.9	98.0	98.1	98.2	98.2	Belgium
81.6	85.2	87.8	89.6	90.7	91.4	91.9	92.4	92.9	93.3	France
73.4	73.8	74.5	75.3	76.3	77.4	78.6	79.7	80.8	81.8	Germany
14.7	14.4	14.3	14.4	14.8	15.5	16.5	17.7	19.0	20.3	Liechtenstein
83.9	85.2	86.3	87.3	88.2	89.0	89.8	90.4	91.1	91.7	Luxembourg
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Monaco
80.2	82.7	84.7	86.1	87.0	87.8	88.5	89.2	89.9	90.5	Netherlands
73.5	73.6	74.0	74.6	75.4	76.4	77.6	78.7	79.8	80.9	Switzerland
77.3	78.8	80.2	81.5	82.5	83.4	84.3	85.1	85.9	86.6	LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN
64.1	66.6	68.8	70.8	72.5	74.0	75.5	77.0	78.5	79.9	CARIBBEAN
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Anguilla
30.6	29.9	29.8	30.5	31.9	33.7	35.5	37.3	39.2	41.1	Antigua and Barbuda
46.6	46.8	47.2	48.0	49.1	50.4	52.1	54.0	56.0	58.0	Aruba
83.1	84.1	85.0	85.9	86.8	87.7	88.5	89.2	89.9	90.6	Bahamas
41.2	43.9	46.4	48.8	51.0	53.2	55.3	57.4	59.5	61.6	Barbados

Table A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Percentage urban										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
British Virgin Islands	11.2	11.7	12.2	14.3	16.6	19.5	22.7	29.7	37.8	39.4	39.4
Cayman Islands	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Cuba	56.5	57.5	58.4	59.3	60.3	64.2	68.1	70.9	73.4	74.3	75.6
Dominica	24.9	25.9	27.3	36.6	46.9	55.3	63.4	66.0	67.7	67.6	67.2
Dominican Republic	23.7	26.9	30.2	35.0	40.2	45.7	51.3	53.9	55.2	57.6	61.7
Grenada	28.5	29.4	30.3	31.3	32.2	32.6	32.9	33.2	33.4	34.5	35.9
Guadeloupe (21)	95.4	95.5	95.7	95.1	95.1	96.0	98.0	98.5	98.6	98.5	98.4
Haiti	12.2	13.8	15.6	17.6	19.8	20.4	20.5	23.3	28.5	32.6	35.6
Jamaica	24.1	28.7	33.8	37.5	41.3	44.0	46.7	48.4	49.4	50.6	51.8
Martinique	32.9	33.6	40.1	50.0	61.0	71.2	79.6	83.8	86.3	88.4	89.7
Montserrat	15.8	15.8	15.8	13.4	11.4	12.0	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.8	11.0
Netherlands Antilles (22)	78.4	74.3	69.7	72.9	75.9	78.7	81.2	83.5	85.6	88.0	90.2
Puerto Rico	40.6	42.4	44.5	51.5	58.3	62.8	66.9	69.2	72.2	87.1	94.6
Saint Kitts and Nevis	26.5	27.0	27.6	30.9	34.1	35.0	35.9	35.2	34.6	33.7	32.8
Saint Lucia	19.2	20.3	21.5	22.7	23.9	25.2	26.5	27.9	29.3	29.6	28.0
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	21.7	23.8	25.9	28.3	30.7	33.2	35.9	38.6	41.4	43.4	45.2
Trinidad and Tobago	21.4	19.3	17.3	14.3	11.9	11.4	10.9	9.6	8.5	9.6	10.8
Turks and Caicos Islands	47.2	47.4	47.7	49.4	51.1	53.1	55.3	65.4	74.3	79.9	84.6
United States Virgin Islands	58.3	57.2	56.5	63.3	69.6	75.2	80.1	84.3	87.7	90.4	92.6
CENTRAL AMERICA	39.2	42.8	46.4	50.1	53.8	57.1	60.2	62.6	65.0	67.1	68.8
Belize	55.3	54.7	54.0	52.5	51.0	50.2	49.4	48.4	47.5	47.5	47.7
Costa Rica	33.5	33.9	34.3	35.8	38.8	41.3	43.1	45.6	50.7	55.8	59.0
El Salvador	36.5	37.4	38.3	38.9	39.4	41.5	44.1	46.6	49.2	54.0	58.9
Guatemala	25.1	28.0	31.1	34.0	35.5	36.7	37.4	39.2	41.1	43.1	45.1
Honduras	17.6	20.0	22.7	25.7	28.9	32.1	34.9	37.7	40.5	42.9	45.5
Mexico	42.7	46.7	50.8	54.9	59.0	62.8	66.3	69.0	71.4	73.4	74.7
Nicaragua	35.2	37.4	39.6	42.7	47.0	48.7	49.9	51.1	52.3	53.5	54.7
Panama	35.8	38.5	41.2	44.4	47.6	49.0	50.4	52.1	53.9	60.0	65.8
SOUTH AMERICA	42.8	47.2	51.6	55.8	59.8	63.6	67.4	70.9	74.1	77.0	79.7
Argentina	65.3	69.6	73.6	76.4	78.9	81.0	82.9	85.0	87.0	88.7	90.1
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	33.8	35.3	36.8	38.3	39.8	41.3	45.5	50.5	55.6	59.4	61.8
Brazil	36.2	41.1	46.1	51.0	55.9	60.8	65.5	69.9	73.9	77.6	81.2
Chile	58.4	63.3	67.8	71.7	75.2	78.4	81.2	82.6	83.3	84.4	85.9
Colombia	32.7	38.7	45.0	51.0	54.8	58.5	62.1	65.6	68.3	70.5	72.1
Ecuador	28.3	31.0	33.9	36.6	39.3	42.4	47.0	51.2	55.1	57.8	60.3
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	51.1	50.8	50.5	51.8	54.0	56.3	58.7	64.0	74.2	66.0	67.6
French Guiana	53.7	58.6	63.3	65.7	67.4	69.1	70.8	72.7	74.5	74.8	75.1
Guyana	28.0	28.5	29.0	29.2	29.4	30.0	30.5	30.0	29.6	29.1	28.7
Paraguay	34.6	35.1	35.6	36.2	37.1	39.0	41.7	45.0	48.7	52.1	55.3
Peru	41.0	43.9	46.8	51.9	57.4	61.5	64.6	66.9	68.9	71.0	73.0
Suriname	46.9	47.1	47.3	47.1	45.9	49.5	55.0	57.5	60.0	62.5	64.9
Uruguay	77.9	79.1	80.2	81.3	82.4	83.4	85.4	87.2	89.0	90.5	91.3
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	47.3	54.6	61.6	67.0	71.9	75.8	79.2	81.9	84.3	87.3	89.9
NORTHERN AMERICA	63.9	67.0	69.9	72.0	73.8	73.8	73.9	74.7	75.4	77.3	79.1
Bermuda	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Canada	60.9	65.7	69.1	72.9	75.7	75.6	75.7	76.4	76.6	77.7	79.5
Greenland	49.0	53.8	58.5	66.1	72.7	74.4	76.1	78.0	79.7	80.9	81.6
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	80.0	83.5	86.4	87.8	88.4	89.0	89.6	89.4	88.9	88.9	89.1
United States of America	64.2	67.2	70.0	71.9	73.6	73.7	73.7	74.5	75.3	77.3	79.1
OCEANIA	62.4	64.8	67.1	69.1	71.2	71.9	71.3	70.7	70.7	70.5	70.4
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND	76.2	78.3	80.5	82.6	84.5	85.3	85.3	85.2	85.3	86.0	86.9
Australia (23)	77.0	79.4	81.5	83.5	85.3	85.9	85.8	85.5	85.4	86.1	87.2
New Zealand	72.5	73.6	76.0	78.9	81.1	82.8	83.4	83.7	84.7	85.3	85.7
MELANESIA	5.6	7.0	8.9	11.2	15.1	17.0	18.0	18.9	19.9	19.6	19.1
Fiji	24.4	26.9	29.7	32.6	34.8	36.7	37.8	38.5	41.6	45.5	47.9
New Caledonia	24.6	30.6	37.4	44.6	51.2	55.2	57.4	58.8	59.5	60.1	61.8
Papua New Guinea	1.7	2.5	3.7	5.5	9.8	11.9	13.0	14.0	15.0	14.1	13.2
Solomon Islands	3.8	4.7	5.8	7.2	8.9	9.1	10.6	12.4	13.7	14.7	15.8
Vanuatu	8.8	9.5	10.4	11.3	12.3	13.4	14.7	16.7	18.7	20.2	21.7
MICRONESIA	31.6	34.6	37.8	41.6	46.3	57.2	61.2	61.9	62.6	63.7	65.6
Guam	41.3	45.7	50.1	55.5	61.9	83.6	93.8	92.3	90.8	92.1	93.1
Kiribati	11.0	13.4	16.3	19.6	24.1	29.6	32.3	33.5	35.0	36.4	43.0
Marshall Islands	23.3	29.1	35.6	42.7	53.5	60.6	58.3	61.9	65.1	66.7	68.4

Table A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Percentage urban										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
39.7	40.4	41.5	43.1	45.0	47.0	49.0	51.0	53.1	55.1	British Virgin Islands
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Cayman Islands
75.6	75.2	75.1	75.3	75.9	76.8	77.9	79.0	80.0	81.0	Cuba
66.9	67.1	67.7	68.7	70.1	71.6	73.1	74.6	76.0	77.3	Dominica
65.7	69.1	71.9	74.2	76.1	77.6	79.1	80.5	81.8	83.0	Dominican Republic
37.3	38.8	40.5	42.4	44.4	46.5	48.6	50.7	52.8	54.9	Grenada
98.4	98.4	98.4	98.5	98.6	98.7	98.7	98.8	98.8	99.0	Guadeloupe (21)
44.1	52.0	58.6	63.8	67.6	70.3	72.7	75.0	77.2	79.2	Haiti
52.0	52.0	52.4	53.3	54.7	56.6	58.9	61.1	63.3	65.5	Jamaica
89.3	89.0	89.0	89.1	89.5	90.0	90.6	91.2	91.7	92.3	Martinique
13.5	14.1	14.8	15.7	16.8	18.0	19.4	20.8	22.3	23.8	Montserrat
91.9	93.2	94.1	94.8	95.2	95.5	95.9	96.2	96.5	96.7	Netherlands Antilles (22)
97.6	98.8	99.2	99.4	99.5	99.5	99.6	99.6	99.6	99.7	Puerto Rico
32.1	31.9	32.4	33.4	34.9	36.8	38.7	40.6	42.6	44.6	Saint Kitts and Nevis
23.1	18.3	14.9	12.9	11.9	11.7	12.3	13.1	14.0	14.9	Saint Lucia
47.0	48.9	50.9	52.9	54.9	56.9	59.0	60.9	62.9	64.8	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
12.1	13.4	14.8	16.1	17.4	18.8	20.2	21.8	23.4	25.1	Trinidad and Tobago
89.7	93.3	95.3	96.5	97.1	97.4	97.7	97.9	98.0	98.2	Turks and Caicos Islands
94.2	95.3	96.0	96.5	96.8	97.0	97.3	97.5	97.7	97.8	United States Virgin Islands
70.5	72.1	73.5	74.9	76.1	77.3	78.5	79.5	80.6	81.6	CENTRAL AMERICA
46.3	45.0	44.0	43.8	44.2	45.3	47.1	49.0	51.0	52.9	Belize
61.7	64.2	66.5	68.6	70.5	72.3	74.1	75.8	77.4	78.9	Costa Rica
61.6	64.3	66.7	68.9	70.9	72.7	74.3	75.9	77.4	78.9	El Salvador
47.2	49.3	51.6	54.0	56.5	59.0	61.5	63.9	66.2	68.5	Guatemala
48.6	51.6	54.4	57.2	59.8	62.3	64.6	66.9	69.1	71.2	Honduras
76.3	77.8	79.2	80.5	81.6	82.7	83.6	84.5	85.3	86.1	Mexico
55.9	57.3	58.8	60.5	62.4	64.4	66.5	68.5	70.4	72.3	Nicaragua
70.7	74.6	77.5	79.7	81.2	82.5	83.7	84.8	85.9	86.9	Panama
81.3	82.8	84.1	85.2	86.2	86.9	87.6	88.3	88.9	89.5	SOUTH AMERICA
91.4	92.3	93.1	93.6	94.0	94.3	94.6	94.8	95.1	95.3	Argentina
64.2	66.4	68.5	70.4	72.1	73.8	75.4	76.9	78.4	79.8	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
82.8	84.3	85.7	86.8	87.7	88.5	89.1	89.7	90.2	90.7	Brazil
87.6	88.9	90.0	90.7	91.3	91.7	92.2	92.6	92.9	93.3	Chile
73.6	75.0	76.4	77.7	78.9	80.0	81.1	82.2	83.2	84.2	Colombia
63.6	66.9	69.7	72.0	74.0	75.7	77.2	78.7	80.1	81.5	Ecuador
70.8	73.6	76.0	78.0	79.7	81.1	82.3	83.4	84.5	85.5	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
75.5	76.2	77.1	78.2	79.4	80.6	81.7	82.8	83.8	84.8	French Guiana
28.3	28.3	28.8	29.7	31.0	32.8	34.7	36.5	38.5	40.4	Guyana
58.5	61.4	64.0	66.4	68.6	70.5	72.4	74.2	76.0	77.6	Paraguay
75.0	76.9	78.6	80.0	81.3	82.4	83.4	84.3	85.2	86.0	Peru
67.2	69.3	71.3	73.1	74.8	76.3	77.7	79.0	80.3	81.5	Suriname
91.9	92.5	92.9	93.3	93.6	93.9	94.2	94.4	94.7	94.9	Uruguay
91.9	93.3	94.3	94.9	95.3	95.5	95.8	96.0	96.2	96.4	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
80.7	82.0	83.1	84.1	85.0	85.8	86.5	87.3	88.0	88.6	NORTHERN AMERICA
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Bermuda
80.1	80.6	81.1	81.7	82.5	83.3	84.1	84.9	85.6	86.4	Canada
82.9	84.4	85.8	87.0	88.0	88.9	89.6	90.3	91.0	91.6	Greenland
89.9	90.6	91.2	91.8	92.4	92.9	93.3	93.8	94.2	94.6	Saint Pierre and Miquelon
80.7	82.1	83.3	84.4	85.2	86.0	86.8	87.5	88.2	88.9	United States of America
70.4	70.7	70.8	70.9	71.1	71.4	71.7	72.0	72.5	73.0	OCEANIA
87.8	88.6	89.2	89.8	90.3	90.7	91.2	91.6	92.0	92.4	AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND
88.2	89.0	89.8	90.4	90.9	91.3	91.7	92.1	92.5	92.9	Australia (23)
86.1	86.2	86.4	86.8	87.2	87.7	88.2	88.7	89.3	89.7	New Zealand
18.6	18.5	18.9	19.7	21.0	22.6	24.4	26.3	28.5	30.8	MELANESIA
49.9	51.8	53.8	55.8	57.8	59.7	61.7	63.6	65.5	67.3	Fiji
63.2	61.9	61.2	61.1	61.7	62.9	64.6	66.3	67.9	69.5	New Caledonia
12.6	12.4	12.8	13.7	15.1	17.0	19.0	21.3	23.7	26.3	Papua New Guinea
17.8	20.0	22.3	24.5	26.7	28.8	30.8	32.7	34.8	36.8	Solomon Islands
23.1	24.6	26.2	27.8	29.5	31.4	33.3	35.2	37.3	39.3	Vanuatu
66.3	66.7	67.7	68.5	69.3	70.2	71.1	72.1	73.1	74.0	MICRONESIA
93.1	93.2	93.3	93.6	93.9	94.3	94.7	95.0	95.3	95.6	Guam
43.6	43.8	44.5	45.5	46.9	48.8	50.8	52.8	54.8	56.8	Kiribati
70.0	71.5	73.1	74.6	76.0	77.4	78.8	80.0	81.3	82.4	Marshall Islands

Table A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Percentage urban										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	20.0	21.1	22.3	23.5	24.8	25.9	26.4	26.1	25.8	25.1	22.3
Nauru	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Northern Mariana Islands	42.0	45.8	51.2	58.8	70.1	80.6	86.8	88.4	89.7	89.6	90.2
Palau	53.9	55.4	56.8	58.3	59.7	61.1	62.5	67.4	69.6	71.4	70.0
POLYNESIA (24)	23.2	26.5	28.7	31.1	34.4	36.0	37.2	38.9	40.0	40.5	41.2
American Samoa	61.8	64.0	66.2	68.3	70.4	72.4	74.3	77.8	80.9	85.3	88.8
Cook Islands	38.0	42.2	46.5	50.8	53.3	54.0	53.8	55.2	57.7	58.7	65.2
French Polynesia	34.1	38.2	42.4	48.2	55.3	56.9	57.4	57.3	55.9	53.5	52.4
Niue	21.5	21.5	21.5	21.5	21.1	23.4	27.0	31.0	30.9	31.5	33.1
Samoa	12.9	17.4	18.9	19.3	20.4	21.0	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.5	22.0
Tokelau	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tonga	12.9	15.5	17.6	19.5	20.2	20.3	21.2	22.3	22.7	22.9	23.0
Tuvalu	11.2	13.4	15.9	18.8	22.1	25.8	29.8	34.3	40.7	44.0	46.0
Wallis and Futuna Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

a More developed regions comprise Europe, Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan.

b Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), Latin America and the Caribbean plus Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia.

c The least developed countries are 49 countries, 33 in Africa, 10 in Asia, 5 in Oceania plus one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

d Other less developed countries comprise the less developed regions excluding the least developed countries.

e Sub-Saharan Africa refers to all of Africa except Northern Africa.

1 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

2 Including Zanzibar.

3 Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

8 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

9 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

10 Including Northern-Cyprus.

11 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

12 Including East Jerusalem.

13 Including Transnistria.

14 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

15 Including Åland Islands.

16 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

17 Refers to the Vatican City State.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

21 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

22 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

23 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

24 Including Pitcairn.

Table A.2. Percentage of population at mid-year residing in urban areas (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Percentage urban										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
22.3	22.5	23.0	23.8	25.0	26.5	28.2	30.0	31.8	33.6	Micronesia (Fed. States of)
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Nauru
90.8	91.3	91.9	92.4	92.9	93.4	93.8	94.2	94.6	95.0	Northern Mariana Islands
77.7	83.4	87.1	89.5	91.0	91.8	92.5	93.1	93.6	94.1	Palau
41.9	42.3	42.8	43.5	44.6	46.0	47.6	49.2	50.9	52.6	POLYNESIA (24)
91.3	93.0	94.1	94.8	95.3	95.6	96.0	96.3	96.6	96.8	American Samoa
71.0	73.3	74.5	75.8	77.1	78.4	79.6	80.8	82.0	83.1	Cook Islands
51.8	51.4	51.5	52.1	53.1	54.7	56.6	58.5	60.4	62.2	French Polynesia
35.2	37.5	39.7	42.0	44.2	46.4	48.5	50.6	52.8	54.9	Niue
21.2	20.1	19.1	18.6	18.6	19.1	20.1	21.5	22.9	24.4	Samoa
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tokelau
23.2	23.4	23.9	24.7	25.8	27.2	28.9	30.7	32.6	34.4	Tonga
48.1	50.1	52.2	54.3	56.3	58.4	60.3	62.3	64.2	66.1	Tuvalu
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Wallis and Futuna Islands

Table A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country, 1950-2050

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Urban population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
WORLD	745 495	871 932	1 019 638	1 184 646	1 352 419	1 537 668	1 753 229	2 004 497	2 281 405	2 564 133	2 858 632
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)	441 845	496 952	555 970	615 780	670 573	718 511	757 975	793 138	827 098	856 019	881 344
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)	303 650	374 980	463 668	568 866	681 846	819 157	995 253	1 211 359	1 454 307	1 708 113	1 977 289
Least developed countries (c)	14 562	18 276	23 194	30 412	40 702	51 087	67 571	84 858	106 912	132 886	160 599
Other less developed countries (d)	289 088	356 703	440 473	538 454	641 144	768 069	927 682	1 126 502	1 347 395	1 575 227	1 816 690
Less developed regions, excluding China	235 138	286 271	351 462	433 281	531 372	649 302	791 321	953 217	1 131 957	1 311 238	1 499 423
Sub-Saharan Africa (e)	20 069	25 396	33 180	43 366	55 643	70 609	89 709	111 737	139 414	171 141	206 322
AFRICA	33 004	41 511	53 310	68 699	86 568	107 750	134 220	165 659	203 383	244 732	288 402
EASTERN AFRICA	3 685	4 812	6 328	8 504	11 548	15 750	21 553	27 452	35 104	43 522	53 124
Burundi	42	50	60	71	84	118	179	253	351	439	526
Comoros	10	16	24	36	46	57	76	98	122	140	158
Djibouti	25	32	43	65	100	150	245	301	425	478	560
Eritrea	81	105	139	184	233	285	355	427	499	532	646
Ethiopia	848	1 105	1 451	1 933	2 487	3 118	3 688	4 705	6 100	7 887	9 666
Kenya	340	448	597	818	1 158	1 742	2 535	3 160	3 927	5 009	6 217
Madagascar	319	415	543	714	923	1 225	1 595	2 048	2 658	3 387	4 167
Malawi	101	124	155	195	274	406	565	739	1 084	1 311	1 641
Mauritius (1)	145	176	219	279	348	388	408	429	465	492	510
Mayotte	1	2	4	7	9	12	17	23	33	51	71
Mozambique	153	206	280	390	546	923	1 592	2 233	2 858	4 178	5 296
Réunion	58	81	110	149	193	216	273	380	497	582	664
Rwanda	37	50	67	89	120	175	244	308	385	462	1 115
Seychelles	10	11	11	15	20	27	31	33	35	37	40
Somalia	288	375	488	633	817	1 050	1 722	1 786	1 957	2 050	2 460
South Sudan	253	265	284	306	333	371	424	568	801	889	1 094
Uganda	145	208	300	442	629	767	954	1 355	1 960	2 430	2 925
United Republic of Tanzania (2)	267	385	528	704	1 068	1 781	2 720	3 663	4 811	6 151	7 594
Zambia	269	385	552	827	1 256	1 712	2 299	2 691	3 097	3 309	3 550
Zimbabwe	292	371	473	647	904	1 226	1 631	2 251	3 035	3 708	4 223
MIDDLE AFRICA	3 657	4 532	5 678	7 557	10 131	12 593	15 476	18 913	23 222	29 012	34 775
Angola	314	404	518	679	886	1 270	1 856	2 750	3 839	5 325	6 822
Cameroon	417	560	754	1 021	1 389	2 139	2 908	3 811	4 831	5 935	7 140
Central African Republic	191	239	302	388	500	645	770	933	1 081	1 239	1 393
Chad	109	147	198	276	423	640	856	1 019	1 251	1 500	1 771
Congo	201	253	320	408	522	673	861	1 087	1 298	1 542	1 841
Democratic Republic of the Congo	2 327	2 805	3 427	4 579	6 141	6 879	7 759	8 684	10 100	12 418	14 542
Equatorial Guinea	35	48	64	71	78	65	61	94	130	172	202
Gabon	53	67	85	119	169	256	373	495	642	819	990
Sao Tome and Principe	8	9	10	14	22	26	32	40	51	62	75
NORTHERN AFRICA	12 935	16 114	20 129	25 333	30 925	37 141	44 511	53 922	63 969	73 591	82 079
Algeria	1 944	2 540	3 295	4 488	5 430	6 460	8 191	10 600	13 177	15 843	18 561
Egypt	6 869	8 511	10 565	12 925	15 163	17 438	19 715	22 259	24 714	26 572	28 951
Libya	201	261	369	546	990	1 548	2 147	2 905	3 282	3 629	3 993
Morocco	2 344	2 811	3 413	4 245	5 278	6 526	8 064	9 982	11 992	13 920	15 357
Sudan	432	624	894	1 270	1 802	2 425	3 013	4 076	5 853	7 909	8 954
Tunisia	1 140	1 360	1 583	1 839	2 229	2 697	3 265	3 947	4 760	5 493	5 998
Western Sahara	4	7	10	18	32	45	116	155	190	226	264
SOUTHERN AFRICA	5 869	6 952	8 277	9 606	11 119	12 872	14 756	17 233	20 544	24 354	27 647
Botswana	11	14	16	23	54	98	164	316	580	777	936
Lesotho	10	15	29	59	89	124	150	175	229	304	392
Namibia	65	83	108	137	174	214	254	303	391	492	614
South Africa	5 778	6 833	8 110	9 362	10 758	12 363	14 081	16 285	19 146	22 558	25 464
Swaziland	5	7	14	25	43	72	108	154	198	222	241
WESTERN AFRICA	6 857	9 100	12 897	17 699	22 845	29 394	37 923	48 139	60 544	74 253	90 777
Benin	112	157	224	326	476	697	987	1 275	1 646	2 077	2 498
Burkina Faso	164	193	229	275	334	408	635	1 008	1 288	1 618	2 194
Cape Verde	25	30	35	43	54	67	71	103	154	193	234
Côte d'Ivoire	262	403	643	1 084	1 525	2 181	3 131	3 979	4 925	6 049	7 220
Gambia	28	34	45	60	89	131	179	254	370	493	633
Ghana	769	1 098	1 568	2 036	2 515	2 983	3 404	4 234	5 391	6 822	8 424
Guinea	208	277	371	496	664	837	1 041	1 311	1 614	2 230	2 589
Guinea-Bissau	52	66	81	86	91	111	147	207	286	364	445

Table A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Urban population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
3 197 534	3 558 578	3 926 793	4 289 818	4 642 582	4 983 908	5 314 161	5 636 226	5 949 984	6 252 175	WORLD
919 094	957 251	989 721	1 018 365	1 043 067	1 064 290	1 082 756	1 099 266	1 114 052	1 127 222	MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)
2 278 440	2 601 326	2 937 072	3 271 453	3 599 515	3 919 618	4 231 404	4 536 960	4 835 932	5 124 953	LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)
194 409	233 802	281 804	338 163	403 044	476 971	560 121	652 038	752 348	860 316	Least developed countries (c)
2 084 031	2 367 525	2 655 268	2 933 290	3 196 471	3 442 646	3 671 284	3 884 922	4 083 585	4 264 637	Other less developed countries (d)
										Less developed regions, excluding China
1 698 894	1 916 537	2 150 132	2 398 984	2 660 942	2 934 704	3 219 435	3 510 840	3 804 488	4 096 309	
248 407	298 402	357 520	426 522	505 550	595 544	697 090	810 152	934 342	1 068 752	Sub-Saharan Africa (e)
340 303	400 651	470 827	551 552	642 423	744 485	858 242	983 327	1 119 192	1 264 629	AFRICA
64 151	77 954	95 795	117 761	144 081	175 620	212 820	255 749	304 515	358 974	EASTERN AFRICA
680	892	1 114	1 377	1 674	2 008	2 389	2 823	3 307	3 829	Burundi
179	206	237	274	320	376	442	516	596	682	Comoros
621	684	755	832	919	1 008	1 099	1 188	1 277	1 363	Djibouti
855	1 098	1 411	1 766	2 174	2 643	3 182	3 791	4 452	5 151	Eritrea
11 659	13 900	16 619	19 872	23 758	28 355	33 586	39 238	45 265	51 601	Ethiopia
7 719	9 549	11 878	14 675	17 969	21 868	26 478	31 788	37 749	44 302	Kenya
5 154	6 614	8 378	10 493	12 972	15 802	18 968	22 499	26 396	30 640	Madagascar
1 930	2 316	2 857	3 600	4 577	5 874	7 589	9 758	12 439	15 670	Malawi
530	543	559	578	603	631	661	687	709	727	Mauritius (1)
88	102	119	138	159	184	212	242	272	302	Mayotte
6 231	7 241	8 436	9 898	11 685	13 844	16 357	19 113	22 105	25 335	Mozambique
734	795	849	895	935	969	999	1 023	1 042	1 055	Réunion
1 614	1 998	2 503	3 119	3 854	4 748	5 821	7 093	8 561	10 192	Rwanda
43	46	49	51	54	56	59	60	62	62	Seychelles
2 939	3 479	4 205	5 168	6 375	7 853	9 616	11 687	14 094	16 862	Somalia
1 309	1 777	2 195	2 641	3 186	3 871	4 710	5 678	6 771	7 991	South Sudan
3 767	5 067	6 752	8 882	11 526	14 762	18 659	23 282	28 661	34 815	Uganda
9 394	11 784	14 959	19 030	24 074	30 281	37 780	46 714	57 150	69 089	United Republic of Tanzania (2)
4 197	5 069	6 238	7 755	9 602	11 857	14 627	18 016	22 077	26 816	Zambia
4 508	4 793	5 682	6 717	7 668	8 630	9 586	10 553	11 531	12 490	Zimbabwe
42 577	51 861	62 501	74 510	87 799	102 336	118 123	134 969	152 698	171 082	MIDDLE AFRICA
8 895	11 140	13 585	16 207	18 888	21 625	24 441	27 298	30 166	33 004	Angola
8 521	10 096	11 863	13 775	15 791	17 915	20 164	22 520	24 942	27 387	Cameroon
1 529	1 710	1 947	2 236	2 580	2 979	3 411	3 872	4 356	4 856	Central African Republic
2 116	2 441	2 836	3 344	4 021	4 890	5 986	7 257	8 694	10 295	Chad
2 155	2 556	2 946	3 371	3 858	4 387	4 955	5 558	6 185	6 828	Congo
17 892	22 248	27 434	33 459	40 306	47 941	56 319	65 365	74 999	85 100	Democratic Republic of the Congo
236	276	323	376	434	498	567	640	717	796	Equatorial Guinea
1 144	1 292	1 447	1 607	1 769	1 932	2 094	2 257	2 421	2 582	Gabon
89	103	119	136	152	169	185	202	218	234	Sao Tome and Principe
91 896	102 249	113 307	125 030	136 873	148 941	161 152	173 175	184 850	195 877	NORTHERN AFRICA
21 933	25 546	28 932	31 899	34 345	36 210	37 645	38 876	39 904	40 649	Algeria
31 927	35 186	38 969	43 145	47 751	52 864	58 328	63 764	69 044	74 040	Egypt
4 435	4 929	5 181	5 626	6 007	6 340	6 660	6 967	7 242	7 462	Libya
16 707	18 109	19 639	21 200	22 743	24 219	25 523	26 656	27 627	28 430	Morocco
10 083	11 117	12 662	14 681	17 063	19 919	23 243	26 845	30 690	34 731	Sudan
6 456	6 928	7 407	7 879	8 316	8 699	9 028	9 313	9 562	9 762	Tunisia
356	434	517	602	649	690	725	755	781	802	Western Sahara
30 847	33 778	36 120	38 372	40 648	42 770	44 747	46 570	48 251	49 810	SOUTHERN AFRICA
1 075	1 224	1 357	1 476	1 580	1 670	1 751	1 827	1 899	1 964	Botswana
481	583	697	817	936	1 051	1 166	1 283	1 401	1 517	Lesotho
729	863	1 010	1 165	1 334	1 510	1 688	1 866	2 043	2 214	Namibia
28 320	30 855	32 787	34 627	36 488	38 199	39 765	41 179	42 453	43 616	South Africa
242	253	268	287	310	340	376	415	456	499	Swaziland
110 832	134 810	163 104	195 879	233 022	274 819	321 401	372 864	428 878	488 886	WESTERN AFRICA
3 130	3 917	4 812	5 836	6 988	8 265	9 659	11 168	12 784	14 490	Benin
3 058	4 227	5 712	7 532	9 661	12 086	14 851	18 059	21 715	25 801	Burkina Faso
273	307	341	374	405	432	455	474	490	502	Cape Verde
8 440	9 979	11 926	14 085	16 401	18 829	21 331	23 930	26 606	29 319	Côte d'Ivoire
799	979	1 174	1 381	1 608	1 853	2 114	2 388	2 671	2 960	Gambia
10 321	12 492	14 882	17 428	20 100	22 937	25 945	29 088	32 300	35 520	Ghana
2 970	3 490	4 234	5 128	6 178	7 368	8 699	10 165	11 752	13 443	Guinea
541	655	784	925	1 077	1 237	1 409	1 595	1 796	2 010	Guinea-Bissau

Table A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Urban population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Liberia	118	155	208	279	375	504	676	868	1 258	893	1 262
Mali	393	478	581	706	865	1 073	1 339	1 683	2 023	2 507	3 172
Mauritania	20	35	59	99	165	270	415	612	792	913	1 057
Niger	120	150	188	256	385	579	789	980	1 197	1 448	1 768
Nigeria	3 867	5 085	7 422	10 294	13 024	16 632	21 592	27 326	34 418	42 733	52 383
Saint Helena (3)	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Senegal	416	536	701	924	1 229	1 612	1 937	2 340	2 817	3 316	3 835
Sierra Leone	240	301	380	480	607	761	920	1 118	1 315	1 342	1 484
Togo	61	99	159	254	446	546	658	840	1 048	1 254	1 577
ASIA	245 052	297 970	359 955	431 115	505 669	598 088	715 234	865 113	1 032 275	1 206 138	1 392 232
EASTERN ASIA	119 685	149 153	182 422	216 859	246 115	280 266	324 169	388 323	461 647	543 097	628 338
China (4)	65 006	84 297	106 656	128 465	141 744	159 217	190 320	241 679	302 817	375 866	455 325
China, Hong Kong SAR (5)	1 682	2 121	2 620	3 285	3 472	3 906	4 623	5 031	5 766	6 144	6 783
China, Macao SAR (6)	190	174	163	199	244	243	243	294	359	398	432
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	3 018	3 416	4 400	5 557	7 722	9 113	9 809	10 791	11 760	12 849	13 602
Japan	43 896	51 638	58 527	66 063	74 544	83 899	88 299	92 048	94 547	97 120	98 877
Mongolia	156	228	341	467	577	721	882	1 060	1 250	1 310	1 378
Republic of Korea	4 102	5 163	6 948	9 186	12 799	16 678	21 247	26 281	31 738	34 943	36 616
Other non-specified areas	1 633	2 115	2 765	3 636	5 013	6 489	8 748	11 138	13 409	14 467	15 326
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)	84 053	97 102	112 692	133 666	159 571	194 445	240 170	287 192	338 909	390 925	446 100
CENTRAL ASIA	5 715	7 281	9 499	11 911	14 223	16 577	18 686	20 782	22 535	22 929	23 059
Kazakhstan	2 437	3 231	4 418	5 603	6 586	7 430	8 077	8 838	9 301	8 906	8 335
Kyrgyzstan	461	582	743	923	1 111	1 260	1 401	1 540	1 660	1 669	1 749
Tajikistan	450	557	691	883	1 085	1 223	1 355	1 518	1 679	1 668	1 635
Turkmenistan	544	619	740	891	1 046	1 198	1 347	1 485	1 653	1 876	2 067
Uzbekistan	1 823	2 292	2 908	3 611	4 396	5 465	6 506	7 401	8 241	8 810	9 273
SOUTHERN ASIA	78 338	89 821	103 193	121 755	145 348	177 869	221 483	266 410	316 374	367 996	423 041
Afghanistan	473	602	773	1 001	1 320	1 793	2 224	2 136	2 366	3 828	4 704
Bangladesh	1 623	2 036	2 573	3 589	5 078	6 942	11 973	16 146	20 853	25 487	30 571
Bhutan	4	5	8	12	18	29	44	63	92	107	145
India	63 373	71 449	80 272	93 249	109 447	132 703	161 698	191 009	223 230	256 624	291 585
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	4 797	5 938	7 421	9 291	11 812	15 002	19 170	24 827	30 909	35 996	41 846
Maldives	8	9	10	12	14	24	35	48	57	64	76
Nepal	220	273	339	400	471	646	916	1 251	1 690	2 353	3 277
Pakistan	6 578	8 103	10 150	12 224	14 737	18 039	22 591	28 015	34 198	40 542	47 892
Sri Lanka	1 263	1 405	1 646	1 977	2 450	2 691	2 832	2 915	2 982	2 997	2 945
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA	26 612	32 661	40 483	49 708	61 050	74 699	91 399	114 134	140 908	167 801	200 179
Brunei Darussalam	13	22	35	52	77	97	113	136	166	199	233
Cambodia	443	496	559	665	1 108	313	584	1 103	1 482	1 934	2 313
Indonesia	9 280	11 020	13 411	16 444	20 206	25 905	33 338	43 860	56 381	70 896	89 631
Lao People's Democratic Republic	122	144	169	199	259	337	400	504	647	833	1 169
Malaysia (8)	1 244	1 643	2 170	2 863	3 650	4 636	5 816	7 234	9 067	11 539	14 512
Myanmar	2 772	3 323	4 029	4 893	5 973	7 065	7 879	8 699	9 664	10 804	12 235
Philippines	4 992	6 303	7 880	9 673	11 691	14 541	17 640	23 267	29 945	33 443	37 101
Singapore	1 016	1 306	1 634	1 880	2 074	2 262	2 415	2 709	3 017	3 482	3 919
Thailand	3 396	4 256	5 373	6 429	7 711	10 073	12 721	14 702	16 793	18 060	19 669
Timor-Leste	43	47	52	62	78	97	96	122	155	192	201
Viet Nam	3 290	4 102	5 170	6 549	8 222	9 372	10 398	11 797	13 591	16 420	19 196
WESTERN ASIA	14 702	19 054	24 358	30 882	38 933	48 677	59 496	75 464	90 811	104 314	117 614
Armenia	546	718	958	1 226	1 508	1 797	2 045	2 240	2 390	2 129	1 989
Azerbaijan (9)	1 323	1 664	2 051	2 341	2 586	2 952	3 251	3 568	3 876	4 054	4 168
Bahrain	74	101	133	154	178	225	308	363	434	494	564
Cyprus (10)	140	171	204	222	250	307	402	455	512	582	648
Georgia (11)	1 302	1 538	1 791	2 039	2 260	2 471	2 663	2 865	3 005	2 729	2 498
Iraq	2 009	2 469	3 166	4 297	5 628	7 233	9 005	10 643	12 111	13 954	16 183
Israel	893	1 221	1 606	2 042	2 399	2 891	3 318	3 668	4 066	4 845	5 486
Jordan	166	281	456	613	933	1 153	1 378	1 858	2 467	3 434	3 852
Kuwait	94	136	198	384	645	942	1 305	1 706	2 045	1 596	1 904
Lebanon	462	593	808	1 123	1 466	1 852	2 059	2 292	2 451	2 937	3 218
Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)	348	401	471	582	611	788	943	1 147	1 413	1 828	2 302
Oman	39	60	91	141	217	343	562	878	1 235	1 600	1 620
Qatar	20	29	40	64	96	145	198	332	440	476	569
Saudi Arabia	665	918	1 263	1 856	2 809	4 286	6 455	9 604	12 360	14 548	16 006
Syrian Arab Republic	1 046	1 313	1 679	2 152	2 760	3 400	4 160	5 065	6 030	7 100	8 306

Table A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Urban population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
1 535	1 909	2 266	2 675	3 146	3 686	4 291	4 948	5 648	6 384	Liberia
4 097	5 268	6 686	8 372	10 342	12 618	15 212	18 143	21 394	24 937	Mali
1 230	1 426	1 650	1 915	2 231	2 587	2 975	3 390	3 827	4 282	Mauritania
2 174	2 733	3 492	4 540	5 958	7 800	10 107	12 954	16 414	20 546	Niger
63 969	77 629	93 620	112 159	133 108	156 697	183 082	212 249	243 985	277 916	Nigeria
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	Saint Helena (3)
4 471	5 253	6 201	7 318	8 628	10 144	11 821	13 640	15 568	17 579	Senegal
1 920	2 281	2 656	3 084	3 568	4 115	4 705	5 323	5 957	6 599	Sierra Leone
1 903	2 262	2 668	3 122	3 622	4 163	4 742	5 347	5 970	6 597	Togo
1 614 359	1 847 733	2 082 161	2 304 715	2 512 033	2 702 525	2 875 874	3 034 947	3 180 227	3 309 694	ASIA
742 277	855 837	963 497	1 051 971	1 119 071	1 164 959	1 190 441	1 202 274	1 204 898	1 199 238	EASTERN ASIA
556 017	660 286	761 579	846 363	911 804	957 649	984 446	998 581	1 004 090	1 001 612	China (4)
6 834	7 053	7 431	7 803	8 160	8 483	8 743	8 947	9 129	9 305	China, Hong Kong SAR (5)
481	544	601	654	702	742	774	797	814	824	China, Macao SAR (6)
14 201	14 659	15 129	15 685	16 314	16 961	17 580	18 112	18 576	18 997	Dem. People's Republic of Korea
108 670	114 567	117 892	118 877	118 190	116 423	113 970	111 243	108 529	105 949	Japan
1 592	1 862	2 143	2 407	2 637	2 829	2 998	3 166	3 333	3 485	Mongolia
38 268	39 960	41 394	42 534	43 358	43 833	43 923	43 632	43 015	42 163	Republic of Korea
16 213	16 906	17 328	17 648	17 906	18 039	18 007	17 794	17 413	16 903	Other non-specified areas
508 149	574 038	647 236	727 577	814 597	907 839	1 006 676	1 107 245	1 205 992	1 300 598	SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)
23 537	24 694	26 255	28 295	30 639	33 309	36 250	39 274	42 275	45 133	CENTRAL ASIA
8 302	8 611	8 993	9 451	9 962	10 545	11 264	12 059	12 873	13 650	Kazakhstan
1 779	1 883	2 011	2 207	2 432	2 694	3 005	3 336	3 674	4 010	Kyrgyzstan
1 706	1 823	1 981	2 192	2 454	2 769	3 149	3 577	4 033	4 508	Tajikistan
2 234	2 441	2 686	2 952	3 226	3 498	3 753	3 991	4 210	4 403	Turkmenistan
9 516	9 936	10 585	11 492	12 565	13 803	15 079	16 311	17 485	18 563	Uzbekistan
484 612	549 344	620 981	699 281	783 958	874 530	970 426	1 067 971	1 163 717	1 255 465	SOUTHERN ASIA
6 043	7 300	9 103	11 213	13 685	16 635	20 103	24 025	28 368	33 102	Afghanistan
36 041	41 476	48 088	55 336	63 114	71 148	79 161	86 991	94 451	101 357	Bangladesh
204	253	303	350	394	434	469	499	527	551	Bhutan
333 288	378 775	428 509	483 044	542 191	605 813	673 584	742 667	810 389	875 383	India
47 109	50 996	54 273	57 184	59 553	61 517	63 319	64 940	66 160	66 761	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
100	126	154	179	201	217	231	244	256	266	Maldives
4 123	4 990	5 980	7 127	8 442	9 917	11 547	13 302	15 146	17 052	Nepal
54 703	62 290	71 213	81 175	92 268	104 197	116 785	129 474	141 986	153 967	Pakistan
3 001	3 138	3 358	3 674	4 111	4 652	5 228	5 829	6 434	7 026	Sri Lanka
229 880	261 532	294 572	328 024	361 311	393 340	423 362	451 377	477 089	500 156	SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA
267	302	335	368	398	426	452	476	498	517	Brunei Darussalam
2 561	2 801	3 117	3 509	3 975	4 522	5 142	5 790	6 460	7 135	Cambodia
104 415	119 752	135 343	150 208	163 995	176 419	187 224	196 703	204 837	211 519	Indonesia
1 576	2 054	2 560	3 074	3 563	3 996	4 395	4 767	5 110	5 418	Lao People's Democratic Republic
17 637	20 450	23 157	25 694	28 022	30 209	32 265	34 141	35 834	37 369	Malaysia (8)
13 612	15 388	17 430	19 583	21 777	23 939	26 000	27 940	29 744	31 394	Myanmar
41 091	45 370	50 544	56 623	63 649	71 145	78 812	86 513	94 158	101 651	Philippines
4 266	5 086	5 375	5 597	5 801	5 978	6 098	6 145	6 138	6 106	Singapore
21 504	23 315	25 255	27 375	29 704	32 039	34 256	36 274	38 045	39 567	Thailand
264	314	389	481	590	713	847	994	1 154	1 329	Timor-Leste
22 687	26 700	31 066	35 512	39 837	43 954	47 871	51 633	55 112	58 151	Viet Nam
134 053	156 325	176 855	197 144	217 054	236 386	255 396	274 051	292 248	309 702	WESTERN ASIA
1 968	1 981	2 015	2 044	2 068	2 094	2 124	2 148	2 163	2 166	Armenia
4 499	4 906	5 326	5 740	6 112	6 469	6 851	7 241	7 607	7 921	Azerbaijan (9)
641	1 118	1 249	1 349	1 430	1 500	1 561	1 614	1 652	1 671	Bahrain
717	776	831	882	930	976	1 015	1 045	1 067	1 082	Cyprus (10)
2 349	2 295	2 253	2 218	2 189	2 168	2 158	2 146	2 131	2 114	Georgia (11)
18 342	21 073	24 543	28 457	32 956	37 903	43 463	49 415	55 676	62 185	Iraq
6 044	6 812	7 426	8 010	8 574	9 132	9 693	10 255	10 803	11 325	Israel
4 336	5 103	5 687	6 240	6 771	7 275	7 742	8 157	8 510	8 798	Jordan
2 223	2 689	3 035	3 339	3 642	3 951	4 265	4 568	4 847	5 097	Kuwait
3 508	3 684	3 846	3 985	4 106	4 199	4 259	4 289	4 290	4 266	Lebanon
2 598	2 994	3 496	4 059	4 669	5 311	5 972	6 654	7 354	8 063	Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)
1 747	2 036	2 277	2 490	2 669	2 815	2 931	3 016	3 068	3 087	Oman
800	1 735	2 017	2 188	2 281	2 365	2 445	2 518	2 574	2 607	Qatar
19 468	22 530	25 381	28 189	30 763	32 983	34 958	36 750	38 354	39 725	Saudi Arabia
9 941	11 363	12 789	14 377	16 082	17 832	19 527	21 097	22 533	23 852	Syrian Arab Republic

Table A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Urban population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Turkey	5 262	7 020	8 875	10 897	13 559	16 462	19 309	25 909	32 047	36 568	41 193
United Arab Emirates	64	80	103	131	212	435	820	1 077	1 430	1 839	2 452
Yemen	250	341	466	621	817	993	1 314	1 793	2 501	3 599	4 655
EUROPE	280 602	311 084	344 397	380 373	412 199	441 153	466 318	485 384	502 983	511 556	514 545
EASTERN EUROPE	87 425	105 255	123 544	140 928	156 450	172 533	188 203	201 090	211 167	211 260	207 473
Belarus	2 032	2 252	2 654	3 282	3 978	4 741	5 457	6 182	6 769	6 979	7 038
Bulgaria	2 000	2 416	2 919	3 754	4 440	5 020	5 503	5 788	5 854	5 664	5 516
Czech Republic	4 809	5 264	5 670	6 007	6 304	6 987	7 713	7 763	7 750	7 703	7 579
Hungary	4 951	5 347	5 581	5 884	6 201	6 547	6 867	6 863	6 832	6 737	6 593
Poland	9 517	11 784	13 904	15 600	16 956	18 780	20 665	22 299	23 317	23 608	23 639
Republic of Moldova (13)	386	518	704	919	1 153	1 391	1 620	1 862	2 041	2 009	1 831
Romania	4 180	5 354	6 297	7 175	8 166	9 099	10 228	11 281	12 350	12 195	11 763
Russian Federation	45 278	54 535	64 427	73 734	81 458	89 167	96 714	103 312	108 801	109 103	107 647
Slovakia	1 031	1 194	1 370	1 609	1 851	2 182	2 562	2 786	2 977	3 035	3 039
Ukraine	13 241	16 590	20 019	22 965	25 944	28 620	30 873	32 954	34 477	34 227	32 828
NORTHERN EUROPE	54 400	56 192	58 685	61 824	64 499	66 912	68 683	69 695	70 985	72 234	73 492
Channel Islands (14)	42	42	42	43	44	43	41	42	44	43	44
Denmark	2 902	3 090	3 375	3 667	3 930	4 157	4 289	4 313	4 362	4 447	4 544
Estonia	547	622	700	792	887	968	1 027	1 080	1 115	1 008	951
Faroe Islands	5	6	7	9	11	12	13	14	15	13	17
Finland (15)	1 724	2 081	2 449	2 723	2 934	3 196	3 428	3 716	3 958	4 135	4 252
Iceland	104	121	141	159	173	189	201	216	231	245	260
Ireland	1 168	1 268	1 296	1 400	1 533	1 708	1 891	1 989	2 009	2 091	2 250
Isle of Man	29	28	27	29	32	32	34	33	36	37	40
Latvia	905	998	1 127	1 285	1 436	1 576	1 686	1 770	1 845	1 713	1 623
Lithuania	739	895	1 093	1 319	1 555	1 837	2 098	2 316	2 498	2 442	2 345
Norway (16)	1 647	1 721	1 788	2 143	2 536	2 732	2 882	2 961	3 052	3 215	3 417
Sweden	4 610	5 030	5 422	5 960	6 517	6 778	6 905	6 939	7 112	7 399	7 445
United Kingdom	39 977	40 289	41 218	42 296	42 912	43 685	44 187	44 304	44 708	45 442	46 305
SOUTHERN EUROPE	48 888	53 958	59 129	65 903	72 970	79 450	85 549	88 821	90 910	92 941	95 014
Albania	249	370	495	584	678	785	902	1 038	1 198	1 222	1 282
Andorra	2	4	8	13	20	27	34	45	50	61	60
Bosnia and Herzegovina	364	476	605	775	970	1 172	1 391	1 549	1 691	1 367	1 589
Croatia	858	1 033	1 220	1 442	1 676	1 924	2 191	2 338	2 441	2 563	2 504
Gibraltar	20	21	22	23	25	25	27	27	27	27	27
Greece	2 825	3 191	3 574	4 064	4 617	5 003	5 567	5 806	5 979	6 327	6 563
Holy See (17)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Italy	25 086	27 365	29 395	31 820	34 273	36 167	37 466	37 939	37 922	38 124	38 307
Malta	277	282	282	275	272	275	293	314	332	352	367
Montenegro	51	67	88	114	139	174	212	244	292	343	370
Portugal	2 626	2 856	3 105	3 281	3 370	3 753	4 187	4 513	4 756	5 175	5 623
San Marino	6	6	8	9	11	14	17	20	22	24	25
Serbia (18)	1 367	1 762	2 204	2 698	3 248	3 682	4 128	4 482	4 822	5 280	5 369
Slovenia	293	365	446	530	618	738	880	934	971	995	1 008
Spain (19)	14 574	15 774	17 204	19 676	22 316	24 863	27 292	28 554	29 303	29 908	30 725
TFYR Macedonia (20)	288	385	474	598	738	847	960	1 018	1 103	1 173	1 193
WESTERN EUROPE	89 888	95 678	103 039	111 719	118 280	122 257	123 883	125 779	129 921	135 121	138 567
Austria	4 411	4 455	4 558	4 725	4 872	4 952	4 936	4 957	5 045	5 222	5 267
Belgium	7 892	8 155	8 462	8 788	9 032	9 247	9 392	9 440	9 589	9 755	9 882
France	23 104	25 263	28 272	32 701	36 070	38 426	39 484	40 715	41 996	43 333	45 405
Germany	46 558	49 011	51 978	54 660	56 496	57 085	57 028	56 486	57 835	60 043	60 170
Liechtenstein	3	3	3	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
Luxembourg	199	209	218	239	252	277	291	296	309	338	365
Monaco	20	20	22	23	24	25	26	29	31	33	35
Netherlands	5 629	6 193	6 823	7 420	7 991	8 593	9 121	9 643	10 228	11 229	12 183
Switzerland	2 072	2 369	2 702	3 161	3 539	3 646	3 598	4 210	4 884	5 164	5 256
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN	69 264	86 841	108 540	134 588	163 402	196 257	232 955	271 280	311 620	352 614	393 619
CARIBBEAN	6 301	7 222	8 324	9 888	11 537	13 493	15 373	17 096	19 097	21 439	23 575
Anguilla	5	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	8	10	11
Antigua and Barbuda	14	18	22	22	22	24	24	23	22	23	25
Aruba	19	22	28	29	30	31	30	32	31	39	42
Bahamas	41	50	67	89	113	132	154	180	204	227	244
Barbados	76	83	85	87	90	95	98	92	85	93	103

Table A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Urban population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
45 548	51 281	57 828	63 488	68 227	72 034	74 913	77 126	78 816	79 965	Turkey
3 348	6 313	7 159	7 950	8 641	9 261	9 817	10 309	10 714	11 010	United Arab Emirates
5 975	7 635	9 697	12 138	14 944	18 120	21 702	25 705	30 089	34 770	Yemen
523 263	536 611	547 531	557 585	566 299	573 494	579 462	584 494	588 431	591 041	EUROPE
203 058	203 040	203 629	204 182	204 238	203 745	203 167	202 650	202 014	201 042	EASTERN EUROPE
7 109	7 160	7 236	7 277	7 269	7 213	7 124	7 028	6 927	6 813	Belarus
5 431	5 435	5 462	5 434	5 354	5 231	5 087	4 943	4 802	4 654	Bulgaria
7 532	7 709	7 800	7 902	8 002	8 091	8 167	8 247	8 345	8 457	Czech Republic
6 694	6 885	7 063	7 211	7 327	7 406	7 449	7 483	7 523	7 571	Hungary
23 455	23 328	23 281	23 387	23 584	23 807	24 019	24 177	24 304	24 441	Poland
1 626	1 677	1 745	1 809	1 858	1 881	1 885	1 884	1 874	1 851	Republic of Moldova (13)
11 487	11 343	11 244	11 226	11 282	11 391	11 557	11 745	11 893	11 991	Romania
104 905	105 292	105 981	106 410	106 323	105 804	105 251	104 778	104 216	103 388	Russian Federation
3 009	2 995	3 004	3 046	3 110	3 187	3 267	3 333	3 391	3 446	Slovakia
31 810	31 216	30 814	30 478	30 128	29 735	29 361	29 032	28 739	28 430	Ukraine
75 436	78 323	81 174	84 122	87 090	89 927	92 281	94 298	96 103	97 715	NORTHERN EUROPE
46	48	49	51	53	56	58	61	64	66	Channel Islands (14)
4 653	4 817	4 939	5 053	5 161	5 252	5 317	5 358	5 381	5 394	Denmark
934	932	932	935	938	939	942	947	955	962	Estonia
19	20	21	22	23	25	26	28	29	30	Faroe Islands
4 348	4 482	4 589	4 689	4 777	4 843	4 886	4 915	4 942	4 975	Finland (15)
276	300	319	338	356	372	386	397	407	416	Iceland
2 515	2 767	3 002	3 233	3 456	3 675	3 895	4 118	4 341	4 555	Ireland
41	42	43	44	44	46	47	48	49	50	Isle of Man
1 568	1 525	1 496	1 477	1 461	1 453	1 446	1 443	1 443	1 442	Latvia
2 276	2 227	2 197	2 182	2 176	2 173	2 170	2 164	2 159	2 156	Lithuania
3 583	3 863	4 067	4 272	4 476	4 668	4 839	4 990	5 133	5 272	Norway (16)
7 613	7 978	8 278	8 585	8 874	9 113	9 303	9 477	9 651	9 822	Sweden
47 564	49 323	51 241	53 240	55 294	57 314	58 965	60 352	61 549	62 574	United Kingdom
99 923	105 019	108 544	111 486	114 145	116 472	118 584	120 457	121 958	122 933	SOUTHERN EUROPE
1 470	1 677	1 878	2 049	2 182	2 272	2 320	2 335	2 329	2 306	Albania
70	75	78	82	86	91	97	103	109	115	Andorra
1 711	1 795	1 874	1 941	1 996	2 039	2 064	2 071	2 060	2 036	Bosnia and Herzegovina
2 506	2 534	2 572	2 617	2 667	2 712	2 745	2 768	2 785	2 798	Croatia
29	29	29	29	29	29	29	28	28	28	Gibraltar
6 745	6 954	7 176	7 399	7 631	7 861	8 086	8 307	8 511	8 686	Greece
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Holy See (17)
39 655	41 308	42 330	43 072	43 799	44 524	45 174	45 751	46 220	46 532	Italy
383	394	404	411	415	416	415	412	408	405	Malta
390	398	406	415	423	430	437	442	446	448	Montenegro
6 070	6 459	6 762	6 970	7 101	7 199	7 270	7 307	7 297	7 240	Portugal
28	30	31	31	32	32	32	33	33	33	San Marino
5 365	5 523	5 665	5 794	5 916	6 035	6 142	6 224	6 278	6 308	Serbia (18)
1 010	1 014	1 023	1 038	1 061	1 091	1 129	1 167	1 204	1 238	Slovenia
33 285	35 610	37 078	38 374	39 517	40 423	41 306	42 160	42 896	43 410	Spain (19)
1 204	1 220	1 240	1 263	1 290	1 317	1 337	1 348	1 352	1 350	TFYR Macedonia (20)
144 846	150 229	154 184	157 795	160 827	163 350	165 430	167 089	168 357	169 352	WESTERN EUROPE
5 477	5 662	5 799	5 938	6 085	6 231	6 359	6 461	6 537	6 592	Austria
10 132	10 440	10 606	10 752	10 886	11 010	11 120	11 218	11 305	11 384	Belgium
49 746	53 513	56 555	58 999	60 976	62 593	64 020	65 327	66 510	67 603	France
60 548	60 751	60 665	60 973	61 274	61 522	61 645	61 617	61 451	61 186	Germany
5	5	5	6	6	6	7	8	8	9	Liechtenstein
384	432	469	504	537	568	595	618	636	649	Luxembourg
35	35	35	35	35	36	36	36	36	36	Monaco
13 072	13 747	14 267	14 666	14 966	15 200	15 375	15 478	15 519	15 526	Netherlands
5 447	5 644	5 782	5 923	6 062	6 184	6 272	6 327	6 356	6 367	Switzerland
430 379	465 246	499 460	531 235	560 030	585 347	607 050	625 144	639 626	650 479	LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN
25 770	27 725	29 604	31 361	32 948	34 312	35 515	36 509	37 275	37 803	CARIBBEAN
14	15	17	17	18	18	18	19	18	18	Anguilla
26	27	28	30	32	35	38	41	43	46	Antigua and Barbuda
47	50	52	53	55	56	58	59	60	60	Aruba
265	288	309	329	347	364	377	387	396	403	Bahamas
111	120	128	136	143	149	154	158	161	163	Barbados

Table A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Urban population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
British Virgin Islands	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	6	7	8
Cayman Islands	6	7	8	9	10	13	17	20	26	33	40
Cuba	3 345	3 755	4 166	4 712	5 244	6 050	6 683	7 142	7 755	8 097	8 395
Dominica	13	14	16	24	33	40	48	49	48	48	47
Dominican Republic	565	751	1 000	1 364	1 814	2 352	2 971	3 492	3 973	4 559	5 305
Grenada	24	25	27	30	30	30	29	33	32	35	37
Guadeloupe (21)	200	226	264	286	304	315	320	350	381	399	420
Haiti	392	485	603	751	931	1 049	1 168	1 488	2 031	2 567	3 078
Jamaica	338	443	550	660	772	886	997	1 112	1 169	1 246	1 338
Martinique	73	83	113	156	199	234	260	286	310	327	346
Montserrat	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Netherlands Antilles (22)	88	91	94	107	121	131	141	152	163	167	162
Puerto Rico	900	954	1 051	1 330	1 584	1 845	2 139	2 337	2 547	3 225	3 610
Saint Kitts and Nevis	12	13	14	15	15	16	15	15	14	15	15
Saint Lucia	16	18	19	22	25	27	31	35	41	44	44
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	15	17	21	24	28	32	36	40	44	47	49
Trinidad and Tobago	136	139	146	128	115	115	117	113	104	121	140
Turks and Caicos Islands	2	2	3	3	3	3	4	6	9	12	16
United States Virgin Islands	16	17	18	31	45	65	79	88	91	97	101
CENTRAL AMERICA	14 864	18 797	23 985	30 232	37 415	45 959	55 259	63 894	73 588	83 632	93 245
Belize	38	44	50	56	62	67	71	80	90	105	119
Costa Rica	324	383	457	566	707	847	1 010	1 226	1 556	1 935	2 314
El Salvador	803	910	1 063	1 263	1 472	1 756	2 051	2 330	2 626	3 094	3 500
Guatemala	789	1 015	1 294	1 619	1 936	2 287	2 632	3 114	3 669	4 318	5 071
Honduras	261	344	455	604	777	996	1 265	1 595	1 978	2 394	2 827
Mexico	11 886	15 162	19 499	24 663	30 613	37 796	45 626	52 523	60 211	67 698	74 692
Nicaragua	456	563	702	881	1 128	1 362	1 619	1 890	2 157	2 482	2 777
Panama	308	376	465	580	719	847	985	1 136	1 301	1 605	1 945
SOUTH AMERICA	48 099	60 822	76 231	94 467	114 450	136 805	162 323	190 290	218 936	247 543	276 800
Argentina	11 206	13 182	15 183	17 028	18 918	21 116	23 317	25 813	28 394	30 901	33 284
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	919	1 061	1 233	1 436	1 677	1 967	2 433	3 010	3 701	4 438	5 137
Brazil	19 517	25 816	33 570	43 070	53 716	65 788	79 682	95 185	110 624	125 610	141 619
Chile	3 553	4 281	5 190	6 206	7 205	8 167	9 082	10 003	10 982	12 158	13 253
Colombia	3 924	5 348	7 207	9 468	11 693	14 026	16 695	19 668	22 670	25 706	28 660
Ecuador	958	1 198	1 504	1 886	2 346	2 926	3 737	4 656	5 653	6 576	7 444
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
French Guiana	14	17	21	26	33	39	48	64	87	104	124
Guyana	114	138	163	187	212	224	237	226	214	212	210
Paraguay	509	587	678	789	920	1 092	1 332	1 664	2 067	2 500	2 957
Peru	3 129	3 805	4 648	5 948	7 570	9 308	11 163	13 012	14 942	16 906	18 890
Suriname	101	118	137	156	171	180	201	216	244	272	303
Uruguay	1 744	1 876	2 037	2 191	2 314	2 359	2 489	2 625	2 766	2 919	3 031
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	2 410	3 394	4 659	6 077	7 674	9 610	11 906	14 148	16 591	19 241	21 886
NORTHERN AMERICA	109 667	125 350	142 856	157 787	170 691	178 973	188 118	199 457	212 088	228 607	247 911
Bermuda	37	41	45	49	52	54	56	58	60	61	63
Canada	8 372	10 339	12 368	14 344	16 430	17 498	18 550	19 732	21 214	22 760	24 374
Greenland	11	14	19	26	34	37	38	41	44	45	46
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6
United States of America	101 242	114 952	130 420	143 364	154 171	161 379	169 468	179 621	190 765	205 734	223 423
OCEANIA	7 907	9 177	10 580	12 085	13 891	15 447	16 384	17 603	19 056	20 486	21 924
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND	7 681	8 881	10 189	11 557	13 140	14 486	15 241	16 248	17 480	18 737	20 010
Australia (23)	6 297	7 308	8 386	9 484	10 853	11 934	12 615	13 513	14 600	15 601	16 705
New Zealand	1 384	1 573	1 803	2 073	2 287	2 552	2 626	2 735	2 880	3 136	3 305
MELANESIA	123	167	233	328	498	649	783	935	1 097	1 218	1 335
Fiji	70	90	117	151	181	212	240	274	303	353	389
New Caledonia	16	21	29	41	54	71	82	91	101	115	131
Papua New Guinea	29	46	73	118	239	335	420	515	623	664	710
Solomon Islands	3	5	7	10	14	18	24	33	42	52	65
Vanuatu	4	5	7	8	11	13	17	22	27	34	40
MICRONESIA	47	57	69	88	112	153	185	222	261	297	325
Guam	25	29	34	42	53	80	100	110	122	134	144
Kiribati	3	4	5	7	11	14	18	21	25	28	36
Marshall Islands	3	4	5	7	11	16	18	24	31	34	36

Table A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Urban population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
9	9	10	11	12	13	14	14	15	15	British Virgin Islands
52	56	59	60	62	63	64	64	63	62	Cayman Islands
8 508	8 468	8 435	8 417	8 425	8 435	8 415	8 338	8 205	8 021	Cuba
46	45	46	47	48	49	50	50	50	50	Dominica
6 085	6 857	7 588	8 255	8 847	9 362	9 816	10 201	10 511	10 743	Dominican Republic
38	41	43	46	48	50	51	52	52	52	Grenada
439	453	464	472	479	483	485	483	478	471	Guadeloupe (21)
4 120	5 195	6 244	7 215	8 075	8 804	9 489	10 130	10 716	11 233	Haiti
1 395	1 425	1 462	1 508	1 559	1 610	1 654	1 682	1 691	1 682	Jamaica
355	361	366	369	371	372	371	367	361	352	Martinique
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	Montserrat
171	187	196	201	203	203	202	199	196	192	Netherlands Antilles (22)
3 693	3 703	3 714	3 726	3 735	3 736	3 729	3 711	3 684	3 645	Puerto Rico
16	17	18	20	21	23	25	27	29	30	Saint Kitts and Nevis
38	32	27	25	23	24	25	27	29	31	Saint Lucia
51	53	56	58	60	63	66	69	71	73	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
159	180	201	221	239	255	272	289	307	323	Trinidad and Tobago
27	36	39	41	43	44	45	45	46	45	Turks and Caicos Islands
103	104	103	102	101	99	96	94	92	90	United States Virgin Islands
102 446	112 339	122 424	132 090	141 242	149 832	157 666	164 674	170 784	175 951	CENTRAL AMERICA
130	140	151	165	181	199	219	240	261	280	Belize
2 659	2 990	3 315	3 616	3 883	4 118	4 321	4 491	4 630	4 734	Costa Rica
3 730	3 981	4 258	4 554	4 855	5 155	5 418	5 647	5 843	6 002	El Salvador
5 999	7 098	8 424	9 922	11 588	13 403	15 337	17 372	19 487	21 648	Guatemala
3 347	3 920	4 569	5 249	5 943	6 634	7 315	7 980	8 616	9 210	Honduras
81 256	88 272	95 121	101 371	106 985	111 946	116 152	119 566	122 163	123 951	Mexico
3 034	3 314	3 652	3 994	4 334	4 665	4 973	5 246	5 480	5 668	Nicaragua
2 291	2 624	2 934	3 218	3 473	3 712	3 932	4 131	4 306	4 457	Panama
302 163	325 183	347 432	367 785	385 840	401 202	413 868	423 962	431 568	436 725	SOUTH AMERICA
35 348	37 320	39 258	41 056	42 666	44 088	45 364	46 481	47 429	48 191	Argentina
5 871	6 593	7 352	8 157	9 003	9 884	10 778	11 669	12 542	13 382	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
154 061	164 409	174 174	182 648	189 698	195 116	198 891	201 226	202 271	202 091	Brazil
14 284	15 221	16 074	16 822	17 439	17 922	18 286	18 535	18 675	18 718	Chile
31 670	34 730	37 708	40 534	43 148	45 508	47 587	49 361	50 821	51 975	Colombia
8 540	9 672	10 760	11 782	12 713	13 541	14 284	14 935	15 484	15 926	Ecuador
2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
153	176	202	231	262	294	327	361	395	429	French Guiana
211	214	219	229	244	261	276	289	300	310	Guyana
3 448	3 961	4 501	5 050	5 592	6 116	6 626	7 115	7 579	8 010	Paraguay
20 679	22 363	24 170	25 959	27 690	29 246	30 601	31 753	32 688	33 402	Peru
335	364	391	416	439	459	475	487	496	500	Suriname
3 054	3 115	3 185	3 261	3 327	3 382	3 425	3 456	3 473	3 477	Uruguay
24 507	27 042	29 436	31 638	33 618	35 382	36 945	38 292	39 414	40 312	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
265 611	282 480	298 961	314 905	330 040	344 444	358 154	371 234	383 770	395 985	NORTHERN AMERICA
64	65	66	66	66	67	66	66	65	65	Bermuda
25 866	27 402	28 889	30 374	31 817	33 183	34 418	35 547	36 625	37 685	Canada
47	48	49	50	49	49	48	48	47	46	Greenland
6	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	Saint Pierre and Miquelon
239 627	254 959	269 953	284 411	298 101	311 141	323 616	335 568	347 028	358 184	United States of America
23 619	25 857	27 852	29 825	31 758	33 614	35 379	37 079	38 737	40 346	OCEANIA
21 550	23 594	25 337	26 998	28 538	29 929	31 171	32 294	33 321	34 247	AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND
17 992	19 829	21 360	22 813	24 153	25 361	26 444	27 428	28 332	29 151	Australia (23)
3 557	3 765	3 976	4 185	4 386	4 568	4 727	4 866	4 989	5 096	New Zealand
1 455	1 621	1 831	2 098	2 443	2 861	3 336	3 870	4 462	5 110	MELANESIA
410	446	482	515	544	572	602	631	659	685	Fiji
146	155	165	175	186	198	210	221	230	239	New Caledonia
766	853	977	1 156	1 410	1 732	2 106	2 534	3 018	3 557	Papua New Guinea
84	108	136	168	203	242	284	329	377	428	Solomon Islands
49	59	71	84	99	117	135	156	178	202	Vanuatu
345	358	385	412	439	464	487	507	524	537	MICRONESIA
157	168	178	189	199	209	217	224	230	235	Guam
40	44	48	53	58	64	71	77	83	88	Kiribati
36	39	43	46	49	52	55	58	60	62	Marshall Islands

Table A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Urban population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	6	8	10	12	15	16	19	22	25	27	24
Nauru	3	4	4	6	6	7	7	8	9	10	10
Northern Mariana Islands	3	4	5	7	9	12	15	27	39	52	62
Palau	4	5	5	6	7	8	8	9	11	12	13
POLYNESIA (24)	56	73	89	112	141	159	176	198	218	234	254
American Samoa	12	13	13	16	19	22	24	31	38	45	51
Cook Islands	6	7	8	10	11	11	9	10	10	11	12
French Polynesia	21	26	34	45	61	74	87	100	109	116	124
Niue	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Samoa	11	16	21	24	29	32	33	33	34	36	39
Tokelau	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tonga	6	9	11	15	17	18	20	21	22	22	23
Tuvalu	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	4	4	4
Wallis and Futuna Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

a More developed regions comprise Europe, Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan.

b Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), Latin America and the Caribbean plus Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia.

c The least developed countries are 49 countries, 33 in Africa, 10 in Asia, 5 in Oceania plus one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

d Other less developed countries comprise the less developed regions excluding the least developed countries.

e Sub-Saharan Africa refers to all of Africa except Northern Africa.

1 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

2 Including Zanzibar.

3 Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

8 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

9 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

10 Including Northern-Cyprus.

11 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

12 Including East Jerusalem.

13 Including Transnistria.

14 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

15 Including Åland Islands.

16 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

17 Refers to the Vatican City State.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

21 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

22 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

23 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

24 Including Pitcairn.

Table A.3. Urban population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Urban population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
24	25	26	28	31	34	37	41	44	47	Micronesia (Fed. States of)
10	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	Nauru
61	56	61	65	69	71	72	72	71	69	Northern Mariana Islands
15	17	19	20	21	23	24	25	25	26	Palau
270	284	299	317	338	360	385	408	431	452	POLYNESIA (24)
57	64	70	76	84	91	98	104	110	117	American Samoa
14	15	16	16	17	17	18	19	19	20	Cook Islands
132	139	147	155	164	174	183	192	199	205	French Polynesia
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	Niue
38	37	36	36	36	38	42	46	50	53	Samoa
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tokelau
23	24	25	27	30	33	36	40	44	48	Tonga
5	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	8	8	Tuvalu
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Wallis and Futuna Islands

Table A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country, 1950-2050

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Rural population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
WORLD	1 786 734	1 900 950	2 018 775	2 148 361	2 343 767	2 538 751	2 699 779	2 858 793	3 025 020	3 162 107	3 264 138
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)	369 341	364 978	357 360	348 365	335 848	327 753	323 119	319 813	317 306	313 432	307 465
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)	1 417 393	1 535 972	1 661 415	1 799 996	2 007 919	2 210 998	2 376 660	2 538 980	2 707 714	2 848 675	2 956 673
Least developed countries (c)	181 527	199 318	220 456	244 325	271 327	296 843	326 197	362 309	403 195	452 365	501 398
Other less developed countries (d)	1 235 866	1 336 654	1 440 959	1 555 671	1 736 592	1 914 155	2 050 463	2 176 671	2 304 519	2 396 310	2 455 275
Less developed regions, excluding China	925 401	1 004 796	1 101 610	1 208 828	1 325 001	1 445 128	1 574 312	1 715 607	1 858 482	2 003 864	2 136 270
Sub-Saharan Africa (e)	159 698	173 574	189 297	207 728	229 420	255 241	284 996	319 357	355 722	393 997	435 244
AFRICA	196 891	214 010	233 419	255 217	281 580	312 568	348 583	389 617	431 904	476 198	522 699
EASTERN AFRICA	63 926	70 682	78 801	88 644	99 937	112 671	126 995	144 335	163 734	181 398	205 092
Burundi	2 414	2 636	2 881	3 142	3 430	3 562	3 951	4 597	5 250	5 648	5 849
Comoros	146	159	169	176	192	213	253	287	316	355	405
Djibouti	37	39	42	51	62	74	95	102	137	148	172
Eritrea	1 060	1 159	1 285	1 435	1 614	1 831	2 114	2 379	2 659	2 681	3 021
Ethiopia	17 586	19 193	21 102	23 547	26 472	29 841	31 738	36 373	42 233	49 155	55 912
Kenya	5 737	6 532	7 509	8 687	10 094	11 744	13 733	16 495	19 520	22 417	25 037
Madagascar	3 765	4 133	4 561	5 051	5 626	6 277	7 014	7 736	8 622	9 742	11 197
Malawi	2 780	3 042	3 370	3 780	4 257	4 896	5 675	6 530	8 296	8 572	9 588
Mauritius (1)	349	394	441	474	479	505	556	585	594	645	686
Mayotte	14	17	20	24	28	33	38	48	59	71	78
Mozambique	6 289	6 766	7 367	8 083	8 907	9 697	10 553	11 102	10 689	11 756	12 905
Réunion	190	210	225	242	270	269	237	180	115	94	75
Rwanda	2 035	2 336	2 705	3 132	3 629	4 214	4 934	5 773	6 724	5 108	6 983
Seychelles	26	28	30	31	31	31	32	34	36	38	39
Somalia	1 976	2 147	2 331	2 538	2 785	3 068	4 713	4 578	4 642	4 474	4 939
South Sudan	2 601	2 745	2 959	3 214	3 524	3 957	4 550	5 206	5 236	4 713	5 537
Uganda	5 013	5 690	6 488	7 573	8 817	10 130	11 708	13 447	15 739	18 402	21 288
United Republic of Tanzania (2)	7 383	8 356	9 546	10 978	12 536	14 197	15 966	18 185	20 667	23 792	26 445
Zambia	2 071	2 268	2 492	2 711	2 883	3 188	3 476	4 095	4 763	5 610	6 651
Zimbabwe	2 454	2 832	3 279	3 776	4 302	4 944	5 659	6 605	7 434	7 977	8 287
MIDDLE AFRICA	22 459	24 231	26 335	28 398	30 618	33 801	37 915	42 785	48 454	55 817	61 412
Angola	3 833	4 137	4 445	4 752	5 040	5 368	5 782	6 315	6 496	6 780	7 104
Cameroon	4 050	4 340	4 655	5 028	5 453	5 699	6 202	6 708	7 350	8 006	8 538
Central African Republic	1 135	1 161	1 201	1 261	1 329	1 373	1 503	1 693	1 854	2 089	2 308
Chad	2 320	2 524	2 756	3 012	3 233	3 474	3 699	4 132	4 760	5 498	6 452
Congo	606	646	693	749	813	882	938	994	1 091	1 191	1 295
Democratic Republic of the Congo	9 857	10 775	11 941	12 964	14 126	16 438	19 259	22 360	26 306	31 649	35 084
Equatorial Guinea	191	189	188	198	212	173	159	219	244	271	318
Gabon	416	408	401	383	360	340	309	298	287	268	246
Sao Tome and Principe	52	50	54	51	52	56	63	64	65	66	66
NORTHERN AFRICA	37 193	40 437	44 122	47 489	52 160	57 327	63 587	70 259	76 182	82 201	87 455
Algeria	6 809	7 175	7 505	7 435	8 316	9 558	10 620	11 498	12 122	12 449	11 973
Egypt	14 645	15 920	17 338	18 846	20 760	22 694	25 237	28 401	32 129	35 492	38 697
Libya	828	865	980	1 077	1 004	918	916	945	1 052	1 146	1 238
Morocco	6 609	7 322	8 213	9 078	10 032	10 779	11 503	12 309	12 789	13 009	13 436
Sudan	5 904	6 641	7 425	8 230	9 106	10 379	12 084	13 693	14 604	16 630	18 602
Tunisia	2 390	2 500	2 637	2 791	2 898	2 970	3 192	3 384	3 455	3 442	3 458
Western Sahara	9	15	23	33	44	29	34	29	31	33	51
SOUTHERN AFRICA	9 719	10 535	11 447	12 811	14 336	16 221	18 243	20 276	21 549	23 044	23 795
Botswana	401	456	508	573	639	724	832	867	803	809	822
Lesotho	724	773	823	874	944	1 025	1 160	1 312	1 410	1 490	1 572
Namibia	420	454	495	546	606	691	759	847	1 024	1 159	1 282
South Africa	7 905	8 552	9 286	10 452	11 744	13 335	14 996	16 699	17 647	18 844	19 296
Swaziland	268	300	336	366	402	445	496	552	665	742	823
WESTERN AFRICA	63 594	68 127	72 714	77 875	84 529	92 547	101 843	111 961	121 984	133 739	144 946
Benin	2 143	2 146	2 195	2 277	2 374	2 485	2 623	2 865	3 127	3 574	4 019
Burkina Faso	4 120	4 342	4 652	5 009	5 474	6 027	6 577	7 162	8 036	9 074	10 100
Cape Verde	153	165	176	197	221	245	229	225	195	202	204
Côte d'Ivoire	2 368	2 669	2 995	3 340	3 891	4 587	5 370	6 516	7 593	8 629	9 362
Gambia	244	272	327	350	369	407	451	515	596	633	664
Ghana	4 212	4 656	5 174	5 772	6 167	6 940	7 518	8 638	9 403	10 174	10 741
Guinea	2 886	3 023	3 170	3 326	3 490	3 450	3 366	3 613	4 145	5 335	5 756
Guinea-Bissau	466	500	513	512	512	583	688	715	731	762	796

Table A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Rural population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
3 309 115	3 337 311	3 357 503	3 366 710	3 360 397	3 337 472	3 297 706	3 237 815	3 156 038	3 053 953	WORLD
291 804	278 649	266 450	255 074	243 672	231 799	219 644	207 619	195 904	184 510	MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)
3 017 312	3 058 663	3 091 052	3 111 636	3 116 725	3 105 672	3 078 062	3 030 196	2 960 133	2 869 443	LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)
550 882	598 528	648 825	697 280	741 300	779 791	811 783	837 258	855 607	866 152	Least developed countries (c)
2 466 430	2 460 135	2 442 228	2 414 356	2 375 425	2 325 882	2 266 279	2 192 938	2 104 526	2 003 291	Other less developed countries (d)
										Less developed regions, excluding China
2 259 244	2 371 304	2 476 901	2 564 578	2 628 016	2 665 379	2 676 456	2 663 817	2 628 809	2 572 198	
478 329	524 321	572 418	620 467	665 751	707 474	744 908	777 385	803 767	822 959	Sub-Saharan Africa (e)
570 817	621 583	674 489	726 647	774 635	817 562	854 848	886 234	910 632	926 970	AFRICA
229 194	256 039	284 965	313 972	341 517	367 179	390 574	411 538	429 339	443 210	EASTERN AFRICA
6 572	7 491	8 116	8 680	9 118	9 433	9 664	9 828	9 909	9 874	Burundi
464	529	595	659	722	784	848	910	967	1 018	Comoros
188	204	220	234	247	255	258	259	259	256	Djibouti
3 631	4 156	4 666	5 082	5 440	5 752	6 025	6 242	6 377	6 417	Eritrea
62 605	69 050	75 380	81 174	86 212	90 160	92 807	94 228	94 465	93 586	Ethiopia
27 895	30 963	34 454	37 889	41 086	44 060	46 780	49 187	51 159	52 585	Kenya
12 732	14 100	15 475	16 873	18 246	19 531	20 676	21 633	22 387	22 921	Madagascar
10 892	12 585	14 666	17 078	19 636	22 300	25 078	28 040	31 082	34 049	Malawi
727	756	775	783	779	763	738	708	675	639	Mauritius (1)
87	102	118	133	146	159	169	178	186	191	Mayotte
14 539	16 149	17 726	19 279	20 754	22 063	23 102	23 908	24 488	24 856	Mozambique
60	51	44	40	38	37	35	33	30	28	Réunion
7 588	8 626	9 793	10 923	11 929	12 831	13 692	14 523	15 258	15 811	Rwanda
40	40	39	39	37	36	35	33	31	29	Seychelles
5 420	5 851	6 402	7 069	7 777	8 507	9 249	9 982	10 689	11 356	Somalia
6 323	8 172	9 458	10 455	11 378	12 231	12 982	13 638	14 176	14 580	South Sudan
24 665	28 358	32 361	36 542	40 805	45 084	49 264	53 156	56 589	59 444	Uganda
29 437	33 057	37 352	42 051	46 805	51 571	56 351	61 023	65 383	69 223	United Republic of Tanzania (2)
7 266	8 020	9 004	10 163	11 370	12 625	13 941	15 339	16 791	18 221	Zambia
8 063	7 778	8 319	8 826	8 993	8 997	8 882	8 690	8 439	8 124	Zimbabwe
68 354	74 828	81 130	87 179	92 782	97 686	101 647	104 592	106 477	107 268	MIDDLE AFRICA
7 594	7 942	8 257	8 573	8 878	9 176	9 370	9 455	9 439	9 330	Angola
9 033	9 503	9 953	10 342	10 649	10 896	11 077	11 174	11 177	11 085	Cameroon
2 488	2 691	2 907	3 107	3 270	3 386	3 469	3 522	3 545	3 536	Central African Republic
7 669	8 787	9 943	11 125	12 366	13 547	14 595	15 526	16 320	16 957	Chad
1 378	1 487	1 562	1 632	1 709	1 782	1 849	1 904	1 946	1 973	Congo
39 529	43 718	47 756	51 595	55 060	58 015	60 375	62 076	63 096	63 423	Democratic Republic of the Congo
371	425	480	529	569	603	633	658	680	696	Equatorial Guinea
226	213	209	211	214	214	213	210	207	202	Gabon
64	63	63	64	65	66	67	67	66	65	Sao Tome and Principe
92 488	97 262	102 070	106 180	108 883	110 088	109 940	108 849	106 865	104 011	NORTHERN AFRICA
10 955	9 922	9 022	8 281	7 697	7 265	6 950	6 614	6 256	5 873	Algeria
42 276	45 935	49 210	51 665	53 158	53 634	53 294	52 468	51 164	49 412	Egypt
1 335	1 426	1 425	1 457	1 458	1 443	1 421	1 393	1 357	1 311	Libya
13 686	13 843	13 931	13 878	13 664	13 283	12 761	12 150	11 481	10 770	Morocco
20 695	22 486	24 756	27 142	29 184	30 835	32 026	32 895	33 445	33 660	Sudan
3 457	3 553	3 619	3 639	3 605	3 514	3 375	3 220	3 057	2 887	Tunisia
85	96	107	116	116	115	112	108	104	99	Western Sahara
24 072	24 003	23 465	22 816	22 140	21 356	20 476	19 525	18 531	17 517	SOUTHERN AFRICA
801	783	758	730	703	675	642	609	574	539	Botswana
1 585	1 588	1 589	1 578	1 552	1 515	1 467	1 410	1 344	1 271	Lesotho
1 351	1 420	1 473	1 507	1 528	1 532	1 518	1 487	1 442	1 385	Namibia
19 472	19 278	18 643	17 946	17 263	16 513	15 707	14 862	13 999	13 142	South Africa
863	933	1 001	1 054	1 094	1 121	1 141	1 158	1 171	1 180	Swaziland
156 708	169 452	182 858	196 500	209 312	221 253	232 212	241 731	249 420	254 964	WESTERN AFRICA
4 504	4 933	5 317	5 686	6 037	6 365	6 666	6 922	7 116	7 244	Benin
11 140	12 242	13 406	14 618	15 815	17 026	18 224	19 301	20 215	20 920	Burkina Faso
200	189	179	170	163	156	151	144	137	130	Cape Verde
9 581	9 759	10 089	10 419	10 721	10 993	11 229	11 371	11 413	11 354	Côte d'Ivoire
705	749	802	861	916	965	1 007	1 039	1 063	1 076	Gambia
11 319	11 899	12 433	12 897	13 299	13 600	13 787	13 853	13 786	13 587	Ghana
6 072	6 491	7 084	7 637	8 134	8 577	8 953	9 249	9 455	9 563	Guinea
827	860	898	938	980	1 026	1 071	1 111	1 146	1 176	Guinea-Bissau

Table A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Rural population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Liberia	793	841	908	983	1 065	1 154	1 246	1 343	869	1 202	1 585
Mali	4 245	4 451	4 667	4 892	5 169	5 531	5 906	6 327	6 650	7 317	8 124
Mauritania	637	709	795	885	968	1 042	1 102	1 136	1 204	1 379	1 586
Niger	2 342	2 684	3 062	3 509	3 988	4 492	5 082	5 763	6 591	7 731	9 155
Nigeria	33 993	36 415	38 504	40 901	44 334	48 509	53 952	58 503	63 134	67 282	71 306
Saint Helena (3)	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Senegal	2 000	2 148	2 347	2 581	2 867	3 173	3 478	3 892	4 425	5 053	5 671
Sierra Leone	1 656	1 728	1 807	1 893	1 986	2 084	2 242	2 423	2 666	2 557	2 659
Togo	1 334	1 376	1 418	1 445	1 651	1 834	2 009	2 322	2 618	2 831	3 216
ASIA	1 158 337	1 251 323	1 347 728	1 455 071	1 629 324	1 794 968	1 922 352	2 041 737	2 167 206	2 264 308	2 326 813
EASTERN ASIA	552 747	590 776	619 066	649 065	737 958	818 543	854 418	874 340	897 502	891 814	866 943
China (4)	485 765	524 063	551 614	581 825	672 878	755 824	792 851	814 900	842 379	838 120	813 792
China, Hong Kong SAR (5)	292	369	455	516	486	449	431	383	28	—	—
China, Macao SAR (6)	6	7	8	8	7	5	4	2	1	0	—
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	6 718	6 216	6 547	6 767	6 525	6 959	7 430	7 930	8 383	8 922	9 292
Japan	38 303	36 751	33 973	31 280	29 167	26 909	27 616	27 943	27 704	27 367	26 843
Mongolia	624	628	616	642	704	761	811	866	942	996	1 034
Republic of Korea	15 109	16 005	18 126	19 209	18 644	18 044	16 212	14 229	11 242	9 719	9 372
Other non-specified areas	5 928	6 737	7 728	8 818	9 546	9 592	9 062	8 088	6 824	6 689	6 610
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)	423 019	460 576	507 324	559 684	619 261	678 076	745 796	823 763	907 487	991 934	1 069 462
CENTRAL ASIA	11 784	13 007	14 904	17 208	18 955	20 801	22 626	24 982	27 876	30 472	32 302
Kazakhstan	4 266	4 761	5 578	6 306	6 524	6 706	6 842	6 942	7 229	7 020	6 622
Kyrgyzstan	1 279	1 321	1 430	1 651	1 854	2 039	2 226	2 473	2 734	2 923	3 206
Tajikistan	1 082	1 226	1 392	1 629	1 857	2 219	2 597	3 049	3 624	4 108	4 538
Turkmenistan	667	736	854	999	1 143	1 322	1 514	1 745	2 015	2 312	2 435
Uzbekistan	4 491	4 963	5 650	6 622	7 577	8 516	9 446	10 773	12 274	14 109	15 502
SOUTHERN ASIA	411 235	447 570	492 420	542 476	600 306	657 275	723 170	798 781	879 610	961 462	1 037 160
Afghanistan	7 679	8 230	8 898	9 697	10 645	11 712	11 962	10 489	10 666	15 962	18 152
Bangladesh	36 272	41 408	47 529	54 203	61 803	63 640	68 651	76 138	84 403	92 000	99 021
Bhutan	165	192	218	246	283	335	387	427	467	412	426
India	308 484	334 925	367 572	403 151	444 427	489 393	538 360	593 481	650 556	707 862	762 313
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	12 617	13 496	14 578	15 773	16 850	17 791	19 407	21 670	23 962	23 762	23 496
Maldives	66	71	80	91	102	112	122	139	163	185	198
Nepal	8 011	8 669	9 401	10 307	11 446	12 727	14 129	15 685	17 392	19 242	21 123
Pakistan	30 965	33 005	35 770	39 769	44 646	50 443	57 902	67 456	77 647	86 804	96 631
Sri Lanka	6 978	7 574	8 374	9 238	10 105	11 120	12 250	13 295	14 355	15 233	15 800
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA	146 293	160 562	178 853	200 681	224 113	247 663	267 613	287 720	304 454	317 955	323 652
Brunei Darussalam	35	41	45	47	48	60	76	83	86	91	94
Cambodia	3 903	4 344	4 875	5 476	5 830	6 785	5 922	6 817	8 050	9 236	10 134
Indonesia	65 557	70 882	78 536	87 703	98 156	108 201	117 482	124 259	127 965	128 505	123 765
Lao People's Democratic Republic	1 561	1 753	1 961	2 192	2 432	2 705	2 834	3 144	3 545	3 962	4 149
Malaysia (8)	4 866	5 373	5 990	6 707	7 260	7 677	8 017	8 529	9 142	9 182	8 903
Myanmar	14 385	15 539	16 928	18 438	20 191	22 469	24 986	27 428	29 604	31 329	32 722
Philippines	13 405	15 656	18 130	20 933	23 760	26 352	29 424	30 785	31 683	35 812	40 209
Singapore	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thailand	17 211	19 333	21 939	25 364	29 204	32 326	34 762	37 627	40 279	41 590	43 486
Timor-Leste	390	414	448	486	527	566	485	537	588	661	629
Viet Nam	24 974	27 227	30 002	33 336	36 706	40 524	43 625	48 510	53 510	57 588	59 562
WESTERN ASIA	36 277	39 408	42 484	45 641	47 991	50 686	54 525	55 915	57 763	62 605	66 755
Armenia	808	845	910	978	1 011	1 028	1 051	1 099	1 155	1 094	1 087
Azerbaijan (9)	1 573	1 662	1 844	2 234	2 586	2 737	2 909	3 102	3 335	3 711	3 943
Bahrain	41	33	29	33	34	40	50	54	58	65	74
Cyprus (10)	354	359	369	359	364	343	284	249	255	273	296
Georgia (11)	2 225	2 301	2 368	2 439	2 448	2 437	2 410	2 422	2 455	2 340	2 248
Iraq	3 711	4 093	4 214	4 186	4 394	4 551	4 739	4 834	5 263	6 334	7 675
Israel	365	499	484	481	450	446	428	415	434	487	529
Jordan	283	368	440	516	734	847	921	946	949	948	975
Kuwait	59	60	66	100	108	112	72	37	42	32	37
Lebanon	981	1 040	1 100	1 081	999	913	736	594	498	526	524
Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)	584	586	598	609	514	534	567	612	669	768	897
Oman	417	441	466	490	515	555	619	660	633	632	644
Qatar	5	6	7	9	13	18	24	36	34	25	22
Saudi Arabia	2 456	2 617	2 778	2 931	2 963	3 059	3 346	3 616	3 779	3 944	4 040
Syrian Arab Republic	2 368	2 591	2 888	3 227	3 608	4 146	4 747	5 511	6 294	7 071	7 683

Table A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Rural population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
1 648	2 085	2 293	2 491	2 678	2 847	2 993	3 116	3 211	3 277	Liberia
9 079	10 102	11 133	12 165	13 177	14 166	15 112	15 958	16 660	17 193	Mali
1 818	2 033	2 220	2 383	2 511	2 613	2 696	2 756	2 792	2 803	Mauritania
10 820	12 779	15 008	17 530	20 213	23 041	25 996	29 013	32 010	34 889	Niger
75 854	80 795	86 170	91 710	96 689	101 118	104 955	108 093	110 384	111 699	Nigeria
3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	Saint Helena (3)
6 401	7 180	7 960	8 679	9 302	9 819	10 267	10 629	10 885	11 028	Senegal
3 233	3 586	3 858	4 094	4 281	4 417	4 506	4 549	4 542	4 489	Sierra Leone
3 505	3 765	4 007	4 220	4 394	4 521	4 597	4 623	4 601	4 534	Togo
2 330 633	2 316 519	2 293 321	2 260 805	2 218 097	2 165 216	2 102 362	2 026 017	1 935 230	1 832 526	ASIA
795 066	718 133	640 614	570 710	510 403	460 504	420 581	384 182	347 952	312 725	EASTERN ASIA
751 576	681 049	608 163	541 428	483 453	435 427	397 142	362 325	327 679	293 992	China (4)
- 24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	China, Hong Kong SAR (5)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	China, Macao SAR (6)
9 545	9 687	9 725	9 670	9 511	9 219	8 799	8 333	7 856	7 385	Dem. People's Republic of Korea
17 723	11 969	8 180	5 927	4 581	3 795	3 379	3 097	2 837	2 600	Japan
955	894	832	779	733	695	670	652	632	609	Mongolia
8 776	8 223	7 725	7 276	6 870	6 502	6 126	5 721	5 303	4 887	Republic of Korea
6 515	6 310	5 988	5 629	5 256	4 866	4 464	4 054	3 646	3 253	Other non-specified areas
1 133 916	1 190 834	1 243 346	1 281 936	1 303 966	1 308 058	1 294 379	1 266 238	1 226 044	1 175 086	SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)
33 826	36 032	38 082	39 809	40 744	40 785	40 176	39 268	38 108	36 666	CENTRAL ASIA
6 870	7 415	7 893	8 229	8 373	8 328	8 161	7 988	7 798	7 560	Kazakhstan
3 263	3 451	3 616	3 805	3 923	3 972	3 964	3 927	3 860	3 758	Kyrgyzstan
4 748	5 056	5 419	5 768	6 056	6 247	6 334	6 351	6 321	6 236	Tajikistan
2 514	2 601	2 679	2 723	2 720	2 668	2 586	2 484	2 367	2 236	Turkmenistan
16 431	17 509	18 475	19 283	19 672	19 571	19 132	18 518	17 763	16 875	Uzbekistan
1 100 090	1 154 803	1 205 264	1 242 127	1 263 222	1 267 273	1 254 203	1 226 970	1 187 936	1 138 420	SOUTHERN ASIA
21 572	24 112	27 632	30 929	33 917	36 631	38 908	40 759	42 185	43 148	Afghanistan
104 547	107 216	110 228	111 920	112 080	110 715	107 942	103 943	98 894	92 995	Bangladesh
455	473	481	479	473	465	456	444	429	411	Bhutan
806 755	845 839	879 712	903 866	916 767	917 670	906 218	884 362	854 130	816 625	India
22 623	22 978	23 640	23 861	23 589	22 922	21 994	20 952	19 826	18 583	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
196	190	183	177	171	166	161	154	147	139	Maldives
23 159	24 969	26 601	28 037	29 211	30 026	30 430	30 447	30 111	29 444	Nepal
103 943	111 304	118 435	124 190	128 341	130 235	130 004	128 304	125 253	120 909	Pakistan
16 841	17 722	18 351	18 670	18 673	18 443	18 090	17 604	16 960	16 167	Sri Lanka
330 001	331 883	331 415	327 916	321 384	312 647	302 119	289 521	275 021	259 050	SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA
96	97	98	98	97	96	94	92	89	85	Brunei Darussalam
10 796	11 337	11 898	12 384	12 711	12 841	12 772	12 571	12 256	11 830	Cambodia
122 888	120 119	116 537	112 361	107 856	103 240	98 613	93 520	87 906	81 937	Indonesia
4 178	4 147	4 068	3 971	3 866	3 757	3 610	3 420	3 202	2 966	Lao People's Democratic Republic
8 463	7 951	7 557	7 291	7 164	7 057	6 887	6 659	6 386	6 085	Malaysia (8)
32 710	32 575	32 471	32 104	31 417	30 392	29 048	27 470	25 733	23 902	Myanmar
44 456	47 891	50 877	53 119	54 439	55 176	55 420	55 162	54 437	53 287	Philippines
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Singapore
45 194	45 807	45 621	44 716	43 180	41 282	39 123	36 720	34 137	31 469	Thailand
747	810	912	1 029	1 154	1 277	1 390	1 494	1 589	1 677	Timor-Leste
60 474	61 149	61 377	60 843	59 499	57 530	55 162	52 414	49 285	45 812	Viet Nam
71 651	75 670	77 946	80 243	82 344	84 007	85 283	86 076	86 213	85 664	WESTERN ASIA
1 098	1 111	1 118	1 102	1 065	1 011	949	888	826	765	Armenia
4 089	4 281	4 425	4 490	4 452	4 338	4 190	4 033	3 857	3 658	Azerbaijan (9)
84	144	155	159	158	154	150	144	138	130	Bahrain
316	328	334	336	333	325	313	299	283	266	Cyprus (10)
2 128	2 057	1 971	1 862	1 733	1 592	1 446	1 310	1 186	1 072	Georgia (11)
9 017	10 599	12 434	14 227	15 929	17 354	18 514	19 535	20 426	21 173	Iraq
560	607	635	656	672	684	694	701	704	705	Israel
1 006	1 084	1 110	1 125	1 135	1 140	1 140	1 132	1 113	1 084	Jordan
41	48	52	55	58	61	63	65	66	67	Kuwait
544	544	540	531	518	502	483	461	437	412	Lebanon
958	1 045	1 151	1 258	1 358	1 444	1 516	1 576	1 626	1 663	Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)
683	746	781	800	801	788	765	733	695	652	Oman
21	24	15	10	8	6	6	5	5	5	Qatar
4 573	4 918	5 157	5 346	5 462	5 498	5 486	5 434	5 343	5 213	Saudi Arabia
8 543	9 047	9 394	9 702	9 927	10 027	9 993	9 825	9 550	9 200	Syrian Arab Republic

Table A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Rural population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Turkey	15 977	17 566	19 286	20 941	21 905	23 124	24 796	23 490	22 084	22 296	22 435
United Arab Emirates	6	- 2	- 13	16	20	98	196	272	379	509	581
Yemen	4 066	4 344	4 651	5 011	5 328	5 698	6 632	7 965	9 447	11 549	13 068
EUROPE	266 685	264 152	259 456	253 217	243 679	234 970	226 551	221 415	217 514	215 866	212 232
EASTERN EUROPE	132 697	131 785	129 243	125 633	119 777	113 091	106 726	102 587	99 376	98 622	96 700
Belarus	5 713	5 552	5 536	5 325	5 061	4 626	4 202	3 816	3 490	3 295	3 020
Bulgaria	5 251	5 083	4 948	4 450	4 050	3 701	3 359	3 173	2 965	2 692	2 490
Czech Republic	4 067	3 990	3 852	3 679	3 485	3 006	2 548	2 538	2 553	2 617	2 664
Hungary	4 387	4 476	4 401	4 257	4 115	3 973	3 831	3 680	3 545	3 594	3 617
Poland	15 307	15 497	15 129	15 522	15 573	15 192	14 912	14 902	14 739	14 783	14 664
Republic of Moldova (13)	1 955	2 109	2 300	2 416	2 442	2 448	2 390	2 353	2 323	2 330	2 276
Romania	12 131	12 132	12 110	11 857	12 087	12 146	11 973	11 444	10 857	10 486	10 429
Russian Federation	57 424	56 866	55 479	53 015	48 934	45 066	41 941	40 330	39 442	39 596	39 111
Slovakia	2 405	2 571	2 724	2 735	2 658	2 536	2 400	2 356	2 293	2 333	2 366
Ukraine	24 057	23 509	22 764	22 376	21 373	20 396	19 170	17 995	17 168	16 895	16 063
NORTHERN EUROPE	23 635	23 408	23 245	23 094	22 853	22 111	21 217	21 029	21 129	20 989	20 855
Channel Islands (14)	60	63	67	72	77	83	87	91	96	99	101
Denmark	1 367	1 349	1 205	1 092	999	903	834	800	779	786	796
Estonia	554	538	516	499	478	464	446	446	453	433	419
Faroe Islands	26	26	27	27	28	28	29	32	33	30	29
Finland (15)	2 285	2 154	1 981	1 841	1 672	1 516	1 351	1 186	1 029	972	922
Iceland	39	37	35	33	31	29	27	25	24	22	21
Ireland	1 745	1 633	1 533	1 474	1 430	1 476	1 527	1 545	1 522	1 519	1 554
Isle of Man	26	24	22	22	25	29	31	31	34	35	37
Latvia	1 044	1 017	1 005	976	929	881	827	812	819	779	762
Lithuania	1 828	1 734	1 677	1 648	1 583	1 462	1 332	1 245	1 198	1 187	1 156
Norway (16)	1 618	1 706	1 793	1 580	1 342	1 275	1 203	1 191	1 189	1 144	1 074
Sweden	2 404	2 232	2 058	1 775	1 525	1 415	1 406	1 411	1 446	1 428	1 415
United Kingdom	10 639	10 895	11 327	12 054	12 734	12 550	12 116	12 213	12 507	12 555	12 569
SOUTHERN EUROPE	59 444	59 075	58 242	56 371	53 794	52 931	52 119	51 881	51 498	50 675	50 133
Albania	966	1 009	1 116	1 286	1 458	1 615	1 769	1 920	2 091	1 919	1 790
Andorra	4	5	6	5	5	4	3	2	3	4	5
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2 298	2 468	2 575	2 621	2 595	2 575	2 523	2 572	2 617	1 965	2 105
Croatia	2 992	2 934	2 825	2 680	2 493	2 399	2 186	2 133	2 076	2 106	2 001
Gibraltar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Greece	4 741	4 775	4 759	4 487	4 176	4 043	4 076	4 129	4 182	4 345	4 424
Holy See (17)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Italy	21 281	20 766	20 124	19 633	19 052	18 929	18 755	18 833	18 910	18 844	18 679
Malta	35	32	31	31	31	31	33	36	35	35	30
Montenegro	348	362	379	392	379	375	364	332	316	300	262
Portugal	5 791	5 809	5 778	5 619	5 314	5 450	5 599	5 450	5 170	4 950	4 713
San Marino	7	7	8	8	8	6	4	3	2	2	2
Serbia (18)	5 365	5 455	5 379	5 191	4 925	4 855	4 818	4 790	4 747	4 923	4 765
Slovenia	1 180	1 168	1 134	1 101	1 052	1 004	952	949	956	971	978
Spain (19)	13 496	13 316	13 209	12 433	11 476	10 875	10 203	9 922	9 586	9 519	9 564
TFYR Macedonia (20)	942	969	918	884	830	828	835	810	806	791	816
WESTERN EUROPE	50 909	49 884	48 727	48 119	47 255	46 838	46 489	45 918	45 512	45 581	44 544
Austria	2 525	2 489	2 485	2 543	2 594	2 627	2 613	2 603	2 626	2 714	2 738
Belgium	736	711	690	648	593	540	455	400	360	325	293
France	18 727	18 171	17 417	16 054	14 694	14 266	14 396	14 566	14 712	14 512	13 643
Germany	21 818	21 315	20 837	21 304	21 673	21 588	21 260	21 199	21 263	21 887	22 179
Liechtenstein	11	12	13	15	17	19	21	22	24	26	28
Luxembourg	97	96	96	93	87	81	73	71	73	70	71
Monaco	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Netherlands	4 398	4 488	4 596	4 793	4 968	5 007	4 967	4 810	4 663	4 193	3 680
Switzerland	2 596	2 602	2 594	2 669	2 630	2 710	2 705	2 246	1 790	1 855	1 912
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN	98 104	104 866	111 519	118 017	122 975	126 816	129 371	131 114	131 411	130 033	127 810
CARIBBEAN	10 784	11 562	12 401	13 189	13 788	14 110	14 322	14 807	15 109	15 000	14 866
Anguilla	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Antigua and Barbuda	32	34	33	38	43	46	46	43	40	45	53
Aruba	19	21	27	28	29	30	30	31	31	41	48
Bahamas	38	38	43	51	56	57	57	55	52	53	53
Barbados	135	144	146	148	149	151	150	163	175	170	165

Table A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Rural population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
22 595	21 471	19 174	17 265	15 757	14 631	13 857	13 176	12 435	11 652	Turkey
722	1 199	1 215	1 224	1 226	1 228	1 224	1 209	1 182	1 142	United Arab Emirates
14 674	16 418	18 283	20 094	21 753	23 222	24 494	25 551	26 341	26 807	Yemen
207 473	201 588	194 536	186 592	177 591	167 739	157 460	147 332	137 598	128 216	EUROPE
94 700	91 731	88 607	84 983	80 704	75 799	70 514	65 337	60 487	55 904	EASTERN EUROPE
2 716	2 436	2 205	2 004	1 827	1 670	1 534	1 411	1 296	1 188	Belarus
2 308	2 059	1 790	1 566	1 379	1 224	1 098	992	895	805	Bulgaria
2 688	2 784	2 833	2 839	2 797	2 707	2 573	2 430	2 300	2 180	Czech Republic
3 393	3 098	2 840	2 614	2 415	2 238	2 080	1 932	1 797	1 672	Hungary
14 711	14 949	15 076	14 988	14 645	14 028	13 149	12 195	11 295	10 465	Poland
2 141	1 896	1 708	1 548	1 404	1 266	1 139	1 022	912	810	Republic of Moldova (13)
10 284	10 143	9 996	9 744	9 379	8 900	8 326	7 713	7 120	6 544	Romania
38 938	37 666	36 248	34 611	32 712	30 626	28 509	26 501	24 613	22 801	Russian Federation
2 407	2 467	2 501	2 500	2 455	2 360	2 221	2 073	1 931	1 795	Slovakia
15 114	14 232	13 408	12 568	11 691	10 781	9 885	9 068	8 329	7 644	Ukraine
20 882	20 882	20 718	20 402	19 920	19 326	18 618	17 864	17 096	16 321	NORTHERN EUROPE
103	106	106	105	104	101	98	94	90	86	Channel Islands (14)
767	733	707	682	658	633	608	581	553	525	Denmark
412	410	404	394	378	357	333	310	290	271	Estonia
29	29	29	29	29	28	28	27	26	25	Faroe Islands
897	882	861	837	809	777	741	704	669	636	Finland (15)
21	20	20	19	19	18	17	17	16	15	Iceland
1 643	1 703	1 730	1 735	1 717	1 681	1 637	1 589	1 539	1 483	Ireland
39	41	42	43	42	42	40	39	37	35	Isle of Man
738	727	714	692	660	621	576	534	496	460	Latvia
1 140	1 097	1 054	1 008	955	895	830	767	709	657	Lithuania
1 041	1 020	988	958	931	906	879	851	822	792	Norway (16)
1 416	1 402	1 369	1 339	1 306	1 267	1 223	1 179	1 136	1 094	Sweden
12 638	12 712	12 694	12 562	12 312	12 000	11 609	11 173	10 715	10 243	United Kingdom
50 305	50 152	48 901	46 992	44 644	42 076	39 553	37 097	34 683	32 295	SOUTHERN EUROPE
1 671	1 528	1 380	1 245	1 124	1 018	927	844	763	684	Albania
8	10	14	17	19	21	22	22	22	22	Andorra
2 070	1 965	1 842	1 706	1 570	1 434	1 299	1 166	1 037	917	Bosnia and Herzegovina
1 936	1 870	1 789	1 694	1 586	1 474	1 363	1 256	1 155	1 061	Croatia
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gibraltar
4 438	4 405	4 317	4 170	3 973	3 760	3 554	3 354	3 158	2 961	Greece
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Holy See (17)
19 017	19 243	18 911	18 218	17 316	16 326	15 363	14 431	13 522	12 626	Italy
26	22	19	17	15	14	13	12	11	10	Malta
237	233	228	221	213	203	191	179	167	155	Montenegro
4 473	4 216	3 940	3 653	3 374	3 111	2 857	2 611	2 371	2 139	Portugal
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	San Marino
4 491	4 333	4 142	3 924	3 689	3 444	3 196	2 953	2 717	2 489	Serbia (18)
992	1 016	1 030	1 028	1 006	968	916	862	808	755	Slovenia
10 111	10 467	10 454	10 287	9 984	9 575	9 173	8 777	8 372	7 943	Spain (19)
835	841	833	810	773	726	677	628	579	531	TFYR Macedonia (20)
41 585	38 823	36 310	34 215	32 323	30 538	28 775	27 033	25 332	23 696	WESTERN EUROPE
2 755	2 732	2 664	2 577	2 476	2 359	2 229	2 097	1 965	1 835	Austria
282	273	260	250	240	232	225	218	211	204	Belgium
11 251	9 275	7 858	6 875	6 234	5 873	5 614	5 354	5 094	4 839	France
21 993	21 551	20 806	20 015	19 058	17 948	16 800	15 688	14 616	13 595	Germany
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	36	36	36	Liechtenstein
73	75	74	73	72	70	68	65	62	59	Luxembourg
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Monaco
3 233	2 866	2 583	2 374	2 231	2 111	1 989	1 866	1 743	1 625	Netherlands
1 968	2 020	2 032	2 018	1 979	1 910	1 814	1 710	1 606	1 504	Switzerland
126 659	124 836	122 977	120 947	118 748	116 260	113 258	109 604	105 302	100 476	LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN
14 407	13 921	13 437	12 961	12 508	12 050	11 495	10 877	10 211	9 511	CARIBBEAN
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Anguilla
58	62	65	68	69	69	69	69	67	66	Antigua and Barbuda
54	57	58	58	57	55	53	50	47	44	Aruba
54	55	54	54	53	51	49	47	44	42	Bahamas
159	153	148	143	137	131	125	117	109	102	Barbados

Table A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Rural population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
British Virgin Islands	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	9	10	11	12
Cayman Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cuba	2 575	2 780	2 968	3 229	3 458	3 370	3 130	2 927	2 816	2 804	2 709
Dominica	38	40	44	41	38	32	28	25	23	23	23
Dominican Republic	1 815	2 044	2 309	2 529	2 698	2 795	2 823	2 990	3 221	3 357	3 287
Grenada	53	56	63	65	64	62	60	67	64	66	65
Guadeloupe (21)	10	11	12	15	16	13	7	5	5	6	7
Haiti	2 829	3 030	3 264	3 522	3 779	4 092	4 519	4 908	5 094	5 310	5 568
Jamaica	1 065	1 099	1 079	1 100	1 097	1 127	1 136	1 185	1 196	1 216	1 244
Martinique	149	163	169	156	127	95	67	55	49	43	40
Montserrat	11	12	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	4
Netherlands Antilles (22)	24	32	41	40	38	35	33	30	27	23	18
Puerto Rico	1 318	1 295	1 308	1 252	1 132	1 094	1 057	1 042	982	476	204
Saint Kitts and Nevis	34	35	37	34	30	29	28	27	27	29	31
Saint Lucia	67	69	71	75	79	82	86	91	98	104	113
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	52	56	60	62	63	64	64	64	63	61	59
Trinidad and Tobago	500	581	695	766	853	894	961	1 060	1 112	1 140	1 152
Turks and Caicos Islands	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
United States Virgin Islands	11	13	14	18	19	21	20	16	13	10	8
CENTRAL AMERICA	23 025	25 152	27 693	30 081	32 176	34 531	36 520	38 191	39 661	40 968	42 310
Belize	31	36	43	51	60	67	73	86	100	116	131
Costa Rica	642	747	877	1 016	1 114	1 202	1 333	1 465	1 514	1 534	1 605
El Salvador	1 397	1 521	1 710	1 982	2 264	2 475	2 605	2 666	2 707	2 639	2 441
Guatemala	2 358	2 612	2 865	3 144	3 511	3 941	4 405	4 840	5 254	5 698	6 166
Honduras	1 226	1 372	1 545	1 746	1 911	2 106	2 363	2 631	2 911	3 181	3 392
Mexico	15 980	17 319	18 920	20 235	21 255	22 428	23 151	23 653	24 096	24 574	25 267
Nicaragua	839	943	1 071	1 181	1 270	1 432	1 623	1 806	1 964	2 155	2 297
Panama	552	602	663	726	791	880	968	1 044	1 115	1 071	1 011
SOUTH AMERICA	64 296	68 152	71 424	74 747	77 011	78 175	78 529	78 115	76 642	74 065	70 633
Argentina	5 945	5 749	5 443	5 269	5 065	4 963	4 814	4 542	4 249	3 955	3 647
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	1 795	1 946	2 122	2 317	2 539	2 794	2 920	2 948	2 958	3 033	3 171
Brazil	34 457	37 063	39 189	41 319	42 362	42 436	42 030	41 061	39 026	36 238	32 806
Chile	2 529	2 487	2 461	2 450	2 373	2 252	2 097	2 104	2 206	2 252	2 167
Colombia	8 076	8 477	8 797	9 088	9 637	9 934	10 180	10 326	10 533	10 748	11 104
Ecuador	2 429	2 664	2 935	3 261	3 627	3 981	4 221	4 435	4 608	4 808	4 901
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1
French Guiana	12	12	12	13	16	18	20	24	30	35	41
Guyana	293	345	398	453	509	524	540	526	510	516	523
Paraguay	964	1 087	1 228	1 387	1 562	1 710	1 863	2 035	2 177	2 296	2 387
Peru	4 503	4 865	5 281	5 519	5 617	5 836	6 124	6 448	6 744	6 922	6 972
Suriname	114	132	153	176	201	184	165	160	163	164	164
Uruguay	494	496	501	503	495	470	426	386	343	305	288
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	2 684	2 827	2 903	2 990	3 006	3 071	3 130	3 121	3 094	2 794	2 462
NORTHERN AMERICA	61 948	61 610	61 461	61 437	60 594	63 387	66 336	67 622	69 074	67 142	65 378
Bermuda	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	5 365	5 397	5 541	5 334	5 287	5 644	5 966	6 111	6 487	6 542	6 294
Greenland	12	12	14	13	13	13	12	12	11	11	10
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
United States of America	56 571	56 201	55 906	56 089	55 293	57 730	60 357	61 499	62 575	60 589	59 073
OCEANIA	4 769	4 988	5 193	5 401	5 615	6 042	6 586	7 288	7 911	8 558	9 206
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND	2 405	2 464	2 469	2 431	2 408	2 487	2 616	2 833	3 015	3 056	3 012
Australia (23)	1 881	1 901	1 900	1 876	1 876	1 956	2 095	2 299	2 496	2 517	2 460
New Zealand	524	563	569	555	533	531	522	534	518	539	553
MELANESIA	2 077	2 214	2 387	2 599	2 808	3 159	3 555	4 008	4 415	4 989	5 662
Fiji	219	245	277	313	340	365	395	438	425	423	423
New Caledonia	49	47	49	50	51	58	61	64	69	76	81
Papua New Guinea	1 679	1 776	1 894	2 043	2 196	2 474	2 796	3 163	3 534	4 052	4 669
Solomon Islands	86	97	111	127	146	175	205	235	267	304	344
Vanuatu	44	50	57	66	75	87	99	108	119	134	145
MICRONESIA	101	107	114	123	130	114	117	137	156	169	171
Guam	35	34	34	34	33	16	7	9	12	12	11
Kiribati	23	25	28	30	33	34	37	42	47	49	48
Marshall Islands	10	10	9	10	9	10	13	15	17	17	16

Table A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Rural population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
13	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	British Virgin Islands
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Cayman Islands
2 746	2 790	2 796	2 756	2 674	2 549	2 387	2 218	2 048	1 878	Cuba
23	22	22	21	21	20	18	17	16	15	Dominica
3 179	3 070	2 965	2 866	2 779	2 698	2 597	2 477	2 343	2 199	Dominican Republic
64	64	63	62	60	58	54	51	47	43	Grenada
7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	5	5	Guadeloupe (21)
5 227	4 798	4 410	4 096	3 872	3 724	3 561	3 373	3 166	2 945	Haiti
1 286	1 316	1 328	1 320	1 289	1 233	1 155	1 069	979	887	Jamaica
42	44	45	45	44	41	38	35	32	30	Martinique
5	5	5	5	5	6	5	5	5	5	Montserrat
15	14	12	11	10	9	9	8	7	6	Netherlands Antilles (22)
89	46	28	21	19	17	16	15	13	12	Puerto Rico
33	36	38	39	40	40	40	40	39	38	Saint Kitts and Nevis
127	142	156	166	173	177	179	179	177	175	Saint Lucia
58	56	54	52	50	48	46	44	42	40	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
1 156	1 161	1 161	1 152	1 130	1 100	1 070	1 040	1 005	965	Trinidad and Tobago
3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	Turks and Caicos Islands
6	5	4	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	United States Virgin Islands
42 938	43 542	44 063	44 299	44 250	43 915	43 300	42 363	41 123	39 618	CENTRAL AMERICA
151	172	192	212	228	240	247	250	251	249	Belize
1 650	1 669	1 672	1 657	1 625	1 576	1 512	1 437	1 355	1 267	Costa Rica
2 320	2 212	2 126	2 056	1 994	1 937	1 870	1 791	1 702	1 606	El Salvador
6 718	7 291	7 901	8 460	8 939	9 323	9 617	9 821	9 931	9 946	Guatemala
3 533	3 680	3 823	3 929	3 996	4 023	4 009	3 954	3 859	3 729	Honduras
25 228	25 151	24 937	24 556	24 050	23 452	22 771	21 957	21 015	19 974	Mexico
2 390	2 474	2 561	2 609	2 613	2 575	2 507	2 415	2 304	2 177	Nicaragua
948	893	850	820	806	790	767	739	706	670	Panama
69 314	67 372	65 478	63 686	61 990	60 294	58 463	56 364	53 969	51 348	SOUTH AMERICA
3 334	3 092	2 919	2 800	2 725	2 673	2 609	2 537	2 457	2 369	Argentina
3 276	3 337	3 387	3 434	3 475	3 507	3 515	3 497	3 455	3 388	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
31 926	30 537	29 120	27 785	26 539	25 376	24 305	23 205	22 011	20 753	Brazil
2 018	1 892	1 794	1 718	1 663	1 614	1 555	1 489	1 417	1 341	Chile
11 371	11 564	11 659	11 651	11 545	11 348	11 063	10 698	10 268	9 790	Colombia
4 886	4 793	4 686	4 573	4 462	4 352	4 211	4 038	3 840	3 623	Ecuador
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
49	55	60	64	68	71	73	75	76	77	French Guiana
535	541	543	544	542	534	521	502	480	456	Guyana
2 450	2 493	2 529	2 552	2 561	2 554	2 523	2 470	2 400	2 313	Paraguay
6 880	6 714	6 590	6 476	6 367	6 245	6 103	5 916	5 689	5 431	Peru
164	161	157	153	148	143	137	129	122	113	Suriname
268	254	243	234	226	219	212	203	195	186	Uruguay
2 157	1 938	1 790	1 702	1 667	1 659	1 637	1 604	1 561	1 509	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
63 621	62 049	60 677	59 488	58 432	57 213	55 792	54 233	52 578	50 878	NORTHERN AMERICA
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Bermuda
6 417	6 615	6 736	6 789	6 768	6 667	6 513	6 335	6 147	5 956	Canada
10	9	8	7	7	6	6	5	5	4	Greenland
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Saint Pierre and Miquelon
57 193	55 425	53 933	52 691	51 657	50 539	49 273	47 893	46 426	44 917	United States of America
9 913	10 736	11 503	12 230	12 894	13 482	13 987	14 396	14 698	14 887	OCEANIA
2 988	3 042	3 058	3 067	3 068	3 053	3 013	2 958	2 892	2 816	AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND
2 411	2 439	2 433	2 428	2 423	2 411	2 382	2 341	2 291	2 234	Australia (23)
577	603	625	639	646	643	632	617	600	582	New Zealand
6 375	7 127	7 860	8 562	9 212	9 810	10 353	10 820	11 197	11 475	MELANESIA
412	414	414	408	397	386	374	361	347	333	Fiji
85	96	105	112	116	117	115	112	109	105	New Caledonia
5 329	6 006	6 668	7 308	7 904	8 453	8 954	9 385	9 734	9 993	Papua New Guinea
386	430	474	516	558	599	639	676	708	734	Solomon Islands
162	181	200	219	237	255	271	286	300	311	Vanuatu
175	178	184	190	195	197	198	196	193	189	MICRONESIA
12	12	13	13	13	13	12	12	11	11	Guam
52	56	60	63	66	68	68	69	68	67	Kiribati
16	15	16	16	16	15	15	14	14	13	Marshall Islands

Table A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Rural population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	26	30	35	40	46	47	54	63	71	80	83
Nauru	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northern Mariana Islands	4	4	5	5	4	3	2	4	5	6	7
Palau	3	4	4	4	5	5	5	4	5	5	6
POLYNESIA (24)	186	202	221	248	269	282	297	310	326	344	361
American Samoa	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	9	9	8	6
Cook Islands	9	9	10	9	10	9	8	8	7	8	6
French Polynesia	40	43	46	48	50	56	64	74	86	100	113
Niue	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	2	2	1	1
Samoa	72	78	89	102	113	119	122	124	127	132	138
Tokelau	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tonga	41	47	51	60	67	70	73	73	74	74	75
Tuvalu	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5
Wallis and Futuna Islands	7	8	9	9	9	9	11	14	14	14	14

a More developed regions comprise Europe, Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan.

b Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), Latin America and the Caribbean plus Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia.

c The least developed countries are 49 countries, 33 in Africa, 10 in Asia, 5 in Oceania plus one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

d Other less developed countries comprise the less developed regions excluding the least developed countries.

e Sub-Saharan Africa refers to all of Africa except Northern Africa.

1 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

2 Including Zanzibar.

3 Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

8 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

9 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

10 Including Northern-Cyprus.

11 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

12 Including East Jerusalem.

13 Including Transnistria.

14 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

15 Including Åland Islands.

16 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

17 Refers to the Vatican City State.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

21 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

22 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

23 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

24 Including Pitcairn.

Table A.4. Rural population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Rural population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
85	86	88	90	93	95	95	95	94	92	Micronesia (Fed. States of)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Nauru
6	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	Northern Mariana Islands
4	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	Palau
375	388	401	411	419	422	424	422	416	408	POLYNESIA (24)
5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	American Samoa
6	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	Cook Islands
123	132	138	143	145	144	141	136	131	125	French Polynesia
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	Niue
142	146	152	156	159	162	165	167	167	166	Samoa
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Tokelau
78	80	81	84	86	88	89	91	91	91	Tonga
5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	Tuvalu
14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	Wallis and Futuna Islands

Table A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country, 1950-2050

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
WORLD	2 532 229	2 772 882	3 038 413	3 333 007	3 696 186	4 076 419	4 453 007	4 863 290	5 306 425	5 726 239	6 122 770
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)	811 187	861 930	913 330	964 145	1 006 421	1 046 264	1 081 094	1 112 951	1 144 404	1 169 451	1 188 809
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)	1 721 042	1 910 951	2 125 083	2 368 862	2 689 765	3 030 155	3 371 913	3 750 339	4 162 021	4 556 788	4 933 961
Least developed countries (c)	196 088	217 594	243 650	274 737	312 030	347 930	393 768	447 167	510 107	585 251	661 996
Other less developed countries (d)	1 524 954	1 693 357	1 881 432	2 094 125	2 377 735	2 682 225	2 978 145	3 303 173	3 651 914	3 971 537	4 271 965
Less developed regions, excluding China	1 160 539	1 291 068	1 453 073	1 642 109	1 856 374	2 094 430	2 365 633	2 668 824	2 990 440	3 315 102	3 635 693
Sub-Saharan Africa (e)	179 766	198 970	222 478	251 094	285 063	325 850	374 705	431 094	495 136	565 138	641 566
AFRICA	229 895	255 521	286 729	323 916	368 148	420 318	482 803	555 276	635 287	720 931	811 101
EASTERN AFRICA	67 611	75 493	85 130	97 148	111 486	128 421	148 549	171 787	198 838	224 920	258 215
Burundi	2 456	2 687	2 940	3 213	3 513	3 680	4 130	4 851	5 602	6 087	6 374
Comoros	156	175	193	212	238	270	329	386	438	494	562
Djibouti	62	70	85	117	162	224	340	403	562	627	732
Eritrea	1 141	1 264	1 424	1 619	1 847	2 115	2 469	2 806	3 158	3 213	3 668
Ethiopia	18 434	20 298	22 553	25 480	28 959	32 959	35 426	41 078	48 333	57 042	65 578
Kenya	6 077	6 980	8 105	9 505	11 252	13 486	16 268	19 655	23 447	27 426	31 254
Madagascar	4 084	4 548	5 104	5 764	6 549	7 502	8 609	9 785	11 281	13 129	15 364
Malawi	2 881	3 166	3 525	3 975	4 531	5 302	6 240	7 268	9 381	9 883	11 229
Mauritius (1)	493	570	659	753	827	892	964	1 014	1 060	1 137	1 196
Mayotte	15	19	24	30	37	45	55	71	92	122	149
Mozambique	6 442	6 972	7 647	8 474	9 453	10 620	12 146	13 335	13 547	15 933	18 201
Réunion	248	291	335	391	462	485	510	560	612	676	739
Rwanda	2 072	2 386	2 771	3 221	3 749	4 390	5 179	6 081	7 110	8 570	9 898
Seychelles	36	39	41	47	52	58	63	67	71	75	79
Somalia	2 264	2 522	2 819	3 171	3 601	4 118	4 636	5 179	5 774	6 307	6 831
South Sudan	2 854	3 010	3 242	3 520	3 857	4 328	4 974	5 774	6 037	6 502	6 963
Uganda	5 158	5 899	6 788	8 014	9 446	10 897	12 662	14 801	17 700	20 831	24 213
United Republic of Tanzania (2)	7 650	8 741	10 074	11 683	13 605	15 978	18 686	21 848	25 479	29 944	34 038
Zambia	2 340	2 653	3 045	3 537	4 139	4 900	5 775	6 785	7 860	8 919	10 202
Zimbabwe	2 747	3 204	3 752	4 422	5 206	6 170	7 289	8 855	10 469	11 685	12 509
MIDDLE AFRICA	26 116	28 763	32 013	35 955	40 749	46 394	53 391	61 698	71 676	84 829	96 187
Angola	4 148	4 542	4 963	5 431	5 926	6 637	7 638	9 066	10 335	12 105	13 926
Cameroon	4 466	4 901	5 409	6 049	6 842	7 838	9 110	10 519	12 181	13 940	15 678
Central African Republic	1 327	1 399	1 504	1 649	1 829	2 017	2 274	2 627	2 935	3 328	3 702
Chad	2 429	2 671	2 954	3 289	3 656	4 114	4 554	5 151	6 011	6 998	8 222
Congo	808	899	1 014	1 158	1 335	1 555	1 798	2 081	2 389	2 733	3 136
Democratic Republic of the Congo	12 184	13 580	15 368	17 543	20 267	23 317	27 019	31 044	36 406	44 067	49 626
Equatorial Guinea	226	238	252	269	291	328	374	413	444	483	520
Gabon	469	476	486	502	530	595	683	794	929	1 087	1 235
Sao Tome and Principe	60	59	64	65	74	82	95	104	116	128	141
NORTHERN AFRICA	50 129	56 551	64 251	72 822	83 085	94 468	108 098	124 181	140 151	155 792	169 535
Algeria	8 753	9 715	10 800	11 923	13 746	16 018	18 811	22 098	25 299	28 292	30 534
Egypt	21 514	24 431	27 903	31 771	35 923	40 132	44 952	50 660	56 843	62 064	67 648
Libya	1 029	1 126	1 349	1 623	1 994	2 466	3 063	3 850	4 334	4 775	5 231
Morocco	8 953	10 132	11 626	13 323	15 310	17 305	19 567	22 291	24 781	26 929	28 793
Sudan	6 336	7 265	8 319	9 501	10 908	12 804	15 097	17 769	20 457	24 539	27 556
Tunisia	3 530	3 860	4 221	4 630	5 127	5 668	6 457	7 330	8 215	9 136	9 456
Western Sahara	14	21	33	51	77	75	150	184	221	259	315
SOUTHERN AFRICA	15 588	17 487	19 724	22 417	25 454	29 093	33 000	37 509	42 093	47 398	51 442
Botswana	413	470	524	596	693	822	996	1 183	1 382	1 586	1 758
Lesotho	734	788	852	934	1 033	1 150	1 310	1 487	1 639	1 795	1 964
Namibia	485	538	603	683	780	906	1 013	1 150	1 415	1 651	1 896
South Africa	13 683	15 385	17 396	19 814	22 502	25 699	29 077	32 983	36 794	41 402	44 760
Swaziland	273	307	349	392	446	517	603	706	863	964	1 064
WESTERN AFRICA	70 451	77 226	85 611	95 574	107 374	121 941	139 766	160 101	182 529	207 992	235 722
Benin	2 255	2 302	2 420	2 602	2 850	3 182	3 611	4 140	4 773	5 651	6 518
Burkina Faso	4 284	4 535	4 882	5 284	5 807	6 435	7 212	8 170	9 324	10 692	12 294
Cape Verde	178	195	211	240	274	311	300	328	348	395	437
Côte d'Ivoire	2 630	3 072	3 638	4 424	5 416	6 768	8 501	10 495	12 518	14 677	16 582
Gambia	271	306	373	409	459	538	630	768	966	1 126	1 297
Ghana	4 981	5 754	6 742	7 808	8 682	9 923	10 923	12 872	14 793	16 997	19 165
Guinea	3 094	3 300	3 541	3 823	4 154	4 287	4 407	4 924	5 759	7 565	8 344
Guinea-Bissau	518	566	593	598	603	694	835	922	1 017	1 125	1 241

Table A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
6 506 649	6 895 889	7 284 296	7 656 528	8 002 978	8 321 380	8 611 867	8 874 041	9 106 022	9 306 128	WORLD
1 210 897	1 235 900	1 256 172	1 273 439	1 286 739	1 296 089	1 302 401	1 306 885	1 309 956	1 311 731	MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)
5 295 752	5 659 989	6 028 124	6 383 089	6 716 239	7 025 290	7 309 467	7 567 156	7 796 066	7 994 397	LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)
745 291	832 330	930 629	1 035 443	1 144 344	1 256 762	1 371 904	1 489 296	1 607 955	1 726 468	Least developed countries (c)
4 550 461	4 827 660	5 097 495	5 347 646	5 571 895	5 768 528	5 937 562	6 077 860	6 188 111	6 267 928	Other less developed countries (d)
										Less developed regions, excluding China
3 958 139	4 287 841	4 627 034	4 963 563	5 288 958	5 600 083	5 895 891	6 174 657	6 433 297	6 668 507	
726 736	822 724	929 939	1 046 989	1 171 301	1 303 018	1 441 999	1 587 538	1 738 109	1 891 711	Sub-Saharan Africa (e)
911 120	1 022 234	1 145 316	1 278 199	1 417 057	1 562 047	1 713 090	1 869 561	2 029 824	2 191 599	AFRICA
293 345	333 993	380 760	431 733	485 598	542 799	603 394	667 287	733 854	802 184	EASTERN AFRICA
7 251	8 383	9 231	10 057	10 791	11 441	12 053	12 651	13 215	13 703	Burundi
643	735	832	933	1 041	1 160	1 290	1 426	1 563	1 700	Comoros
808	889	975	1 066	1 166	1 263	1 356	1 447	1 536	1 620	Djibouti
4 486	5 254	6 077	6 848	7 613	8 394	9 207	10 033	10 829	11 568	Eritrea
74 264	82 950	92 000	101 046	109 969	118 515	126 393	133 466	139 730	145 187	Ethiopia
35 615	40 513	46 332	52 564	59 054	65 928	73 258	80 975	88 907	96 887	Kenya
17 886	20 714	23 853	27 366	31 218	35 333	39 644	44 132	48 783	53 561	Madagascar
12 823	14 901	17 523	20 677	24 213	28 174	32 667	37 798	43 521	49 719	Malawi
1 257	1 299	1 334	1 361	1 382	1 394	1 399	1 395	1 384	1 367	Mauritius (1)
175	204	237	271	305	342	381	420	458	493	Mayotte
20 770	23 391	26 162	29 177	32 439	35 907	39 459	43 021	46 592	50 192	Mozambique
795	846	893	936	973	1 006	1 034	1 056	1 072	1 083	Réunion
9 202	10 624	12 295	14 042	15 784	17 579	19 513	21 616	23 819	26 003	Rwanda
84	87	88	90	91	92	93	93	93	91	Seychelles
8 360	9 331	10 607	12 237	14 152	16 360	18 865	21 669	24 783	28 217	Somalia
7 633	9 948	11 654	13 096	14 564	16 102	17 692	19 315	20 947	22 571	South Sudan
28 431	33 425	39 113	45 424	52 330	59 846	67 923	76 438	85 251	94 259	Uganda
38 831	44 841	52 311	61 081	70 879	81 852	94 131	107 737	122 533	138 312	United Republic of Tanzania (2)
11 462	13 089	15 242	17 918	20 972	24 482	28 568	33 355	38 868	45 037	Zambia
12 571	12 571	14 001	15 543	16 662	17 627	18 468	19 243	19 970	20 614	Zimbabwe
110 931	126 689	143 631	161 689	180 581	200 021	219 770	239 561	259 175	278 350	MIDDLE AFRICA
16 489	19 082	21 842	24 780	27 767	30 801	33 811	36 753	39 605	42 334	Angola
17 554	19 599	21 816	24 117	26 440	28 811	31 241	33 694	36 120	38 472	Cameroon
4 018	4 401	4 854	5 343	5 850	6 365	6 880	7 394	7 902	8 392	Central African Republic
9 786	11 227	12 778	14 469	16 387	18 437	20 581	22 783	25 014	27 252	Chad
3 533	4 043	4 508	5 003	5 568	6 169	6 804	7 462	8 131	8 801	Congo
57 421	65 966	75 190	85 054	95 366	105 956	116 694	127 441	138 096	148 523	Democratic Republic of the Congo
608	700	802	905	1 003	1 102	1 200	1 298	1 396	1 493	Equatorial Guinea
1 371	1 505	1 656	1 818	1 982	2 146	2 307	2 468	2 628	2 784	Gabon
153	165	182	200	217	235	252	269	284	299	Sao Tome and Principe
184 384	199 511	215 377	231 210	245 756	259 029	271 092	282 024	291 715	299 888	NORTHERN AFRICA
32 888	35 468	37 954	40 180	42 043	43 475	44 595	45 490	46 161	46 522	Algeria
74 203	81 121	88 179	94 810	100 909	106 498	111 622	116 232	120 208	123 452	Egypt
5 770	6 355	6 606	7 083	7 465	7 783	8 081	8 360	8 600	8 773	Libya
30 392	31 951	33 570	35 078	36 406	37 502	38 285	38 806	39 108	39 200	Morocco
30 778	33 604	37 418	41 823	46 247	50 755	55 269	59 740	64 136	68 391	Sudan
9 912	10 481	11 026	11 518	11 921	12 212	12 404	12 533	12 619	12 649	Tunisia
440	531	624	718	765	805	837	863	884	901	Western Sahara
54 919	57 780	59 585	61 187	62 788	64 126	65 223	66 095	66 782	67 327	SOUTHERN AFRICA
1 876	2 007	2 115	2 206	2 283	2 344	2 394	2 436	2 473	2 503	Botswana
2 066	2 171	2 286	2 395	2 487	2 566	2 633	2 692	2 745	2 788	Lesotho
2 080	2 283	2 483	2 672	2 862	3 042	3 206	3 354	3 485	3 599	Namibia
47 793	50 133	51 431	52 573	53 751	54 711	55 472	56 040	56 452	56 757	South Africa
1 105	1 186	1 269	1 341	1 404	1 462	1 517	1 573	1 628	1 679	Swaziland
267 540	304 261	345 963	392 379	442 334	496 071	553 613	614 595	678 298	743 850	WESTERN AFRICA
7 634	8 850	10 129	11 523	13 025	14 630	16 325	18 091	19 900	21 734	Benin
14 198	16 469	19 118	22 150	25 475	29 112	33 075	37 361	41 931	46 721	Burkina Faso
473	496	520	544	568	588	605	618	627	632	Cape Verde
18 021	19 738	22 015	24 503	27 122	29 823	32 560	35 301	38 019	40 674	Côte d'Ivoire
1 504	1 728	1 976	2 242	2 524	2 818	3 121	3 427	3 734	4 036	Gambia
21 640	24 392	27 315	30 325	33 399	36 537	39 733	42 941	46 085	49 107	Ghana
9 041	9 982	11 317	12 765	14 312	15 946	17 652	19 414	21 207	23 006	Guinea
1 368	1 515	1 681	1 863	2 057	2 263	2 479	2 706	2 942	3 185	Guinea-Bissau

Table A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Liberia	911	997	1 116	1 262	1 440	1 658	1 923	2 212	2 127	2 095	2 847
Mali	4 638	4 928	5 248	5 597	6 034	6 604	7 246	8 010	8 673	9 825	11 295
Mauritania	657	744	854	984	1 134	1 312	1 518	1 748	1 996	2 292	2 643
Niger	2 462	2 834	3 250	3 766	4 373	5 071	5 871	6 744	7 788	9 179	10 922
Nigeria	37 860	41 500	45 926	51 196	57 357	65 141	75 543	85 829	97 552	110 015	123 689
Saint Helena (3)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	5	5
Senegal	2 416	2 684	3 048	3 505	4 096	4 786	5 414	6 232	7 242	8 369	9 506
Sierra Leone	1 895	2 029	2 187	2 373	2 593	2 845	3 162	3 541	3 982	3 898	4 143
Togo	1 395	1 475	1 578	1 700	2 097	2 380	2 667	3 161	3 666	4 085	4 794
ASIA	1 403 389	1 549 293	1 707 682	1 886 186	2 134 993	2 393 056	2 637 586	2 906 851	3 199 481	3 470 446	3 719 044
EASTERN ASIA	672 432	739 929	801 489	865 923	984 073	1 098 809	1 178 587	1 262 663	1 359 149	1 434 912	1 495 281
China (4)	550 771	608 360	658 270	710 290	814 623	915 041	983 171	1 056 579	1 145 195	1 213 987	1 269 117
China, Hong Kong SAR (5)	1 974	2 490	3 076	3 802	3 958	4 355	5 054	5 415	5 794	6 144	6 783
China, Macao SAR (6)	196	181	171	207	251	248	246	296	360	398	432
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	9 737	9 632	10 946	12 323	14 247	16 072	17 239	18 721	20 143	21 771	22 894
Japan	82 199	88 389	92 501	97 343	103 710	110 808	115 915	119 991	122 251	124 487	125 720
Mongolia	780	856	957	1 109	1 282	1 483	1 693	1 926	2 193	2 306	2 411
Republic of Korea	19 211	21 168	25 074	28 395	31 443	34 722	37 460	40 510	42 980	44 662	45 988
Other non-specified areas	7 562	8 853	10 493	12 454	14 559	16 081	17 810	19 226	20 233	21 156	21 936
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)	507 072	557 678	620 016	693 349	778 832	872 521	985 965	1 110 955	1 246 396	1 382 859	1 515 563
CENTRAL ASIA	17 499	20 288	24 403	29 118	33 177	37 378	41 312	45 764	50 411	53 401	55 361
Kazakhstan	6 703	7 992	9 996	11 909	13 110	14 136	14 919	15 780	16 530	15 926	14 957
Kyrgyzstan	1 740	1 902	2 173	2 573	2 964	3 299	3 627	4 013	4 395	4 592	4 955
Tajikistan	1 532	1 783	2 082	2 512	2 942	3 442	3 953	4 567	5 303	5 775	6 173
Turkmenistan	1 211	1 356	1 594	1 890	2 188	2 520	2 861	3 229	3 668	4 188	4 501
Uzbekistan	6 314	7 256	8 559	10 234	11 973	13 981	15 952	18 174	20 515	22 919	24 776
SOUTHERN ASIA	489 573	537 390	595 613	664 231	745 655	835 143	944 653	1 065 191	1 195 985	1 329 458	1 460 201
Afghanistan	8 151	8 832	9 671	10 698	11 965	13 506	14 186	12 625	13 032	19 790	22 856
Bangladesh	37 895	43 444	50 102	57 792	66 881	70 582	80 624	92 284	105 256	117 487	129 592
Bhutan	168	197	226	259	302	364	431	490	559	519	571
India	371 857	406 374	447 844	496 400	553 874	622 097	700 059	784 491	873 785	964 486	1 053 898
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	17 414	19 433	21 999	25 064	28 662	32 793	38 577	46 497	54 871	59 757	65 342
Maldives	74	80	90	103	116	136	157	187	219	249	273
Nepal	8 231	8 942	9 740	10 707	11 918	13 373	15 045	16 936	19 081	21 595	24 401
Pakistan	37 542	41 109	45 920	51 993	59 383	68 483	80 493	95 470	111 845	127 347	144 522
Sri Lanka	8 241	8 979	10 020	11 215	12 555	13 811	15 083	16 210	17 337	18 229	18 745
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA	172 905	193 223	219 336	250 389	285 163	322 362	359 012	401 854	445 361	485 756	523 831
Brunei Darussalam	48	63	80	100	125	157	189	219	252	290	327
Cambodia	4 346	4 840	5 433	6 141	6 938	7 098	6 506	7 920	9 532	11 169	12 447
Indonesia	74 837	81 902	91 947	104 147	118 362	134 106	150 820	168 119	184 346	199 400	213 395
Lao People's Democratic Republic	1 683	1 897	2 130	2 391	2 691	3 042	3 235	3 648	4 192	4 795	5 317
Malaysia (8)	6 110	7 016	8 160	9 569	10 909	12 313	13 833	15 763	18 209	20 721	23 415
Myanmar	17 158	18 862	20 957	23 330	26 164	29 534	32 865	36 128	39 268	42 133	44 958
Philippines	18 397	21 959	26 010	30 606	35 451	40 893	47 064	54 053	61 629	69 255	77 310
Singapore	1 022	1 306	1 634	1 880	2 074	2 262	2 415	2 709	3 017	3 482	3 919
Thailand	20 607	23 589	27 312	31 793	36 915	42 399	47 483	52 329	57 072	59 650	63 155
Timor-Leste	433	462	500	548	604	663	581	660	743	853	830
Viet Nam	28 264	31 329	35 173	39 885	44 928	49 896	54 023	60 307	67 102	74 008	78 758
WESTERN ASIA	50 979	58 463	66 841	76 524	86 925	99 363	114 021	131 379	148 575	166 919	184 369
Armenia	1 354	1 564	1 867	2 205	2 518	2 826	3 096	3 339	3 545	3 223	3 076
Azerbaijan (9)	2 896	3 326	3 894	4 575	5 172	5 689	6 161	6 670	7 212	7 765	8 111
Bahrain	116	133	162	186	212	265	358	417	493	559	638
Cyprus (10)	494	530	573	581	614	650	686	704	767	855	943
Georgia (11)	3 527	3 839	4 160	4 477	4 707	4 908	5 073	5 287	5 460	5 069	4 746
Iraq	5 719	6 562	7 380	8 483	10 022	11 784	13 744	15 477	17 374	20 288	23 857
Israel	1 258	1 719	2 090	2 523	2 850	3 337	3 746	4 083	4 500	5 332	6 015
Jordan	449	649	895	1 129	1 667	2 001	2 299	2 803	3 416	4 382	4 827
Kuwait	152	196	264	484	753	1 054	1 377	1 742	2 088	1 628	1 941
Lebanon	1 443	1 632	1 908	2 204	2 464	2 765	2 795	2 885	2 948	3 463	3 742
Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)	932	988	1 069	1 191	1 125	1 322	1 510	1 760	2 081	2 596	3 199
Oman	456	501	557	631	732	898	1 181	1 539	1 868	2 232	2 264
Qatar	25	36	47	73	108	163	222	368	474	501	591
Saudi Arabia	3 121	3 535	4 041	4 787	5 772	7 345	9 801	13 220	16 139	18 492	20 045
Syrian Arab Republic	3 413	3 904	4 567	5 378	6 368	7 546	8 907	10 577	12 324	14 171	15 989

Table A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
3 183	3 994	4 558	5 166	5 824	6 533	7 285	8 065	8 859	9 660	Liberia
13 177	15 370	17 819	20 537	23 519	26 784	30 325	34 100	38 055	42 130	Mali
3 047	3 460	3 869	4 298	4 742	5 200	5 670	6 146	6 620	7 085	Mauritania
12 994	15 512	18 500	22 071	26 171	30 841	36 104	41 968	48 423	55 435	Niger
139 823	158 423	179 791	203 869	229 796	257 815	288 038	320 341	354 369	389 615	Nigeria
5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	Saint Helena (3)
10 872	12 434	14 161	15 998	17 931	19 963	22 088	24 269	26 453	28 607	Senegal
5 153	5 868	6 514	7 178	7 849	8 532	9 212	9 872	10 499	11 088	Sierra Leone
5 408	6 028	6 674	7 343	8 016	8 684	9 338	9 970	10 571	11 130	Togo
3 944 992	4 164 252	4 375 482	4 565 520	4 730 130	4 867 741	4 978 236	5 060 964	5 115 457	5 142 220	ASIA
1 537 343	1 573 970	1 604 111	1 622 681	1 629 474	1 625 463	1 611 022	1 586 456	1 552 851	1 511 963	EASTERN ASIA
1 307 593	1 341 335	1 369 743	1 387 792	1 395 256	1 393 076	1 381 588	1 360 906	1 331 768	1 295 604	China (4)
6 810	7 053	7 431	7 803	8 160	8 483	8 743	8 947	9 129	9 305	China, Hong Kong SAR (5)
481	544	601	654	702	742	774	797	814	824	China, Macao SAR (6)
23 746	24 346	24 854	25 355	25 825	26 180	26 379	26 445	26 432	26 382	Dem. People's Republic of Korea
126 393	126 536	126 072	124 804	122 771	120 218	117 349	114 340	111 366	108 549	Japan
2 547	2 756	2 975	3 186	3 370	3 524	3 668	3 818	3 966	4 093	Mongolia
47 044	48 184	49 120	49 810	50 229	50 335	50 049	49 354	48 318	47 050	Republic of Korea
22 728	23 216	23 315	23 277	23 161	22 906	22 471	21 849	21 059	20 156	Other non-specified areas
1 642 065	1 764 872	1 890 582	2 009 512	2 118 563	2 215 897	2 301 054	2 373 483	2 432 036	2 475 684	SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)
57 363	60 726	64 338	68 104	71 382	74 094	76 425	78 542	80 383	81 799	CENTRAL ASIA
15 172	16 026	16 886	17 600	18 335	18 873	19 425	20 048	20 671	21 210	Kazakhstan
5 042	5 334	5 627	6 012	6 355	6 666	6 969	7 263	7 534	7 768	Kyrgyzstan
6 453	6 879	7 400	7 961	8 510	9 016	9 482	9 927	10 354	10 745	Tajikistan
4 748	5 042	5 364	5 675	5 946	6 165	6 338	6 475	6 576	6 639	Turkmenistan
25 947	27 445	29 060	30 776	32 237	33 375	34 211	34 829	35 248	35 438	Uzbekistan
1 584 702	1 704 146	1 826 245	1 941 409	2 047 181	2 141 803	2 224 629	2 294 941	2 351 653	2 393 885	SOUTHERN ASIA
27 615	31 412	36 735	42 141	47 602	53 266	59 011	64 784	70 553	76 250	Afghanistan
140 588	148 692	158 317	167 256	175 195	181 863	187 103	190 934	193 344	194 353	Bangladesh
659	726	784	829	867	899	924	943	956	962	Bhutan
1 140 043	1 224 614	1 308 221	1 386 909	1 458 958	1 523 482	1 579 802	1 627 029	1 664 519	1 692 008	India
69 732	73 974	77 914	81 045	83 142	84 439	85 313	85 893	85 987	85 344	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
295	316	337	356	372	383	392	398	403	405	Maldives
27 282	29 959	32 581	35 164	37 653	39 943	41 977	43 749	45 257	46 495	Nepal
158 645	173 593	189 648	205 364	220 609	234 432	246 789	257 778	267 240	274 875	Pakistan
19 843	20 860	21 709	22 344	22 784	23 094	23 318	23 433	23 394	23 193	Sri Lanka
559 881	593 415	625 987	655 940	682 694	705 987	725 481	740 898	752 110	759 207	SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA
363	399	433	465	495	522	546	568	586	602	Brunei Darussalam
13 358	14 138	15 015	15 893	16 687	17 363	17 913	18 361	18 715	18 965	Cambodia
227 303	239 871	251 880	262 569	271 851	279 659	285 837	290 223	292 743	293 456	Indonesia
5 753	6 201	6 628	7 045	7 429	7 754	8 005	8 187	8 312	8 384	Lao People's Democratic Republic
26 100	28 401	30 714	32 986	35 186	37 266	39 152	40 800	42 221	43 455	Malaysia (8)
46 321	47 963	49 902	51 688	53 194	54 331	55 048	55 410	55 477	55 296	Myanmar
85 546	93 261	101 421	109 742	118 088	126 321	134 232	141 675	148 595	154 939	Philippines
4 266	5 086	5 375	5 597	5 801	5 978	6 098	6 145	6 138	6 106	Singapore
66 698	69 122	70 876	72 091	72 884	73 321	73 379	72 994	72 182	71 037	Thailand
1 010	1 124	1 301	1 510	1 744	1 989	2 237	2 487	2 744	3 006	Timor-Leste
83 161	87 848	92 443	96 355	99 335	101 483	103 033	104 047	104 397	103 962	Viet Nam
205 703	231 995	254 802	277 387	299 398	320 394	340 678	360 127	378 461	395 367	WESTERN ASIA
3 066	3 092	3 133	3 146	3 133	3 105	3 073	3 036	2 989	2 931	Armenia
8 588	9 188	9 750	10 231	10 563	10 807	11 041	11 274	11 464	11 578	Azerbaijan (9)
725	1 262	1 404	1 508	1 588	1 654	1 711	1 758	1 790	1 801	Bahrain
1 033	1 104	1 165	1 218	1 263	1 301	1 328	1 344	1 350	1 347	Cyprus (10)
4 477	4 352	4 225	4 080	3 922	3 760	3 604	3 456	3 316	3 186	Georgia (11)
27 359	31 672	36 977	42 684	48 885	55 257	61 977	68 950	76 102	83 357	Iraq
6 605	7 418	8 061	8 666	9 247	9 816	10 386	10 955	11 507	12 029	Israel
5 342	6 187	6 797	7 366	7 906	8 415	8 882	9 289	9 623	9 882	Jordan
2 264	2 737	3 087	3 394	3 700	4 012	4 328	4 633	4 913	5 164	Kuwait
4 052	4 228	4 385	4 516	4 624	4 701	4 742	4 749	4 727	4 678	Lebanon
3 556	4 039	4 648	5 317	6 027	6 755	7 488	8 230	8 979	9 727	Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)
2 430	2 782	3 059	3 290	3 470	3 603	3 696	3 749	3 763	3 740	Oman
821	1 759	2 033	2 199	2 289	2 371	2 451	2 524	2 579	2 612	Qatar
24 041	27 448	30 538	33 535	36 226	38 481	40 444	42 183	43 697	44 938	Saudi Arabia
18 484	20 411	22 184	24 079	26 009	27 859	29 520	30 921	32 082	33 051	Syrian Arab Republic

Table A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Turkey	21 238	24 585	28 161	31 838	35 464	39 586	44 105	49 400	54 130	58 865	63 628
United Arab Emirates	70	79	90	146	232	534	1 016	1 349	1 809	2 349	3 033
Yemen	4 316	4 685	5 116	5 632	6 145	6 691	7 945	9 758	11 948	15 148	17 723
EUROPE	547 287	575 236	603 854	633 591	655 879	676 123	692 869	706 800	720 497	727 422	726 777
EASTERN EUROPE	220 123	237 040	252 787	266 561	276 227	285 624	294 929	303 677	310 543	309 882	304 172
Belarus	7 745	7 804	8 190	8 607	9 040	9 367	9 659	9 999	10 260	10 274	10 058
Bulgaria	7 251	7 499	7 867	8 204	8 490	8 721	8 862	8 960	8 819	8 357	8 006
Czech Republic	8 876	9 254	9 522	9 686	9 789	9 993	10 262	10 301	10 303	10 319	10 243
Hungary	9 338	9 823	9 983	10 141	10 315	10 520	10 699	10 543	10 376	10 331	10 211
Poland	24 824	27 281	29 033	31 122	32 529	33 972	35 577	37 202	38 056	38 392	38 302
Republic of Moldova (13)	2 341	2 627	3 004	3 335	3 595	3 839	4 010	4 215	4 364	4 339	4 107
Romania	16 311	17 486	18 407	19 032	20 253	21 245	22 201	22 725	23 207	22 681	22 192
Russian Federation	102 702	111 402	119 906	126 749	130 392	134 233	138 655	143 642	148 244	148 699	146 758
Slovakia	3 437	3 765	4 094	4 344	4 509	4 718	4 962	5 142	5 270	5 369	5 405
Ukraine	37 298	40 099	42 783	45 341	47 317	49 016	50 044	50 949	51 645	51 122	48 892
NORTHERN EUROPE	78 035	79 600	81 930	84 917	87 352	89 023	89 900	90 724	92 114	93 222	94 347
Channel Islands (14)	102	106	109	115	121	126	128	133	140	142	145
Denmark	4 268	4 439	4 580	4 759	4 929	5 060	5 123	5 114	5 141	5 233	5 340
Estonia	1 101	1 160	1 216	1 291	1 365	1 432	1 473	1 526	1 568	1 441	1 371
Faroe Islands	32	32	34	36	39	40	43	45	48	43	46
Finland (15)	4 009	4 235	4 430	4 564	4 606	4 711	4 779	4 902	4 986	5 108	5 173
Iceland	143	158	176	192	204	218	228	241	255	267	281
Ireland	2 913	2 901	2 829	2 875	2 963	3 184	3 418	3 534	3 531	3 611	3 804
Isle of Man	55	52	48	51	57	61	65	64	70	72	77
Latvia	1 949	2 015	2 132	2 261	2 366	2 457	2 513	2 582	2 664	2 492	2 385
Lithuania	2 567	2 629	2 770	2 966	3 137	3 299	3 430	3 562	3 696	3 629	3 500
Norway (16)	3 265	3 427	3 581	3 723	3 877	4 007	4 086	4 153	4 241	4 359	4 491
Sweden	7 014	7 262	7 480	7 734	8 043	8 193	8 310	8 350	8 559	8 827	8 860
United Kingdom	50 616	51 185	52 544	54 350	55 645	56 234	56 303	56 517	57 214	57 997	58 874
SOUTHERN EUROPE	108 332	113 034	117 371	122 274	126 764	132 381	137 668	140 702	142 408	143 616	145 147
Albania	1 215	1 379	1 611	1 870	2 136	2 401	2 671	2 957	3 289	3 141	3 072
Andorra	6	9	13	19	24	31	37	47	53	65	65
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2 661	2 944	3 180	3 396	3 564	3 747	3 914	4 122	4 308	3 332	3 694
Croatia	3 850	3 966	4 045	4 122	4 169	4 263	4 377	4 471	4 517	4 669	4 506
Gibraltar	20	21	22	23	25	25	27	27	27	27	27
Greece	7 566	7 966	8 333	8 551	8 793	9 047	9 643	9 934	10 161	10 672	10 987
Holy See (17)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Italy	46 367	48 131	49 519	51 454	53 325	55 096	56 221	56 772	56 832	56 968	56 986
Malta	312	314	313	306	304	306	327	349	368	387	397
Montenegro	399	429	467	507	519	549	576	576	609	643	633
Portugal	8 417	8 666	8 883	8 900	8 684	9 203	9 786	9 962	9 925	10 125	10 336
San Marino	13	14	15	17	19	20	21	23	24	26	27
Serbia (18)	6 732	7 217	7 583	7 889	8 173	8 536	8 946	9 272	9 569	10 204	10 134
Slovenia	1 473	1 533	1 580	1 630	1 670	1 742	1 832	1 883	1 927	1 966	1 985
Spain (19)	28 070	29 090	30 413	32 109	33 792	35 739	37 495	38 476	38 889	39 427	40 288
TFYR Macedonia (20)	1 230	1 354	1 392	1 481	1 568	1 676	1 795	1 828	1 909	1 963	2 009
WESTERN EUROPE	140 798	145 563	151 766	159 838	165 535	169 095	170 372	171 697	175 432	180 702	183 111
Austria	6 936	6 944	7 043	7 268	7 466	7 578	7 549	7 560	7 671	7 936	8 005
Belgium	8 628	8 867	9 152	9 435	9 625	9 788	9 847	9 840	9 949	10 080	10 176
France	41 832	43 434	45 689	48 755	50 763	52 692	53 880	55 281	56 708	57 845	59 048
Germany	68 376	70 326	72 815	75 964	78 169	78 674	78 289	77 685	79 098	81 929	82 349
Liechtenstein	14	15	17	19	21	23	25	27	29	31	33
Luxembourg	296	305	314	332	339	359	364	367	381	408	435
Monaco	20	20	22	23	24	25	26	29	31	33	35
Netherlands	10 027	10 681	11 418	12 213	12 959	13 600	14 088	14 453	14 892	15 422	15 863
Switzerland	4 668	4 971	5 296	5 830	6 169	6 356	6 303	6 455	6 674	7 019	7 168
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN	167 368	191 707	220 058	252 605	286 377	323 074	362 326	402 393	443 032	482 647	521 429
CARIBBEAN	17 084	18 785	20 725	23 078	25 325	27 604	29 695	31 903	34 205	36 439	38 441
Anguilla	5	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	8	10	11
Antigua and Barbuda	46	53	55	60	66	69	70	66	62	69	78
Aruba	38	44	54	57	59	61	60	63	62	60	90
Bahamas	79	89	110	140	169	189	211	235	256	280	298
Barbados	211	227	231	235	239	246	249	254	260	263	268

Table A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
68 143	72 752	77 003	80 753	83 984	86 665	88 770	90 302	91 251	91 617	Turkey
4 069	7 512	8 374	9 174	9 867	10 489	11 042	11 518	11 895	12 152	United Arab Emirates
20 649	24 053	27 980	32 232	36 698	41 342	46 196	51 256	56 430	61 577	Yemen
730 736	738 199	742 067	744 177	743 890	741 233	736 922	731 826	726 029	719 257	EUROPE
297 758	294 771	292 236	289 165	284 941	279 544	273 681	267 987	262 501	256 946	EASTERN EUROPE
9 825	9 595	9 441	9 282	9 097	8 883	8 658	8 438	8 223	8 001	Belarus
7 739	7 494	7 252	7 001	6 733	6 455	6 186	5 935	5 697	5 459	Bulgaria
10 221	10 493	10 634	10 741	10 800	10 798	10 740	10 676	10 644	10 638	Czech Republic
10 087	9 984	9 903	9 825	9 741	9 644	9 529	9 415	9 320	9 243	Hungary
38 165	38 277	38 357	38 375	38 229	37 835	37 168	36 372	35 599	34 906	Poland
3 767	3 573	3 453	3 358	3 262	3 147	3 024	2 905	2 786	2 661	Republic of Moldova (13)
21 772	21 486	21 240	20 970	20 661	20 291	19 884	19 458	19 013	18 535	Romania
143 843	142 958	142 229	141 022	139 034	136 429	133 760	131 280	128 829	126 188	Russian Federation
5 415	5 462	5 506	5 545	5 564	5 547	5 488	5 406	5 322	5 241	Slovakia
46 924	45 448	44 222	43 047	41 819	40 515	39 246	38 100	37 067	36 074	Ukraine
96 318	99 205	101 892	104 524	107 010	109 254	110 899	112 162	113 199	114 036	NORTHERN EUROPE
149	153	155	156	157	157	156	155	154	152	Channel Islands (14)
5 419	5 550	5 647	5 736	5 819	5 885	5 925	5 938	5 934	5 920	Denmark
1 346	1 341	1 337	1 329	1 316	1 296	1 275	1 258	1 245	1 233	Estonia
48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	55	55	Faroe Islands
5 244	5 365	5 450	5 526	5 585	5 619	5 627	5 619	5 611	5 611	Finland (15)
297	320	339	358	375	390	403	414	423	431	Iceland
4 158	4 470	4 732	4 968	5 173	5 356	5 532	5 707	5 880	6 038	Ireland
80	83	85	86	87	87	87	86	86	85	Isle of Man
2 306	2 252	2 210	2 169	2 121	2 073	2 022	1 977	1 938	1 902	Latvia
3 416	3 324	3 252	3 190	3 131	3 068	2 999	2 931	2 869	2 813	Lithuania
4 623	4 883	5 054	5 230	5 408	5 574	5 718	5 841	5 954	6 063	Norway (16)
9 029	9 380	9 647	9 924	10 180	10 379	10 526	10 656	10 787	10 916	Sweden
60 203	62 036	63 935	65 802	67 606	69 314	70 575	71 525	72 264	72 817	United Kingdom
150 228	155 171	157 446	158 478	158 789	158 548	158 137	157 554	156 641	155 227	SOUTHERN EUROPE
3 142	3 204	3 258	3 294	3 305	3 290	3 247	3 179	3 092	2 990	Albania
78	85	92	98	105	112	118	125	131	137	Andorra
3 781	3 760	3 716	3 647	3 566	3 473	3 363	3 237	3 098	2 952	Bosnia and Herzegovina
4 442	4 403	4 361	4 311	4 253	4 185	4 108	4 024	3 941	3 859	Croatia
29	29	29	29	29	29	29	28	28	28	Gibraltar
11 183	11 359	11 492	11 569	11 603	11 621	11 640	11 661	11 669	11 647	Greece
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Holy See (17)
58 671	60 551	61 241	61 290	61 114	60 851	60 537	60 182	59 741	59 158	Italy
409	417	423	428	430	431	428	424	420	415	Malta
627	631	634	636	635	633	628	621	613	604	Montenegro
10 544	10 676	10 702	10 623	10 476	10 309	10 127	9 918	9 668	9 379	Portugal
30	32	33	33	34	34	34	34	34	34	San Marino
9 856	9 856	9 807	9 718	9 605	9 479	9 338	9 177	8 995	8 797	Serbia (18)
2 002	2 030	2 053	2 066	2 067	2 059	2 045	2 029	2 012	1 994	Slovenia
43 395	46 077	47 532	48 661	49 501	49 998	50 479	50 938	51 268	51 354	Spain (19)
2 038	2 061	2 073	2 073	2 063	2 043	2 014	1 976	1 931	1 881	TFYR Macedonia (20)
186 431	189 052	190 494	192 010	193 150	193 888	194 205	194 123	193 689	193 048	WESTERN EUROPE
8 232	8 394	8 463	8 515	8 562	8 590	8 589	8 558	8 502	8 427	Austria
10 414	10 712	10 867	11 001	11 126	11 242	11 345	11 436	11 515	11 587	Belgium
60 997	62 787	64 413	65 874	67 210	68 467	69 634	70 681	71 604	72 442	France
82 541	82 302	81 471	80 988	80 332	79 469	78 445	77 305	76 067	74 781	Germany
35	36	37	39	40	42	43	43	44	45	Liechtenstein
457	507	543	577	608	638	663	683	698	708	Luxembourg
35	35	35	35	35	36	36	36	36	36	Monaco
16 305	16 613	16 850	17 039	17 196	17 311	17 365	17 344	17 262	17 151	Netherlands
7 415	7 664	7 814	7 942	8 040	8 094	8 086	8 037	7 962	7 870	Switzerland
557 038	590 082	622 437	652 182	678 778	701 606	720 307	734 748	744 929	750 956	LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN
40 177	41 646	43 041	44 322	45 457	46 363	47 010	47 386	47 485	47 314	CARIBBEAN
14	15	17	17	18	18	18	19	18	18	Anguilla
84	89	93	97	101	105	107	109	111	112	Antigua and Barbuda
101	107	109	111	111	112	111	109	106	104	Aruba
319	343	363	383	400	415	426	434	441	445	Bahamas
271	273	276	279	281	281	279	275	270	264	Barbados

Table A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)
Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
British Virgin Islands	7	8	8	9	10	10	11	13	16	18	20
Cayman Islands	6	7	8	9	10	13	17	20	26	33	40
Cuba	5 920	6 534	7 134	7 942	8 702	9 421	9 812	10 069	10 570	10 901	11 104
Dominica	51	55	60	65	71	72	75	74	71	71	70
Dominican Republic	2 380	2 795	3 309	3 893	4 512	5 147	5 794	6 482	7 195	7 916	8 592
Grenada	77	81	90	95	94	92	89	100	96	100	102
Guadeloupe (21)	210	236	276	301	320	329	327	355	386	405	427
Haiti	3 221	3 515	3 868	4 273	4 710	5 141	5 688	6 395	7 125	7 878	8 645
Jamaica	1 403	1 542	1 629	1 760	1 869	2 012	2 132	2 297	2 365	2 462	2 582
Martinique	222	246	282	311	326	329	326	341	359	370	385
Montserrat	14	14	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	10	5
Netherlands Antilles (22)	112	123	135	146	159	166	173	182	191	190	180
Puerto Rico	2 218	2 249	2 359	2 582	2 716	2 939	3 196	3 379	3 529	3 702	3 814
Saint Kitts and Nevis	46	49	51	49	45	44	43	42	41	43	46
Saint Lucia	83	87	90	97	104	109	118	126	138	147	157
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	67	74	81	86	90	96	100	104	107	108	108
Trinidad and Tobago	636	720	841	894	968	1 009	1 078	1 173	1 215	1 261	1 292
Turks and Caicos Islands	5	5	6	6	6	7	8	10	12	15	19
United States Virgin Islands	27	29	33	50	64	86	98	105	103	107	109
CENTRAL AMERICA	37 889	43 949	51 678	60 312	69 591	80 490	91 779	102 085	113 249	124 600	135 555
Belize	69	80	93	107	122	134	144	166	190	220	251
Costa Rica	966	1 129	1 334	1 582	1 820	2 049	2 343	2 692	3 070	3 469	3 919
El Salvador	2 200	2 431	2 773	3 245	3 736	4 231	4 656	4 996	5 333	5 733	5 940
Guatemala	3 146	3 627	4 159	4 763	5 448	6 228	7 036	7 955	8 923	10 016	11 237
Honduras	1 487	1 716	2 000	2 349	2 688	3 103	3 628	4 226	4 889	5 575	6 218
Mexico	27 866	32 481	38 419	44 898	51 868	60 225	68 776	76 175	84 307	92 273	99 960
Nicaragua	1 295	1 506	1 773	2 062	2 398	2 794	3 242	3 697	4 121	4 637	5 074
Panama	860	978	1 128	1 306	1 510	1 727	1 953	2 180	2 416	2 677	2 956
SOUTH AMERICA	112 395	128 974	147 655	169 215	191 461	214 980	240 852	268 405	295 577	321 608	347 433
Argentina	17 150	18 931	20 625	22 297	23 983	26 079	28 131	30 354	32 642	34 855	36 931
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	2 714	3 008	3 355	3 753	4 217	4 761	5 353	5 957	6 658	7 471	8 307
Brazil	53 975	62 880	72 759	84 389	96 078	108 224	121 712	136 247	149 650	161 848	174 425
Chile	6 082	6 768	7 652	8 656	9 578	10 419	11 179	12 107	13 188	14 409	15 420
Colombia	12 000	13 825	16 005	18 556	21 330	23 961	26 875	29 994	33 203	36 453	39 764
Ecuador	3 387	3 862	4 439	5 146	5 972	6 908	7 958	9 091	10 261	11 385	12 345
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
French Guiana	25	29	32	39	49	57	68	87	117	139	165
Guyana	407	483	560	640	721	749	777	752	725	728	733
Paraguay	1 473	1 674	1 906	2 176	2 483	2 802	3 195	3 698	4 244	4 795	5 344
Peru	7 632	8 669	9 929	11 467	13 187	15 144	17 287	19 460	21 686	23 827	25 862
Suriname	215	250	290	332	372	364	366	376	407	436	467
Uruguay	2 239	2 372	2 538	2 694	2 809	2 829	2 915	3 011	3 109	3 223	3 319
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	5 094	6 221	7 562	9 067	10 681	12 681	15 036	17 269	19 685	22 035	24 348
NORTHERN AMERICA	171 615	186 960	204 318	219 224	231 284	242 360	254 454	267 079	281 162	295 749	313 289
Bermuda	37	41	45	49	52	54	56	58	60	61	63
Canada	13 737	15 736	17 909	19 678	21 717	23 142	24 516	25 843	27 701	29 302	30 667
Greenland	23	26	33	39	46	50	50	53	56	56	56
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
United States of America	157 813	171 152	186 326	199 453	209 464	219 108	229 825	241 120	253 339	266 324	282 496
OCEANIA	12 675	14 165	15 773	17 486	19 506	21 489	22 970	24 891	26 967	29 044	31 130
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND	10 085	11 345	12 658	13 988	15 548	16 973	17 857	19 081	20 494	21 793	23 022
Australia (23)	8 177	9 209	10 286	11 360	12 728	13 890	14 710	15 812	17 096	18 118	19 164
New Zealand	1 908	2 136	2 372	2 628	2 820	3 083	3 147	3 269	3 398	3 675	3 858
MELANESIA	2 199	2 381	2 620	2 927	3 306	3 807	4 338	4 943	5 512	6 207	6 996
Fiji	289	335	393	464	521	577	635	712	728	776	812
New Caledonia	65	68	78	91	105	129	142	155	170	191	212
Papua New Guinea	1 708	1 822	1 967	2 161	2 435	2 810	3 215	3 678	4 158	4 716	5 379
Solomon Islands	90	102	118	137	160	193	229	269	310	356	409
Vanuatu	48	55	64	74	85	100	116	130	147	168	185
MICRONESIA	148	164	184	211	242	267	302	358	418	466	496
Guam	60	63	67	76	85	95	107	119	134	146	155
Kiribati	26	29	33	38	44	48	55	63	72	77	84
Marshall Islands	13	14	15	17	20	26	31	38	47	51	52

Table A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	28	28	28	British Virgin Islands
52	56	59	60	62	63	64	64	63	62	Cayman Islands
11 254	11 258	11 231	11 173	11 100	10 983	10 802	10 556	10 252	9 898	Cuba
69	68	68	68	69	69	68	67	66	65	Dominica
9 264	9 927	10 553	11 121	11 626	12 060	12 413	12 679	12 854	12 942	Dominican Republic
103	104	107	108	109	108	106	103	99	95	Grenada
446	461	471	479	486	490	491	489	483	476	Guadeloupe (21)
9 347	9 993	10 654	11 311	11 947	12 528	13 050	13 504	13 883	14 178	Haiti
2 682	2 741	2 790	2 828	2 848	2 842	2 809	2 751	2 670	2 569	Jamaica
397	406	411	414	415	414	410	403	393	382	Martinique
6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	Montserrat
186	201	208	212	214	213	211	207	203	198	Netherlands Antilles (22)
3 782	3 749	3 742	3 747	3 753	3 754	3 745	3 726	3 697	3 657	Puerto Rico
49	52	56	59	61	63	65	67	68	68	Saint Kitts and Nevis
165	174	183	190	196	201	204	206	206	205	Saint Lucia
109	109	109	110	110	111	112	113	113	113	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
1 315	1 341	1 363	1 373	1 369	1 354	1 342	1 329	1 312	1 288	Trinidad and Tobago
31	38	41	43	44	45	46	46	47	46	Turks and Caicos Islands
109	109	108	106	104	102	99	96	94	92	United States Virgin Islands
145 384	155 881	166 487	176 389	185 492	193 747	200 966	207 037	211 906	215 569	CENTRAL AMERICA
281	312	344	377	409	439	466	490	511	529	Belize
4 309	4 659	4 988	5 272	5 508	5 694	5 833	5 929	5 984	6 001	Costa Rica
6 051	6 193	6 385	6 610	6 849	7 093	7 288	7 438	7 545	7 607	El Salvador
12 717	14 389	16 325	18 382	20 527	22 726	24 954	27 192	29 418	31 595	Guatemala
6 879	7 601	8 392	9 179	9 939	10 657	11 325	11 934	12 474	12 939	Honduras
106 484	113 423	120 058	125 928	131 035	135 398	138 923	141 523	143 178	143 925	Mexico
5 424	5 788	6 213	6 603	6 947	7 240	7 479	7 661	7 784	7 846	Nicaragua
3 238	3 517	3 783	4 038	4 279	4 502	4 700	4 870	5 012	5 128	Panama
371 477	392 555	412 909	431 471	447 830	461 496	472 331	480 325	485 537	488 073	SOUTH AMERICA
38 681	40 412	42 177	43 856	45 391	46 761	47 973	49 019	49 886	50 560	Argentina
9 147	9 930	10 738	11 591	12 478	13 391	14 293	15 166	15 996	16 769	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
185 987	194 946	203 294	210 433	216 238	220 492	223 196	224 431	224 282	222 843	Brazil
16 302	17 114	17 868	18 540	19 102	19 536	19 841	20 024	20 092	20 059	Chile
43 041	46 295	49 367	52 185	54 693	56 856	58 650	60 058	61 089	61 764	Colombia
13 426	14 465	15 446	16 355	17 175	17 893	18 495	18 973	19 324	19 549	Ecuador
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
202	231	262	295	330	365	401	436	471	506	French Guiana
746	754	763	773	785	795	797	791	779	766	Guyana
5 898	6 455	7 029	7 601	8 153	8 670	9 148	9 585	9 979	10 323	Paraguay
27 559	29 077	30 760	32 435	34 057	35 492	36 704	37 668	38 377	38 832	Peru
499	525	548	569	587	602	612	617	617	614	Suriname
3 323	3 369	3 428	3 495	3 553	3 601	3 637	3 659	3 667	3 663	Uruguay
26 664	28 980	31 226	33 340	35 285	37 040	38 582	39 896	40 975	41 821	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
329 231	344 529	359 638	374 394	388 472	401 657	413 945	425 467	436 348	446 862	NORTHERN AMERICA
64	65	66	66	66	67	66	66	65	65	Bermuda
32 283	34 017	35 624	37 163	38 585	39 850	40 930	41 882	42 772	43 642	Canada
57	57	57	57	56	55	54	53	51	50	Greenland
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	Saint Pierre and Miquelon
296 820	310 384	323 885	337 102	349 758	361 680	372 889	383 460	393 454	403 101	United States of America
33 532	36 593	39 355	42 056	44 651	47 096	49 367	51 475	53 435	55 233	OCEANIA
24 538	26 637	28 394	30 065	31 607	32 982	34 185	35 252	36 213	37 063	AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND
20 404	22 268	23 793	25 241	26 575	27 771	28 826	29 768	30 623	31 385	Australia (23)
4 134	4 368	4 601	4 824	5 032	5 211	5 359	5 483	5 590	5 678	New Zealand
7 830	8 748	9 691	10 660	11 655	12 670	13 689	14 690	15 659	16 585	MELANESIA
823	861	896	923	941	958	976	992	1 006	1 017	Fiji
231	251	270	287	302	314	325	333	339	344	New Caledonia
6 095	6 858	7 645	8 464	9 314	10 185	11 059	11 919	12 751	13 549	Papua New Guinea
470	538	610	684	761	841	923	1 005	1 085	1 163	Solomon Islands
211	240	270	303	337	371	407	442	478	513	Vanuatu
519	536	570	602	634	661	685	703	716	726	MICRONESIA
169	180	191	202	212	222	229	236	241	245	Guam
92	100	107	116	124	132	139	145	151	156	Kiribati
52	54	59	62	65	67	70	73	74	75	Marshall Islands

Table A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Population (thousands)										
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	32	38	45	52	61	63	73	86	96	107	107
Nauru	3	4	4	6	6	7	7	8	9	10	10
Northern Mariana Islands	7	8	10	11	13	15	17	30	44	58	68
Palau	7	8	10	11	11	12	12	14	15	17	19
POLYNESIA (24)	242	275	311	360	409	441	474	508	543	578	615
American Samoa	19	20	20	23	27	30	33	39	47	53	58
Cook Islands	15	16	18	19	21	20	18	18	18	18	18
French Polynesia	61	69	79	93	111	130	151	174	195	216	238
Niue	5	5	5	5	5	4	3	3	2	2	2
Samoa	82	94	110	127	142	150	155	157	161	168	177
Tokelau	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tonga	47	55	62	74	84	88	93	94	95	96	98
Tuvalu	5	6	6	7	7	8	8	9	9	9	9
Wallis and Futuna Islands	7	8	9	9	9	9	11	14	14	14	14

a More developed regions comprise Europe, Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan.

b Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), Latin America and the Caribbean plus Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia.

c The least developed countries are 49 countries, 33 in Africa, 10 in Asia, 5 in Oceania plus one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

d Other less developed countries comprise the less developed regions excluding the least developed countries.

e Sub-Saharan Africa refers to all of Africa except Northern Africa.

1 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

2 Including Zanzibar.

3 Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

8 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

9 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

10 Including Northern-Cyprus.

11 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

12 Including East Jerusalem.

13 Including Transnistria.

14 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

15 Including Åland Islands.

16 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

17 Refers to the Vatican City State.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

21 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

22 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

23 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

24 Including Pitcairn.

Table A.5. Total population at mid-year by major area, region and country (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Population (thousands)										Major area, region and country
2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2050	
109	111	114	119	124	129	133	136	138	139	Micronesia (Fed. States of)
10	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	Nauru
67	61	66	71	74	76	77	76	75	73	Northern Mariana Islands
20	20	21	22	24	25	26	26	27	28	Palau
645	673	700	728	756	783	808	830	847	859	POLYNESIA (24)
63	68	74	81	88	95	102	108	114	120	American Samoa
19	20	21	21	22	22	23	23	23	24	Cook Islands
255	271	285	298	309	318	324	328	330	330	French Polynesia
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Niue
180	183	188	191	196	200	207	213	216	219	Samoa
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Tokelau
101	104	106	111	115	121	126	131	135	138	Tonga
10	10	10	10	11	11	11	12	12	13	Tuvalu
14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	Wallis and Futuna Islands

Table A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population by major area, region and country, 1950-2050

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
WORLD	3.13	3.13	3.00	2.65	2.57	2.62	2.68	2.59	2.34	2.17
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)	2.35	2.24	2.04	1.70	1.38	1.07	0.91	0.84	0.69	0.58
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)	4.22	4.25	4.09	3.62	3.67	3.89	3.93	3.66	3.22	2.93
Least developed countries (c)	4.54	4.77	5.42	5.83	4.54	5.59	4.56	4.62	4.35	3.79
Other less developed countries (d)	4.20	4.22	4.02	3.49	3.61	3.78	3.88	3.58	3.12	2.85
Less developed regions, excluding China	3.94	4.10	4.19	4.08	4.01	3.96	3.72	3.44	2.94	2.68
Sub-Saharan Africa (e)	4.71	5.35	5.35	4.99	4.76	4.79	4.39	4.43	4.10	3.74
AFRICA	4.59	5.00	5.07	4.62	4.38	4.39	4.21	4.10	3.70	3.28
EASTERN AFRICA	5.33	5.48	5.91	6.12	6.21	6.27	4.84	4.92	4.30	3.99
Burundi	3.44	3.45	3.40	3.28	6.94	8.28	6.92	6.54	4.45	3.61
Comoros	8.81	8.26	7.92	4.96	4.38	5.69	5.04	4.34	2.74	2.42
Djibouti	4.93	6.04	8.54	8.44	8.19	9.78	4.09	6.92	2.34	3.17
Eritrea	5.24	5.53	5.67	4.65	4.04	4.40	3.73	3.10	1.27	3.90
Ethiopia	5.30	5.45	5.74	5.04	4.52	3.36	4.87	5.19	5.14	4.07
Kenya	5.54	5.73	6.30	6.96	8.16	7.51	4.41	4.34	4.87	4.32
Madagascar	5.28	5.39	5.46	5.16	5.66	5.27	5.01	5.21	4.84	4.15
Malawi	4.14	4.39	4.63	6.81	7.83	6.62	5.37	7.68	3.79	4.49
Mauritius (1)	3.96	4.31	4.84	4.42	2.19	1.03	1.01	1.60	1.13	0.72
Mayotte	11.22	11.05	10.70	6.40	5.99	5.66	6.93	7.07	8.34	6.79
Mozambique	5.93	6.17	6.62	6.72	10.50	10.90	6.76	4.93	7.59	4.74
Réunion	6.67	6.05	6.05	5.12	2.27	4.69	6.64	5.37	3.15	2.65
Rwanda	5.69	5.87	5.87	5.88	7.66	6.63	4.59	4.50	3.64	17.63
Seychelles	1.41	1.43	5.92	5.39	5.63	2.96	1.24	1.18	1.16	1.34
Somalia	5.27	5.27	5.20	5.09	5.03	9.90	0.73	1.83	0.93	3.64
South Sudan	0.93	1.35	1.51	1.70	2.17	2.65	5.88	6.87	2.08	4.15
Uganda	7.19	7.28	7.74	7.09	3.96	4.36	7.01	7.39	4.29	3.71
United Republic of Tanzania (2)	7.34	6.32	5.75	8.33	10.22	8.47	5.96	5.45	4.91	4.21
Zambia	7.16	7.22	8.06	8.37	6.19	5.90	3.14	2.82	1.32	1.41
Zimbabwe	4.78	4.85	6.25	6.70	6.10	5.70	6.44	5.98	4.01	2.60
MIDDLE AFRICA	4.29	4.51	5.72	5.86	4.35	4.12	4.01	4.10	4.45	3.62
Angola	5.04	4.95	5.42	5.33	7.19	7.59	7.87	6.67	6.54	4.96
Cameroon	5.92	5.93	6.07	6.15	8.64	6.14	5.41	4.74	4.12	3.70
Central African Republic	4.45	4.70	4.99	5.07	5.09	3.56	3.84	2.93	2.73	2.35
Chad	5.89	5.97	6.70	8.50	8.30	5.79	3.49	4.10	3.64	3.31
Congo	4.57	4.72	4.86	4.92	5.06	4.93	4.67	3.55	3.44	3.54
Democratic Republic of the Congo	3.73	4.01	5.80	5.87	2.27	2.41	2.25	3.02	4.13	3.16
Equatorial Guinea	6.55	5.72	2.07	1.87	-3.66	-1.21	8.41	6.55	5.60	3.23
Gabon	4.58	4.57	6.90	7.01	8.24	7.55	5.66	5.20	4.87	3.77
Sao Tome and Principe	1.35	3.52	6.30	8.59	3.57	3.98	4.40	4.98	4.10	3.83
NORTHERN AFRICA	4.39	4.45	4.60	3.99	3.66	3.62	3.84	3.42	2.80	2.18
Algeria	5.35	5.20	6.18	3.81	3.48	4.75	5.16	4.35	3.68	3.17
Egypt	4.29	4.32	4.03	3.19	2.80	2.45	2.43	2.09	1.45	1.72
Libya	5.24	6.88	7.87	11.90	8.94	6.54	6.05	2.44	2.01	1.92
Morocco	3.63	3.88	4.36	4.36	4.24	4.23	4.27	3.67	2.98	1.96
Sudan	7.33	7.20	7.03	6.99	5.94	4.34	6.04	7.24	6.02	2.48
Tunisia	3.54	3.03	3.00	3.85	3.81	3.82	3.79	3.75	2.86	1.76
Western Sahara	8.70	8.80	11.77	11.21	6.78	18.87	5.67	4.15	3.43	3.16
SOUTHERN AFRICA	3.39	3.49	2.98	2.92	2.93	2.73	3.10	3.52	3.40	2.54
Botswana	3.79	3.38	7.10	17.29	11.75	10.38	13.10	12.13	5.85	3.72
Lesotho	8.23	13.31	14.22	8.13	6.72	3.74	3.06	5.40	5.69	5.08
Namibia	4.98	5.14	4.74	4.81	4.16	3.40	3.55	5.10	4.59	4.41
South Africa	3.35	3.43	2.87	2.78	2.78	2.60	2.91	3.24	2.28	2.42
Swaziland	8.91	12.10	12.42	10.63	10.30	7.94	7.14	5.01	2.33	1.62
WESTERN AFRICA	5.66	6.97	6.33	5.10	5.04	5.10	4.77	4.59	4.08	4.02
Benin	6.75	7.19	7.46	7.57	7.64	6.96	5.12	5.11	4.65	3.69
Burkina Faso	3.17	3.50	3.60	3.89	4.04	8.83	9.23	4.91	4.56	6.09
Cape Verde	3.40	3.20	4.21	4.23	4.35	1.13	7.65	7.90	4.52	3.86
Côte d'Ivoire	8.61	9.35	10.44	6.84	7.15	7.23	4.79	4.27	4.11	3.54
Gambia	4.09	5.59	5.50	8.15	7.70	6.17	6.98	7.55	5.75	4.99
Ghana	7.12	7.12	5.23	4.23	3.41	2.65	4.36	4.83	4.71	4.22
Guinea	5.79	5.81	5.82	5.82	4.63	4.37	4.61	4.16	6.46	2.98
Guinea-Bissau	4.86	3.97	1.22	1.24	3.87	5.66	6.83	6.49	4.81	4.03

Table A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
2.24	2.14	1.97	1.77	1.58	1.42	1.28	1.18	1.08	0.99	WORLD
0.84	0.81	0.67	0.57	0.48	0.40	0.34	0.30	0.27	0.24	MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)
2.84	2.65	2.43	2.16	1.91	1.70	1.53	1.39	1.28	1.16	LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)
3.82	3.69	3.73	3.65	3.51	3.37	3.21	3.04	2.86	2.68	Least developed countries (c)
2.75	2.55	2.29	1.99	1.72	1.48	1.29	1.13	1.00	0.87	Other less developed countries (d)
										Less developed regions, excluding China
2.50	2.41	2.30	2.19	2.07	1.96	1.85	1.73	1.61	1.48	
3.71	3.67	3.61	3.53	3.40	3.28	3.15	3.01	2.85	2.69	Sub-Saharan Africa (e)
3.31	3.27	3.23	3.16	3.05	2.95	2.84	2.72	2.59	2.44	AFRICA
3.77	3.90	4.12	4.13	4.03	3.96	3.84	3.68	3.49	3.29	EASTERN AFRICA
5.14	5.43	4.45	4.23	3.91	3.64	3.48	3.34	3.16	2.93	Burundi
2.53	2.74	2.84	2.91	3.07	3.27	3.23	3.08	2.88	2.69	Comoros
2.05	1.96	1.96	1.94	2.00	1.85	1.71	1.57	1.44	1.31	Djibouti
5.59	5.01	5.01	4.50	4.15	3.91	3.72	3.50	3.22	2.91	Eritrea
3.75	3.52	3.57	3.57	3.57	3.54	3.39	3.11	2.86	2.62	Ethiopia
4.33	4.25	4.36	4.23	4.05	3.93	3.83	3.66	3.44	3.20	Kenya
4.25	4.99	4.73	4.50	4.24	3.95	3.65	3.41	3.19	2.98	Madagascar
3.25	3.64	4.20	4.62	4.80	4.99	5.13	5.03	4.85	4.62	Malawi
0.76	0.47	0.57	0.70	0.82	0.93	0.92	0.77	0.63	0.52	Mauritius (1)
4.24	3.04	3.11	2.89	2.84	2.91	2.87	2.63	2.36	2.10	Mayotte
3.25	3.01	3.05	3.20	3.32	3.39	3.34	3.11	2.91	2.73	Mozambique
2.01	1.60	1.30	1.06	0.86	0.73	0.60	0.48	0.36	0.25	Réunion
7.39	4.27	4.50	4.40	4.23	4.17	4.07	3.95	3.76	3.49	Rwanda
1.66	1.33	1.05	1.12	0.98	0.88	0.76	0.59	0.40	0.24	Seychelles
3.56	3.37	3.79	4.12	4.20	4.17	4.05	3.90	3.75	3.59	Somalia
3.59	6.10	4.23	3.69	3.76	3.89	3.93	3.73	3.52	3.31	South Sudan
5.05	5.93	5.74	5.48	5.21	4.95	4.69	4.43	4.16	3.89	Uganda
4.26	4.53	4.77	4.81	4.70	4.59	4.43	4.25	4.03	3.79	United Republic of Tanzania (2)
3.34	3.78	4.15	4.35	4.27	4.22	4.20	4.17	4.07	3.89	Zambia
1.31	1.23	3.40	3.35	2.65	2.36	2.10	1.92	1.77	1.60	Zimbabwe
4.05	3.94	3.73	3.52	3.28	3.06	2.87	2.67	2.47	2.27	MIDDLE AFRICA
5.31	4.50	3.97	3.53	3.06	2.71	2.45	2.21	2.00	1.80	Angola
3.54	3.39	3.23	2.99	2.73	2.52	2.37	2.21	2.04	1.87	Cameroon
1.87	2.23	2.60	2.77	2.86	2.87	2.71	2.53	2.36	2.17	Central African Republic
3.57	2.85	3.00	3.30	3.69	3.92	4.04	3.85	3.61	3.38	Chad
3.15	3.42	2.84	2.69	2.70	2.57	2.44	2.29	2.14	1.98	Congo
4.15	4.36	4.19	3.97	3.72	3.47	3.22	2.98	2.75	2.53	Democratic Republic of the Congo
3.14	3.07	3.16	3.04	2.88	2.77	2.59	2.41	2.26	2.11	Equatorial Guinea
2.91	2.43	2.27	2.09	1.93	1.76	1.61	1.50	1.40	1.28	Gabon
3.23	2.93	3.01	2.62	2.27	2.06	1.89	1.72	1.54	1.37	Sao Tome and Principe
2.26	2.14	2.05	1.97	1.81	1.69	1.58	1.44	1.30	1.16	NORTHERN AFRICA
3.34	3.05	2.49	1.95	1.48	1.06	0.78	0.64	0.52	0.37	Algeria
1.96	1.94	2.04	2.04	2.03	2.03	1.97	1.78	1.59	1.40	Egypt
2.10	2.11	1.00	1.65	1.31	1.08	0.98	0.90	0.78	0.60	Libya
1.68	1.61	1.62	1.53	1.41	1.26	1.05	0.87	0.72	0.57	Morocco
2.37	1.95	2.60	2.96	3.01	3.10	3.09	2.88	2.68	2.47	Sudan
1.47	1.41	1.34	1.23	1.08	0.90	0.74	0.62	0.53	0.42	Tunisia
5.94	3.97	3.49	3.05	1.51	1.22	0.99	0.81	0.68	0.55	Western Sahara
2.19	1.82	1.34	1.21	1.15	1.02	0.90	0.80	0.71	0.64	SOUTHERN AFRICA
2.78	2.59	2.07	1.68	1.36	1.11	0.96	0.85	0.77	0.67	Botswana
4.07	3.85	3.57	3.17	2.72	2.33	2.07	1.91	1.76	1.60	Lesotho
3.44	3.39	3.14	2.86	2.70	2.48	2.23	2.01	1.81	1.61	Namibia
2.13	1.71	1.21	1.09	1.05	0.92	0.80	0.70	0.61	0.54	South Africa
0.11	0.86	1.19	1.34	1.57	1.85	2.01	1.95	1.90	1.81	Swaziland
3.99	3.92	3.81	3.66	3.47	3.30	3.13	2.97	2.80	2.62	WESTERN AFRICA
4.51	4.48	4.12	3.86	3.60	3.36	3.12	2.90	2.70	2.51	Benin
6.64	6.47	6.02	5.53	4.98	4.48	4.12	3.91	3.69	3.45	Burkina Faso
3.10	2.34	2.12	1.85	1.58	1.30	1.02	0.82	0.66	0.51	Cape Verde
3.12	3.35	3.56	3.33	3.05	2.76	2.50	2.30	2.12	1.94	Côte d'Ivoire
4.64	4.07	3.63	3.25	3.04	2.84	2.64	2.44	2.24	2.05	Gambia
4.06	3.82	3.50	3.16	2.85	2.64	2.46	2.29	2.09	1.90	Ghana
2.75	3.23	3.86	3.83	3.72	3.52	3.32	3.11	2.90	2.69	Guinea
3.91	3.83	3.59	3.32	3.04	2.77	2.60	2.49	2.37	2.25	Guinea-Bissau

Table A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Liberia	5.48	5.82	5.88	5.90	5.92	5.89	5.01	7.42	-6.87	6.93
Mali	3.91	3.91	3.90	4.06	4.31	4.44	4.57	3.68	4.29	4.70
Mauritania	10.52	10.65	10.48	10.17	9.83	8.63	7.74	5.16	2.85	2.93
Niger	4.59	4.50	6.17	8.11	8.19	6.19	4.33	3.99	3.80	4.00
Nigeria	5.48	7.56	6.54	4.70	4.89	5.22	4.71	4.62	4.33	4.07
Saint Helena (3)	-0.60	-1.22	-0.86	0.50	0.40	0.24	0.72	-0.78	-1.64	-1.23
Senegal	5.04	5.38	5.51	5.71	5.43	3.66	3.79	3.71	3.26	2.91
Sierra Leone	4.59	4.63	4.66	4.69	4.54	3.79	3.89	3.25	0.40	2.02
Togo	9.57	9.57	9.34	11.27	4.02	3.74	4.89	4.43	3.60	4.58
ASIA	3.91	3.78	3.61	3.19	3.36	3.58	3.81	3.53	3.11	2.87
EASTERN ASIA	4.40	4.03	3.46	2.53	2.60	2.91	3.61	3.46	3.25	2.92
China (4)	5.20	4.71	3.72	1.97	2.32	3.57	4.78	4.51	4.32	3.84
China, Hong Kong SAR (5)	4.64	4.22	4.52	1.11	2.36	3.37	1.69	2.73	1.27	1.98
China, Macao SAR (6)	-1.74	-1.32	3.95	4.04	-0.05	-0.03	3.87	3.96	2.07	1.63
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	2.47	5.06	4.67	6.58	3.31	1.47	1.91	1.72	1.77	1.14
Japan	3.25	2.50	2.42	2.42	2.36	1.02	0.83	0.54	0.54	0.36
Mongolia	7.58	8.09	6.27	4.23	4.45	4.02	3.68	3.30	0.93	1.01
Republic of Korea	4.60	5.94	5.58	6.63	5.29	4.84	4.25	3.77	1.92	0.94
Other non-specified areas	5.17	5.36	5.47	6.42	5.16	5.97	4.83	3.71	1.52	1.15
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)	2.89	2.98	3.41	3.54	3.95	4.22	3.58	3.31	2.86	2.64
CENTRAL ASIA	4.84	5.32	4.53	3.55	3.06	2.40	2.13	1.62	0.35	0.11
Kazakhstan	5.64	6.26	4.75	3.23	2.41	1.67	1.80	1.02	-0.87	-1.32
Kyrgyzstan	4.67	4.88	4.34	3.71	2.52	2.13	1.89	1.50	0.11	0.93
Tajikistan	4.27	4.31	4.92	4.11	2.40	2.05	2.26	2.02	-0.13	-0.40
Turkmenistan	2.57	3.55	3.72	3.20	2.73	2.34	1.95	2.15	2.53	1.94
Uzbekistan	4.58	4.76	4.33	3.93	4.35	3.49	2.58	2.15	1.33	1.02
SOUTHERN ASIA	2.74	2.78	3.31	3.54	4.04	4.39	3.69	3.44	3.02	2.79
Afghanistan	4.83	5.00	5.16	5.54	6.13	4.30	-0.81	2.05	9.62	4.13
Bangladesh	4.54	4.67	6.66	6.94	6.25	10.90	5.98	5.12	4.01	3.64
Bhutan	8.58	8.06	7.99	8.33	8.87	8.42	7.50	7.32	3.03	6.20
India	2.40	2.33	3.00	3.20	3.85	3.95	3.33	3.12	2.79	2.55
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	4.26	4.46	4.49	4.80	4.78	4.90	5.17	4.38	3.05	3.01
Maldives	2.06	2.97	3.17	3.10	10.71	7.87	6.23	3.50	2.34	3.43
Nepal	4.29	4.33	3.32	3.28	6.30	6.99	6.22	6.01	6.62	6.63
Pakistan	4.17	4.50	3.72	3.74	4.04	4.50	4.30	3.99	3.40	3.33
Sri Lanka	2.13	3.17	3.66	4.29	1.88	1.03	0.58	0.45	0.10	-0.35
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA	4.10	4.29	4.11	4.11	4.04	4.04	4.44	4.21	3.49	3.53
Brunei Darussalam	10.65	9.21	8.26	7.74	4.60	3.10	3.69	3.93	3.61	3.15
Cambodia	2.24	2.40	3.48	10.21	-25.28	12.47	12.73	5.90	5.32	3.59
Indonesia	3.44	3.93	4.08	4.12	4.97	5.04	5.49	5.02	4.58	4.69
Lao People's Democratic Republic	3.32	3.25	3.24	5.27	5.27	3.44	4.59	5.02	5.06	6.76
Malaysia (8)	5.56	5.57	5.54	4.86	4.78	4.53	4.36	4.52	4.82	4.58
Myanmar	3.62	3.86	3.88	3.99	3.36	2.18	1.98	2.10	2.23	2.49
Philippines	4.66	4.47	4.10	3.79	4.36	3.86	5.54	5.05	2.21	2.08
Singapore	5.01	4.48	2.80	1.97	1.74	1.30	2.30	2.15	2.87	2.37
Thailand	4.51	4.66	3.59	3.64	5.34	4.67	2.89	2.66	1.46	1.71
Timor-Leste	1.79	1.79	3.68	4.50	4.34	-0.21	4.93	4.69	4.31	0.94
Viet Nam	4.41	4.63	4.73	4.55	2.62	2.08	2.53	2.83	3.78	3.12
WESTERN ASIA	5.19	4.91	4.75	4.63	4.47	4.01	4.75	3.70	2.77	2.40
Armenia	5.49	5.74	4.95	4.13	3.52	2.58	1.82	1.29	-2.31	-1.36
Azerbaijan (9)	4.58	4.18	2.64	2.00	2.65	1.93	1.86	1.65	0.90	0.56
Bahrain	6.04	5.60	2.87	2.87	4.77	6.26	3.29	3.57	2.58	2.64
Cyprus (10)	4.01	3.50	1.67	2.40	4.11	5.37	2.49	2.35	2.57	2.13
Georgia (11)	3.34	3.05	2.59	2.06	1.79	1.50	1.46	0.95	-1.93	-1.77
Iraq	4.13	4.97	6.11	5.40	5.02	4.38	3.34	2.58	2.83	2.96
Israel	6.25	5.49	4.80	3.23	3.73	2.75	2.01	2.06	3.51	2.48
Jordan	10.49	9.69	5.93	8.41	4.24	3.56	5.98	5.68	6.61	2.30
Kuwait	7.45	7.48	13.29	10.38	7.57	6.52	5.35	3.63	-4.96	3.53
Lebanon	4.99	6.20	6.58	5.33	4.68	2.12	2.14	1.34	3.62	1.83
Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)	2.87	3.20	4.25	0.95	5.10	3.60	3.92	4.16	5.16	4.61
Oman	8.45	8.46	8.64	8.65	9.17	9.86	8.93	6.82	5.18	0.26
Qatar	7.97	6.18	9.25	8.15	8.26	6.26	10.31	5.64	1.61	3.56
Saudi Arabia	6.45	6.38	7.70	8.29	8.45	8.19	7.95	5.04	3.26	1.91
Syrian Arab Republic	4.55	4.92	4.96	4.98	4.17	4.03	3.94	3.49	3.27	3.14

Table A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
3.91	4.37	3.43	3.32	3.24	3.16	3.04	2.85	2.64	2.45	Liberia
5.12	5.03	4.77	4.50	4.23	3.98	3.74	3.52	3.30	3.06	Mali
3.03	2.97	2.91	2.99	3.05	2.96	2.79	2.61	2.43	2.24	Mauritania
4.14	4.57	4.91	5.25	5.44	5.39	5.18	4.96	4.73	4.49	Niger
4.00	3.87	3.75	3.61	3.42	3.26	3.11	2.96	2.79	2.60	Nigeria
-2.14	-2.41	-0.87	0.78	0.88	0.96	0.98	0.83	0.71	0.60	Saint Helena (3)
3.07	3.23	3.32	3.31	3.29	3.24	3.06	2.86	2.64	2.43	Senegal
5.15	3.44	3.04	2.99	2.91	2.85	2.68	2.47	2.25	2.05	Sierra Leone
3.75	3.46	3.30	3.15	2.97	2.79	2.60	2.41	2.20	2.00	Togo
2.96	2.70	2.39	2.03	1.72	1.46	1.24	1.08	0.94	0.80	ASIA
3.33	2.85	2.37	1.76	1.24	0.80	0.43	0.20	0.04	-0.09	EASTERN ASIA
4.00	3.44	2.85	2.11	1.49	0.98	0.55	0.29	0.11	-0.05	China (4)
0.15	0.63	1.04	0.98	0.90	0.78	0.60	0.46	0.40	0.38	China, Hong Kong SAR (5)
2.17	2.43	2.01	1.70	1.41	1.11	0.82	0.59	0.41	0.27	China, Macao SAR (6)
0.86	0.63	0.63	0.72	0.79	0.78	0.72	0.60	0.51	0.45	Dem. People's Republic of Korea
1.89	1.06	0.57	0.17	-0.12	-0.30	-0.43	-0.48	-0.49	-0.48	Japan
2.89	3.14	2.81	2.32	1.83	1.41	1.16	1.09	1.03	0.89	Mongolia
0.88	0.87	0.71	0.54	0.38	0.22	0.04	-0.13	-0.29	-0.40	Republic of Korea
1.13	0.84	0.49	0.37	0.29	0.15	-0.04	-0.24	-0.43	-0.59	Other non-specified areas
2.60	2.44	2.40	2.34	2.26	2.17	2.07	1.90	1.71	1.51	SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)
0.41	0.96	1.23	1.50	1.59	1.67	1.69	1.60	1.47	1.31	CENTRAL ASIA
-0.08	0.73	0.87	0.99	1.05	1.14	1.32	1.36	1.31	1.17	Kazakhstan
0.35	1.13	1.31	1.87	1.94	2.05	2.18	2.09	1.93	1.75	Kyrgyzstan
0.84	1.33	1.66	2.03	2.26	2.41	2.57	2.55	2.40	2.23	Tajikistan
1.55	1.77	1.91	1.89	1.77	1.62	1.41	1.23	1.07	0.90	Turkmenistan
0.52	0.86	1.27	1.64	1.78	1.88	1.77	1.57	1.39	1.20	Uzbekistan
2.72	2.51	2.45	2.38	2.29	2.19	2.08	1.92	1.72	1.52	SOUTHERN ASIA
5.01	3.78	4.41	4.17	3.98	3.90	3.79	3.56	3.32	3.09	Afghanistan
3.29	2.81	2.96	2.81	2.63	2.40	2.13	1.89	1.65	1.41	Bangladesh
6.81	4.26	3.65	2.88	2.38	1.92	1.52	1.26	1.08	0.91	Bhutan
2.67	2.56	2.47	2.40	2.31	2.22	2.12	1.95	1.75	1.54	India
2.37	1.59	1.25	1.04	0.81	0.65	0.58	0.51	0.37	0.18	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
5.50	4.75	3.91	3.07	2.28	1.59	1.23	1.08	0.94	0.76	Maldives
4.59	3.82	3.62	3.51	3.39	3.22	3.04	2.83	2.60	2.37	Nepal
2.66	2.60	2.68	2.62	2.56	2.43	2.28	2.06	1.84	1.62	Pakistan
0.38	0.89	1.36	1.80	2.25	2.47	2.33	2.18	1.98	1.76	Sri Lanka
2.77	2.58	2.38	2.15	1.93	1.70	1.47	1.28	1.11	0.94	SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA
2.74	2.44	2.13	1.83	1.58	1.37	1.20	1.04	0.88	0.75	Brunei Darussalam
2.03	1.79	2.13	2.37	2.49	2.58	2.57	2.38	2.19	1.99	Cambodia
3.05	2.74	2.45	2.08	1.76	1.46	1.19	0.99	0.81	0.64	Indonesia
5.98	5.30	4.41	3.66	2.95	2.29	1.90	1.63	1.39	1.17	Lao People's Democratic Republic
3.90	2.96	2.49	2.08	1.73	1.50	1.32	1.13	0.97	0.84	Malaysia (8)
2.13	2.45	2.49	2.33	2.12	1.89	1.65	1.44	1.25	1.08	Myanmar
2.04	1.98	2.16	2.27	2.34	2.23	2.05	1.86	1.69	1.53	Philippines
1.70	3.52	1.10	0.81	0.72	0.60	0.40	0.15	-0.02	-0.11	Singapore
1.78	1.62	1.60	1.61	1.63	1.51	1.34	1.14	0.95	0.78	Thailand
5.37	3.53	4.25	4.25	4.09	3.78	3.46	3.19	3.00	2.82	Timor-Leste
3.34	3.26	3.03	2.68	2.30	1.97	1.71	1.51	1.30	1.07	Viet Nam
2.62	3.07	2.47	2.17	1.92	1.71	1.55	1.41	1.29	1.16	WESTERN ASIA
-0.22	0.13	0.34	0.29	0.23	0.25	0.28	0.23	0.14	0.03	Armenia
1.53	1.73	1.64	1.50	1.25	1.13	1.15	1.11	0.98	0.81	Azerbaijan (9)
2.56	11.13	2.21	1.54	1.17	0.95	0.80	0.66	0.47	0.23	Bahrain
2.04	1.58	1.36	1.20	1.06	0.97	0.78	0.59	0.43	0.27	Cyprus (10)
-1.23	-0.46	-0.37	-0.32	-0.27	-0.19	-0.10	-0.11	-0.14	-0.16	Georgia (11)
2.51	2.78	3.05	2.96	2.93	2.80	2.74	2.57	2.39	2.21	Iraq
1.94	2.39	1.73	1.51	1.36	1.26	1.19	1.13	1.04	0.94	Israel
2.37	3.25	2.17	1.86	1.63	1.44	1.24	1.04	0.85	0.66	Jordan
3.09	3.81	2.42	1.91	1.74	1.63	1.53	1.37	1.18	1.01	Kuwait
1.72	0.98	0.86	0.71	0.59	0.45	0.29	0.14	0.01	-0.11	Lebanon
2.42	2.84	3.10	2.98	2.80	2.58	2.35	2.16	2.00	1.84	Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)
1.50	3.07	2.23	1.79	1.39	1.06	0.81	0.57	0.34	0.13	Oman
6.81	15.48	3.01	1.63	0.83	0.72	0.67	0.59	0.44	0.25	Qatar
3.92	2.92	2.38	2.10	1.75	1.39	1.16	1.00	0.85	0.70	Saudi Arabia
3.60	2.67	2.36	2.34	2.24	2.07	1.82	1.55	1.32	1.14	Syrian Arab Republic

Table A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Turkey	5.77	4.69	4.11	4.37	3.88	3.19	5.88	4.25	2.64	2.38
United Arab Emirates	4.56	4.98	4.74	9.62	14.42	12.67	5.44	5.67	5.04	5.75
Yemen	6.18	6.23	5.76	5.49	3.90	5.59	6.22	6.66	7.28	5.15
EUROPE	2.06	2.03	1.99	1.61	1.36	1.11	0.80	0.71	0.34	0.12
EASTERN EUROPE	3.71	3.20	2.63	2.09	1.96	1.74	1.32	0.98	0.01	-0.36
Belarus	2.05	3.29	4.25	3.85	3.51	2.81	2.50	1.81	0.61	0.17
Bulgaria	3.78	3.78	5.03	3.36	2.45	1.84	1.01	0.23	-0.66	-0.53
Czech Republic	1.81	1.49	1.15	0.97	2.06	1.98	0.13	-0.03	-0.12	-0.32
Hungary	1.54	0.86	1.06	1.05	1.09	0.96	-0.01	-0.09	-0.28	-0.43
Poland	4.27	3.31	2.30	1.67	2.04	1.91	1.52	0.89	0.25	0.03
Republic of Moldova (13)	5.89	6.11	5.35	4.52	3.75	3.05	2.79	1.83	-0.32	-1.85
Romania	4.95	3.24	2.61	2.59	2.17	2.34	1.96	1.81	-0.25	-0.72
Russian Federation	3.72	3.33	2.70	1.99	1.81	1.63	1.32	1.04	0.06	-0.27
Slovakia	2.93	2.75	3.22	2.80	3.29	3.21	1.67	1.33	0.39	0.03
Ukraine	4.51	3.76	2.75	2.44	1.96	1.52	1.30	0.90	-0.15	-0.83
NORTHERN EUROPE	0.65	0.87	1.04	0.85	0.73	0.52	0.29	0.37	0.35	0.35
Channel Islands (14)	-0.02	0.04	0.30	0.34	-0.24	-0.91	0.59	0.69	-0.31	0.44
Denmark	1.26	1.76	1.66	1.39	1.12	0.63	0.11	0.22	0.39	0.43
Estonia	2.58	2.35	2.48	2.25	1.76	1.18	1.01	0.64	-2.01	-1.16
Faroe Islands	1.61	4.28	4.73	2.94	2.57	1.70	0.96	0.77	-1.58	4.24
Finland (15)	3.76	3.26	2.12	1.50	1.71	1.40	1.61	1.26	0.88	0.55
Iceland	3.05	3.06	2.33	1.74	1.73	1.27	1.42	1.34	1.16	1.17
Ireland	1.65	0.44	1.54	1.81	2.16	2.04	1.01	0.21	0.80	1.46
Isle of Man	-0.64	-1.17	1.34	2.07	0.17	1.09	-0.21	1.73	0.54	1.26
Latvia	1.95	2.44	2.62	2.23	1.86	1.35	0.97	0.82	-1.48	-1.08
Lithuania	3.83	3.99	3.75	3.29	3.34	2.65	1.98	1.51	-0.45	-0.81
Norway (16)	0.88	0.76	3.63	3.36	1.49	1.07	0.54	0.60	1.04	1.21
Sweden	1.75	1.50	1.89	1.79	0.78	0.37	0.10	0.49	0.79	0.12
United Kingdom	0.16	0.46	0.52	0.29	0.36	0.23	0.05	0.18	0.33	0.38
SOUTHERN EUROPE	1.97	1.83	2.17	2.04	1.70	1.48	0.75	0.47	0.44	0.44
Albania	7.91	5.78	3.33	2.98	2.94	2.77	2.80	2.88	0.40	0.96
Andorra	12.44	11.15	10.25	8.06	6.49	4.81	5.44	2.05	3.85	-0.29
Bosnia and Herzegovina	5.39	4.81	4.94	4.48	3.80	3.42	2.16	1.75	-4.26	3.01
Croatia	3.69	3.33	3.34	3.01	2.76	2.60	1.30	0.86	0.97	-0.46
Gibraltar	0.50	0.47	1.55	1.17	0.63	0.87	0.03	0.17	0.33	0.05
Greece	2.43	2.27	2.57	2.55	1.61	2.13	0.84	0.59	1.13	0.73
Holy See (17)	—	0.02	-1.16	-5.54	2.36	-0.08	0.57	0.61	0.28	0.15
Italy	1.74	1.43	1.59	1.49	1.08	0.71	0.25	-0.01	0.11	0.10
Malta	0.37	-0.03	-0.52	-0.18	0.16	1.33	1.34	1.15	1.14	0.86
Montenegro	5.44	5.52	5.31	3.95	4.40	4.00	2.79	3.64	3.20	1.52
Portugal	1.68	1.67	1.10	0.54	2.15	2.19	1.50	1.05	1.69	1.66
San Marino	2.76	3.44	4.63	3.75	4.19	4.18	2.91	1.63	1.52	1.36
Serbia (18)	5.08	4.47	4.05	3.71	2.50	2.29	1.65	1.46	1.82	0.33
Slovenia	4.36	3.99	3.46	3.08	3.56	3.52	1.18	0.78	0.50	0.25
Spain (19)	1.58	1.74	2.68	2.52	2.16	1.86	0.90	0.52	0.41	0.54
TFYR Macedonia (20)	5.79	4.15	4.66	4.22	2.76	2.49	1.18	1.61	1.22	0.34
WESTERN EUROPE	1.25	1.48	1.62	1.14	0.66	0.26	0.30	0.65	0.78	0.50
Austria	0.20	0.46	0.72	0.61	0.33	-0.06	0.08	0.35	0.69	0.17
Belgium	0.66	0.74	0.75	0.55	0.47	0.31	0.10	0.31	0.34	0.26
France	1.79	2.25	2.91	1.96	1.27	0.54	0.61	0.62	0.63	0.93
Germany	1.03	1.18	1.01	0.66	0.21	-0.02	-0.19	0.47	0.75	0.04
Liechtenstein	1.98	2.29	1.47	1.57	1.59	1.53	0.75	0.52	0.77	-0.51
Luxembourg	0.94	0.91	1.76	1.12	1.90	0.99	0.30	0.84	1.81	1.53
Monaco	0.39	1.64	0.55	0.81	1.20	0.72	1.80	1.59	1.33	1.24
Netherlands	1.91	1.94	1.68	1.48	1.45	1.19	1.11	1.18	1.87	1.63
Switzerland	2.68	2.63	3.14	2.26	0.60	-0.27	3.14	2.97	1.12	0.35
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN	4.52	4.46	4.30	3.88	3.66	3.43	3.05	2.77	2.47	2.20
CARIBBEAN	2.73	2.84	3.45	3.08	3.13	2.61	2.12	2.21	2.31	1.90
Anguilla	2.13	0.57	0.84	0.91	0.71	0.20	-0.11	4.48	3.26	2.42
Antigua and Barbuda	5.54	3.32	0.21	0.25	1.37	0.46	-1.13	-0.84	1.13	1.36
Aruba	2.74	4.27	1.10	0.55	0.50	-0.21	0.92	0.31	4.50	1.47
Bahamas	4.04	5.66	5.64	4.86	3.14	3.05	3.11	2.57	2.05	1.50
Barbados	1.66	0.53	0.58	0.49	1.15	0.75	-1.46	-1.50	1.92	1.86

Table A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
2.01	2.37	2.40	1.87	1.44	1.09	0.78	0.58	0.43	0.29	Turkey
6.22	12.69	2.52	2.09	1.67	1.38	1.17	0.98	0.77	0.55	United Arab Emirates
4.99	4.90	4.78	4.49	4.16	3.85	3.61	3.39	3.15	2.89	Yemen
0.34	0.50	0.40	0.36	0.31	0.25	0.21	0.17	0.13	0.09	EUROPE
-0.43	-0.00	0.06	0.05	0.01	-0.05	-0.06	-0.05	-0.06	-0.10	EASTERN EUROPE
0.20	0.14	0.21	0.11	-0.02	-0.16	-0.25	-0.27	-0.29	-0.33	Belarus
-0.31	0.01	0.10	-0.10	-0.30	-0.46	-0.56	-0.57	-0.58	-0.63	Bulgaria
-0.12	0.46	0.24	0.26	0.25	0.22	0.19	0.19	0.24	0.27	Czech Republic
0.30	0.56	0.51	0.42	0.32	0.21	0.12	0.09	0.11	0.13	Hungary
-0.16	-0.11	-0.04	0.09	0.17	0.19	0.18	0.13	0.10	0.11	Poland
-2.38	0.62	0.79	0.73	0.54	0.24	0.05	-0.02	-0.11	-0.24	Republic of Moldova (13)
-0.47	-0.25	-0.18	-0.03	0.10	0.19	0.29	0.32	0.25	0.16	Romania
-0.52	0.07	0.13	0.08	-0.02	-0.10	-0.10	-0.09	-0.11	-0.16	Russian Federation
-0.20	-0.09	0.06	0.27	0.42	0.49	0.50	0.40	0.35	0.32	Slovakia
-0.63	-0.38	-0.26	-0.22	-0.23	-0.26	-0.25	-0.23	-0.20	-0.22	Ukraine
0.52	0.75	0.72	0.71	0.69	0.64	0.52	0.43	0.38	0.33	NORTHERN EUROPE
0.59	0.89	0.63	0.75	0.85	0.91	0.94	0.88	0.79	0.74	Channel Islands (14)
0.47	0.69	0.50	0.46	0.42	0.35	0.25	0.15	0.09	0.05	Denmark
-0.36	-0.06	0.02	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.06	0.11	0.15	0.14	Estonia
2.88	0.75	0.97	1.05	1.16	1.20	1.15	1.02	0.87	0.80	Faroe Islands
0.45	0.61	0.47	0.43	0.37	0.28	0.18	0.12	0.11	0.13	Finland (15)
1.21	1.64	1.27	1.16	1.02	0.87	0.72	0.60	0.51	0.42	Iceland
2.23	1.91	1.63	1.48	1.33	1.23	1.16	1.11	1.05	0.96	Ireland
0.57	0.47	0.38	0.38	0.43	0.48	0.47	0.53	0.52	0.46	Isle of Man
-0.70	-0.55	-0.38	-0.26	-0.21	-0.12	-0.09	-0.05	-0.01	-0.00	Latvia
-0.59	-0.44	-0.27	-0.14	-0.06	-0.03	-0.03	-0.05	-0.04	-0.03	Lithuania
0.95	1.51	1.03	0.98	0.93	0.84	0.72	0.62	0.56	0.53	Norway (16)
0.45	0.94	0.74	0.73	0.66	0.53	0.41	0.37	0.36	0.35	Sweden
0.54	0.73	0.76	0.77	0.76	0.72	0.57	0.46	0.39	0.33	United Kingdom
1.01	0.99	0.66	0.53	0.47	0.40	0.36	0.31	0.25	0.16	SOUTHERN EUROPE
2.74	2.62	2.27	1.74	1.25	0.82	0.42	0.12	-0.05	-0.20	Albania
3.27	1.16	0.93	0.90	0.97	1.12	1.27	1.26	1.16	1.07	Andorra
1.48	0.95	0.86	0.70	0.56	0.42	0.25	0.07	-0.11	-0.24	Bosnia and Herzegovina
0.01	0.22	0.30	0.35	0.38	0.33	0.24	0.17	0.13	0.09	Croatia
1.22	0.12	0.08	0.04	-0.03	-0.14	-0.23	-0.28	-0.29	-0.29	Gibraltar
0.55	0.61	0.63	0.61	0.62	0.60	0.56	0.54	0.49	0.41	Greece
-9.39	-1.43	0.09	-0.22	-0.13	-0.18	-0.13	-0.09	0.27	0.22	Holy See (17)
0.69	0.82	0.49	0.35	0.33	0.33	0.29	0.25	0.20	0.13	Italy
0.86	0.57	0.47	0.34	0.21	0.07	-0.06	-0.15	-0.18	-0.18	Malta
1.03	0.44	0.38	0.42	0.38	0.35	0.32	0.25	0.17	0.10	Montenegro
1.53	1.24	0.91	0.61	0.37	0.27	0.20	0.10	-0.03	-0.16	Portugal
2.46	0.81	0.65	0.40	0.32	0.24	0.19	0.14	0.08	0.02	San Marino
-0.01	0.58	0.51	0.45	0.42	0.40	0.35	0.26	0.18	0.09	Serbia (18)
0.06	0.07	0.17	0.31	0.43	0.56	0.68	0.67	0.62	0.56	Slovenia
1.60	1.35	0.81	0.69	0.59	0.45	0.43	0.41	0.35	0.24	Spain (19)
0.18	0.26	0.33	0.37	0.42	0.42	0.29	0.17	0.06	-0.03	TFYR Macedonia (20)
0.89	0.73	0.52	0.46	0.38	0.31	0.25	0.20	0.15	0.12	WESTERN EUROPE
0.78	0.66	0.48	0.47	0.49	0.47	0.41	0.32	0.23	0.17	Austria
0.50	0.60	0.32	0.27	0.25	0.23	0.20	0.18	0.15	0.14	Belgium
1.83	1.46	1.11	0.85	0.66	0.52	0.45	0.40	0.36	0.33	France
0.13	0.07	-0.03	0.10	0.10	0.08	0.04	-0.01	-0.05	-0.09	Germany
0.56	0.37	0.53	0.90	1.25	1.53	1.77	1.80	1.74	1.71	Liechtenstein
1.01	2.38	1.62	1.44	1.28	1.12	0.94	0.75	0.57	0.40	Luxembourg
0.08	0.08	0.04	-0.00	0.01	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.05	0.02	Monaco
1.41	1.01	0.74	0.55	0.40	0.31	0.23	0.13	0.05	0.01	Netherlands
0.71	0.71	0.49	0.48	0.46	0.40	0.29	0.17	0.09	0.03	Switzerland
1.79	1.56	1.42	1.23	1.06	0.88	0.73	0.59	0.46	0.34	LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN
1.78	1.46	1.31	1.15	0.99	0.81	0.69	0.55	0.42	0.28	CARIBBEAN
4.08	2.47	1.56	1.03	0.54	0.37	0.20	0.05	-0.07	-0.19	Anguilla
0.60	0.61	0.96	1.34	1.69	1.72	1.55	1.38	1.23	1.11	Antigua and Barbuda
2.20	1.32	0.54	0.56	0.58	0.56	0.48	0.39	0.27	0.20	Aruba
1.66	1.66	1.37	1.26	1.10	0.91	0.72	0.55	0.45	0.34	Bahamas
1.65	1.48	1.35	1.19	1.00	0.83	0.66	0.49	0.35	0.25	Barbados

Table A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
British Virgin Islands	1.36	1.81	4.99	5.21	4.47	4.48	8.78	9.08	3.04	2.16
Cayman Islands	1.00	3.65	1.45	1.85	5.81	5.57	3.59	5.11	4.60	4.07
Cuba	2.31	2.08	2.46	2.14	2.86	1.99	1.33	1.65	0.86	0.72
Dominica	2.10	2.93	7.47	6.74	3.58	3.61	0.36	-0.25	0.10	-0.61
Dominican Republic	5.68	5.74	6.21	5.70	5.19	4.68	3.23	2.58	2.75	3.03
Grenada	1.06	1.33	1.64	0.56	-0.21	-0.46	2.38	-0.59	1.47	1.11
Guadeloupe (21)	2.39	3.10	1.63	1.24	0.72	0.31	1.75	1.72	0.90	1.07
Haiti	4.25	4.37	4.39	4.29	2.39	2.15	4.83	6.23	4.68	3.63
Jamaica	5.39	4.33	3.65	3.14	2.74	2.36	2.20	1.00	1.27	1.42
Martinique	2.48	6.25	6.40	4.89	3.27	2.09	1.90	1.64	1.06	1.12
Montserrat	1.10	-3.31	-3.74	-3.56	1.20	1.16	-1.03	-1.09	-0.42	-17.70
Netherlands Antilles (22)	0.81	0.59	2.57	2.47	1.59	1.46	1.50	1.44	0.50	-0.62
Puerto Rico	1.17	1.92	4.72	3.49	3.05	2.96	1.77	4.72	2.49	2.25
Saint Kitts and Nevis	1.41	1.54	1.40	0.19	0.24	-0.03	-0.90	-0.98	0.62	0.77
Saint Lucia	2.08	1.86	2.49	2.54	1.98	2.56	2.40	2.80	1.44	0.18
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	3.67	3.68	2.91	2.67	2.69	2.52	2.24	1.98	1.05	0.78
Trinidad and Tobago	0.43	0.95	-2.58	-2.20	-0.04	0.42	-0.80	-1.63	3.14	2.85
Turks and Caicos Islands	0.68	2.04	0.51	0.55	3.76	3.60	8.05	6.46	7.12	5.28
United States Virgin Islands	1.44	1.85	10.65	7.02	7.40	4.01	2.24	0.52	1.33	0.76
CENTRAL AMERICA	4.69	4.88	4.63	4.26	4.11	3.69	2.90	2.83	2.56	2.18
Belize	2.74	2.71	2.22	2.18	1.44	1.16	2.45	2.35	2.94	2.64
Costa Rica	3.35	3.55	4.29	4.43	3.62	3.52	3.88	4.76	4.36	3.57
El Salvador	2.49	3.12	3.43	3.07	3.53	3.11	2.55	2.39	3.28	2.46
Guatemala	5.05	4.86	4.48	3.58	3.33	2.81	3.37	3.28	3.26	3.22
Honduras	5.48	5.60	5.67	5.04	4.97	4.78	4.63	4.31	3.82	3.32
Mexico	4.87	5.03	4.70	4.32	4.22	3.77	2.82	2.73	2.34	1.97
Nicaragua	4.22	4.41	4.54	4.95	3.77	3.46	3.10	2.64	2.81	2.24
Panama	4.03	4.26	4.40	4.30	3.26	3.03	2.84	2.73	4.20	3.83
SOUTH AMERICA	4.69	4.52	4.29	3.84	3.57	3.42	3.18	2.80	2.46	2.23
Argentina	3.25	2.83	2.29	2.11	2.20	1.98	2.03	1.91	1.69	1.49
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	2.89	3.00	3.04	3.11	3.19	4.25	4.25	4.13	3.63	2.93
Brazil	5.59	5.25	4.98	4.42	4.05	3.83	3.56	3.01	2.54	2.40
Chile	3.73	3.85	3.57	2.99	2.51	2.12	1.93	1.87	2.03	1.73
Colombia	6.19	5.97	5.46	4.22	3.64	3.48	3.28	2.84	2.51	2.18
Ecuador	4.46	4.56	4.52	4.37	4.42	4.89	4.40	3.88	3.03	2.48
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	-0.62	-0.62	-0.17	0.04	0.09	0.15	1.85	4.51	1.58	3.65
French Guiana	4.03	4.08	4.65	4.71	3.68	3.96	5.62	6.33	3.50	3.52
Guyana	3.81	3.29	2.82	2.51	1.13	1.08	-0.96	-1.03	-0.22	-0.17
Paraguay	2.84	2.88	3.03	3.08	3.43	3.97	4.45	4.34	3.81	3.36
Peru	3.91	4.01	4.93	4.82	4.13	3.63	3.07	2.77	2.47	2.22
Suriname	3.10	3.05	2.65	1.78	1.05	2.19	1.46	2.42	2.18	2.12
Uruguay	1.46	1.64	1.46	1.09	0.39	1.07	1.07	1.05	1.07	0.76
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	6.85	6.34	5.31	4.67	4.50	4.28	3.45	3.19	2.96	2.58
NORTHERN AMERICA	2.67	2.61	1.99	1.57	0.95	1.00	1.17	1.23	1.50	1.62
Bermuda	1.74	1.91	1.77	1.16	0.95	0.65	0.61	0.67	0.53	0.46
Canada	4.22	3.58	2.96	2.72	1.26	1.17	1.24	1.45	1.41	1.37
Greenland	4.62	5.95	6.08	5.31	1.76	0.71	1.63	1.32	0.31	0.39
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	1.51	1.50	1.02	1.51	1.64	0.52	0.32	0.43	0.07	-0.05
United States of America	2.54	2.52	1.89	1.45	0.91	0.98	1.16	1.20	1.51	1.65
OCEANIA	2.98	2.85	2.66	2.78	2.12	1.18	1.43	1.59	1.45	1.36
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND	2.90	2.75	2.52	2.57	1.95	1.02	1.28	1.46	1.39	1.31
Australia (23)	2.98	2.75	2.46	2.70	1.90	1.11	1.37	1.55	1.33	1.37
New Zealand	2.56	2.73	2.80	1.96	2.19	0.57	0.82	1.03	1.71	1.05
MELANESIA	6.11	6.64	6.90	8.33	5.29	3.75	3.56	3.20	2.08	1.84
Fiji	4.97	5.16	5.16	3.60	3.14	2.50	2.67	2.01	3.04	1.94
New Caledonia	5.26	6.81	6.68	5.60	5.50	2.85	2.14	2.08	2.53	2.66
Papua New Guinea	9.17	9.34	9.57	14.04	6.81	4.49	4.09	3.83	1.26	1.35
Solomon Islands	6.74	7.08	7.54	7.28	4.15	6.42	6.42	4.72	4.21	4.25
Vanuatu	4.56	4.69	4.78	4.47	4.80	4.84	4.87	4.66	4.24	3.35
MICRONESIA	3.78	4.08	4.71	4.90	6.17	3.78	3.66	3.30	2.54	1.83
Guam	3.12	3.22	4.41	4.54	8.21	4.50	1.98	1.95	1.94	1.50
Kiribati	6.05	6.48	6.51	7.03	6.12	4.16	3.45	3.59	2.25	4.99
Marshall Islands	5.73	5.11	6.92	7.84	7.03	2.79	5.73	5.18	2.02	0.92

Table A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
1.56	1.46	1.48	1.54	1.58	1.45	1.24	1.02	0.83	0.71	British Virgin Islands
5.25	1.46	0.82	0.63	0.49	0.35	0.19	0.01	-0.17	-0.31	Cayman Islands
0.27	-0.10	-0.08	-0.04	0.02	0.02	-0.05	-0.18	-0.32	-0.45	Cuba
-0.30	-0.29	0.18	0.33	0.64	0.48	0.27	0.11	0.02	-0.07	Dominica
2.74	2.39	2.03	1.69	1.38	1.13	0.95	0.77	0.60	0.44	Dominican Republic
0.91	1.15	1.24	1.19	1.00	0.74	0.51	0.32	0.12	-0.13	Grenada
0.85	0.66	0.46	0.36	0.28	0.18	0.06	-0.08	-0.20	-0.31	Guadeloupe (21)
5.84	4.64	3.68	2.89	2.25	1.73	1.50	1.31	1.12	0.94	Haiti
0.84	0.42	0.51	0.62	0.67	0.64	0.54	0.33	0.11	-0.11	Jamaica
0.53	0.36	0.25	0.17	0.12	0.06	-0.06	-0.21	-0.35	-0.48	Martinique
6.62	2.01	1.89	1.81	1.82	1.85	1.76	1.61	1.49	1.37	Montserrat
1.06	1.80	0.91	0.50	0.24	0.01	-0.15	-0.26	-0.34	-0.45	Netherlands Antilles (22)
0.45	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.01	-0.04	-0.09	-0.15	-0.21	Puerto Rico
0.87	1.19	1.44	1.63	1.79	1.75	1.58	1.41	1.24	1.09	Saint Kitts and Nevis
-2.82	-3.56	-3.13	-2.11	-1.01	0.14	1.28	1.46	1.32	1.17	Saint Lucia
0.96	0.90	0.78	0.82	0.85	0.85	0.84	0.85	0.69	0.55	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
2.61	2.46	2.21	1.87	1.51	1.29	1.30	1.26	1.17	1.04	Trinidad and Tobago
10.79	5.35	1.67	1.09	0.75	0.58	0.45	0.27	0.05	-0.16	Turks and Caicos Islands
0.50	0.17	-0.10	-0.21	-0.30	-0.40	-0.50	-0.52	-0.46	-0.33	United States Virgin Islands
1.88	1.84	1.72	1.52	1.34	1.18	1.02	0.87	0.73	0.60	CENTRAL AMERICA
1.72	1.48	1.54	1.72	1.83	1.90	1.96	1.82	1.63	1.44	Belize
2.78	2.35	2.06	1.73	1.43	1.17	0.96	0.78	0.61	0.45	Costa Rica
1.28	1.30	1.35	1.34	1.28	1.20	0.99	0.83	0.68	0.53	El Salvador
3.36	3.36	3.43	3.28	3.10	2.91	2.70	2.49	2.30	2.10	Guatemala
3.38	3.16	3.06	2.78	2.48	2.20	1.95	1.74	1.53	1.33	Honduras
1.68	1.66	1.49	1.27	1.08	0.91	0.74	0.58	0.43	0.29	Mexico
1.77	1.76	1.94	1.79	1.63	1.47	1.28	1.07	0.87	0.68	Nicaragua
3.28	2.72	2.23	1.85	1.53	1.33	1.15	0.98	0.83	0.69	Panama
1.75	1.47	1.32	1.14	0.96	0.78	0.62	0.48	0.36	0.24	SOUTH AMERICA
1.20	1.09	1.01	0.90	0.77	0.66	0.57	0.49	0.40	0.32	Argentina
2.67	2.32	2.18	2.08	1.97	1.87	1.73	1.59	1.44	1.30	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
1.68	1.30	1.15	0.95	0.76	0.56	0.38	0.23	0.10	-0.02	Brazil
1.50	1.27	1.09	0.91	0.72	0.55	0.40	0.27	0.15	0.05	Chile
2.00	1.85	1.65	1.45	1.25	1.07	0.89	0.73	0.58	0.45	Colombia
2.75	2.49	2.13	1.81	1.52	1.26	1.07	0.89	0.72	0.56	Ecuador
1.46	1.17	0.92	0.68	0.49	0.28	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.17	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
4.17	2.88	2.75	2.65	2.53	2.34	2.13	1.94	1.79	1.67	French Guiana
0.08	0.22	0.53	0.89	1.22	1.35	1.14	0.91	0.75	0.65	Guyana
3.08	2.78	2.55	2.30	2.04	1.79	1.60	1.43	1.26	1.11	Paraguay
1.81	1.57	1.55	1.43	1.29	1.09	0.91	0.74	0.58	0.43	Peru
2.04	1.63	1.44	1.25	1.07	0.89	0.70	0.50	0.34	0.20	Suriname
0.15	0.39	0.45	0.47	0.40	0.33	0.25	0.18	0.10	0.03	Uruguay
2.26	1.97	1.70	1.44	1.21	1.02	0.86	0.72	0.58	0.45	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
1.38	1.23	1.13	1.04	0.94	0.85	0.78	0.72	0.66	0.63	NORTHERN AMERICA
0.41	0.25	0.19	0.16	0.11	0.03	-0.06	-0.15	-0.19	-0.18	Bermuda
1.19	1.15	1.06	1.00	0.93	0.84	0.73	0.65	0.60	0.57	Canada
0.66	0.40	0.32	0.16	-0.07	-0.31	-0.14	-0.28	-0.38	-0.47	Greenland
-0.26	-0.14	0.14	0.12	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.08	0.08	0.05	Saint Pierre and Miquelon
1.40	1.24	1.14	1.04	0.94	0.86	0.79	0.73	0.67	0.63	United States of America
1.49	1.81	1.49	1.37	1.26	1.14	1.02	0.94	0.87	0.81	OCEANIA
1.48	1.81	1.42	1.27	1.11	0.95	0.81	0.71	0.63	0.55	AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND
1.49	1.94	1.49	1.32	1.14	0.98	0.84	0.73	0.65	0.57	Australia (23)
1.47	1.13	1.09	1.02	0.94	0.81	0.69	0.58	0.50	0.42	New Zealand
1.72	2.16	2.44	2.72	3.04	3.16	3.08	2.97	2.84	2.71	MELANESIA
1.07	1.68	1.55	1.31	1.09	1.03	1.00	0.94	0.86	0.78	Fiji
2.17	1.23	1.24	1.19	1.19	1.21	1.18	1.01	0.86	0.73	New Caledonia
1.51	2.14	2.73	3.36	3.98	4.11	3.91	3.70	3.49	3.29	Papua New Guinea
5.17	5.04	4.65	4.23	3.85	3.50	3.17	2.94	2.74	2.54	Solomon Islands
3.91	3.78	3.64	3.49	3.33	3.17	3.00	2.83	2.65	2.48	Vanuatu
1.15	0.76	1.48	1.36	1.24	1.12	0.96	0.80	0.65	0.52	MICRONESIA
1.66	1.32	1.23	1.17	1.07	0.93	0.77	0.62	0.51	0.43	Guam
2.09	1.70	1.83	1.96	2.03	2.01	1.84	1.63	1.48	1.37	Kiribati
0.42	1.20	2.03	1.60	1.24	1.10	1.12	1.02	0.76	0.43	Marshall Islands

Table A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	4.48	4.32	4.26	4.29	1.38	3.34	2.99	2.09	1.56	-2.34
Nauru	4.08	4.05	5.16	2.47	1.70	1.15	1.75	2.27	1.70	0.14
Northern Mariana Islands	4.48	6.76	4.80	6.88	5.65	3.74	11.89	7.72	5.33	3.61
Palau	2.63	3.61	2.75	1.75	1.82	0.32	3.81	2.58	3.20	1.69
POLYNESIA (24)	5.09	4.05	4.55	4.58	2.45	2.07	2.33	1.89	1.48	1.58
American Samoa	1.49	1.03	3.80	3.60	2.38	2.22	4.66	4.43	3.39	2.50
Cook Islands	3.73	4.11	2.54	3.37	-0.74	-2.95	0.62	0.76	1.10	1.58
French Polynesia	4.95	4.80	5.70	6.27	3.73	3.22	2.79	1.81	1.14	1.49
Niue	0.12	0.59	1.07	-0.26	-3.07	-0.17	-1.75	-3.13	-1.11	-1.65
Samoa	8.75	4.77	3.27	3.35	1.71	0.78	0.27	0.55	1.15	1.38
Tokelau	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tonga	6.84	4.66	5.87	3.22	1.07	1.81	1.23	0.64	0.30	0.55
Tuvalu	5.05	5.31	5.56	4.58	4.12	3.86	4.20	4.24	2.05	1.37
Wallis and Futuna Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

a More developed regions comprise Europe, Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan.

b Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), Latin America and the Caribbean plus Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia.

c The least developed countries are 49 countries, 33 in Africa, 10 in Asia, 5 in Oceania plus one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

d Other less developed countries comprise the less developed regions excluding the least developed countries.

e Sub-Saharan Africa refers to all of Africa except Northern Africa.

1 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

2 Including Zanzibar.

3 Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

8 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

9 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

10 Including Northern-Cyprus.

11 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

12 Including East Jerusalem.

13 Including Transnistria.

14 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

15 Including Åland Islands.

16 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

17 Refers to the Vatican City State.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

21 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

22 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

23 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

24 Including Pitcairn.

Table A.6. Average annual rate of change of the urban population (continued)

2010-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
0.43	0.46	0.98	1.47	1.84	1.95	1.83	1.63	1.46	1.32	Micronesia (Fed. States of)
0.14	0.28	0.59	0.42	0.29	0.15	0.03	-0.09	-0.20	-0.31	Nauru
-0.18	-1.89	1.87	1.33	0.96	0.64	0.32	0.02	-0.26	-0.48	Northern Mariana Islands
2.85	1.97	1.67	1.60	1.35	1.10	0.89	0.70	0.57	0.49	Palau
1.26	1.02	1.02	1.16	1.26	1.30	1.31	1.19	1.07	0.95	POLYNESIA (24)
2.33	2.03	1.87	1.81	1.83	1.65	1.43	1.26	1.17	1.11	American Samoa
3.40	1.51	0.88	0.82	0.68	0.74	0.81	0.67	0.57	0.46	Cook Islands
1.17	1.07	1.07	1.12	1.13	1.11	1.06	0.90	0.75	0.62	French Polynesia
-1.11	-1.54	-1.63	-0.97	-0.59	1.12	1.14	1.00	0.96	0.75	Niue
-0.29	-0.79	-0.50	-0.10	0.45	1.00	1.69	1.83	1.64	1.49	Samoa
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tokelau
0.73	0.79	0.84	1.50	1.70	1.96	2.09	1.98	1.78	1.57	Tonga
1.41	1.11	1.04	1.24	1.46	1.49	1.30	1.08	1.42	1.68	Tuvalu
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Wallis and Futuna Islands

**Table A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population
by major area, region and country, 1950-2050**

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
WORLD	1.24	1.20	1.24	1.74	1.60	1.23	1.14	1.13	0.89	0.64
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)	-0.24	-0.42	-0.51	-0.73	-0.49	-0.28	-0.21	-0.16	-0.25	-0.38
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)	1.61	1.57	1.60	2.19	1.93	1.45	1.32	1.29	1.01	0.74
Least developed countries (c)	1.87	2.02	2.06	2.10	1.80	1.89	2.10	2.14	2.30	2.06
Other less developed countries (d)	1.57	1.50	1.53	2.20	1.95	1.38	1.19	1.14	0.78	0.49
Less developed regions, excluding China	1.65	1.84	1.86	1.84	1.74	1.71	1.72	1.60	1.51	1.28
Sub-Saharan Africa (e)	1.67	1.73	1.86	1.99	2.13	2.21	2.28	2.16	2.04	1.99
AFRICA	1.67	1.74	1.79	1.97	2.09	2.18	2.23	2.06	1.95	1.86
EASTERN AFRICA	2.01	2.17	2.35	2.40	2.40	2.39	2.56	2.52	2.05	2.46
Burundi	1.76	1.77	1.74	1.75	0.76	2.07	3.03	2.66	1.46	0.70
Comoros	1.73	1.17	0.84	1.72	2.09	3.40	2.59	1.88	2.31	2.64
Djibouti	0.67	1.77	3.89	3.75	3.50	5.09	1.50	5.83	1.62	2.91
Eritrea	1.77	2.07	2.21	2.36	2.52	2.88	2.36	2.23	0.16	2.39
Ethiopia	1.75	1.90	2.19	2.34	2.40	1.23	2.73	2.99	3.04	2.58
Kenya	2.59	2.79	2.91	3.00	3.03	3.13	3.67	3.37	2.77	2.21
Madagascar	1.86	1.97	2.04	2.16	2.19	2.22	1.96	2.17	2.44	2.78
Malawi	1.80	2.05	2.29	2.38	2.80	2.95	2.80	4.79	0.65	2.24
Mauritius (1)	2.44	2.24	1.48	0.20	1.03	1.92	1.03	0.32	1.63	1.23
Mayotte	3.83	3.65	3.31	2.95	3.51	3.19	4.22	4.36	3.78	1.71
Mozambique	1.46	1.70	1.86	1.94	1.70	1.69	1.01	-0.76	1.90	1.87
Réunion	2.02	1.40	1.40	2.20	-0.01	-2.55	-5.57	-8.93	-4.06	-4.52
Rwanda	2.76	2.93	2.93	2.95	2.99	3.16	3.14	3.05	-5.50	6.25
Seychelles	1.36	1.21	0.75	0.22	-0.27	0.48	1.30	1.20	0.88	0.71
Somalia	1.66	1.65	1.70	1.85	1.94	8.59	-0.58	0.28	-0.74	1.98
South Sudan	1.08	1.50	1.66	1.84	2.31	2.79	2.69	0.12	-2.10	3.22
Uganda	2.54	2.62	3.09	3.04	2.78	2.90	2.77	3.15	3.13	2.91
United Republic of Tanzania (2)	2.48	2.66	2.80	2.65	2.49	2.35	2.60	2.56	2.82	2.11
Zambia	1.82	1.88	1.68	1.23	2.02	1.73	3.28	3.02	3.27	3.40
Zimbabwe	2.86	2.93	2.82	2.61	2.78	2.70	3.09	2.37	1.41	0.76
MIDDLE AFRICA	1.52	1.67	1.51	1.51	1.98	2.30	2.42	2.49	2.83	1.91
Angola	1.53	1.44	1.33	1.18	1.26	1.49	1.76	0.56	0.86	0.93
Cameroon	1.39	1.40	1.54	1.62	0.88	1.69	1.57	1.83	1.71	1.29
Central African Republic	0.44	0.69	0.97	1.05	0.65	1.82	2.38	1.81	2.38	2.00
Chad	1.68	1.76	1.77	1.42	1.44	1.25	2.22	2.83	2.88	3.20
Congo	1.26	1.42	1.56	1.62	1.64	1.22	1.17	1.86	1.75	1.68
Democratic Republic of the Congo	1.78	2.05	1.65	1.72	3.03	3.17	2.99	3.25	3.70	2.06
Equatorial Guinea	-0.14	-0.17	1.07	1.41	-4.12	-1.67	6.39	2.16	2.08	3.25
Gabon	-0.35	-0.35	-0.95	-1.21	-1.17	-1.86	-0.72	-0.81	-1.35	-1.73
Sao Tome and Principe	-0.70	1.46	-1.25	0.48	1.57	2.30	0.43	0.34	0.09	-0.01
NORTHERN AFRICA	1.67	1.74	1.47	1.88	1.89	2.07	2.00	1.62	1.52	1.24
Algeria	1.05	0.90	-0.19	2.24	2.78	2.11	1.59	1.06	0.53	-0.78
Egypt	1.67	1.71	1.67	1.93	1.78	2.12	2.36	2.47	1.99	1.73
Libya	0.87	2.51	1.87	-1.40	-1.79	-0.04	0.63	2.15	1.71	1.54
Morocco	2.05	2.30	2.00	2.00	1.44	1.30	1.35	0.76	0.34	0.65
Sudan	2.35	2.23	2.06	2.02	2.62	3.04	2.50	1.29	2.60	2.24
Tunisia	0.90	1.07	1.13	0.75	0.50	1.44	1.17	0.42	-0.07	0.09
Western Sahara	8.60	8.71	7.29	6.24	-8.19	2.79	-3.09	1.02	1.70	8.49
SOUTHERN AFRICA	1.61	1.66	2.25	2.25	2.47	2.35	2.11	1.22	1.34	0.64
Botswana	2.56	2.15	2.40	2.18	2.52	2.77	0.82	-1.53	0.16	0.33
Lesotho	1.31	1.25	1.22	1.53	1.65	2.47	2.47	1.44	1.10	1.06
Namibia	1.55	1.71	1.97	2.11	2.62	1.86	2.19	3.79	2.49	2.02
South Africa	1.57	1.65	2.37	2.33	2.54	2.35	2.15	1.11	1.31	0.47
Swaziland	2.22	2.25	1.75	1.89	1.99	2.18	2.14	3.74	2.17	2.09
WESTERN AFRICA	1.38	1.30	1.37	1.64	1.81	1.91	1.89	1.71	1.84	1.61
Benin	0.02	0.46	0.73	0.84	0.92	1.08	1.76	1.75	2.67	2.35
Burkina Faso	1.05	1.38	1.48	1.77	1.92	1.75	1.70	2.30	2.43	2.14
Cape Verde	1.50	1.30	2.27	2.28	2.07	-1.28	-0.39	-2.91	0.78	0.12
Côte d'Ivoire	2.39	2.31	2.18	3.05	3.29	3.15	3.87	3.06	2.56	1.63
Gambia	2.21	3.71	1.33	1.07	1.93	2.06	2.65	2.93	1.20	0.96
Ghana	2.00	2.11	2.19	1.32	2.36	1.60	2.78	1.70	1.58	1.08
Guinea	0.93	0.95	0.96	0.96	-0.23	-0.49	1.42	2.75	5.05	1.52
Guinea-Bissau	1.39	0.50	-0.03	-0.01	2.62	3.29	0.78	0.43	0.83	0.88

Table A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
0.27	0.17	0.12	0.05	-0.04	-0.14	-0.24	-0.37	-0.51	-0.66	WORLD
-1.05	-0.92	-0.90	-0.87	-0.91	-1.00	-1.08	-1.13	-1.16	-1.20	MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)
0.41	0.27	0.21	0.13	0.03	-0.07	-0.18	-0.31	-0.47	-0.62	LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)
1.88	1.66	1.61	1.44	1.22	1.01	0.80	0.62	0.43	0.24	Least developed countries (c)
0.09	-0.05	-0.15	-0.23	-0.33	-0.42	-0.52	-0.66	-0.82	-0.99	Other less developed countries (d)
										Less developed regions, excluding China
1.12	0.97	0.87	0.70	0.49	0.28	0.08	-0.09	-0.26	-0.44	
1.89	1.84	1.76	1.61	1.41	1.22	1.03	0.85	0.67	0.47	Sub-Saharan Africa (e)
1.76	1.70	1.63	1.49	1.28	1.08	0.89	0.72	0.54	0.36	AFRICA
2.22	2.22	2.14	1.94	1.68	1.45	1.24	1.05	0.85	0.64	EASTERN AFRICA
2.33	2.62	1.60	1.34	0.98	0.68	0.48	0.34	0.16	-0.07	Burundi
2.73	2.64	2.36	2.04	1.81	1.66	1.57	1.42	1.22	1.03	Comoros
1.79	1.69	1.50	1.22	1.03	0.63	0.26	0.09	-0.04	-0.17	Djibouti
3.68	2.70	2.32	1.71	1.36	1.12	0.93	0.71	0.43	0.13	Eritrea
2.26	1.96	1.75	1.48	1.20	0.90	0.58	0.30	0.05	-0.19	Ethiopia
2.16	2.09	2.14	1.90	1.62	1.40	1.20	1.00	0.79	0.55	Kenya
2.57	2.04	1.86	1.73	1.56	1.36	1.14	0.90	0.68	0.47	Madagascar
2.55	2.89	3.06	3.05	2.79	2.54	2.35	2.23	2.06	1.82	Malawi
1.16	0.80	0.50	0.20	-0.10	-0.41	-0.67	-0.83	-0.96	-1.08	Mauritius (1)
2.23	3.19	2.93	2.34	1.92	1.63	1.31	1.06	0.79	0.53	Mayotte
2.39	2.10	1.86	1.68	1.47	1.22	0.92	0.69	0.48	0.30	Mozambique
-4.28	-3.55	-2.69	-1.79	-0.98	-0.98	-1.10	-1.23	-1.35	-1.45	Réunion
1.66	2.56	2.54	2.18	1.76	1.46	1.30	1.18	0.99	0.71	Rwanda
0.70	0.02	-0.52	-0.46	-0.60	-0.70	-0.82	-0.99	-1.18	-1.34	Seychelles
1.86	1.53	1.80	1.98	1.91	1.79	1.67	1.52	1.37	1.21	Somalia
2.66	5.13	2.92	2.00	1.69	1.45	1.19	0.99	0.77	0.56	South Sudan
2.94	2.79	2.64	2.43	2.21	1.99	1.77	1.52	1.25	0.98	Uganda
2.14	2.32	2.44	2.37	2.14	1.94	1.77	1.59	1.38	1.14	United Republic of Tanzania (2)
1.77	1.98	2.31	2.42	2.24	2.10	1.98	1.91	1.81	1.63	Zambia
-0.55	-0.72	1.34	1.18	0.38	0.01	-0.26	-0.44	-0.59	-0.76	Zimbabwe
2.14	1.81	1.62	1.44	1.25	1.03	0.79	0.57	0.36	0.15	MIDDLE AFRICA
1.33	0.90	0.78	0.75	0.70	0.66	0.42	0.18	-0.03	-0.23	Angola
1.13	1.01	0.93	0.77	0.59	0.46	0.33	0.17	0.01	-0.17	Cameroon
1.50	1.57	1.55	1.33	1.03	0.69	0.48	0.31	0.13	-0.05	Central African Republic
3.46	2.72	2.47	2.25	2.12	1.82	1.49	1.24	1.00	0.77	Chad
1.24	1.52	0.98	0.88	0.93	0.84	0.73	0.59	0.43	0.28	Congo
2.39	2.01	1.77	1.55	1.30	1.05	0.80	0.56	0.33	0.10	Democratic Republic of the Congo
3.08	2.69	2.43	1.97	1.46	1.15	0.96	0.79	0.64	0.49	Equatorial Guinea
-1.65	-1.19	-0.41	0.24	0.20	0.03	-0.12	-0.23	-0.33	-0.45	Gabon
-0.50	-0.38	0.14	0.20	0.29	0.35	0.18	0.01	-0.17	-0.34	Sao Tome and Principe
1.12	1.01	0.97	0.79	0.50	0.22	-0.03	-0.20	-0.37	-0.54	NORTHERN AFRICA
-1.78	-1.98	-1.90	-1.71	-1.46	-1.16	-0.89	-0.99	-1.11	-1.26	Algeria
1.77	1.66	1.38	0.97	0.57	0.18	-0.13	-0.31	-0.50	-0.70	Egypt
1.51	1.32	-0.01	0.44	0.02	-0.21	-0.31	-0.39	-0.52	-0.70	Libya
0.37	0.23	0.13	-0.08	-0.31	-0.57	-0.80	-0.98	-1.13	-1.28	Morocco
2.13	1.66	1.92	1.84	1.45	1.10	0.76	0.54	0.33	0.13	Sudan
-0.01	0.55	0.37	0.11	-0.19	-0.52	-0.80	-0.94	-1.04	-1.15	Tunisia
10.16	2.62	2.10	1.62	0.05	-0.27	-0.52	-0.69	-0.83	-0.96	Western Sahara
0.23	-0.06	-0.45	-0.56	-0.60	-0.72	-0.84	-0.95	-1.04	-1.13	SOUTHERN AFRICA
-0.54	-0.44	-0.65	-0.74	-0.76	-0.83	-0.98	-1.08	-1.17	-1.26	Botswana
0.17	0.04	0.01	-0.14	-0.34	-0.48	-0.64	-0.80	-0.95	-1.11	Lesotho
1.05	0.99	0.73	0.45	0.28	0.06	-0.19	-0.41	-0.61	-0.81	Namibia
0.18	-0.20	-0.67	-0.76	-0.78	-0.89	-1.00	-1.11	-1.20	-1.26	South Africa
0.94	1.57	1.40	1.03	0.74	0.50	0.35	0.29	0.24	0.14	Swaziland
1.56	1.56	1.52	1.44	1.26	1.11	0.97	0.80	0.63	0.44	WESTERN AFRICA
2.28	1.82	1.50	1.34	1.20	1.06	0.92	0.75	0.55	0.36	Benin
1.96	1.89	1.82	1.73	1.57	1.48	1.36	1.15	0.92	0.69	Burkina Faso
-0.35	-1.11	-1.11	-1.00	-0.90	-0.82	-0.74	-0.84	-1.01	-1.15	Cape Verde
0.46	0.37	0.67	0.64	0.57	0.50	0.42	0.25	0.07	-0.10	Côte d'Ivoire
1.20	1.22	1.36	1.43	1.24	1.04	0.84	0.64	0.44	0.25	Gambia
1.05	1.00	0.88	0.73	0.61	0.45	0.27	0.09	-0.10	-0.29	Ghana
1.07	1.34	1.75	1.50	1.26	1.06	0.86	0.65	0.44	0.23	Guinea
0.76	0.79	0.85	0.88	0.88	0.91	0.85	0.74	0.63	0.51	Guinea-Bissau

Table A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Liberia	1.19	1.52	1.58	1.61	1.61	1.54	1.49	-8.72	6.49	5.54
Mali	0.95	0.95	0.94	1.10	1.35	1.31	1.37	1.00	1.91	2.09
Mauritania	2.16	2.29	2.12	1.81	1.47	1.12	0.60	1.16	2.72	2.79
Niger	2.73	2.63	2.73	2.56	2.38	2.47	2.52	2.68	3.19	3.38
Nigeria	1.38	1.12	1.21	1.61	1.80	2.13	1.62	1.52	1.27	1.16
Saint Helena (3)	0.26	-0.35	-0.01	1.91	1.94	0.79	0.93	—	-0.57	-0.48
Senegal	1.43	1.77	1.90	2.10	2.03	1.83	2.25	2.56	2.66	2.31
Sierra Leone	0.85	0.90	0.93	0.96	0.96	1.46	1.56	1.91	-0.84	0.78
Togo	0.62	0.61	0.38	2.66	2.10	1.82	2.89	2.40	1.57	2.55
ASIA	1.54	1.48	1.53	2.26	1.94	1.37	1.21	1.19	0.88	0.54
EASTERN ASIA	1.33	0.94	0.95	2.57	2.07	0.86	0.46	0.52	-0.13	-0.57
China (4)	1.52	1.02	1.07	2.91	2.32	0.96	0.55	0.66	-0.10	-0.59
China, Hong Kong SAR (5)	4.64	4.22	2.52	-1.22	-1.58	-0.83	-2.33	-52.34	—	—
China, Macao SAR (6)	2.58	3.01	-0.42	-1.20	-7.06	-7.23	-13.60	-15.45	-17.31	—
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	-1.55	1.04	0.66	-0.73	1.29	1.31	1.30	1.11	1.25	0.81
Japan	-0.83	-1.57	-1.65	-1.40	-1.61	0.52	0.24	-0.17	-0.24	-0.39
Mongolia	0.13	-0.41	0.84	1.84	1.56	1.27	1.30	1.69	1.12	0.74
Republic of Korea	1.15	2.49	1.16	-0.60	-0.65	-2.14	-2.61	-4.71	-2.91	-0.73
Other non-specified areas	2.56	2.74	2.64	1.59	0.10	-1.14	-2.28	-3.40	-0.40	-0.24
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)	1.70	1.93	1.96	2.02	1.81	1.90	1.99	1.94	1.78	1.51
CENTRAL ASIA	1.97	2.72	2.87	1.93	1.86	1.68	1.98	2.19	1.78	1.17
Kazakhstan	2.20	3.17	2.45	0.68	0.55	0.40	0.29	0.81	-0.59	-1.17
Kyrgyzstan	0.64	1.59	2.87	2.32	1.91	1.76	2.10	2.01	1.33	1.85
Tajikistan	2.50	2.54	3.15	2.61	3.56	3.15	3.21	3.46	2.50	1.99
Turkmenistan	1.99	2.97	3.14	2.69	2.91	2.72	2.84	2.88	2.75	1.03
Uzbekistan	2.00	2.59	3.17	2.69	2.34	2.07	2.63	2.61	2.79	1.88
SOUTHERN ASIA	1.69	1.91	1.94	2.03	1.81	1.91	1.99	1.93	1.78	1.52
Afghanistan	1.39	1.56	1.72	1.86	1.91	0.42	-2.63	0.33	8.06	2.57
Bangladesh	2.65	2.76	2.63	2.62	0.59	1.52	2.07	2.06	1.72	1.47
Bhutan	3.05	2.53	2.46	2.80	3.34	2.89	1.97	1.79	-2.50	0.67
India	1.64	1.86	1.85	1.95	1.93	1.91	1.95	1.84	1.69	1.48
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	1.35	1.54	1.58	1.32	1.09	1.74	2.21	2.01	-0.17	-0.22
Maldives	1.48	2.39	2.61	2.26	1.94	1.61	2.66	3.14	2.56	1.32
Nepal	1.58	1.62	1.84	2.10	2.12	2.09	2.09	2.07	2.02	1.87
Pakistan	1.28	1.61	2.12	2.31	2.44	2.76	3.05	2.81	2.23	2.14
Sri Lanka	1.64	2.01	1.96	1.79	1.91	1.94	1.64	1.53	1.19	0.73
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA	1.86	2.16	2.30	2.21	2.00	1.55	1.45	1.13	0.87	0.36
Brunei Darussalam	3.23	1.79	0.85	0.33	4.33	4.87	1.71	0.82	1.06	0.76
Cambodia	2.14	2.30	2.33	1.25	3.03	-2.72	2.81	3.33	2.75	1.86
Indonesia	1.56	2.05	2.21	2.25	1.95	1.65	1.12	0.59	0.08	-0.75
Lao People's Democratic Republic	2.32	2.24	2.23	2.08	2.12	0.93	2.08	2.40	2.22	0.92
Malaysia (8)	1.98	2.17	2.26	1.58	1.12	0.87	1.24	1.39	0.09	-0.62
Myanmar	1.54	1.71	1.71	1.82	2.14	2.12	1.86	1.53	1.13	0.87
Philippines	3.10	2.93	2.88	2.53	2.07	2.21	0.90	0.57	2.45	2.32
Singapore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thailand	2.32	2.53	2.90	2.82	2.03	1.45	1.58	1.36	0.64	0.89
Timor-Leste	1.20	1.57	1.61	1.62	1.45	-3.10	2.05	1.81	2.32	-0.99
Viet Nam	1.73	1.94	2.11	1.93	1.98	1.47	2.12	1.96	1.47	0.67
WESTERN ASIA	1.66	1.50	1.43	1.00	1.09	1.46	0.50	0.65	1.61	1.28
Armenia	0.91	1.48	1.45	0.65	0.34	0.44	0.89	0.99	-1.08	-0.13
Azerbaijan (9)	1.11	2.07	3.84	2.92	1.14	1.22	1.28	1.45	2.13	1.21
Bahrain	-4.65	-2.63	2.62	1.05	2.95	4.44	1.47	1.75	2.10	2.67
Cyprus (10)	0.27	0.56	-0.53	0.24	-1.18	-3.78	-2.64	0.49	1.42	1.57
Georgia (11)	0.67	0.57	0.59	0.07	-0.09	-0.23	0.10	0.27	-0.96	-0.80
Iraq	1.96	0.58	-0.13	0.97	0.70	0.81	0.40	1.70	3.70	3.84
Israel	6.25	-0.60	-0.13	-1.31	-0.21	-0.83	-0.58	0.87	2.31	1.66
Jordan	5.29	3.54	3.21	7.03	2.87	1.67	0.54	0.06	-0.01	0.55
Kuwait	0.49	1.94	8.32	1.47	0.70	-8.85	-13.53	2.93	-5.67	2.82
Lebanon	1.16	1.13	-0.34	-1.59	-1.79	-4.32	-4.29	-3.53	1.10	-0.07
Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)	0.07	0.40	0.35	-3.38	0.77	1.20	1.53	1.77	2.77	3.09
Oman	1.11	1.11	0.99	0.99	1.51	2.20	1.28	-0.84	-0.03	0.36
Qatar	3.78	1.98	5.88	6.00	7.21	5.32	8.71	-1.28	-6.19	-2.80
Saudi Arabia	1.27	1.20	1.07	0.21	0.64	1.79	1.55	0.88	0.85	0.48
Syrian Arab Republic	1.80	2.17	2.22	2.23	2.78	2.71	2.99	2.66	2.33	1.66

Table A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
0.78	4.71	1.90	1.66	1.45	1.23	1.00	0.80	0.60	0.40	Liberia
2.22	2.13	1.94	1.77	1.60	1.45	1.29	1.09	0.86	0.63	Mali
2.73	2.24	1.76	1.42	1.05	0.79	0.62	0.45	0.26	0.08	Mauritania
3.34	3.33	3.21	3.11	2.85	2.62	2.41	2.20	1.97	1.72	Niger
1.24	1.26	1.29	1.25	1.06	0.90	0.75	0.59	0.42	0.24	Nigeria
-1.76	-2.07	-0.89	0.33	0.02	-0.30	-0.62	-0.77	-0.91	-0.99	Saint Helena (3)
2.42	2.30	2.06	1.73	1.39	1.08	0.89	0.69	0.48	0.26	Senegal
3.91	2.07	1.46	1.19	0.89	0.62	0.40	0.19	-0.03	-0.23	Sierra Leone
1.72	1.43	1.24	1.04	0.81	0.57	0.33	0.11	-0.09	-0.30	Togo
0.03	-0.12	-0.20	-0.29	-0.38	-0.48	-0.59	-0.74	-0.92	-1.09	ASIA
-1.73	-2.04	-2.28	-2.31	-2.23	-2.06	-1.81	-1.81	-1.98	-2.13	EASTERN ASIA
-1.59	-1.97	-2.26	-2.32	-2.27	-2.09	-1.84	-1.84	-2.01	-2.17	China (4)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	China, Hong Kong SAR (5)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	China, Macao SAR (6)
0.54	0.30	0.08	-0.11	-0.33	-0.62	-0.93	-1.09	-1.18	-1.24	Dem. People's Republic of Korea
-8.30	-7.85	-7.61	-6.44	-5.15	-3.77	-2.32	-1.75	-1.76	-1.74	Japan
-1.58	-1.33	-1.43	-1.32	-1.23	-1.06	-0.72	-0.55	-0.62	-0.76	Mongolia
-1.31	-1.30	-1.25	-1.20	-1.15	-1.10	-1.19	-1.37	-1.52	-1.63	Republic of Korea
-0.29	-0.64	-1.05	-1.24	-1.37	-1.54	-1.72	-1.93	-2.12	-2.28	Other non-specified areas
1.17	0.98	0.86	0.61	0.34	0.06	-0.21	-0.44	-0.65	-0.85	SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)
0.92	1.26	1.11	0.89	0.46	0.02	-0.30	-0.46	-0.60	-0.77	CENTRAL ASIA
0.74	1.53	1.25	0.83	0.35	-0.11	-0.41	-0.43	-0.48	-0.62	Kazakhstan
0.35	1.12	0.94	1.02	0.61	0.25	-0.04	-0.19	-0.35	-0.53	Kyrgyzstan
0.90	1.26	1.39	1.25	0.97	0.62	0.28	0.05	-0.09	-0.27	Tajikistan
0.64	0.68	0.59	0.33	-0.02	-0.39	-0.62	-0.80	-0.97	-1.14	Turkmenistan
1.16	1.27	1.07	0.86	0.40	-0.10	-0.45	-0.65	-0.83	-1.03	Uzbekistan
1.18	0.97	0.86	0.60	0.34	0.06	-0.21	-0.44	-0.65	-0.85	SOUTHERN ASIA
3.45	2.23	2.73	2.25	1.84	1.54	1.21	0.93	0.69	0.45	Afghanistan
1.09	0.50	0.55	0.30	0.03	-0.25	-0.51	-0.76	-1.00	-1.23	Bangladesh
1.32	0.78	0.32	-0.10	-0.24	-0.35	-0.40	-0.52	-0.69	-0.87	Bhutan
1.13	0.95	0.79	0.54	0.28	0.02	-0.25	-0.49	-0.70	-0.90	India
-0.76	0.31	0.57	0.19	-0.23	-0.57	-0.83	-0.97	-1.10	-1.30	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
-0.20	-0.63	-0.67	-0.71	-0.70	-0.60	-0.64	-0.79	-0.93	-1.10	Maldives
1.84	1.51	1.27	1.05	0.82	0.55	0.27	0.01	-0.22	-0.45	Nepal
1.46	1.37	1.24	0.95	0.66	0.29	-0.04	-0.26	-0.48	-0.71	Pakistan
1.28	1.02	0.70	0.34	0.00	-0.25	-0.39	-0.54	-0.75	-0.96	Sri Lanka
0.39	0.11	-0.03	-0.21	-0.40	-0.55	-0.69	-0.85	-1.03	-1.20	SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA
0.39	0.25	0.10	-0.02	-0.11	-0.22	-0.39	-0.55	-0.70	-0.84	Brunei Darussalam
1.27	0.98	0.97	0.80	0.52	0.20	-0.11	-0.32	-0.51	-0.71	Cambodia
-0.14	-0.46	-0.61	-0.73	-0.82	-0.87	-0.92	-1.06	-1.24	-1.41	Indonesia
0.14	-0.15	-0.39	-0.48	-0.53	-0.57	-0.80	-1.08	-1.32	-1.53	Lao People's Democratic Republic
-1.01	-1.25	-1.02	-0.72	-0.35	-0.30	-0.49	-0.67	-0.84	-0.97	Malaysia (8)
-0.01	-0.08	-0.06	-0.23	-0.43	-0.66	-0.90	-1.12	-1.31	-1.48	Myanmar
2.01	1.49	1.21	0.86	0.49	0.27	0.09	-0.09	-0.26	-0.43	Philippines
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Singapore
0.77	0.27	-0.08	-0.40	-0.70	-0.90	-1.07	-1.27	-1.46	-1.63	Thailand
3.45	1.62	2.38	2.41	2.29	2.02	1.70	1.44	1.24	1.07	Timor-Leste
0.30	0.22	0.07	-0.17	-0.45	-0.67	-0.84	-1.02	-1.23	-1.46	Viet Nam
1.42	1.09	0.59	0.58	0.52	0.40	0.30	0.19	0.03	-0.13	WESTERN ASIA
0.21	0.24	0.12	-0.28	-0.69	-1.03	-1.27	-1.34	-1.43	-1.54	Armenia
0.73	0.92	0.66	0.29	-0.17	-0.52	-0.70	-0.76	-0.89	-1.06	Azerbaijan (9)
2.47	10.74	1.51	0.54	-0.13	-0.47	-0.62	-0.76	-0.95	-1.19	Bahrain
1.29	0.76	0.41	0.10	-0.20	-0.44	-0.75	-0.94	-1.10	-1.26	Cyprus (10)
-1.10	-0.68	-0.85	-1.14	-1.43	-1.70	-1.92	-1.97	-2.00	-2.02	Georgia (11)
3.22	3.23	3.19	2.69	2.26	1.71	1.29	1.07	0.89	0.72	Iraq
1.14	1.59	0.91	0.67	0.49	0.36	0.27	0.20	0.11	0.01	Israel
0.62	1.51	0.47	0.28	0.17	0.09	0.01	-0.14	-0.34	-0.52	Jordan
2.37	3.06	1.67	1.14	0.96	0.86	0.76	0.60	0.41	0.23	Kuwait
0.76	-0.01	-0.16	-0.33	-0.48	-0.63	-0.79	-0.94	-1.07	-1.19	Lebanon
1.32	1.74	1.94	1.77	1.53	1.24	0.97	0.78	0.62	0.46	Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)
1.17	1.78	0.93	0.46	0.03	-0.32	-0.60	-0.84	-1.07	-1.28	Oman
-0.80	2.44	-8.63	-7.70	-6.18	-3.97	-1.79	-1.31	-1.46	-1.65	Qatar
2.48	1.45	0.95	0.72	0.43	0.13	-0.04	-0.19	-0.34	-0.49	Saudi Arabia
2.12	1.15	0.75	0.64	0.46	0.20	-0.07	-0.34	-0.57	-0.75	Syrian Arab Republic

Table A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Turkey	1.90	1.87	1.65	0.90	1.08	1.40	-1.08	-1.23	0.19	0.12
United Arab Emirates	—	—	—	5.11	31.72	13.80	6.58	6.60	5.91	2.65
Yemen	1.32	1.37	1.49	1.22	1.34	3.03	3.67	3.41	4.02	2.47
EUROPE	-0.19	-0.36	-0.49	-0.77	-0.73	-0.73	-0.46	-0.36	-0.15	-0.34
EASTERN EUROPE	-0.14	-0.39	-0.57	-0.95	-1.15	-1.16	-0.79	-0.64	-0.15	-0.39
Belarus	-0.57	-0.06	-0.78	-1.02	-1.80	-1.92	-1.93	-1.79	-1.15	-1.75
Bulgaria	-0.65	-0.54	-2.12	-1.89	-1.80	-1.94	-1.14	-1.35	-1.93	-1.56
Czech Republic	-0.38	-0.70	-0.92	-1.09	-2.95	-3.31	-0.08	0.12	0.49	0.36
Hungary	0.40	-0.34	-0.67	-0.68	-0.70	-0.73	-0.81	-0.75	0.28	0.13
Poland	0.25	-0.48	0.51	0.07	-0.50	-0.37	-0.01	-0.22	0.06	-0.16
Republic of Moldova (13)	1.52	1.74	0.98	0.21	0.05	-0.48	-0.32	-0.25	0.06	-0.47
Romania	0.00	-0.04	-0.42	0.38	0.10	-0.29	-0.90	-1.05	-0.70	-0.11
Russian Federation	-0.20	-0.49	-0.91	-1.60	-1.65	-1.44	-0.78	-0.45	0.08	-0.25
Slovakia	1.34	1.15	0.08	-0.57	-0.94	-1.10	-0.36	-0.54	0.35	0.27
Ukraine	-0.46	-0.64	-0.34	-0.92	-0.94	-1.24	-1.27	-0.94	-0.32	-1.01
NORTHERN EUROPE	-0.19	-0.14	-0.13	-0.21	-0.66	-0.83	-0.18	0.09	-0.13	-0.13
Channel Islands (14)	1.09	1.15	1.42	1.45	1.43	0.87	0.94	1.10	0.51	0.49
Denmark	-0.26	-2.25	-1.97	-1.79	-2.00	-1.60	-0.82	-0.53	0.18	0.24
Estonia	-0.59	-0.82	-0.69	-0.84	-0.61	-0.79	-0.00	0.29	-0.91	-0.61
Faroe Islands	-0.06	0.79	0.07	0.50	0.27	0.89	1.35	0.94	-1.89	0.62
Finland (15)	-1.18	-1.68	-1.46	-1.93	-1.96	-2.29	-2.61	-2.84	-1.13	-1.07
Iceland	-1.15	-1.15	-0.88	-1.47	-1.17	-1.63	-1.24	-1.32	-1.03	-0.93
Ireland	-1.33	-1.27	-0.77	-0.61	0.63	0.67	0.24	-0.31	0.63	0.45
Isle of Man	-1.53	-2.06	0.38	2.45	2.93	1.58	-0.20	1.75	0.51	1.22
Latvia	-0.52	-0.25	-0.58	-0.98	-1.08	-1.26	-0.37	0.18	-1.01	-0.45
Lithuania	-1.06	-0.67	-0.35	-0.81	-1.59	-1.86	-1.35	-0.77	-0.18	-0.54
Norway (16)	1.06	1.00	-2.54	-3.27	-1.02	-1.15	-0.20	-0.03	-0.79	-1.25
Sweden	-1.49	-1.62	-2.96	-3.02	-1.50	-0.13	0.08	0.49	-0.26	-0.18
United Kingdom	0.48	0.78	1.25	1.10	-0.29	-0.70	0.16	0.48	1.10	0.02
SOUTHERN EUROPE	-0.12	-0.28	-0.65	-0.94	-0.32	-0.31	-0.09	-0.15	-0.32	-0.21
Albania	0.87	2.03	2.83	2.51	2.05	1.82	1.63	1.71	-1.72	-1.39
Andorra	4.46	3.18	-0.30	-2.49	-4.05	-5.75	-5.09	3.90	7.70	3.63
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1.43	0.85	0.36	-0.20	-0.16	-0.41	0.39	0.35	-5.73	1.37
Croatia	-0.39	-0.75	-1.06	-1.44	-1.27	-1.36	-0.49	-0.54	0.29	-1.02
Gibraltar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Greece	0.15	-0.07	-1.18	-1.43	-0.65	0.16	0.26	0.26	0.77	0.36
Holy See (17)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Italy	-0.49	-0.63	-0.49	-0.60	-0.13	-0.18	0.08	0.08	-0.07	-0.18
Malta	-1.69	-0.67	0.15	0.10	0.07	1.23	1.24	-0.09	-0.20	-2.86
Montenegro	0.82	0.90	0.69	-0.67	-0.21	-0.62	-1.83	-0.98	-1.06	-2.69
Portugal	0.06	-0.11	-0.56	-1.11	0.51	0.54	-0.54	-1.05	-0.87	-0.98
San Marino	0.46	1.14	0.22	-0.66	-6.25	-6.75	-8.19	-1.59	-3.81	-3.81
Serbia (18)	0.33	-0.28	-0.71	-1.05	-0.29	-0.15	-0.12	-0.18	0.73	-0.66
Slovenia	-0.21	-0.58	-0.61	-0.90	-0.93	-1.07	-0.05	0.14	0.31	0.14
Spain (19)	-0.27	-0.16	-1.21	-1.60	-1.08	-1.28	-0.56	-0.69	-0.14	0.09
TFYR Macedonia (20)	0.57	-1.07	-0.77	-1.26	-0.04	0.17	-0.61	-0.10	-0.38	0.64
WESTERN EUROPE	-0.41	-0.47	-0.25	-0.36	-0.18	-0.15	-0.25	-0.18	0.03	-0.46
Austria	-0.29	-0.03	0.46	0.40	0.25	-0.11	-0.07	0.17	0.66	0.17
Belgium	-0.69	-0.61	-1.27	-1.77	-1.85	-3.44	-2.54	-2.11	-2.08	-2.05
France	-0.60	-0.85	-1.63	-1.77	-0.59	0.18	0.24	0.20	-0.27	-1.23
Germany	-0.47	-0.45	0.44	0.34	-0.08	-0.31	-0.06	0.06	0.58	0.27
Liechtenstein	1.39	2.18	2.69	2.89	1.76	1.60	1.63	1.48	1.41	1.52
Luxembourg	-0.13	-0.16	-0.56	-1.34	-1.29	-2.29	-0.50	0.49	-0.82	0.30
Monaco	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Netherlands	0.40	0.47	0.84	0.72	0.16	-0.16	-0.64	-0.62	-2.13	-2.61
Switzerland	0.04	-0.06	0.57	-0.29	0.60	-0.03	-3.72	-4.54	0.71	0.61
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN	1.33	1.23	1.13	0.82	0.62	0.40	0.27	0.05	-0.21	-0.34
CARIBBEAN	1.39	1.40	1.23	0.89	0.46	0.30	0.67	0.40	-0.14	-0.18
Anguilla	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Antigua and Barbuda	1.13	-0.76	2.80	2.69	1.02	0.11	-1.48	-1.19	2.42	3.02
Aruba	2.80	4.33	1.16	0.62	0.56	-0.15	0.98	-0.25	5.75	3.12
Bahamas	0.17	2.20	3.73	1.83	0.11	-0.01	-0.70	-1.16	0.62	0.08
Barbados	1.35	0.22	0.27	0.15	0.23	-0.06	1.61	1.39	-0.54	-0.60

Table A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
0.14	-1.02	-2.26	-2.10	-1.83	-1.48	-1.09	-1.01	-1.16	-1.30	Turkey
4.33	10.14	0.27	0.15	0.02	0.04	-0.06	-0.25	-0.46	-0.68	United Arab Emirates
2.32	2.25	2.15	1.89	1.59	1.31	1.07	0.85	0.61	0.35	Yemen
-0.45	-0.58	-0.71	-0.83	-0.99	-1.14	-1.26	-1.33	-1.37	-1.41	EUROPE
-0.42	-0.64	-0.69	-0.84	-1.03	-1.25	-1.45	-1.53	-1.54	-1.58	EASTERN EUROPE
-2.12	-2.18	-1.99	-1.90	-1.85	-1.79	-1.70	-1.68	-1.70	-1.74	Belarus
-1.52	-2.28	-2.80	-2.67	-2.55	-2.39	-2.16	-2.05	-2.05	-2.10	Bulgaria
0.18	0.70	0.35	0.04	-0.29	-0.66	-1.02	-1.14	-1.10	-1.07	Czech Republic
-1.28	-1.82	-1.74	-1.66	-1.59	-1.52	-1.47	-1.47	-1.46	-1.44	Hungary
0.06	0.32	0.17	-0.12	-0.46	-0.86	-1.29	-1.51	-1.53	-1.53	Poland
-1.22	-2.43	-2.09	-1.96	-1.96	-2.07	-2.11	-2.17	-2.26	-2.39	Republic of Moldova (13)
-0.28	-0.28	-0.29	-0.51	-0.76	-1.05	-1.33	-1.53	-1.60	-1.69	Romania
-0.09	-0.66	-0.77	-0.92	-1.13	-1.32	-1.43	-1.46	-1.48	-1.53	Russian Federation
0.34	0.50	0.27	-0.01	-0.36	-0.79	-1.22	-1.37	-1.43	-1.45	Slovakia
-1.22	-1.20	-1.19	-1.29	-1.45	-1.62	-1.74	-1.72	-1.70	-1.71	Ukraine
0.03	-0.00	-0.16	-0.31	-0.48	-0.61	-0.75	-0.83	-0.88	-0.93	NORTHERN EUROPE
0.41	0.48	-0.01	-0.13	-0.27	-0.44	-0.65	-0.80	-0.89	-0.94	Channel Islands (14)
-0.74	-0.90	-0.71	-0.72	-0.72	-0.76	-0.83	-0.91	-0.98	-1.01	Denmark
-0.38	-0.09	-0.25	-0.51	-0.83	-1.16	-1.40	-1.39	-1.35	-1.36	Estonia
-0.04	-0.20	0.09	-0.01	-0.07	-0.20	-0.42	-0.63	-0.78	-0.85	Faroe Islands
-0.55	-0.33	-0.49	-0.57	-0.68	-0.81	-0.95	-1.02	-1.03	-1.00	Finland (15)
-0.67	-0.24	-0.56	-0.59	-0.64	-0.71	-0.78	-0.88	-0.97	-1.06	Iceland
1.12	0.71	0.32	0.06	-0.21	-0.43	-0.54	-0.59	-0.65	-0.74	Ireland
1.07	0.95	0.53	0.22	-0.06	-0.33	-0.66	-0.91	-1.06	-1.11	Isle of Man
-0.64	-0.29	-0.37	-0.62	-0.94	-1.22	-1.51	-1.52	-1.48	-1.48	Latvia
-0.28	-0.77	-0.79	-0.91	-1.08	-1.30	-1.52	-1.57	-1.56	-1.55	Lithuania
-0.63	-0.39	-0.66	-0.61	-0.56	-0.56	-0.59	-0.65	-0.71	-0.73	Norway (16)
0.01	-0.20	-0.47	-0.45	-0.50	-0.61	-0.70	-0.74	-0.74	-0.76	Sweden
0.11	0.12	-0.03	-0.21	-0.40	-0.51	-0.66	-0.77	-0.84	-0.90	United Kingdom
0.07	-0.06	-0.51	-0.80	-1.03	-1.19	-1.24	-1.28	-1.35	-1.43	SOUTHERN EUROPE
-1.37	-1.80	-2.03	-2.07	-2.05	-1.98	-1.87	-1.86	-2.03	-2.19	Albania
8.60	6.26	5.51	4.16	2.91	1.74	0.58	0.04	-0.06	-0.15	Andorra
-0.33	-1.04	-1.30	-1.53	-1.67	-1.81	-1.98	-2.16	-2.34	-2.47	Bosnia and Herzegovina
-0.66	-0.70	-0.88	-1.09	-1.32	-1.47	-1.56	-1.63	-1.68	-1.71	Croatia
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gibraltar
0.06	-0.15	-0.41	-0.69	-0.97	-1.10	-1.13	-1.16	-1.21	-1.29	Greece
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Holy See (17)
0.36	0.24	-0.35	-0.75	-1.02	-1.18	-1.22	-1.25	-1.30	-1.37	Italy
-3.07	-3.17	-2.77	-2.41	-2.04	-1.69	-1.61	-1.70	-1.74	-1.73	Malta
-2.03	-0.33	-0.45	-0.58	-0.78	-0.98	-1.17	-1.31	-1.39	-1.45	Montenegro
-1.05	-1.18	-1.36	-1.51	-1.59	-1.63	-1.70	-1.80	-1.93	-2.06	Portugal
0.48	0.57	0.18	-0.32	-0.65	-0.96	-1.27	-1.33	-1.33	-1.39	San Marino
-1.18	-0.71	-0.90	-1.08	-1.23	-1.37	-1.49	-1.58	-1.67	-1.75	Serbia (18)
0.28	0.48	0.29	-0.06	-0.42	-0.77	-1.10	-1.23	-1.29	-1.34	Slovenia
1.11	0.69	-0.03	-0.32	-0.60	-0.84	-0.86	-0.88	-0.94	-1.05	Spain (19)
0.44	0.15	-0.20	-0.56	-0.93	-1.25	-1.39	-1.52	-1.62	-1.71	TFYR Macedonia (20)
-1.37	-1.37	-1.34	-1.19	-1.14	-1.14	-1.19	-1.25	-1.30	-1.34	WESTERN EUROPE
0.13	-0.17	-0.50	-0.66	-0.80	-0.97	-1.13	-1.22	-1.30	-1.37	Austria
-0.78	-0.68	-0.91	-0.85	-0.78	-0.70	-0.63	-0.63	-0.66	-0.67	Belgium
-3.86	-3.86	-3.32	-2.67	-1.96	-1.19	-0.90	-0.95	-0.99	-1.03	France
-0.17	-0.41	-0.70	-0.78	-0.98	-1.20	-1.32	-1.37	-1.42	-1.45	Germany
1.19	0.82	0.81	0.72	0.62	0.45	0.24	0.10	0.03	0.01	Liechtenstein
0.76	0.46	-0.24	-0.34	-0.41	-0.48	-0.58	-0.76	-0.95	-1.11	Luxembourg
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Monaco
-2.59	-2.41	-2.08	-1.69	-1.24	-1.10	-1.19	-1.28	-1.36	-1.40	Netherlands
0.58	0.52	0.11	-0.13	-0.40	-0.71	-1.03	-1.18	-1.26	-1.32	Switzerland
-0.18	-0.29	-0.30	-0.33	-0.37	-0.42	-0.52	-0.66	-0.80	-0.94	LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN
-0.63	-0.69	-0.71	-0.72	-0.71	-0.75	-0.94	-1.11	-1.26	-1.42	CARIBBEAN
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Anguilla
1.99	1.33	0.99	0.69	0.37	0.13	-0.04	-0.21	-0.36	-0.48	Antigua and Barbuda
2.28	1.18	0.17	-0.05	-0.27	-0.53	-0.85	-1.16	-1.34	-1.41	Aruba
0.22	0.21	-0.10	-0.22	-0.40	-0.59	-0.79	-0.95	-1.06	-1.16	Bahamas
-0.72	-0.73	-0.71	-0.72	-0.76	-0.89	-1.06	-1.23	-1.38	-1.48	Barbados

Table A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
British Virgin Islands	0.48	0.78	1.41	1.60	0.64	0.04	2.03	1.82	1.73	2.09
Cayman Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cuba	1.53	1.31	1.69	1.37	-0.51	-1.48	-1.34	-0.77	-0.08	-0.69
Dominica	1.04	1.53	-1.13	-1.77	-3.16	-3.13	-1.94	-1.76	0.18	-0.20
Dominican Republic	2.37	2.44	1.83	1.29	0.71	0.20	1.15	1.49	0.82	-0.42
Grenada	1.12	2.40	0.75	-0.31	-0.53	-0.91	2.27	-0.81	0.47	-0.19
Guadeloupe (21)	1.73	2.45	4.18	1.40	-3.67	-13.76	-4.11	0.21	2.41	2.18
Haiti	1.37	1.49	1.52	1.41	1.59	1.99	1.65	0.74	0.83	0.95
Jamaica	0.63	-0.36	0.39	-0.07	0.54	0.16	0.85	0.18	0.33	0.46
Martinique	1.82	0.69	-1.60	-4.11	-5.87	-7.05	-3.75	-2.24	-2.82	-1.53
Montserrat	1.10	-3.33	0.14	0.08	0.13	0.10	-1.03	-1.08	-1.04	-14.13
Netherlands Antilles (22)	5.37	5.15	-0.59	-0.69	-1.58	-1.70	-1.66	-1.72	-3.62	-5.18
Puerto Rico	-0.35	0.20	-0.88	-2.02	-0.67	-0.68	-0.29	-1.19	-14.47	-16.94
Saint Kitts and Nevis	0.90	0.91	-1.70	-2.81	-0.54	-0.78	-0.35	-0.43	1.41	1.61
Saint Lucia	0.68	0.47	1.09	1.14	0.58	1.17	1.00	1.41	1.20	1.78
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	1.33	1.34	0.57	0.33	0.35	0.18	-0.10	-0.36	-0.57	-0.68
Trinidad and Tobago	3.00	3.61	1.93	2.15	0.94	1.45	1.96	0.95	0.50	0.21
Turks and Caicos Islands	0.51	1.82	-0.86	-0.82	2.19	1.83	-0.50	-2.06	0.76	-1.08
United States Virgin Islands	2.36	2.45	4.98	1.34	1.73	-1.67	-3.44	-5.16	-4.34	-4.92
CENTRAL AMERICA	1.77	1.92	1.65	1.35	1.41	1.12	0.89	0.76	0.65	0.64
Belize	3.23	3.24	3.46	3.39	2.08	1.80	3.22	3.12	2.93	2.50
Costa Rica	3.01	3.22	2.94	1.83	1.52	2.08	1.89	0.66	0.26	0.91
El Salvador	1.71	2.33	2.96	2.66	1.78	1.02	0.46	0.31	-0.51	-1.56
Guatemala	2.05	1.85	1.86	2.21	2.31	2.22	1.89	1.64	1.62	1.58
Honduras	2.25	2.37	2.44	1.81	1.94	2.30	2.15	2.02	1.77	1.28
Mexico	1.61	1.77	1.34	0.98	1.07	0.63	0.43	0.37	0.98	0.56
Nicaragua	2.34	2.54	1.96	1.45	2.40	2.50	2.14	1.68	1.85	1.28
Panama	1.71	1.94	1.81	1.72	2.14	1.90	1.52	1.31	-0.79	-1.15
SOUTH AMERICA	1.16	0.94	0.91	0.60	0.30	0.09	-0.11	-0.38	-0.68	-0.95
Argentina	-0.67	-1.09	-0.65	-0.79	-0.41	-0.61	-1.16	-1.33	-1.44	-1.62
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	1.62	1.73	1.76	1.83	1.91	0.88	0.19	0.07	0.50	0.89
Brazil	1.46	1.12	1.06	0.50	0.03	-0.19	-0.47	-1.02	-1.48	-1.99
Chile	-0.33	-0.21	-0.09	-0.64	-1.04	-1.43	0.07	0.95	0.41	-0.77
Colombia	0.97	0.74	0.65	1.17	0.61	0.49	0.28	0.40	0.40	0.65
Ecuador	1.85	1.94	2.10	2.13	1.87	1.17	0.99	0.77	0.85	0.38
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	-0.44	-0.45	-1.19	-1.78	-1.81	-1.73	-2.98	-5.80	10.08	2.68
French Guiana	0.03	0.08	2.53	3.20	2.12	2.40	3.76	4.41	3.21	3.21
Guyana	3.32	2.81	2.62	2.30	0.61	0.59	-0.53	-0.60	0.21	0.26
Paraguay	2.40	2.44	2.44	2.37	1.80	1.72	1.76	1.35	1.06	0.78
Peru	1.55	1.64	0.88	0.35	0.77	0.96	1.03	0.90	0.52	0.14
Suriname	2.95	2.90	2.77	2.71	-1.77	-2.25	-0.60	0.36	0.12	0.06
Uruguay	0.06	0.24	0.06	-0.31	-1.05	-1.98	-1.98	-2.35	-2.35	-1.14
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	1.04	0.53	0.59	0.11	0.42	0.38	-0.05	-0.18	-2.04	-2.53
NORTHERN AMERICA	-0.11	-0.05	-0.01	-0.28	0.90	0.91	0.38	0.42	-0.57	-0.53
Bermuda	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	0.12	0.53	-0.76	-0.18	1.31	1.11	0.48	1.20	0.17	-0.77
Greenland	0.77	2.10	-0.34	-1.01	0.07	-1.15	-0.46	-0.77	-1.16	-0.58
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	-3.17	-3.16	-1.43	0.32	0.44	-0.69	0.69	1.55	0.06	-0.46
United States of America	-0.13	-0.11	0.07	-0.29	0.86	0.89	0.37	0.35	-0.64	-0.51
OCEANIA	0.90	0.81	0.79	0.78	1.47	1.72	2.03	1.64	1.57	1.46
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND	0.49	0.04	-0.31	-0.19	0.64	1.02	1.59	1.24	0.28	-0.29
Australia (23)	0.22	-0.01	-0.25	-0.00	0.84	1.37	1.86	1.64	0.17	-0.46
New Zealand	1.44	0.21	-0.52	-0.81	-0.06	-0.36	0.46	-0.58	0.78	0.50
MELANESIA	1.29	1.51	1.70	1.55	2.35	2.37	2.40	1.93	2.45	2.53
Fiji	2.26	2.45	2.46	1.65	1.44	1.60	2.03	-0.57	-0.12	0.00
New Caledonia	-0.78	0.77	0.65	0.31	2.34	1.01	0.99	1.50	2.07	1.24
Papua New Guinea	1.12	1.29	1.52	1.45	2.39	2.44	2.47	2.22	2.73	2.83
Solomon Islands	2.39	2.67	2.67	2.77	3.64	3.15	2.77	2.53	2.59	2.47
Vanuatu	2.65	2.77	2.87	2.56	2.89	2.62	1.88	1.92	2.39	1.52
MICRONESIA	1.11	1.31	1.49	1.10	-2.58	0.45	3.11	2.67	1.58	0.22
Guam	-0.44	-0.38	0.07	-0.72	-14.69	-17.04	6.37	5.95	-1.27	-1.55
Kiribati	1.52	1.94	1.97	1.80	0.48	1.65	2.31	2.31	1.01	-0.50
Marshall Islands	-0.23	-0.85	0.96	-0.87	1.19	4.72	2.69	2.50	0.53	-0.57

Table A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
1.30	0.88	0.57	0.30	0.03	-0.17	-0.38	-0.61	-0.79	-0.91	British Virgin Islands
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Cayman Islands
0.27	0.32	0.04	-0.29	-0.60	-0.96	-1.31	-1.46	-1.60	-1.73	Cuba
-0.05	-0.44	-0.36	-0.61	-0.70	-1.01	-1.23	-1.38	-1.47	-1.56	Dominica
-0.66	-0.70	-0.70	-0.68	-0.62	-0.59	-0.76	-0.94	-1.11	-1.27	Dominican Republic
-0.15	-0.16	-0.18	-0.34	-0.64	-0.94	-1.18	-1.36	-1.56	-1.82	Grenada
0.85	0.54	0.05	-0.33	-0.69	-1.08	-1.33	-1.46	-1.58	-1.69	Guadeloupe (21)
-1.26	-1.71	-1.68	-1.48	-1.13	-0.78	-0.89	-1.08	-1.27	-1.45	Haiti
0.67	0.45	0.18	-0.12	-0.47	-0.90	-1.31	-1.54	-1.76	-1.97	Jamaica
1.32	0.97	0.40	-0.12	-0.63	-1.15	-1.45	-1.60	-1.74	-1.87	Martinique
1.97	1.03	0.71	0.43	0.27	0.11	-0.01	-0.14	-0.27	-0.39	Montserrat
-3.25	-1.90	-2.16	-1.95	-1.60	-1.58	-1.75	-1.85	-1.93	-2.05	Netherlands Antilles (22)
-16.54	-13.27	-9.60	-5.93	-2.43	-1.59	-1.63	-1.69	-1.74	-1.80	Puerto Rico
1.50	1.31	1.06	0.73	0.38	0.14	-0.03	-0.21	-0.37	-0.53	Saint Kitts and Nevis
2.32	2.26	1.78	1.28	0.86	0.49	0.17	-0.02	-0.16	-0.31	Saint Lucia
-0.52	-0.62	-0.77	-0.78	-0.79	-0.81	-0.81	-0.81	-0.97	-1.11	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
0.07	0.09	0.00	-0.17	-0.37	-0.55	-0.54	-0.58	-0.68	-0.81	Trinidad and Tobago
1.59	-4.00	-5.97	-4.85	-3.46	-1.92	-1.37	-1.55	-1.76	-1.98	Turks and Caicos Islands
-4.67	-4.16	-3.59	-2.85	-2.13	-2.04	-2.12	-2.15	-2.09	-1.96	United States Virgin Islands
0.29	0.28	0.24	0.11	-0.02	-0.15	-0.28	-0.44	-0.59	-0.75	CENTRAL AMERICA
2.80	2.57	2.30	1.93	1.48	1.01	0.54	0.26	0.07	-0.11	Belize
0.55	0.22	0.04	-0.18	-0.39	-0.62	-0.83	-1.01	-1.18	-1.34	Costa Rica
-1.01	-0.96	-0.79	-0.67	-0.62	-0.57	-0.71	-0.87	-1.02	-1.16	El Salvador
1.71	1.64	1.61	1.37	1.10	0.84	0.62	0.42	0.22	0.03	Guatemala
0.81	0.82	0.76	0.55	0.34	0.13	-0.07	-0.28	-0.49	-0.69	Honduras
-0.03	-0.06	-0.17	-0.31	-0.42	-0.50	-0.59	-0.73	-0.88	-1.02	Mexico
0.80	0.69	0.69	0.37	0.03	-0.30	-0.54	-0.74	-0.94	-1.13	Nicaragua
-1.30	-1.19	-0.99	-0.70	-0.36	-0.40	-0.58	-0.75	-0.90	-1.04	Panama
-0.38	-0.57	-0.57	-0.55	-0.54	-0.55	-0.62	-0.73	-0.87	-1.00	SOUTH AMERICA
-1.80	-1.50	-1.15	-0.84	-0.54	-0.39	-0.48	-0.56	-0.64	-0.73	Argentina
0.65	0.37	0.30	0.28	0.24	0.18	0.05	-0.10	-0.25	-0.39	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
-0.54	-0.89	-0.95	-0.94	-0.92	-0.90	-0.86	-0.93	-1.06	-1.18	Brazil
-1.43	-1.28	-1.07	-0.86	-0.66	-0.60	-0.74	-0.87	-0.99	-1.10	Chile
0.47	0.34	0.16	-0.01	-0.18	-0.34	-0.51	-0.67	-0.82	-0.95	Colombia
-0.06	-0.38	-0.45	-0.49	-0.49	-0.50	-0.66	-0.84	-1.01	-1.16	Ecuador
-1.56	-1.62	-1.62	-1.59	-1.53	-1.49	-1.46	-1.45	-1.40	-1.46	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
3.68	2.13	1.76	1.41	1.07	0.85	0.64	0.45	0.30	0.18	French Guiana
0.46	0.22	0.09	0.02	-0.08	-0.28	-0.51	-0.74	-0.90	-1.00	Guyana
0.52	0.35	0.28	0.18	0.07	-0.06	-0.24	-0.42	-0.58	-0.74	Paraguay
-0.26	-0.49	-0.37	-0.35	-0.34	-0.39	-0.46	-0.62	-0.78	-0.93	Peru
-0.01	-0.38	-0.47	-0.56	-0.64	-0.72	-0.89	-1.09	-1.25	-1.39	Suriname
-1.41	-1.08	-0.89	-0.74	-0.68	-0.65	-0.70	-0.78	-0.86	-0.93	Uruguay
-2.64	-2.14	-1.59	-1.01	-0.41	-0.10	-0.26	-0.41	-0.55	-0.68	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
-0.55	-0.50	-0.45	-0.40	-0.36	-0.42	-0.50	-0.57	-0.62	-0.66	NORTHERN AMERICA
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Bermuda
0.39	0.61	0.36	0.16	-0.06	-0.30	-0.47	-0.55	-0.60	-0.63	Canada
-1.06	-1.83	-1.86	-1.87	-1.95	-2.04	-1.73	-1.80	-1.90	-2.00	Greenland
-1.87	-1.75	-1.42	-1.44	-1.38	-1.39	-1.35	-1.39	-1.44	-1.42	Saint Pierre and Miquelon
-0.65	-0.63	-0.55	-0.47	-0.40	-0.44	-0.51	-0.57	-0.62	-0.66	United States of America
1.48	1.59	1.38	1.23	1.06	0.89	0.74	0.58	0.42	0.26	OCEANIA
-0.16	0.36	0.10	0.06	0.01	-0.10	-0.26	-0.37	-0.45	-0.53	AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND
-0.40	0.23	-0.05	-0.04	-0.04	-0.10	-0.24	-0.35	-0.43	-0.51	Australia (23)
0.85	0.90	0.70	0.46	0.20	-0.09	-0.35	-0.46	-0.55	-0.62	New Zealand
2.37	2.23	1.96	1.71	1.46	1.26	1.08	0.88	0.69	0.49	MELANESIA
-0.50	0.10	-0.03	-0.29	-0.52	-0.59	-0.64	-0.70	-0.78	-0.86	Fiji
0.98	2.33	1.85	1.25	0.70	0.16	-0.28	-0.47	-0.62	-0.75	New Caledonia
2.65	2.39	2.09	1.83	1.57	1.34	1.15	0.94	0.73	0.53	Papua New Guinea
2.30	2.18	1.92	1.71	1.55	1.42	1.30	1.12	0.92	0.73	Solomon Islands
2.27	2.14	1.99	1.81	1.63	1.44	1.26	1.08	0.90	0.73	Vanuatu
0.47	0.40	0.65	0.61	0.50	0.25	0.04	-0.16	-0.32	-0.46	MICRONESIA
1.66	1.09	0.72	0.35	-0.04	-0.43	-0.63	-0.78	-0.89	-0.98	Guam
1.61	1.49	1.30	1.12	0.86	0.53	0.24	0.02	-0.13	-0.24	Kiribati
-1.08	-0.32	0.50	0.05	-0.32	-0.46	-0.44	-0.55	-0.81	-1.14	Marshall Islands

Table A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	3.09	2.93	2.87	2.91	0.27	2.73	3.29	2.43	2.35	0.69
Nauru	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northern Mariana Islands	1.37	2.44	-1.31	-3.04	-5.77	-5.47	8.95	4.95	5.71	2.28
Palau	1.43	2.42	1.56	0.55	0.63	-0.87	-0.45	0.53	1.43	3.11
POLYNESIA (24)	1.63	1.85	2.25	1.61	0.99	1.04	0.87	0.96	1.09	0.99
American Samoa	-0.44	-0.90	1.87	1.67	0.45	0.20	0.89	0.53	-2.81	-3.70
Cook Islands	0.26	0.64	-0.92	1.38	-1.32	-2.79	-0.50	-1.28	0.31	-3.96
French Polynesia	1.40	1.25	1.04	0.62	2.41	2.80	2.88	2.97	3.01	2.42
Niue	0.10	0.59	1.07	0.24	-5.70	-4.08	-5.64	-3.00	-1.63	-3.11
Samoa	1.67	2.73	2.79	2.03	0.93	0.56	0.24	0.55	0.76	0.85
Tokelau	0.50	3.03	0.54	-3.46	-0.54	-0.27	1.95	-1.25	-1.14	0.42
Tonga	2.56	1.65	3.29	2.35	0.88	0.82	-0.08	0.14	0.12	0.38
Tuvalu	0.98	1.27	1.51	0.52	0.07	-0.19	0.13	-1.24	-0.66	-0.37
Wallis and Futuna Islands	2.15	1.88	1.49	-0.85	0.62	4.17	3.73	0.51	0.38	0.49

a More developed regions comprise Europe, Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan.

b Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), Latin America and the Caribbean plus Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia.

c The least developed countries are 49 countries, 33 in Africa, 10 in Asia, 5 in Oceania plus one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

d Other less developed countries comprise the less developed regions excluding the least developed countries.

e Sub-Saharan Africa refers to all of Africa except Northern Africa.

1 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

2 Including Zanzibar.

3 Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

8 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

9 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

10 Including Northern-Cyprus.

11 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

12 Including East Jerusalem.

13 Including Transnistria.

14 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

15 Including Åland Islands.

16 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

17 Refers to the Vatican City State.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

21 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

22 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

23 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

24 Including Pitcairn.

Table A.7. Average annual rate of change of the rural population (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
0.43	0.25	0.42	0.55	0.57	0.35	0.14	-0.07	-0.24	-0.37	Micronesia (Fed. States of)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Nauru
-1.58	-3.31	0.44	-0.13	-0.51	-0.83	-1.15	-1.45	-1.73	-1.95	Northern Mariana Islands
-5.21	-5.30	-4.30	-3.06	-2.00	-1.00	-0.91	-1.08	-1.21	-1.30	Palau
0.75	0.69	0.62	0.53	0.36	0.18	0.07	-0.11	-0.27	-0.41	POLYNESIA (24)
-3.30	-2.66	-1.88	-0.98	-0.06	-0.02	-0.24	-0.41	-0.50	-0.56	American Samoa
-1.98	-0.71	-0.44	-0.55	-0.74	-0.72	-0.70	-0.86	-0.96	-1.07	Cook Islands
1.65	1.36	1.01	0.66	0.28	-0.13	-0.49	-0.66	-0.81	-0.94	French Polynesia
-3.05	-3.47	-3.54	-2.85	-2.35	-0.62	-0.60	-0.69	-0.79	-0.99	Niue
0.61	0.60	0.72	0.52	0.44	0.36	0.42	0.18	-0.01	-0.16	Samoa
-4.98	-1.28	0.30	0.67	0.97	0.82	0.50	0.25	0.19	0.31	Tokelau
0.56	0.56	0.30	0.63	0.51	0.46	0.40	0.29	0.09	-0.13	Tonga
-0.17	-0.54	-0.61	-0.43	-0.20	-0.17	-0.36	-0.57	-0.24	0.02	Tuvalu
-0.35	-0.98	-0.65	-0.16	0.10	0.02	-0.05	-0.15	-0.22	-0.24	Wallis and Futuna Islands

Table A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population by major area, region and country, 1950-2050

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
WORLD	1.82	1.83	1.85	2.07	1.96	1.77	1.76	1.74	1.52	1.34
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)	1.21	1.16	1.08	0.86	0.78	0.65	0.58	0.56	0.43	0.33
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)	2.09	2.12	2.17	2.54	2.38	2.14	2.13	2.08	1.81	1.59
Least developed countries (c)	2.08	2.26	2.40	2.55	2.18	2.48	2.54	2.63	2.75	2.46
Other less developed countries (d)	2.09	2.11	2.14	2.54	2.41	2.09	2.07	2.01	1.68	1.46
Less developed regions, excluding China	2.13	2.36	2.45	2.45	2.41	2.44	2.41	2.28	2.06	1.85
Sub-Saharan Africa (e)	2.03	2.23	2.42	2.54	2.67	2.79	2.80	2.77	2.64	2.54
AFRICA	2.11	2.30	2.44	2.56	2.65	2.77	2.80	2.69	2.53	2.36
EASTERN AFRICA	2.21	2.40	2.64	2.75	2.83	2.91	2.91	2.92	2.47	2.76
Burundi	1.79	1.81	1.77	1.79	0.93	2.31	3.22	2.88	1.66	0.92
Comoros	2.28	1.94	1.88	2.31	2.55	3.91	3.19	2.54	2.43	2.58
Djibouti	2.48	3.80	6.37	6.51	6.52	8.36	3.40	6.65	2.16	3.11
Eritrea	2.04	2.38	2.58	2.63	2.71	3.09	2.56	2.36	0.34	2.65
Ethiopia	1.93	2.11	2.44	2.56	2.59	1.44	2.96	3.25	3.31	2.79
Kenya	2.77	2.99	3.18	3.38	3.62	3.75	3.78	3.53	3.13	2.61
Madagascar	2.15	2.31	2.43	2.55	2.72	2.75	2.56	2.85	3.04	3.14
Malawi	1.89	2.15	2.40	2.62	3.14	3.26	3.05	5.10	1.04	2.55
Mauritius (1)	2.90	2.90	2.66	1.87	1.53	1.54	1.02	0.87	1.41	1.01
Mayotte	4.57	4.68	4.72	3.76	4.17	3.90	5.08	5.30	5.55	3.97
Mozambique	1.58	1.85	2.05	2.19	2.33	2.68	1.87	0.32	3.25	2.66
Réunion	3.22	2.81	3.05	3.37	0.97	1.00	1.86	1.79	1.98	1.79
Rwanda	2.82	3.00	3.01	3.04	3.16	3.31	3.21	3.13	-4.88	7.48
Seychelles	1.37	1.27	2.32	2.09	2.24	1.66	1.27	1.19	1.02	1.02
Somalia	2.16	2.23	2.35	2.54	2.68	8.93	-0.22	0.73	-0.23	2.52
South Sudan	1.07	1.49	1.65	1.83	2.30	2.78	2.98	0.89	-1.49	3.37
Uganda	2.68	2.81	3.32	3.29	2.86	3.00	3.12	3.58	3.26	3.01
United Republic of Tanzania (2)	2.67	2.84	2.96	3.05	3.22	3.13	3.13	3.07	3.23	2.56
Zambia	2.51	2.75	3.00	3.14	3.38	3.29	3.22	2.94	2.53	2.69
Zimbabwe	3.08	3.16	3.28	3.26	3.40	3.33	3.89	3.35	2.20	1.69
MIDDLE AFRICA	1.93	2.14	2.32	2.50	2.59	2.81	2.89	3.00	3.37	2.51
Angola	1.82	1.78	1.80	1.75	2.27	2.81	3.43	2.62	3.16	2.80
Cameroon	1.85	1.97	2.24	2.46	2.72	3.01	2.88	2.93	2.70	2.35
Central African Republic	1.07	1.43	1.85	2.07	1.96	2.39	2.89	2.22	2.51	2.13
Chad	1.89	2.02	2.15	2.12	2.36	2.03	2.46	3.09	3.04	3.22
Congo	2.14	2.40	2.66	2.85	3.05	2.91	2.92	2.76	2.69	2.75
Democratic Republic of the Congo	2.17	2.47	2.65	2.89	2.80	2.95	2.78	3.19	3.82	2.38
Equatorial Guinea	1.05	1.18	1.33	1.53	-3.99	-1.54	6.98	3.58	3.37	3.24
Gabon	0.28	0.42	0.65	1.07	2.35	2.73	3.02	3.15	3.15	2.55
Sao Tome and Principe	-0.41	1.78	0.17	2.55	2.18	2.85	1.85	2.23	1.94	1.95
NORTHERN AFRICA	2.41	2.55	2.50	2.64	2.57	2.70	2.77	2.42	2.12	1.69
Algeria	2.09	2.12	1.98	2.85	3.06	3.21	3.22	2.71	2.24	1.53
Egypt	2.54	2.66	2.60	2.46	2.22	2.27	2.39	2.30	1.76	1.72
Libya	1.80	3.61	3.70	4.12	4.25	4.34	4.57	2.37	1.94	1.82
Morocco	2.47	2.75	2.72	2.78	2.45	2.46	2.61	2.12	1.66	1.34
Sudan	2.74	2.71	2.66	2.76	3.21	3.29	3.26	2.82	3.64	2.32
Tunisia	1.79	1.79	1.85	2.04	2.00	2.61	2.54	2.28	1.68	1.13
Western Sahara	8.63	8.74	8.80	8.18	-0.50	13.96	4.01	3.69	3.20	3.93
SOUTHERN AFRICA	2.30	2.41	2.56	2.54	2.67	2.52	2.56	2.31	2.37	1.64
Botswana	2.59	2.19	2.56	3.02	3.41	3.85	3.43	3.12	2.74	2.06
Lesotho	1.42	1.56	1.84	2.02	2.14	2.61	2.54	1.95	1.81	1.80
Namibia	2.05	2.28	2.49	2.68	2.98	2.24	2.54	4.14	3.09	2.76
South Africa	2.34	2.46	2.60	2.54	2.66	2.47	2.52	2.19	2.36	1.56
Swaziland	2.36	2.56	2.29	2.59	2.97	3.09	3.13	4.03	2.21	1.98
WESTERN AFRICA	1.84	2.06	2.20	2.33	2.54	2.73	2.72	2.62	2.61	2.50
Benin	0.41	0.99	1.46	1.81	2.21	2.53	2.74	2.85	3.38	2.85
Burkina Faso	1.14	1.48	1.58	1.89	2.05	2.28	2.49	2.64	2.74	2.79
Cape Verde	1.78	1.61	2.61	2.65	2.54	-0.74	1.81	1.16	2.52	2.03
Côte d'Ivoire	3.10	3.39	3.91	4.05	4.46	4.56	4.21	3.53	3.18	2.44
Gambia	2.41	3.93	1.88	2.27	3.19	3.15	3.98	4.58	3.07	2.83
Ghana	2.89	3.17	2.94	2.12	2.67	1.92	3.28	2.78	2.78	2.40
Guinea	1.29	1.41	1.53	1.66	0.63	0.55	2.22	3.14	5.45	1.96
Guinea-Bissau	1.77	0.94	0.15	0.17	2.82	3.69	1.99	1.96	2.03	1.95

Table A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
1.22	1.16	1.10	1.00	0.89	0.78	0.69	0.60	0.52	0.43	WORLD
0.37	0.41	0.33	0.27	0.21	0.14	0.10	0.07	0.05	0.03	MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)
1.42	1.33	1.26	1.14	1.02	0.90	0.79	0.69	0.60	0.50	LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)
2.37	2.21	2.23	2.13	2.00	1.87	1.75	1.64	1.53	1.42	Least developed countries (c)
1.26	1.18	1.09	0.96	0.82	0.69	0.58	0.47	0.36	0.26	Other less developed countries (d)
										Less developed regions, excluding China
1.70	1.60	1.52	1.40	1.27	1.14	1.03	0.92	0.82	0.72	
2.49	2.48	2.45	2.37	2.24	2.13	2.03	1.92	1.81	1.69	Sub-Saharan Africa (e)
2.33	2.30	2.27	2.20	2.06	1.95	1.85	1.75	1.64	1.53	AFRICA
2.55	2.60	2.62	2.51	2.35	2.23	2.12	2.01	1.90	1.78	EASTERN AFRICA
2.58	2.90	1.93	1.71	1.41	1.17	1.04	0.97	0.87	0.72	Burundi
2.68	2.67	2.50	2.29	2.19	2.17	2.12	2.00	1.83	1.68	Comoros
1.99	1.90	1.86	1.78	1.79	1.60	1.43	1.30	1.18	1.07	Djibouti
4.03	3.16	2.91	2.39	2.12	1.95	1.85	1.72	1.53	1.32	Eritrea
2.49	2.21	2.07	1.88	1.69	1.50	1.29	1.09	0.92	0.77	Ethiopia
2.61	2.58	2.68	2.52	2.33	2.20	2.11	2.00	1.87	1.72	Kenya
3.04	2.94	2.82	2.75	2.63	2.48	2.30	2.15	2.00	1.87	Madagascar
2.65	3.00	3.24	3.31	3.16	3.03	2.96	2.92	2.82	2.66	Malawi
0.99	0.66	0.53	0.41	0.30	0.18	0.06	-0.06	-0.16	-0.24	Mauritius (1)
3.21	3.11	3.02	2.62	2.39	2.31	2.16	1.95	1.71	1.48	Mayotte
2.64	2.38	2.24	2.18	2.12	2.03	1.89	1.73	1.60	1.49	Mozambique
1.46	1.25	1.09	0.93	0.79	0.66	0.54	0.42	0.31	0.21	Réunion
2.55	2.87	2.92	2.66	2.34	2.15	2.09	2.05	1.94	1.75	Rwanda
1.19	0.71	0.33	0.42	0.32	0.25	0.16	0.02	-0.14	-0.28	Seychelles
2.44	2.20	2.56	2.86	2.91	2.90	2.85	2.77	2.69	2.60	Somalia
2.81	5.30	3.16	2.33	2.12	2.01	1.88	1.76	1.62	1.49	South Sudan
3.21	3.24	3.14	2.99	2.83	2.68	2.53	2.36	2.18	2.01	Uganda
2.63	2.88	3.08	3.10	2.98	2.88	2.80	2.70	2.57	2.42	United Republic of Tanzania (2)
2.33	2.65	3.05	3.23	3.15	3.10	3.09	3.10	3.06	2.95	Zambia
0.10	0.00	2.15	2.09	1.39	1.13	0.93	0.82	0.74	0.63	Zimbabwe
2.85	2.66	2.51	2.37	2.21	2.04	1.88	1.72	1.57	1.43	MIDDLE AFRICA
3.38	2.92	2.70	2.52	2.28	2.07	1.86	1.67	1.49	1.33	Angola
2.26	2.20	2.14	2.01	1.84	1.72	1.62	1.51	1.39	1.26	Cameroon
1.64	1.82	1.96	1.92	1.81	1.69	1.56	1.44	1.33	1.21	Central African Republic
3.48	2.75	2.59	2.48	2.49	2.36	2.20	2.03	1.87	1.71	Chad
2.39	2.70	2.18	2.08	2.14	2.05	1.96	1.85	1.72	1.58	Congo
2.92	2.77	2.62	2.47	2.29	2.11	1.93	1.76	1.61	1.46	Democratic Republic of the Congo
3.10	2.84	2.72	2.40	2.06	1.87	1.71	1.57	1.45	1.34	Equatorial Guinea
2.08	1.88	1.91	1.86	1.73	1.58	1.45	1.35	1.26	1.15	Gabon
1.58	1.61	1.97	1.81	1.66	1.56	1.43	1.28	1.13	0.99	Sao Tome and Principe
1.68	1.58	1.53	1.42	1.22	1.05	0.91	0.79	0.68	0.55	NORTHERN AFRICA
1.49	1.51	1.35	1.14	0.91	0.67	0.51	0.40	0.29	0.16	Algeria
1.85	1.78	1.67	1.45	1.25	1.08	0.94	0.81	0.67	0.53	Egypt
1.96	1.93	0.77	1.39	1.05	0.83	0.75	0.68	0.57	0.40	Libya
1.08	1.00	0.99	0.88	0.74	0.59	0.41	0.27	0.15	0.05	Morocco
2.21	1.76	2.15	2.23	2.01	1.86	1.70	1.56	1.42	1.28	Sudan
0.94	1.12	1.01	0.87	0.69	0.48	0.31	0.21	0.14	0.05	Tunisia
6.68	3.72	3.24	2.81	1.28	1.00	0.78	0.62	0.50	0.38	Western Sahara
1.31	1.02	0.62	0.53	0.52	0.42	0.34	0.27	0.21	0.16	SOUTHERN AFRICA
1.30	1.35	1.05	0.84	0.68	0.53	0.42	0.35	0.30	0.24	Botswana
1.01	1.00	1.03	0.93	0.76	0.62	0.52	0.44	0.39	0.32	Lesotho
1.85	1.87	1.68	1.47	1.37	1.22	1.05	0.90	0.77	0.65	Namibia
1.31	0.96	0.51	0.44	0.44	0.35	0.28	0.20	0.15	0.11	South Africa
0.76	1.42	1.36	1.10	0.92	0.80	0.75	0.71	0.69	0.62	Swaziland
2.53	2.57	2.57	2.52	2.40	2.29	2.19	2.09	1.97	1.85	WESTERN AFRICA
3.16	2.96	2.70	2.58	2.45	2.32	2.19	2.05	1.91	1.76	Benin
2.88	2.97	2.98	2.94	2.80	2.67	2.55	2.44	2.31	2.16	Burkina Faso
1.57	0.95	0.95	0.92	0.84	0.71	0.57	0.42	0.29	0.16	Cape Verde
1.66	1.82	2.18	2.14	2.03	1.90	1.76	1.62	1.48	1.35	Côte d'Ivoire
2.96	2.79	2.68	2.53	2.37	2.21	2.04	1.87	1.71	1.56	Gambia
2.43	2.39	2.26	2.09	1.93	1.80	1.68	1.55	1.41	1.27	Ghana
1.60	1.98	2.51	2.41	2.29	2.16	2.03	1.90	1.77	1.63	Guinea
1.95	2.05	2.08	2.05	1.98	1.90	1.83	1.75	1.67	1.59	Guinea-Bissau

Table A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Liberia	1.80	2.25	2.46	2.64	2.82	2.96	2.80	-0.78	-0.31	6.14
Mali	1.22	1.26	1.29	1.50	1.81	1.85	2.01	1.59	2.49	2.79
Mauritania	2.48	2.76	2.83	2.83	2.93	2.91	2.82	2.65	2.77	2.85
Niger	2.82	2.74	2.95	2.99	2.96	2.93	2.77	2.88	3.29	3.48
Nigeria	1.84	2.03	2.17	2.27	2.55	2.96	2.55	2.56	2.40	2.34
Saint Helena (3)	-0.18	-0.79	-0.42	1.25	1.24	0.55	0.84	-0.34	-1.02	-0.78
Senegal	2.10	2.54	2.79	3.12	3.11	2.47	2.82	3.00	2.89	2.55
Sierra Leone	1.36	1.50	1.63	1.77	1.86	2.11	2.26	2.35	-0.42	1.22
Togo	1.10	1.35	1.49	4.21	2.53	2.28	3.40	2.96	2.17	3.20
ASIA	1.98	1.95	1.99	2.48	2.28	1.95	1.94	1.92	1.63	1.38
EASTERN ASIA	1.91	1.60	1.55	2.56	2.21	1.40	1.38	1.47	1.08	0.82
China (4)	1.99	1.58	1.52	2.74	2.32	1.44	1.44	1.61	1.17	0.89
China, Hong Kong SAR (5)	4.64	4.22	4.24	0.81	1.91	2.97	1.38	1.35	1.17	1.98
China, Macao SAR (6)	-1.59	-1.13	3.76	3.86	-0.22	-0.16	3.70	3.88	2.04	1.61
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	-0.22	2.56	2.37	2.90	2.41	1.40	1.65	1.46	1.55	1.01
Japan	1.45	0.91	1.02	1.27	1.32	0.90	0.69	0.37	0.36	0.20
Mongolia	1.86	2.23	2.95	2.89	2.91	2.66	2.58	2.59	1.01	0.89
Republic of Korea	1.94	3.39	2.49	2.04	1.98	1.52	1.57	1.18	0.77	0.58
Other non-specified areas	3.15	3.40	3.43	3.12	1.99	2.04	1.53	1.02	0.89	0.72
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)	1.90	2.12	2.24	2.33	2.27	2.44	2.39	2.30	2.08	1.83
CENTRAL ASIA	2.96	3.69	3.53	2.61	2.38	2.00	2.05	1.93	1.15	0.72
Kazakhstan	3.52	4.47	3.50	1.92	1.51	1.08	1.12	0.93	-0.74	-1.26
Kyrgyzstan	1.79	2.65	3.39	2.83	2.14	1.90	2.02	1.81	0.88	1.52
Tajikistan	3.04	3.11	3.75	3.15	3.14	2.77	2.89	2.99	1.71	1.33
Turkmenistan	2.25	3.24	3.41	2.93	2.82	2.54	2.42	2.55	2.63	1.44
Uzbekistan	2.78	3.30	3.57	3.14	3.10	2.64	2.61	2.42	2.22	1.56
SOUTHERN ASIA	1.86	2.06	2.18	2.31	2.27	2.46	2.40	2.32	2.12	1.88
Afghanistan	1.60	1.81	2.02	2.24	2.42	0.98	-2.33	0.63	8.36	2.88
Bangladesh	2.73	2.85	2.86	2.92	1.08	2.66	2.70	2.63	2.20	1.96
Bhutan	3.18	2.70	2.69	3.10	3.72	3.38	2.60	2.60	-1.48	1.93
India	1.78	1.94	2.06	2.19	2.32	2.36	2.28	2.16	1.98	1.77
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2.19	2.48	2.61	2.68	2.69	3.25	3.73	3.31	1.71	1.79
Maldives	1.55	2.46	2.67	2.36	3.21	2.84	3.51	3.23	2.50	1.88
Nepal	1.66	1.71	1.89	2.14	2.30	2.36	2.37	2.39	2.48	2.44
Pakistan	1.82	2.21	2.48	2.66	2.85	3.23	3.41	3.17	2.60	2.53
Sri Lanka	1.72	2.20	2.25	2.26	1.91	1.76	1.44	1.34	1.00	0.56
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA	2.22	2.54	2.65	2.60	2.45	2.15	2.25	2.06	1.74	1.51
Brunei Darussalam	5.50	4.68	4.41	4.57	4.49	3.79	2.92	2.81	2.77	2.43
Cambodia	2.15	2.31	2.45	2.44	0.46	-1.74	3.93	3.71	3.17	2.17
Indonesia	1.80	2.31	2.49	2.56	2.50	2.35	2.17	1.84	1.57	1.36
Lao People's Democratic Republic	2.39	2.32	2.31	2.37	2.45	1.23	2.40	2.78	2.69	2.07
Malaysia (8)	2.76	3.02	3.19	2.62	2.42	2.33	2.61	2.88	2.58	2.44
Myanmar	1.89	2.11	2.15	2.29	2.42	2.14	1.89	1.67	1.41	1.30
Philippines	3.54	3.39	3.25	2.94	2.86	2.81	2.77	2.62	2.33	2.20
Singapore	4.90	4.48	2.80	1.97	1.74	1.30	2.30	2.15	2.87	2.37
Thailand	2.70	2.93	3.04	2.99	2.77	2.26	1.94	1.74	0.88	1.14
Timor-Leste	1.26	1.59	1.83	1.97	1.85	-2.65	2.56	2.38	2.75	-0.54
Viet Nam	2.06	2.31	2.51	2.38	2.10	1.59	2.20	2.14	1.96	1.24
WESTERN ASIA	2.74	2.68	2.71	2.55	2.67	2.75	2.83	2.46	2.33	1.99
Armenia	2.88	3.55	3.32	2.66	2.30	1.83	1.51	1.19	-1.90	-0.93
Azerbaijan (9)	2.77	3.16	3.22	2.46	1.91	1.59	1.59	1.56	1.48	0.87
Bahrain	2.85	3.88	2.82	2.57	4.49	6.00	3.05	3.35	2.52	2.65
Cyprus (10)	1.41	1.56	0.28	1.09	1.15	1.07	0.53	1.71	2.19	1.96
Georgia (11)	1.70	1.60	1.47	1.00	0.83	0.66	0.83	0.64	-1.49	-1.32
Iraq	2.75	2.35	2.79	3.33	3.24	3.08	2.38	2.31	3.10	3.24
Israel	6.25	3.91	3.76	2.44	3.16	2.31	1.73	1.94	3.39	2.41
Jordan	7.38	6.43	4.64	7.79	3.65	2.78	3.97	3.95	4.98	1.93
Kuwait	5.05	5.94	12.15	8.83	6.72	5.35	4.70	3.62	-4.98	3.52
Lebanon	2.47	3.12	2.89	2.23	2.30	0.21	0.64	0.43	3.22	1.55
Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)	1.16	1.58	2.16	-1.15	3.24	2.66	3.06	3.36	4.42	4.17
Oman	1.85	2.15	2.46	2.98	4.10	5.48	5.28	3.88	3.56	0.29
Qatar	7.16	5.50	8.79	7.89	8.14	6.16	10.15	5.05	1.13	3.29
Saudi Arabia	2.49	2.68	3.39	3.74	4.82	5.77	5.98	3.99	2.72	1.61
Syrian Arab Republic	2.68	3.14	3.27	3.38	3.39	3.32	3.44	3.06	2.79	2.41

Table A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
2.23	4.54	2.64	2.50	2.40	2.30	2.18	2.03	1.88	1.73	Liberia
3.08	3.08	2.96	2.84	2.71	2.60	2.48	2.35	2.19	2.03	Mali
2.85	2.54	2.24	2.10	1.96	1.84	1.73	1.61	1.48	1.36	Mauritania
3.47	3.54	3.52	3.53	3.41	3.28	3.15	3.01	2.86	2.70	Niger
2.45	2.50	2.53	2.51	2.39	2.30	2.22	2.13	2.02	1.90	Nigeria
-1.91	-2.21	-0.88	0.51	0.37	0.23	0.08	-0.04	-0.14	-0.20	Saint Helena (3)
2.69	2.68	2.60	2.44	2.28	2.15	2.02	1.88	1.72	1.57	Senegal
4.36	2.60	2.09	1.94	1.79	1.67	1.53	1.39	1.23	1.09	Sierra Leone
2.41	2.17	2.04	1.91	1.75	1.60	1.45	1.31	1.17	1.03	Togo
1.18	1.08	0.99	0.85	0.71	0.57	0.45	0.33	0.21	0.10	ASIA
0.55	0.47	0.38	0.23	0.08	-0.05	-0.18	-0.31	-0.43	-0.53	EASTERN ASIA
0.60	0.51	0.42	0.26	0.11	-0.03	-0.17	-0.30	-0.43	-0.55	China (4)
0.08	0.70	1.04	0.98	0.90	0.78	0.60	0.46	0.40	0.38	China, Hong Kong SAR (5)
2.17	2.43	2.01	1.70	1.41	1.11	0.82	0.59	0.41	0.27	China, Macao SAR (6)
0.73	0.50	0.41	0.40	0.37	0.27	0.15	0.05	-0.01	-0.04	Dem. People's Republic of Korea
0.11	0.02	-0.07	-0.20	-0.33	-0.42	-0.48	-0.52	-0.53	-0.51	Japan
1.10	1.57	1.53	1.37	1.12	0.89	0.80	0.80	0.76	0.63	Mongolia
0.45	0.48	0.38	0.28	0.17	0.04	-0.11	-0.28	-0.42	-0.53	Republic of Korea
0.71	0.42	0.09	-0.03	-0.10	-0.22	-0.38	-0.56	-0.74	-0.88	Other non-specified areas
1.60	1.44	1.38	1.22	1.06	0.90	0.75	0.62	0.49	0.36	SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)
0.71	1.14	1.16	1.14	0.94	0.75	0.62	0.55	0.46	0.35	CENTRAL ASIA
0.29	1.10	1.05	0.92	0.73	0.58	0.58	0.63	0.61	0.52	Kazakhstan
0.35	1.13	1.07	1.33	1.11	0.95	0.89	0.83	0.73	0.61	Kyrgyzstan
0.89	1.28	1.46	1.46	1.33	1.16	1.01	0.92	0.84	0.74	Tajikistan
1.07	1.20	1.24	1.13	0.93	0.72	0.55	0.43	0.31	0.19	Turkmenistan
0.92	1.12	1.14	1.15	0.93	0.69	0.50	0.36	0.24	0.11	Uzbekistan
1.64	1.45	1.38	1.22	1.06	0.90	0.76	0.62	0.49	0.36	SOUTHERN ASIA
3.78	2.58	3.13	2.75	2.44	2.25	2.05	1.87	1.71	1.55	Afghanistan
1.63	1.12	1.25	1.10	0.93	0.75	0.57	0.41	0.25	0.10	Bangladesh
2.87	1.93	1.55	1.10	0.91	0.72	0.55	0.41	0.27	0.13	Bhutan
1.57	1.43	1.32	1.17	1.01	0.87	0.73	0.59	0.46	0.33	India
1.30	1.18	1.04	0.79	0.51	0.31	0.21	0.14	0.02	-0.15	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
1.55	1.35	1.29	1.11	0.86	0.62	0.44	0.34	0.24	0.10	Maldives
2.23	1.87	1.68	1.53	1.37	1.18	0.99	0.83	0.68	0.54	Nepal
1.86	1.80	1.77	1.59	1.43	1.22	1.03	0.87	0.72	0.56	Pakistan
1.14	1.00	0.80	0.58	0.39	0.27	0.19	0.10	-0.03	-0.17	Sri Lanka
1.33	1.16	1.07	0.93	0.80	0.67	0.54	0.42	0.30	0.19	SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA
2.09	1.88	1.65	1.43	1.23	1.06	0.91	0.77	0.64	0.51	Brunei Darussalam
1.41	1.14	1.20	1.14	0.97	0.79	0.62	0.49	0.38	0.26	Cambodia
1.26	1.08	0.98	0.83	0.69	0.57	0.44	0.30	0.17	0.05	Indonesia
1.58	1.50	1.33	1.22	1.06	0.86	0.64	0.45	0.30	0.17	Lao People's Democratic Republic
2.17	1.69	1.57	1.43	1.29	1.15	0.99	0.82	0.68	0.58	Malaysia (8)
0.60	0.70	0.79	0.70	0.57	0.42	0.26	0.13	0.02	-0.07	Myanmar
2.02	1.73	1.68	1.58	1.47	1.35	1.21	1.08	0.95	0.84	Philippines
1.70	3.52	1.10	0.81	0.72	0.60	0.40	0.15	-0.02	-0.11	Singapore
1.09	0.71	0.50	0.34	0.22	0.12	0.02	-0.11	-0.22	-0.32	Thailand
3.93	2.14	2.92	2.98	2.88	2.64	2.35	2.12	1.96	1.83	Timor-Leste
1.09	1.10	1.02	0.83	0.61	0.43	0.30	0.20	0.07	-0.08	Viet Nam
2.19	2.41	1.88	1.70	1.53	1.36	1.23	1.11	0.99	0.87	WESTERN ASIA
-0.07	0.17	0.26	0.09	-0.09	-0.18	-0.21	-0.24	-0.31	-0.39	Armenia
1.14	1.35	1.19	0.96	0.64	0.46	0.43	0.42	0.33	0.20	Azerbaijan (9)
2.55	11.09	2.13	1.43	1.04	0.82	0.67	0.54	0.36	0.13	Bahrain
1.81	1.33	1.08	0.89	0.72	0.60	0.41	0.24	0.10	-0.04	Cyprus (10)
-1.17	-0.57	-0.59	-0.70	-0.79	-0.84	-0.85	-0.84	-0.83	-0.80	Georgia (11)
2.74	2.93	3.10	2.87	2.71	2.45	2.30	2.13	1.97	1.82	Iraq
1.87	2.32	1.66	1.45	1.30	1.20	1.13	1.07	0.98	0.89	Israel
2.03	2.94	1.88	1.61	1.42	1.25	1.08	0.90	0.71	0.53	Jordan
3.08	3.79	2.41	1.90	1.72	1.62	1.52	1.36	1.17	1.00	Kuwait
1.59	0.85	0.73	0.59	0.47	0.33	0.17	0.03	-0.09	-0.21	Lebanon
2.12	2.55	2.81	2.69	2.51	2.28	2.06	1.89	1.74	1.60	Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)
1.41	2.71	1.89	1.46	1.07	0.75	0.51	0.29	0.07	-0.13	Oman
6.58	15.24	2.90	1.57	0.80	0.71	0.66	0.59	0.44	0.25	Qatar
3.64	2.65	2.13	1.87	1.54	1.21	1.00	0.84	0.71	0.56	Saudi Arabia
2.90	1.98	1.67	1.64	1.54	1.37	1.16	0.93	0.74	0.60	Syrian Arab Republic

Table A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Turkey	2.93	2.72	2.45	2.16	2.20	2.16	2.27	1.83	1.68	1.56
United Arab Emirates	2.44	2.68	9.76	9.19	16.68	12.89	5.67	5.86	5.22	5.12
Yemen	1.64	1.76	1.92	1.74	1.70	3.43	4.11	4.05	4.75	3.14
EUROPE	1.00	0.97	0.96	0.69	0.61	0.49	0.40	0.38	0.19	-0.02
EASTERN EUROPE	1.48	1.29	1.06	0.71	0.67	0.64	0.58	0.45	-0.04	-0.37
Belarus	0.15	0.97	0.99	0.98	0.71	0.61	0.69	0.52	0.03	-0.43
Bulgaria	0.67	0.96	0.84	0.68	0.54	0.32	0.22	-0.32	-1.08	-0.86
Czech Republic	0.83	0.57	0.34	0.21	0.41	0.53	0.08	0.00	0.03	-0.15
Hungary	1.01	0.32	0.31	0.34	0.39	0.34	-0.29	-0.32	-0.09	-0.24
Poland	1.89	1.24	1.39	0.88	0.87	0.92	0.89	0.45	0.18	-0.05
Republic of Moldova (13)	2.31	2.68	2.10	1.50	1.32	0.87	1.00	0.69	-0.12	-1.10
Romania	1.39	1.03	0.67	1.24	0.96	0.88	0.47	0.42	-0.46	-0.44
Russian Federation	1.63	1.47	1.11	0.57	0.58	0.65	0.71	0.63	0.06	-0.26
Slovakia	1.83	1.67	1.19	0.75	0.90	1.01	0.71	0.49	0.37	0.13
Ukraine	1.45	1.30	1.16	0.85	0.71	0.41	0.36	0.27	-0.20	-0.89
NORTHERN EUROPE	0.40	0.58	0.72	0.57	0.38	0.20	0.18	0.30	0.24	0.24
Channel Islands (14)	0.64	0.71	0.99	1.04	0.84	0.28	0.83	0.97	0.25	0.47
Denmark	0.78	0.62	0.77	0.70	0.53	0.25	-0.04	0.11	0.36	0.40
Estonia	1.04	0.94	1.20	1.11	0.96	0.56	0.71	0.54	-1.69	-1.00
Faroe Islands	0.24	1.48	1.16	1.15	0.94	1.14	1.23	0.89	-1.79	1.01
Finland (15)	1.10	0.90	0.60	0.18	0.45	0.29	0.51	0.34	0.48	0.26
Iceland	2.00	2.16	1.74	1.22	1.32	0.91	1.13	1.08	0.97	1.00
Ireland	-0.08	-0.50	0.32	0.61	1.44	1.42	0.67	-0.02	0.45	1.04
Isle of Man	-1.06	-1.57	0.92	2.24	1.44	1.32	-0.21	1.74	0.52	1.24
Latvia	0.67	1.13	1.18	0.91	0.76	0.45	0.54	0.62	-1.33	-0.88
Lithuania	0.47	1.05	1.37	1.12	1.01	0.78	0.75	0.74	-0.36	-0.72
Norway (16)	0.97	0.88	0.78	0.81	0.66	0.39	0.33	0.42	0.55	0.60
Sweden	0.69	0.59	0.67	0.78	0.37	0.29	0.10	0.49	0.62	0.08
United Kingdom	0.22	0.52	0.68	0.47	0.21	0.02	0.58	0.25	0.27	0.30
SOUTHERN EUROPE	0.85	0.75	0.82	0.72	0.87	0.78	0.44	0.24	0.17	0.21
Albania	2.53	3.10	2.99	2.66	2.34	2.14	2.03	2.13	-0.92	-0.45
Andorra	7.94	7.45	6.52	5.48	4.80	3.74	4.78	2.14	4.07	-0.02
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2.02	1.54	1.32	0.97	1.00	0.87	1.04	0.89	-5.14	2.06
Croatia	0.59	0.39	0.37	0.23	0.45	0.52	0.43	0.20	0.66	-0.71
Gibraltar	0.50	0.47	1.55	1.17	0.63	0.87	0.03	0.17	0.33	0.05
Greece	1.03	0.90	0.52	0.56	0.57	1.28	0.60	0.45	0.98	0.58
Holy See (17)	—	0.02	-1.16	-5.54	2.36	-0.08	0.57	0.61	0.28	0.15
Italy	0.75	0.57	0.77	0.71	0.65	0.40	0.20	0.02	0.05	0.01
Malta	0.15	-0.09	-0.46	-0.15	0.15	1.32	1.33	1.03	1.01	0.55
Montenegro	1.47	1.69	1.64	0.47	1.13	0.96	-0.00	1.11	1.10	-0.33
Portugal	0.58	0.50	0.04	-0.49	1.16	1.23	0.36	-0.07	0.40	0.41
San Marino	1.49	2.23	2.50	1.86	0.62	1.62	1.25	1.16	1.24	0.98
Serbia (18)	1.39	0.99	0.79	0.71	0.87	0.94	0.72	0.63	1.29	-0.14
Slovenia	0.79	0.61	0.63	0.48	0.85	1.01	0.55	0.46	0.41	0.19
Spain (19)	0.71	0.89	1.09	1.02	1.12	0.96	0.52	0.21	0.27	0.43
TFYR Macedonia (20)	1.92	0.56	1.24	1.14	1.33	1.37	0.37	0.87	0.56	0.46
WESTERN EUROPE	0.67	0.83	1.04	0.70	0.43	0.15	0.15	0.43	0.59	0.26
Austria	0.02	0.28	0.63	0.54	0.30	-0.08	0.03	0.29	0.68	0.17
Belgium	0.54	0.63	0.61	0.40	0.34	0.12	-0.01	0.22	0.26	0.19
France	0.75	1.01	1.30	0.81	0.75	0.45	0.51	0.51	0.40	0.41
Germany	0.56	0.70	0.85	0.57	0.13	-0.10	-0.15	0.36	0.70	0.10
Liechtenstein	1.51	2.20	2.45	2.64	1.73	1.59	1.47	1.32	1.31	1.20
Luxembourg	0.60	0.58	1.08	0.46	1.13	0.29	0.14	0.78	1.33	1.33
Monaco	0.39	1.64	0.55	0.81	1.20	0.72	1.80	1.59	1.33	1.24
Netherlands	1.26	1.34	1.35	1.18	0.97	0.70	0.51	0.60	0.70	0.56
Switzerland	1.26	1.27	1.92	1.13	0.60	-0.17	0.48	0.67	1.01	0.42
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN	2.72	2.76	2.76	2.51	2.41	2.29	2.10	1.92	1.71	1.55
CARIBBEAN	1.90	1.97	2.15	1.86	1.72	1.46	1.43	1.39	1.27	1.07
Anguilla	2.13	0.57	0.84	0.91	0.71	0.20	-0.11	4.48	3.26	2.42
Antigua and Barbuda	2.56	0.76	1.81	1.83	1.14	0.23	-1.36	-1.07	1.97	2.47
Aruba	2.77	4.30	1.13	0.59	0.53	-0.18	0.95	-0.28	5.13	2.34
Bahamas	2.28	4.24	4.92	3.80	2.18	2.18	2.15	1.76	1.77	1.24
Barbados	1.46	0.33	0.38	0.28	0.58	0.25	0.45	0.40	0.30	0.31

Table A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
1.37	1.31	1.14	0.95	0.78	0.63	0.48	0.34	0.21	0.08	Turkey
5.88	12.26	2.17	1.82	1.46	1.22	1.03	0.84	0.65	0.43	United Arab Emirates
3.06	3.05	3.02	2.83	2.60	2.38	2.22	2.08	1.92	1.75	Yemen
0.11	0.20	0.10	0.06	-0.01	-0.07	-0.12	-0.14	-0.16	-0.19	EUROPE
-0.43	-0.20	-0.17	-0.21	-0.29	-0.38	-0.42	-0.42	-0.41	-0.43	EASTERN EUROPE
-0.47	-0.47	-0.32	-0.34	-0.40	-0.48	-0.51	-0.51	-0.52	-0.55	Belarus
-0.68	-0.64	-0.66	-0.71	-0.78	-0.84	-0.85	-0.83	-0.82	-0.85	Bulgaria
-0.04	0.53	0.27	0.20	0.11	-0.00	-0.11	-0.12	-0.06	-0.01	Czech Republic
-0.24	-0.21	-0.16	-0.16	-0.17	-0.20	-0.24	-0.24	-0.20	-0.17	Hungary
-0.07	0.06	0.04	0.01	-0.08	-0.21	-0.36	-0.43	-0.43	-0.39	Poland
-1.73	-1.06	-0.68	-0.56	-0.58	-0.72	-0.79	-0.80	-0.84	-0.92	Republic of Moldova (13)
-0.38	-0.26	-0.23	-0.26	-0.30	-0.36	-0.41	-0.43	-0.46	-0.51	Romania
-0.40	-0.12	-0.10	-0.17	-0.28	-0.38	-0.40	-0.37	-0.38	-0.41	Russian Federation
0.04	0.17	0.16	0.14	0.07	-0.06	-0.22	-0.30	-0.31	-0.31	Slovakia
-0.82	-0.64	-0.55	-0.54	-0.58	-0.63	-0.64	-0.59	-0.55	-0.54	Ukraine
0.41	0.59	0.53	0.51	0.47	0.42	0.30	0.23	0.18	0.15	NORTHERN EUROPE
0.47	0.61	0.19	0.15	0.10	0.03	-0.07	-0.16	-0.21	-0.23	Channel Islands (14)
0.30	0.48	0.35	0.31	0.29	0.23	0.13	0.04	-0.02	-0.05	Denmark
-0.37	-0.07	-0.07	-0.11	-0.20	-0.31	-0.33	-0.27	-0.21	-0.20	Estonia
1.07	0.19	0.46	0.44	0.47	0.44	0.32	0.19	0.07	0.03	Faroe Islands
0.27	0.45	0.32	0.28	0.21	0.12	0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.00	Finland (15)
1.08	1.52	1.16	1.06	0.93	0.79	0.65	0.54	0.45	0.36	Iceland
1.78	1.45	1.14	0.97	0.81	0.70	0.64	0.63	0.60	0.53	Ireland
0.81	0.71	0.45	0.30	0.19	0.09	-0.06	-0.13	-0.17	-0.19	Isle of Man
-0.68	-0.47	-0.38	-0.38	-0.44	-0.46	-0.50	-0.45	-0.39	-0.37	Latvia
-0.49	-0.55	-0.44	-0.38	-0.37	-0.41	-0.45	-0.46	-0.43	-0.39	Lithuania
0.58	1.09	0.69	0.68	0.67	0.61	0.51	0.43	0.38	0.36	Norway (16)
0.38	0.76	0.56	0.56	0.51	0.39	0.28	0.25	0.24	0.24	Sweden
0.45	0.60	0.60	0.58	0.54	0.50	0.36	0.27	0.21	0.15	United Kingdom
0.69	0.65	0.29	0.13	0.04	-0.03	-0.05	-0.07	-0.12	-0.18	SOUTHERN EUROPE
0.45	0.39	0.33	0.22	0.07	-0.09	-0.26	-0.42	-0.56	-0.67	Albania
3.73	1.72	1.54	1.42	1.31	1.23	1.14	1.04	0.95	0.88	Andorra
0.47	-0.11	-0.24	-0.37	-0.45	-0.53	-0.64	-0.76	-0.88	-0.96	Bosnia and Herzegovina
-0.28	-0.17	-0.19	-0.23	-0.27	-0.32	-0.37	-0.41	-0.42	-0.42	Croatia
1.22	0.12	0.08	0.04	-0.03	-0.14	-0.23	-0.28	-0.29	-0.29	Gibraltar
0.35	0.31	0.23	0.13	0.06	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.01	-0.04	Greece
-9.39	-1.43	0.09	-0.22	-0.13	-0.18	-0.13	-0.09	0.27	0.22	Holy See (17)
0.58	0.63	0.23	0.02	-0.06	-0.09	-0.10	-0.12	-0.15	-0.20	Italy
0.59	0.35	0.31	0.22	0.13	0.01	-0.11	-0.19	-0.23	-0.22	Malta
-0.19	0.15	0.08	0.06	-0.02	-0.09	-0.15	-0.21	-0.27	-0.31	Montenegro
0.40	0.25	0.05	-0.15	-0.28	-0.32	-0.36	-0.42	-0.51	-0.61	Portugal
2.33	0.80	0.62	0.36	0.26	0.18	0.12	0.07	0.02	-0.04	San Marino
-0.56	0.00	-0.10	-0.18	-0.23	-0.26	-0.30	-0.35	-0.40	-0.45	Serbia (18)
0.17	0.27	0.23	0.13	0.01	-0.08	-0.14	-0.16	-0.17	-0.18	Slovenia
1.49	1.20	0.62	0.47	0.34	0.20	0.19	0.18	0.13	0.03	Spain (19)
0.29	0.22	0.12	0.00	-0.10	-0.19	-0.29	-0.38	-0.46	-0.52	TFYR Macedonia (20)
0.36	0.28	0.15	0.16	0.12	0.08	0.03	-0.01	-0.04	-0.07	WESTERN EUROPE
0.56	0.39	0.16	0.12	0.11	0.07	-0.00	-0.07	-0.13	-0.18	Austria
0.46	0.56	0.29	0.25	0.23	0.21	0.18	0.16	0.14	0.13	Belgium
0.65	0.58	0.51	0.45	0.40	0.37	0.34	0.30	0.26	0.23	France
0.05	-0.06	-0.20	-0.12	-0.16	-0.22	-0.26	-0.29	-0.32	-0.34	Germany
1.09	0.76	0.77	0.75	0.71	0.62	0.49	0.39	0.34	0.34	Liechtenstein
0.97	2.09	1.35	1.20	1.07	0.94	0.78	0.60	0.43	0.27	Luxembourg
0.08	0.08	0.04	-0.00	0.01	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.05	0.02	Monaco
0.55	0.37	0.28	0.22	0.18	0.13	0.06	-0.02	-0.10	-0.13	Netherlands
0.68	0.66	0.39	0.32	0.25	0.13	-0.02	-0.12	-0.19	-0.23	Switzerland
1.32	1.15	1.07	0.93	0.80	0.66	0.53	0.40	0.28	0.16	LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN
0.88	0.72	0.66	0.59	0.51	0.39	0.28	0.16	0.04	-0.07	CARIBBEAN
4.08	2.47	1.56	1.03	0.54	0.37	0.20	0.05	-0.07	-0.19	Anguilla
1.55	1.11	0.98	0.89	0.78	0.65	0.51	0.37	0.25	0.16	Antigua and Barbuda
2.25	1.25	0.34	0.24	0.15	0.01	-0.17	-0.34	-0.45	-0.49	Aruba
1.41	1.42	1.14	1.05	0.90	0.72	0.54	0.38	0.29	0.20	Bahamas
0.22	0.21	0.22	0.19	0.12	0.01	-0.13	-0.26	-0.37	-0.43	Barbados

Table A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
British Virgin Islands	0.58	0.90	1.89	2.15	1.33	0.98	3.81	4.26	2.23	2.12
Cayman Islands	1.00	3.65	1.45	1.85	5.81	5.57	3.59	5.11	4.60	4.07
Cuba	1.97	1.75	2.15	1.83	1.59	0.81	0.52	0.97	0.62	0.37
Dominica	1.31	1.91	1.61	1.78	0.28	0.87	-0.45	-0.75	0.12	-0.48
Dominican Republic	3.21	3.38	3.25	2.95	2.63	2.37	2.24	2.09	1.91	1.64
Grenada	1.10	2.07	1.02	-0.04	-0.43	-0.77	2.31	-0.74	0.81	0.27
Guadeloupe (21)	2.36	3.08	1.75	1.25	0.52	-0.10	1.65	1.70	0.92	1.08
Haiti	1.75	1.91	1.99	1.95	1.75	2.02	2.34	2.16	2.01	1.86
Jamaica	1.89	1.10	1.55	1.20	1.48	1.16	1.49	0.58	0.80	0.95
Martinique	2.04	2.74	2.00	0.88	0.18	-0.14	0.87	1.06	0.57	0.83
Montserrat	1.10	-3.33	-0.43	-0.37	0.25	0.23	-1.03	-1.08	-0.96	-14.56
Netherlands Antilles (22)	1.89	1.87	1.67	1.66	0.87	0.83	0.94	0.96	-0.04	-1.12
Puerto Rico	0.28	0.95	1.81	1.01	1.58	1.68	1.12	0.87	0.96	0.60
Saint Kitts and Nevis	1.04	1.08	-0.79	-1.84	-0.27	-0.51	-0.54	-0.62	1.14	1.33
Saint Lucia	0.96	0.76	1.40	1.47	0.93	1.53	1.38	1.81	1.27	1.32
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	1.86	1.92	1.20	1.02	1.10	0.99	0.77	0.58	0.12	-0.04
Trinidad and Tobago	2.47	3.12	1.22	1.59	0.83	1.33	1.68	0.72	0.74	0.48
Turks and Caicos Islands	0.59	1.93	-0.19	-0.13	3.01	2.79	4.66	3.90	5.67	4.15
United States Virgin Islands	1.83	2.11	8.38	5.12	5.84	2.75	1.23	-0.27	0.72	0.28
CENTRAL AMERICA	2.97	3.24	3.09	2.86	2.91	2.63	2.13	2.08	1.91	1.69
Belize	2.96	2.96	2.80	2.76	1.76	1.48	2.84	2.75	2.93	2.57
Costa Rica	3.13	3.33	3.42	2.80	2.36	2.69	2.77	2.63	2.44	2.44
El Salvador	2.00	2.63	3.14	2.82	2.49	1.91	1.41	1.31	1.45	0.71
Guatemala	2.85	2.74	2.71	2.69	2.68	2.44	2.45	2.30	2.31	2.30
Honduras	2.86	3.06	3.23	2.69	2.87	3.13	3.05	2.92	2.63	2.18
Mexico	3.07	3.36	3.12	2.89	2.99	2.66	2.04	2.03	1.81	1.60
Nicaragua	3.02	3.26	3.02	3.02	3.06	2.97	2.62	2.17	2.36	1.80
Panama	2.57	2.86	2.92	2.91	2.68	2.46	2.20	2.06	2.05	1.98
SOUTH AMERICA	2.75	2.71	2.73	2.47	2.32	2.27	2.17	1.93	1.69	1.54
Argentina	1.98	1.71	1.56	1.46	1.68	1.52	1.52	1.45	1.31	1.16
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	2.06	2.19	2.24	2.33	2.43	2.34	2.14	2.23	2.30	2.12
Brazil	3.05	2.92	2.97	2.59	2.38	2.35	2.26	1.88	1.57	1.50
Chile	2.14	2.46	2.47	2.02	1.68	1.41	1.60	1.71	1.77	1.36
Colombia	2.83	2.93	2.96	2.79	2.33	2.30	2.20	2.03	1.87	1.74
Ecuador	2.62	2.79	2.96	2.98	2.91	2.83	2.66	2.42	2.08	1.62
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	-0.53	-0.53	-0.66	-0.82	-0.76	-0.65	—	1.42	4.04	3.33
French Guiana	2.27	2.52	3.90	4.21	3.19	3.49	5.10	5.82	3.43	3.44
Guyana	3.46	2.95	2.68	2.36	0.76	0.74	-0.66	-0.72	0.08	0.14
Paraguay	2.56	2.59	2.65	2.63	2.42	2.62	2.93	2.75	2.44	2.16
Peru	2.55	2.71	2.88	2.80	2.77	2.65	2.37	2.17	1.88	1.64
Suriname	3.02	2.97	2.72	2.28	-0.42	0.07	0.56	1.57	1.38	1.37
Uruguay	1.16	1.35	1.19	0.84	0.14	0.59	0.65	0.64	0.72	0.58
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	4.00	3.90	3.63	3.27	3.43	3.41	2.77	2.62	2.26	2.00
NORTHERN AMERICA	1.71	1.78	1.41	1.07	0.94	0.97	0.97	1.03	1.01	1.15
Bermuda	1.74	1.91	1.77	1.16	0.95	0.65	0.61	0.67	0.53	0.46
Canada	2.72	2.59	1.88	1.97	1.27	1.15	1.05	1.39	1.12	0.91
Greenland	2.75	4.26	3.66	3.38	1.31	0.25	1.15	0.88	0.02	0.21
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	0.66	0.80	0.70	1.37	1.50	0.39	0.36	0.56	0.07	-0.10
United States of America	1.62	1.70	1.36	0.98	0.90	0.96	0.96	0.99	1.00	1.18
OCEANIA	2.22	2.15	2.06	2.19	1.94	1.33	1.61	1.60	1.48	1.39
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND	2.35	2.19	2.00	2.11	1.75	1.02	1.33	1.43	1.23	1.10
Australia (23)	2.38	2.21	1.99	2.28	1.75	1.15	1.45	1.56	1.16	1.12
New Zealand	2.26	2.10	2.05	1.41	1.79	0.41	0.76	0.78	1.57	0.97
MELANESIA	1.59	1.91	2.22	2.43	2.82	2.61	2.61	2.18	2.37	2.40
Fiji	2.95	3.21	3.30	2.31	2.05	1.94	2.27	0.46	1.26	0.91
New Caledonia	0.88	2.82	3.12	2.85	4.02	2.05	1.66	1.84	2.34	2.11
Papua New Guinea	1.28	1.54	1.88	2.38	2.86	2.70	2.69	2.45	2.52	2.63
Solomon Islands	2.58	2.90	2.98	3.13	3.69	3.47	3.19	2.82	2.82	2.74
Vanuatu	2.82	2.96	3.07	2.79	3.14	2.93	2.35	2.40	2.75	1.90
MICRONESIA	1.99	2.31	2.77	2.77	1.95	2.42	3.45	3.06	2.19	1.26
Guam	1.11	1.35	2.37	2.37	2.20	2.22	2.28	2.28	1.67	1.28
Kiribati	2.07	2.61	2.78	2.94	1.99	2.43	2.69	2.75	1.45	1.68
Marshall Islands	1.33	1.08	3.29	3.31	4.53	3.57	4.52	4.20	1.51	0.44

Table A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
1.40	1.11	0.94	0.82	0.71	0.57	0.39	0.21	0.05	-0.04	British Virgin Islands
5.25	1.46	0.82	0.63	0.49	0.35	0.19	0.01	-0.17	-0.31	Cayman Islands
0.27	0.01	-0.05	-0.10	-0.13	-0.21	-0.33	-0.46	-0.58	-0.70	Cuba
-0.22	-0.34	0.01	0.03	0.23	0.04	-0.15	-0.28	-0.35	-0.42	Dominica
1.51	1.38	1.22	1.05	0.89	0.73	0.58	0.42	0.28	0.14	Dominican Republic
0.24	0.34	0.39	0.30	0.07	-0.18	-0.38	-0.53	-0.69	-0.91	Grenada
0.85	0.66	0.45	0.35	0.27	0.17	0.04	-0.09	-0.22	-0.32	Guadeloupe (21)
1.56	1.34	1.28	1.20	1.09	0.95	0.82	0.68	0.55	0.42	Haiti
0.76	0.44	0.35	0.27	0.14	-0.04	-0.24	-0.42	-0.59	-0.77	Jamaica
0.61	0.42	0.26	0.14	0.04	-0.06	-0.19	-0.34	-0.47	-0.59	Martinique
2.54	1.16	0.88	0.64	0.52	0.41	0.32	0.21	0.11	0.02	Montserrat
0.68	1.52	0.72	0.37	0.15	-0.06	-0.22	-0.32	-0.40	-0.51	Netherlands Antilles (22)
-0.17	-0.18	-0.04	0.03	0.03	0.00	-0.05	-0.10	-0.16	-0.21	Puerto Rico
1.30	1.27	1.18	1.03	0.86	0.72	0.58	0.44	0.30	0.18	Saint Kitts and Nevis
1.01	1.06	0.96	0.81	0.63	0.45	0.30	0.17	0.04	-0.09	Saint Lucia
0.16	0.11	0.00	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.14	0.18	0.06	-0.05	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
0.36	0.39	0.32	0.15	-0.05	-0.22	-0.18	-0.19	-0.26	-0.36	Trinidad and Tobago
9.62	4.56	1.23	0.84	0.62	0.51	0.40	0.23	0.01	-0.20	Turks and Caicos Islands
0.16	-0.06	-0.25	-0.31	-0.36	-0.45	-0.54	-0.57	-0.50	-0.37	United States Virgin Islands
1.40	1.39	1.32	1.16	1.01	0.87	0.73	0.60	0.46	0.34	CENTRAL AMERICA
2.29	2.07	1.96	1.84	1.64	1.41	1.19	1.01	0.85	0.69	Belize
1.90	1.56	1.36	1.11	0.87	0.66	0.48	0.33	0.19	0.06	Costa Rica
0.37	0.47	0.61	0.69	0.71	0.70	0.54	0.41	0.29	0.16	El Salvador
2.47	2.47	2.52	2.37	2.21	2.04	1.87	1.72	1.57	1.43	Guatemala
2.02	1.99	1.98	1.79	1.59	1.40	1.22	1.05	0.89	0.73	Honduras
1.26	1.26	1.14	0.95	0.80	0.66	0.51	0.37	0.23	0.10	Mexico
1.34	1.30	1.42	1.22	1.01	0.83	0.65	0.48	0.32	0.16	Nicaragua
1.82	1.65	1.46	1.30	1.16	1.01	0.86	0.71	0.58	0.46	Panama
1.34	1.10	1.01	0.88	0.74	0.60	0.46	0.34	0.22	0.10	SOUTH AMERICA
0.93	0.88	0.85	0.78	0.69	0.59	0.51	0.43	0.35	0.27	Argentina
1.93	1.64	1.57	1.53	1.47	1.41	1.30	1.19	1.07	0.94	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
1.28	0.94	0.84	0.69	0.54	0.39	0.24	0.11	-0.01	-0.13	Brazil
1.11	0.97	0.86	0.74	0.60	0.45	0.31	0.18	0.07	-0.03	Chile
1.58	1.46	1.28	1.11	0.94	0.78	0.62	0.47	0.34	0.22	Colombia
1.68	1.49	1.31	1.14	0.98	0.82	0.66	0.51	0.37	0.23	Ecuador
0.53	0.39	0.28	0.16	0.06	-0.06	-0.14	-0.12	-0.09	-0.07	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
4.05	2.70	2.52	2.38	2.22	2.04	1.85	1.67	1.54	1.44	French Guiana
0.36	0.22	0.22	0.27	0.31	0.24	0.05	-0.15	-0.28	-0.34	Guyana
1.97	1.80	1.71	1.56	1.40	1.23	1.07	0.93	0.80	0.68	Paraguay
1.27	1.07	1.13	1.06	0.98	0.83	0.67	0.52	0.37	0.24	Peru
1.34	0.99	0.87	0.74	0.63	0.50	0.33	0.16	0.01	-0.10	Suriname
0.02	0.28	0.35	0.39	0.33	0.27	0.20	0.12	0.05	-0.02	Uruguay
1.82	1.67	1.49	1.31	1.13	0.97	0.82	0.67	0.53	0.41	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
0.99	0.91	0.86	0.80	0.74	0.67	0.60	0.55	0.51	0.48	NORTHERN AMERICA
0.41	0.25	0.19	0.16	0.11	0.03	-0.06	-0.15	-0.19	-0.18	Bermuda
1.03	1.05	0.92	0.85	0.75	0.65	0.54	0.46	0.42	0.40	Canada
0.35	0.04	-0.01	-0.12	-0.31	-0.51	-0.31	-0.43	-0.52	-0.60	Greenland
-0.43	-0.30	-0.00	-0.02	-0.02	0.00	0.02	-0.01	-0.01	-0.04	Saint Pierre and Miquelon
0.99	0.89	0.85	0.80	0.74	0.67	0.61	0.56	0.51	0.48	United States of America
1.49	1.75	1.46	1.33	1.20	1.07	0.94	0.84	0.75	0.66	OCEANIA
1.27	1.64	1.28	1.14	1.00	0.85	0.72	0.61	0.54	0.46	AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND
1.25	1.75	1.32	1.18	1.03	0.88	0.75	0.64	0.57	0.49	Australia (23)
1.38	1.10	1.04	0.95	0.84	0.70	0.56	0.46	0.38	0.31	New Zealand
2.25	2.22	2.05	1.91	1.78	1.67	1.55	1.41	1.28	1.15	MELANESIA
0.27	0.90	0.81	0.59	0.39	0.36	0.36	0.33	0.28	0.23	Fiji
1.73	1.64	1.48	1.21	1.00	0.81	0.65	0.50	0.37	0.26	New Caledonia
2.50	2.36	2.17	2.03	1.91	1.79	1.65	1.50	1.35	1.21	Papua New Guinea
2.79	2.72	2.50	2.30	2.14	2.00	1.86	1.70	1.54	1.38	Solomon Islands
2.64	2.53	2.41	2.27	2.12	1.97	1.82	1.68	1.54	1.40	Vanuatu
0.92	0.64	1.21	1.12	1.01	0.85	0.69	0.53	0.38	0.26	MICRONESIA
1.66	1.30	1.20	1.11	1.00	0.85	0.69	0.55	0.44	0.36	Guam
1.81	1.58	1.53	1.50	1.40	1.24	1.04	0.85	0.73	0.66	Kiribati
-0.04	0.75	1.61	1.20	0.86	0.74	0.78	0.70	0.45	0.14	Marshall Islands

Table A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	3.38	3.23	3.19	3.24	0.55	2.89	3.21	2.34	2.15	-0.02
Nauru	4.08	4.05	5.16	2.47	1.70	1.15	1.75	2.27	1.70	0.14
Northern Mariana Islands	2.74	4.54	2.05	3.37	2.86	2.25	11.53	7.42	5.37	3.48
Palau	2.09	3.09	2.24	1.26	1.35	-0.14	2.32	1.93	2.68	2.11
POLYNESIA (24)	2.49	2.46	2.94	2.58	1.50	1.42	1.43	1.33	1.25	1.23
American Samoa	0.78	0.36	3.17	3.01	1.83	1.69	3.76	3.62	2.35	1.70
Cook Islands	1.65	2.18	0.76	2.42	-1.01	-2.88	0.11	-0.13	0.77	-0.53
French Polynesia	2.68	2.68	3.15	3.55	3.15	3.04	2.83	2.32	1.99	1.93
Niue	0.10	0.59	1.07	0.13	-5.12	-3.10	-4.51	-3.04	-1.47	-2.64
Samoa	2.74	3.10	2.88	2.29	1.10	0.61	0.24	0.55	0.84	0.96
Tokelau	0.50	3.03	0.54	-3.46	-0.54	-0.27	1.95	-1.25	-1.14	0.42
Tonga	3.17	2.15	3.77	2.52	0.92	1.03	0.20	0.26	0.16	0.42
Tuvalu	1.48	1.86	2.22	1.35	1.04	0.93	1.43	0.81	0.49	0.41
Wallis and Futuna Islands	2.15	1.88	1.49	-0.85	0.62	4.17	3.73	0.51	0.38	0.49

a More developed regions comprise Europe, Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan.

b Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), Latin America and the Caribbean plus Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia.

c The least developed countries are 49 countries, 33 in Africa, 10 in Asia, 5 in Oceania plus one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

d Other less developed countries comprise the less developed regions excluding the least developed countries.

e Sub-Saharan Africa refers to all of Africa except Northern Africa.

1 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

2 Including Zanzibar.

3 Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

8 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

9 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

10 Including Northern-Cyprus.

11 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

12 Including East Jerusalem.

13 Including Transnistria.

14 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

15 Including Åland Islands.

16 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

17 Refers to the Vatican City State.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

21 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

22 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

23 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

24 Including Pitcairn.

Table A.8. Average annual rate of change of the total population (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
0.43	0.30	0.55	0.77	0.88	0.76	0.60	0.43	0.29	0.18	Micronesia (Fed. States of)
0.14	0.28	0.59	0.42	0.29	0.15	0.03	-0.09	-0.20	-0.31	Nauru
-0.31	-2.02	1.75	1.21	0.85	0.54	0.23	-0.07	-0.34	-0.56	Northern Mariana Islands
0.75	0.56	0.79	1.05	1.03	0.92	0.75	0.58	0.45	0.38	Palau
0.96	0.83	0.79	0.80	0.76	0.69	0.65	0.52	0.40	0.30	POLYNESIA (24)
1.77	1.66	1.62	1.66	1.74	1.58	1.36	1.19	1.11	1.05	American Samoa
1.69	0.89	0.54	0.48	0.34	0.41	0.49	0.37	0.29	0.19	Cook Islands
1.40	1.21	1.04	0.90	0.73	0.54	0.37	0.24	0.12	0.01	French Polynesia
-2.39	-2.77	-2.80	-2.08	-1.59	0.17	0.22	0.15	0.11	-0.05	Niue
0.41	0.31	0.48	0.40	0.45	0.48	0.67	0.52	0.35	0.23	Samoa
-4.98	-1.28	0.30	0.67	0.97	0.82	0.50	0.25	0.19	0.31	Tokelau
0.60	0.61	0.43	0.84	0.81	0.86	0.88	0.79	0.62	0.44	Tonga
0.58	0.27	0.23	0.46	0.72	0.78	0.62	0.44	0.81	1.10	Tuvalu
-0.35	-0.98	-0.65	-0.16	0.10	0.02	-0.05	-0.15	-0.22	-0.24	Wallis and Futuna Islands

Table A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban by major area, region and country, 1950-2050

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
WORLD	1.32	1.30	1.15	0.58	0.61	0.86	0.92	0.84	0.81	0.84
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)	1.14	1.09	0.96	0.85	0.60	0.41	0.33	0.28	0.25	0.25
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)	2.13	2.12	1.92	1.08	1.29	1.76	1.80	1.57	1.40	1.34
Least developed countries (c)	2.46	2.50	3.02	3.28	2.37	3.12	2.01	1.99	1.60	1.32
Other less developed countries (d)	2.11	2.11	1.88	0.95	1.20	1.68	1.81	1.57	1.45	1.39
Less developed regions, excluding China	1.80	1.74	1.74	1.63	1.60	1.52	1.31	1.16	0.88	0.84
Sub-Saharan Africa (e)	2.68	3.11	2.93	2.45	2.09	1.99	1.59	1.66	1.46	1.20
AFRICA	2.47	2.70	2.63	2.06	1.73	1.62	1.41	1.41	1.17	0.93
EASTERN AFRICA	3.13	3.08	3.27	3.37	3.38	3.36	1.93	1.99	1.83	1.23
Burundi	1.65	1.65	1.63	1.49	6.02	5.98	3.70	3.66	2.79	2.68
Comoros	6.53	6.32	6.04	2.66	1.82	1.78	1.85	1.80	0.31	-0.16
Djibouti	2.46	2.23	2.18	1.92	1.67	1.42	0.69	0.27	0.17	0.06
Eritrea	3.20	3.15	3.10	2.02	1.32	1.31	1.17	0.74	0.93	1.25
Ethiopia	3.37	3.34	3.30	2.48	1.93	1.91	1.91	1.94	1.83	1.28
Kenya	2.77	2.74	3.12	3.59	4.53	3.76	0.63	0.82	1.73	1.71
Madagascar	3.13	3.08	3.02	2.60	2.94	2.52	2.45	2.37	1.81	1.00
Malawi	2.25	2.24	2.23	4.19	4.69	3.36	2.32	2.58	2.75	1.93
Mauritius (1)	1.06	1.41	2.18	2.55	0.66	-0.51	-0.01	0.73	-0.28	-0.29
Mayotte	6.65	6.36	5.99	2.64	1.82	1.76	1.85	1.77	2.79	2.82
Mozambique	4.35	4.32	4.57	4.53	8.17	8.21	4.89	4.62	4.35	2.08
Réunion	3.46	3.24	3.00	1.76	1.30	3.69	4.78	3.58	1.17	0.85
Rwanda	2.87	2.87	2.86	2.84	4.50	3.32	1.38	1.37	8.52	10.14
Seychelles	0.04	0.16	3.60	3.30	3.38	1.30	-0.03	-0.01	0.14	0.31
Somalia	3.12	3.04	2.85	2.55	2.34	0.97	0.95	1.10	1.16	1.13
South Sudan	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	2.89	5.98	3.57	0.78
Uganda	4.50	4.47	4.42	3.81	1.10	1.36	3.89	3.82	1.03	0.71
United Republic of Tanzania (2)	4.67	3.48	2.79	5.28	7.01	5.34	2.83	2.38	1.68	1.65
Zambia	4.65	4.47	5.06	5.23	2.81	2.62	-0.08	-0.13	-1.20	-1.28
Zimbabwe	1.70	1.68	2.96	3.44	2.70	2.37	2.55	2.63	1.81	1.24
MIDDLE AFRICA	2.36	2.37	3.39	3.36	1.76	1.31	1.12	1.11	1.08	1.11
Angola	3.23	3.18	3.62	3.58	4.92	4.78	4.44	4.05	3.38	2.15
Cameroon	4.06	3.96	3.83	3.69	5.92	3.13	2.53	1.81	1.42	1.35
Central African Republic	3.38	3.27	3.14	3.00	3.13	1.17	0.96	0.71	0.22	0.22
Chad	4.00	3.95	4.55	6.39	5.94	3.76	1.03	1.02	0.60	0.09
Congo	2.43	2.32	2.20	2.07	2.01	2.02	1.75	0.79	0.75	0.79
Democratic Republic of the Congo	1.56	1.53	3.15	2.98	-0.53	-0.54	-0.53	-0.17	0.31	0.78
Equatorial Guinea	5.50	4.54	0.74	0.34	0.34	0.33	1.43	2.98	2.23	-0.01
Gabon	4.30	4.15	6.25	5.94	5.90	4.82	2.64	2.05	1.72	1.22
Sao Tome and Principe	1.77	1.74	6.13	6.03	1.39	1.13	2.56	2.75	2.16	1.88
NORTHERN AFRICA	1.98	1.90	2.09	1.35	1.09	0.92	1.06	1.00	0.69	0.49
Algeria	3.26	3.08	4.20	0.96	0.42	1.53	1.94	1.65	1.45	1.64
Egypt	1.74	1.67	1.44	0.74	0.58	0.19	0.04	-0.21	-0.31	-0.01
Libya	3.43	3.26	4.18	7.78	4.69	2.20	1.47	0.07	0.07	0.09
Morocco	1.15	1.13	1.64	1.58	1.79	1.77	1.66	1.55	1.32	0.63
Sudan	4.59	4.49	4.37	4.23	2.73	1.04	2.78	4.42	2.38	0.16
Tunisia	1.75	1.25	1.15	1.81	1.80	1.22	1.25	1.47	1.18	0.63
Western Sahara	0.06	0.06	2.97	3.02	7.28	4.92	1.67	0.46	0.23	-0.77
SOUTHERN AFRICA	1.09	1.08	0.42	0.38	0.26	0.21	0.54	1.21	1.03	0.90
Botswana	1.19	1.19	4.54	14.27	8.33	6.54	9.67	9.01	3.11	1.66
Lesotho	6.81	11.75	12.38	6.11	4.58	1.13	0.52	3.45	3.88	3.28
Namibia	2.93	2.86	2.24	2.13	1.18	1.16	1.01	0.96	1.50	1.65
South Africa	1.01	0.97	0.27	0.24	0.13	0.13	0.39	1.05	0.92	0.86
Swaziland	6.56	9.54	10.13	8.04	7.33	4.85	4.01	0.99	0.12	-0.36
WESTERN AFRICA	3.82	4.91	4.13	2.78	2.50	2.37	2.05	1.96	1.47	1.52
Benin	6.33	6.20	6.00	5.75	5.44	4.43	2.38	2.26	1.28	0.84
Burkina Faso	2.03	2.03	2.01	2.00	1.99	6.55	6.74	2.27	1.82	3.30
Cape Verde	1.62	1.60	1.61	1.58	1.82	1.87	5.84	6.74	2.00	1.83
Côte d'Ivoire	5.51	5.96	6.53	2.79	2.70	2.67	0.58	0.74	0.93	1.10
Gambia	1.68	1.66	3.62	5.88	4.51	3.02	3.00	2.97	2.68	2.17
Ghana	4.24	3.95	2.29	2.11	0.74	0.72	1.08	2.05	1.93	1.82
Guinea	4.49	4.40	4.29	4.16	4.00	3.82	2.39	1.03	1.01	1.02
Guinea-Bissau	3.09	3.03	1.07	1.06	1.05	1.97	4.85	4.53	2.77	2.08

Table A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
1.02	0.98	0.87	0.77	0.70	0.64	0.60	0.58	0.57	0.56	WORLD
0.47	0.40	0.34	0.30	0.27	0.26	0.25	0.23	0.22	0.21	MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)
1.42	1.32	1.17	1.01	0.89	0.80	0.74	0.70	0.68	0.66	LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)
1.45	1.48	1.50	1.51	1.51	1.49	1.46	1.40	1.33	1.26	Least developed countries (c)
1.48	1.37	1.21	1.03	0.90	0.79	0.71	0.66	0.64	0.61	Other less developed countries (d)
										Less developed regions, excluding China
0.80	0.81	0.78	0.79	0.80	0.82	0.82	0.81	0.79	0.76	
1.22	1.19	1.17	1.16	1.16	1.15	1.12	1.08	1.04	0.99	Sub-Saharan Africa (e)
0.98	0.96	0.95	0.97	0.99	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.94	0.91	AFRICA
1.22	1.30	1.50	1.62	1.68	1.73	1.73	1.66	1.59	1.51	EASTERN AFRICA
2.57	2.54	2.52	2.51	2.50	2.47	2.44	2.37	2.29	2.21	Burundi
-0.15	0.07	0.35	0.62	0.89	1.10	1.11	1.08	1.04	1.01	Comoros
0.06	0.06	0.10	0.16	0.21	0.25	0.28	0.27	0.26	0.24	Djibouti
1.56	1.85	2.10	2.11	2.03	1.95	1.87	1.78	1.69	1.60	Eritrea
1.26	1.30	1.50	1.70	1.88	2.04	2.10	2.02	1.94	1.85	Ethiopia
1.72	1.68	1.68	1.70	1.72	1.73	1.72	1.65	1.57	1.48	Kenya
1.21	2.05	1.91	1.75	1.61	1.47	1.35	1.27	1.19	1.11	Madagascar
0.60	0.64	0.96	1.31	1.64	1.96	2.17	2.11	2.03	1.96	Malawi
-0.23	-0.19	0.04	0.29	0.52	0.75	0.86	0.83	0.79	0.76	Mauritius (1)
1.02	-0.07	0.09	0.27	0.44	0.60	0.71	0.68	0.65	0.62	Mayotte
0.61	0.63	0.82	1.02	1.20	1.36	1.45	1.39	1.31	1.24	Mozambique
0.55	0.35	0.22	0.13	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	Réunion
4.84	1.40	1.58	1.75	1.89	2.02	1.99	1.91	1.82	1.73	Rwanda
0.47	0.62	0.72	0.69	0.66	0.63	0.60	0.57	0.54	0.52	Seychelles
1.12	1.18	1.23	1.26	1.29	1.27	1.20	1.13	1.06	0.99	Somalia
0.77	0.80	1.07	1.36	1.63	1.88	2.04	1.98	1.90	1.82	South Sudan
1.84	2.69	2.60	2.49	2.38	2.27	2.15	2.06	1.98	1.88	Uganda
1.62	1.65	1.69	1.71	1.73	1.71	1.63	1.55	1.46	1.37	United Republic of Tanzania (2)
1.01	1.12	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.11	1.07	1.01	0.94	Zambia
1.21	1.23	1.25	1.26	1.26	1.24	1.17	1.10	1.03	0.96	Zimbabwe
1.20	1.29	1.22	1.15	1.07	1.02	0.99	0.94	0.89	0.85	MIDDLE AFRICA
1.93	1.58	1.27	1.01	0.79	0.63	0.58	0.54	0.50	0.47	Angola
1.28	1.19	1.08	0.98	0.89	0.81	0.75	0.70	0.65	0.61	Cameroon
0.23	0.41	0.64	0.85	1.05	1.19	1.15	1.09	1.03	0.97	Central African Republic
0.09	0.10	0.41	0.81	1.20	1.56	1.84	1.82	1.74	1.67	Chad
0.77	0.72	0.66	0.61	0.56	0.52	0.48	0.45	0.42	0.39	Congo
1.23	1.58	1.57	1.50	1.43	1.36	1.29	1.22	1.14	1.07	Democratic Republic of the Congo
0.04	0.24	0.44	0.64	0.82	0.91	0.87	0.84	0.81	0.77	Equatorial Guinea
0.83	0.55	0.36	0.22	0.19	0.18	0.17	0.15	0.14	0.13	Gabon
1.65	1.32	1.04	0.81	0.61	0.50	0.47	0.44	0.41	0.38	Sao Tome and Principe
0.58	0.56	0.52	0.55	0.59	0.64	0.67	0.65	0.63	0.61	NORTHERN AFRICA
1.85	1.54	1.13	0.81	0.57	0.39	0.27	0.25	0.23	0.21	Algeria
0.11	0.16	0.37	0.59	0.78	0.96	1.03	0.97	0.92	0.86	Egypt
0.14	0.18	0.22	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.23	0.22	0.21	0.20	Libya
0.60	0.61	0.63	0.65	0.66	0.66	0.64	0.60	0.56	0.53	Morocco
0.16	0.20	0.45	0.73	1.00	1.24	1.38	1.33	1.26	1.19	Sudan
0.53	0.30	0.32	0.36	0.39	0.42	0.43	0.41	0.39	0.37	Tunisia
-0.75	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.23	0.22	0.21	0.20	0.18	0.17	Western Sahara
0.88	0.80	0.73	0.68	0.64	0.60	0.56	0.53	0.50	0.47	SOUTHERN AFRICA
1.48	1.24	1.02	0.83	0.68	0.58	0.54	0.50	0.47	0.43	Botswana
3.06	2.85	2.54	2.24	1.96	1.71	1.56	1.46	1.37	1.28	Lesotho
1.59	1.52	1.46	1.39	1.33	1.26	1.18	1.11	1.04	0.97	Namibia
0.81	0.76	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.56	0.53	0.49	0.46	0.43	South Africa
-0.65	-0.56	-0.17	0.24	0.65	1.04	1.26	1.24	1.21	1.18	Swaziland
1.46	1.34	1.24	1.14	1.08	1.01	0.94	0.88	0.83	0.77	WESTERN AFRICA
1.35	1.53	1.42	1.28	1.15	1.03	0.92	0.85	0.80	0.74	Benin
3.76	3.51	3.04	2.59	2.18	1.81	1.57	1.47	1.38	1.28	Burkina Faso
1.53	1.39	1.17	0.94	0.74	0.58	0.45	0.40	0.38	0.35	Cape Verde
1.46	1.53	1.38	1.19	1.01	0.86	0.74	0.68	0.64	0.59	Côte d'Ivoire
1.69	1.29	0.95	0.72	0.67	0.63	0.60	0.56	0.53	0.50	Gambia
1.63	1.42	1.24	1.07	0.92	0.84	0.79	0.73	0.68	0.63	Ghana
1.14	1.25	1.35	1.43	1.44	1.36	1.29	1.21	1.14	1.06	Guinea
1.96	1.78	1.51	1.27	1.06	0.87	0.77	0.74	0.70	0.66	Guinea-Bissau

Table A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Liberia	3.68	3.56	3.42	3.26	3.10	2.93	2.21	0.83	0.81	0.79
Mali	2.69	2.65	2.61	2.56	2.51	2.58	2.56	2.09	1.80	1.91
Mauritania	8.04	7.89	7.66	7.34	6.90	5.71	4.91	2.51	0.08	0.08
Niger	1.77	1.76	3.23	5.12	5.22	3.26	1.56	1.11	0.52	0.52
Nigeria	3.64	5.53	4.37	2.43	2.35	2.26	2.16	2.05	1.92	1.73
Saint Helena (3)	-0.42	-0.43	-0.44	-0.74	-0.84	-0.31	-0.12	-0.45	-0.62	-0.44
Senegal	2.94	2.84	2.72	2.59	2.32	1.20	0.97	0.71	0.37	0.36
Sierra Leone	3.22	3.13	3.03	2.92	2.68	1.68	1.63	0.91	0.82	0.80
Togo	8.47	8.22	7.85	7.06	1.49	1.46	1.48	1.47	1.43	1.39
ASIA	1.93	1.83	1.62	0.71	1.07	1.63	1.86	1.61	1.49	1.49
EASTERN ASIA	2.49	2.43	1.91	-0.03	0.39	1.51	2.23	1.99	2.16	2.09
China (4)	3.21	3.13	2.20	-0.77	—	2.13	3.34	2.90	3.16	2.95
China, Hong Kong SAR (5)	—	—	0.28	0.30	0.44	0.39	0.31	1.37	0.10	—
China, Macao SAR (6)	-0.15	-0.18	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.13	0.17	0.08	0.03	0.02
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	2.69	2.51	2.30	3.68	0.90	0.07	0.26	0.26	0.22	0.13
Japan	1.80	1.60	1.40	1.15	1.04	0.12	0.14	0.16	0.17	0.16
Mongolia	5.72	5.86	3.32	1.35	1.54	1.36	1.10	0.71	-0.08	0.12
Republic of Korea	2.66	2.55	3.10	4.59	3.31	3.32	2.69	2.59	1.16	0.35
Other non-specified areas	2.02	1.96	2.05	3.30	3.17	3.93	3.30	2.69	0.63	0.43
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)	0.98	0.86	1.18	1.22	1.68	1.78	1.19	1.01	0.78	0.81
CENTRAL ASIA	1.89	1.62	0.99	0.94	0.68	0.39	0.08	-0.32	-0.81	-0.61
Kazakhstan	2.12	1.78	1.25	1.31	0.91	0.59	0.68	0.09	-0.12	-0.07
Kyrgyzstan	2.88	2.22	0.95	0.88	0.38	0.23	-0.13	-0.32	-0.77	-0.59
Tajikistan	1.23	1.20	1.16	0.96	-0.74	-0.71	-0.62	-0.97	-1.84	-1.73
Turkmenistan	0.32	0.32	0.31	0.27	-0.09	-0.20	-0.47	-0.40	-0.13	0.49
Uzbekistan	1.80	1.46	0.76	0.79	1.25	0.85	-0.03	-0.27	-0.88	-0.53
SOUTHERN ASIA	0.87	0.72	1.13	1.23	1.77	1.92	1.29	1.12	0.91	0.91
Afghanistan	3.23	3.19	3.14	3.30	3.71	3.32	1.53	1.41	1.26	1.24
Bangladesh	1.81	1.83	3.80	4.02	5.18	8.24	3.28	2.49	1.82	1.68
Bhutan	5.40	5.36	5.30	5.23	5.15	5.04	4.89	4.72	4.51	4.26
India	0.62	0.39	0.94	1.01	1.53	1.59	1.05	0.96	0.81	0.78
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	2.07	1.98	1.88	2.12	2.09	1.65	1.44	1.07	1.34	1.23
Maldives	0.52	0.51	0.50	0.75	7.50	5.03	2.72	0.27	-0.16	1.55
Nepal	2.63	2.62	1.43	1.14	3.99	4.64	3.86	3.63	4.15	4.19
Pakistan	2.36	2.29	1.23	1.08	1.19	1.27	0.89	0.82	0.81	0.80
Sri Lanka	0.41	0.98	1.40	2.04	-0.03	-0.74	-0.87	-0.89	-0.90	-0.91
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA	1.87	1.76	1.46	1.51	1.58	1.88	2.19	2.16	1.76	2.02
Brunei Darussalam	5.15	4.53	3.85	3.17	0.10	-0.69	0.77	1.12	0.84	0.72
Cambodia	0.08	0.08	1.03	7.77	-25.74	14.20	8.80	2.19	2.15	1.42
Indonesia	1.63	1.61	1.59	1.56	2.47	2.70	3.32	3.18	3.01	3.33
Lao People's Democratic Republic	0.93	0.93	0.93	2.91	2.82	2.21	2.18	2.24	2.37	4.70
Malaysia (8)	2.80	2.55	2.35	2.24	2.36	2.21	1.75	1.63	2.24	2.14
Myanmar	1.73	1.75	1.74	1.70	0.93	0.04	0.09	0.44	0.82	1.19
Philippines	1.12	1.08	0.84	0.85	1.51	1.05	2.77	2.42	-0.12	-0.12
Singapore	0.11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thailand	1.81	1.73	0.55	0.65	2.57	2.40	0.95	0.92	0.57	0.56
Timor-Leste	0.20	0.20	2.36	2.53	2.49	2.44	2.38	2.32	1.56	1.48
Viet Nam	2.35	2.31	2.21	2.17	0.52	0.49	0.32	0.70	1.82	1.88
WESTERN ASIA	2.45	2.23	2.04	2.08	1.79	1.26	1.92	1.24	0.44	0.41
Armenia	2.61	2.19	1.63	1.47	1.21	0.75	0.31	0.10	-0.41	-0.43
Azerbaijan (9)	1.81	1.03	-0.58	-0.46	0.74	0.34	0.27	0.09	-0.58	-0.32
Bahrain	3.19	1.72	0.04	0.31	0.28	0.26	0.24	0.22	0.06	-0.00
Cyprus (10)	2.61	1.94	1.39	1.30	2.97	4.30	1.97	0.64	0.37	0.18
Georgia (11)	1.64	1.45	1.11	1.06	0.95	0.84	0.64	0.31	-0.44	-0.45
Iraq	1.38	2.62	3.32	2.06	1.78	1.31	0.97	0.27	-0.27	-0.28
Israel	—	1.58	1.04	0.79	0.57	0.44	0.28	0.12	0.11	0.07
Jordan	3.11	3.26	1.29	0.62	0.59	0.78	2.00	1.73	1.63	0.36
Kuwait	2.40	1.54	1.14	1.55	0.85	1.17	0.65	0.01	0.01	0.01
Lebanon	2.52	3.08	3.69	3.10	2.38	1.91	1.50	0.91	0.40	0.28
Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)	1.71	1.62	2.09	2.10	1.86	0.93	0.86	0.80	0.74	0.44
Oman	6.60	6.31	6.18	5.67	5.06	4.38	3.65	2.94	1.62	-0.03
Qatar	0.80	0.68	0.46	0.26	0.12	0.10	0.16	0.59	0.47	0.27
Saudi Arabia	3.96	3.70	4.31	4.55	3.63	2.42	1.96	1.06	0.54	0.30
Syrian Arab Republic	1.87	1.78	1.69	1.60	0.78	0.72	0.50	0.43	0.47	0.72

Table A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
0.76	0.75	0.78	0.82	0.85	0.87	0.86	0.82	0.77	0.72	Liberia
2.04	1.95	1.81	1.66	1.51	1.38	1.26	1.18	1.10	1.03	Mali
0.18	0.43	0.67	0.89	1.08	1.12	1.06	1.00	0.94	0.89	Mauritania
0.66	1.03	1.38	1.72	2.03	2.10	2.03	1.95	1.87	1.79	Niger
1.54	1.37	1.22	1.10	1.03	0.96	0.90	0.83	0.77	0.71	Nigeria
-0.23	-0.20	0.02	0.27	0.51	0.74	0.90	0.87	0.84	0.81	Saint Helena (3)
0.38	0.54	0.72	0.87	1.01	1.09	1.04	0.98	0.92	0.86	Senegal
0.79	0.85	0.95	1.05	1.13	1.18	1.15	1.08	1.02	0.95	Sierra Leone
1.34	1.29	1.26	1.24	1.21	1.18	1.15	1.10	1.03	0.97	Togo
1.78	1.62	1.40	1.18	1.01	0.89	0.79	0.75	0.72	0.69	ASIA
2.78	2.38	1.99	1.53	1.15	0.85	0.61	0.51	0.47	0.44	EASTERN ASIA
3.40	2.93	2.44	1.85	1.38	1.01	0.72	0.59	0.54	0.50	China (4)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	China, Hong Kong SAR (5)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	China, Macao SAR (6)
0.13	0.13	0.22	0.32	0.42	0.50	0.57	0.55	0.52	0.49	Dem. People's Republic of Korea
1.78	1.03	0.65	0.37	0.21	0.12	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03	Japan
1.79	1.56	1.28	0.95	0.71	0.51	0.36	0.29	0.27	0.25	Mongolia
0.43	0.39	0.32	0.26	0.22	0.18	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.13	Republic of Korea
0.42	0.41	0.41	0.40	0.39	0.37	0.35	0.32	0.30	0.28	Other non-specified areas
1.00	1.00	1.02	1.12	1.20	1.27	1.31	1.28	1.22	1.15	SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)
-0.30	-0.18	0.07	0.36	0.65	0.93	1.07	1.06	1.01	0.96	CENTRAL ASIA
-0.37	-0.36	-0.18	0.07	0.32	0.56	0.74	0.73	0.69	0.66	Kazakhstan
-0.00	0.01	0.24	0.54	0.83	1.09	1.29	1.26	1.20	1.13	Kyrgyzstan
-0.04	0.05	0.20	0.57	0.92	1.26	1.56	1.63	1.56	1.49	Tajikistan
0.49	0.57	0.67	0.76	0.84	0.89	0.85	0.80	0.76	0.71	Turkmenistan
-0.41	-0.26	0.12	0.50	0.86	1.19	1.27	1.21	1.15	1.09	Uzbekistan
1.08	1.05	1.07	1.15	1.23	1.28	1.32	1.29	1.23	1.16	SOUTHERN ASIA
1.22	1.20	1.28	1.42	1.55	1.66	1.74	1.70	1.62	1.53	Afghanistan
1.66	1.69	1.70	1.71	1.70	1.65	1.57	1.48	1.39	1.31	Bangladesh
3.95	2.33	2.11	1.77	1.47	1.21	0.97	0.86	0.82	0.78	Bhutan
1.10	1.13	1.15	1.23	1.30	1.35	1.39	1.36	1.29	1.22	India
1.07	0.40	0.21	0.26	0.30	0.34	0.37	0.37	0.35	0.33	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
3.95	3.39	2.62	1.97	1.43	0.98	0.79	0.74	0.70	0.66	Maldives
2.36	1.94	1.94	1.98	2.02	2.04	2.05	2.00	1.92	1.83	Nepal
0.79	0.80	0.91	1.03	1.13	1.22	1.25	1.19	1.12	1.06	Pakistan
-0.76	-0.11	0.56	1.22	1.86	2.20	2.14	2.08	2.01	1.94	Sri Lanka
1.44	1.42	1.31	1.22	1.13	1.03	0.93	0.86	0.81	0.76	SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA
0.65	0.56	0.48	0.40	0.34	0.30	0.28	0.26	0.25	0.23	Brunei Darussalam
0.62	0.66	0.93	1.23	1.52	1.78	1.95	1.88	1.80	1.72	Cambodia
1.79	1.66	1.47	1.25	1.06	0.89	0.75	0.68	0.64	0.59	Indonesia
4.40	3.80	3.08	2.44	1.89	1.44	1.27	1.17	1.09	1.00	Lao People's Democratic Republic
1.73	1.27	0.92	0.65	0.44	0.35	0.33	0.31	0.28	0.26	Malaysia (8)
1.53	1.76	1.70	1.63	1.55	1.47	1.39	1.31	1.23	1.15	Myanmar
0.02	0.25	0.48	0.69	0.87	0.88	0.83	0.79	0.74	0.70	Philippines
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Singapore
0.69	0.90	1.10	1.27	1.41	1.39	1.32	1.25	1.18	1.10	Thailand
1.44	1.39	1.33	1.27	1.21	1.15	1.11	1.07	1.04	1.00	Timor-Leste
2.25	2.16	2.01	1.85	1.69	1.54	1.40	1.32	1.24	1.16	Viet Nam
0.43	0.67	0.59	0.47	0.40	0.35	0.32	0.30	0.29	0.29	WESTERN ASIA
-0.15	-0.04	0.08	0.20	0.32	0.43	0.49	0.47	0.45	0.42	Armenia
0.39	0.38	0.45	0.54	0.61	0.68	0.72	0.69	0.65	0.61	Azerbaijan (9)
0.01	0.04	0.08	0.11	0.13	0.14	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.11	Bahrain
0.23	0.25	0.28	0.31	0.34	0.36	0.37	0.35	0.33	0.31	Cyprus (10)
-0.06	0.10	0.22	0.38	0.53	0.66	0.75	0.73	0.69	0.65	Georgia (11)
-0.23	-0.15	-0.05	0.09	0.22	0.35	0.44	0.43	0.41	0.39	Iraq
0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	Israel
0.34	0.32	0.29	0.25	0.22	0.19	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.13	Jordan
0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	Kuwait
0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10	Lebanon
0.30	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.29	0.27	0.26	0.24	Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)
0.09	0.35	0.34	0.33	0.32	0.31	0.30	0.28	0.27	0.25	Oman
0.23	0.25	0.12	0.06	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	Qatar
0.28	0.27	0.25	0.23	0.20	0.19	0.17	0.16	0.15	0.14	Saudi Arabia
0.69	0.69	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.69	0.66	0.62	0.58	0.54	Syrian Arab Republic

Table A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Turkey	2.84	1.97	1.65	2.21	1.68	1.03	3.61	2.42	0.96	0.83
United Arab Emirates	3.39	2.59	0.58	0.53	0.49	0.27	-0.23	-0.19	-0.19	0.48
Yemen	4.54	4.47	3.84	3.75	2.20	2.16	2.11	2.61	2.54	2.01
EUROPE	1.07	1.06	1.03	0.92	0.75	0.62	0.40	0.33	0.15	0.13
EASTERN EUROPE	2.23	1.92	1.57	1.38	1.29	1.10	0.74	0.53	0.05	0.01
Belarus	1.90	2.32	3.25	2.87	2.80	2.20	1.80	1.30	0.58	0.59
Bulgaria	3.10	2.82	4.19	2.67	1.92	1.52	0.79	0.55	0.42	0.33
Czech Republic	0.97	0.92	0.81	0.76	1.64	1.45	0.05	-0.04	-0.15	-0.18
Hungary	0.53	0.54	0.74	0.71	0.69	0.62	0.28	0.23	-0.19	-0.20
Poland	2.39	2.06	0.91	0.78	1.18	0.99	0.63	0.44	0.07	0.07
Republic of Moldova (13)	3.58	3.43	3.26	3.03	2.44	2.18	1.79	1.14	-0.20	-0.75
Romania	3.56	2.22	1.94	1.34	1.21	1.46	1.49	1.39	0.21	-0.29
Russian Federation	2.09	1.86	1.59	1.43	1.23	0.98	0.61	0.40	-0.01	-0.01
Slovakia	1.10	1.08	2.03	2.06	2.39	2.20	0.96	0.84	0.02	-0.11
Ukraine	3.06	2.46	1.58	1.59	1.26	1.10	0.95	0.63	0.06	0.06
NORTHERN EUROPE	0.25	0.29	0.33	0.28	0.36	0.33	0.11	0.06	0.11	0.11
Channel Islands (14)	-0.66	-0.68	-0.69	-0.71	-1.08	-1.19	-0.24	-0.28	-0.56	-0.04
Denmark	0.48	1.14	0.89	0.69	0.60	0.38	0.15	0.12	0.03	0.03
Estonia	1.53	1.41	1.28	1.14	0.80	0.62	0.30	0.10	-0.33	-0.17
Faroe Islands	1.37	2.79	3.56	1.79	1.63	0.56	-0.27	-0.11	0.22	3.22
Finland (15)	2.66	2.36	1.52	1.31	1.26	1.12	1.11	0.92	0.40	0.30
Iceland	1.06	0.90	0.59	0.52	0.41	0.36	0.29	0.26	0.19	0.17
Ireland	1.73	0.94	1.22	1.20	0.73	0.62	0.22	0.35	0.42	0.42
Isle of Man	0.41	0.40	0.42	-0.17	-1.27	-0.24	-0.01	-0.01	0.01	0.02
Latvia	1.29	1.31	1.45	1.32	1.10	0.90	0.43	0.20	-0.14	-0.20
Lithuania	3.35	2.95	2.38	2.17	2.33	1.87	1.23	0.77	-0.09	-0.09
Norway (16)	-0.09	-0.12	2.85	2.55	0.84	0.68	0.22	0.18	0.50	0.62
Sweden	1.05	0.91	1.22	1.01	0.41	0.09	0.00	—	0.17	0.05
United Kingdom	-0.07	-0.07	-0.16	-0.18	0.15	0.20	-0.02	-0.06	0.05	0.08
SOUTHERN EUROPE	1.12	1.08	1.35	1.32	0.83	0.70	0.31	0.22	0.27	0.23
Albania	5.38	2.67	0.34	0.32	0.60	0.63	0.77	0.75	1.32	1.40
Andorra	4.49	3.70	3.73	2.58	1.70	1.07	0.66	-0.09	-0.22	-0.27
Bosnia and Herzegovina	3.37	3.26	3.62	3.51	2.80	2.55	1.12	0.86	0.88	0.95
Croatia	3.10	2.94	2.97	2.78	2.31	2.08	0.87	0.66	0.31	0.25
Gibraltar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Greece	1.40	1.37	2.05	1.99	1.04	0.86	0.24	0.14	0.15	0.15
Holy See (17)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Italy	0.99	0.86	0.82	0.77	0.42	0.30	0.06	-0.03	0.06	0.09
Malta	0.22	0.06	-0.07	-0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.12	0.31
Montenegro	3.97	3.83	3.66	3.48	3.27	3.04	2.79	2.53	2.10	1.85
Portugal	1.10	1.18	1.06	1.02	0.99	0.96	1.14	1.12	1.29	1.25
San Marino	1.27	1.21	2.13	1.89	3.57	2.56	1.67	0.78	0.47	0.38
Serbia (18)	3.69	3.48	3.26	3.00	1.63	1.35	0.93	0.83	0.53	0.47
Slovenia	3.57	3.38	2.83	2.60	2.71	2.51	0.63	0.32	0.09	0.05
Spain (19)	0.87	0.85	1.60	1.50	1.04	0.90	0.39	0.30	0.13	0.11
TFYR Macedonia (20)	3.87	3.59	3.42	3.08	1.43	1.12	0.82	0.74	0.66	-0.12
WESTERN EUROPE	0.58	0.65	0.58	0.44	0.24	0.11	0.15	0.22	0.19	0.24
Austria	0.18	0.17	0.09	0.08	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.01	—
Belgium	0.11	0.10	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.19	0.11	0.09	0.08	0.07
France	1.03	1.24	1.61	1.15	0.52	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.23	0.52
Germany	0.46	0.48	0.16	0.09	0.08	0.08	-0.04	0.11	0.05	-0.06
Liechtenstein	0.47	0.08	-0.97	-1.07	-0.14	-0.05	-0.73	-0.80	-0.53	-1.71
Luxembourg	0.34	0.33	0.68	0.66	0.77	0.70	0.16	0.07	0.48	0.21
Monaco	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Netherlands	0.65	0.60	0.33	0.30	0.49	0.49	0.60	0.58	1.17	1.07
Switzerland	1.43	1.36	1.22	1.13	0.00	-0.10	2.66	2.31	0.11	-0.07
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN	1.81	1.70	1.54	1.37	1.25	1.14	0.95	0.85	0.76	0.65
CARIBBEAN	0.83	0.87	1.29	1.23	1.41	1.15	0.69	0.82	1.05	0.83
Anguilla	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Antigua and Barbuda	2.98	2.56	-1.60	-1.59	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	-0.84	-1.11
Aruba	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.63	-0.86
Bahamas	1.42	1.30	1.18	1.06	0.96	0.87	0.95	0.81	0.28	0.26
Barbados	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.57	0.49	-1.91	-1.90	1.62	1.55

Table A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
0.64	1.06	1.27	0.92	0.65	0.46	0.30	0.24	0.22	0.21	Turkey
0.50	0.43	0.34	0.27	0.21	0.16	0.14	0.13	0.13	0.12	United Arab Emirates
1.94	1.85	1.76	1.66	1.57	1.47	1.39	1.31	1.23	1.15	Yemen
0.23	0.30	0.30	0.31	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.31	0.29	0.28	EUROPE
-0.00	0.20	0.23	0.27	0.30	0.33	0.37	0.37	0.35	0.33	EASTERN EUROPE
0.67	0.62	0.54	0.45	0.38	0.32	0.27	0.24	0.23	0.22	Belarus
0.37	0.66	0.75	0.60	0.48	0.38	0.29	0.25	0.24	0.22	Bulgaria
-0.08	-0.06	-0.03	0.06	0.14	0.22	0.30	0.31	0.30	0.28	Czech Republic
0.55	0.77	0.67	0.57	0.49	0.42	0.36	0.33	0.31	0.29	Hungary
-0.08	-0.17	-0.08	0.08	0.24	0.40	0.53	0.56	0.53	0.51	Poland
-0.65	1.68	1.48	1.29	1.11	0.96	0.84	0.78	0.73	0.68	Republic of Moldova (13)
-0.09	0.01	0.05	0.22	0.40	0.55	0.70	0.75	0.71	0.67	Romania
-0.11	0.20	0.23	0.25	0.27	0.28	0.29	0.28	0.27	0.25	Russian Federation
-0.24	-0.26	-0.10	0.13	0.35	0.55	0.71	0.70	0.66	0.63	Slovakia
0.19	0.26	0.29	0.32	0.35	0.37	0.38	0.37	0.35	0.33	Ukraine
0.11	0.16	0.18	0.20	0.22	0.23	0.22	0.21	0.20	0.19	NORTHERN EUROPE
0.12	0.28	0.44	0.60	0.74	0.88	1.01	1.04	1.00	0.97	Channel Islands (14)
0.18	0.22	0.16	0.14	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.10	Denmark
0.01	0.01	0.08	0.17	0.26	0.34	0.39	0.38	0.36	0.34	Estonia
1.81	0.57	0.51	0.60	0.69	0.76	0.83	0.83	0.80	0.76	Faroe Islands
0.17	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.13	Finland (15)
0.14	0.13	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.05	Iceland
0.45	0.46	0.49	0.51	0.53	0.53	0.52	0.49	0.46	0.43	Ireland
-0.24	-0.24	-0.08	0.08	0.24	0.39	0.53	0.66	0.69	0.66	Isle of Man
-0.02	-0.08	-0.00	0.12	0.23	0.34	0.42	0.41	0.39	0.37	Latvia
-0.11	0.11	0.17	0.25	0.32	0.38	0.42	0.41	0.39	0.36	Lithuania
0.37	0.41	0.34	0.30	0.27	0.23	0.21	0.19	0.18	0.17	Norway (16)
0.07	0.17	0.18	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.11	Sweden
0.09	0.13	0.16	0.19	0.22	0.22	0.21	0.20	0.19	0.18	United Kingdom
0.32	0.35	0.37	0.40	0.43	0.43	0.41	0.39	0.36	0.34	SOUTHERN EUROPE
2.29	2.23	1.93	1.53	1.19	0.91	0.68	0.55	0.51	0.47	Albania
-0.46	-0.56	-0.62	-0.52	-0.34	-0.12	0.13	0.22	0.21	0.20	Andorra
1.01	1.06	1.10	1.07	1.01	0.95	0.89	0.83	0.77	0.72	Bosnia and Herzegovina
0.29	0.40	0.49	0.58	0.65	0.65	0.62	0.58	0.55	0.51	Croatia
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gibraltar
0.19	0.30	0.39	0.48	0.56	0.56	0.53	0.50	0.47	0.44	Greece
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Holy See (17)
0.11	0.19	0.26	0.33	0.39	0.42	0.39	0.37	0.35	0.33	Italy
0.27	0.22	0.16	0.12	0.09	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	Malta
1.21	0.29	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.43	0.47	0.46	0.44	0.41	Montenegro
1.13	0.99	0.87	0.75	0.65	0.59	0.55	0.52	0.48	0.45	Portugal
0.12	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06	San Marino
0.54	0.58	0.61	0.63	0.65	0.66	0.65	0.61	0.58	0.54	Serbia (18)
-0.11	-0.20	-0.06	0.18	0.42	0.63	0.82	0.83	0.79	0.74	Slovenia
0.11	0.15	0.19	0.22	0.24	0.25	0.24	0.23	0.22	0.21	Spain (19)
-0.10	0.05	0.21	0.37	0.52	0.61	0.58	0.55	0.52	0.49	TFYR Macedonia (20)
0.53	0.45	0.37	0.30	0.26	0.24	0.22	0.21	0.20	0.18	WESTERN EUROPE
0.22	0.27	0.31	0.35	0.38	0.41	0.41	0.39	0.37	0.35	Austria
0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	Belgium
1.18	0.88	0.59	0.40	0.26	0.15	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.09	France
0.08	0.13	0.17	0.22	0.26	0.30	0.30	0.28	0.27	0.25	Germany
-0.53	-0.39	-0.24	0.15	0.53	0.91	1.28	1.41	1.39	1.37	Liechtenstein
0.04	0.30	0.27	0.23	0.21	0.18	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.13	Luxembourg
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Monaco
0.86	0.63	0.46	0.33	0.22	0.18	0.17	0.16	0.15	0.14	Netherlands
0.04	0.05	0.10	0.16	0.21	0.27	0.30	0.29	0.28	0.26	Switzerland
0.46	0.41	0.35	0.30	0.26	0.22	0.20	0.19	0.18	0.18	LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN
0.90	0.74	0.65	0.57	0.48	0.42	0.41	0.39	0.37	0.35	CARIBBEAN
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Anguilla
-0.95	-0.50	-0.02	0.45	0.91	1.07	1.04	1.01	0.98	0.95	Antigua and Barbuda
-0.04	0.08	0.20	0.32	0.44	0.55	0.65	0.73	0.72	0.69	Aruba
0.25	0.24	0.23	0.22	0.20	0.19	0.18	0.17	0.16	0.15	Bahamas
1.43	1.27	1.13	1.00	0.88	0.83	0.79	0.75	0.72	0.68	Barbados

Table A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
British Virgin Islands	0.80	0.91	3.11	3.04	3.15	3.11	5.36	4.81	0.80	0.04
Cayman Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cuba	0.33	0.33	0.32	0.31	1.27	1.17	0.81	0.67	0.25	0.35
Dominica	0.79	1.03	5.86	4.96	3.30	2.74	0.81	0.50	-0.03	-0.13
Dominican Republic	2.47	2.36	2.95	2.75	2.56	2.31	0.98	0.50	0.84	1.39
Grenada	0.63	0.62	0.61	0.59	0.22	0.22	0.16	0.15	0.66	0.75
Guadeloupe (21)	0.03	0.03	-0.12	-0.01	0.20	0.41	0.10	0.02	-0.02	-0.02
Haiti	2.50	2.45	2.40	2.34	0.64	0.13	2.49	4.07	2.68	1.77
Jamaica	3.51	3.23	2.10	1.94	1.26	1.20	0.71	0.42	0.47	0.47
Martinique	0.44	3.51	4.40	4.00	3.09	2.23	1.03	0.58	0.49	0.29
Montserrat	—	0.03	-3.31	-3.20	0.96	0.92	—	—	0.47	-3.08
Netherlands Antilles (22)	-1.08	-1.28	0.91	0.81	0.72	0.63	0.56	0.49	0.54	0.50
Puerto Rico	0.89	0.97	2.91	2.48	1.47	1.28	0.66	0.85	3.77	1.65
Saint Kitts and Nevis	0.37	0.46	2.20	2.02	0.51	0.48	-0.36	-0.36	-0.52	-0.56
Saint Lucia	1.12	1.11	1.09	1.07	1.05	1.04	1.02	1.00	0.17	-1.14
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	1.81	1.76	1.71	1.65	1.59	1.53	1.47	1.40	0.93	0.82
Trinidad and Tobago	-2.04	-2.17	-3.80	-3.78	-0.87	-0.92	-2.48	-2.35	2.40	2.37
Turks and Caicos Islands	0.09	0.12	0.71	0.68	0.75	0.81	3.38	2.55	1.45	1.12
United States Virgin Islands	-0.39	-0.26	2.27	1.90	1.56	1.26	1.01	0.79	0.62	0.48
CENTRAL AMERICA	1.73	1.64	1.54	1.40	1.20	1.06	0.78	0.75	0.65	0.49
Belize	-0.22	-0.24	-0.58	-0.59	-0.31	-0.32	-0.39	-0.40	0.01	0.08
Costa Rica	0.22	0.22	0.88	1.63	1.26	0.83	1.11	2.13	1.92	1.13
El Salvador	0.49	0.49	0.29	0.25	1.04	1.19	1.14	1.08	1.84	1.75
Guatemala	2.21	2.12	1.76	0.90	0.65	0.37	0.92	0.98	0.95	0.91
Honduras	2.62	2.54	2.44	2.35	2.11	1.65	1.58	1.39	1.19	1.14
Mexico	1.80	1.67	1.58	1.44	1.23	1.11	0.77	0.70	0.54	0.37
Nicaragua	1.19	1.15	1.52	1.93	0.71	0.49	0.47	0.46	0.45	0.44
Panama	1.46	1.40	1.49	1.39	0.58	0.57	0.64	0.67	2.15	1.85
SOUTH AMERICA	1.94	1.81	1.56	1.37	1.25	1.15	1.01	0.88	0.77	0.69
Argentina	1.27	1.11	0.74	0.65	0.52	0.47	0.51	0.45	0.38	0.33
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	0.83	0.82	0.80	0.78	0.76	1.91	2.11	1.91	1.33	0.80
Brazil	2.54	2.33	2.02	1.82	1.67	1.48	1.30	1.13	0.97	0.90
Chile	1.59	1.40	1.11	0.96	0.82	0.72	0.34	0.16	0.26	0.37
Colombia	3.36	3.04	2.50	1.44	1.31	1.19	1.08	0.81	0.65	0.44
Ecuador	1.84	1.77	1.57	1.39	1.51	2.06	1.73	1.46	0.95	0.86
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	-0.11	-0.11	0.53	0.83	0.83	0.82	1.73	2.94	-2.33	0.48
French Guiana	1.75	1.56	0.75	0.51	0.49	0.47	0.53	0.51	0.07	0.08
Guyana	0.35	0.34	0.14	0.15	0.37	0.34	-0.30	-0.30	-0.30	-0.31
Paraguay	0.29	0.28	0.38	0.45	1.01	1.34	1.52	1.59	1.36	1.19
Peru	1.36	1.29	2.05	2.03	1.37	0.99	0.70	0.60	0.59	0.58
Suriname	0.08	0.08	-0.06	-0.50	1.48	2.12	0.90	0.85	0.80	0.75
Uruguay	0.30	0.28	0.27	0.25	0.25	0.48	0.42	0.40	0.35	0.17
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	2.85	2.43	1.68	1.39	1.07	0.88	0.68	0.57	0.71	0.58
NORTHERN AMERICA	0.96	0.84	0.58	0.50	0.01	0.02	0.20	0.20	0.49	0.47
Bermuda	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	1.50	1.00	1.08	0.74	-0.01	0.01	0.18	0.06	0.28	0.46
Greenland	1.87	1.69	2.42	1.93	0.45	0.46	0.48	0.44	0.29	0.18
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	0.85	0.70	0.31	0.14	0.13	0.13	-0.04	-0.12	—	0.05
United States of America	0.92	0.83	0.53	0.47	0.01	0.02	0.20	0.22	0.51	0.47
OCEANIA	0.76	0.69	0.60	0.60	0.19	-0.16	-0.17	-0.02	-0.04	-0.03
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND	0.55	0.56	0.52	0.45	0.20	-0.00	-0.05	0.03	0.16	0.22
Australia (23)	0.60	0.54	0.47	0.42	0.15	-0.04	-0.07	-0.01	0.16	0.24
New Zealand	0.30	0.63	0.75	0.55	0.41	0.16	0.06	0.25	0.14	0.08
MELANESIA	4.53	4.73	4.68	5.90	2.46	1.14	0.95	1.02	-0.29	-0.56
Fiji	2.01	1.94	1.87	1.29	1.10	0.56	0.40	1.54	1.79	1.03
New Caledonia	4.38	3.99	3.56	2.75	1.48	0.80	0.48	0.24	0.18	0.55
Papua New Guinea	7.88	7.81	7.68	11.65	3.94	1.79	1.41	1.37	-1.26	-1.29
Solomon Islands	4.16	4.18	4.56	4.15	0.46	2.95	3.24	1.91	1.39	1.51
Vanuatu	1.74	1.72	1.70	1.69	1.67	1.91	2.52	2.25	1.49	1.44
MICRONESIA	1.79	1.77	1.95	2.13	4.22	1.36	0.21	0.24	0.35	0.57
Guam	2.01	1.87	2.05	2.17	6.01	2.28	-0.30	-0.34	0.28	0.23
Kiribati	3.99	3.87	3.73	4.10	4.13	1.73	0.76	0.84	0.80	3.31
Marshall Islands	4.40	4.04	3.63	4.52	2.51	-0.79	1.21	0.98	0.51	0.48

Table A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
0.16	0.35	0.54	0.71	0.87	0.88	0.85	0.81	0.78	0.75	British Virgin Islands
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Cayman Islands
—	-0.10	-0.03	0.06	0.15	0.23	0.29	0.28	0.26	0.25	Cuba
-0.08	0.05	0.18	0.30	0.41	0.43	0.41	0.39	0.37	0.35	Dominica
1.24	1.01	0.80	0.64	0.50	0.40	0.37	0.35	0.32	0.30	Dominican Republic
0.76	0.81	0.86	0.90	0.93	0.92	0.88	0.85	0.81	0.78	Grenada
—	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	Guadeloupe (21)
4.27	3.30	2.39	1.69	1.16	0.78	0.68	0.62	0.57	0.52	Haiti
0.08	-0.01	0.16	0.35	0.52	0.68	0.78	0.75	0.71	0.67	Jamaica
-0.08	-0.07	-0.02	0.03	0.08	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.11	Martinique
4.07	0.85	1.01	1.16	1.31	1.44	1.43	1.41	1.38	1.36	Montserrat
0.39	0.27	0.20	0.14	0.09	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.05	Netherlands Antilles (22)
0.62	0.23	0.09	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	Puerto Rico
-0.43	-0.09	0.26	0.60	0.93	1.04	1.01	0.98	0.94	0.91	Saint Kitts and Nevis
-3.83	-4.62	-4.09	-2.92	-1.64	-0.31	0.98	1.29	1.28	1.26	Saint Lucia
0.80	0.79	0.78	0.77	0.76	0.73	0.70	0.66	0.63	0.60	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
2.25	2.07	1.90	1.73	1.57	1.51	1.48	1.46	1.43	1.40	Trinidad and Tobago
1.17	0.79	0.43	0.24	0.13	0.07	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03	Turks and Caicos Islands
0.34	0.23	0.15	0.10	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	United States Virgin Islands
0.48	0.45	0.40	0.36	0.33	0.31	0.29	0.27	0.26	0.25	CENTRAL AMERICA
-0.58	-0.59	-0.42	-0.12	0.19	0.49	0.77	0.81	0.78	0.75	Belize
0.88	0.79	0.70	0.62	0.55	0.51	0.48	0.45	0.42	0.39	Costa Rica
0.91	0.84	0.74	0.65	0.57	0.50	0.45	0.42	0.40	0.37	El Salvador
0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.88	0.82	0.77	0.72	0.68	Guatemala
1.36	1.17	1.08	0.98	0.89	0.81	0.74	0.69	0.65	0.60	Honduras
0.42	0.39	0.36	0.32	0.28	0.25	0.22	0.21	0.20	0.19	Mexico
0.43	0.47	0.52	0.58	0.62	0.65	0.63	0.59	0.55	0.52	Nicaragua
1.45	1.07	0.77	0.54	0.37	0.31	0.29	0.27	0.25	0.24	Panama
0.42	0.36	0.31	0.26	0.21	0.18	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.13	SOUTH AMERICA
0.28	0.21	0.16	0.12	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05	Argentina
0.75	0.68	0.61	0.55	0.50	0.46	0.43	0.40	0.38	0.35	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
0.40	0.36	0.32	0.26	0.21	0.17	0.14	0.12	0.12	0.11	Brazil
0.39	0.30	0.23	0.17	0.12	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	Chile
0.41	0.39	0.36	0.33	0.31	0.29	0.27	0.26	0.24	0.23	Colombia
1.07	1.00	0.82	0.67	0.54	0.44	0.41	0.38	0.36	0.33	Ecuador
0.93	0.77	0.64	0.52	0.43	0.34	0.29	0.27	0.26	0.24	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
0.12	0.18	0.23	0.28	0.31	0.30	0.28	0.26	0.25	0.23	French Guiana
-0.27	0.00	0.31	0.62	0.91	1.11	1.09	1.06	1.03	1.00	Guyana
1.10	0.97	0.85	0.74	0.64	0.56	0.53	0.49	0.46	0.43	Paraguay
0.54	0.49	0.43	0.37	0.31	0.27	0.23	0.22	0.21	0.20	Peru
0.70	0.64	0.56	0.50	0.44	0.40	0.37	0.34	0.32	0.30	Suriname
0.13	0.11	0.10	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05	Uruguay
0.44	0.30	0.20	0.13	0.08	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
0.39	0.32	0.28	0.23	0.20	0.19	0.18	0.17	0.16	0.15	NORTHERN AMERICA
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Bermuda
0.16	0.11	0.13	0.16	0.18	0.20	0.20	0.19	0.18	0.17	Canada
0.31	0.36	0.32	0.28	0.24	0.20	0.17	0.15	0.14	0.13	Greenland
0.17	0.16	0.14	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.09	0.08	Saint Pierre and Miquelon
0.41	0.35	0.29	0.24	0.20	0.19	0.18	0.17	0.16	0.15	United States of America
0.00	0.06	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.10	0.13	0.15	OCEANIA
0.21	0.17	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.08	AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND
0.23	0.20	0.16	0.13	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	Australia (23)
0.09	0.03	0.05	0.08	0.10	0.11	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.11	New Zealand
-0.53	-0.06	0.39	0.81	1.26	1.49	1.53	1.56	1.57	1.57	MELANESIA
0.80	0.77	0.75	0.72	0.70	0.67	0.64	0.61	0.58	0.55	Fiji
0.45	-0.41	-0.23	-0.02	0.19	0.39	0.53	0.51	0.49	0.46	New Caledonia
-0.99	-0.22	0.56	1.32	2.06	2.32	2.27	2.21	2.14	2.07	Papua New Guinea
2.38	2.32	2.16	1.93	1.71	1.50	1.31	1.24	1.20	1.17	Solomon Islands
1.27	1.25	1.23	1.22	1.21	1.20	1.18	1.15	1.12	1.08	Vanuatu
0.23	0.12	0.27	0.24	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26	MICRONESIA
—	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.06	Guam
0.27	0.12	0.29	0.46	0.63	0.77	0.81	0.78	0.74	0.71	Kiribati
0.46	0.44	0.42	0.41	0.39	0.36	0.34	0.32	0.30	0.28	Marshall Islands

Table A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	1.10	1.09	1.07	1.05	0.83	0.45	-0.23	-0.25	-0.59	-2.31
Nauru	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northern Mariana Islands	1.75	2.22	2.75	3.52	2.79	1.49	0.36	0.30	-0.04	0.13
Palau	0.54	0.52	0.50	0.49	0.47	0.45	1.49	0.65	0.52	-0.42
POLYNESIA (24)	2.60	1.59	1.62	2.00	0.95	0.65	0.91	0.56	0.24	0.35
American Samoa	0.72	0.67	0.63	0.59	0.55	0.54	0.90	0.80	1.04	0.80
Cook Islands	2.08	1.93	1.78	0.96	0.27	-0.07	0.51	0.89	0.33	2.11
French Polynesia	2.27	2.12	2.55	2.73	0.58	0.18	-0.04	-0.50	-0.85	-0.44
Niue	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.39	2.04	2.92	2.77	-0.10	0.36	1.00
Samoa	6.01	1.67	0.39	1.06	0.62	0.17	0.03	—	0.31	0.41
Tokelau	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tonga	3.67	2.51	2.10	0.69	0.15	0.79	1.03	0.39	0.14	0.13
Tuvalu	3.55	3.46	3.35	3.22	3.08	2.93	2.77	3.43	1.56	0.91
Wallis and Futuna Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

a More developed regions comprise Europe, Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan.

b Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), Latin America and the Caribbean plus Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia.

c The least developed countries are 49 countries, 33 in Africa, 10 in Asia, 5 in Oceania plus one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

d Other less developed countries comprise the less developed regions excluding the least developed countries.

e Sub-Saharan Africa refers to all of Africa except Northern Africa.

1 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

2 Including Zanzibar.

3 Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

8 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

9 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

10 Including Northern-Cyprus.

11 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

12 Including East Jerusalem.

13 Including Transnistria.

14 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

15 Including Åland Islands.

16 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

17 Refers to the Vatican City State.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

21 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

22 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

23 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

24 Including Pitcairn.

Table A.9. Average annual rate of change of the percentage urban (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
—	0.16	0.44	0.70	0.96	1.19	1.23	1.20	1.17	1.14	Micronesia (Fed. States of)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Nauru
0.13	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	Northern Mariana Islands
2.10	1.41	0.88	0.54	0.33	0.18	0.14	0.13	0.12	0.11	Palau
0.30	0.19	0.23	0.36	0.50	0.61	0.66	0.67	0.67	0.66	POLYNESIA (24)
0.56	0.37	0.24	0.15	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.05	American Samoa
1.71	0.62	0.35	0.34	0.33	0.33	0.32	0.30	0.29	0.27	Cook Islands
-0.23	-0.14	0.03	0.22	0.40	0.57	0.69	0.66	0.63	0.60	French Polynesia
1.26	1.25	1.17	1.10	1.03	0.96	0.90	0.86	0.83	0.79	Niue
-0.70	-1.10	-0.99	-0.51	0.01	0.52	1.02	1.31	1.28	1.26	Samoa
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tokelau
0.12	0.18	0.42	0.65	0.89	1.11	1.22	1.19	1.16	1.13	Tonga
0.88	0.84	0.81	0.77	0.74	0.71	0.67	0.64	0.61	0.58	Tuvalu
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Wallis and Futuna Islands

Table A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural by major area, region and country, 1950-2050

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
WORLD	-0.58	-0.63	-0.61	-0.33	-0.36	-0.54	-0.62	-0.61	-0.64	-0.70
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)	-1.45	-1.58	-1.59	-1.59	-1.26	-0.94	-0.79	-0.71	-0.68	-0.71
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)	-0.49	-0.55	-0.57	-0.35	-0.46	-0.69	-0.81	-0.80	-0.80	-0.85
Least developed countries (c)	-0.21	-0.25	-0.35	-0.45	-0.38	-0.59	-0.44	-0.50	-0.45	-0.41
Other less developed countries (d)	-0.53	-0.60	-0.61	-0.34	-0.46	-0.72	-0.88	-0.87	-0.90	-0.97
Less developed regions, excluding China	-0.49	-0.52	-0.59	-0.62	-0.68	-0.72	-0.69	-0.68	-0.56	-0.57
Sub-Saharan Africa (e)	-0.36	-0.50	-0.56	-0.55	-0.54	-0.59	-0.53	-0.61	-0.60	-0.55
AFRICA	-0.45	-0.57	-0.65	-0.59	-0.56	-0.59	-0.57	-0.63	-0.58	-0.49
EASTERN AFRICA	-0.20	-0.23	-0.29	-0.35	-0.43	-0.52	-0.35	-0.40	-0.42	-0.31
Burundi	-0.03	-0.03	-0.04	-0.04	-0.17	-0.23	-0.19	-0.22	-0.20	-0.22
Comoros	-0.55	-0.76	-1.04	-0.59	-0.46	-0.51	-0.60	-0.65	-0.12	0.06
Djibouti	-1.81	-2.03	-2.48	-2.77	-3.02	-3.27	-1.90	-0.82	-0.54	-0.20
Eritrea	-0.27	-0.31	-0.36	-0.27	-0.20	-0.21	-0.20	-0.14	-0.18	-0.26
Ethiopia	-0.18	-0.21	-0.25	-0.22	-0.19	-0.21	-0.23	-0.27	-0.28	-0.21
Kenya	-0.18	-0.20	-0.27	-0.37	-0.59	-0.62	-0.12	-0.16	-0.37	-0.40
Madagascar	-0.29	-0.34	-0.39	-0.40	-0.53	-0.53	-0.60	-0.68	-0.59	-0.36
Malawi	-0.09	-0.10	-0.11	-0.24	-0.34	-0.31	-0.25	-0.31	-0.39	-0.31
Mauritius (1)	-0.46	-0.66	-1.18	-1.67	-0.49	0.38	0.01	-0.55	0.22	0.22
Mayotte	-0.75	-1.04	-1.41	-0.81	-0.65	-0.71	-0.85	-0.93	-1.76	-2.27
Mozambique	-0.12	-0.20	-0.25	-0.25	-0.63	-0.99	-0.85	-1.07	-1.34	-0.80
Réunion	-1.19	-1.41	-1.65	-1.17	-0.98	-3.54	-7.43	-10.72	-6.04	-6.31
Rwanda	-0.06	-0.07	-0.08	-0.09	-0.17	-0.15	-0.07	-0.08	-0.62	-1.23
Seychelles	-0.02	-0.06	-1.57	-1.86	-2.51	-1.19	0.03	0.01	-0.14	-0.31
Somalia	-0.50	-0.58	-0.65	-0.69	-0.74	-0.34	-0.36	-0.45	-0.51	-0.54
South Sudan	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	-0.29	-0.78	-0.61	-0.15
Uganda	-0.15	-0.18	-0.23	-0.25	-0.08	-0.11	-0.35	-0.43	-0.13	-0.10
United Republic of Tanzania (2)	-0.19	-0.18	-0.17	-0.39	-0.73	-0.78	-0.52	-0.52	-0.41	-0.45
Zambia	-0.69	-0.87	-1.32	-1.91	-1.36	-1.56	0.05	0.08	0.75	0.72
Zimbabwe	-0.21	-0.23	-0.47	-0.65	-0.62	-0.63	-0.80	-0.98	-0.79	-0.60
MIDDLE AFRICA	-0.41	-0.48	-0.81	-1.00	-0.62	-0.51	-0.48	-0.51	-0.54	-0.60
Angola	-0.29	-0.34	-0.47	-0.57	-1.01	-1.32	-1.66	-2.06	-2.31	-1.87
Cameroon	-0.47	-0.57	-0.70	-0.84	-1.84	-1.32	-1.31	-1.10	-0.99	-1.06
Central African Republic	-0.63	-0.74	-0.87	-1.02	-1.32	-0.57	-0.51	-0.41	-0.13	-0.13
Chad	-0.21	-0.26	-0.37	-0.70	-0.93	-0.78	-0.25	-0.26	-0.16	-0.02
Congo	-0.88	-0.99	-1.10	-1.23	-1.41	-1.69	-1.75	-0.90	-0.94	-1.08
Democratic Republic of the Congo	-0.39	-0.42	-1.00	-1.17	0.23	0.22	0.21	0.06	-0.12	-0.32
Equatorial Guinea	-1.19	-1.35	-0.26	-0.12	-0.13	-0.13	-0.58	-1.42	-1.29	0.01
Gabon	-0.63	-0.77	-1.61	-2.28	-3.52	-4.60	-3.74	-3.95	-4.50	-4.28
Sao Tome and Principe	-0.29	-0.32	-1.42	-2.07	-0.61	-0.55	-1.42	-1.89	-1.85	-1.96
NORTHERN AFRICA	-0.74	-0.81	-1.03	-0.76	-0.68	-0.62	-0.78	-0.80	-0.60	-0.45
Algeria	-1.04	-1.22	-2.17	-0.60	-0.28	-1.11	-1.63	-1.65	-1.70	-2.30
Egypt	-0.87	-0.95	-0.93	-0.52	-0.43	-0.14	-0.03	0.16	0.23	0.01
Libya	-0.93	-1.10	-1.83	-5.52	-6.04	-4.37	-3.95	-0.22	-0.22	-0.29
Morocco	-0.43	-0.45	-0.72	-0.78	-1.01	-1.16	-1.25	-1.35	-1.32	-0.69
Sudan	-0.38	-0.48	-0.60	-0.74	-0.59	-0.25	-0.76	-1.53	-1.04	-0.08
Tunisia	-0.89	-0.71	-0.72	-1.29	-1.51	-1.17	-1.37	-1.86	-1.75	-1.04
Western Sahara	-0.03	-0.03	-1.51	-1.94	-7.69	-11.17	-7.09	-2.66	-1.49	4.56
SOUTHERN AFRICA	-0.69	-0.75	-0.31	-0.29	-0.20	-0.17	-0.45	-1.09	-1.03	-1.00
Botswana	-0.03	-0.04	-0.16	-0.85	-0.90	-1.07	-2.62	-4.65	-2.59	-1.73
Lesotho	-0.11	-0.31	-0.62	-0.49	-0.49	-0.14	-0.07	-0.51	-0.71	-0.74
Namibia	-0.50	-0.57	-0.52	-0.57	-0.35	-0.37	-0.35	-0.35	-0.61	-0.74
South Africa	-0.77	-0.81	-0.24	-0.21	-0.12	-0.12	-0.37	-1.08	-1.05	-1.09
Swaziland	-0.14	-0.31	-0.54	-0.70	-0.98	-0.91	-0.99	-0.28	-0.04	0.11
WESTERN AFRICA	-0.46	-0.76	-0.83	-0.69	-0.73	-0.81	-0.82	-0.91	-0.77	-0.89
Benin	-0.39	-0.54	-0.73	-0.98	-1.29	-1.44	-0.97	-1.10	-0.71	-0.50
Burkina Faso	-0.09	-0.09	-0.10	-0.12	-0.13	-0.53	-0.79	-0.34	-0.31	-0.65
Cape Verde	-0.28	-0.30	-0.34	-0.37	-0.47	-0.54	-2.20	-4.07	-1.74	-1.91
Côte d'Ivoire	-0.71	-1.08	-1.73	-0.99	-1.17	-1.41	-0.35	-0.47	-0.62	-0.81
Gambia	-0.20	-0.22	-0.55	-1.20	-1.26	-1.08	-1.33	-1.65	-1.87	-1.87
Ghana	-0.88	-1.06	-0.75	-0.80	-0.31	-0.32	-0.51	-1.09	-1.20	-1.32
Guinea	-0.37	-0.46	-0.57	-0.70	-0.86	-1.05	-0.80	-0.39	-0.41	-0.44
Guinea-Bissau	-0.38	-0.44	-0.17	-0.18	-0.19	-0.40	-1.21	-1.53	-1.20	-1.07

Table A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
-0.94	-0.99	-0.98	-0.94	-0.92	-0.92	-0.93	-0.97	-1.03	-1.09	WORLD
-1.41	-1.33	-1.22	-1.15	-1.12	-1.14	-1.17	-1.19	-1.21	-1.23	MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS (a)
-1.01	-1.06	-1.05	-1.01	-0.98	-0.97	-0.97	-1.01	-1.06	-1.12	LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS (b)
-0.49	-0.55	-0.62	-0.69	-0.78	-0.86	-0.95	-1.02	-1.10	-1.18	Least developed countries (c)
-1.17	-1.23	-1.23	-1.19	-1.15	-1.12	-1.10	-1.13	-1.18	-1.24	Other less developed countries (d)
										Less developed regions, excluding China
-0.58	-0.63	-0.65	-0.71	-0.78	-0.86	-0.95	-1.02	-1.09	-1.15	
-0.61	-0.65	-0.69	-0.76	-0.84	-0.92	-1.00	-1.07	-1.14	-1.22	Sub-Saharan Africa (e)
-0.56	-0.60	-0.64	-0.71	-0.78	-0.87	-0.95	-1.03	-1.10	-1.18	AFRICA
										EASTERN AFRICA
-0.33	-0.38	-0.48	-0.57	-0.67	-0.78	-0.88	-0.97	-1.05	-1.14	Burundi
-0.25	-0.28	-0.32	-0.37	-0.43	-0.49	-0.56	-0.63	-0.71	-0.79	Comoros
0.06	-0.03	-0.14	-0.25	-0.38	-0.51	-0.55	-0.58	-0.62	-0.65	Djibouti
-0.20	-0.21	-0.36	-0.56	-0.76	-0.97	-1.16	-1.21	-1.22	-1.24	Eritrea
-0.35	-0.46	-0.59	-0.68	-0.76	-0.84	-0.92	-1.01	-1.10	-1.19	Ethiopia
-0.23	-0.25	-0.32	-0.39	-0.49	-0.60	-0.71	-0.79	-0.87	-0.95	Kenya
-0.45	-0.49	-0.55	-0.62	-0.71	-0.80	-0.91	-1.00	-1.08	-1.17	Madagascar
-0.47	-0.90	-0.96	-1.02	-1.07	-1.11	-1.16	-1.24	-1.32	-1.40	Malawi
-0.10	-0.12	-0.18	-0.27	-0.36	-0.49	-0.61	-0.68	-0.76	-0.84	Mauritius (1)
0.17	0.14	-0.03	-0.21	-0.40	-0.60	-0.74	-0.77	-0.80	-0.83	Mayotte
-0.98	0.07	-0.09	-0.28	-0.47	-0.68	-0.85	-0.89	-0.92	-0.95	Mozambique
-0.26	-0.28	-0.38	-0.50	-0.64	-0.81	-0.97	-1.04	-1.12	-1.19	Réunion
-5.74	-4.80	-3.78	-2.72	-1.77	-1.64	-1.65	-1.65	-1.66	-1.66	Rwanda
-0.89	-0.31	-0.38	-0.47	-0.58	-0.70	-0.79	-0.87	-0.95	-1.04	Seychelles
-0.49	-0.69	-0.85	-0.89	-0.92	-0.95	-0.98	-1.01	-1.04	-1.06	Somalia
-0.58	-0.67	-0.77	-0.88	-1.00	-1.11	-1.18	-1.25	-1.32	-1.39	South Sudan
-0.16	-0.17	-0.24	-0.33	-0.43	-0.56	-0.69	-0.77	-0.85	-0.93	Uganda
-0.27	-0.45	-0.50	-0.56	-0.62	-0.69	-0.76	-0.84	-0.93	-1.02	United Republic of Tanzania (2)
-0.49	-0.56	-0.64	-0.73	-0.83	-0.94	-1.02	-1.11	-1.19	-1.28	Zambia
-0.56	-0.68	-0.73	-0.81	-0.90	-1.00	-1.10	-1.19	-1.25	-1.31	Zimbabwe
-0.64	-0.72	-0.81	-0.91	-1.01	-1.12	-1.19	-1.26	-1.33	-1.40	
										MIDDLE AFRICA
-0.71	-0.85	-0.89	-0.93	-0.96	-1.01	-1.09	-1.15	-1.22	-1.28	Angola
-2.04	-2.03	-1.92	-1.77	-1.58	-1.41	-1.45	-1.49	-1.53	-1.57	Cameroon
-1.13	-1.19	-1.22	-1.24	-1.25	-1.26	-1.29	-1.34	-1.38	-1.43	Central African Republic
-0.14	-0.25	-0.42	-0.59	-0.79	-0.99	-1.07	-1.14	-1.20	-1.26	Chad
-0.02	-0.03	-0.12	-0.24	-0.37	-0.53	-0.71	-0.80	-0.87	-0.95	Congo
-1.14	-1.18	-1.19	-1.21	-1.21	-1.21	-1.23	-1.26	-1.28	-1.31	Democratic Republic of the Congo
-0.53	-0.76	-0.85	-0.92	-0.99	-1.06	-1.13	-1.21	-1.28	-1.35	Equatorial Guinea
-0.02	-0.15	-0.29	-0.44	-0.60	-0.72	-0.75	-0.78	-0.82	-0.85	Gabon
-3.73	-3.06	-2.32	-1.62	-1.54	-1.55	-1.56	-1.58	-1.59	-1.60	Sao Tome and Principe
-2.08	-1.98	-1.82	-1.61	-1.36	-1.21	-1.24	-1.27	-1.30	-1.33	
										NORTHERN AFRICA
-0.56	-0.57	-0.57	-0.63	-0.72	-0.83	-0.94	-0.99	-1.04	-1.09	Algeria
-3.26	-3.49	-3.26	-2.85	-2.37	-1.83	-1.39	-1.39	-1.41	-1.42	Egypt
-0.08	-0.12	-0.29	-0.48	-0.68	-0.90	-1.07	-1.12	-1.18	-1.23	Libya
-0.45	-0.61	-0.78	-0.96	-1.03	-1.05	-1.06	-1.07	-1.08	-1.10	Morocco
-0.71	-0.77	-0.86	-0.95	-1.06	-1.16	-1.21	-1.25	-1.29	-1.32	Sudan
-0.08	-0.10	-0.23	-0.39	-0.56	-0.76	-0.95	-1.02	-1.09	-1.16	Tunisia
-0.95	-0.56	-0.65	-0.76	-0.88	-1.00	-1.11	-1.15	-1.17	-1.20	Western Sahara
3.48	-1.10	-1.14	-1.19	-1.23	-1.27	-1.30	-1.31	-1.32	-1.33	
										SOUTHERN AFRICA
-1.08	-1.07	-1.07	-1.09	-1.12	-1.14	-1.18	-1.22	-1.25	-1.29	Botswana
-1.83	-1.79	-1.71	-1.59	-1.44	-1.36	-1.40	-1.43	-1.47	-1.50	Lesotho
-0.84	-0.95	-1.02	-1.07	-1.10	-1.10	-1.16	-1.25	-1.34	-1.43	Namibia
-0.81	-0.87	-0.94	-1.02	-1.09	-1.16	-1.24	-1.31	-1.38	-1.45	South Africa
-1.13	-1.16	-1.18	-1.20	-1.22	-1.24	-1.28	-1.31	-1.34	-1.37	Swaziland
0.19	0.15	0.04	-0.07	-0.18	-0.31	-0.40	-0.43	-0.45	-0.48	
										WESTERN AFRICA
-0.97	-1.01	-1.05	-1.08	-1.13	-1.18	-1.23	-1.29	-1.35	-1.41	Benin
-0.89	-1.14	-1.20	-1.23	-1.25	-1.27	-1.27	-1.30	-1.35	-1.41	Burkina Faso
-0.92	-1.08	-1.17	-1.21	-1.22	-1.19	-1.19	-1.29	-1.38	-1.48	Cape Verde
-1.92	-2.06	-2.06	-1.92	-1.74	-1.53	-1.31	-1.27	-1.29	-1.32	Côte d'Ivoire
-1.20	-1.45	-1.52	-1.50	-1.46	-1.40	-1.33	-1.36	-1.41	-1.45	Gambia
-1.76	-1.57	-1.32	-1.10	-1.13	-1.16	-1.20	-1.24	-1.27	-1.30	Ghana
-1.38	-1.39	-1.39	-1.36	-1.32	-1.35	-1.40	-1.46	-1.51	-1.56	Guinea
-0.54	-0.64	-0.76	-0.90	-1.03	-1.10	-1.18	-1.25	-1.33	-1.40	Guinea-Bissau
-1.19	-1.25	-1.23	-1.18	-1.10	-1.00	-0.97	-1.01	-1.05	-1.08	

Table A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Liberia	-0.61	-0.73	-0.87	-1.03	-1.21	-1.42	-1.31	-0.56	-0.58	-0.60
Mali	-0.27	-0.31	-0.35	-0.40	-0.45	-0.54	-0.63	-0.59	-0.58	-0.70
Mauritania	-0.32	-0.48	-0.70	-1.02	-1.46	-1.79	-2.22	-1.49	-0.05	-0.05
Niger	-0.09	-0.10	-0.22	-0.43	-0.58	-0.46	-0.25	-0.20	-0.10	-0.10
Nigeria	-0.46	-0.91	-0.96	-0.66	-0.75	-0.84	-0.93	-1.04	-1.13	-1.18
Saint Helena (3)	0.44	0.43	0.42	0.66	0.70	0.25	0.09	0.34	0.45	0.31
Senegal	-0.67	-0.77	-0.89	-1.02	-1.08	-0.64	-0.56	-0.44	-0.24	-0.24
Sierra Leone	-0.51	-0.60	-0.70	-0.81	-0.90	-0.65	-0.71	-0.43	-0.42	-0.43
Togo	-0.49	-0.74	-1.11	-1.55	-0.42	-0.46	-0.51	-0.56	-0.60	-0.65
ASIA	-0.43	-0.46	-0.46	-0.22	-0.35	-0.57	-0.74	-0.73	-0.75	-0.84
EASTERN ASIA	-0.58	-0.66	-0.60	0.01	-0.13	-0.54	-0.92	-0.95	-1.21	-1.39
China (4)	-0.47	-0.55	-0.45	0.17	—	-0.48	-0.89	-0.95	-1.27	-1.48
China, Hong Kong SAR (5)	—	—	-1.72	-2.02	-3.49	-3.80	-3.71	-53.70	—	—
China, Macao SAR (6)	4.17	4.14	-4.18	-5.06	-6.83	-7.07	-17.32	-19.33	-19.37	—
Dem. People's Republic of Korea	-1.34	-1.52	-1.71	-3.63	-1.12	-0.09	-0.35	-0.35	-0.31	-0.19
Japan	-2.28	-2.48	-2.67	-2.67	-2.94	-0.38	-0.46	-0.55	-0.61	-0.58
Mongolia	-1.73	-2.64	-2.11	-1.04	-1.36	-1.38	-1.27	-0.91	0.11	-0.15
Republic of Korea	-0.79	-0.90	-1.33	-2.64	-2.64	-3.66	-4.18	-5.90	-3.68	-1.31
Other non-specified areas	-0.59	-0.66	-0.79	-1.54	-1.89	-3.18	-3.81	-4.42	-1.29	-0.96
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)	-0.20	-0.19	-0.27	-0.30	-0.46	-0.54	-0.40	-0.36	-0.30	-0.33
CENTRAL ASIA	-0.98	-0.97	-0.66	-0.68	-0.52	-0.32	-0.07	0.26	0.63	0.45
Kazakhstan	-1.32	-1.31	-1.05	-1.24	-0.96	-0.68	-0.83	-0.12	0.16	0.09
Kyrgyzstan	-1.15	-1.06	-0.51	-0.51	-0.23	-0.14	0.08	0.19	0.45	0.33
Tajikistan	-0.53	-0.57	-0.60	-0.54	0.42	0.38	0.32	0.47	0.80	0.66
Turkmenistan	-0.26	-0.27	-0.27	-0.24	0.09	0.18	0.41	0.33	0.10	-0.41
Uzbekistan	-0.78	-0.71	-0.40	-0.45	-0.76	-0.56	0.02	0.18	0.57	0.33
SOUTHERN ASIA	-0.17	-0.15	-0.24	-0.29	-0.45	-0.55	-0.41	-0.39	-0.34	-0.36
Afghanistan	-0.22	-0.25	-0.30	-0.37	-0.51	-0.56	-0.30	-0.30	-0.29	-0.31
Bangladesh	-0.08	-0.09	-0.23	-0.30	-0.49	-1.14	-0.63	-0.57	-0.47	-0.49
Bhutan	-0.13	-0.17	-0.23	-0.30	-0.38	-0.50	-0.64	-0.81	-1.02	-1.27
India	-0.13	-0.08	-0.21	-0.24	-0.40	-0.45	-0.33	-0.32	-0.29	-0.29
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	-0.85	-0.94	-1.03	-1.36	-1.61	-1.51	-1.53	-1.30	-1.87	-2.01
Maldives	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.10	-1.27	-1.23	-0.85	-0.09	0.05	-0.56
Nepal	-0.08	-0.09	-0.05	-0.05	-0.18	-0.27	-0.28	-0.32	-0.45	-0.58
Pakistan	-0.54	-0.60	-0.36	-0.34	-0.41	-0.47	-0.36	-0.35	-0.37	-0.39
Sri Lanka	-0.08	-0.19	-0.29	-0.46	0.01	0.17	0.19	0.19	0.18	0.17
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA	-0.36	-0.38	-0.35	-0.39	-0.45	-0.60	-0.81	-0.93	-0.87	-1.15
Brunei Darussalam	-2.27	-2.89	-3.56	-4.24	-0.17	1.08	-1.21	-1.99	-1.72	-1.68
Cambodia	-0.01	-0.01	-0.12	-1.19	2.58	-0.98	-1.12	-0.38	-0.42	-0.31
Indonesia	-0.24	-0.26	-0.28	-0.31	-0.55	-0.70	-1.05	-1.35	-1.49	-2.11
Lao People's Democratic Republic	-0.07	-0.08	-0.08	-0.29	-0.32	-0.29	-0.33	-0.38	-0.46	-1.15
Malaysia (8)	-0.78	-0.85	-0.92	-1.04	-1.30	-1.46	-1.37	-1.50	-2.50	-3.06
Myanmar	-0.35	-0.39	-0.44	-0.48	-0.29	-0.01	-0.03	-0.14	-0.28	-0.43
Philippines	-0.43	-0.45	-0.38	-0.41	-0.79	-0.61	-1.86	-2.05	0.12	0.12
Singapore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thailand	-0.38	-0.40	-0.14	-0.17	-0.74	-0.81	-0.36	-0.37	-0.24	-0.25
Timor-Leste	-0.02	-0.02	-0.28	-0.35	-0.40	-0.45	-0.50	-0.57	-0.43	-0.45
Viet Nam	-0.33	-0.37	-0.41	-0.45	-0.12	-0.11	-0.08	-0.17	-0.49	-0.57
WESTERN ASIA	-1.08	-1.18	-1.27	-1.54	-1.58	-1.29	-2.33	-1.81	-0.72	-0.70
Armenia	-1.98	-2.07	-1.87	-2.01	-1.96	-1.39	-0.62	-0.20	0.82	0.80
Azerbaijan (9)	-1.66	-1.08	0.62	0.47	-0.77	-0.37	-0.31	-0.11	0.66	0.34
Bahrain	-7.50	-6.50	-0.20	-1.51	-1.54	-1.56	-1.58	-1.60	-0.42	0.03
Cyprus (10)	-1.13	-1.00	-0.81	-0.85	-2.33	-4.84	-3.17	-1.22	-0.77	-0.39
Georgia (11)	-1.03	-1.03	-0.89	-0.93	-0.92	-0.89	-0.73	-0.37	0.53	0.51
Iraq	-0.79	-1.76	-2.92	-2.36	-2.54	-2.27	-1.98	-0.61	0.60	0.60
Israel	—	-4.50	-3.89	-3.75	-3.37	-3.14	-2.31	-1.07	-1.08	-0.75
Jordan	-2.08	-2.89	-1.43	-0.76	-0.78	-1.11	-3.43	-3.89	-4.99	-1.38
Kuwait	-4.56	-3.99	-3.83	-7.37	-6.01	-14.20	-18.24	-0.69	-0.69	-0.70
Lebanon	-1.31	-1.99	-3.23	-3.82	-4.09	-4.53	-4.93	-3.96	-2.12	-1.62
Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)	-1.09	-1.19	-1.81	-2.23	-2.47	-1.46	-1.53	-1.59	-1.65	-1.08
Oman	-0.75	-1.03	-1.47	-1.98	-2.59	-3.28	-4.01	-4.72	-3.59	0.07
Qatar	-3.39	-3.52	-2.91	-1.88	-0.93	-0.84	-1.44	-6.33	-7.32	-6.09
Saudi Arabia	-1.22	-1.48	-2.32	-3.53	-4.18	-3.98	-4.43	-3.11	-1.87	-1.14
Syrian Arab Republic	-0.88	-0.97	-1.05	-1.15	-0.62	-0.61	-0.45	-0.40	-0.46	-0.75

Table A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
-0.63	-0.66	-0.74	-0.84	-0.95	-1.07	-1.18	-1.23	-1.28	-1.33	Liberia
-0.86	-0.95	-1.01	-1.07	-1.11	-1.15	-1.19	-1.26	-1.33	-1.40	Mali
-0.12	-0.30	-0.48	-0.69	-0.92	-1.05	-1.11	-1.17	-1.22	-1.28	Mauritania
-0.13	-0.21	-0.31	-0.42	-0.56	-0.66	-0.74	-0.81	-0.90	-0.98	Niger
-1.22	-1.24	-1.24	-1.27	-1.34	-1.41	-1.47	-1.54	-1.60	-1.66	Nigeria
0.16	0.13	-0.01	-0.18	-0.35	-0.53	-0.69	-0.73	-0.76	-0.80	Saint Helena (3)
-0.26	-0.39	-0.54	-0.71	-0.90	-1.07	-1.13	-1.19	-1.25	-1.30	Senegal
-0.45	-0.52	-0.63	-0.75	-0.89	-1.04	-1.13	-1.20	-1.26	-1.32	Sierra Leone
-0.69	-0.74	-0.80	-0.87	-0.95	-1.03	-1.12	-1.20	-1.26	-1.33	Togo
-1.15	-1.20	-1.19	-1.14	-1.09	-1.06	-1.04	-1.07	-1.13	-1.19	ASIA
-2.29	-2.51	-2.66	-2.54	-2.32	-2.01	-1.64	-1.50	-1.55	-1.60	EASTERN ASIA
-2.19	-2.48	-2.68	-2.59	-2.37	-2.06	-1.68	-1.53	-1.58	-1.62	China (4)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	China, Hong Kong SAR (5)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	China, Macao SAR (6)
-0.19	-0.20	-0.33	-0.51	-0.70	-0.90	-1.08	-1.14	-1.17	-1.20	Dem. People's Republic of Korea
-8.41	-7.87	-7.54	-6.24	-4.83	-3.35	-1.83	-1.23	-1.23	-1.23	Japan
-2.67	-2.91	-2.96	-2.69	-2.35	-1.96	-1.52	-1.35	-1.37	-1.39	Mongolia
-1.77	-1.78	-1.63	-1.48	-1.31	-1.14	-1.08	-1.09	-1.09	-1.10	Republic of Korea
-1.00	-1.06	-1.13	-1.20	-1.27	-1.32	-1.34	-1.36	-1.39	-1.41	Other non-specified areas
-0.43	-0.46	-0.51	-0.61	-0.72	-0.84	-0.96	-1.06	-1.13	-1.20	SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA (7)
0.21	0.12	-0.05	-0.25	-0.48	-0.73	-0.92	-1.00	-1.06	-1.12	CENTRAL ASIA
0.45	0.43	0.20	-0.09	-0.38	-0.69	-0.98	-1.06	-1.10	-1.13	Kazakhstan
0.00	-0.00	-0.13	-0.31	-0.50	-0.71	-0.93	-1.01	-1.08	-1.14	Kyrgyzstan
0.02	-0.02	-0.07	-0.21	-0.36	-0.53	-0.73	-0.86	-0.94	-1.01	Tajikistan
-0.42	-0.52	-0.65	-0.80	-0.96	-1.11	-1.18	-1.23	-1.28	-1.32	Turkmenistan
0.24	0.15	-0.07	-0.29	-0.53	-0.80	-0.95	-1.01	-1.07	-1.13	Uzbekistan
-0.46	-0.48	-0.53	-0.62	-0.72	-0.84	-0.97	-1.06	-1.13	-1.21	SOUTHERN ASIA
-0.33	-0.35	-0.41	-0.49	-0.59	-0.71	-0.84	-0.94	-1.02	-1.10	Afghanistan
-0.54	-0.62	-0.70	-0.79	-0.90	-0.99	-1.08	-1.16	-1.25	-1.33	Bangladesh
-1.55	-1.14	-1.22	-1.20	-1.15	-1.07	-0.95	-0.92	-0.96	-1.00	Bhutan
-0.44	-0.48	-0.54	-0.63	-0.73	-0.85	-0.98	-1.08	-1.15	-1.23	India
-2.06	-0.87	-0.47	-0.60	-0.74	-0.88	-1.03	-1.11	-1.13	-1.15	Iran (Islamic Republic of)
-1.75	-1.98	-1.96	-1.81	-1.56	-1.21	-1.08	-1.12	-1.17	-1.21	Maldives
-0.39	-0.37	-0.41	-0.47	-0.55	-0.63	-0.73	-0.82	-0.90	-0.99	Nepal
-0.41	-0.43	-0.53	-0.64	-0.77	-0.92	-1.06	-1.13	-1.20	-1.27	Pakistan
0.14	0.02	-0.10	-0.23	-0.39	-0.52	-0.58	-0.64	-0.71	-0.79	Sri Lanka
-0.94	-1.05	-1.10	-1.15	-1.20	-1.22	-1.23	-1.27	-1.33	-1.38	SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA
-1.70	-1.64	-1.55	-1.45	-1.34	-1.28	-1.30	-1.32	-1.34	-1.35	Brunei Darussalam
-0.14	-0.16	-0.24	-0.34	-0.45	-0.59	-0.73	-0.81	-0.89	-0.97	Cambodia
-1.41	-1.53	-1.58	-1.56	-1.51	-1.44	-1.35	-1.37	-1.41	-1.46	Indonesia
-1.44	-1.65	-1.72	-1.70	-1.60	-1.42	-1.44	-1.53	-1.62	-1.71	Lao People's Democratic Republic
-3.19	-2.94	-2.58	-2.14	-1.64	-1.45	-1.47	-1.50	-1.52	-1.54	Malaysia (8)
-0.61	-0.78	-0.86	-0.93	-1.01	-1.09	-1.17	-1.25	-1.33	-1.41	Myanmar
-0.02	-0.24	-0.47	-0.71	-0.97	-1.08	-1.13	-1.17	-1.22	-1.26	Philippines
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Singapore
-0.32	-0.44	-0.58	-0.74	-0.92	-1.02	-1.09	-1.16	-1.24	-1.31	Thailand
-0.49	-0.52	-0.54	-0.57	-0.59	-0.61	-0.65	-0.68	-0.72	-0.76	Timor-Leste
-0.78	-0.87	-0.95	-1.00	-1.06	-1.10	-1.14	-1.22	-1.30	-1.38	Viet Nam
-0.77	-1.31	-1.28	-1.12	-1.01	-0.96	-0.93	-0.93	-0.96	-1.00	WESTERN ASIA
0.27	0.07	-0.14	-0.37	-0.61	-0.86	-1.06	-1.10	-1.12	-1.15	Armenia
-0.42	-0.43	-0.53	-0.67	-0.81	-0.97	-1.13	-1.18	-1.22	-1.26	Azerbaijan (9)
-0.08	-0.35	-0.62	-0.89	-1.17	-1.28	-1.29	-1.30	-1.31	-1.31	Bahrain
-0.51	-0.58	-0.68	-0.80	-0.92	-1.05	-1.15	-1.18	-1.20	-1.22	Cyprus (10)
0.07	-0.11	-0.25	-0.44	-0.64	-0.86	-1.07	-1.14	-1.18	-1.22	Georgia (11)
0.48	0.30	0.10	-0.18	-0.45	-0.74	-1.00	-1.06	-1.08	-1.10	Iraq
-0.73	-0.73	-0.76	-0.78	-0.81	-0.84	-0.86	-0.87	-0.87	-0.87	Israel
-1.40	-1.43	-1.41	-1.33	-1.25	-1.16	-1.07	-1.04	-1.05	-1.05	Jordan
-0.72	-0.73	-0.74	-0.76	-0.76	-0.75	-0.77	-0.76	-0.76	-0.77	Kuwait
-0.83	-0.86	-0.89	-0.92	-0.95	-0.96	-0.96	-0.97	-0.98	-0.98	Lebanon
-0.79	-0.81	-0.86	-0.92	-0.98	-1.04	-1.09	-1.11	-1.13	-1.14	Occupied Palestinian Territory (12)
-0.24	-0.93	-0.96	-1.00	-1.04	-1.07	-1.11	-1.13	-1.14	-1.16	Oman
-7.38	-12.80	-11.52	-9.25	-6.97	-4.67	-2.48	-1.87	-1.96	-1.83	Qatar
-1.16	-1.20	-1.18	-1.15	-1.11	-1.08	-1.04	-1.03	-1.04	-1.05	Saudi Arabia
-0.78	-0.84	-0.91	-1.00	-1.08	-1.17	-1.23	-1.27	-1.31	-1.34	Syrian Arab Republic

Table A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Turkey	-1.03	-0.85	-0.81	-1.26	-1.12	-0.77	-3.35	-3.06	-1.49	-1.43
United Arab Emirates	-5.00	-5.81	-1.70	-1.75	-1.79	-1.10	0.92	0.73	0.69	-1.85
Yemen	-0.32	-0.40	-0.43	-0.52	-0.36	-0.40	-0.45	-0.64	-0.73	-0.67
EUROPE	-1.19	-1.33	-1.45	-1.46	-1.34	-1.22	-0.86	-0.74	-0.34	-0.32
EASTERN EUROPE	-1.62	-1.68	-1.63	-1.67	-1.82	-1.80	-1.38	-1.08	-0.11	-0.02
Belarus	-0.72	-1.02	-1.77	-2.00	-2.51	-2.54	-2.62	-2.30	-1.18	-1.32
Bulgaria	-1.32	-1.50	-2.96	-2.57	-2.34	-2.26	-1.36	-1.04	-0.85	-0.71
Czech Republic	-1.22	-1.28	-1.26	-1.30	-3.37	-3.84	-0.16	0.12	0.46	0.51
Hungary	-0.61	-0.66	-0.98	-1.02	-1.09	-1.07	-0.51	-0.43	0.36	0.36
Poland	-1.64	-1.73	-0.88	-0.82	-1.36	-1.30	-0.91	-0.67	-0.12	-0.12
Republic of Moldova (13)	-0.79	-0.94	-1.11	-1.28	-1.26	-1.35	-1.31	-0.95	0.18	0.63
Romania	-1.39	-1.06	-1.09	-0.86	-0.86	-1.17	-1.37	-1.47	-0.24	0.33
Russian Federation	-1.82	-1.97	-2.02	-2.17	-2.23	-2.09	-1.49	-1.08	0.02	0.02
Slovakia	-0.49	-0.52	-1.11	-1.32	-1.85	-2.11	-1.08	-1.04	-0.02	0.14
Ukraine	-1.91	-1.94	-1.51	-1.77	-1.64	-1.65	-1.62	-1.21	-0.12	-0.12
NORTHERN EUROPE	-0.59	-0.72	-0.85	-0.77	-1.04	-1.02	-0.36	-0.21	-0.37	-0.37
Channel Islands (14)	0.45	0.44	0.42	0.41	0.59	0.59	0.11	0.13	0.25	0.02
Denmark	-1.05	-2.88	-2.73	-2.49	-2.53	-1.85	-0.79	-0.64	-0.18	-0.16
Estonia	-1.64	-1.76	-1.88	-1.95	-1.57	-1.35	-0.71	-0.25	0.78	0.38
Faroe Islands	-0.30	-0.70	-1.09	-0.65	-0.67	-0.25	0.12	0.09	-0.10	-1.63
Finland (15)	-2.28	-2.58	-2.06	-2.11	-2.41	-2.58	-3.12	-3.18	-1.61	-1.32
Iceland	-3.15	-3.31	-2.62	-2.70	-2.49	-2.54	-2.37	-2.40	-2.00	-1.93
Ireland	-1.25	-0.77	-1.10	-1.21	-0.81	-0.75	-0.43	-0.29	-0.48	-0.59
Isle of Man	-0.47	-0.48	-0.53	0.22	1.49	0.26	0.01	0.01	-0.02	-0.02
Latvia	-1.19	-1.38	-1.76	-1.88	-1.83	-1.71	-0.91	-0.44	0.32	0.43
Lithuania	-1.53	-1.71	-1.72	-1.93	-2.59	-2.64	-2.10	-1.51	0.18	0.18
Norway (16)	0.09	0.12	-3.31	-4.08	-1.68	-1.54	-0.53	-0.46	-1.33	-1.85
Sweden	-2.18	-2.21	-3.63	-3.81	-1.87	-0.42	-0.02	—	-0.88	-0.25
United Kingdom	0.25	0.25	0.57	0.62	-0.50	-0.73	0.08	0.23	-0.20	-0.28
SOUTHERN EUROPE	-0.97	-1.04	-1.47	-1.66	-1.19	-1.09	-0.53	-0.39	-0.49	-0.43
Albania	-1.66	-1.08	-0.15	-0.15	-0.29	-0.31	-0.40	-0.42	-0.80	-0.95
Andorra	-3.48	-4.27	-6.81	-7.97	-8.85	-9.48	-9.89	1.77	3.63	3.64
Bosnia and Herzegovina	-0.59	-0.70	-0.96	-1.17	-1.16	-1.28	-0.65	-0.54	-0.59	-0.69
Croatia	-0.99	-1.15	-1.43	-1.67	-1.72	-1.88	-0.91	-0.75	-0.37	-0.31
Gibraltar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Greece	-0.88	-0.97	-1.69	-1.99	-1.22	-1.12	-0.34	-0.19	-0.22	-0.22
Holy See (17)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Italy	-1.24	-1.20	-1.26	-1.32	-0.78	-0.59	-0.11	0.06	-0.12	-0.18
Malta	-1.84	-0.58	0.61	0.25	-0.08	-0.08	-0.11	-1.12	-1.21	-3.42
Montenegro	-0.65	-0.79	-0.95	-1.14	-1.35	-1.58	-1.83	-2.09	-2.16	-2.35
Portugal	-0.52	-0.60	-0.60	-0.62	-0.66	-0.69	-0.90	-0.98	-1.27	-1.39
San Marino	-1.02	-1.09	-2.28	-2.52	-6.87	-8.37	-9.44	-3.97	-2.82	-4.79
Serbia (18)	-1.06	-1.27	-1.50	-1.76	-1.16	-1.09	-0.83	-0.81	-0.55	-0.52
Slovenia	-1.00	-1.19	-1.23	-1.38	-1.78	-2.07	-0.60	-0.32	-0.10	-0.06
Spain (19)	-0.98	-1.05	-2.30	-2.62	-2.20	-2.24	-1.08	-0.90	-0.41	-0.34
TFYR Macedonia (20)	-1.35	-1.63	-2.02	-2.39	-1.36	-1.21	-0.98	-0.97	-0.94	0.18
WESTERN EUROPE	-1.07	-1.30	-1.29	-1.06	-0.60	-0.30	-0.40	-0.61	-0.56	-0.73
Austria	-0.31	-0.31	-0.17	-0.14	-0.05	-0.03	-0.10	-0.12	-0.02	—
Belgium	-1.23	-1.24	-1.88	-2.17	-2.18	-3.56	-2.53	-2.33	-2.34	-2.24
France	-1.35	-1.86	-2.93	-2.58	-1.34	-0.26	-0.28	-0.31	-0.67	-1.65
Germany	-1.03	-1.15	-0.40	-0.23	-0.21	-0.21	0.10	-0.30	-0.13	0.16
Liechtenstein	-0.12	-0.02	0.24	0.25	0.03	0.01	0.16	0.17	0.11	0.32
Luxembourg	-0.73	-0.74	-1.64	-1.80	-2.42	-2.58	-0.64	-0.29	-2.15	-1.03
Monaco	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Netherlands	-0.86	-0.86	-0.50	-0.47	-0.81	-0.87	-1.15	-1.22	-2.83	-3.17
Switzerland	-1.22	-1.33	-1.35	-1.43	-0.00	0.13	-4.20	-5.21	-0.30	0.19
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN	-1.38	-1.53	-1.63	-1.69	-1.80	-1.89	-1.83	-1.88	-1.92	-1.89
CARIBBEAN	-0.50	-0.56	-0.92	-0.97	-1.26	-1.16	-0.77	-0.99	-1.41	-1.25
Anguilla	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Antigua and Barbuda	-1.43	-1.52	0.98	0.86	-0.12	-0.12	-0.12	-0.13	0.45	0.55
Aruba	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.62	0.79
Bahamas	-1.66	-1.78	-1.88	-1.97	-2.07	-2.18	-2.85	-2.92	-1.15	-1.16
Barbados	-0.11	-0.11	-0.12	-0.13	-0.35	-0.32	1.16	0.99	-0.84	-0.91

Table A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
-1.23	-2.33	-3.40	-3.05	-2.61	-2.11	-1.57	-1.35	-1.37	-1.38	Turkey
-2.16	-2.11	-1.90	-1.67	-1.43	-1.19	-1.09	-1.09	-1.10	-1.11	United Arab Emirates
-0.74	-0.81	-0.87	-0.94	-1.01	-1.08	-1.15	-1.23	-1.31	-1.39	Yemen
-0.56	-0.78	-0.82	-0.89	-0.98	-1.07	-1.15	-1.19	-1.21	-1.22	EUROPE
0.01	-0.44	-0.52	-0.62	-0.74	-0.87	-1.02	-1.10	-1.13	-1.15	EASTERN EUROPE
-1.65	-1.71	-1.67	-1.56	-1.45	-1.32	-1.19	-1.17	-1.18	-1.19	Belarus
-0.84	-1.64	-2.14	-1.97	-1.77	-1.55	-1.31	-1.22	-1.23	-1.25	Bulgaria
0.22	0.18	0.08	-0.16	-0.40	-0.65	-0.91	-1.02	-1.04	-1.05	Czech Republic
-1.04	-1.61	-1.58	-1.50	-1.42	-1.32	-1.23	-1.23	-1.25	-1.27	Hungary
0.14	0.26	0.13	-0.13	-0.39	-0.65	-0.94	-1.07	-1.10	-1.13	Poland
0.51	-1.37	-1.40	-1.40	-1.38	-1.35	-1.32	-1.37	-1.42	-1.47	Republic of Moldova (13)
0.10	-0.01	-0.06	-0.26	-0.47	-0.69	-0.93	-1.10	-1.14	-1.18	Romania
0.31	-0.54	-0.67	-0.75	-0.84	-0.94	-1.04	-1.09	-1.10	-1.12	Russian Federation
0.30	0.33	0.12	-0.16	-0.43	-0.72	-1.00	-1.07	-1.11	-1.15	Slovakia
-0.40	-0.56	-0.65	-0.75	-0.87	-0.99	-1.10	-1.13	-1.15	-1.17	Ukraine
-0.39	-0.59	-0.69	-0.82	-0.95	-1.02	-1.05	-1.05	-1.06	-1.07	NORTHERN EUROPE
-0.05	-0.13	-0.20	-0.28	-0.37	-0.47	-0.58	-0.64	-0.68	-0.71	Channel Islands (14)
-1.04	-1.37	-1.06	-1.03	-1.01	-0.99	-0.97	-0.96	-0.96	-0.97	Denmark
-0.02	-0.02	-0.19	-0.40	-0.63	-0.86	-1.07	-1.12	-1.14	-1.16	Estonia
-1.11	-0.38	-0.36	-0.45	-0.54	-0.64	-0.75	-0.82	-0.85	-0.88	Faroe Islands
-0.83	-0.78	-0.81	-0.85	-0.89	-0.93	-0.97	-0.99	-1.00	-1.00	Finland (15)
-1.75	-1.76	-1.72	-1.65	-1.58	-1.51	-1.43	-1.42	-1.42	-1.42	Iceland
-0.66	-0.73	-0.82	-0.92	-1.02	-1.12	-1.18	-1.21	-1.24	-1.27	Ireland
0.26	0.25	0.08	-0.08	-0.25	-0.42	-0.60	-0.79	-0.89	-0.92	Isle of Man
0.04	0.18	0.01	-0.24	-0.50	-0.77	-1.01	-1.06	-1.09	-1.11	Latvia
0.21	-0.22	-0.35	-0.52	-0.70	-0.89	-1.07	-1.11	-1.13	-1.15	Lithuania
-1.21	-1.49	-1.35	-1.29	-1.23	-1.17	-1.10	-1.08	-1.09	-1.10	Norway (16)
-0.37	-0.96	-1.03	-1.02	-1.01	-0.99	-0.98	-0.98	-0.99	-0.99	Sweden
-0.34	-0.48	-0.63	-0.78	-0.94	-1.01	-1.02	-1.03	-1.04	-1.05	United Kingdom
-0.62	-0.71	-0.80	-0.93	-1.06	-1.15	-1.18	-1.21	-1.23	-1.25	SOUTHERN EUROPE
-1.82	-2.19	-2.36	-2.28	-2.12	-1.89	-1.61	-1.44	-1.48	-1.51	Albania
4.88	4.55	3.96	2.74	1.60	0.51	-0.56	-1.00	-1.01	-1.02	Andorra
-0.80	-0.92	-1.06	-1.16	-1.22	-1.28	-1.34	-1.40	-1.45	-1.51	Bosnia and Herzegovina
-0.37	-0.53	-0.69	-0.86	-1.05	-1.15	-1.19	-1.22	-1.26	-1.29	Croatia
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gibraltar
-0.29	-0.46	-0.64	-0.83	-1.03	-1.13	-1.16	-1.19	-1.22	-1.25	Greece
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Holy See (17)
-0.22	-0.39	-0.57	-0.76	-0.96	-1.09	-1.11	-1.13	-1.15	-1.17	Italy
-3.66	-3.52	-3.08	-2.63	-2.17	-1.69	-1.51	-1.51	-1.51	-1.51	Malta
-1.85	-0.48	-0.53	-0.64	-0.76	-0.89	-1.02	-1.09	-1.12	-1.14	Montenegro
-1.44	-1.43	-1.40	-1.36	-1.31	-1.31	-1.35	-1.38	-1.42	-1.45	Portugal
-1.85	-0.24	-0.44	-0.68	-0.91	-1.15	-1.33	-1.35	-1.35	-1.35	San Marino
-0.63	-0.71	-0.80	-0.90	-1.00	-1.11	-1.19	-1.23	-1.27	-1.31	Serbia (18)
0.11	0.20	0.06	-0.18	-0.43	-0.69	-0.97	-1.07	-1.12	-1.16	Slovenia
-0.37	-0.51	-0.65	-0.79	-0.94	-1.04	-1.05	-1.06	-1.07	-1.09	Spain (19)
0.15	-0.07	-0.31	-0.57	-0.83	-1.06	-1.10	-1.13	-1.16	-1.19	TFYR Macedonia (20)
-1.73	-1.65	-1.49	-1.35	-1.26	-1.21	-1.22	-1.24	-1.26	-1.27	WESTERN EUROPE
-0.43	-0.56	-0.67	-0.78	-0.91	-1.04	-1.13	-1.15	-1.17	-1.19	Austria
-1.25	-1.25	-1.19	-1.10	-1.00	-0.91	-0.81	-0.80	-0.79	-0.79	Belgium
-4.51	-4.44	-3.83	-3.12	-2.36	-1.56	-1.24	-1.25	-1.26	-1.26	France
-0.22	-0.35	-0.50	-0.66	-0.82	-0.98	-1.06	-1.08	-1.09	-1.11	Germany
0.09	0.07	0.04	-0.03	-0.09	-0.16	-0.24	-0.29	-0.31	-0.34	Liechtenstein
-0.22	-1.63	-1.60	-1.54	-1.48	-1.42	-1.36	-1.36	-1.37	-1.38	Luxembourg
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Monaco
-3.14	-2.78	-2.37	-1.91	-1.43	-1.24	-1.25	-1.26	-1.27	-1.28	Netherlands
-0.10	-0.14	-0.27	-0.46	-0.64	-0.84	-1.02	-1.05	-1.07	-1.08	Switzerland
-1.50	-1.44	-1.37	-1.27	-1.17	-1.09	-1.05	-1.05	-1.08	-1.10	LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN
-1.51	-1.40	-1.37	-1.31	-1.22	-1.14	-1.22	-1.27	-1.31	-1.35	CARIBBEAN
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Anguilla
0.44	0.22	0.01	-0.19	-0.41	-0.52	-0.55	-0.58	-0.61	-0.64	Antigua and Barbuda
0.04	-0.07	-0.18	-0.29	-0.41	-0.54	-0.68	-0.83	-0.89	-0.92	Aruba
-1.18	-1.21	-1.24	-1.27	-1.30	-1.31	-1.33	-1.34	-1.35	-1.36	Bahamas
-0.94	-0.94	-0.93	-0.91	-0.88	-0.90	-0.94	-0.97	-1.01	-1.04	Barbados

Table A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
British Virgin Islands	-0.10	-0.12	-0.47	-0.56	-0.69	-0.83	-1.90	-2.44	-0.50	-0.03
Cayman Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cuba	-0.44	-0.45	-0.46	-0.46	-2.10	-2.30	-1.86	-1.75	-0.70	-1.06
Dominica	-0.27	-0.37	-2.73	-3.55	-3.45	-4.01	-1.49	-1.01	0.05	0.28
Dominican Republic	-0.84	-0.94	-1.43	-1.66	-1.92	-2.17	-1.09	-0.60	-1.09	-2.06
Grenada	-0.26	-0.26	-0.27	-0.27	-0.10	-0.11	-0.08	-0.07	-0.34	-0.41
Guadeloupe (21)	-0.63	-0.63	2.43	0.15	-4.19	-13.66	-5.77	-1.48	1.49	1.09
Haiti	-0.37	-0.42	-0.48	-0.54	-0.16	-0.03	-0.70	-1.42	-1.18	-0.91
Jamaica	-1.26	-1.46	-1.16	-1.26	-0.94	-1.00	-0.64	-0.40	-0.47	-0.49
Martinique	-0.22	-2.05	-3.60	-5.00	-6.05	-6.91	-4.62	-3.30	-3.39	-2.36
Montserrat	—	-0.00	0.57	0.45	-0.13	-0.13	—	—	-0.07	0.42
Netherlands Antilles (22)	3.48	3.29	-2.26	-2.36	-2.45	-2.53	-2.61	-2.68	-3.58	-4.06
Puerto Rico	-0.63	-0.75	-2.69	-3.03	-2.25	-2.36	-1.40	-2.06	-15.43	-17.54
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-0.14	-0.17	-0.91	-0.97	-0.27	-0.26	0.20	0.19	0.27	0.28
Saint Lucia	-0.28	-0.29	-0.31	-0.33	-0.34	-0.36	-0.38	-0.40	-0.07	0.46
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	-0.53	-0.58	-0.63	-0.69	-0.75	-0.81	-0.87	-0.94	-0.69	-0.65
Trinidad and Tobago	0.52	0.49	0.71	0.57	0.11	0.11	0.28	0.23	-0.24	-0.27
Turks and Caicos Islands	-0.08	-0.10	-0.67	-0.69	-0.82	-0.96	-5.16	-5.96	-4.91	-5.23
United States Virgin Islands	0.54	0.34	-3.40	-3.77	-4.11	-4.41	-4.67	-4.88	-5.06	-5.20
CENTRAL AMERICA	-1.20	-1.32	-1.44	-1.52	-1.50	-1.51	-1.23	-1.32	-1.26	-1.04
Belize	0.27	0.29	0.66	0.63	0.32	0.32	0.37	0.37	-0.01	-0.07
Costa Rica	-0.11	-0.11	-0.47	-0.97	-0.84	-0.61	-0.89	-1.98	-2.19	-1.53
El Salvador	-0.29	-0.30	-0.18	-0.16	-0.71	-0.89	-0.94	-1.00	-1.96	-2.27
Guatemala	-0.80	-0.89	-0.85	-0.48	-0.37	-0.22	-0.57	-0.66	-0.69	-0.72
Honduras	-0.61	-0.69	-0.78	-0.88	-0.92	-0.83	-0.90	-0.90	-0.85	-0.90
Mexico	-1.46	-1.59	-1.77	-1.90	-1.91	-2.02	-1.61	-1.66	-1.41	-1.04
Nicaragua	-0.68	-0.72	-1.06	-1.57	-0.66	-0.47	-0.49	-0.50	-0.51	-0.52
Panama	-0.86	-0.92	-1.11	-1.19	-0.54	-0.56	-0.68	-0.75	-2.84	-3.14
SOUTH AMERICA	-1.59	-1.77	-1.82	-1.87	-2.02	-2.18	-2.27	-2.31	-2.37	-2.49
Argentina	-2.65	-2.81	-2.21	-2.25	-2.08	-2.12	-2.69	-2.79	-2.75	-2.78
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	-0.44	-0.46	-0.48	-0.50	-0.52	-1.46	-1.95	-2.16	-1.80	-1.24
Brazil	-1.60	-1.80	-1.91	-2.10	-2.35	-2.54	-2.72	-2.89	-3.05	-3.49
Chile	-2.47	-2.66	-2.56	-2.66	-2.73	-2.84	-1.53	-0.76	-1.36	-2.12
Colombia	-1.86	-2.19	-2.31	-1.61	-1.72	-1.81	-1.91	-1.63	-1.46	-1.09
Ecuador	-0.78	-0.85	-0.85	-0.85	-1.04	-1.66	-1.67	-1.66	-1.23	-1.24
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	0.11	0.11	-0.55	-0.93	-1.02	-1.11	-2.76	-6.62	5.49	-0.98
French Guiana	-2.24	-2.44	-1.36	-1.01	-1.06	-1.09	-1.34	-1.41	-0.22	-0.23
Guyana	-0.14	-0.14	-0.06	-0.06	-0.15	-0.15	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.12
Paraguay	-0.15	-0.16	-0.21	-0.26	-0.62	-0.91	-1.16	-1.40	-1.39	-1.38
Peru	-1.00	-1.07	-2.00	-2.44	-2.00	-1.68	-1.34	-1.27	-1.36	-1.49
Suriname	-0.07	-0.07	0.06	0.43	-1.35	-2.32	-1.16	-1.21	-1.26	-1.31
Uruguay	-1.10	-1.12	-1.13	-1.15	-1.19	-2.58	-2.63	-2.99	-3.07	-1.73
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	-2.96	-3.38	-3.04	-3.17	-3.01	-3.03	-2.82	-2.80	-4.29	-4.53
NORTHERN AMERICA	-1.82	-1.82	-1.42	-1.35	-0.03	-0.06	-0.58	-0.60	-1.58	-1.68
Bermuda	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	-2.60	-2.06	-2.64	-2.15	0.04	-0.04	-0.58	-0.19	-0.96	-1.68
Greenland	-1.98	-2.16	-4.00	-4.39	-1.25	-1.40	-1.60	-1.64	-1.18	-0.79
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	-3.81	-3.96	-2.13	-1.06	-1.06	-1.07	0.34	0.99	—	-0.38
United States of America	-1.75	-1.80	-1.30	-1.26	-0.04	-0.06	-0.58	-0.64	-1.64	-1.69
OCEANIA	-1.32	-1.35	-1.28	-1.41	-0.47	0.39	0.42	0.04	0.09	0.07
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND	-1.87	-2.15	-2.31	-2.30	-1.11	0.00	0.26	-0.19	-0.95	-1.39
Australia (23)	-2.16	-2.22	-2.24	-2.28	-0.91	0.23	0.42	0.08	-0.99	-1.59
New Zealand	-0.82	-1.88	-2.57	-2.22	-1.85	-0.77	-0.30	-1.35	-0.79	-0.47
MELANESIA	-0.30	-0.41	-0.52	-0.89	-0.47	-0.24	-0.22	-0.25	0.07	0.13
Fiji	-0.69	-0.77	-0.84	-0.66	-0.61	-0.33	-0.24	-1.03	-1.38	-0.91
New Caledonia	-1.66	-2.05	-2.47	-2.53	-1.68	-1.03	-0.67	-0.34	-0.28	-0.87
Papua New Guinea	-0.17	-0.25	-0.37	-0.94	-0.48	-0.26	-0.22	-0.23	0.21	0.20
Solomon Islands	-0.18	-0.23	-0.32	-0.36	-0.05	-0.32	-0.42	-0.29	-0.23	-0.27
Vanuatu	-0.17	-0.19	-0.21	-0.23	-0.25	-0.31	-0.47	-0.48	-0.36	-0.38
MICRONESIA	-0.88	-1.00	-1.28	-1.67	-4.53	-1.97	-0.34	-0.40	-0.60	-1.04
Guam	-1.55	-1.72	-2.29	-3.09	-16.89	-19.26	4.08	3.67	-2.94	-2.83
Kiribati	-0.55	-0.67	-0.81	-1.14	-1.51	-0.78	-0.37	-0.44	-0.44	-2.17
Marshall Islands	-1.56	-1.92	-2.33	-4.19	-3.33	1.15	-1.83	-1.70	-0.98	-1.01

Table A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
-0.10	-0.23	-0.37	-0.52	-0.68	-0.75	-0.78	-0.81	-0.85	-0.88	British Virgin Islands
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Cayman Islands
—	0.31	0.09	-0.19	-0.47	-0.75	-0.98	-1.00	-1.02	-1.03	Cuba
0.17	-0.10	-0.36	-0.64	-0.93	-1.06	-1.08	-1.10	-1.12	-1.14	Dominica
-2.17	-2.08	-1.92	-1.73	-1.50	-1.33	-1.34	-1.36	-1.39	-1.41	Dominican Republic
-0.44	-0.50	-0.56	-0.63	-0.71	-0.76	-0.80	-0.83	-0.87	-0.91	Grenada
—	-0.11	-0.39	-0.68	-0.96	-1.25	-1.36	-1.36	-1.37	-1.37	Guadeloupe (21)
-2.82	-3.05	-2.96	-2.68	-2.22	-1.73	-1.71	-1.77	-1.82	-1.87	Haiti
-0.09	0.01	-0.17	-0.39	-0.62	-0.86	-1.07	-1.12	-1.16	-1.20	Jamaica
0.71	0.55	0.14	-0.26	-0.67	-1.08	-1.25	-1.26	-1.26	-1.28	Martinique
-0.57	-0.14	-0.17	-0.21	-0.25	-0.30	-0.33	-0.35	-0.38	-0.41	Montserrat
-3.93	-3.42	-2.88	-2.32	-1.75	-1.52	-1.52	-1.53	-1.54	-1.54	Netherlands Antilles (22)
-16.36	-13.10	-9.55	-5.96	-2.48	-1.58	-1.58	-1.56	-1.64	-1.55	Puerto Rico
0.21	0.04	-0.12	-0.30	-0.48	-0.58	-0.61	-0.64	-0.67	-0.70	Saint Kitts and Nevis
1.31	1.20	0.81	0.47	0.23	0.04	-0.13	-0.19	-0.20	-0.21	Saint Lucia
-0.68	-0.73	-0.78	-0.83	-0.88	-0.93	-0.96	-0.99	-1.03	-1.06	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
-0.29	-0.30	-0.31	-0.32	-0.32	-0.33	-0.36	-0.39	-0.42	-0.45	Trinidad and Tobago
-8.02	-8.56	-7.20	-5.68	-4.08	-2.43	-1.77	-1.77	-1.78	-1.78	Turks and Caicos Islands
-4.83	-4.10	-3.34	-2.54	-1.77	-1.58	-1.59	-1.59	-1.59	-1.60	United States Virgin Islands
-1.11	-1.11	-1.08	-1.05	-1.03	-1.02	-1.01	-1.03	-1.06	-1.09	CENTRAL AMERICA
0.51	0.50	0.34	0.09	-0.15	-0.40	-0.66	-0.75	-0.78	-0.81	Belize
-1.35	-1.34	-1.32	-1.29	-1.26	-1.28	-1.31	-1.34	-1.37	-1.40	Costa Rica
-1.38	-1.42	-1.40	-1.37	-1.32	-1.27	-1.25	-1.28	-1.30	-1.33	El Salvador
-0.76	-0.83	-0.92	-1.01	-1.10	-1.19	-1.25	-1.30	-1.35	-1.40	Guatemala
-1.21	-1.17	-1.22	-1.24	-1.26	-1.26	-1.28	-1.33	-1.37	-1.42	Honduras
-1.30	-1.32	-1.31	-1.26	-1.21	-1.16	-1.10	-1.10	-1.11	-1.12	Mexico
-0.54	-0.61	-0.73	-0.85	-0.98	-1.12	-1.19	-1.22	-1.26	-1.29	Nicaragua
-3.13	-2.84	-2.45	-2.00	-1.52	-1.42	-1.44	-1.46	-1.48	-1.50	Panama
-1.72	-1.67	-1.58	-1.43	-1.28	-1.16	-1.08	-1.07	-1.08	-1.10	SOUTH AMERICA
-2.72	-2.38	-2.00	-1.62	-1.23	-0.99	-0.99	-0.99	-1.00	-1.00	Argentina
-1.27	-1.27	-1.27	-1.25	-1.23	-1.23	-1.26	-1.28	-1.31	-1.34	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)
-1.83	-1.83	-1.79	-1.63	-1.46	-1.29	-1.11	-1.04	-1.04	-1.05	Brazil
-2.54	-2.25	-1.93	-1.60	-1.25	-1.05	-1.05	-1.06	-1.06	-1.06	Chile
-1.11	-1.12	-1.12	-1.12	-1.12	-1.12	-1.13	-1.15	-1.16	-1.17	Colombia
-1.74	-1.87	-1.77	-1.63	-1.47	-1.32	-1.32	-1.35	-1.37	-1.40	Ecuador
-2.10	-2.01	-1.90	-1.75	-1.59	-1.41	-1.31	-1.33	-1.35	-1.36	Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
-0.37	-0.56	-0.76	-0.96	-1.15	-1.19	-1.21	-1.22	-1.24	-1.26	French Guiana
0.11	-0.00	-0.12	-0.25	-0.40	-0.52	-0.56	-0.59	-0.62	-0.65	Guyana
-1.45	-1.45	-1.42	-1.38	-1.33	-1.29	-1.32	-1.35	-1.38	-1.42	Paraguay
-1.54	-1.56	-1.50	-1.41	-1.31	-1.21	-1.13	-1.14	-1.15	-1.17	Peru
-1.36	-1.37	-1.34	-1.30	-1.26	-1.22	-1.22	-1.25	-1.27	-1.29	Suriname
-1.43	-1.35	-1.24	-1.13	-1.01	-0.92	-0.90	-0.91	-0.91	-0.91	Uruguay
-4.46	-3.81	-3.08	-2.32	-1.54	-1.07	-1.08	-1.08	-1.08	-1.08	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
-1.54	-1.41	-1.31	-1.20	-1.10	-1.09	-1.11	-1.12	-1.12	-1.13	NORTHERN AMERICA
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Bermuda
-0.64	-0.44	-0.56	-0.69	-0.81	-0.95	-1.00	-1.01	-1.02	-1.03	Canada
-1.42	-1.86	-1.85	-1.75	-1.64	-1.53	-1.42	-1.37	-1.38	-1.39	Greenland
-1.44	-1.44	-1.43	-1.41	-1.40	-1.38	-1.38	-1.39	-1.39	-1.39	Saint Pierre and Miquelon
-1.64	-1.52	-1.40	-1.27	-1.13	-1.11	-1.12	-1.13	-1.14	-1.15	United States of America
-0.01	-0.15	-0.08	-0.10	-0.14	-0.17	-0.21	-0.26	-0.33	-0.41	OCEANIA
-1.44	-1.28	-1.18	-1.08	-0.99	-0.95	-0.98	-0.99	-0.99	-0.99	AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND
-1.65	-1.52	-1.38	-1.22	-1.07	-0.98	-0.98	-0.99	-0.99	-1.00	Australia (23)
-0.53	-0.20	-0.34	-0.49	-0.64	-0.79	-0.91	-0.92	-0.93	-0.93	New Zealand
0.12	0.01	-0.09	-0.19	-0.32	-0.41	-0.47	-0.53	-0.59	-0.66	MELANESIA
-0.77	-0.80	-0.84	-0.88	-0.92	-0.96	-0.99	-1.03	-1.06	-1.09	Fiji
-0.74	0.68	0.37	0.04	-0.30	-0.65	-0.93	-0.97	-0.99	-1.02	New Caledonia
0.15	0.03	-0.08	-0.20	-0.35	-0.44	-0.50	-0.56	-0.62	-0.69	Papua New Guinea
-0.48	-0.54	-0.58	-0.59	-0.59	-0.58	-0.56	-0.58	-0.61	-0.65	Solomon Islands
-0.37	-0.39	-0.42	-0.45	-0.49	-0.52	-0.56	-0.60	-0.63	-0.67	Vanuatu
-0.45	-0.24	-0.56	-0.51	-0.52	-0.60	-0.66	-0.68	-0.70	-0.72	MICRONESIA
—	-0.21	-0.48	-0.76	-1.04	-1.29	-1.32	-1.32	-1.34	-1.34	Guam
-0.21	-0.09	-0.23	-0.38	-0.54	-0.71	-0.80	-0.83	-0.87	-0.90	Kiribati
-1.04	-1.07	-1.11	-1.14	-1.18	-1.20	-1.22	-1.24	-1.26	-1.28	Marshall Islands

Table A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural (continued)

Estimates: 1950-2005

Major area, region and country	Average annual rate of change (per cent)									
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000
Micronesia (Fed. States of)	-0.29	-0.30	-0.32	-0.34	-0.28	-0.16	0.08	0.09	0.20	0.72
Nauru	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northern Mariana Islands	-1.37	-2.09	-3.36	-6.41	-8.63	-7.72	-2.58	-2.47	0.34	-1.19
Palau	-0.65	-0.67	-0.68	-0.70	-0.72	-0.74	-2.77	-1.41	-1.25	1.00
POLYNESIA (24)	-0.86	-0.61	-0.69	-0.97	-0.51	-0.38	-0.56	-0.37	-0.16	-0.24
American Samoa	-1.21	-1.26	-1.30	-1.34	-1.38	-1.48	-2.87	-3.09	-5.16	-5.41
Cook Islands	-1.39	-1.54	-1.69	-1.04	-0.31	0.08	-0.61	-1.15	-0.46	-3.43
French Polynesia	-1.28	-1.43	-2.11	-2.92	-0.74	-0.24	0.05	0.65	1.02	0.50
Niue	-0.00	-0.00	-0.00	0.11	-0.58	-0.98	-1.13	0.04	-0.16	-0.48
Samoa	-1.07	-0.37	-0.09	-0.26	-0.16	-0.05	-0.01	—	-0.08	-0.12
Tokelau	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tonga	-0.61	-0.50	-0.48	-0.17	-0.04	-0.21	-0.28	-0.11	-0.04	-0.04
Tuvalu	-0.50	-0.59	-0.70	-0.83	-0.97	-1.13	-1.30	-2.05	-1.15	-0.74
Wallis and Futuna Islands	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

a More developed regions comprise Europe, Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan.

b Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), Latin America and the Caribbean plus Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia.

c The least developed countries are 49 countries, 33 in Africa, 10 in Asia, 5 in Oceania plus one in Latin America and the Caribbean.

d Other less developed countries comprise the less developed regions excluding the least developed countries.

e Sub-Saharan Africa refers to all of Africa except Northern Africa.

1 Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.

2 Including Zanzibar.

3 Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.

4 For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.

8 Including Sabah and Sarawak.

9 Including Nagorno-Karabakh.

10 Including Northern-Cyprus.

11 Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.

12 Including East Jerusalem.

13 Including Transnistria.

14 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.

15 Including Åland Islands.

16 Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.

17 Refers to the Vatican City State.

18 Including Kosovo.

19 Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.

20 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

21 Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

22 Refers to Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.

23 Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

24 Including Pitcairn.

Table A.10. Average annual rate of change of the percentage rural (continued)

2005-2050: Projections

Average annual rate of change (per cent)										Major area, region and country
2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	2040-2045	2045-2050	
—	-0.05	-0.13	-0.21	-0.31	-0.41	-0.46	-0.49	-0.52	-0.55	Micronesia (Fed. States of)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Nauru
-1.27	-1.29	-1.32	-1.34	-1.36	-1.37	-1.38	-1.38	-1.39	-1.40	Northern Mariana Islands
-5.96	-5.87	-5.09	-4.12	-3.03	-1.92	-1.65	-1.66	-1.67	-1.68	Palau
-0.21	-0.14	-0.17	-0.27	-0.39	-0.51	-0.58	-0.63	-0.67	-0.71	POLYNESIA (24)
-5.07	-4.32	-3.51	-2.64	-1.80	-1.59	-1.60	-1.60	-1.61	-1.61	American Samoa
-3.67	-1.60	-0.98	-1.03	-1.08	-1.14	-1.19	-1.23	-1.25	-1.27	Cook Islands
0.25	0.15	-0.03	-0.24	-0.45	-0.67	-0.86	-0.90	-0.93	-0.96	French Polynesia
-0.65	-0.71	-0.74	-0.76	-0.78	-0.79	-0.81	-0.85	-0.89	-0.92	Niue
0.19	0.29	0.24	0.12	-0.00	-0.12	-0.25	-0.34	-0.37	-0.39	Samoa
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tokelau
-0.04	-0.06	-0.13	-0.21	-0.30	-0.40	-0.48	-0.51	-0.54	-0.57	Tonga
-0.78	-0.81	-0.85	-0.88	-0.92	-0.95	-0.98	-1.02	-1.05	-1.08	Tuvalu
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Wallis and Futuna Islands

Table A.11. The 30 largest urban agglomerations ranked by population size, 1950-2025

1950			1955		
Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)	Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)
1	New York-Newark, USA	12.338	1	Tokyo, Japan	13.713
2	Tokyo, Japan	11.275	2	New York-Newark, USA	13.219
3	London, United Kingdom	8.361	3	London, United Kingdom	8.278
4	Paris, France	6.283	4	Paris, France	6.796
5	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	5.356	5	Shanghai, China	5.846
6	Buenos Aires, Argentina	5.098	6	Buenos Aires, Argentina	5.799
7	Chicago, USA	4.999	7	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	5.749
8	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	4.513	8	Chicago, USA	5.565
9	Shanghai, China	4.301	9	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	5.154
10	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	4.147	10	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	5.120
11	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	4.046	11	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	5.055
12	Berlin, Germany	3.338	12	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	3.801
13	Philadelphia, USA	3.128	13	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	3.592
14	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	2.950	14	Philadelphia, USA	3.511
15	Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Russian Federation	2.903	15	Mumbai (Bombay), India	3.432
16	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	2.883	16	Berlin, Germany	3.299
17	Mumbai (Bombay), India	2.857	17	Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Russian Federation	3.141
18	Detroit, USA	2.769	18	Detroit, USA	3.140
19	Boston, USA	2.551	19	São Paulo, Brazil	3.044
20	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	2.494	20	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	3.029
21	Tianjin, China	2.467	21	Tianjin, China	2.761
22	Manchester, United Kingdom	2.422	22	Boston, USA	2.680
23	São Paulo, Brazil	2.334	23	Manchester, United Kingdom	2.425
24	Birmingham, United Kingdom	2.229	24	Shenyang, China	2.408
25	Shenyang, China	2.148	25	Beijing, China	2.365
26	Roma (Rome), Italy	1.884	26	Birmingham, United Kingdom	2.283
27	Milano (Milan), Italy	1.883	27	Roma (Rome), Italy	2.143
28	San Francisco-Oakland, USA	1.855	28	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	2.121
29	Barcelona, Spain	1.809	29	Barcelona, Spain	2.103
30	Glasgow, United Kingdom	1.755	30	Milano (Milan), Italy	2.099

1960			1965		
Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)	Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)
1	Tokyo, Japan	16.679	1	Tokyo, Japan	20.284
2	New York-Newark, USA	14.164	2	New York-Newark, USA	15.177
3	London, United Kingdom	8.196	3	London, United Kingdom	7.869
4	Paris, France	7.411	4	Paris, France	7.855
5	Shanghai, China	6.820	5	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	7.654
6	Buenos Aires, Argentina	6.598	6	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	7.408
7	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	6.530	7	Buenos Aires, Argentina	7.317
8	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	6.227	8	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	6.653
9	Chicago, USA	6.183	9	Chicago, USA	6.639
10	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	6.170	10	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	6.622
11	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	5.652	11	Shanghai, China	6.428
12	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	5.012	12	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	6.261
13	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	4.374	13	São Paulo, Brazil	5.494
14	Mumbai (Bombay), India	4.060	14	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	5.387
15	São Paulo, Brazil	3.970	15	Mumbai (Bombay), India	4.854
16	Philadelphia, USA	3.930	16	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	4.738
17	Beijing, China	3.900	17	Beijing, China	4.582
18	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	3.680	18	Philadelphia, USA	4.161
19	Detroit, USA	3.548	19	Detroit, USA	3.759
20	Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Russian Federation	3.398	20	Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Russian Federation	3.677
21	Berlin, Germany	3.260	21	Seoul, Republic of Korea	3.452
22	Tianjin, China	2.935	22	Jakarta, Indonesia	3.297
23	Boston, USA	2.818	23	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	3.285
24	Shenyang, China	2.699	24	Berlin, Germany	3.232
25	Jakarta, Indonesia	2.679	25	Tianjin, China	3.121
26	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	2.620	26	Boston, USA	3.000
27	Barcelona, Spain	2.468	27	Barcelona, Spain	2.930
28	Roma (Rome), Italy	2.456	28	Shenyang, China	2.924
29	Manchester, United Kingdom	2.427	29	Madrid, Spain	2.898
30	Milano (Milan), Italy	2.395	30	Delhi, India	2.845

Table A.11. The 30 largest urban agglomerations ranked by population size (continued)

1970			1975		
Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)	Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)
1	Tokyo, Japan	23.298	1	Tokyo, Japan	26.615
2	New York-Newark, USA	16.191	2	New York-Newark, USA	15.880
3	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	9.408	3	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	10.690
4	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	8.769	4	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	9.844
5	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	8.378	5	São Paulo, Brazil	9.614
6	Paris, France	8.208	6	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	8.926
7	Buenos Aires, Argentina	8.105	7	Buenos Aires, Argentina	8.745
8	São Paulo, Brazil	7.620	8	Paris, France	8.558
9	London, United Kingdom	7.509	9	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	7.888
10	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	7.106	10	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	7.623
11	Chicago, USA	7.106	11	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	7.557
12	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	6.926	12	London, United Kingdom	7.546
13	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	6.637	13	Chicago, USA	7.160
14	Shanghai, China	6.036	14	Mumbai (Bombay), India	7.082
15	Mumbai (Bombay), India	5.811	15	Seoul, Republic of Korea	6.808
16	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	5.585	16	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	6.450
17	Seoul, Republic of Korea	5.312	17	Shanghai, China	5.627
18	Beijing, China	4.426	18	Manila, Philippines	4.999
19	Philadelphia, USA	4.396	19	Beijing, China	4.828
20	Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Russian Federation	3.980	20	Jakarta, Indonesia	4.813
21	Detroit, USA	3.966	21	Philadelphia, USA	4.467
22	Jakarta, Indonesia	3.915	22	Delhi, India	4.426
23	Manila, Philippines	3.534	23	Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Russian Federation	4.325
24	Delhi, India	3.531	24	Tehran, Iran (Islamic Republic of)	4.273
25	Madrid, Spain	3.521	25	Karachi, Pakistan	3.989
26	Barcelona, Spain	3.482	26	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	3.906
27	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	3.472	27	Madrid, Spain	3.890
28	Tianjin, China	3.318	28	Detroit, USA	3.885
29	Tehran, Iran (Islamic Republic of)	3.290	29	Krung Thep (Bangkok), Thailand	3.842
30	Berlin, Germany	3.206	30	Lima, Peru	3.696

1980			1985		
Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)	Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)
1	Tokyo, Japan	28.549	1	Tokyo, Japan	30.304
2	New York-Newark, USA	15.601	2	New York-Newark, USA	15.827
3	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	13.010	3	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	14.109
4	São Paulo, Brazil	12.089	4	São Paulo, Brazil	13.395
5	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	9.990	5	Mumbai (Bombay), India	10.391
6	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	9.512	6	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	10.350
7	Buenos Aires, Argentina	9.422	7	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	10.181
8	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	9.030	8	Buenos Aires, Argentina	9.959
9	Paris, France	8.669	9	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	9.946
10	Mumbai (Bombay), India	8.658	10	Seoul, Republic of Korea	9.547
11	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	8.583	11	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	9.086
12	Seoul, Republic of Korea	8.258	12	Paris, France	8.956
13	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	8.136	13	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	8.580
14	London, United Kingdom	7.660	14	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	8.328
15	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	7.349	15	London, United Kingdom	7.667
16	Chicago, USA	7.216	16	Delhi, India	7.325
17	Jakarta, Indonesia	5.984	17	Chicago, USA	7.285
18	Shanghai, China	5.966	18	Jakarta, Indonesia	7.009
19	Manila, Philippines	5.955	19	Manila, Philippines	6.888
20	Delhi, India	5.558	20	Shanghai, China	6.847
21	Beijing, China	5.366	21	Karachi, Pakistan	6.033
22	Tehran, Iran (Islamic Republic of)	5.079	22	Beijing, China	6.017
23	Karachi, Pakistan	5.048	23	Tehran, Iran (Islamic Republic of)	5.839
24	Krung Thep (Bangkok), Thailand	4.723	24	Istanbul, Turkey	5.407
25	Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Russian Federation	4.645	25	Krung Thep (Bangkok), Thailand	5.279
26	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	4.623	26	Lima, Peru	5.116
27	Philadelphia, USA	4.540	27	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	5.031
28	Lima, Peru	4.438	28	Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Russian Federation	4.844
29	Istanbul, Turkey	4.397	29	Chennai (Madras), India	4.748
30	Madrid, Spain	4.253	30	Dhaka, Bangladesh	4.660

Table A.11. The 30 largest urban agglomerations ranked by population size (continued)

1990			1995		
Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)	Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)
1	Tokyo, Japan	32.530	1	Tokyo, Japan	33.587
2	New York-Newark, USA	16.086	2	New York-Newark, USA	16.943
3	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	15.312	3	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	16.811
4	São Paulo, Brazil	14.776	4	São Paulo, Brazil	15.948
5	Mumbai (Bombay), India	12.436	5	Mumbai (Bombay), India	14.310
6	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	11.035	6	Delhi, India	12.407
7	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	10.890	7	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	11.924
8	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	10.883	8	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	11.339
9	Seoul, Republic of Korea	10.544	9	Buenos Aires, Argentina	11.154
10	Buenos Aires, Argentina	10.513	10	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	11.052
11	Delhi, India	9.726	11	Shanghai, China	10.450
12	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	9.595	12	Seoul, Republic of Korea	10.256
13	Paris, France	9.330	13	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	10.174
14	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	9.061	14	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	9.707
15	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	8.987	15	Paris, France	9.510
16	Jakarta, Indonesia	8.175	16	Manila, Philippines	9.401
17	Manila, Philippines	7.973	17	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	9.201
18	Shanghai, China	7.823	18	Karachi, Pakistan	8.467
19	London, United Kingdom	7.654	19	Dhaka, Bangladesh	8.332
20	Chicago, USA	7.374	20	Jakarta, Indonesia	8.322
21	Karachi, Pakistan	7.147	21	Beijing, China	8.305
22	Beijing, China	6.788	22	London, United Kingdom	7.908
23	Dhaka, Bangladesh	6.621	23	Chicago, USA	7.839
24	Istanbul, Turkey	6.552	24	Istanbul, Turkey	7.665
25	Tehran, Iran (Islamic Republic of)	6.365	25	Tehran, Iran (Islamic Republic of)	6.687
26	Krung Thep (Bangkok), Thailand	5.888	26	Lima, Peru	6.582
27	Lima, Peru	5.837	27	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	6.144
28	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	5.766	28	Krung Thep (Bangkok), Thailand	6.106
29	Chennai (Madras), India	5.338	29	Lagos, Nigeria	5.983
30	Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg), Russian Federation	4.989	30	Chennai (Madras), India	5.836

2000			2005		
Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)	Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)
1	Tokyo, Japan	34.450	1	Tokyo, Japan	35.622
2	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	18.022	2	New York-Newark, USA	18.888
3	New York-Newark, USA	17.846	3	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	18.735
4	São Paulo, Brazil	17.099	4	Delhi, India	18.670
5	Mumbai (Bombay), India	16.367	5	São Paulo, Brazil	18.330
6	Delhi, India	15.732	6	Mumbai (Bombay), India	17.891
7	Shanghai, China	13.959	7	Shanghai, China	16.590
8	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	13.058	8	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	13.702
9	Buenos Aires, Argentina	11.847	9	Dhaka, Bangladesh	12.615
10	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	11.814	10	Buenos Aires, Argentina	12.586
11	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	11.165	11	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	12.412
12	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	10.803	12	Beijing, China	12.349
13	Dhaka, Bangladesh	10.285	13	Karachi, Pakistan	11.743
14	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	10.170	14	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	11.368
15	Beijing, China	10.162	15	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	11.258
16	Karachi, Pakistan	10.031	16	Manila, Philippines	10.761
17	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	10.005	17	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	10.755
18	Manila, Philippines	9.958	18	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	10.565
19	Seoul, Republic of Korea	9.917	19	Paris, France	10.105
20	Paris, France	9.739	20	Seoul, Republic of Korea	9.825
21	Istanbul, Turkey	8.744	21	Istanbul, Turkey	9.753
22	Jakarta, Indonesia	8.390	22	Jakarta, Indonesia	8.988
23	Chicago, USA	8.333	23	Chicago, USA	8.898
24	London, United Kingdom	8.225	24	Lagos, Nigeria	8.859
25	Chongqing, China	7.436	25	Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	8.845
26	Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	7.330	26	Chongqing, China	8.596
27	Lima, Peru	7.294	27	London, United Kingdom	8.552
28	Lagos, Nigeria	7.281	28	Shenzhen, China	8.409
29	Tehran, Iran (Islamic Republic of)	6.880	29	Lima, Peru	8.081
30	Hong Kong, China, Hong Kong SAR	6.783	30	Wuhan, China	7.737

Table A.11. The 30 largest urban agglomerations ranked by population size (continued)

2010			2015		
Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)	Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)
1	Tokyo, Japan	36.933	1	Tokyo, Japan	38.197
2	Delhi, India	21.935	2	Delhi, India	25.629
3	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	20.142	3	Shanghai, China	22.963
4	New York-Newark, USA	20.104	4	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	21.706
5	São Paulo, Brazil	19.649	5	New York-Newark, USA	21.326
6	Shanghai, China	19.554	6	Mumbai (Bombay), India	21.214
7	Mumbai (Bombay), India	19.422	7	São Paulo, Brazil	21.028
8	Beijing, China	15.000	8	Beijing, China	18.079
9	Dhaka, Bangladesh	14.930	9	Dhaka, Bangladesh	17.382
10	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	14.283	10	Karachi, Pakistan	15.500
11	Karachi, Pakistan	13.500	11	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	15.076
12	Buenos Aires, Argentina	13.370	12	Buenos Aires, Argentina	14.151
13	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	13.223	13	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	14.081
14	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	11.867	14	Lagos, Nigeria	13.121
15	Manila, Philippines	11.654	15	Manila, Philippines	12.856
16	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	11.472	16	Istanbul, Turkey	12.459
17	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	11.430	17	Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	12.385
18	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	11.031	18	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	12.380
19	Istanbul, Turkey	10.953	19	Shenzhen, China	12.337
20	Lagos, Nigeria	10.788	20	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	12.144
21	Paris, France	10.516	21	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	11.944
22	Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	10.486	22	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	11.783
23	Shenzhen, China	10.222	23	Paris, France	11.097
24	Seoul, Republic of Korea	9.751	24	Chongqing, China	11.054
25	Chongqing, China	9.732	25	Jakarta, Indonesia	10.470
26	Jakarta, Indonesia	9.630	26	Kinshasa, Dem. Republic of the Congo	10.312
27	Chicago, USA	9.545	27	Wuhan, China	10.256
28	Lima, Peru	8.950	28	Chicago, USA	10.199
29	London, United Kingdom	8.923	29	Bangalore, India	10.016
30	Wuhan, China	8.904	30	Chennai (Madras), India	9.887

2020			2025		
Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)	Rank	Agglomeration and country	Population (millions)
1	Tokyo, Japan	38.707	1	Tokyo, Japan	38.661
2	Delhi, India	29.274	2	Delhi, India	32.935
3	Shanghai, China	26.121	3	Shanghai, China	28.404
4	Mumbai (Bombay), India	23.661	4	Mumbai (Bombay), India	26.557
5	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	23.239	5	Ciudad de México (Mexico City), Mexico	24.581
6	New York-Newark, USA	22.487	6	New York-Newark, USA	23.572
7	São Paulo, Brazil	22.243	7	São Paulo, Brazil	23.175
8	Beijing, China	20.781	8	Dhaka, Bangladesh	22.906
9	Dhaka, Bangladesh	20.064	9	Beijing, China	22.633
10	Karachi, Pakistan	17.729	10	Karachi, Pakistan	20.190
11	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	16.648	11	Lagos, Nigeria	18.857
12	Lagos, Nigeria	15.825	12	Kolkata (Calcutta), India	18.711
13	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	14.907	13	Manila, Philippines	16.278
14	Buenos Aires, Argentina	14.876	14	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, USA	15.687
15	Manila, Philippines	14.428	15	Shenzhen, China	15.545
16	Shenzhen, China	14.221	16	Buenos Aires, Argentina	15.524
17	Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	14.167	17	Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	15.474
18	Istanbul, Turkey	13.791	18	Istanbul, Turkey	14.897
19	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	13.254	19	Al-Qahirah (Cairo), Egypt	14.740
20	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	13.020	20	Kinshasa, Dem. Republic of the Congo	14.535
21	Chongqing, China	12.479	21	Chongqing, China	13.627
22	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	12.478	22	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	13.621
23	Kinshasa, Dem. Republic of the Congo	12.322	23	Bangalore, India	13.193
24	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	12.004	24	Jakarta, Indonesia	12.822
25	Paris, France	11.681	25	Chennai (Madras), India	12.814
26	Bangalore, India	11.641	26	Wuhan, China	12.727
27	Wuhan, China	11.641	27	Moskva (Moscow), Russian Federation	12.576
28	Jakarta, Indonesia	11.638	28	Paris, France	12.163
29	Chennai (Madras), India	11.321	29	Osaka-Kobe, Japan	12.031
30	Tianjin, China	10.916	30	Tianjin, China	11.934

**Table A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011,
by country, 1950-2025**

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Population (thousands)															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
AFGHANISTAN																
Kabul	129	185	265	369	472	674	978	1 185	1 332	1 616	1 963	2 856	3 052	3 402	4 136	5 126
ALGERIA																
El Djazair (Algiers) (1)	516	623	872	1 081	1 281	1 507	1 621	1 672	1 819	2 036	2 278	2 548	2 851	3 203	3 608	3 977
Wahran (Oran)	269	286	305	325	385	466	537	604	647	675	706	740	776	826	920	1 026
ANGOLA																
Huambo	15	24	37	48	61	95	153	232	326	444	578	775	1 039	1 345	1 666	1 997
Luanda	138	174	219	315	459	665	962	1 295	1 568	1 953	2 591	3 533	4 790	6 183	7 555	8 924
ARGENTINA																
Buenos Aires	5 098	5 799	6 598	7 317	8 105	8 745	9 422	9 959	10 513	11 154	11 847	12 586	13 370	14 151	14 876	15 524
Córdoba (2)	429	510	605	701	810	905	1 010	1 102	1 200	1 275	1 348	1 427	1 532	1 654	1 776	1 892
La Plata	300	347	401	441	484	522	562	597	634	656	676	700	747	810	876	940
Mendoza	246	284	328	394	473	537	608	680	759	802	838	879	942	1 021	1 101	1 179
Rosario	554	610	671	740	816	883	953	1 017	1 084	1 121	1 152	1 190	1 264	1 365	1 468	1 567
San Miguel de Tucumán	224	260	301	332	365	424	494	550	611	666	722	784	853	928	1 001	1 073
ARMENIA																
Yerevan	341	431	538	648	778	911	1 042	1 123	1 175	1 142	1 111	1 104	1 113	1 142	1 189	1 238
AUSTRALIA																
Adelaide	429	497	572	697	792	881	943	993	1 046	1 074	1 102	1 133	1 181	1 285	1 410	1 535
Brisbane	442	518	603	699	798	928	1 067	1 192	1 329	1 471	1 603	1 780	1 993	2 215	2 426	2 627
Melbourne	1 332	1 574	1 851	2 068	2 334	2 561	2 765	2 935	3 117	3 257	3 433	3 641	3 896	4 244	4 612	4 962
Perth	311	358	409	483	611	770	898	1 023	1 160	1 273	1 373	1 484	1 617	1 783	1 955	2 121
Sydney	1 690	1 906	2 135	2 390	2 667	2 960	3 227	3 432	3 632	3 839	4 078	4 260	4 479	4 844	5 254	5 646
AUSTRIA																
Wien (Vienna)	1 615	1 621	1 627	1 624	1 621	1 583	1 539	1 535	1 539	1 544	1 549	1 641	1 708	1 773	1 852	1 943
AZERBAIJAN																
Baku	897	940	1 005	1 132	1 274	1 429	1 574	1 660	1 733	1 766	1 806	1 867	2 062	2 371	2 655	2 899
BANGLADESH																
Chittagong	289	323	360	503	723	1 017	1 340	1 655	2 023	2 578	3 308	4 201	5 069	5 970	6 963	8 032
Dhaka	336	409	508	821	1 374	2 221	3 266	4 660	6 621	8 332	10 285	12 615	14 930	17 382	20 064	22 906
Khulna	41	69	120	194	310	472	627	790	985	1 133	1 285	1 472	1 723	2 042	2 406	2 805
Rajshahi	39	47	56	76	105	150	238	354	521	606	678	769	900	1 073	1 273	1 493
BELARUS																
Minsk	284	414	551	719	932	1 120	1 320	1 481	1 618	1 654	1 700	1 775	1 847	1 918	1 982	2 031
BELGIUM																
Antwerpen	759	786	813	835	855	868	880	881	893	906	922	939	956	980	1 018	1 063
Bruxelles-Brussel	1 415	1 449	1 485	1 525	1 568	1 610	1 654	1 654	1 680	1 715	1 785	1 858	1 933	2 012	2 090	2 166
BENIN																
Cotonou	20	27	73	111	163	240	337	412	504	577	642	724	882	1 086	1 292	1 517
BOLIVIA (PLURINATIONAL STATE OF)																
La Paz (3)	319	374	438	512	600	703	809	927	1 062	1 267	1 390	1 524	1 678	1 887	2 143	2 421
Santa Cruz	42	59	84	118	166	234	324	447	616	833	1 054	1 325	1 653	1 965	2 248	2 539
BRAZIL																
Aracaju	69	89	115	145	183	231	293	364	453	527	606	674	748	829	906	974
Baixada Santista (4)	246	311	395	497	625	770	949	1 062	1 184	1 319	1 468	1 561	1 659	1 768	1 897	2 023
Belém (4)	242	303	378	477	601	706	827	966	1 129	1 393	1 748	1 890	2 038	2 200	2 367	2 519
Belo Horizonte (4)	412	567	782	1 078	1 485	1 906	2 441	2 946	3 548	4 093	4 659	5 022	5 407	5 819	6 217	6 557
Brasília	36	70	137	268	525	827	1 293	1 559	1 863	2 257	2 746	3 189	3 701	4 249	4 654	4 933
Campinas (4)	152	211	293	398	540	773	1 109	1 374	1 693	1 975	2 264	2 533	2 794	3 054	3 295	3 498
Campo Grande	32	45	64	91	129	190	279	369	486	574	654	713	775	844	916	985
Cuiabá	27	37	51	71	100	162	264	368	510	606	686	736	789	847	916	984
Curitiba (4)	158	244	379	498	651	922	1 310	1 553	1 829	2 138	2 494	2 789	3 118	3 468	3 761	3 990
Florianópolis (4)	68	81	97	121	150	221	326	406	503	609	734	861	1 010	1 172	1 300	1 395
Fortaleza (4)	264	363	500	659	867	1 136	1 488	1 822	2 226	2 554	2 875	3 182	3 520	3 878	4 190	4 439
Goiânia (4)	53	89	148	236	375	527	737	915	1 132	1 366	1 635	1 831	2 049	2 282	2 483	2 644
Grande São Luís (4)	120	137	158	203	263	342	445	548	672	844	1 066	1 180	1 304	1 437	1 562	1 670
Grande Vitória (4)	85	121	171	241	339	493	716	871	1 052	1 221	1 398	1 527	1 666	1 816	1 964	2 095

Table A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Population (thousands)															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
João Pessoa (4)	117	147	184	230	289	362	453	544	652	741	827	939	1 067	1 204	1 322	1 417
Maceió (4)	123	150	182	225	278	342	420	527	660	798	952	1 049	1 154	1 268	1 378	1 475
Manaus (4)	90	116	151	206	281	411	604	761	955	1 159	1 392	1 577	1 798	2 043	2 241	2 390
Natal	108	137	176	225	288	367	467	569	692	800	910	1 067	1 252	1 454	1 610	1 724
Norte/Nordeste Catarinense	64	86	116	154	205	278	378	478	603	748	923	1 015	1 114	1 221	1 327	1 420
Pôrto Alegre	488	656	882	1 111	1 398	1 727	2 133	2 504	2 934	3 236	3 505	3 694	3 892	4 113	4 376	4 627
Recife	661	842	1 074	1 327	1 638	1 867	2 122	2 390	2 690	2 958	3 230	3 450	3 684	3 939	4 210	4 455
Rio de Janeiro	2 950	3 592	4 374	5 387	6 637	7 557	8 583	9 086	9 595	10 174	10 803	11 368	11 867	12 380	13 020	13 621
Salvador	403	520	671	847	1 069	1 341	1 683	1 983	2 331	2 644	2 968	3 422	3 947	4 506	4 925	5 217
São Paulo	2 334	3 044	3 970	5 494	7 620	9 614	12 089	13 395	14 776	15 948	17 099	18 330	19 649	21 028	22 243	23 175
Sorocaba	77	96	119	150	191	245	314	371	436	500	578	670	776	892	987	1 061
Teresina	54	75	104	143	195	276	390	490	614	706	789	843	902	968	1 045	1 121
BULGARIA																
Sofia	522	616	708	806	888	977	1 074	1 181	1 191	1 168	1 128	1 169	1 175	1 175	1 194	1 212
BURKINA FASO																
Ouagadougou	33	46	59	82	115	157	265	424	537	667	921	1 328	1 911	2 696	3 662	4 795
CAMBODIA																
Phnum Pénh (Phnom Penh) (5)	364	376	389	436	900	100	238	427	615	836	1 149	1 317	1 509	1 725	1 958	2 190
CAMEROON																
Douala	95	117	153	205	298	433	571	740	940	1 184	1 490	1 876	2 348	2 864	3 408	3 983
Yaoundé	32	49	75	112	183	292	415	578	777	1 025	1 351	1 781	2 320	2 870	3 420	3 997
CANADA																
Calgary (6)	132	186	262	320	389	457	568	656	738	809	953	1 056	1 191	1 311	1 420	1 528
Edmonton (6)	163	228	318	389	477	543	623	756	831	859	924	1 017	1 121	1 224	1 325	1 427
Montréal (6)	1 343	1 652	2 031	2 373	2 684	2 791	2 824	2 904	3 154	3 305	3 471	3 603	3 808	4 065	4 347	4 628
Ottawa-Gatineau (6)	282	342	415	482	581	676	729	803	918	988	1 079	1 119	1 191	1 283	1 387	1 494
Québec	268	306	349	403	467	530	568	598	638	667	684	710	746	802	871	942
Toronto (6)	1 068	1 365	1 744	2 093	2 535	2 770	3 008	3 355	3 807	4 197	4 607	5 035	5 485	5 905	6 298	6 682
Vancouver (6)	556	588	620	836	1 045	1 150	1 247	1 359	1 559	1 789	1 959	2 093	2 235	2 403	2 583	2 765
CHAD																
N'Djaména	22	40	70	109	155	231	324	393	477	579	703	854	1 038	1 258	1 522	1 870
CHILE																
Concepción	168	207	256	296	341	391	448	500	551	600	648	701	758	823	891	955
Santiago	1 322	1 618	1 980	2 294	2 647	3 138	3 721	4 201	4 616	4 964	5 275	5 605	5 959	6 355	6 748	7 089
Valparaíso	328	377	433	481	532	581	635	685	733	771	803	837	874	931	1 003	1 074
CHINA																
Anshan, Liaoning	455	622	850	887	813	878	967	1 085	1 234	1 307	1 384	1 515	1 662	1 843	2 086	2 314
Anyang	113	134	158	187	221	261	308	358	410	556	753	1 033	1 129	1 222	1 374	1 530
Baoding	174	214	264	317	338	361	385	422	471	645	884	1 014	1 148	1 309	1 499	1 670
Baoji	118	139	162	191	226	267	317	378	452	537	638	758	901	1 071	1 246	1 393
Baotou	104	190	347	608	754	801	835	912	1 044	1 212	1 406	1 826	1 931	2 074	2 319	2 568
Beijing	1 671	2 365	3 900	4 582	4 426	4 828	5 366	6 017	6 788	8 305	10 162	12 349	15 000	18 079	20 781	22 633
Bengbu	168	190	215	243	274	310	350	396	447	554	687	794	914	1 057	1 218	1 360
Benxi	335	371	411	456	505	559	619	685	759	807	857	911	968	1 045	1 176	1 311
Changchun	765	922	1 111	1 314	1 255	1 426	1 655	1 909	2 192	2 446	2 730	3 143	3 598	4 119	4 693	5 173
Changde	89	98	108	120	140	164	192	228	275	450	735	835	924	1 032	1 176	1 312
Changsha, Hunan	577	705	861	772	731	811	830	922	1 089	1 542	2 183	2 662	3 212	3 858	4 473	4 942
Changshu	5	7	11	17	26	40	62	95	147	282	541	645	742	858	991	1 109
Changzhou, Jiangsu	149	182	221	268	327	397	469	577	730	1 039	1 478	1 952	2 323	2 758	3 190	3 535
Chengdu	646	1 034	1 580	1 609	1 750	1 860	2 150	2 639	2 955	3 532	4 222	5 192	6 397	7 815	9 074	9 965
Chifeng	112	127	144	164	186	212	241	276	345	483	677	761	842	940	1 072	1 197
Chongqing	1 567	1 913	2 275	2 188	2 237	2 402	2 621	2 861	3 123	4 818	7 436	8 596	9 732	11 054	12 479	13 627
Cixi	3	5	9	15	26	43	73	123	207	367	650	725	781	854	966	1 079
Dalian	716	820	938	1 070	1 177	1 294	1 424	1 620	1 884	2 311	2 833	3 060	3 598	3 623	4 067	4 483
Dandong	133	158	189	225	269	320	382	455	543	607	679	736	795	871	986	1 102
Daqing	181	216	259	309	370	442	529	633	757	905	1 082	1 294	1 547	1 846	2 145	2 386
Datong, Shanxi	201	249	358	390	432	493	565	743	917	981	1 049	1 189	1 355	1 551	1 777	1 977
Dongguan, Guangdong	92	95	99	104	114	125	137	237	553	1 416	3 631	5 269	7 160	7 859	8 783	9 612
Dongying	22	31	45	66	97	137	195	278	395	498	628	773	949	1 160	1 363	1 523
Foshan	101	139	192	266	367	506	699	965	1 450	2 371	3 877	4 970	6 208	7 650	8 910	9 790
Fushun, Liaoning	637	680	727	776	829	906	991	1 115	1 289	1 323	1 358	1 368	1 377	1 419	1 567	1 739
Fuxin	172	201	235	275	321	375	439	513	600	633	667	739	821	922	1 053	1 176
Fuyang	46	53	61	70	81	93	107	123	142	265	695	804	874	963	1 092	1 218

Table A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Population (thousands)															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Suzhou, Jiangsu	457	486	516	536	508	530	556	609	689	1 082	1 698	2 359	3 248	4 367	5 266	5 833
Taian, Shandong	4	6	12	21	37	65	116	206	367	577	910	1 073	1 240	1 437	1 655	1 843
Taichung	198	242	295	360	440	537	607	682	765	864	978	1 058	1 140	1 244	1 404	1 563
Tainan	320	353	388	428	471	518	594	633	669	697	723	753	784	832	932	1 040
Taipei	503	684	930	1 265	1 720	2 023	2 273	2 497	2 737	2 698	2 630	2 638	2 654	2 730	3 001	3 310
Taiyuan, Shanxi	197	262	350	466	622	829	1 106	1 376	1 637	2 024	2 503	2 920	3 392	3 945	4 519	4 987
Taizhou, Jiangsu	58	66	75	85	96	109	123	139	158	290	535	662	786	925	1 073	1 201
Taizhou, Zhejiang	315	360	411	469	536	612	699	799	912	1 042	1 190	1 259	1 338	1 444	1 622	1 802
Tangshan, Hebei	448	507	574	649	646	692	758	922	996	1 177	1 390	1 614	1 871	2 174	2 500	2 774
Tianjin	2 467	2 761	2 935	3 121	3 318	3 527	3 750	4 097	4 558	5 513	6 670	7 562	8 535	9 670	10 916	11 934
Ürümqi (Wulumqi)	102	174	296	472	581	715	881	1 025	1 149	1 399	1 705	2 238	2 954	3 831	4 565	5 056
Weifang	129	164	208	256	286	319	356	454	634	885	1 235	1 457	1 699	1 984	2 286	2 539
Weihai	36	41	47	54	62	71	82	94	107	217	440	596	783	1 013	1 216	1 364
Wenzhou	151	231	419	689	767	853	949	1 034	1 111	1 318	1 565	2 187	2 635	3 151	3 651	4 041
Wuhan	1 069	1 489	1 653	1 836	2 039	2 265	2 516	2 897	3 417	4 763	6 638	7 737	8 904	10 256	11 641	12 727
Wuhu, Anhui	163	184	209	237	268	304	344	390	442	529	634	858	1 172	1 567	1 898	2 122
Wuxi, Jiangsu	366	414	470	532	602	682	773	876	992	1 349	1 835	2 588	3 222	3 975	4 651	5 141
Xiamen	193	248	317	392	418	445	491	556	639	952	1 416	1 961	2 702	3 634	4 388	4 869
Xi'an, Shaanxi	575	706	782	866	960	1 063	1 178	1 517	2 157	2 821	3 690	4 248	4 846	5 545	6 303	6 929
Xiangtan, Hunan	171	193	218	247	279	315	357	403	456	564	698	816	950	1 108	1 281	1 431
Xiangyang	37	87	134	141	179	227	287	390	554	816	1 202	1 369	1 531	1 725	1 964	2 182
Xianyang, Shaanxi	127	142	159	179	200	225	252	282	317	500	790	908	1 019	1 153	1 319	1 471
Xining	70	114	184	279	321	371	427	500	592	707	844	1 000	1 185	1 402	1 628	1 815
Xinxiang	155	182	212	249	291	340	398	434	450	586	762	884	1 016	1 173	1 351	1 507
Xuzhou	341	397	462	528	557	588	621	686	781	1 033	1 367	1 715	2 144	2 656	3 120	3 462
Yancheng, Jiangsu	46	60	78	102	134	175	229	300	392	513	671	1 071	1 290	1 506	1 739	1 936
Yangzhou	170	187	206	226	247	270	294	378	541	811	1 216	1 393	1 566	1 772	2 021	2 245
Yantai	92	135	200	263	216	234	241	299	422	717	1 218	1 383	1 526	1 701	1 929	2 143
Yichang	59	78	104	138	183	244	324	407	492	583	692	879	980	1 089	1 237	1 380
Yinchuan	59	90	110	134	163	199	242	302	384	468	571	772	1 052	1 404	1 700	1 903
Yingkou	120	139	162	188	218	253	294	361	458	535	624	728	849	992	1 149	1 285
Yiwu	3	5	8	12	19	30	47	73	114	247	532	639	735	849	981	1 098
Yiyang, Hunan	83	90	98	107	117	127	138	159	191	360	678	760	819	896	1 014	1 132
Yueyang	15	22	32	46	68	98	143	209	305	518	881	1 023	1 155	1 314	1 504	1 675
Zaozhuang	130	144	160	178	198	220	245	272	303	508	853	1 014	1 175	1 367	1 576	1 757
Zhangjiakou	214	240	271	305	343	386	434	490	558	667	797	913	1 043	1 198	1 377	1 536
Zhanjiang	152	176	203	235	272	314	363	420	486	630	818	908	1 014	1 161	1 333	1 487
Zhengzhou	196	248	315	400	508	645	819	982	1 134	1 663	2 438	3 059	3 796	4 670	5 453	6 019
Zhenjiang, Jiangsu	199	203	208	215	235	257	280	304	328	472	679	832	1 008	1 216	1 423	1 589
Zhongshan	55	71	90	115	147	188	241	308	393	736	1 376	1 962	2 695	3 563	4 276	4 742
Zhuhai	3	5	7	11	17	25	39	84	220	470	1 004	1 193	1 359	1 556	1 784	1 984
Zhuzhou	116	135	158	184	215	250	292	351	430	593	819	923	1 025	1 149	1 310	1 460
Zibo	164	199	242	294	357	434	527	640	777	1 207	1 874	2 168	2 456	2 797	3 187	3 526
Zigong	189	206	224	243	264	287	312	339	368	467	592	847	946	1 030	1 177	1 313
Zunyi	94	100	106	115	134	157	183	214	250	368	541	679	844	1 040	1 228	1 374
CHINA, HONG KONG SAR																
Hong Kong (7)	1 682	2 121	2 620	3 285	3 472	3 906	4 623	5 031	5 766	6 144	6 783	6 810	7 053	7 431	7 803	8 160
COLOMBIA																
Barranquilla (8)	294	366	455	565	691	830	961	1 113	1 229	1 363	1 531	1 719	1 867	2 045	2 251	2 454
Bogotá	630	894	1 269	1 780	2 383	3 040	3 525	4 087	4 740	5 494	6 356	7 353	8 502	9 650	10 579	11 369
Bucaramanga	110	145	190	250	325	408	473	548	650	759	855	964	1 092	1 232	1 370	1 501
Cali (9)	231	331	474	664	851	1 047	1 192	1 357	1 552	1 757	1 950	2 164	2 402	2 665	2 936	3 194
Cartagena	107	137	177	226	274	332	402	486	561	645	737	842	963	1 092	1 217	1 336
Cúcuta	70	92	122	160	206	265	342	441	506	571	632	700	775	862	958	1 053
Medellín (10)	376	523	727	992	1 260	1 536	1 731	1 950	2 135	2 372	2 724	3 127	3 595	4 076	4 497	4 873
CONGO																
Brazzaville	83	92	124	172	238	329	446	596	704	830	1 022	1 269	1 557	1 814	2 074	2 364
Pointe-Noire	16	35	62	89	116	154	217	300	363	439	539	663	807	940	1 081	1 240
COSTA RICA																
San José (11)	148	184	230	287	359	440	526	627	737	867	1 032	1 232	1 466	1 704	1 920	2 116
CÔTE D'IVOIRE																
Abidjan	65	125	192	310	548	966	1 384	1 716	2 102	2 535	3 028	3 545	4 151	4 923	5 896	6 971
Yamoussoukro	1	2	4	8	17	38	58	88	136	218	348	556	885	1 290	1 633	1 960
CUBA																
La Habana (Havana)	1 142	1 289	1 436	1 598	1 779	1 848	1 913	2 005	2 108	2 151	2 187	2 187	2 128	2 071	2 017	2 026

Table A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Population (thousands)															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
CZECH REPUBLIC																
Praha (Prague)	935	967	1 001	1 038	1 076	1 126	1 179	1 197	1 212	1 194	1 172	1 213	1 265	1 319	1 373	1 430
DEM. PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA																
P'yongyang	516	577	646	769	987	1 348	1 842	2 195	2 526	2 749	2 777	2 805	2 834	2 905	3 049	3 231
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO																
Kananga	24	50	136	249	424	374	330	298	348	442	533	671	846	1 058	1 293	1 559
Kinshasa	202	292	443	717	1 070	1 482	2 053	2 722	3 520	4 493	5 414	6 766	8 415	10 312	12 322	14 535
Kisangani	38	60	134	178	235	262	291	315	358	441	516	633	783	976	1 192	1 439
Lubumbashi	96	145	194	252	325	396	482	563	647	808	960	1 192	1 486	1 845	2 242	2 689
Mbuji-Mayi	70	98	136	190	262	327	407	487	573	733	891	1 133	1 433	1 787	2 172	2 606
DENMARK																
København (Copenhagen) (12)	1 216	1 227	1 284	1 373	1 380	1 172	1 096	1 056	1 035	1 048	1 077	1 127	1 192	1 261	1 330	1 397
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC																
Santo Domingo	180	257	367	503	687	911	1 210	1 396	1 522	1 661	1 813	1 977	2 154	2 359	2 613	2 868
ECUADOR																
Guayaquil (13)	258	343	456	583	719	890	1 120	1 352	1 572	1 808	2 077	2 207	2 273	2 375	2 598	2 865
Quito	206	257	319	399	501	628	780	936	1 088	1 217	1 357	1 479	1 598	1 739	1 934	2 142
EGYPT																
Al-Iskandariyah (Alexandria)	1 037	1 249	1 504	1 752	1 987	2 241	2 519	2 826	3 063	3 277	3 592	3 973	4 400	4 914	5 517	6 189
Al-Qahirah (Cairo) (14)	2 494	3 029	3 680	4 738	5 585	6 450	7 349	8 328	9 061	9 707	10 170	10 565	11 031	11 944	13 254	14 740
EL SALVADOR																
San Salvador (15)	194	246	311	394	500	596	701	825	970	1 112	1 248	1 401	1 570	1 740	1 910	2 087
ETHIOPIA																
Addis Ababa	392	451	519	597	729	926	1 175	1 476	1 791	2 144	2 377	2 634	2 919	3 279	3 881	4 705
FINLAND																
Helsinki (16)	366	405	448	478	507	582	674	723	871	943	1 019	1 067	1 122	1 182	1 244	1 305
FRANCE																
Bordeaux	430	447	495	543	584	614	633	663	698	730	763	799	841	904	974	1 039
Lille	751	767	814	863	906	936	936	946	961	983	1 003	1 015	1 034	1 094	1 175	1 251
Lyon	731	768	904	1 027	1 116	1 173	1 209	1 238	1 265	1 313	1 362	1 412	1 471	1 570	1 682	1 785
Marseille-Aix-en-Provence	756	798	929	1 069	1 182	1 253	1 295	1 307	1 305	1 331	1 363	1 413	1 472	1 571	1 684	1 786
Nice-Cannes	400	426	495	568	637	698	733	788	854	874	899	936	980	1 050	1 130	1 203
Paris	6 283	6 796	7 411	7 855	8 208	8 558	8 669	8 956	9 330	9 510	9 739	10 105	10 516	11 097	11 681	12 163
Toulouse	269	285	347	411	467	511	534	584	654	714	778	844	917	999	1 078	1 149
GEORGIA																
Tbilisi	612	659	718	803	897	992	1 090	1 177	1 224	1 160	1 100	1 096	1 117	1 134	1 149	1 167
GERMANY																
Berlin	3 338	3 299	3 260	3 232	3 206	3 130	3 056	3 060	3 422	3 471	3 384	3 391	3 450	3 511	3 586	3 669
Hamburg	1 608	1 703	1 812	1 815	1 792	1 721	1 652	1 586	1 639	1 707	1 710	1 739	1 786	1 833	1 885	1 940
Köln (Cologne)	598	683	788	827	849	908	970	919	950	965	963	976	1 002	1 025	1 058	1 096
München (Munich)	831	936	1 060	1 175	1 294	1 296	1 299	1 267	1 218	1 241	1 202	1 254	1 350	1 414	1 463	1 511
GHANA																
Accra	177	265	393	499	631	738	863	1 013	1 197	1 415	1 674	2 008	2 469	3 013	3 602	4 228
Kumasi	99	149	221	279	349	397	452	532	696	909	1 187	1 537	1 935	2 371	2 841	3 343
GREECE																
Athínai (Athens) (17)	1 347	1 563	1 814	2 121	2 485	2 738	2 987	3 047	3 070	3 122	3 179	3 251	3 382	3 551	3 728	3 912
Thessaloniki	292	329	372	447	542	617	694	724	746	771	797	827	872	928	987	1 050
GUATEMALA																
Ciudad de Guatemala (Guatemala City) (18)	287	370	476	592	660	715	749	776	803	839	908	985	1 128	1 362	1 650	1 976
GUINEA																
Conakry	31	59	112	208	388	567	658	766	895	1 045	1 221	1 432	1 715	2 125	2 632	3 195
HAITI																
Port-au-Prince	133	182	247	337	460	575	701	881	1 134	1 427	1 693	2 171	2 143	2 481	2 874	3 310

Table A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Population (thousands)															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Bogor	113	130	149	204	300	406	535	569	596	668	751	847	954	1 084	1 239	1 396
Denpasar	13	18	26	36	51	73	103	145	205	289	409	574	797	1 062	1 271	1 436
Jakarta	1 452	1 972	2 679	3 297	3 915	4 813	5 984	7 009	8 175	8 322	8 390	8 988	9 630	10 470	11 638	12 822
Malang	208	259	322	369	411	457	508	591	689	725	757	773	822	897	1 015	1 145
Medan (20)	284	358	451	532	614	876	1 340	1 533	1 718	1 816	1 912	2 023	2 100	2 236	2 497	2 791
Padang	100	117	138	161	189	284	465	546	626	671	716	774	836	920	1 043	1 176
Palembang (20)	277	351	446	512	568	660	779	937	1 130	1 287	1 459	1 457	1 455	1 494	1 655	1 856
Pekan Baru	37	49	66	88	117	148	184	266	389	481	588	699	906	1 154	1 362	1 537
Samarinda	36	48	64	90	126	180	258	324	402	460	523	619	732	863	998	1 128
Semarang	371	424	485	552	627	783	1 009	1 126	1 243	1 333	1 427	1 491	1 558	1 670	1 872	2 098
Surabaya (20)	679	808	962	1 184	1 474	1 736	2 008	2 229	2 467	2 544	2 611	2 688	2 768	2 929	3 260	3 634
Ujung Pandang (20)	223	283	361	399	418	502	629	719	816	918	1 031	1 159	1 345	1 564	1 796	2 017
IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)																
Ahvaz	85	112	146	192	246	313	410	541	685	784	868	960	1 061	1 168	1 271	1 363
Esfahan	184	237	306	395	498	623	767	939	1 090	1 230	1 382	1 553	1 743	1 926	2 088	2 229
Karaj	7	12	22	38	67	118	239	508	753	905	1 087	1 317	1 584	1 807	1 968	2 103
Kermanshah	97	119	145	178	220	274	370	517	608	675	729	781	838	911	992	1 067
Mashhad	173	225	293	381	489	625	892	1 327	1 680	1 854	2 073	2 348	2 653	2 935	3 171	3 371
Qom	82	96	111	129	168	227	330	492	644	752	843	938	1 043	1 151	1 253	1 345
Shiraz	128	160	202	254	319	400	549	779	935	1 030	1 115	1 203	1 300	1 415	1 535	1 643
Tabriz	235	277	327	386	466	567	715	915	1 058	1 165	1 264	1 369	1 484	1 617	1 752	1 873
Tehran	1 041	1 396	1 873	2 511	3 290	4 273	5 079	5 839	6 365	6 687	6 880	7 044	7 243	7 642	8 138	8 571
IRAQ																
Al-Basrah (Basra)	116	147	204	304	329	350	372	395	474	631	759	837	923	1 040	1 222	1 454
Al-Mawsil (Mosul) (21)	145	168	205	261	322	397	489	603	736	889	1 056	1 236	1 447	1 703	2 020	2 395
Baghdad	579	719	1 019	1 614	2 070	2 620	3 145	3 607	4 092	4 598	5 200	5 327	5 891	6 714	7 816	9 141
Irbil (Erbil)	30	37	53	88	130	191	279	408	536	644	757	874	1 009	1 176	1 395	1 660
Najaf	98	92	103	134	162	195	235	284	351	445	542	639	754	893	1 066	1 272
Sulaimaniya	37	45	59	85	118	163	226	314	402	483	580	696	836	1 004	1 202	1 433
IRELAND																
Dublin	626	647	661	723	771	833	903	920	916	946	989	1 037	1 102	1 211	1 342	1 476
ISRAEL																
Hefa (Haifa)	204	228	255	286	321	379	460	555	660	784	905	995	1 044	1 106	1 208	1 309
Jerusalem	121	144	164	212	282	343	395	455	527	609	664	719	778	847	936	1 018
Tel Aviv-Yafo (Tel Aviv-Jaffa) (22)	418	556	738	882	1 029	1 216	1 448	1 724	2 053	2 445	2 739	3 026	3 319	3 645	4 005	4 295
ITALY																
Bergamo	444	464	485	517	555	584	612	631	648	672	699	729	774	822	864	907
Milano (Milan)	1 883	2 099	2 395	2 695	3 017	3 133	3 168	3 128	3 063	3 020	2 985	2 950	2 916	2 914	3 018	3 129
Napoli (Naples)	1 498	1 617	1 758	1 880	2 000	2 096	2 186	2 209	2 208	2 218	2 232	2 256	2 348	2 463	2 563	2 662
Palermo	594	638	690	723	751	783	818	834	844	850	855	864	904	957	1 005	1 053
Roma (Rome)	1 884	2 143	2 456	2 780	3 135	3 300	3 390	3 429	3 450	3 425	3 385	3 345	3 306	3 303	3 416	3 538
Torino (Turin)	1 011	1 149	1 348	1 547	1 760	1 838	1 860	1 827	1 775	1 733	1 694	1 657	1 620	1 601	1 662	1 734
JAPAN																
Fukuoka-Kitakyushu	954	1 146	1 338	1 486	1 651	1 853	2 030	2 217	2 487	2 619	2 716	2 771	2 845	2 970	3 067	3 114
Hiroshima	503	647	833	1 072	1 379	1 774	1 825	1 917	1 986	2 040	2 044	2 063	2 103	2 195	2 272	2 313
Kyoto	1 002	1 091	1 165	1 229	1 298	1 622	1 701	1 714	1 760	1 804	1 806	1 805	1 804	1 832	1 894	1 932
Nagoya	992	1 226	1 555	1 762	1 997	2 293	2 590	2 708	2 947	3 055	3 122	3 199	3 300	3 448	3 556	3 605
Osaka-Kobe	4 147	5 120	6 227	7 654	9 408	9 844	9 990	10 350	11 035	11 052	11 165	11 258	11 430	11 783	12 004	12 031
Sapporo	754	892	1 056	1 250	1 479	1 751	1 996	2 157	2 319	2 476	2 508	2 601	2 714	2 851	2 947	2 993
Sendai	538	666	824	1 021	1 264	1 566	1 731	1 855	2 021	2 135	2 184	2 284	2 401	2 531	2 619	2 663
Tokyo	11 275	13 713	16 679	20 284	23 298	26 615	28 549	30 304	32 530	33 587	34 450	35 622	36 933	38 197	38 707	38 661
JORDAN																
Amman	90	140	218	299	388	500	636	736	851	974	1 017	1 062	1 150	1 307	1 476	1 646
KAZAKHSTAN																
Almaty	354	435	529	626	740	860	973	1 030	1 080	1 109	1 160	1 275	1 400	1 526	1 648	1 781
KENYA																
Mombasa	94	123	159	205	254	298	350	407	476	572	683	802	940	1 127	1 411	1 775
Nairobi	137	201	290	404	531	677	862	1 090	1 380	1 755	2 214	2 677	3 237	3 958	4 939	6 143
KUWAIT																
Al Kuwait (Kuwait City) (23)	63	106	169	303	553	688	891	1 122	1 392	1 123	1 333	1 582	2 318	2 698	2 991	3 255

Table A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Population (thousands)															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
KYRGYZSTAN																
Bishkek	150	186	236	322	433	485	538	583	635	703	766	798	831	882	982	1 114
LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC																
Vientiane	35	78	112	118	143	179	208	239	283	337	442	580	766	999	1 246	1 490
LEBANON																
Bayrut (Beirut)	322	425	561	733	923	1 500	1 623	1 585	1 293	1 268	1 487	1 777	1 983	2 161	2 302	2 427
LIBERIA																
Monrovia	15	34	75	121	164	226	325	514	1 042	464	836	1 202	812	599	621	751
LIBYA																
Tarabulus (Tripoli) (24)	106	136	174	235	398	580	662	756	862	984	1 022	1 058	1 111	1 195	1 324	1 456
MADAGASCAR																
Antananarivo	177	189	252	298	363	454	580	742	948	1 169	1 361	1 585	1 900	2 414	3 091	3 898
MALAWI																
Lilongwe	2	4	8	17	34	71	124	186	266	362	477	593	738	928	1 195	1 538
MALAYSIA																
Johore Bahru	47	66	86	108	136	183	247	321	417	516	630	797	1 002	1 210	1 396	1 567
Klang	42	64	83	97	113	148	193	258	345	466	631	849	1 132	1 402	1 619	1 816
Kuala Lumpur	208	281	344	394	451	645	921	1 016	1 120	1 213	1 306	1 405	1 524	1 720	1 959	2 192
MALI																
Bamako	89	111	130	158	222	363	489	608	746	910	1 142	1 485	1 932	2 442	2 998	3 632
MAURITANIA																
Nouakchott	2	4	5	14	38	103	192	304	419	481	553	640	759	906	1 085	1 271
MEXICO																
Acapulco de Juárez	29	38	50	96	178	232	303	429	598	681	791	787	865	958	1 056	1 151
Aguascalientes	94	109	127	153	185	233	295	405	552	631	734	829	934	1 050	1 162	1 265
Chihuahua	87	130	193	235	287	344	413	472	539	625	683	760	854	958	1 060	1 155
Ciudad de México (Mexico City) (25)	2 883	3 801	5 012	6 653	8 769	10 690	13 010	14 109	15 312	16 811	18 022	18 735	20 142	21 706	23 239	24 581
Ciudad Juárez	123	180	263	330	412	474	546	664	809	997	1 225	1 308	1 332	1 382	1 492	1 618
Cuernavaca	43	58	78	103	139	221	348	412	490	597	667	765	878	1 000	1 111	1 211
Culiacán	49	65	85	122	172	230	306	434	606	690	749	791	836	895	977	1 065
Guadalajara (25)	403	593	870	1 148	1 506	1 850	2 269	2 615	3 011	3 431	3 703	4 051	4 442	4 869	5 293	5 678
Hermosillo	44	65	96	132	180	232	298	368	454	552	616	697	789	889	986	1 075
León de los Aldamas (26)	123	193	302	380	479	589	724	833	961	1 127	1 290	1 429	1 613	1 813	1 999	2 166
Mérida	143	173	208	235	269	351	456	551	664	765	848	931	1 021	1 123	1 235	1 344
Mexicali	66	108	175	217	266	302	343	458	607	690	770	851	938	1 037	1 142	1 243
Monterrey (27)	356	498	698	943	1 267	1 589	1 992	2 273	2 594	2 961	3 266	3 579	4 100	4 655	5 113	5 491
Morelia	65	81	101	129	165	222	299	387	497	572	625	681	810	953	1 069	1 166
Puebla (27)	227	293	378	493	645	858	1 140	1 395	1 686	1 692	1 907	2 109	2 296	2 503	2 730	2 947
Querétaro	49	58	68	89	116	159	218	353	561	671	795	911	1 101	1 306	1 466	1 594
Reynosa	34	51	74	102	139	165	195	229	268	317	531	628	729	838	934	1 020
Saltillo	70	83	99	128	165	217	286	376	491	577	643	720	825	939	1 044	1 138
San Luis Potosí	132	165	207	250	303	378	472	561	665	774	858	952	1 042	1 144	1 257	1 367
Tampico	136	204	303	300	304	378	470	515	563	609	659	709	763	828	908	991
Tijuana	60	96	154	212	289	355	437	576	760	1 017	1 287	1 472	1 757	2 061	2 299	2 489
Toluca de Lerdo	54	69	90	117	158	309	599	707	835	981	1 417	1 498	1 702	1 929	2 130	2 306
Torreón	189	256	346	392	447	556	690	782	882	954	1 014	1 105	1 218	1 344	1 478	1 605
MONGOLIA																
Ulaanbaatar	70	112	179	248	298	356	423	492	572	661	765	933	1 138	1 381	1 626	1 842
MOROCCO																
Agadir	11	13	17	30	54	100	187	294	403	536	610	693	786	883	985	1 090
Dar-el-Beida (Casablanca) (28)	625	778	967	1 206	1 505	1 793	2 109	2 406	2 682	2 936	2 937	2 937	3 009	3 257	3 580	3 911
Fès	165	215	280	322	369	433	510	594	685	785	868	960	1 065	1 187	1 319	1 455
Marrakech	209	225	243	280	323	367	416	485	578	680	751	830	919	1 026	1 142	1 262
Rabat (28)	145	184	233	339	494	641	808	986	1 174	1 379	1 507	1 647	1 807	2 001	2 213	2 429
Tanger	100	122	142	161	183	225	283	348	423	510	591	686	790	892	995	1 101
MOZAMBIQUE																
Maputo	92	129	181	259	371	456	550	653	776	921	1 019	1 072	1 132	1 266	1 507	1 823

Table A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Population (thousands)															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Matola	52	65	81	102	128	161	203	254	319	401	498	615	759	925	1 120	1 360
MYANMAR																
Mandalay	167	205	250	306	374	442	499	563	635	717	810	915	1 035	1 192	1 379	1 577
Nay Pyi Taw	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	57	1 026	1 202	1 394	1 595
Yangon	1 302	1 440	1 592	1 760	1 946	2 151	2 378	2 629	2 907	3 213	3 553	3 928	4 356	4 931	5 623	6 345
NEPAL																
Kathmandu (29)	104	110	119	132	147	180	225	297	398	509	644	794	974	1 196	1 467	1 787
NETHERLANDS																
Amsterdam (30)	851	871	895	942	927	978	941	907	936	988	1 005	1 023	1 049	1 092	1 153	1 212
Rotterdam (30)	764	849	937	967	967	927	912	929	951	981	991	1 000	1 010	1 041	1 097	1 154
NEW ZEALAND																
Auckland	319	387	440	532	635	729	774	812	870	976	1 063	1 189	1 407	1 607	1 754	1 886
NICARAGUA																
Managua	110	148	199	269	366	443	525	621	735	865	887	909	954	1 058	1 192	1 332
NIGER																
Niamey	24	37	58	85	129	198	274	344	432	542	680	906	1 222	1 638	2 183	2 924
NIGERIA																
Aba	48	70	102	144	193	258	344	430	484	551	630	721	836	1 015	1 252	1 529
Abuja	19	21	23	29	48	77	125	204	330	526	833	1 316	2 010	2 678	3 306	4 000
Benin City	49	62	83	113	163	233	335	480	689	845	975	1 124	1 311	1 591	1 955	2 377
Enugu	60	75	108	144	163	211	281	350	394	461	547	649	776	953	1 178	1 439
Ibadan	450	493	570	668	809	980	1 186	1 436	1 739	1 993	2 236	2 509	2 855	3 418	4 165	5 028
Ilorin	114	143	179	222	268	323	389	457	515	572	633	700	788	948	1 169	1 428
Jos	31	47	69	103	152	224	331	438	493	547	604	666	748	899	1 108	1 355
Kaduna	35	53	99	173	266	408	628	853	961	1 069	1 184	1 311	1 476	1 768	2 167	2 633
Kano	123	157	229	343	542	855	1 350	1 861	2 095	2 339	2 602	2 895	3 271	3 902	4 748	5 724
Lagos (31)	325	468	762	1 135	1 414	1 890	2 572	3 500	4 764	5 983	7 281	8 859	10 788	13 121	15 825	18 857
Maiduguri	50	68	105	156	216	300	416	531	598	651	700	752	827	985	1 213	1 482
Ogbomoshoh	132	169	247	333	378	428	485	549	622	704	798	904	1 039	1 256	1 545	1 884
Onitsha	74	91	129	171	195	224	257	294	337	418	533	681	867	1 088	1 346	1 642
Port Harcourt	60	88	135	198	266	358	482	604	680	845	1 091	1 407	1 807	2 264	2 782	3 371
NORWAY																
Oslo	468	533	578	610	643	644	643	662	684	729	774	818	898	986	1 073	1 160
PAKISTAN																
Faisalabad	168	261	404	546	726	907	1 079	1 281	1 520	1 804	2 142	2 528	2 947	3 434	3 986	4 606
Gujranwala	118	149	191	247	321	427	577	705	848	1 019	1 226	1 460	1 712	2 006	2 341	2 719
Hyderabad	232	312	420	500	586	667	741	838	950	1 077	1 223	1 413	1 648	1 931	2 254	2 619
Islamabad	36	41	45	56	70	107	189	260	343	452	595	747	889	1 049	1 231	1 439
Karachi	1 055	1 419	1 853	2 405	3 119	3 989	5 048	6 033	7 147	8 467	10 031	11 743	13 500	15 500	17 729	20 190
Lahore	836	1 022	1 264	1 575	1 964	2 399	2 882	3 388	3 970	4 653	5 455	6 367	7 352	8 491	9 769	11 190
Multan	186	251	345	419	501	599	715	827	953	1 097	1 265	1 472	1 720	2 014	2 350	2 730
Peshawar	153	178	214	238	262	347	535	653	769	905	1 067	1 259	1 475	1 730	2 022	2 352
Quetta	83	93	105	123	145	190	272	339	414	504	614	740	874	1 030	1 210	1 415
Rawalpindi	233	278	333	426	550	670	779	919	1 087	1 286	1 522	1 795	2 098	2 453	2 856	3 311
PANAMA																
Ciudad de Panamá (Panama City) (32)	171	220	283	360	455	528	613	721	847	953	1 073	1 221	1 389	1 585	1 794	1 992
PARAGUAY																
Asunción	258	314	382	461	552	654	770	914	1 091	1 287	1 507	1 765	2 073	2 417	2 777	3 139
PERU																
Arequipa	128	143	160	206	274	348	428	495	564	628	678	732	791	867	960	1 057
Lima (33)	1 066	1 368	1 756	2 284	2 980	3 696	4 438	5 116	5 837	6 582	7 294	8 081	8 950	9 843	10 695	11 503
PHILIPPINES																
Cebu	178	213	254	298	349	415	492	549	612	661	721	776	839	938	1 078	1 247
Davao	124	169	230	302	395	488	614	724	854	1 001	1 152	1 325	1 523	1 743	2 000	2 300
Manila (34)	1 544	1 872	2 274	2 829	3 534	4 999	5 955	6 888	7 973	9 401	9 958	10 761	11 654	12 856	14 428	16 278
Zamboanga	107	119	134	164	200	209	345	392	444	509	605	721	856	998	1 153	1 333

Table A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Population (thousands)															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
POLAND																
Kraków (Cracow)	339	400	472	524	578	644	699	717	735	748	756	758	756	756	773	803
Warszawa (Warsaw)	768	942	1 119	1 212	1 300	1 444	1 565	1 596	1 628	1 652	1 666	1 689	1 718	1 748	1 792	1 850
PORTUGAL																
Lisboa (Lisbon) (35)	1 304	1 405	1 514	1 657	1 817	2 103	2 449	2 518	2 537	2 600	2 672	2 747	2 825	2 944	3 095	3 221
Porto	730	783	840	882	924	1 008	1 104	1 139	1 164	1 206	1 254	1 303	1 355	1 426	1 511	1 584
PUERTO RICO																
San Juan	451	517	596	740	915	1 069	1 258	1 722	2 327	2 418	2 508	2 493	2 478	2 475	2 518	2 577
REPUBLIC OF KOREA																
Ansan	1	2	4	7	14	29	59	119	241	487	592	678	769	839	876	899
Bucheon	31	40	51	65	84	108	211	435	651	771	763	833	915	986	1 027	1 052
Busan (36)	948	1 046	1 154	1 365	1 813	2 418	3 107	3 490	3 778	3 813	3 673	3 533	3 398	3 307	3 296	3 331
Daegu (36)	355	484	659	806	1 048	1 297	1 584	1 998	2 215	2 434	2 478	2 466	2 450	2 464	2 525	2 564
Daejeon (36)	131	172	224	294	400	501	641	850	1 036	1 256	1 362	1 438	1 520	1 610	1 667	1 700
Goyang	39	49	62	78	97	122	153	192	241	493	744	859	968	1 052	1 096	1 122
Gwangju (36)	174	231	307	382	487	601	719	893	1 122	1 249	1 346	1 413	1 486	1 572	1 627	1 659
Incheon (36)	258	319	394	496	627	791	1 062	1 364	1 785	2 271	2 464	2 527	2 601	2 720	2 800	2 839
Seongnam	54	75	103	142	195	268	369	443	534	842	911	934	962	1 012	1 052	1 077
Seoul (36)	1 021	1 553	2 361	3 452	5 312	6 808	8 258	9 547	10 544	10 256	9 917	9 825	9 751	9 740	9 849	9 867
Suweon	74	81	90	155	168	220	304	421	628	748	932	1 037	1 140	1 227	1 275	1 303
Ulsan (36)	29	45	67	102	154	246	405	541	673	945	1 011	1 047	1 089	1 149	1 193	1 220
Yongin	51	60	70	83	97	114	134	158	186	262	376	537	738	862	906	930
ROMANIA																
Bucuresti (Bucharest)	652	856	1 002	1 154	1 396	1 702	1 865	1 950	2 040	2 018	1 949	1 931	1 935	1 952	1 991	2 047
RUSSIAN FEDERATION																
Chelyabinsk	573	638	711	792	881	966	1 046	1 098	1 129	1 104	1 082	1 096	1 128	1 163	1 201	1 237
Kazan	514	588	673	769	875	942	1 007	1 056	1 092	1 092	1 096	1 118	1 142	1 169	1 205	1 240
Krasnodar	230	276	330	395	469	521	569	599	623	632	641	677	741	805	849	878
Krasnoyarsk	290	357	438	538	655	734	812	868	910	911	911	932	972	1 012	1 050	1 082
Moskva (Moscow)	5 356	5 749	6 170	6 622	7 106	7 623	8 136	8 580	8 987	9 201	10 005	10 755	11 472	12 144	12 478	12 576
Nizhniy Novgorod	796	878	969	1 070	1 178	1 273	1 357	1 401	1 420	1 375	1 331	1 290	1 253	1 228	1 246	1 280
Novosibirsk	719	813	919	1 039	1 168	1 250	1 329	1 387	1 430	1 428	1 426	1 442	1 472	1 505	1 548	1 589
Omsk	444	520	608	712	830	933	1 032	1 097	1 144	1 140	1 136	1 141	1 153	1 170	1 202	1 236
Perm	498	571	655	751	857	937	1 011	1 054	1 076	1 044	1 014	997	992	993	1 016	1 046
Rostov-na-Donu (Rostov-on-Don)	484	549	622	704	796	874	946	986	1 022	1 041	1 061	1 077	1 089	1 106	1 136	1 169
Samara	658	741	835	940	1 055	1 146	1 221	1 241	1 244	1 208	1 173	1 160	1 165	1 174	1 203	1 238
Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg)	2 903	3 141	3 398	3 677	3 980	4 325	4 645	4 844	4 989	4 836	4 719	4 724	4 842	4 960	5 065	5 143
Saratov	473	533	602	679	763	816	863	887	901	890	878	861	839	826	841	867
Ufa	418	489	573	670	782	887	985	1 041	1 078	1 063	1 049	1 049	1 078	1 108	1 108	1 141
Volgograd	461	534	618	716	823	884	939	973	999	1 005	1 010	1 016	1 021	1 031	1 058	1 089
Voronezh	332	396	472	563	666	732	797	847	880	867	854	863	888	916	948	978
Yekaterinburg	628	712	808	916	1 035	1 135	1 231	1 303	1 350	1 326	1 303	1 312	1 348	1 386	1 429	1 468
RWANDA																
Kigali	17	24	33	45	59	90	128	168	219	285	497	776	961	1 209	1 499	1 835
SAUDI ARABIA																
Ad-Dammam	20	26	35	51	84	136	196	283	409	533	639	765	909	1 074	1 242	1 400
Al-Madinah (Medina)	51	54	58	77	129	208	284	388	529	669	795	942	1 106	1 295	1 491	1 678
Ar-Riyadh (Riyadh)	111	131	156	227	408	710	1 055	1 566	2 325	3 035	3 567	4 227	5 227	6 340	7 294	8 090
Jiddah	119	129	141	197	348	594	851	1 217	1 742	2 200	2 509	2 883	3 452	4 091	4 690	5 222
Makkah (Mecca)	148	152	157	190	272	383	501	655	856	1 033	1 168	1 326	1 543	1 793	2 055	2 305
SENEGAL																
Dakar	201	235	349	473	610	782	957	1 162	1 405	1 688	2 029	2 437	2 926	3 519	4 227	5 064
SERBIA																
Beograd (Belgrade) (37)	432	523	638	751	878	975	1 073	1 107	1 130	1 128	1 122	1 125	1 133	1 146	1 185	1 243
SIERRA LEONE																
Freetown	92	104	119	148	206	284	361	460	529	603	688	785	910	1 083	1 294	1 540
SINGAPORE																
Singapore (38)	1 016	1 306	1 634	1 880	2 074	2 262	2 415	2 709	3 017	3 482	3 919	4 266	5 086	5 375	5 597	5 801

Table A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Population (thousands)															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
SOMALIA																
Muqdisho (Mogadishu)	69	73	94	146	272	445	551	747	1 035	1 147	1 201	1 415	1 426	2 128	2 693	3 309
SOUTH AFRICA																
Cape Town	618	705	803	945	1 114	1 339	1 609	1 925	2 155	2 394	2 715	3 100	3 492	3 810	4 096	4 388
Durban	484	573	677	761	856	1 019	1 214	1 446	1 723	2 081	2 370	2 646	2 954	3 223	3 471	3 724
Ekurhuleni (East Rand)	546	610	682	783	898	997	1 107	1 237	1 531	1 894	2 326	2 832	3 284	3 599	3 872	4 150
Johannesburg	900	1 016	1 147	1 288	1 444	1 547	1 656	1 773	1 898	2 265	2 732	3 272	3 763	4 114	4 421	4 732
Port Elizabeth	192	236	289	372	477	531	590	662	828	911	958	1 005	1 097	1 204	1 309	1 418
Pretoria	275	340	419	488	565	624	688	763	911	951	1 084	1 278	1 468	1 617	1 753	1 894
Vereeniging	117	148	187	239	306	372	451	551	743	800	897	1 033	1 174	1 294	1 406	1 522
SPAIN																
Barcelona	1 809	2 103	2 468	2 930	3 482	3 679	3 837	3 969	4 101	4 392	4 731	5 095	5 488	5 891	6 230	6 511
Madrid	1 700	2 018	2 392	2 898	3 521	3 890	4 253	4 355	4 414	4 688	5 014	5 619	6 405	7 214	7 752	8 098
Valencia	506	507	505	567	645	695	745	763	776	785	795	804	799	801	837	889
SUDAN																
Al-Khartoum (Khartoum)	183	252	347	477	657	886	1 164	1 611	2 360	3 088	3 505	3 979	4 516	5 161	6 028	7 090
SWEDEN																
Stockholm (39)	741	772	805	1 003	1 035	1 015	992	1 012	1 038	1 138	1 206	1 248	1 360	1 485	1 595	1 695
SWITZERLAND																
Zürich (Zurich)	494	514	535	614	711	713	707	836	1 006	1 048	1 078	1 128	1 183	1 241	1 305	1 374
SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC																
Dimashq (Damascus)	367	461	579	727	914	1 122	1 376	1 546	1 691	1 854	2 063	2 294	2 582	2 952	3 383	3 856
Halab (Aleppo)	319	392	480	588	721	879	1 070	1 292	1 554	1 864	2 204	2 605	3 068	3 550	4 065	4 625
Hamah	125	139	154	172	192	215	241	273	309	361	495	676	893	1 076	1 249	1 438
Hims (Homs)	101	126	159	200	251	312	387	470	565	684	856	1 072	1 321	1 557	1 799	2 063
THAILAND																
Krung Thep (Bangkok)	1 360	1 712	2 151	2 584	3 110	3 842	4 723	5 279	5 888	6 106	6 360	7 228	8 213	9 281	10 265	11 235
Samut Prakan	10	15	22	32	47	47	49	82	138	232	389	652	1 093	1 726	2 174	2 444
TOGO																
Lomé	33	56	95	138	192	257	344	443	562	713	904	1 146	1 453	1 830	2 151	2 472
TUNISIA																
Tunis	384	407	434	464	505	551	577	606	644	682	711	734	777	851	935	1 018
TURKEY																
Adana	138	197	272	342	402	471	568	763	907	1 011	1 123	1 252	1 423	1 650	1 863	2 052
Ankara (40)	281	439	635	954	1 341	1 709	1 891	2 213	2 561	2 842	3 179	3 589	4 074	4 680	5 229	5 702
Antalya	27	37	51	70	95	128	185	256	370	471	595	740	877	1 026	1 164	1 288
Bursa (41)	148	184	221	301	325	345	478	604	819	981	1 180	1 421	1 659	1 927	2 172	2 389
Gaziantep (42)	104	140	180	232	264	299	370	472	595	710	844	997	1 160	1 350	1 527	1 686
Istanbul (43)	967	1 249	1 453	2 001	2 772	3 600	4 397	5 407	6 552	7 665	8 744	9 753	10 953	12 459	13 791	14 897
Izmir (44)	224	292	356	559	876	1 046	1 216	1 472	1 741	1 966	2 216	2 499	2 842	3 275	3 673	4 019
Konya (45)	97	138	181	238	244	247	344	433	508	610	734	876	1 023	1 193	1 351	1 492
UGANDA																
Kampala	95	110	137	222	340	398	469	595	755	912	1 097	1 320	1 594	2 009	2 669	3 540
UKRAINE																
Dnipropetrovsk	536	606	684	773	872	981	1 081	1 136	1 162	1 119	1 077	1 052	1 003	957	913	872
Donetsk	585	649	721	800	886	963	1 033	1 076	1 097	1 061	1 026	997	965	935	905	877
Kharkiv	758	856	968	1 094	1 233	1 353	1 466	1 544	1 586	1 534	1 484	1 464	1 453	1 442	1 431	1 420
Krivoi Rog	286	342	408	488	577	619	658	688	706	689	673	701	749	787	809	827
Kyiv (Kiev)	815	974	1 163	1 389	1 655	1 926	2 201	2 410	2 574	2 590	2 606	2 673	2 805	2 901	2 943	2 969
Odesa	532	608	693	791	899	982	1 054	1 081	1 092	1 064	1 037	1 007	1 009	1 017	1 034	1 053
Zaporizhzhya	315	380	459	554	664	730	795	844	873	847	822	797	775	754	733	713
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES																
Abu Zaby (Abu Dhabi)	11	17	25	37	62	120	229	279	331	392	486	603	869	1 247	1 539	1 724
Dubayy (Dubai)	20	28	39	50	80	167	254	345	473	650	906	1 264	1 835	2 571	3 134	3 484
Sharjah	19	19	20	20	28	54	117	169	229	311	444	637	914	1 266	1 543	1 726

Table A.12. Population of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011 (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Population (thousands)															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Virginia Beach	391	534	721	820	930	996	1 069	1 174	1 286	1 341	1 397	1 476	1 598	1 737	1 877	2 015
Washington, D.C.	1 298	1 539	1 823	2 135	2 488	2 626	2 777	3 063	3 376	3 651	3 949	4 280	4 634	4 988	5 334	5 670
URUGUAY																
Montevideo (47)	1 212	1 248	1 285	1 323	1 362	1 403	1 454	1 508	1 546	1 584	1 605	1 622	1 659	1 731	1 816	1 899
UZBEKISTAN																
Tashkent	755	843	964	1 165	1 403	1 612	1 818	1 958	2 100	2 116	2 135	2 169	2 213	2 324	2 549	2 843
VENEZUELA (BOLIVARIAN REPUBLIC OF)																
Barquisimeto	127	173	236	303	384	475	583	666	742	838	946	1 070	1 215	1 365	1 510	1 648
Caracas	694	955	1 316	1 657	2 060	2 342	2 575	2 693	2 767	2 816	2 864	2 938	3 176	3 518	3 855	4 169
Ciudad Guayana	5	12	29	61	126	201	294	377	460	526	599	682	779	880	977	1 071
Maracaibo	282	367	479	570	670	787	923	1 095	1 303	1 501	1 724	1 980	2 255	2 522	2 773	3 008
Maracay	58	79	106	160	246	342	456	592	760	831	898	976	1 089	1 222	1 353	1 478
Valencia	126	164	214	295	412	546	709	873	1 053	1 213	1 392	1 597	1 821	2 041	2 249	2 444
VIET NAM																
Can Tho	46	54	65	77	92	133	185	198	212	231	284	507	902	1 400	1 753	2 029
Da Nang	63	82	105	140	187	249	322	349	388	470	568	676	805	962	1 140	1 321
Hà Nội (48)	261	330	417	507	617	752	899	1 004	1 139	1 360	1 660	2 160	2 809	3 539	4 201	4 810
Hai Phòng	122	148	180	220	267	326	390	423	463	521	599	730	889	1 078	1 280	1 482
Thành Phố Hồ Chí Minh (Ho Chi Minh City) .	1 213	1 303	1 400	1 660	1 970	2 336	2 716	2 820	3 038	3 658	4 389	5 212	6 189	7 330	8 535	9 699
YEMEN																
Adan (Aden)	72	93	121	158	206	246	264	283	326	407	495	601	746	965	1 247	1 581
Sana'a'	46	58	72	89	111	141	238	402	653	1 033	1 347	1 757	2 293	2 984	3 820	4 790
ZAMBIA																
Lusaka	31	53	91	160	278	385	533	636	757	902	1 073	1 356	1 719	2 178	2 764	3 496
ZIMBABWE																
Harare	143	192	248	319	417	532	616	778	1 047	1 255	1 379	1 468	1 526	1 673	1 990	2 337

- 1 Data refer to the Governorate of Grand Algiers.
- 2 Data for Córdoba refer to Gran Córdoba.
- 3 Includes El Alto.
- 4 Região metropolitana; refers to the Região Integrada de Desenvolvimento do Distrito Federal e Entorno.
- 5 Data refer to the municipality of Phnom Penh including suburban areas.
- 6 Refers to the Census Metropolitan Area.
- 7 Data for Hong Kong consist of the population of Hong Kong Island, New Kowloon the new towns in New Territories and the marine areas
- 8 Refers to the nuclei of Barranquilla, Soledad, Malambo and Puerto Colombia.
- 9 Refers to the nuclei of Cali and Yumbo.
- 10 Refers to the nuclei of Medellín, Barbosa, Bello, Caldas, Copacabana, Envigado, Girardota, Itagui, La Estrella and Sabaneta.
- 11 Urban population at the canton level.
- 12 Refers to the Greater Copenhagen Region as defined from 1999 onward consisting of (parts of) 16 municipalities. Data before 1976 still use the previous definition where 28 municipalities were
- 13 Includes the population of the locality of Eloy Alfaro.
- 14 Includes the Governorate of Al-Qahirah (Cairo) and the cities of Al-Jizah (Giza) and Shubra al-Khaymah (Shubra-El-Khema).
- 15 Consisting of the urban parts of the municipios San Salvador, Mejicanos, Soyapango, Delgado, Ilopango, Cuscatancingo, Ayutxtepeque and San Marcos.
- 16 Includes Espoo and Vantaa.
- 17 The agglomeration of Athínaí includes the localities of Calithèa, Peristérión and Piræus, among others.
- 18 Refers to the municipio of Ciudad de Guatemala.
- 19 Based on 1991 and 2001 data, definition of urban agglomeration is not restricted to state boundaries (National Capital Territory). Contiguous suburban cities and towns, such as Faridabad, Gurç
- 20 Refers to the municipality.
- 21 Data for earlier years refer to city proper.
- 22 Data prior to 1995 refer to urban agglomeration.
- 23 Data for 1985 and 1995 refer to the Governorates of Capital, Hawallí and Farwaniya. The number and names of governorates have changed over time as well as the limits of the urban agglome
- 24 Data prior to 1984 refer to City Proper.

- 25 Zona metropolitana, which includes several municipios.
- 26 Conurbación, which includes several localidades.
- 27 Zona metropolitana, which includes several municipios.
- 28 Rabat includes Salé and Temara; Casablanca includes Mohammedia.
- 29 Data refer to the municipality.
- 30 Refers to the municipalities of Amstelveen, Amsterdam, Diemen, Landsmeer, Oostzaan, Wormerland, Zaanstad
- 31 Lagos State.
- 32 Corresponds to the metropolitan agglomeration of Panama City, including the urban districts of Balboa (Ancón), Arrajian, La Chorrera and San Miguelito.
- 33 Great Lima includes the capitals of the departments of Lima and Callao as well as surrounding populated centres.
- 34 National Capital Region.
- 35 Data refer to municipalities included in Grande Lisboa and the Peninsula of Setúbal, as well as that of Azambuja.
- 36 Data refer to the metropolitan city.
- 37 Data refer to the ten municipalities of the City of Belgrade.
- 38 Includes resident and non-resident population.
- 39 Refers to "tätort" (According to the administrative divisions of 2005).
- 40 Ankara includes Altindag, Cankaya, Etimesgut, Golbasi, Keçioren, Mamak, Sincan and Yenimahalle.
- 41 Bursa includes Nilufer, Osmangazi and Yildirim.
- 42 Gaziantep includes Sahinbey and Sehitkami.
- 43 Istanbul includes Adalar, Avcilar, Bagicilar, Bahçelievler, Bakirkoy, Bayrampasa, Besiktas, Beykoz, Beyoglu, Eminonu, Esenler, Eyup, Fatih, Gaziosmanpasa, Gungoren, Kadikoy, Kagithane, Ka
- 44 Izmir includes Balcova, Bornova, Buca, Cigli, Gaziemir, Guzelbahce Karsiyaka, Konak and Narlidere (1950 and 1955 data for Izmir refer to city proper)
- 45 Konya includes Karatay, Meram and Selçuklu.
- 46 The urban agglomeration of Birmingham (also known as the West Midlands urban area) consists of 10 urban divisions, including Birmingham, Dudley, Oldbury/Smethwick, Solihull, Sutton Coldfi
- 47 Corresponds to the metropolitan area of Montevideo including the urban population of surrounding localities.
- 48 Refers to urban population in the city districts. Data after 2008 include urban population in former Ha Tay Province.

Table A.13. Population of capital cities in 2011

Country and capital city	Population (thousands)	Country and capital city	Population (thousands)	Country and capital city	Population (thousands)
AFGHANISTAN		BHUTAN		COMOROS	
Kabul	3 097	Thimphu	99	Moroni	54
ALBANIA		BOLIVIA (2)		CONGO	
Tiranë (Tirana)	419	La Paz	1 715	Brazzaville	1 611
ALGERIA		Sucre	307	COOK ISLANDS (7)	
El Djazaïr (Algiers)	2 916	BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA		Rarotonga	15
AMERICAN SAMOA		Sarajevo	389	COSTA RICA	
Pago Pago	64	BOTSWANA		San José	1 515
ANDORRA		Gaborone	202	CÔTE D'IVOIRE (8)	
Andorra la Vella	23	BRAZIL		Abidjan	4 288
ANGOLA		Brasília	3 813	Yamoussoukro	966
Luanda	5 068	BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS		CROATIA	
ANGUILLA		Road Town	10	Zagreb	686
The Valley	2	BRUNEI DARUSSALAM		CUBA	
ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA		Bandar Seri Begawan	16	La Habana (Havana)	2 116
St. John's	27	BULGARIA		CYPRUS	
ARGENTINA		Sofia	1 174	Lefkosia (Nicosia)	253
Buenos Aires	13 528	BURKINA FASO		CZECH REPUBLIC	
ARMENIA		Ouagadougou	2 053	Praha (Prague)	1 276
Yerevan	1 116	BURUNDI		DEM. PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA	
ARUBA		Bujumbura	605	P'yongyang	2 843
Oranjestad	37	CAMBODIA		DEM. REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO	
AUSTRALIA		Phnum Pénh (Phnom Penh)	1 550	Kinshasa	8 798
Canberra	399	CAMEROON		DENMARK	
AUSTRIA		Yaoundé	2 432	København (Copenhagen)	1 206
Wien (Vienna)	1 720	CANADA (3)		DJIBOUTI	
AZERBAIJAN		Ottawa-Gatineau	1 208	Djibouti	496
Baku	2 123	CAPE VERDE		DOMINICA	
BAHAMAS		Praia	132	Roseau	14
Nassau	254	CAYMAN ISLANDS		DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	
BAHRAIN		George Town	28	Santo Domingo	2 191
Al-Manamah (Manama)	262	CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC		ECUADOR	
BANGLADESH		Bangui	740	Quito	1 622
Dhaka	15 391	CHAD		EGYPT	
BARBADOS		N'Djaména	1 079	Al-Qahirah (Cairo)	11 169
Bridgetown	122	CHANNEL ISLANDS (4)		EL SALVADOR	
BELARUS		St. Helier	31	San Salvador	1 605
Minsk	1 861	St. Peter Port	18	EQUATORIAL GUINEA	
BELGIUM		CHILE		Malabo	137
Bruxelles-Brussel	1 949	Santiago	6 034	ERITREA	
BELIZE		CHINA		Asmara	712
Belmopan	14	Beijing	15 594	ESTONIA	
BENIN (1)		CHINA, HONG KONG SAR (5)		Tallinn	400
Cotonou	924	Hong Kong	7 122	ETHIOPIA	
Porto-Novo	314	CHINA, MACAO SAR (6)		Addis Ababa	2 979
BERMUDA		Macao	556	FAEROE ISLANDS	
Hamilton	11	COLOMBIA		Tórshavn	20
		Bogotá	8 743		

Table A.13. Population of capital cities in 2011 (continued)

Country and capital city	Population (thousands)	Country and capital city	Population (thousands)	Country and capital city	Population (thousands)
FALKLAND ISLANDS (MALVINAS)		HONDURAS		LIBERIA	
Stanley	2	Tegucigalpa	1 088	Monrovia	750
FIJI		HUNGARY		LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA	
Greater Suva	177	Budapest	1 737	Tarabulus (Tripoli)	1 127
FINLAND		ICELAND		LIECHTENSTEIN	
Helsinki	1 134	Reykjavik	206	Vaduz	5
FRANCE		INDIA (9)		LITHUANIA	
Paris	10 620	Delhi	22 654	Vilnius	546
FRENCH GUIANA		INDONESIA		LUXEMBOURG	
Cayenne	67	Jakarta	9 769	Luxembourg-Ville	94
FRENCH POLYNESIA		IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)		MADAGASCAR	
Papeete	137	Tehran	7 304	Antananarivo	1 987
GABON		IRAQ		MALAWI	
Libreville	686	Baghdad	6 036	Lilongwe	772
GAMBIA		IRELAND		MALAYSIA (11)	
Banjul	506	Dublin	1 121	Kuala Lumpur	1 556
GEORGIA		ISLE OF MAN		MALDIVES	
Tbilisi	1 121	Douglas	27	Male	132
GERMANY		ISRAEL		MALI	
Berlin	3 462	Jerusalem	791	Bamako	2 037
GHANA		ITALY		MALTA	
Accra	2 573	Roma (Rome)	3 298	Valletta	198
GIBRALTAR		JAMAICA		MARSHALL ISLANDS	
Gibraltar	29	Kingston	571	Majuro	31
GREECE		JAPAN		MARTINIQUE	
Athínai (Athens)	3 414	Tokyo	37 217	Fort-de-France	87
GREENLAND		JORDAN		MAURITANIA	
Nuuk (Godthåb)	16	Amman	1 179	Nouakchott	786
GRENADA		KAZAKHSTAN		MAURITIUS	
St. George's	41	Astana	664	Port Louis	151
GUADELOUPE		KENYA		MAYOTTE	
Basse-Terre	13	Nairobi	3 363	Mamoudzou	6
GUAM		KIRIBATI (10)		MEXICO	
Hagåtña	169	Tarawa	44	Ciudad de México (Mexico City)	20 446
GUATEMALA		KUWAIT		MICRONESIA (FED. STATES OF)	
Ciudad de Guatemala (Guatemala City)	1 168	Al Kuwayt (Kuwait City)	2 406	Palikir	7
GUINEA		KYRGYZSTAN		MONACO	
Conakry	1 786	Bishkek	839	Monaco	35
GUINEA-BISSAU		LAO PEOPLE'S DEM. REPUBLIC		MONGOLIA	
Bissau	423	Vientiane	810	Ulaanbaatar	1 184
GUYANA		LATVIA		MONTENEGRO	
Georgetown	127	Riga	701	Podgorica	156
HAITI		LEBANON		MONTSERRAT (12)	
Port-au-Prince	2 207	Bayrut (Beirut)	2 022	Brades Estate	1
HOLY SEE		LESOTHO		Plymouth	0
Vatican City	0	Maseru	239	MOROCCO	
				Rabat	1 843
				MOZAMBIQUE	
				Maputo	1 150

Table A.13. Population of capital cities in 2011 (continued)

Country and capital city	Population (thousands)	Country and capital city	Population (thousands)	Country and capital city	Population (thousands)
MYANMAR		POLAND		SIERRA LEONE	
Nay Pyi Taw	1 060	Warszawa (Warsaw)	1 723	Freetown	941
NAMIBIA		PORTUGAL		SINGAPORE	
Windhoek	380	Lisboa (Lisbon)	2 843	Singapore	5 188
NAURU		PUERTO RICO		SLOVAKIA	
Nauru	10	San Juan	2 475	Bratislava	434
NEPAL		QATAR		SLOVENIA	
Kathmandu	1 015	Ad-Dawhah (Doha)	567	Ljubljana	273
NETHERLANDS (13)		REPUBLIC OF KOREA		SOLOMON ISLANDS	
Amsterdam	1 056	Seoul	9 736	Honiara	68
s-Gravenhage (The Hague)	635	REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA		SOMALIA	
NETHERLANDS ANTILLES		Chisinau	677	Muqdisho (Mogadishu)	1 554
Willemstad	115	RÉUNION		SOUTH AFRICA (15)	
NEW CALEDONIA		Saint-Denis	145	Bloemfontein	468
Nouméa	157	ROMANIA		Cape Town	3 562
NEW ZEALAND		Bucuresti (Bucharest)	1 937	Pretoria	1 501
Wellington	410	RUSSIAN FEDERATION		SOUTH SUDAN	
NICARAGUA		Moskva (Moscow)	11 621	Juba	269
Managua	970	RWANDA		SPAIN	
NIGER		Kigali	1 004	Madrid	6 574
Niamey	1 297	SAINT HELENA		SRI LANKA (16)	
NIGERIA		Jamestown	1	Colombo	693
Abuja	2 153	SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS		Sri Jayewardenepura Kotte	126
NIUE		Basseterre	12	SUDAN	
Alofi	1	SAINT LUCIA		Al-Khartum (Khartoum)	4 632
NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS (14)		Castries	21	SURINAME	
Saipan	56	SAINT PIERRE AND MIQUELON		Paramaribo	278
NORWAY		Saint-Pierre	5	SWAZILAND (17)	
Oslo	915	ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES		Lobamba	0
OCCUPIED PALESTINIAN TERRITORY		Kingstown	31	Mbabane	66
Ramallah	75	SAMOA		SWEDEN	
OMAN		Apia	37	Stockholm	1 385
Masqat	743	SAN MARINO		SWITZERLAND	
PAKISTAN		San Marino	4	Bern	353
Islamabad	919	SÃO TOMÉ AND PRÍNCIPE		SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC	
PALAU		São Tomé	64	Dimashq (Damascus)	2 650
Koror	12	SAUDI ARABIA		TAJIKISTAN	
PANAMA		Ar-Riyadh (Riyadh)	5 451	Dushanbe	739
Ciudad de Panamá (Panama City)	1 426	SENEGAL		TFYR MACEDONIA (18)	
PAPUA NEW GUINEA		Dakar	3 035	Skopje	499
Port Moresby	343	SERBIA		THAILAND	
PARAGUAY		Beograd (Belgrade)	1 135	Krung Thep (Bangkok)	8 426
Asunción	2 139	SEYCHELLES		TIMOR-LESTE	
PERU		Victoria	27	Dili	180
Lima	9 130	SIERRA LEONE		TOGO	
PHILIPPINES		TOKELAU (19)		Lomé	1 524
Manila	11 862	TONGA		TOKELAU (19)	
		Nuku'alofa			
					25

Table A.13. Population of capital cities in 2011 (continued)

Country and capital city	Population (thousands)	Country and capital city	Population (thousands)	Country and capital city	Population (thousands)
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO		UNITED ARAB EMIRATES		VENEZUELA (BOLIVARIAN REP. OF)	
Port of Spain	66	Abu Zaby (Abu Dhabi)	942	Caracas	3 242
TUNISIA		UNITED KINGDOM		VIET NAM	
Tunis	790	London	9 005	Hà Noi	2 955
TURKEY		UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA		WALLIS AND FUTUNA ISLANDS	
Ankara	4 194	Dodoma	226	Matu-Utu	1
TURKMENISTAN		UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		WESTERN SAHARA	
Ashgabat	683	Washington, D.C.	4 705	El Aaiún	237
TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS		UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS		YEMEN	
Grand Turk	7	Charlotte Amalie	60	Sana'a'	2 419
TUVALU		URUGUAY		ZAMBIA	
Funafuti	5	Montevideo	1 672	Lusaka	1 802
UGANDA		UZBEKISTAN		ZIMBABWE	
Kampala	1 659	Tashkent	2 227	Harare	1 542
UKRAINE		VANUATU			
Kyiv (Kiev)	2 829	Port Vila	47		

1 Porto-Novo is the constitutional capital, Cotonou is the seat of government.

2 La Paz is the capital and the seat of government; Sucre is the legal capital and the seat of the judiciary.

3 The capital is Ottawa.

4 Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey. St. Helier is the capital of the Bailiwick of Jersey and St. Peter Port is the capital of the Bailiwick of Guernsey.

5 As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

6 As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.

7 The capital is Avarua, located on the island of Rarotonga; the estimated population refers to the island of Rarotonga. Population estimates for Avarua have not been made available.

8 Yamoussoukro is the capital, Abidjan is the seat of government.

9 The capital is New Delhi, included in the urban agglomeration of Delhi. The population of New Delhi was estimated at 294,783 in the year 2001.

10 The capital is Bairiki, located on the island of Tarawa; the estimated population refers to the island of South Tarawa. Population estimates for Bairiki have not been made available.

11 Kuala Lumpur is the financial capital, Putrajaya is the administrative capital.

12 Due to volcanic activity, Plymouth was abandoned in 1997. The government premises have been established at Brades Estate.

13 Amsterdam is the capital, 's-Gravenhage is the seat of government.

14 The capital is Garapan, located on the island of Saipan; the estimated population refers to the island of Saipan. The population of Garapan was estimated at 3,588 in the year 2000.

15 Pretoria is the administrative capital, Cape Town is the legislative capital and Bloemfontein is the judicial capital.

16 Colombo is the commercial capital, Sri Jayewardenepura Kotte is the administrative and legislative capital.

17 Mbabane is the administrative capital, Lobamba is the legislative capital.

18 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

19 There is no capital in Tokelau. Each atoll (Atafu, Fakaofu and Nukunono) has its own administrative center.

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more, in 2011, by country, 1950-2025

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)															
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	
AFGHANISTAN																
Kabul	7.18	7.21	6.63	4.93	7.14	7.43	3.84	2.35	3.85	3.90	7.49	1.33	2.17	3.90	4.29	
ALGERIA																
El Djazaïr (Algiers) (1)	3.75	6.72	4.31	3.39	3.24	1.47	0.62	1.69	2.25	2.25	2.24	2.25	2.33	2.38	1.95	
Wahran (Oran)	1.26	1.26	1.26	3.42	3.80	2.83	2.36	1.37	0.86	0.89	0.94	0.94	1.25	2.17	2.17	
ANGOLA																
Huambo	8.84	8.85	5.12	4.70	9.04	9.47	8.39	6.78	6.17	5.25	5.87	5.87	5.17	4.28	3.62	
Luanda	4.61	4.61	7.24	7.53	7.40	7.39	5.96	3.82	4.39	5.66	6.20	6.09	5.11	4.01	3.33	
ARGENTINA																
Buenos Aires	2.58	2.58	2.07	2.04	1.52	1.49	1.11	1.08	1.18	1.21	1.21	1.21	1.14	1.00	0.85	
Córdoba (2)	3.44	3.44	2.92	2.90	2.22	2.19	1.74	1.72	1.21	1.11	1.15	1.42	1.53	1.42	1.27	
La Plata	2.92	2.92	1.90	1.84	1.51	1.49	1.21	1.19	0.70	0.60	0.69	1.29	1.63	1.56	1.41	
Mendoza	2.90	2.90	3.64	3.68	2.53	2.47	2.22	2.21	1.11	0.88	0.95	1.38	1.61	1.51	1.36	
Rosario	1.91	1.91	1.95	1.96	1.56	1.54	1.29	1.27	0.68	0.55	0.64	1.21	1.53	1.45	1.30	
San Miguel de Tucumán	2.97	2.97	1.94	1.89	3.00	3.06	2.16	2.10	1.71	1.63	1.64	1.70	1.67	1.53	1.38	
ARMENIA																
Yerevan	4.68	4.40	3.72	3.67	3.16	2.67	1.50	0.90	-0.55	-0.55	-0.14	0.17	0.51	0.82	0.81	
AUSTRALIA																
Adelaide	2.94	2.79	3.95	2.57	2.13	1.35	1.04	1.03	0.53	0.51	0.55	0.84	1.68	1.87	1.70	
Brisbane	3.18	3.04	2.94	2.65	3.03	2.79	2.22	2.17	2.04	1.71	2.10	2.26	2.12	1.82	1.59	
Melbourne	3.34	3.24	2.21	2.42	1.85	1.53	1.19	1.21	0.88	1.05	1.17	1.35	1.71	1.66	1.47	
Perth	2.84	2.67	3.32	4.69	4.64	3.07	2.62	2.50	1.87	1.51	1.56	1.72	1.95	1.84	1.63	
Sydney	2.41	2.27	2.26	2.19	2.09	1.72	1.24	1.13	1.11	1.21	0.87	1.00	1.57	1.62	1.44	
AUSTRIA																
Wien (Vienna)	0.07	0.07	-0.03	-0.05	-0.47	-0.56	-0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07	1.15	0.80	0.75	0.87	0.96	
AZERBAIJAN																
Baku	0.93	1.35	2.37	2.37	2.29	1.94	1.07	0.86	0.37	0.45	0.67	1.98	2.80	2.26	1.76	
BANGLADESH																
Chittagong	2.23	2.17	6.68	7.28	6.81	5.52	4.22	4.02	4.85	4.99	4.78	3.75	3.27	3.08	2.86	
Dhaka	3.94	4.34	9.60	10.30	9.61	7.71	7.11	7.02	4.60	4.21	4.08	3.37	3.04	2.87	2.65	
Khulna	10.05	11.18	9.60	9.40	8.41	5.70	4.60	4.43	2.79	2.53	2.71	3.15	3.40	3.29	3.06	
Rajshahi	3.60	3.55	6.14	6.49	7.22	9.23	7.91	7.71	3.02	2.27	2.50	3.16	3.51	3.41	3.19	
BELARUS																
Minsk	7.50	5.73	5.33	5.18	3.68	3.28	2.31	1.76	0.44	0.56	0.85	0.80	0.76	0.66	0.48	
BELGIUM																
Antwerpen	0.69	0.69	0.54	0.47	0.30	0.28	0.01	0.28	0.28	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.49	0.77	0.85	
Bruxelles-Brussel	0.48	0.48	0.53	0.55	0.54	0.53	-0.00	0.32	0.41	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.76	0.72	
BENIN																
Cotonou	5.46	20.29	8.38	7.71	7.71	6.78	4.01	4.02	2.73	2.13	2.39	3.95	4.17	3.47	3.21	
BOLIVIA (PLURINATIONAL STATE OF)																
La Paz (3)	3.15	3.16	3.15	3.15	3.15	2.83	2.72	2.72	3.53	1.85	1.85	1.92	2.35	2.54	2.44	
Santa Cruz	6.85	6.85	6.84	6.85	6.85	6.53	6.42	6.42	6.04	4.69	4.59	4.42	3.46	2.68	2.43	
BRAZIL																
Araçaju	5.14	5.15	4.62	4.60	4.70	4.70	4.38	4.37	2.99	2.83	2.10	2.09	2.05	1.78	1.45	
Baixada Santista (4)	4.75	4.75	4.59	4.58	4.19	4.18	2.25	2.18	2.15	2.14	1.23	1.21	1.28	1.41	1.28	
Belém (4)	4.46	4.46	4.63	4.63	3.21	3.17	3.12	3.12	4.20	4.54	1.56	1.51	1.52	1.47	1.25	
Belo Horizonte (4)	6.41	6.41	6.41	6.42	4.99	4.94	3.76	3.72	2.86	2.59	1.50	1.48	1.47	1.32	1.06	
Brasília	13.47	13.47	13.46	13.47	9.08	8.93	3.74	3.56	3.84	3.92	2.99	2.98	2.76	1.82	1.16	
Campinas (4)	6.57	6.57	6.12	6.11	7.17	7.21	4.28	4.18	3.08	2.74	2.24	1.97	1.78	1.52	1.19	
Campo Grande	6.98	6.98	7.06	7.06	7.70	7.73	5.59	5.51	3.31	2.63	1.70	1.68	1.70	1.65	1.43	
Cuiabá	6.17	6.17	6.71	6.73	9.69	9.80	6.64	6.53	3.43	2.49	1.40	1.38	1.44	1.56	1.42	
Curitiba (4)	8.77	8.77	5.47	5.36	6.97	7.03	3.41	3.28	3.12	3.07	2.24	2.23	2.12	1.62	1.18	
Florianópolis (4)	3.63	3.63	4.33	4.36	7.69	7.81	4.39	4.27	3.85	3.72	3.20	3.19	2.98	2.06	1.41	
Fortaleza (4)	6.39	6.39	5.53	5.50	5.40	5.39	4.05	4.01	2.75	2.37	2.02	2.02	1.94	1.54	1.16	
Goiânia (4)	10.22	10.23	9.28	9.25	6.80	6.71	4.34	4.26	3.75	3.60	2.27	2.25	2.15	1.69	1.26	
Grande São Luís (4)	2.74	2.74	5.09	5.17	5.26	5.27	4.14	4.10	4.54	4.68	2.03	1.99	1.94	1.67	1.34	
Grande Vitória (4)	7.04	7.04	6.83	6.82	7.46	7.49	3.91	3.78	2.97	2.72	1.76	1.74	1.73	1.56	1.29	

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)															
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	
João Pessoa (4)	4.47	4.47	4.55	4.56	4.48	4.48	3.66	3.63	2.54	2.21	2.54	2.55	2.43	1.86	1.39	
Maceió (4)	3.89	3.89	4.21	4.22	4.14	4.14	4.51	4.52	3.77	3.55	1.94	1.91	1.88	1.66	1.36	
Manaus (4)	5.22	5.22	6.18	6.21	7.63	7.69	4.63	4.53	3.87	3.68	2.49	2.63	2.55	1.84	1.29	
Natal	4.91	4.92	4.93	4.93	4.84	4.84	3.95	3.92	2.89	2.58	3.19	3.20	2.98	2.04	1.37	
Norte/Nordeste Catarinense	5.90	5.90	5.68	5.67	6.13	6.15	4.71	4.66	4.30	4.20	1.90	1.86	1.84	1.65	1.37	
Pôrto Alegre	5.91	5.91	4.63	4.59	4.23	4.22	3.21	3.17	1.96	1.59	1.05	1.04	1.11	1.24	1.12	
Recife	4.86	4.86	4.24	4.22	2.62	2.56	2.37	2.37	1.90	1.76	1.32	1.31	1.34	1.33	1.13	
Rio de Janeiro	3.94	3.94	4.16	4.17	2.60	2.54	1.14	1.09	1.17	1.20	1.02	0.86	0.85	1.01	0.90	
Salvador	5.09	5.09	4.66	4.65	4.54	4.54	3.28	3.23	2.53	2.31	2.84	2.85	2.65	1.78	1.15	
São Paulo	5.31	5.31	6.50	6.54	4.65	4.58	2.05	1.96	1.53	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.36	1.12	0.82	
Sorocaba	4.31	4.31	4.76	4.77	4.96	4.97	3.33	3.27	2.73	2.89	2.95	2.95	2.78	2.03	1.46	
Teresina	6.56	6.56	6.25	6.24	6.91	6.94	4.59	4.51	2.77	2.24	1.32	1.34	1.42	1.53	1.40	
BULGARIA																
Sofia	3.31	2.79	2.58	1.96	1.90	1.90	1.90	0.16	-0.38	-0.70	0.71	0.11	-0.01	0.32	0.31	
BURKINA FASO																
Ouagadougou	6.52	5.12	6.50	6.87	6.13	10.51	9.36	4.76	4.32	6.45	7.32	7.29	6.88	6.13	5.39	
CAMBODIA																
Phnum Pénh (Phnom Penh) (5)	0.67	0.67	2.27	14.50	-43.94	17.36	11.67	7.30	6.14	6.36	2.73	2.72	2.68	2.53	2.24	
CAMEROON																
Douala	4.17	5.36	5.89	7.48	7.48	5.54	5.18	4.81	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.49	3.97	3.48	3.12	
Yaoundé	8.68	8.70	7.88	9.88	9.30	7.04	6.62	5.91	5.53	5.53	5.53	5.29	4.26	3.50	3.12	
CANADA																
Calgary (6)	6.85	6.85	4.02	3.87	3.22	4.35	2.89	2.35	1.84	3.26	2.06	2.41	1.92	1.60	1.47	
Edmonton (6)	6.64	6.64	4.04	4.08	2.60	2.74	3.89	1.88	0.67	1.47	1.92	1.94	1.76	1.59	1.49	
Montréal (6)	4.13	4.13	3.11	2.46	0.78	0.23	0.56	1.65	0.94	0.98	0.74	1.11	1.31	1.34	1.26	
Ottawa-Gatineau (6)	3.85	3.85	3.00	3.74	3.02	1.52	1.95	2.66	1.48	1.74	0.75	1.23	1.50	1.56	1.48	
Québec	2.63	2.63	2.85	2.99	2.52	1.38	1.02	1.29	0.91	0.50	0.76	0.97	1.46	1.64	1.57	
Toronto (6)	4.90	4.90	3.64	3.83	1.78	1.65	2.19	2.52	1.95	1.86	1.78	1.71	1.48	1.29	1.18	
Vancouver (6)	1.09	1.09	5.97	4.45	1.93	1.62	1.71	2.75	2.75	1.81	1.33	1.31	1.45	1.44	1.36	
CHAD																
N'Djaména	11.73	11.19	8.77	7.06	7.97	6.70	3.88	3.88	3.88	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.85	3.82	4.12	
CHILE																
Concepción	4.23	4.23	2.93	2.81	2.72	2.72	2.22	1.94	1.69	1.55	1.55	1.56	1.66	1.60	1.38	
Santiago	4.04	4.04	2.94	2.86	3.41	3.41	2.43	1.88	1.46	1.21	1.21	1.22	1.29	1.20	0.98	
Valparaíso	2.78	2.78	2.09	2.02	1.78	1.78	1.50	1.35	1.02	0.83	0.83	0.86	1.26	1.51	1.35	
CHINA																
Anshan, Liaoning	6.24	6.25	0.84	-1.74	1.56	1.92	2.31	2.56	1.15	1.15	1.81	1.85	2.06	2.48	2.08	
Aoyang	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	2.98	2.74	6.07	6.08	6.32	1.78	1.57	2.35	2.14	
Baoding	4.20	4.20	3.62	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.84	2.21	6.28	6.29	2.75	2.49	2.62	2.72	2.16	
Baoji	3.18	3.18	3.22	3.38	3.38	3.38	3.52	3.61	3.44	3.44	3.45	3.46	3.45	3.04	2.23	
Baotou	12.01	12.02	11.24	4.32	1.19	0.84	1.77	2.70	2.98	2.98	5.23	1.12	1.43	2.24	2.04	
Beijing	6.94	10.01	3.22	-0.69	1.74	2.11	2.29	2.41	4.04	4.04	3.90	3.89	3.73	2.79	1.71	
Bengbu	2.44	2.44	2.44	2.44	2.44	2.44	2.44	2.44	4.29	4.29	2.91	2.81	2.89	2.84	2.21	
Benxi	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.53	2.36	2.17	
Changchun	3.74	3.74	3.36	-0.93	2.56	2.98	2.85	2.77	2.19	2.19	2.81	2.70	2.71	2.61	1.95	
Changde	1.93	1.93	2.16	3.13	3.13	3.13	3.49	3.74	9.82	9.82	2.55	2.03	2.22	2.61	2.19	
Changsha, Hunan	4.00	4.00	-2.19	-1.08	2.08	0.46	2.09	3.34	6.95	6.95	3.97	3.76	3.67	2.96	1.99	
Changshu	8.60	8.60	8.60	8.60	8.60	8.60	8.60	8.60	13.06	13.06	3.50	2.82	2.91	2.87	2.25	
Changzhou, Jiangsu	3.91	3.92	3.91	3.91	3.91	3.33	4.13	4.71	7.05	7.06	5.57	3.47	3.43	2.91	2.05	
Chengdu	9.41	8.48	0.37	1.67	1.22	2.90	4.10	2.26	3.57	3.57	4.13	4.18	4.00	2.99	1.87	
Chifeng	2.57	2.57	2.57	2.57	2.57	2.57	2.75	4.44	6.74	6.74	2.33	2.02	2.22	2.62	2.21	
Chongqing	3.99	3.46	-0.78	0.45	1.42	1.75	1.75	1.75	8.67	8.68	2.90	2.48	2.55	2.42	1.76	
Cixi	10.46	10.46	10.46	10.46	10.46	10.46	10.46	10.46	11.44	11.44	2.16	1.50	1.78	2.47	2.21	
Dalian	2.71	2.71	2.63	1.90	1.90	1.90	2.58	3.03	4.08	4.08	1.54	1.54	1.84	2.31	1.95	
Dandong	3.52	3.52	3.52	3.52	3.52	3.52	3.52	3.52	2.24	2.24	1.60	1.55	1.82	2.49	2.21	
Daqing	3.58	3.58	3.58	3.58	3.58	3.58	3.58	3.58	3.58	3.58	3.58	3.58	3.53	3.00	2.13	
Datong, Shanxi	4.34	7.26	1.68	2.06	2.65	2.73	5.48	4.20	1.34	1.34	2.52	2.60	2.70	2.73	2.13	
Dongguan, Guangdong	0.77	0.77	0.99	1.85	1.85	1.85	10.92	16.95	18.82	18.83	7.45	6.13	1.86	2.22	1.80	
Dongying	7.13	7.43	7.73	7.73	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	4.64	4.64	4.14	4.11	4.00	3.23	2.23	
Foshan	6.45	6.45	6.45	6.45	6.45	6.45	6.45	8.14	9.84	9.84	4.96	4.45	4.18	3.05	1.88	
Fushun, Liaoning	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.32	1.76	1.81	2.35	2.90	0.52	0.52	0.16	0.13	0.59	1.99	2.08	
Fuxin	3.13	3.13	3.13	3.13	3.13	3.13	3.13	3.12	1.06	1.06	2.05	2.12	2.31	2.65	2.22	
Fuyang	2.84	2.84	2.84	2.84	2.84	2.84	2.84	2.84	12.42	19.30	2.91	1.68	1.93	2.51	2.20	

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)															
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	
Suzhou, Jiangsu	1.21	1.22	0.75	-1.08	0.86	0.94	1.84	2.45	9.02	9.03	6.57	6.40	5.92	3.74	2.04	
Taian, Shandong	11.52	11.53	11.52	11.53	11.53	11.53	11.52	11.52	9.09	9.09	3.30	2.89	2.95	2.82	2.16	
Taichung	3.99	3.99	3.99	3.99	3.99	2.45	2.32	2.30	2.45	2.47	1.58	1.49	1.76	2.42	2.14	
Tainan	1.92	1.92	1.92	1.92	1.92	2.74	1.27	1.11	0.79	0.76	0.80	0.81	1.19	2.27	2.20	
Taipei	6.15	6.15	6.15	6.15	3.25	2.33	1.88	1.83	-0.29	-0.51	0.06	0.12	0.56	1.89	1.96	
Taiyuan, Shanxi	5.76	5.76	5.76	5.76	5.76	5.76	4.38	3.46	4.25	4.25	3.08	3.00	3.02	2.72	1.97	
Taizhou, Jiangsu	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	2.48	12.23	12.24	4.24	3.44	3.24	2.98	2.25	
Taizhou, Zhejiang	2.66	2.66	2.66	2.66	2.66	2.66	2.66	2.66	2.66	2.66	1.13	1.21	1.53	2.32	2.11	
Tangshan, Hebei	2.47	2.47	2.47	-0.08	1.38	1.81	3.91	1.55	3.33	3.33	2.99	2.96	3.00	2.79	2.08	
Tianjin	2.25	1.23	1.22	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.77	2.13	3.81	3.81	2.51	2.42	2.50	2.42	1.78	
Ürümqi (Wulumqi)	10.63	10.63	9.33	4.16	4.16	4.16	3.03	2.28	3.95	3.95	5.44	5.55	5.20	3.50	2.05	
Weifang	4.74	4.74	4.23	2.19	2.19	2.19	4.88	6.67	6.67	6.67	3.31	3.07	3.10	2.84	2.10	
Weihai	2.72	2.72	2.72	2.72	2.72	2.72	2.72	2.73	14.12	14.12	6.04	5.46	5.16	3.66	2.29	
Wenzhou	8.47	11.93	9.96	2.13	2.13	2.13	1.71	1.44	3.43	3.43	6.69	3.73	3.57	2.95	2.03	
Wuhan	6.63	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.82	3.31	6.64	6.64	3.07	2.81	2.83	2.53	1.78	
Wuhu, Anhui	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.60	3.60	6.06	6.24	5.81	3.83	2.23	
Wuxi, Jiangsu	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.50	6.15	6.15	6.88	4.38	4.20	3.14	2.01	
Xiamen	4.95	4.95	4.22	1.28	1.28	1.94	2.49	2.81	7.95	7.95	6.51	6.41	5.93	3.77	2.08	
Xi'an, Shaanxi	4.10	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.05	5.05	7.05	5.37	5.37	2.82	2.63	2.69	2.56	1.89	
Xiangtan, Hunan	2.46	2.46	2.46	2.46	2.46	2.46	2.46	2.46	4.25	4.25	3.12	3.04	3.09	2.91	2.21	
Xiangyang	17.20	8.63	0.98	4.75	4.75	4.76	6.11	7.02	7.74	7.74	2.61	2.23	2.39	2.60	2.10	
Xianyang, Shaanxi	2.29	2.29	2.29	2.29	2.29	2.29	2.29	2.29	9.14	9.14	2.77	2.32	2.47	2.68	2.18	
Xining	9.65	9.65	8.29	2.85	2.85	2.85	3.12	3.40	3.55	3.55	3.39	3.38	3.37	2.98	2.17	
Xinxiang	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	1.71	0.75	5.26	5.26	2.96	2.79	2.87	2.82	2.19	
Xuzhou	3.05	3.05	2.65	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.99	2.60	5.60	5.60	4.54	4.46	4.28	3.22	2.08	
Yancheng, Jiangsu	5.38	5.38	5.38	5.38	5.38	5.38	5.38	5.38	5.38	5.38	9.33	3.73	3.10	2.87	2.15	
Yangzhou	1.90	1.90	1.87	1.76	1.76	1.76	5.01	7.17	8.09	8.10	2.72	2.34	2.48	2.63	2.10	
Yantai	7.78	7.78	5.45	-3.88	1.62	0.60	4.30	6.88	10.59	10.59	2.55	1.97	2.16	2.52	2.10	
Yichang	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70	4.55	3.79	3.40	3.40	4.79	2.18	2.10	2.56	2.18	
Yinchuan	8.38	3.96	3.96	3.96	3.96	3.96	4.44	4.76	3.97	3.97	6.04	6.19	5.77	3.83	2.25	
Yingkou	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.99	4.07	4.80	3.08	3.08	3.08	3.08	3.13	2.93	2.23	
Yiwu	8.99	8.99	8.99	8.99	8.99	8.99	8.99	8.99	15.38	15.39	3.64	2.81	2.90	2.87	2.25	
Yiyang, Hunan	1.75	1.75	1.73	1.67	1.67	1.67	2.86	3.66	12.69	12.69	2.26	1.51	1.79	2.47	2.21	
Yueyang	7.53	7.53	7.53	7.53	7.53	7.53	7.53	7.53	10.62	10.62	2.99	2.44	2.57	2.70	2.16	
Zaozhuang	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12	10.36	10.36	3.45	2.96	3.01	2.85	2.17	
Zhangjiakou	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.39	2.63	3.56	3.56	2.72	2.67	2.77	2.78	2.18	
Zhanjiang	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	5.21	5.21	2.08	2.22	2.69	2.76	2.19	
Zhengzhou	4.77	4.77	4.77	4.77	4.77	4.77	3.64	2.89	7.65	7.65	4.54	4.32	4.14	3.10	1.97	
Zhenjiang, Jiangsu	0.45	0.45	0.71	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.62	1.54	7.27	7.27	4.06	3.83	3.77	3.14	2.21	
Zhongshan	4.91	4.91	4.90	4.91	4.91	4.91	4.90	4.91	12.51	12.52	7.10	6.35	5.58	3.65	2.07	
Zhuhai	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.65	15.42	19.34	15.18	15.19	3.45	2.61	2.71	2.73	2.13	
Zhuzhou	3.07	3.07	3.07	3.07	3.07	3.07	3.67	4.07	6.45	6.45	2.39	2.10	2.28	2.61	2.18	
Zibo	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89	3.89	8.80	8.80	2.92	2.50	2.60	2.62	2.02	
Zigong	1.66	1.66	1.66	1.66	1.66	1.66	1.66	1.66	4.75	4.75	7.17	2.21	1.89	2.49	2.18	
Zunyi	1.20	1.20	1.58	3.11	3.11	3.11	3.11	3.11	7.72	7.72	4.55	4.33	4.19	3.31	2.26	
CHINA, HONG KONG SAR																
Hong Kong (7)	4.64	4.22	4.52	1.11	2.36	3.37	1.69	2.73	1.27	1.98	0.08	0.70	1.04	0.98	0.90	
COLOMBIA																
Barranquilla (8)	4.37	4.37	4.31	4.03	3.66	2.94	2.94	1.99	2.06	2.32	2.32	1.65	1.82	1.92	1.73	
Bogotá	6.99	7.00	6.77	5.84	4.87	2.96	2.96	2.97	2.95	2.92	2.91	2.91	2.53	1.84	1.44	
Bucaramanga	5.47	5.48	5.44	5.31	4.52	2.96	2.96	3.41	3.08	2.39	2.39	2.50	2.41	1.12	1.83	
Cali (9)	7.19	7.19	6.75	4.95	4.15	2.60	2.59	2.68	2.48	2.08	2.08	2.08	2.08	1.93	1.68	
Cartagena	5.10	5.10	4.86	3.86	3.84	3.80	3.80	2.88	2.77	2.68	2.67	2.67	2.53	2.17	1.86	
Cúcuta	5.57	5.57	5.47	5.06	5.06	5.08	5.08	2.75	2.41	2.04	2.03	2.04	2.13	2.12	1.90	
Medellín (10)	6.59	6.59	6.24	4.77	3.97	2.39	2.39	1.81	2.11	2.76	2.76	2.79	2.51	1.97	1.61	
CONGO																
Brazzaville	1.88	5.99	6.55	6.59	6.45	6.08	5.79	3.31	3.31	4.15	4.34	4.09	3.05	2.68	2.62	
Pointe-Noire	15.09	11.50	7.35	5.29	5.71	6.81	6.49	3.81	3.81	4.09	4.15	3.93	3.05	2.79	2.75	
COSTA RICA																
San José (11)	4.42	4.42	4.44	4.46	4.09	3.58	3.51	3.25	3.25	3.48	3.54	3.48	3.01	2.38	1.94	
CÔTE D'IVOIRE																
Abidjan	13.13	8.52	9.59	11.41	11.33	7.18	4.31	4.05	3.74	3.55	3.15	3.16	3.41	3.61	3.35	
Yamoussoukro	15.65	15.65	15.65	15.65	15.40	8.41	8.41	8.85	9.36	9.37	9.36	9.32	7.52	4.73	3.65	
CUBA																
La Habana (Havana)	2.43	2.15	2.15	2.15	0.75	0.70	0.93	1.01	0.40	0.33	0.00	-0.55	-0.54	-0.54	0.10	

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)															
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	
CZECH REPUBLIC																
Praha (Prague)	0.68	0.68	0.72	0.73	0.90	0.92	0.30	0.26	-0.29	-0.38	0.68	0.84	0.83	0.81	0.80	
DEM. PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA																
P'yongyang	2.24	2.24	3.50	4.98	6.24	6.24	3.51	2.81	1.70	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.49	0.97	1.16	
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO																
Kananga	14.50	20.16	12.06	10.61	-2.50	-2.50	-2.02	3.10	4.74	3.74	4.63	4.63	4.47	4.01	3.74	
Kinshasa	7.41	8.30	9.64	8.00	6.52	6.52	5.64	5.14	4.88	3.73	4.46	4.36	4.06	3.56	3.30	
Kisangani	9.13	15.95	5.65	5.56	2.15	2.15	1.58	2.53	4.17	3.17	4.06	4.26	4.40	4.02	3.76	
Lubumbashi	8.25	5.78	5.21	5.12	3.95	3.95	3.08	2.80	4.44	3.45	4.33	4.40	4.34	3.90	3.64	
Mbuji-Mayi	6.63	6.64	6.63	6.41	4.42	4.42	3.55	3.27	4.91	3.92	4.80	4.70	4.41	3.90	3.64	
DENMARK																
København (Copenhagen) (12)	0.17	0.92	1.34	0.10	-3.27	-1.33	-0.74	-0.41	0.25	0.54	0.91	1.13	1.13	1.06	0.99	
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC																
Santo Domingo	7.12	7.12	6.29	6.22	5.66	5.66	2.87	1.73	1.74	1.76	1.73	1.71	1.82	2.05	1.86	
ECUADOR																
Guayaquil (13)	5.68	5.69	4.91	4.19	4.27	4.58	3.77	3.01	2.80	2.78	1.21	0.59	0.88	1.79	1.96	
Quito	4.38	4.38	4.47	4.55	4.51	4.34	3.64	3.00	2.25	2.18	1.72	1.54	1.70	2.12	2.05	
EGYPT																
Al-Iskandariyah (Alexandria)	3.71	3.71	3.06	2.52	2.41	2.33	2.30	1.61	1.35	1.83	2.02	2.04	2.21	2.31	2.30	
Al-Qahirah (Cairo) (14)	3.89	3.89	5.05	3.29	2.88	2.61	2.50	1.69	1.38	0.93	0.76	0.86	1.59	2.08	2.13	
EL SALVADOR																
San Salvador (15)	4.72	4.72	4.73	4.73	3.54	3.24	3.24	3.24	2.73	2.32	2.32	2.28	2.05	1.87	1.77	
ETHIOPIA																
Addis Ababa	2.81	2.81	2.81	3.99	4.77	4.77	4.56	3.86	3.60	2.06	2.06	2.05	2.33	3.37	3.85	
FINLAND																
Helsinki (16)	2.04	2.04	1.28	1.20	2.75	2.93	1.42	3.72	1.58	1.56	0.92	1.00	1.05	1.02	0.95	
FRANCE																
Bordeaux	0.77	2.01	1.87	1.45	1.00	0.63	0.91	1.04	0.88	0.89	0.93	1.01	1.44	1.50	1.29	
Lille	0.44	1.19	1.18	0.95	0.66	0.01	0.20	0.31	0.46	0.40	0.24	0.37	1.14	1.43	1.26	
Lyon	0.98	3.26	2.55	1.65	1.00	0.60	0.48	0.44	0.74	0.73	0.73	0.82	1.30	1.39	1.19	
Marseille-Aix-en-Provence	1.09	3.03	2.82	2.01	1.16	0.66	0.18	-0.03	0.39	0.48	0.73	0.82	1.30	1.39	1.19	
Nice-Cannes	1.27	2.99	2.75	2.30	1.85	0.97	1.44	1.60	0.46	0.56	0.82	0.91	1.38	1.47	1.26	
Paris	1.57	1.73	1.16	0.88	0.83	0.26	0.65	0.82	0.38	0.48	0.74	0.80	1.07	1.03	0.81	
Toulouse	1.18	3.92	3.41	2.56	1.82	0.85	1.81	2.26	1.75	1.72	1.63	1.66	1.72	1.52	1.27	
GEORGIA																
Tbilisi	1.49	1.71	2.24	2.22	2.02	1.88	1.54	0.77	-1.07	-1.07	-0.07	0.38	0.30	0.27	0.31	
GERMANY																
Berlin	-0.24	-0.24	-0.17	-0.16	-0.48	-0.48	0.03	2.23	0.29	-0.51	0.04	0.34	0.35	0.42	0.46	
Hamburg	1.16	1.23	0.04	-0.25	-0.82	-0.82	-0.81	0.66	0.81	0.04	0.34	0.54	0.51	0.56	0.58	
Köln (Cologne)	2.66	2.87	0.96	0.54	1.33	1.33	-1.08	0.66	0.31	-0.04	0.28	0.51	0.47	0.63	0.70	
München (Munich)	2.38	2.49	2.06	1.92	0.04	0.04	-0.49	-0.79	0.37	-0.62	0.85	1.46	0.93	0.69	0.64	
GHANA																
Accra	8.05	7.87	4.80	4.69	3.14	3.14	3.19	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.64	4.13	3.98	3.57	3.21	
Kumasi	8.08	7.89	4.65	4.51	2.57	2.57	3.29	5.34	5.34	5.34	5.17	4.60	4.06	3.62	3.25	
GREECE																
Athinai (Athens) (17)	2.97	2.97	3.13	3.16	1.94	1.74	0.39	0.15	0.34	0.37	0.45	0.79	0.97	0.97	0.96	
Thessaloniki	2.43	2.43	3.67	3.88	2.57	2.35	0.86	0.59	0.66	0.67	0.74	1.06	1.24	1.24	1.22	
GUATEMALA																
Ciudad de Guatemala (Guatemala City) (18)	5.06	5.06	4.36	2.17	1.60	0.93	0.71	0.67	0.89	1.57	1.65	2.70	3.77	3.83	3.61	
GUINEA																
Conakry	12.75	12.75	12.40	12.40	7.61	2.97	3.04	3.11	3.11	3.11	3.19	3.61	4.28	4.29	3.88	
HAITI																
Port-au-Prince	6.19	6.19	6.19	6.19	4.48	3.96	4.58	5.06	4.60	3.42	4.96	-0.25	2.93	2.94	2.82	

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)															
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	
HONDURAS																
Tegucigalpa	5.69	5.69	5.57	5.54	5.34	4.79	4.79	4.08	3.16	3.16	2.60	3.05	3.57	3.37	3.02	
HUNGARY																
Budapest	1.15	1.11	0.72	0.71	0.60	0.52	-0.21	-0.30	-1.15	-1.15	-1.00	0.35	0.45	0.76	0.81	
INDIA																
Agra	3.00	3.03	2.30	2.19	1.73	1.65	2.28	2.38	3.20	3.32	2.86	2.79	2.81	2.85	2.77	
Ahmadabad	3.27	3.18	3.58	3.64	3.81	3.84	2.78	2.62	3.04	3.11	3.36	3.40	3.30	2.86	2.54	
Aligarh	2.62	2.67	3.02	3.08	2.52	2.42	3.82	4.04	3.39	3.29	3.12	3.09	3.09	3.03	2.90	
Allahabad	2.57	2.60	1.85	1.73	2.29	2.39	2.59	2.62	2.23	2.17	1.57	1.48	1.70	2.51	2.81	
Amritsar	1.26	1.69	1.43	1.39	2.76	3.00	1.92	1.75	3.00	3.20	1.79	1.57	1.79	2.54	2.82	
Asansol	5.41	5.77	3.86	3.57	4.10	4.19	6.93	7.35	4.06	3.56	1.61	1.31	1.56	2.46	2.81	
Aurangabad	3.67	3.83	5.03	5.21	6.35	6.55	6.31	6.28	4.38	4.09	3.04	2.88	2.90	2.93	2.85	
Bangalore	4.61	4.32	3.33	3.18	5.36	5.74	3.76	3.46	3.23	3.20	3.91	4.02	3.82	3.01	2.50	
Bareilly	2.45	2.71	1.89	1.77	3.01	3.24	3.18	3.17	1.87	1.67	2.78	2.95	2.96	2.98	2.89	
Bhopal	7.16	7.79	5.73	5.41	5.70	5.75	4.75	4.60	3.21	3.00	2.64	2.58	2.63	2.78	2.76	
Bhubaneswar	8.39	8.39	9.84	10.07	7.78	7.38	6.44	6.30	4.90	4.69	3.17	2.94	2.96	2.99	2.91	
Chandigarh	8.46	8.46	8.46	8.46	6.38	6.01	3.48	3.09	3.36	3.40	2.51	2.38	2.48	2.80	2.87	
Chennai (Madras)	2.68	2.32	4.51	4.85	3.32	3.05	2.44	2.34	1.78	1.70	2.85	3.03	2.97	2.71	2.48	
Coimbatore	4.41	4.45	4.86	4.92	2.65	2.25	1.85	1.79	2.60	2.73	3.81	3.97	3.82	3.18	2.76	
Delhi (19)	5.26	4.96	4.40	4.32	4.52	4.56	5.52	5.67	4.87	4.75	3.42	3.22	3.11	2.66	2.36	
Dhanbad	9.52	10.03	7.97	7.65	4.97	4.50	2.19	1.84	2.56	2.67	1.36	1.16	1.43	2.42	2.81	
Durg-Bhilainagar	16.58	18.85	7.74	6.05	6.85	6.99	3.84	3.35	3.03	2.98	1.62	1.42	1.65	2.51	2.84	
Guwahati (Gauhati)	10.39	11.39	4.83	3.83	5.14	5.38	5.37	5.37	3.60	3.32	1.94	1.73	1.93	2.62	2.86	
Gwalior	2.27	2.19	2.88	2.98	3.14	3.17	2.64	2.56	1.97	1.88	2.34	2.41	2.50	2.80	2.85	
Hubli-Dharwad	2.47	2.36	3.95	4.19	3.45	3.32	2.24	2.07	1.95	1.93	1.84	1.83	2.01	2.65	2.87	
Hyderabad	1.45	1.02	3.26	3.60	3.53	3.52	5.10	5.34	2.81	2.42	3.24	3.37	3.26	2.83	2.51	
Indore	2.64	2.39	3.33	3.48	3.87	3.94	3.04	2.91	3.77	3.91	2.94	2.79	2.81	2.83	2.73	
Jabalpur	3.58	3.56	3.71	3.73	3.54	3.51	1.86	1.60	2.19	2.29	1.40	1.26	1.52	2.44	2.80	
Jaipur	3.28	2.99	4.17	4.36	4.65	4.71	4.11	4.03	4.23	4.26	2.99	2.79	2.80	2.78	2.67	
Jalandhar	2.69	2.77	2.82	2.83	3.18	3.24	2.35	2.22	3.16	3.31	2.25	2.09	2.23	2.74	2.89	
Jamshedpur	3.90	4.08	3.38	3.27	3.78	3.87	2.37	2.14	2.75	2.84	2.06	1.94	2.09	2.64	2.81	
Jodhpur	2.36	2.18	3.26	3.43	4.51	4.71	3.00	2.74	2.54	2.51	2.80	2.85	2.87	2.93	2.86	
Kanpur	3.26	3.20	2.77	2.70	2.56	2.53	2.19	2.14	2.73	2.82	1.08	0.82	1.12	2.20	2.64	
Kochi (Cochin)	4.82	5.14	4.62	4.54	4.50	4.50	5.01	5.09	2.17	1.73	1.72	1.73	1.91	2.55	2.77	
Kolkata (Calcutta)	2.27	2.23	2.05	2.02	2.60	2.71	1.93	1.81	1.82	1.82	0.96	0.83	1.08	1.98	2.34	
Kota	5.75	6.14	5.72	5.66	5.31	5.25	4.21	4.05	2.89	2.71	3.41	3.51	3.45	3.15	2.89	
Kozhikode (Calicut)	3.17	3.31	3.99	4.10	4.83	4.96	3.98	3.83	1.33	0.94	0.94	0.94	1.25	2.38	2.85	
Lucknow	2.74	2.77	2.23	2.14	2.15	2.15	4.66	5.05	3.33	3.06	2.55	2.47	2.52	2.69	2.67	
Ludhiana	4.43	4.62	4.89	4.93	4.29	4.18	5.24	5.41	3.24	2.91	1.65	1.46	1.68	2.47	2.76	
Madurai	2.98	2.81	3.56	3.68	2.64	2.46	1.88	1.79	1.07	0.95	1.88	2.02	2.16	2.65	2.79	
Meerut	2.14	1.97	2.48	2.56	3.62	3.81	4.49	4.60	3.36	3.18	2.15	1.99	2.14	2.64	2.80	
Moradabad	1.64	1.70	3.25	3.49	2.55	2.38	2.49	2.51	3.53	3.68	3.33	3.28	3.25	3.09	2.91	
Mumbai (Bombay)	3.67	3.36	3.57	3.60	3.95	4.02	3.65	3.59	2.81	2.69	1.78	1.64	1.76	2.18	2.31	
Mysore	0.98	0.38	2.95	3.34	3.05	3.00	3.09	3.10	2.01	1.85	2.19	2.25	2.37	2.77	2.87	
Nagpur	3.57	3.53	3.03	2.96	3.32	3.39	2.58	2.45	2.44	2.44	1.73	1.63	1.81	2.46	2.68	
Nashik	3.75	3.18	2.41	2.29	4.26	4.61	5.16	5.25	4.71	4.63	3.26	3.05	3.04	2.95	2.80	
Patna	2.67	2.52	2.90	2.96	5.81	6.32	2.40	1.80	4.05	4.40	2.16	1.81	1.97	2.54	2.72	
Pune (Poona)	3.15	2.67	3.46	3.58	3.93	3.99	3.92	3.91	4.07	4.09	3.11	2.96	2.93	2.76	2.58	
Raipur	4.30	4.43	3.92	3.84	4.83	5.00	3.38	3.13	4.00	4.13	4.65	4.73	4.49	3.50	2.90	
Rajkot	4.26	3.85	4.27	4.34	4.01	3.96	3.87	3.86	4.21	4.26	3.41	3.28	3.24	3.03	2.83	
Ranchi	3.07	2.72	5.52	5.95	6.69	6.83	2.65	2.01	3.21	3.39	2.76	2.67	2.72	2.88	2.85	
Salem	3.16	2.95	4.02	4.18	2.51	2.21	1.24	1.09	2.38	2.58	2.12	2.05	2.20	2.78	2.88	
Solapur	2.06	1.98	1.69	1.64	2.45	2.59	1.97	1.87	3.20	3.41	1.20	0.86	1.18	2.36	2.85	
Srinagar	1.56	1.52	3.40	3.69	3.63	3.62	2.21	2.00	2.62	2.72	2.71	2.71	2.75	2.87	2.83	
Surat	2.85	2.91	4.17	4.36	5.94	6.23	5.23	5.08	6.01	6.16	5.06	4.89	4.58	3.35	2.64	
Thiruvananthapuram	2.66	2.49	4.93	5.31	2.84	2.41	4.33	4.63	1.25	0.73	0.73	0.73	1.08	2.32	2.84	
Tiruchirappalli	1.72	1.41	2.90	3.13	2.80	2.74	1.71	1.55	1.71	1.74	1.86	1.87	2.05	2.65	2.86	
Tiruppur	4.76	4.83	4.37	4.30	3.70	3.60	3.51	3.50	5.43	5.73	5.73	5.73	5.34	3.82	2.95	
Vadodara	3.74	3.82	4.05	4.08	4.61	4.70	4.21	4.14	2.99	2.81	2.08	1.97	2.11	2.60	2.75	
Varanasi (Benares)	3.16	3.20	2.26	2.12	2.59	2.68	2.65	2.65	1.75	1.62	1.68	1.69	1.88	2.55	2.79	
Vijayawada	4.08	3.74	3.81	3.82	4.47	4.59	4.45	4.43	2.14	1.79	3.60	3.88	3.75	3.20	2.83	
Visakhapatnam	6.38	6.70	5.56	5.38	5.16	5.12	5.54	5.60	2.73	2.29	2.59	2.64	2.68	2.81	2.77	
Warangal	1.86	1.59	2.66	2.82	4.53	4.84	3.53	3.33	2.27	2.10	2.66	2.75	2.80	2.96	2.93	
INDONESIA																
Bandar Lampung	8.43	8.43	8.43	8.43	8.43	8.44	2.87	2.47	4.84	5.01	1.74	1.74	2.06	2.56	2.39	
Bandung (20)	5.68	5.68	3.08	2.14	2.15	2.16	3.33	3.42	0.59	0.39	1.15	1.15	1.57	2.28	2.20	
Batam	14.94	14.96	14.95	14.96	14.95	14.96	14.95	14.95	14.95	14.96	12.16	7.98	6.78	3.85	2.42	

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)															
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	
Bogor	2.74	2.74	6.37	7.70	6.04	5.50	1.24	0.94	2.26	2.36	2.39	2.39	2.55	2.68	2.38	
Denpasar	6.91	6.92	6.91	6.91	6.91	6.92	6.91	6.91	6.91	6.92	6.78	6.58	5.74	3.58	2.45	
Jakarta	6.12	6.12	4.15	3.44	4.13	4.36	3.16	3.08	0.36	0.16	1.38	1.38	1.67	2.11	1.94	
Malang	4.38	4.38	2.74	2.15	2.12	2.11	3.00	3.07	1.03	0.88	0.40	1.24	1.74	2.48	2.41	
Medan (20)	4.61	4.62	3.32	2.85	7.12	8.51	2.69	2.27	1.11	1.03	1.13	0.75	1.25	2.21	2.22	
Padang	3.24	3.24	3.17	3.15	8.19	9.85	3.20	2.72	1.40	1.30	1.54	1.54	1.91	2.52	2.40	
Palembang (20)	4.76	4.76	2.79	2.07	3.00	3.30	3.71	3.74	2.59	2.51	-0.02	-0.02	0.52	2.05	2.29	
Pekan Baru	5.83	5.83	5.83	5.83	4.66	4.28	7.39	7.61	4.26	4.02	3.47	5.18	4.84	3.32	2.42	
Samarinda	5.86	5.87	6.59	6.86	7.11	7.20	4.50	4.31	2.70	2.59	3.35	3.35	3.29	2.92	2.44	
Semarang	2.69	2.69	2.57	2.53	4.45	5.08	2.18	1.98	1.40	1.36	0.88	0.88	1.38	2.29	2.28	
Surabaya (20)	3.49	3.49	4.15	4.39	3.27	2.91	2.09	2.03	0.62	0.51	0.59	0.59	1.13	2.14	2.17	
Ujung Pandang (20)	4.82	4.82	2.00	0.98	3.64	4.52	2.66	2.53	2.35	2.34	2.34	2.98	3.02	2.76	2.32	
IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)																
Ahvaz	5.41	5.41	5.41	4.98	4.82	5.38	5.58	4.72	2.69	2.03	2.01	2.01	1.92	1.69	1.40	
Esfahan	5.12	5.12	5.12	4.63	4.45	4.16	4.05	2.99	2.41	2.33	2.34	2.30	2.00	1.62	1.30	
Karaj	11.13	11.14	11.13	11.30	11.37	14.08	15.10	7.86	3.69	3.66	3.84	3.70	2.63	1.71	1.32	
Kermanshah	4.04	4.04	4.04	4.27	4.36	6.03	6.66	3.25	2.11	1.55	1.36	1.41	1.69	1.70	1.45	
Mashhad	5.26	5.26	5.26	4.99	4.89	7.12	7.95	4.72	1.97	2.23	2.50	2.44	2.02	1.55	1.22	
Qom	3.00	3.00	3.00	5.26	6.10	7.47	7.98	5.36	3.11	2.27	2.14	2.13	1.98	1.70	1.40	
Shiraz	4.58	4.58	4.58	4.57	4.56	6.33	6.99	3.65	1.95	1.58	1.52	1.55	1.70	1.63	1.36	
Tabriz	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.76	3.93	4.65	4.92	2.92	1.91	1.64	1.59	1.61	1.71	1.61	1.34	
Tehran	5.87	5.87	5.87	5.40	5.23	3.46	2.79	1.72	0.99	0.57	0.47	0.56	1.07	1.26	1.04	
IRAQ																
Al-Basrah (Basra)	4.84	6.53	7.94	1.60	1.22	1.22	1.21	3.65	5.71	3.68	1.96	1.96	2.38	3.23	3.48	
Al-Mawsil (Mosul) (21)	2.97	3.97	4.81	4.23	4.19	4.19	4.19	3.97	3.78	3.44	3.15	3.15	3.26	3.41	3.40	
Baghdad	4.32	6.98	9.20	4.97	4.72	3.65	2.74	2.52	2.34	2.46	0.48	2.01	2.62	3.04	3.13	
Irbil (Erbil)	3.90	7.38	10.29	7.77	7.61	7.62	7.61	5.47	3.65	3.23	2.88	2.88	3.07	3.41	3.47	
Najaf	-1.30	2.25	5.23	3.83	3.74	3.74	3.74	4.27	4.73	3.95	3.30	3.30	3.40	3.54	3.53	
Sulaimaniya	3.70	5.64	7.27	6.56	6.51	6.52	6.51	4.97	3.66	3.66	3.66	3.66	3.67	3.60	3.51	
IRELAND																
Dublin	0.66	0.43	1.79	1.28	1.55	1.62	0.36	-0.08	0.65	0.87	0.96	1.22	1.88	2.05	1.90	
ISRAEL																
Hefa (Haifa)	2.23	2.23	2.31	2.33	3.30	3.89	3.76	3.45	3.45	2.88	1.89	0.96	1.15	1.77	1.60	
Jerusalem	3.44	2.62	5.15	5.72	3.92	2.83	2.86	2.91	2.91	1.71	1.59	1.59	1.70	2.00	1.67	
Tel Aviv-Yafo (Tel Aviv-Jaffa) (22)	5.68	5.68	3.55	3.09	3.34	3.49	3.49	3.49	3.49	2.27	1.99	1.85	1.87	1.88	1.40	
ITALY																
Bergamo	0.90	0.88	1.27	1.41	1.05	0.92	0.63	0.52	0.72	0.79	0.84	1.20	1.20	1.01	0.97	
Milano (Milan)	2.17	2.64	2.36	2.26	0.76	0.22	-0.25	-0.42	-0.28	-0.23	-0.23	-0.23	-0.01	0.70	0.73	
Napoli (Naples)	1.53	1.67	1.35	1.23	0.94	0.84	0.21	-0.01	0.09	0.13	0.21	0.80	0.96	0.79	0.76	
Palermo	1.42	1.56	0.96	0.75	0.84	0.88	0.39	0.22	0.14	0.12	0.22	0.91	1.13	0.98	0.94	
Roma (Rome)	2.57	2.72	2.48	2.40	1.03	0.54	0.23	0.12	-0.14	-0.24	-0.24	-0.24	-0.02	0.68	0.70	
Torino (Turin)	2.56	3.21	2.74	2.58	0.86	0.25	-0.36	-0.58	-0.48	-0.45	-0.45	-0.45	-0.23	0.75	0.84	
JAPAN																
Fukuoka-Kitakyushu	3.66	3.10	2.10	2.10	2.30	1.83	1.77	2.29	1.04	0.73	0.40	0.53	0.86	0.64	0.30	
Hiroshima	5.04	5.04	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.56	0.98	0.70	0.54	0.04	0.19	0.38	0.85	0.69	0.36	
Kyoto	1.70	1.31	1.08	1.08	4.46	0.95	0.15	0.52	0.49	0.02	-0.01	-0.01	0.31	0.66	0.39	
Nagoya	4.24	4.75	2.50	2.50	2.77	2.44	0.89	1.69	0.71	0.44	0.49	0.62	0.88	0.62	0.27	
Osaka-Kobe	4.22	3.91	4.13	4.13	0.90	0.30	0.71	1.28	0.03	0.20	0.17	0.30	0.61	0.37	0.04	
Sapporo	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.37	2.62	1.55	1.45	1.31	0.26	0.73	0.85	0.98	0.66	0.31	
Sendai	4.28	4.28	4.28	4.28	4.28	2.01	1.37	1.72	1.09	0.46	0.90	1.00	1.05	0.69	0.33	
Tokyo	3.92	3.92	3.91	2.77	2.66	1.40	1.19	1.42	0.64	0.51	0.67	0.72	0.67	0.27	-0.02	
JORDAN																
Amman	8.84	8.85	6.33	5.18	5.08	4.80	2.92	2.92	2.69	0.86	0.86	1.59	2.55	2.44	2.18	
KAZAKHSTAN																
Almaty	4.10	3.89	3.38	3.35	3.00	2.46	1.14	0.96	0.52	0.90	1.89	1.88	1.71	1.55	1.55	
KENYA																
Mombasa	5.35	5.18	5.06	4.32	3.23	3.19	3.03	3.13	3.65	3.57	3.19	3.19	3.62	4.49	4.59	
Nairobi	7.55	7.38	6.60	5.48	4.86	4.83	4.70	4.72	4.81	4.64	3.80	3.80	4.02	4.43	4.36	
KUWAIT																
Al Kuwait (Kuwait City) (23)	10.48	9.33	11.71	12.03	4.39	5.17	4.60	4.32	-4.29	3.43	3.43	7.64	3.04	2.06	1.69	

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)															
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	
KYRGYZSTAN																
Bishkek	4.22	4.81	6.24	5.88	2.29	2.09	1.59	1.72	2.03	1.72	0.81	0.82	1.21	2.14	2.52	
LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC																
Vientiane	16.20	7.40	1.00	3.85	4.45	3.00	2.77	3.36	3.50	5.44	5.44	5.56	5.30	4.42	3.57	
LEBANON																
Bayrut (Beirut)	5.54	5.54	5.35	4.61	9.72	1.58	-0.47	-4.08	-0.39	3.19	3.57	2.19	1.72	1.26	1.06	
LIBERIA																
Monrovia	15.99	16.00	9.56	6.09	6.41	7.24	9.18	14.13	-16.18	11.76	7.27	-7.85	-6.08	0.72	3.80	
LIBYA																
Tarabulus (Tripoli) (24)	4.98	4.98	6.00	10.55	7.51	2.64	2.64	2.64	2.64	0.75	0.69	0.98	1.46	2.05	1.90	
MADAGASCAR																
Antananarivo	1.24	5.79	3.34	3.93	4.48	4.92	4.91	4.91	4.20	3.04	3.04	3.63	4.79	4.94	4.64	
MALAWI																
Lilongwe	14.62	14.63	14.62	14.63	14.63	11.06	8.09	7.17	6.17	5.51	4.36	4.37	4.57	5.07	5.04	
MALAYSIA																
Johore Bahru	6.79	5.43	4.54	4.55	5.98	5.99	5.22	5.22	4.28	4.01	4.68	4.59	3.78	2.85	2.32	
Klang	8.36	5.17	3.11	3.11	5.29	5.32	5.82	5.83	6.01	6.07	5.93	5.74	4.28	2.89	2.29	
Kuala Lumpur	6.02	4.02	2.73	2.73	7.13	7.13	1.96	1.96	1.58	1.47	1.47	1.62	2.42	2.61	2.25	
MALI																
Bamako	4.51	3.15	3.91	6.76	9.86	5.96	4.35	4.10	3.96	4.54	5.26	5.26	4.69	4.10	3.83	
MAURITANIA																
Nouakchott	10.34	6.68	19.43	20.00	20.00	12.50	9.27	6.37	2.78	2.78	2.92	3.41	3.55	3.60	3.16	
MEXICO																
Acapulco de Juárez	5.44	5.54	13.13	12.48	5.30	5.33	6.91	6.65	2.61	3.00	-0.11	1.89	2.04	1.96	1.72	
Aguascalientes	3.05	3.05	3.72	3.80	4.64	4.67	6.39	6.17	2.69	3.02	2.42	2.40	2.33	2.03	1.70	
Chihuahua	7.94	7.89	3.96	3.93	3.66	3.64	2.67	2.69	2.94	1.77	2.15	2.33	2.29	2.03	1.72	
Ciudad de México (Mexico City) (25)	5.53	5.53	5.67	5.52	3.96	3.93	1.62	1.64	1.87	1.39	0.78	1.45	1.49	1.37	1.12	
Ciudad Juárez	7.60	7.56	4.57	4.42	2.80	2.82	3.92	3.93	4.19	4.11	1.32	0.37	0.73	1.53	1.62	
Cuernavaca	5.81	5.81	5.69	5.99	9.19	9.11	3.40	3.43	3.96	2.21	2.75	2.76	2.60	2.11	1.72	
Culiacán	5.51	5.54	7.06	6.95	5.76	5.78	6.95	6.69	2.60	1.63	1.10	1.10	1.35	1.77	1.72	
Guadalajara (25)	7.70	7.67	5.55	5.43	4.11	4.09	2.83	2.82	2.61	1.53	1.80	1.84	1.84	1.67	1.40	
Hermosillo	7.90	7.89	6.32	6.22	5.03	5.02	4.22	4.20	3.89	2.19	2.48	2.48	2.40	2.07	1.74	
León de los Aldamas (26)	8.97	8.92	4.63	4.59	4.15	4.13	2.82	2.84	3.19	2.70	2.04	2.43	2.34	1.95	1.60	
Mérida	3.74	3.72	2.46	2.70	5.28	5.26	3.79	3.73	2.83	2.06	1.85	1.86	1.91	1.90	1.68	
Mexicali	9.76	9.69	4.27	4.12	2.51	2.56	5.80	5.60	2.57	2.21	1.99	1.96	1.99	1.93	1.70	
Monterrey (27)	6.75	6.74	6.02	5.90	4.54	4.51	2.64	2.64	2.65	1.96	1.83	2.72	2.54	1.88	1.43	
Morelia	4.39	4.40	4.86	4.95	5.93	5.92	5.16	5.02	2.82	1.74	1.72	3.49	3.25	2.30	1.74	
Puebla (27)	5.07	5.07	5.34	5.37	5.71	5.69	4.03	3.80	0.07	2.40	2.02	1.69	1.73	1.73	1.53	
Querétaro	3.18	3.21	5.32	5.40	6.26	6.31	9.66	9.30	3.58	3.39	2.71	3.79	3.42	2.30	1.68	
Reynosa	7.76	7.75	6.40	6.14	3.37	3.37	3.18	3.19	3.32	10.34	3.33	3.00	2.78	2.18	1.76	
Saltillo	3.47	3.49	5.07	5.11	5.51	5.51	5.47	5.34	3.21	2.16	2.28	2.71	2.59	2.12	1.73	
San Luis Potosí	4.48	4.47	3.78	3.84	4.46	4.44	3.43	3.41	3.04	2.06	2.09	1.81	1.86	1.88	1.68	
Tampico	8.04	7.94	-0.16	0.23	4.38	4.34	1.82	1.81	1.54	1.60	1.46	1.46	1.63	1.86	1.74	
Tijuana	9.38	9.35	6.39	6.20	4.13	4.15	5.53	5.54	5.82	4.71	2.69	3.53	3.20	2.18	1.59	
Toluca de Lerdo	5.13	5.14	5.35	6.03	13.37	13.22	3.33	3.32	3.22	7.35	1.11	2.56	2.49	1.99	1.59	
Torreón	6.08	6.04	2.46	2.62	4.37	4.34	2.48	2.43	1.55	1.22	1.73	1.94	1.98	1.89	1.65	
MONGOLIA																
Ulaanbaatar	9.40	9.40	6.53	3.63	3.59	3.43	3.04	3.00	2.90	2.93	3.97	3.97	3.87	3.27	2.49	
MOROCCO																
Agadir	4.49	4.54	11.71	11.71	12.34	12.51	9.00	6.32	5.70	2.58	2.57	2.50	2.34	2.18	2.02	
Dar-el-Beida (Casablanca) (28)	4.35	4.36	4.43	4.43	3.50	3.25	2.64	2.17	1.81	0.00	0.00	0.49	1.58	1.89	1.77	
Fès	5.33	5.31	2.75	2.75	3.18	3.30	3.05	2.86	2.72	2.01	2.01	2.06	2.17	2.12	1.97	
Marrakech	1.53	1.54	2.83	2.83	2.57	2.51	3.07	3.50	3.25	1.99	1.99	2.05	2.19	2.15	1.99	
Rabat (28)	4.72	4.74	7.51	7.51	5.23	4.62	3.99	3.50	3.22	1.77	1.77	1.85	2.04	2.01	1.86	
Tanger	4.01	3.06	2.54	2.54	4.14	4.57	4.18	3.88	3.73	2.98	2.98	2.81	2.42	2.19	2.02	
MOZAMBIQUE																
Maputo	6.79	6.80	7.17	7.18	4.09	3.78	3.44	3.43	3.43	2.02	1.01	1.09	2.25	3.47	3.81	

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)															
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	
Matola	4.55	4.56	4.55	4.55	4.55	4.56	4.55	4.55	4.55	4.35	4.21	4.19	3.97	3.82	3.88	
MYANMAR																
Mandalay	4.02	4.02	4.02	4.02	3.30	2.43	2.43	2.43	2.43	2.43	2.43	2.48	2.82	2.91	2.69	
Nay Pyi Taw	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	57.81	3.17	2.96	2.69	
Yangon	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.07	2.48	2.63	2.42	
NEPAL																
Kathmandu (29)	1.06	1.58	2.06	2.17	4.02	4.47	5.56	5.83	4.92	4.70	4.19	4.08	4.10	4.10	3.95	
NETHERLANDS																
Amsterdam (30)	0.47	0.54	1.02	-0.31	1.07	-0.79	-0.73	0.62	1.09	0.34	0.37	0.50	0.80	1.09	1.01	
Rotterdam (30)	2.11	1.97	0.62	0.01	-0.85	-0.33	0.37	0.47	0.62	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.60	1.05	1.01	
NEW ZEALAND																
Auckland	3.86	2.57	3.79	3.54	2.76	1.20	0.96	1.38	2.30	1.71	2.24	3.36	2.67	1.74	1.45	
NICARAGUA																
Managua	5.92	5.92	6.04	6.20	3.82	3.37	3.37	3.37	3.26	0.50	0.50	0.95	2.09	2.39	2.21	
NIGER																
Niamey	8.59	8.59	7.86	8.31	8.55	6.47	4.56	4.55	4.54	4.55	5.73	5.99	5.86	5.74	5.85	
NIGERIA																
Aba	7.23	7.58	6.99	5.80	5.80	5.80	4.43	2.38	2.60	2.69	2.69	2.95	3.89	4.19	4.00	
Abuja	2.06	2.07	4.58	9.69	9.69	9.69	9.68	9.69	9.31	9.17	9.16	8.47	5.74	4.21	3.81	
Benin City	4.65	5.81	6.27	7.22	7.22	7.22	7.21	7.22	4.08	2.85	2.85	3.08	3.87	4.11	3.91	
Enugu	4.61	7.32	5.72	2.48	5.09	5.74	4.40	2.40	3.13	3.42	3.42	3.58	4.12	4.23	4.01	
Ibadan	1.82	2.89	3.20	3.83	3.83	3.83	3.82	3.83	2.73	2.30	2.30	2.59	3.60	3.95	3.76	
Ilorin	4.55	4.55	4.29	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.20	2.38	2.12	2.02	2.01	2.38	3.69	4.19	4.01	
Jos	7.90	7.90	7.86	7.79	7.79	7.79	5.62	2.39	2.08	1.95	1.95	2.33	3.68	4.20	4.02	
Kaduna	8.37	12.51	11.22	8.60	8.60	8.61	6.11	2.39	2.14	2.04	2.04	2.38	3.61	4.07	3.89	
Kano	4.85	7.59	8.09	9.12	9.12	9.12	6.42	2.38	2.20	2.13	2.13	2.44	3.53	3.92	3.74	
Lagos (31)	7.30	9.74	7.97	4.38	5.81	6.17	6.16	6.16	4.56	3.93	3.93	3.94	3.91	3.75	3.51	
Maiduguri	6.15	8.71	7.99	6.54	6.54	6.55	4.87	2.37	1.70	1.44	1.44	1.89	3.51	4.16	4.00	
Ogbomosho	4.89	7.68	5.96	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.49	2.78	3.80	4.15	3.96	
Onitsha	4.07	6.95	5.55	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	2.73	4.28	4.89	4.88	4.83	4.55	4.25	3.99	
Port Harcourt	7.81	8.51	7.65	5.93	5.93	5.93	4.51	2.38	4.34	5.10	5.10	5.00	4.52	4.12	3.84	
NORWAY																
Oslo	2.61	1.61	1.09	1.05	0.04	-0.04	0.60	0.64	1.28	1.19	1.12	1.85	1.88	1.69	1.55	
PAKISTAN																
Faisalabad	8.84	8.71	6.04	5.69	4.45	3.47	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.31	3.06	3.06	2.98	2.89	
Gujranwala	4.73	4.88	5.19	5.24	5.69	6.05	4.00	3.69	3.69	3.69	3.50	3.18	3.17	3.09	2.99	
Hyderabad	5.92	5.91	3.49	3.17	2.59	2.12	2.46	2.51	2.51	2.55	2.88	3.08	3.17	3.09	3.00	
Islamabad	2.19	2.19	4.20	4.47	8.39	11.50	6.33	5.54	5.54	5.49	4.55	3.47	3.30	3.21	3.12	
Karachi	5.93	5.33	5.21	5.20	4.92	4.71	3.56	3.39	3.39	3.39	3.15	2.79	2.76	2.69	2.60	
Lahore	4.02	4.26	4.39	4.41	4.00	3.67	3.24	3.17	3.17	3.18	3.09	2.88	2.88	2.80	2.72	
Multan	5.93	6.38	3.90	3.57	3.56	3.55	2.92	2.82	2.82	2.85	3.04	3.10	3.16	3.08	2.99	
Peshawar	3.03	3.70	2.12	1.91	5.66	8.63	3.98	3.27	3.27	3.29	3.30	3.17	3.19	3.11	3.02	
Quetta	2.43	2.36	3.17	3.27	5.44	7.16	4.38	3.96	3.96	3.96	3.71	3.33	3.30	3.22	3.12	
Rawalpindi	3.49	3.63	4.93	5.10	3.94	3.03	3.31	3.36	3.36	3.37	3.31	3.12	3.13	3.05	2.96	
PANAMA																
Ciudad de Panamá (Panama City) (32)	5.05	5.05	4.80	4.72	2.97	2.98	3.24	3.22	2.36	2.36	2.59	2.59	2.63	2.48	2.09	
PARAGUAY																
Asunción	3.95	3.95	3.76	3.60	3.39	3.25	3.42	3.54	3.32	3.15	3.16	3.22	3.08	2.77	2.46	
PERU																
Arequipa	2.21	2.21	5.02	5.73	4.76	4.16	2.91	2.59	2.17	1.52	1.52	1.55	1.85	2.04	1.92	
Lima (33)	4.99	4.99	5.26	5.32	4.30	3.66	2.84	2.63	2.40	2.05	2.05	2.04	1.90	1.66	1.46	
PHILIPPINES																
Cebu	3.56	3.53	3.17	3.18	3.48	3.39	2.19	2.17	1.53	1.74	1.47	1.56	2.23	2.79	2.92	
Davao	6.22	6.16	5.41	5.38	4.24	4.57	3.31	3.31	3.17	2.81	2.80	2.78	2.71	2.75	2.80	
Manila (34)	3.85	3.89	4.37	4.45	6.94	3.50	2.91	2.93	3.30	1.15	1.55	1.59	1.96	2.31	2.41	
Zamboanga	2.12	2.27	4.10	3.99	0.84	10.07	2.52	2.53	2.71	3.47	3.50	3.44	3.06	2.89	2.91	

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)															
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	
POLAND																
Kraków (Cracow)	3.28	3.32	2.09	1.97	2.15	1.64	0.50	0.50	0.35	0.21	0.06	-0.04	-0.01	0.44	0.78	
Warszawa (Warsaw)	4.08	3.46	1.59	1.41	2.10	1.61	0.40	0.40	0.29	0.17	0.27	0.33	0.35	0.49	0.64	
PORTUGAL																
Lisboa (Lisbon) (35)	1.50	1.50	1.81	1.84	2.93	3.04	0.56	0.15	0.49	0.55	0.55	0.56	0.83	1.00	0.80	
Porto	1.41	1.41	0.98	0.93	1.73	1.81	0.63	0.43	0.72	0.77	0.77	0.78	1.02	1.15	0.94	
PUERTO RICO																
San Juan	2.76	2.83	4.32	4.26	3.10	3.26	6.29	6.02	0.77	0.73	-0.12	-0.12	-0.02	0.34	0.47	
REPUBLIC OF KOREA																
Ansan	14.07	14.08	14.07	14.08	14.08	14.08	14.07	14.08	14.08	3.93	2.71	2.51	1.74	0.87	0.51	
Bucheon	5.00	5.00	4.99	5.00	5.00	13.48	14.42	8.08	3.39	-0.23	1.77	1.87	1.49	0.82	0.48	
Busan (36)	1.97	1.97	3.36	5.67	5.76	5.02	2.32	1.59	0.18	-0.75	-0.78	-0.78	-0.55	-0.06	0.21	
Daegu (36)	6.19	6.19	4.01	5.26	4.26	3.99	4.65	2.06	1.88	0.36	-0.10	-0.13	0.11	0.49	0.30	
Daejeon (36)	5.33	5.33	5.45	6.17	4.49	4.92	5.64	3.97	3.85	1.62	1.09	1.11	1.16	0.70	0.38	
Goyang	4.54	4.54	4.54	4.54	4.54	4.54	4.54	4.54	14.28	8.25	2.88	2.38	1.66	0.82	0.47	
Gwangju (36)	5.68	5.68	4.39	4.85	4.18	3.59	4.33	4.57	2.16	1.49	0.97	1.00	1.12	0.70	0.39	
Incheon (36)	4.26	4.26	4.59	4.67	4.65	5.91	5.00	5.38	4.82	1.62	0.51	0.57	0.90	0.58	0.28	
Seongnam	6.38	6.38	6.38	6.38	6.38	6.38	3.64	3.75	9.10	1.59	0.48	0.59	1.03	0.76	0.47	
Seoul (36)	8.38	8.38	7.60	8.62	4.96	3.86	2.90	1.99	-0.55	-0.67	-0.19	-0.15	-0.02	0.22	0.04	
Suweon	2.01	2.01	10.81	1.66	5.45	6.41	6.54	7.97	3.50	4.42	2.13	1.89	1.47	0.78	0.44	
Ulsan (36)	8.27	8.27	8.27	8.27	9.41	9.92	5.81	4.36	6.80	1.36	0.69	0.79	1.08	0.75	0.45	
Yongin	3.24	3.24	3.24	3.24	3.24	3.24	3.24	3.24	6.90	7.16	7.16	6.35	3.11	1.00	0.51	
ROMANIA																
Bucuresti (Bucharest)	5.45	3.17	2.83	3.80	3.96	1.83	0.90	0.90	-0.21	-0.69	-0.19	0.04	0.18	0.39	0.56	
RUSSIAN FEDERATION																
Chelyabinsk	2.16	2.16	2.16	2.13	1.84	1.59	0.98	0.56	-0.45	-0.40	0.24	0.59	0.61	0.65	0.58	
Kazan	2.68	2.69	2.68	2.57	1.48	1.33	0.96	0.67	-0.01	0.07	0.40	0.43	0.47	0.60	0.57	
Krasnodar	3.60	3.60	3.59	3.46	2.07	1.77	1.02	0.81	0.29	0.28	1.09	1.80	1.65	1.07	0.68	
Krasnoyarsk	4.11	4.11	4.11	3.94	2.29	2.01	1.34	0.95	0.02	0.02	0.46	0.82	0.81	0.74	0.61	
Moskva (Moscow)	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.40	1.30	1.06	0.93	0.47	1.67	1.45	1.29	1.14	0.54	0.16	
Nizhniy Novgorod	1.97	1.97	1.97	1.93	1.54	1.28	0.65	0.27	-0.65	-0.65	-0.62	-0.59	-0.40	0.29	0.54	
Novosibirsk	2.45	2.45	2.45	2.35	1.36	1.22	0.87	0.60	-0.03	-0.03	0.21	0.41	0.45	0.56	0.52	
Omsk	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.07	2.35	2.02	1.22	0.84	-0.07	-0.07	0.09	0.22	0.29	0.53	0.57	
Perm	2.74	2.74	2.73	2.65	1.79	1.51	0.83	0.41	-0.59	-0.59	-0.33	-0.11	0.02	0.46	0.59	
Rostov-na-Donu (Rostov-on-Don)	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.44	1.87	1.57	0.85	0.71	0.38	0.38	0.29	0.23	0.30	0.54	0.58	
Samara	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.31	1.66	1.27	0.31	0.05	-0.58	-0.58	-0.22	0.07	0.17	0.49	0.56	
Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg)	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.66	1.42	0.84	0.59	-0.62	-0.49	0.02	0.49	0.48	0.42	0.30	
Saratov	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.32	1.35	1.12	0.55	0.31	-0.25	-0.25	-0.40	-0.52	-0.33	0.37	0.61	
Ufa	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.09	2.51	2.10	1.10	0.70	-0.27	-0.27	0.01	0.24	0.31	0.55	0.58	
Volgograd	2.93	2.93	2.93	2.79	1.41	1.21	0.72	0.54	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.19	0.52	0.59	
Voronezh	3.52	3.52	3.52	3.37	1.90	1.70	1.22	0.77	-0.30	-0.30	0.19	0.59	0.62	0.68	0.62	
Yekaterinburg	2.51	2.51	2.51	2.45	1.84	1.64	1.14	0.70	-0.35	-0.35	0.14	0.54	0.56	0.61	0.54	
RWANDA																
Kigali	6.69	6.65	6.00	5.48	8.22	7.18	5.36	5.36	5.24	11.15	8.89	4.27	4.60	4.29	4.05	
SAUDI ARABIA																
Ad-Dammam	5.54	5.55	7.74	9.93	9.52	7.36	7.36	7.36	5.30	3.63	3.60	3.45	3.34	2.90	2.40	
Al-Madinah (Medina)	1.30	1.30	5.75	10.21	9.57	6.22	6.21	6.22	4.69	3.45	3.41	3.21	3.14	2.82	2.36	
Ar-Riyadh (Riyadh)	3.36	3.36	7.54	11.72	11.11	7.91	7.90	7.91	5.33	3.23	3.39	4.25	3.86	2.80	2.07	
Jiddah	1.77	1.77	6.58	11.40	10.72	7.17	7.17	7.17	4.66	2.63	2.78	3.61	3.40	2.73	2.15	
Makkah (Mecca)	0.56	0.56	3.85	7.15	6.86	5.37	5.36	5.37	3.76	2.45	2.54	3.04	3.00	2.74	2.30	
SENEGAL																
Dakar	3.16	7.90	6.06	5.12	4.95	4.05	3.88	3.79	3.67	3.68	3.67	3.66	3.69	3.67	3.61	
SERBIA																
Beograd (Belgrade) (37)	3.82	3.98	3.26	3.13	2.09	1.91	0.63	0.41	-0.03	-0.11	0.06	0.15	0.22	0.67	0.95	
SIERRA LEONE																
Freetown	2.62	2.62	4.41	6.59	6.39	4.82	4.82	2.83	2.62	2.63	2.62	2.96	3.48	3.57	3.47	
SINGAPORE																
Singapore (38)	5.01	4.48	2.80	1.97	1.74	1.30	2.30	2.15	2.87	2.37	1.70	3.52	1.10	0.81	0.72	

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)															
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025	
SOMALIA																
Muqdisho (Mogadishu)	1.10	5.08	8.77	12.53	9.81	4.27	6.09	6.52	2.04	0.92	3.28	0.15	8.01	4.71	4.12	
SOUTH AFRICA																
Cape Town	2.62	2.62	3.25	3.29	3.68	3.68	3.59	2.25	2.10	2.52	2.65	2.38	1.74	1.45	1.38	
Durban	3.36	3.36	2.34	2.34	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.77	2.60	2.21	2.20	1.75	1.48	1.41	
Ekurhuleni (East Rand)	2.23	2.23	2.76	2.75	2.09	2.09	2.23	4.26	4.26	4.11	3.94	2.96	1.83	1.46	1.39	
Johannesburg	2.43	2.43	2.32	2.29	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37	3.53	3.75	3.61	2.80	1.79	1.44	1.36	
Port Elizabeth	4.05	4.05	5.06	5.01	2.12	2.12	2.28	4.48	1.93	1.00	0.96	1.75	1.86	1.67	1.60	
Pretoria	4.21	4.21	3.02	2.95	1.97	1.97	2.07	3.56	0.85	2.61	3.30	2.76	1.94	1.62	1.54	
Vereeniging	4.71	4.71	4.95	4.93	3.87	3.87	4.00	5.98	1.48	2.30	2.81	2.57	1.95	1.66	1.59	
SPAIN																
Barcelona	3.01	3.20	3.43	3.46	1.10	0.84	0.68	0.65	1.37	1.48	1.48	1.48	1.42	1.12	0.88	
Madrid	3.43	3.40	3.84	3.89	2.00	1.78	0.47	0.27	1.20	1.35	2.28	2.62	2.38	1.44	0.87	
Valencia	0.05	-0.08	2.31	2.58	1.50	1.38	0.47	0.34	0.25	0.24	0.24	-0.14	0.05	0.89	1.21	
SUDAN																
Al-Khartoum (Khartoum)	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	5.98	5.45	6.50	7.63	5.38	2.54	2.53	2.53	2.67	3.11	3.25	
SWEDEN																
Stockholm (39)	0.82	0.82	4.40	0.63	-0.39	-0.46	0.41	0.51	1.83	1.16	0.69	1.72	1.75	1.43	1.22	
SWITZERLAND																
Zürich (Zurich)	0.81	0.81	2.74	2.92	0.08	-0.18	3.37	3.69	0.83	0.56	0.91	0.94	0.96	1.01	1.02	
SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC																
Dimashq (Damascus)	4.56	4.56	4.56	4.56	4.11	4.08	2.33	1.79	1.85	2.13	2.13	2.36	2.68	2.73	2.61	
Halab (Aleppo)	4.07	4.07	4.07	4.07	3.95	3.95	3.76	3.70	3.64	3.35	3.35	3.27	2.92	2.71	2.58	
Hamah	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.31	2.32	2.45	2.50	3.12	6.27	6.26	5.55	3.73	2.99	2.81	
Hims (Homs)	4.56	4.56	4.56	4.56	4.36	4.35	3.85	3.70	3.83	4.49	4.49	4.18	3.29	2.89	2.74	
THAILAND																
Krung Thep (Bangkok)	4.60	4.57	3.67	3.70	4.23	4.13	2.23	2.18	0.73	0.82	2.56	2.56	2.44	2.02	1.81	
Samut Prakan	7.65	7.65	7.65	7.28	0.28	0.78	10.34	10.34	10.34	10.34	10.34	10.34	9.15	4.61	2.34	
TOGO																
Lomé	10.50	10.51	7.43	6.63	5.85	5.85	5.08	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.61	3.24	2.78	
TUNISIA																
Tunis	1.17	1.30	1.31	1.70	1.75	0.91	0.98	1.21	1.16	0.84	0.64	1.14	1.82	1.88	1.71	
TURKEY																
Adana	7.20	6.40	4.61	3.23	3.14	3.77	5.90	3.45	2.18	2.10	2.16	2.57	2.96	2.43	1.93	
Ankara (40)	8.94	7.41	8.13	6.81	4.85	2.03	3.14	2.92	2.08	2.25	2.43	2.53	2.77	2.22	1.73	
Antalya	6.40	6.40	6.39	6.02	5.99	7.38	6.45	7.34	4.83	4.67	4.36	3.42	3.13	2.52	2.02	
Bursa (41)	4.33	3.59	6.20	1.53	1.21	6.54	4.67	6.08	3.62	3.69	3.71	3.11	2.99	2.40	1.90	
Gaziantep (42)	5.93	5.05	5.09	2.62	2.45	4.28	4.87	4.65	3.54	3.47	3.33	3.01	3.04	2.46	1.97	
Istanbul (43)	5.10	3.04	6.40	6.52	5.23	4.00	4.14	3.84	3.14	2.63	2.18	2.32	2.58	2.03	1.54	
Izmir (44)	5.30	4.01	9.00	8.98	3.55	3.00	3.83	3.35	2.43	2.39	2.41	2.57	2.84	2.29	1.80	
Konya (45)	7.18	5.36	5.50	0.51	0.18	6.63	4.64	3.20	3.66	3.69	3.53	3.10	3.07	2.49	2.00	
UGANDA																
Kampala	2.90	4.42	9.61	8.49	3.14	3.29	4.77	4.77	3.79	3.68	3.71	3.76	4.63	5.68	5.65	
UKRAINE																
Dnipropetrovsk	2.44	2.44	2.44	2.43	2.35	1.95	0.98	0.47	-0.77	-0.77	-0.47	-0.94	-0.94	-0.94	-0.94	
Donetsk	2.08	2.08	2.08	2.04	1.66	1.42	0.82	0.38	-0.67	-0.67	-0.57	-0.64	-0.64	-0.64	-0.64	
Kharkiv	2.45	2.45	2.45	2.39	1.85	1.61	1.03	0.54	-0.66	-0.66	-0.28	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	
Krivoi Rog	3.55	3.56	3.55	3.36	1.40	1.25	0.89	0.49	-0.47	-0.47	0.81	1.31	0.99	0.56	0.43	
Kyiv (Kiev)	3.55	3.55	3.55	3.50	3.03	2.68	1.81	1.32	0.13	0.13	0.51	0.96	0.68	0.29	0.18	
Odesa	2.64	2.64	2.64	2.56	1.77	1.40	0.51	0.21	-0.52	-0.52	-0.57	0.04	0.15	0.33	0.37	
Zaporizhzhya	3.77	3.77	3.77	3.60	1.90	1.70	1.20	0.67	-0.60	-0.60	-0.61	-0.56	-0.56	-0.56	-0.56	
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES																
Abu Zaby (Abu Dhabi)	8.02	8.02	8.02	10.30	13.00	13.00	3.96	3.38	3.41	4.26	4.34	7.31	7.22	4.21	2.27	
Dubayy (Dubai)	6.68	6.68	5.04	9.44	14.63	8.39	6.07	6.32	6.36	6.64	6.67	7.46	6.75	3.95	2.12	
Sharjah	0.54	0.54	0.54	6.39	13.29	15.29	7.37	6.15	6.11	7.12	7.22	7.22	6.51	3.96	2.25	

Table A.14. Average annual rate of change of urban agglomerations with 750,000 inhabitants or more (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Average annual rate of change (per cent)														
	1950-1955	1955-1960	1960-1965	1965-1970	1970-1975	1975-1980	1980-1985	1985-1990	1990-1995	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2020-2025
Virginia Beach	6.21	6.03	2.57	2.51	1.38	1.41	1.88	1.83	0.83	0.83	1.09	1.59	1.66	1.55	1.42
Washington, D.C.	3.40	3.39	3.16	3.06	1.07	1.12	1.96	1.95	1.57	1.57	1.61	1.59	1.47	1.34	1.22
URUGUAY															
Montevideo (47)	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.59	0.72	0.72	0.50	0.49	0.26	0.21	0.45	0.84	0.96	0.90
UZBEKISTAN															
Tashkent	2.22	2.68	3.80	3.71	2.78	2.40	1.48	1.41	0.15	0.17	0.32	0.40	0.98	1.85	2.18
VENEZUELA (BOLIVARIAN REPUBLIC OF)															
Barquisimeto	6.22	6.22	4.95	4.76	4.26	4.08	2.67	2.18	2.42	2.43	2.46	2.54	2.33	2.02	1.75
Caracas	6.40	6.40	4.62	4.35	2.56	1.90	0.90	0.54	0.35	0.34	0.51	1.56	2.04	1.83	1.56
Ciudad Guayana	17.56	17.57	14.89	14.49	9.44	7.59	4.93	4.00	2.68	2.59	2.61	2.65	2.43	2.10	1.83
Maracaibo	5.29	5.29	3.51	3.24	3.20	3.19	3.41	3.49	2.82	2.77	2.77	2.61	2.24	1.90	1.63
Maracay	5.97	5.97	8.25	8.60	6.54	5.79	5.21	5.00	1.77	1.56	1.66	2.19	2.31	2.04	1.77
Valencia	5.25	5.26	6.49	6.67	5.62	5.23	4.15	3.77	2.82	2.76	2.75	2.62	2.28	1.94	1.67
VIET NAM															
Can Tho	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	7.41	6.51	1.36	1.43	1.65	4.14	11.60	11.54	8.78	4.50	2.93
Da Nang	5.02	5.02	5.78	5.78	5.78	5.15	1.56	2.14	3.86	3.77	3.49	3.49	3.56	3.39	2.95
Hà Noi (48)	4.68	4.68	3.93	3.93	3.93	3.59	2.20	2.54	3.55	3.98	5.27	5.26	4.62	3.43	2.71
Hai Phòng	3.94	3.94	3.94	3.94	3.94	3.60	1.63	1.81	2.37	2.76	3.95	3.95	3.85	3.44	2.93
Thành Phố Hồ Chí Minh (Ho Chi Minh City) .	1.43	1.43	3.41	3.41	3.41	3.01	0.75	1.49	3.71	3.65	3.44	3.44	3.38	3.05	2.56
YEMEN															
Adan (Aden)	5.19	5.19	5.33	5.34	3.49	1.43	1.43	2.81	4.43	3.91	3.91	4.31	5.14	5.14	4.74
Sana'a'	4.48	4.48	4.29	4.29	4.80	10.51	10.50	9.72	9.16	5.32	5.31	5.32	5.27	4.94	4.52
ZAMBIA															
Lusaka	10.71	10.71	11.26	11.05	6.52	6.52	3.54	3.49	3.49	3.49	4.67	4.75	4.74	4.77	4.69
ZIMBABWE															
Harare	5.89	5.16	5.01	5.36	4.91	2.93	4.66	5.95	3.62	1.89	1.24	0.78	1.85	3.46	3.21

- 1 Data refer to the Governorate of Grand Algiers.
- 2 Data for Córdoba refer to Gran Córdoba.
- 3 Includes El Alto.
- 4 Região metropolitana; refers to the Região Integrada de Desenvolvimento do Distrito Federal e Entorno.
- 5 Data refer to the municipality of Phnom Penh including suburban areas.
- 6 Refers to the Census Metropolitan Area.
- 7 Data for Hong Kong consist of the population of Hong Kong Island, New Kowloon the new towns in New Territories and the marine areas
- 8 Refers to the nuclei of Barranquilla, Soledad, Malambo and Puerto Colombia.
- 9 Refers to the nuclei of Cali and Yumbo.
- 10 Refers to the nuclei of Medellín, Barbosa, Bello, Caldas, Copacabana, Envigado, Girardota, Itagüi, La Estrella and Sabaneta.
- 11 Urban population at the canton level.
- 12 Refers to the Greater Copenhagen Region as defined from 1999 onward consisting of (parts of) 16 municipalities. Data before 1976 still use the previous definition where 28 municipalities
- 13 Includes the population of the locality of Eloy Alfaro.
- 14 Includes the Governorate of Al-Qahirah (Cairo) and the cities of Al-Jizah (Giza) and Shubra al-Khaymah (Shubra-El-Khema).
- 15 Consisting of the urban parts of the municipios San Salvador, Mejicanos, Soyapango, Delgado, Ilopango, Cuscatancingo, Ayutuxtepeque and San Marcos.
- 16 Includes Espoo and Vantaa.
- 17 The agglomeration of Athínaí includes the localities of Calithèa, Peristèrion and Piræus, among others.
- 18 Refers to the municipio of Ciudad de Guatemala.
- 19 Based on 1991 and 2001 data, definition of urban agglomeration is not restricted to state boundaries (National Capital Territory). Contiguous suburban cities and towns, such as Faridal
- 20 Refers to the municipality.
- 21 Data for earlier years refer to city proper.
- 22 Data prior to 1995 refer to urban agglomeration.
- 23 Data for 1985 and 1995 refer to the Governorates of Capital, Hawallí and Farwaniya. The number and names of governorates have changed over time as well as the limits of the urban

- 24 Data prior to 1984 refer to City Proper.
- 25 Zona metropolitana, which includes several municipios.
- 26 Conurbación, which includes several localidades.
- 27 Zona metropolitana, which includes several municipios.
- 28 Rabat includes Salé and Temara; Casablanca includes Mohammedia.
- 29 Data refer to the municipality.
- 30 Refers to the municipalities of Amstelveen, Amsterdam, Diemen, Landsmeer, Oostzaan, Wormerland, Zaanstad
- 31 Lagos State.
- 32 Corresponds to the metropolitan agglomeration of Panama City, including the urban districts of Balboa (Ancón), Arrajian, La Chorrera and San Miguelito.
- 33 Great Lima includes the capitals of the departments of Lima and Callao as well as surrounding populated centres.
- 34 National Capital Region.
- 35 Data refer to municipalities included in Grande Lisboa and the Peninsula of Setúbal, as well as that of Azambuja.
- 36 Data refer to the metropolitan city.
- 37 Data refer to the ten municipalities of the City of Belgrade.
- 38 Includes resident and non-resident population.
- 39 Refers to "tätört" (According to the administrative divisions of 2005).
- 40 Ankara includes Altındag, Cankaya, Etimesgut, Golbasi, Keçioren, Mamak, Sincan and Yenimahalle.
- 41 Bursa includes Nilufer, Osmangazi and Yildirim.
- 42 Gaziantep includes Sahinbey and Sehitkami.
- 43 Istanbul includes Adalar, Avclar, Bagicilar, Bahçelievler, Bakirkoy, Bayrampasa, Besiktas, Beykoz, Beyoglu, Eminonu, Esenler, Eyup, Fatih, Gaziosmanpasa, Gungoren, Kadikoy, Kagi
- 44 Izmir includes Balçova, Bornova, Buca, Cigli, Gaziemir, Guzelbahce Karsiyaka, Konak and Narlidere (1950 and 1955 data for Izmir refer to city proper)
- 45 Konya includes Karatay, Meram and Selçuklu.
- 46 The urban agglomeration of Birmingham (also known as the West Midlands urban area) consists of 10 urban divisions, including Birmingham, Dudley, Oldbury/Smethwick, Solihull, Sutt
- 47 Corresponds to the metropolitan area of Montevideo including the urban population of surrounding localities.
- 48 Refers to urban population in the city districts. Data after 2008 include urban population in former Ha Tay Province.

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011, by country, 1950-2025

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
AFGHANISTAN																
Kabul	27.3	30.7	34.3	36.9	35.8	37.6	44.0	55.5	56.3	42.2	41.7	47.3	41.8	37.4	36.9	37.5
ALGERIA																
El Djazair (Algiers) (1)	26.6	24.5	26.5	24.1	23.6	23.3	19.8	15.8	13.8	12.8	12.3	11.6	11.2	11.1	11.3	11.6
Wahran (Oran)	13.8	11.3	9.3	7.2	7.1	7.2	6.6	5.7	4.9	4.3	3.8	3.4	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0
ANGOLA																
Huambo	4.9	5.9	7.2	7.1	6.8	7.5	8.2	8.5	8.5	8.3	8.5	8.7	9.3	9.9	10.3	10.6
Luanda	44.1	43.1	42.4	46.4	51.8	52.4	51.8	47.1	40.8	36.7	38.0	39.7	43.0	45.5	46.6	47.2
ARGENTINA																
Buenos Aires	45.5	44.0	43.5	43.0	42.8	41.4	40.4	38.6	37.0	36.1	35.6	35.6	35.8	36.0	36.2	36.4
Córdoba (2)	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
La Plata	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2
Mendoza	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8
Rosario	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7
San Miguel de Tucumán	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5
ARMENIA																
Yerevan	62.5	60.1	56.2	52.8	51.6	50.7	50.9	50.1	49.1	53.7	55.9	56.1	56.2	56.7	58.2	59.9
AUSTRALIA																
Adelaide	6.8	6.8	6.8	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.4	7.2	6.9	6.6	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.4
Brisbane	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.8	8.5	8.8	9.1	9.4	9.6	9.9	10.1	10.4	10.6	10.9
Melbourne	21.2	21.5	22.1	21.8	21.5	21.5	21.9	21.7	21.4	20.9	20.6	20.2	19.6	19.9	20.2	20.5
Perth	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.6	6.5	7.1	7.6	7.9	8.2	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.3	8.6	8.8
Sydney	26.8	26.1	25.5	25.2	24.6	24.8	25.6	25.4	24.9	24.6	24.4	23.7	22.6	22.7	23.0	23.4
AUSTRIA																
Wien (Vienna)	36.6	36.4	35.7	34.4	33.3	32.0	31.2	31.0	30.5	29.6	29.4	30.0	30.2	30.6	31.2	31.9
AZERBAIJAN																
Baku	67.8	56.5	49.0	48.4	49.3	48.4	48.4	46.5	44.7	43.6	43.3	41.5	42.0	44.5	46.2	47.4
BANGLADESH																
Chittagong	17.8	15.9	14.0	14.0	14.2	14.6	11.2	10.2	9.7	10.1	10.8	11.7	12.2	12.4	12.6	12.7
Dhaka	20.7	20.1	19.7	22.9	27.1	32.0	27.3	28.9	31.8	32.7	33.6	35.0	36.0	36.1	36.3	36.3
Khulna	2.6	3.4	4.7	5.4	6.1	6.8	5.2	4.9	4.7	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.4
Rajshahi	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4
BELARUS																
Minsk	14.0	18.4	20.8	21.9	23.4	23.6	24.2	24.0	23.9	23.7	24.2	25.0	25.8	26.5	27.2	27.9
BELGIUM																
Antwerpen	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.2	9.2	9.5	9.8
Bruxelles-Brussel	17.9	17.8	17.5	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.6	17.5	17.5	17.6	18.1	18.3	18.5	19.0	19.4	19.9
BENIN																
Cotonou	18.0	16.9	32.6	34.1	34.4	34.5	34.2	32.3	30.6	27.8	25.7	23.1	22.5	22.6	22.1	21.7
BOLIVIA (PLURINATIONAL STATE OF)																
La Paz (3)	34.8	35.2	35.5	35.7	35.8	35.7	33.3	30.8	28.7	28.5	27.1	26.0	25.4	25.7	26.3	26.9
Santa Cruz	4.6	5.6	6.8	8.2	9.9	11.9	13.3	14.8	16.7	18.8	20.5	22.6	25.1	26.7	27.6	28.2
BRAZIL																
Aracaju	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Baixada Santista (4)	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1
Belém (4)	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
Belo Horizonte (4)	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.5
Brasília	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6
Campinas (4)	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8
Campo Grande	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Cuiabá	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Curitiba (4)	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1
Florianópolis (4)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
Fortaleza (4)	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3
Goiânia (4)	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4
Grande São Luís (4)	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
Grande Vitória (4)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
João Pessoa (4)	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
Maceió (4)	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
Manaus (4)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3
Natal	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
Norte/Nordeste Catarinense	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Pôrto Alegre	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Recife	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3
Rio de Janeiro	15.1	13.9	13.0	12.5	12.4	11.5	10.8	9.5	8.7	8.1	7.6	7.4	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.2
Salvador	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.8
São Paulo	12.0	11.8	11.8	12.8	14.2	14.6	15.2	14.1	13.4	12.7	12.1	11.9	12.0	12.1	12.2	12.2
Sorocaba	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
Teresina	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
BULGARIA																
Sofia	26.1	25.5	24.3	21.5	20.0	19.5	19.5	20.4	20.3	20.6	20.5	21.5	21.6	21.5	22.0	22.6
BURKINA FASO																
Ouagadougou	20.1	23.8	25.8	29.8	34.6	38.4	41.8	42.0	41.7	41.2	42.0	43.4	45.2	47.2	48.6	49.6
CAMBODIA																
Phnum Pénh (Phnom Penh) (5)	82.1	75.9	69.7	65.6	81.2	32.0	40.8	38.7	41.5	43.2	49.7	51.4	53.9	55.3	55.8	55.1
CAMEROON																
Douala	22.7	20.8	20.2	20.1	21.4	20.2	19.6	19.4	19.5	19.9	20.9	22.0	23.3	24.1	24.7	25.2
Yaoundé	7.6	8.7	10.0	11.0	13.2	13.6	14.3	15.2	16.1	17.3	18.9	20.9	23.0	24.2	24.8	25.3
CANADA																
Calgary (6)	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.6	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.8
Edmonton (6)	2.0	2.2	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.5
Montréal (6)	16.0	16.0	16.4	16.5	16.3	16.0	15.2	14.7	14.9	14.5	14.2	13.9	13.9	14.1	14.3	14.5
Ottawa-Gatineau (6)	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.7
Québec	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0
Toronto (6)	12.8	13.2	14.1	14.6	15.4	15.8	16.2	17.0	17.9	18.4	18.9	19.5	20.0	20.4	20.7	21.0
Vancouver (6)	6.6	5.7	5.0	5.8	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.9	7.3	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.3	8.5	8.7
CHAD																
N'Djaména	20.5	27.4	35.6	39.5	36.8	36.1	37.8	38.6	38.1	38.6	39.7	40.4	42.5	44.4	45.5	46.5
CHILE																
Concepción	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.5
Santiago	37.2	37.8	38.1	37.0	36.7	38.4	41.0	42.0	42.0	40.8	39.8	39.2	39.1	39.5	40.1	40.6
Valparaíso	9.2	8.8	8.3	7.7	7.4	7.1	7.0	6.8	6.7	6.3	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.8	6.0	6.2
CHINA																
Anshan, Liaoning	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3
Anyang	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Baoding	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Baoji	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Baotou	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Beijing	2.6	2.8	3.7	3.6	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5
Bengbu	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Benxi	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Changchun	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Changde	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Changsha, Hunan	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Changshu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Changzhou, Jiangsu	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Chengdu	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1
Chifeng	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Chongqing	2.4	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Cixi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Dalian	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Dandong	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Daqing	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Datong, Shanxi	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Dongguan, Guangdong	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1
Dongying	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Foshan	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1
Fushun, Liaoning	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Fuxin	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Fuyang	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Fuzhou, Fujian	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Guangzhou, Guangdong	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7
Guilin	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Guiyang	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Haerbin	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
Haicheng	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Haikou	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Handan	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Hangzhou	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
Hefei	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6
Hengyang	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Hohhot	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Huai'an	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Huaipei	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Huainan	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Huangshi	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Huizhou	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Huludao	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Huzhou	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiamusi	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiangmen	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Jiangyin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiaozuo	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiaxing	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jilin	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Jinan, Shandong	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Jingzhou	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Jining, Shandong	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Jinjiang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Jinzhou	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiujiang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jixi, Heilongjiang	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Kaohsiung	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Kunming	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Lanzhou	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Lianyungang	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Liaocheng	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Linyi, Shandong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Liuzhou	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Lufeng	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Luoyang	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Luzhou	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Maoming	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Mianyang, Sichuan	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Mudanjiang	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Nanchang	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Nanchong	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Nanjing, Jiangsu	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Nanning	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Nantong	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Nanyang, Henan	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Neijiang	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Ningbo	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Panjin	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Pingdingshan, Henan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Pingxiang, Jiangxi	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Puning	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Putian	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Qingdao	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Qinhuangdao	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Qiqihaer	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Quanzhou	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Rizhao	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Shanghai	6.6	6.9	6.4	5.0	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1
Shantou	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Shaoguan	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Shaoxing	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Shenyang	3.3	2.9	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Shenzhen	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7
Shijiazhuang	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Shiyian	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Suzhou, Jiangsu	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Taian, Shandong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Taichung	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Tainan	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Taipei	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Taiyuan, Shanxi	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Taizhou, Jiangsu	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Taizhou, Zhejiang	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Tangshan, Hebei	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Tianjin	3.8	3.3	2.8	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
Ürümqi (Wulumqi)	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6
Weifang	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Weihai	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Wenzhou	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Wuhan	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4
Wuhu, Anhui	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Wuxi, Jiangsu	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
Xiamen	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Xi'an, Shaanxi	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
Xiangtan, Hunan	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Xiangyang	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Xianyang, Shaanxi	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Xining	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Xinxiang	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Xuzhou	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Yancheng, Jiangsu	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Yangzhou	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Yantai	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Yichang	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Yinchuan	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Yingkou	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yiwu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yiyang, Hunan	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yueyang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Zaozhuang	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Zhangjiakou	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Zhanjiang	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Zhengzhou	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
Zhenjiang, Jiangsu	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Zhongshan	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Zhuhai	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Zhuzhou	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Zibo	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Zigong	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Zunyi	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
CHINA, HONG KONG SAR																
Hong Kong (7)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
COLOMBIA																
Barranquilla (8)	7.5	6.8	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.7
Bogotá	16.1	16.7	17.6	18.8	20.4	21.7	21.1	20.8	20.9	21.4	22.2	23.2	24.5	25.6	26.1	26.3
Bucaramanga	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.5
Cali (9)	5.9	6.2	6.6	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.1	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.2	7.4
Cartagena	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1
Cúcuta	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4
Medellín (10)	9.6	9.8	10.1	10.5	10.8	11.0	10.4	9.9	9.4	9.2	9.5	9.9	10.4	10.8	11.1	11.3
CONGO																
Brazzaville	41.4	36.2	38.6	42.0	45.7	48.9	51.9	54.8	54.2	53.9	55.5	58.9	60.9	61.6	61.5	61.3
Pointe-Noire	8.1	13.7	19.3	21.8	22.2	22.9	25.2	27.6	28.0	28.5	29.3	30.8	31.6	31.9	32.1	32.1
COSTA RICA																
San José (11)	45.6	48.2	50.3	50.6	50.7	51.9	52.1	51.1	47.4	44.8	44.6	46.3	49.0	51.4	53.1	54.5
CÔTE D'IVOIRE																
Abidjan	24.8	31.1	29.8	28.6	35.9	44.3	44.2	43.1	42.7	41.9	41.9	42.0	41.6	41.3	41.9	42.5
Yamoussoukro	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	1.1	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.8	3.6	4.8	6.6	8.9	10.8	11.6	12.0
CUBA																
La Habana (Havana)	34.1	34.3	34.5	33.9	33.9	30.5	28.6	28.1	27.2	26.6	26.0	25.7	25.1	24.6	24.0	24.0

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
CZECH REPUBLIC																
Praha (Prague)	19.4	18.4	17.7	17.3	17.1	16.1	15.3	15.4	15.6	15.5	15.5	16.1	16.4	16.9	17.4	17.9
DEM. PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA																
P'yongyang	17.1	16.9	14.7	13.8	12.8	14.8	18.8	20.3	21.5	21.4	20.4	19.8	19.3	19.2	19.4	19.8
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO																
Kananga	1.0	1.8	4.0	5.4	6.9	5.4	4.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9
Kinshasa	8.7	10.4	12.9	15.7	17.4	21.5	26.5	31.3	34.9	36.2	37.2	37.8	37.8	37.6	36.8	36.1
Kisangani	1.6	2.2	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6
Lubumbashi	4.1	5.2	5.7	5.5	5.3	5.8	6.2	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7
Mbuji-Mayi	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.7	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.5
DENMARK																
København (Copenhagen) (12)	41.9	39.7	38.1	37.4	35.1	28.2	25.6	24.5	23.7	23.6	23.7	24.2	24.8	25.5	26.3	27.1
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC																
Santo Domingo	31.9	34.3	36.7	36.9	37.9	38.8	40.7	40.0	38.3	36.4	34.2	32.5	31.4	31.1	31.7	32.4
ECUADOR																
Guayaquil (13)	27.0	28.7	30.3	30.9	30.7	30.4	30.0	29.0	27.8	27.5	27.9	25.8	23.5	22.1	22.0	22.5
Quito	21.5	21.4	21.2	21.2	21.4	21.5	20.9	20.1	19.2	18.5	18.2	17.3	16.5	16.2	16.4	16.8
EGYPT																
Al-Iskandariyah (Alexandria)	15.1	14.7	14.2	13.6	13.1	12.9	12.8	12.7	12.4	12.3	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.8	13.0
Al-Qahirah (Cairo) (14)	36.3	35.6	34.8	36.7	36.8	37.0	37.3	37.4	36.7	36.5	35.1	33.1	31.4	30.6	30.7	30.9
EL SALVADOR																
San Salvador (15)	24.2	27.0	29.3	31.2	33.9	33.9	34.2	35.4	36.9	35.9	35.7	37.6	39.5	40.9	41.9	43.0
ETHIOPIA																
Addis Ababa	46.2	40.8	35.8	30.9	29.3	29.7	31.9	31.4	29.4	27.2	24.6	22.6	21.0	19.7	19.5	19.8
FINLAND																
Helsinki (16)	21.2	19.5	18.3	17.5	17.3	18.2	19.7	19.5	22.0	22.8	24.0	24.5	25.0	25.8	26.5	27.3
FRANCE																
Bordeaux	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7
Lille	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1
Lyon	3.2	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9
Marseille-Aix-en-Provence	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9
Nice-Cannes	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0
Paris	27.2	26.9	26.2	24.0	22.8	22.3	22.0	22.0	22.2	21.9	21.5	20.3	19.7	19.6	19.8	19.9
Toulouse	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9
GEORGIA																
Tbilisi	47.0	42.8	40.1	39.4	39.7	40.2	40.9	41.1	40.7	42.5	44.0	46.7	48.7	50.3	51.8	53.3
GERMANY																
Berlin	7.2	6.7	6.3	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.0
Hamburg	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1
Köln (Cologne)	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8
München (Munich)	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5
GHANA																
Accra	23.0	24.1	25.0	24.5	25.1	24.7	25.4	23.9	22.2	20.7	19.9	19.5	19.8	20.2	20.7	21.0
Kumasi	12.9	13.6	14.1	13.7	13.9	13.3	13.3	12.6	12.9	13.3	14.1	14.9	15.5	15.9	16.3	16.6
GREECE																
Athínai (Athens) (17)	47.7	49.0	50.7	52.2	53.8	54.7	53.7	52.5	51.3	49.3	48.4	48.2	48.6	49.5	50.4	51.3
Thessaloniki	10.3	10.3	10.4	11.0	11.7	12.3	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.2	12.1	12.3	12.5	12.9	13.3	13.8
GUATEMALA																
Ciudad de Guatemala (Guatemala City) (18)	36.4	36.4	36.8	36.6	34.1	31.3	28.5	24.9	21.9	19.4	17.9	16.4	15.9	16.2	16.6	17.1
GUINEA																
Conakry	15.1	21.4	30.2	42.0	58.4	67.8	63.2	58.4	55.4	46.9	47.2	48.2	49.1	50.2	51.3	51.7
HAITI																
Port-au-Prince	34.0	37.5	41.0	44.9	49.4	54.8	60.0	59.2	55.8	55.6	55.0	52.7	41.3	39.7	39.8	41.0

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Bogor	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9
Denpasar	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9
Jakarta	15.6	17.9	20.0	20.0	19.4	18.6	18.0	16.0	14.5	11.7	9.4	8.6	8.0	7.7	7.7	7.8
Malang	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Medan (20)	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.2	3.0	3.4	4.0	3.5	3.0	2.6	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
Padang	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Palembang (20)	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1
Pekan Baru	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
Samarinda	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Semarang	4.0	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.2	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3
Surabaya (20)	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.3	6.7	6.0	5.1	4.4	3.6	2.9	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2
Ujung Pandang (20)	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2
IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)																
Ahvaz	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3
Esfahan	3.8	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.7
Karaj	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.2	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.5
Kermanshah	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8
Mashhad	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.7	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.7
Qom	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3
Shiraz	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8
Tabriz	4.9	4.7	4.4	4.2	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.1
Tehran	21.7	23.5	25.2	27.0	27.9	28.5	26.5	23.5	20.6	18.6	16.4	15.0	14.2	14.1	14.2	14.4
IRAQ																
Al-Basrah (Basra)	5.8	6.0	6.5	7.1	5.9	4.8	4.1	3.7	3.9	4.5	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.3	4.4
Al-Mawsil (Mosul) (21)	7.2	6.8	6.5	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.7	6.1	6.4	6.5	6.7	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.3
Baghdad	28.8	29.1	32.2	37.6	36.8	36.2	34.9	33.9	33.8	33.0	32.1	29.0	28.0	27.4	27.5	27.7
Irbil (Erbil)	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.3	2.6	3.1	3.8	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.0
Najaf	4.9	3.7	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.9
Sulaimaniya	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3
IRELAND																
Dublin	53.6	51.0	51.0	51.6	50.3	48.8	47.8	46.3	45.6	45.3	43.9	41.2	39.8	40.4	41.5	42.7
ISRAEL																
Hefa (Haifa)	22.8	18.7	15.9	14.0	13.4	13.1	13.9	15.1	16.2	16.2	16.5	16.5	15.3	14.9	15.1	15.3
Jerusalem	13.5	11.8	10.2	10.4	11.7	11.9	11.9	12.4	13.0	12.6	12.1	11.9	11.4	11.4	11.7	11.9
Tel Aviv-Yafo (Tel Aviv-Jaffa) (22)	46.8	45.5	46.0	43.2	42.9	42.1	43.6	47.0	50.5	50.5	49.9	50.1	48.7	49.1	50.0	50.1
ITALY																
Bergamo	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1
Milano (Milan)	7.5	7.7	8.1	8.5	8.8	8.7	8.5	8.2	8.1	7.9	7.8	7.4	7.1	6.9	7.0	7.1
Napoli (Naples)	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.8	6.0	6.1
Palermo	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4
Roma (Rome)	7.5	7.8	8.4	8.7	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.0	7.8	7.9	8.1
Torino (Turin)	4.0	4.2	4.6	4.9	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.2	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.0
JAPAN																
Fukuoka-Kitakyushu	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6
Hiroshima	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0
Kyoto	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Nagoya	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1
Osaka-Kobe	9.4	9.9	10.6	11.6	12.6	11.7	11.3	11.2	11.7	11.4	11.3	10.4	10.0	10.0	10.1	10.2
Sapporo	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5
Sendai	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3
Tokyo	25.7	26.6	28.5	30.7	31.3	31.7	32.3	32.9	34.4	34.6	34.8	32.8	32.2	32.4	32.6	32.7
JORDAN																
Amman	54.2	49.9	47.9	48.8	41.6	43.4	46.1	39.6	34.5	28.4	26.4	24.5	22.5	23.0	23.7	24.3
KAZAKHSTAN																
Almaty	14.5	13.5	12.0	11.2	11.2	11.6	12.0	11.7	11.6	12.4	13.9	15.4	16.3	17.0	17.4	17.9
KENYA																
Mombasa	27.6	27.4	26.6	25.0	21.9	17.1	13.8	12.9	12.1	11.4	11.0	10.4	9.8	9.5	9.6	9.9
Nairobi	40.5	44.8	48.6	49.3	45.8	38.9	34.0	34.5	35.1	35.0	35.6	34.7	33.9	33.3	33.7	34.2
KUWAIT																
Al Kuwait (Kuwait City) (23)	66.9	77.8	85.4	78.9	85.6	73.1	68.3	65.8	68.0	70.4	70.0	71.2	86.2	88.9	89.6	89.4

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
KYRGYZSTAN																
Bishkek	32.6	31.9	31.8	34.9	38.9	38.5	38.4	37.8	38.3	42.1	43.8	44.8	44.1	43.9	44.5	45.8
LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC																
Vientiane	28.4	54.0	66.5	59.4	55.3	53.1	52.0	47.5	43.7	40.4	37.8	36.8	37.3	39.0	40.5	41.8
LEBANON																
Bayrut (Beirut)	69.8	71.8	69.4	65.3	63.0	81.0	78.8	69.2	52.7	43.2	46.2	50.7	53.8	56.2	57.8	59.1
LIBERIA																
Monrovia	12.8	21.7	36.1	43.4	43.8	44.9	48.0	59.2	82.8	52.0	66.2	78.3	42.5	26.4	23.2	23.9
LIBYA																
Tarabulus (Tripoli) (24)	52.6	52.0	47.3	43.0	40.2	37.5	30.8	26.0	26.3	27.1	25.6	23.9	22.5	23.1	23.5	24.2
MADAGASCAR																
Antananarivo	55.7	45.5	46.4	41.8	39.3	37.0	36.4	36.2	35.7	34.5	32.7	30.8	28.7	28.8	29.5	30.0
MALAWI																
Lilongwe	1.8	3.1	5.1	8.5	12.5	17.6	22.0	25.2	24.5	27.6	29.1	30.7	31.9	32.5	33.2	33.6
MALAYSIA																
Johore Bahru	3.8	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.5	4.9	5.2	5.4	5.6
Klang	3.4	3.9	3.8	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.4	4.8	5.5	6.1	6.3	6.5
Kuala Lumpur	16.7	17.1	15.8	13.8	12.4	13.9	15.8	14.0	12.4	10.5	9.0	8.0	7.5	7.4	7.6	7.8
MALI																
Bamako	22.6	23.3	22.4	22.4	25.6	33.8	36.5	36.1	36.9	36.3	36.0	36.2	36.7	36.5	35.8	35.1
MAURITANIA																
Nouakchott	11.0	10.9	8.9	14.0	22.9	38.0	46.1	49.8	52.9	52.7	52.3	52.0	53.2	54.9	56.6	57.0
MEXICO																
Acapulco de Juárez	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1
Aguascalientes	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2
Chihuahua	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1
Ciudad de México (Mexico City) (25)	24.3	25.1	25.7	27.0	28.6	28.3	28.5	26.9	25.4	24.8	24.1	23.1	22.8	22.8	22.9	23.0
Ciudad Juárez	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Cuernavaca	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1
Culiacán	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
Guadalajara (25)	3.4	3.9	4.5	4.7	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.3
Hermosillo	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
León de los Aldamas (26)	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0
Mérida	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3
Mexicali	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2
Monterrey (27)	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.9	5.0	5.1
Morelia	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1
Puebla (27)	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8
Querétaro	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5
Reynosa	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0
Saltillo	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1
San Luis Potosí	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3
Tampico	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Tijuana	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.3
Toluca de Lerdo	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2
Torreón	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
MONGOLIA																
Ulaanbaatar	44.8	49.1	52.4	53.1	51.5	49.4	47.9	46.4	45.7	50.4	55.5	58.6	61.1	64.4	67.6	69.9
MOROCCO																
Agadir	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.5	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.8
Dar-el-Beida (Casablanca) (28)	26.7	27.7	28.3	28.4	28.5	27.5	26.2	24.1	22.4	21.1	19.1	17.6	16.6	16.6	16.9	17.2
Fès	7.0	7.6	8.2	7.6	7.0	6.6	6.3	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.4
Marrakech	8.9	8.0	7.1	6.6	6.1	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.5
Rabat (28)	6.2	6.5	6.8	8.0	9.4	9.8	10.0	9.9	9.8	9.9	9.8	9.9	10.0	10.2	10.4	10.7
Tanger	4.2	4.3	4.2	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.8
MOZAMBIQUE																
Maputo	60.0	62.6	64.6	66.4	68.0	49.3	34.6	29.3	27.1	22.0	19.2	17.2	15.6	15.0	15.2	15.6

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Matola	33.7	31.5	29.0	26.2	23.5	17.5	12.7	11.4	11.2	9.6	9.4	9.9	10.5	11.0	11.3	11.6
MYANMAR																
Mandalay	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.8	7.0	7.2
Nay Pyi Taw	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.4	6.7	6.9	7.1	7.3
Yangon	47.0	43.3	39.5	36.0	32.6	30.4	30.2	30.2	30.1	29.7	29.0	28.9	28.3	28.3	28.7	29.1
NEPAL																
Kathmandu (29)	47.4	40.3	35.2	33.0	31.2	27.9	24.6	23.8	23.6	21.6	19.6	19.3	19.5	20.0	20.6	21.2
NETHERLANDS																
Amsterdam (30)	15.1	14.1	13.1	12.7	11.6	11.4	10.3	9.4	9.1	8.8	8.2	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.9	8.1
Rotterdam (30)	13.6	13.7	13.7	13.0	12.1	10.8	10.0	9.6	9.3	8.7	8.1	7.7	7.3	7.3	7.5	7.7
NEW ZEALAND																
Auckland	23.1	24.6	24.4	25.7	27.8	28.6	29.5	29.7	30.2	31.1	32.2	33.4	37.4	40.4	41.9	43.0
NICARAGUA																
Managua	24.1	26.3	28.3	30.5	32.5	32.6	32.4	32.8	34.1	34.8	31.9	30.0	28.8	29.0	29.9	30.7
NIGER																
Niamey	20.4	24.9	30.6	33.3	33.6	34.2	34.7	35.1	36.1	37.4	38.5	41.7	44.7	46.9	48.1	49.1
NIGERIA																
Aba	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Abuja	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.6	2.1	2.6	2.9	2.9	3.0
Benin City	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8
Enugu	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1
Ibadan	11.6	9.7	7.7	6.5	6.2	5.9	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.3	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8
Ilorin	2.9	2.8	2.4	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1
Jos	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Kaduna	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.7	2.0	2.5	2.9	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0
Kano	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.3	4.2	5.1	6.3	6.8	6.1	5.5	5.0	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3
Lagos (31)	8.4	9.2	10.3	11.0	10.9	11.4	11.9	12.8	13.8	14.0	13.9	13.8	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.2
Maiduguri	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Ogbomosho	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	2.9	2.6	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4
Onitsha	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2
Port Harcourt	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5
NORWAY																
Oslo	28.4	31.0	32.3	28.5	25.4	23.6	22.3	22.4	22.4	22.7	22.6	22.8	23.2	24.3	25.1	25.9
PAKISTAN																
Faisalabad	2.6	3.2	4.0	4.5	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0
Gujranwala	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9
Hyderabad	3.5	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8
Islamabad	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6
Karachi	16.0	17.5	18.3	19.7	21.2	22.1	22.3	21.5	20.9	20.9	20.9	21.5	21.7	21.8	21.8	21.9
Lahore	12.7	12.6	12.5	12.9	13.3	13.3	12.8	12.1	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.6	11.8	11.9	12.0	12.1
Multan	2.8	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.0
Peshawar	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5
Quetta	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
Rawalpindi	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6
PANAMA																
Ciudad de Panamá (Panama City) (32)	55.5	58.4	60.8	62.0	63.3	62.4	62.2	63.5	65.1	59.4	55.2	53.3	53.0	54.0	55.8	57.3
PARAGUAY																
Asunción	50.6	53.4	56.4	58.5	60.0	59.9	57.8	54.9	52.8	51.5	51.0	51.2	52.3	53.7	55.0	56.1
PERU																
Arequipa	4.1	3.8	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8
Lima (33)	34.1	36.0	37.8	38.4	39.4	39.7	39.8	39.3	39.1	38.9	38.6	39.1	40.0	40.7	41.2	41.5
PHILIPPINES																
Cebu	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.4	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0
Davao	2.5	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6
Manila (34)	30.9	29.7	28.9	29.2	30.2	34.4	33.8	29.6	26.6	28.1	26.8	26.2	25.7	25.4	25.5	25.6
Zamboanga	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.4	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
POLAND																
Kraków (Cracow)	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4
Warszawa (Warsaw)	8.1	8.0	8.0	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.2	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.7	7.8
PORTUGAL																
Lisboa (Lisbon) (35)	49.6	49.2	48.8	50.5	53.9	56.0	58.5	55.8	53.4	50.2	47.5	45.3	43.7	43.5	44.4	45.4
Porto	27.8	27.4	27.1	26.9	27.4	26.9	26.4	25.2	24.5	23.3	22.3	21.5	21.0	21.1	21.7	22.3
PUERTO RICO																
San Juan	50.1	54.2	56.8	55.6	57.8	57.9	58.8	73.7	91.4	75.0	69.5	67.5	66.9	66.6	67.6	69.0
REPUBLIC OF KOREA																
Ansan	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1
Bucheon	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	1.0	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4
Busan (36)	23.1	20.3	16.6	14.9	14.2	14.5	14.6	13.3	11.9	10.9	10.0	9.2	8.5	8.0	7.8	7.7
Daegu (36)	8.7	9.4	9.5	8.8	8.2	7.8	7.5	7.6	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.4	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9
Daejeon (36)	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9
Goyang	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.4	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6
Gwangju (36)	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.2	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8
Incheon (36)	6.3	6.2	5.7	5.4	4.9	4.7	5.0	5.2	5.6	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.5
Seongnam	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5
Seoul (36)	24.9	30.1	34.0	37.6	41.5	40.8	38.9	36.3	33.2	29.4	27.1	25.7	24.4	23.5	23.2	22.8
Suweon	1.8	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0
Ulsan (36)	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8
Yongin	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.4	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.1
ROMANIA																
Bucuresti (Bucharest)	15.6	16.0	15.9	16.1	17.1	18.7	18.2	17.3	16.5	16.5	16.6	16.8	17.1	17.4	17.7	18.1
RUSSIAN FEDERATION																
Chelyabinsk	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2
Kazan	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2
Krasnodar	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
Krasnoyarsk	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0
Moskva (Moscow)	11.8	10.5	9.6	9.0	8.7	8.5	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.4	9.3	10.3	10.9	11.5	11.7	11.8
Nizhniy Novgorod	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Novosibirsk	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
Omsk	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2
Perm	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
Rostov-na-Donu (Rostov-on-Don)	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1
Samara	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2
Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg)	6.4	5.8	5.3	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.8
Saratov	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Ufa	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1
Volgograd	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Voronezh	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
Yekaterinburg	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4
RWANDA																
Kigali	46.0	48.3	50.3	50.6	49.6	51.1	52.5	54.5	56.9	61.6	44.6	48.1	48.1	48.3	48.0	47.6
SAUDI ARABIA																
Ad-Dammam	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.0	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6
Al-Madinah (Medina)	7.7	5.9	4.6	4.2	4.6	4.9	4.4	4.0	4.3	4.6	5.0	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.5
Ar-Riyadh (Riyadh)	16.7	14.3	12.3	12.2	14.5	16.6	16.3	16.3	18.8	20.9	22.3	21.7	23.2	25.0	25.9	26.3
Jiddah	17.8	14.1	11.2	10.6	12.4	13.9	13.2	12.7	14.1	15.1	15.7	14.8	15.3	16.1	16.6	17.0
Makkah (Mecca)	22.3	16.6	12.4	10.2	9.7	8.9	7.8	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.3	6.8	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.5
SENEGAL																
Dakar	48.2	43.9	49.8	51.2	49.7	48.5	49.4	49.7	49.9	50.9	52.9	54.5	55.7	56.7	57.8	58.7
SERBIA																
Beograd (Belgrade) (37)	31.6	29.7	29.0	27.8	27.0	26.5	26.0	24.7	23.4	21.4	20.9	21.0	20.5	20.2	20.5	21.0
SIERRA LEONE																
Freetown	38.2	34.6	31.3	30.9	34.0	37.3	39.2	41.1	40.2	45.0	46.4	40.9	39.9	40.8	42.0	43.2
SINGAPORE																
Singapore (38)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
SOMALIA																
Muqdisho (Mogadishu)	23.9	19.4	19.2	23.0	33.4	42.4	32.0	41.8	52.9	55.9	48.8	48.1	41.0	50.6	52.1	51.9
SOUTH AFRICA																
Cape Town	10.7	10.3	9.9	10.1	10.4	10.8	11.4	11.8	11.3	10.6	10.7	10.9	11.3	11.6	11.8	12.0
Durban	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.1	8.0	8.2	8.6	8.9	9.0	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.6	9.8	10.0	10.2
Ekurhuleni (East Rand)	9.4	8.9	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.1	7.9	7.6	8.0	8.4	9.1	10.0	10.6	11.0	11.2	11.4
Johannesburg	15.6	14.9	14.1	13.8	13.4	12.5	11.8	10.9	9.9	10.0	10.7	11.6	12.2	12.5	12.8	13.0
Port Elizabeth	3.3	3.4	3.6	4.0	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9
Pretoria	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.8	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.2
Vereeniging	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.9	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.2
SPAIN																
Barcelona	12.4	13.3	14.3	14.9	15.6	14.8	14.1	13.9	14.0	14.7	15.4	15.3	15.4	15.9	16.2	16.5
Madrid	11.7	12.8	13.9	14.7	15.8	15.6	15.6	15.3	15.1	15.7	16.3	16.9	18.0	19.5	20.2	20.5
Valencia	3.5	3.2	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3
SUDAN																
Al-Khartoum (Khartoum)	42.3	40.3	38.8	37.6	36.5	36.5	38.6	39.5	40.3	39.0	39.1	39.5	40.6	40.8	41.1	41.6
SWEDEN																
Stockholm (39)	16.1	15.4	14.8	16.8	15.9	15.0	14.4	14.6	14.6	15.4	16.2	16.4	17.0	17.9	18.6	19.1
SWITZERLAND																
Zürich (Zurich)	23.8	21.7	19.8	19.4	20.1	19.6	19.6	19.9	20.6	20.3	20.5	20.7	21.0	21.5	22.0	22.7
SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC																
Dimashq (Damascus)	35.1	35.1	34.5	33.8	33.1	33.0	33.1	30.5	28.0	26.1	24.8	23.1	22.7	23.1	23.5	24.0
Halab (Aleppo)	30.6	29.8	28.6	27.3	26.1	25.8	25.7	25.5	25.8	26.3	26.5	26.2	27.0	27.8	28.3	28.8
Hamah	11.9	10.6	9.2	8.0	6.9	6.3	5.8	5.4	5.1	5.1	6.0	6.8	7.9	8.4	8.7	8.9
Hims (Homs)	9.6	9.6	9.5	9.3	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.4	9.6	10.3	10.8	11.6	12.2	12.5	12.8
THAILAND																
Krung Thep (Bangkok)	40.0	40.2	40.0	40.2	40.3	38.1	37.1	35.9	35.1	33.8	32.3	33.6	35.2	36.8	37.5	37.8
Samut Prakan	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.3	2.0	3.0	4.7	6.8	7.9	8.2
TOGO																
Lomé	54.3	56.8	59.6	54.2	42.9	47.1	52.3	52.8	53.6	56.8	57.3	60.2	64.2	68.6	68.9	68.3
TUNISIA																
Tunis	33.7	29.9	27.4	25.2	22.7	20.4	17.7	15.4	13.5	12.4	11.9	11.4	11.2	11.5	11.9	12.2
TURKEY																
Adana	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.0
Ankara (40)	5.3	6.3	7.2	8.8	9.9	10.4	9.8	8.5	8.0	7.8	7.7	7.9	7.9	8.1	8.2	8.4
Antalya	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9
Bursa (41)	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.8	2.4	2.1	2.5	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5
Gaziantep (42)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5
Istanbul (43)	18.4	17.8	16.4	18.4	20.4	21.9	22.8	20.9	20.4	21.0	21.2	21.4	21.4	21.5	21.7	21.8
Izmir (44)	4.3	4.2	4.0	5.1	6.5	6.4	6.3	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.8	5.9
Konya (45)	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2
UGANDA																
Kampala	65.6	52.9	45.9	50.3	54.0	51.8	49.1	43.9	38.5	37.6	37.5	35.1	31.5	29.8	30.1	30.7
UKRAINE																
Dnipropetrovsk	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9
Donetsk	4.4	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9
Kharkiv	5.7	5.2	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7
Krivoi Rog	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.7
Kyiv (Kiev)	6.2	5.9	5.8	6.0	6.4	6.7	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.9	8.4	9.0	9.4	9.7	9.9
Odesa	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5
Zaporizhzhya	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES																
Abu Zaby (Abu Dhabi)	17.5	20.8	24.2	28.5	29.5	27.5	28.0	26.0	23.1	21.3	19.8	18.0	13.8	17.4	19.4	20.0
Dubayy (Dubai)	31.2	34.7	37.8	38.4	38.0	38.4	31.0	32.0	33.1	35.3	36.9	37.8	29.1	35.9	39.4	40.3
Sharjah	29.2	23.9	19.2	15.5	13.2	12.5	14.2	15.7	16.0	16.9	18.1	19.0	14.5	17.7	19.4	20.0

Table A.15. Percentage of the urban population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Virginia Beach	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Washington, D.C.	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9
URUGUAY																
Montevideo (47)	69.5	66.5	63.1	60.4	58.9	59.5	58.4	57.4	55.9	54.3	53.0	53.1	53.3	54.3	55.7	57.1
UZBEKISTAN																
Tashkent	41.4	36.8	33.1	32.3	31.9	29.5	27.9	26.5	25.5	24.0	23.0	22.8	22.3	22.0	22.2	22.6
VENEZUELA (BOLIVARIAN REPUBLIC OF)																
Barquisimeto	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.9
Caracas	28.8	28.2	28.2	27.3	26.8	24.4	21.6	19.0	16.7	14.6	13.1	12.0	11.7	12.0	12.2	12.4
Ciudad Guayana	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2
Maracaibo	11.7	10.8	10.3	9.4	8.7	8.2	7.8	7.7	7.9	7.8	7.9	8.1	8.3	8.6	8.8	8.9
Maracay	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.6	3.2	3.6	3.8	4.2	4.6	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.4
Valencia	5.2	4.8	4.6	4.9	5.4	5.7	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.7	6.9	7.1	7.3
VIET NAM																
Can Tho	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.5	2.2	3.4	4.5	4.9	5.1
Da Nang	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.7	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3
Hà Nội (48)	7.9	8.0	8.1	7.7	7.5	8.0	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.3	8.6	9.5	10.5	11.4	11.8	12.1
Hai Phòng	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.7
Thành Phố Hồ Chí Minh (Ho Chi Minh City) .	36.9	31.8	27.1	25.4	24.0	24.9	26.1	23.9	22.4	22.3	22.9	23.0	23.2	23.6	24.0	24.3
YEMEN																
Adan (Aden)	28.8	27.4	26.0	25.4	25.2	24.7	20.1	15.8	13.0	11.3	10.6	10.1	9.8	9.9	10.3	10.6
Sana'a'	18.4	16.9	15.5	14.4	13.5	14.1	18.1	22.4	26.1	28.7	28.9	29.4	30.0	30.8	31.5	32.1
ZAMBIA																
Lusaka	11.6	13.8	16.5	19.3	22.1	22.5	23.2	23.6	24.5	27.2	30.2	32.3	33.9	34.9	35.6	36.4
ZIMBABWE																
Harare	48.8	51.6	52.4	49.3	46.1	43.4	37.8	34.6	34.5	33.9	32.7	32.6	31.8	29.5	29.6	30.5

1 Data refer to the Governorate of Grand Algiers.

2 Data for Córdoba refer to Gran Córdoba.

3 Includes El Alto.

4 Região metropolitana; refers to the Região Integrada de Desenvolvimento do Distrito Federal e Entorno.

5 Data refer to the municipality of Phnom Penh including suburban areas.

6 Refers to the Census Metropolitan Area.

7 Data for Hong Kong consist of the population of Hong Kong Island, New Kowloon the new towns in New Territories and the marine areas

8 Refers to the nuclei of Barranquilla, Soledad, Malambo and Puerto Colombia.

9 Refers to the nuclei of Cali and Yumbo.

10 Refers to the nuclei of Medellín, Barbosa, Bello, Caldas, Copacabana, Envigado, Girardota, Itagui, La Estrella and Sabaneta.

11 Urban population at the canton level.

12 Refers to the Greater Copenhagen Region as defined from 1999 onward consisting of (parts of) 16 municipalities. Data before 1976 still use the previous definition where 28 municipalities were

13 Includes the population of the locality of Eloy Alfaro.

14 Includes the Governorate of Al-Qahirah (Cairo) and the cities of Al-Jizah (Giza) and Shubra al-Khaymah (Shubra-El-Khema).

15 Consisting of the urban parts of the municipios San Salvador, Mejicanos, Soyapango, Delgado, Ilopango, Cuscatancingo, Ayutuxtepeque and San Marcos.

16 Includes Espoo and Vantaa.

17 The agglomeration of Athínaí includes the localities of Calithèa, Peristérión and Piræus, among others.

18 Refers to the municipio of Ciudad de Guatemala.

19 Based on 1991 and 2001 data, definition of urban agglomeration is not restricted to state boundaries (National Capital Territory). Contiguous suburban cities and towns, such as Faridabad, Gurç

20 Refers to the municipality.

21 Data for earlier years refer to city proper.

22 Data prior to 1995 refer to urban agglomeration.

23 Data for 1985 and 1995 refer to the Governorates of Capital, Hawallí and Farwaniya. The number and names of governorates have changed over time as well as the limits of the urban agglome

24 Data prior to 1984 refer to City Proper.

- 25 Zona metropolitana, which includes several municipios.
- 26 Conurbación, which includes several localidades.
- 27 Zona metropolitana, which includes several municipios.
- 28 Rabat includes Salé and Temara; Casablanca includes Mohammedia.
- 29 Data refer to the municipality.
- 30 Refers to the municipalities of Amstelveen, Amsterdam, Diemen, Landsmeer, Oostzaan, Wormerland, Zaanstad
- 31 Lagos State.
- 32 Corresponds to the metropolitan agglomeration of Panama City, including the urban districts of Balboa (Ancón), Arrajian, La Chorrera and San Miguelito.
- 33 Great Lima includes the capitals of the departments of Lima and Callao as well as surrounding populated centres.
- 34 National Capital Region.
- 35 Data refer to municipalities included in Grande Lisboa and the Peninsula of Setúbal, as well as that of Azambuja.
- 36 Data refer to the metropolitan city.
- 37 Data refer to the ten municipalities of the City of Belgrade.
- 38 Includes resident and non-resident population.
- 39 Refers to "tätort" (According to the administrative divisions of 2005).
- 40 Ankara includes Altindag, Cankaya, Etimesgut, Golbasi, Keçioren, Mamak, Sincan and Yenimahalle.
- 41 Bursa includes Nilufer, Osmangazi and Yildirim.
- 42 Gaziantep includes Sahinbey and Sehitkami.
- 43 Istanbul includes Adalar, Avcilar, Bagicilar, Bahçelievler, Bakirkoy, Bayrampasa, Besiktas, Beykoz, Beyoglu, Eminonu, Esenler, Eyup, Fatih, Gaziosmanpasa, Gungoren, Kadikoy, Kagithane, Ka
- 44 Izmir includes Balcova, Bornova, Buca, Cigli, Gaziemir, Guzelbahce Karsiyaka, Konak and Narlidere (1950 and 1955 data for Izmir refer to city proper)
- 45 Konya includes Karatay, Meram and Selçuklu.
- 46 The urban agglomeration of Birmingham (also known as the West Midlands urban area) consists of 10 urban divisions, including Birmingham, Dudley, Oldbury/Smethwick, Solihull, Sutton Coldfi
- 47 Corresponds to the metropolitan area of Montevideo including the urban population of surrounding localities.
- 48 Refers to urban population in the city districts. Data after 2008 include urban population in former Ha Tay Province.

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration with 750,000 inhabitants or more in 2011, by country, 1950-2025

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
AFGHANISTAN																
Kabul	1.6	2.1	2.7	3.4	3.9	5.0	6.9	9.4	10.2	8.2	8.6	10.3	9.7	9.3	9.8	10.8
ALGERIA																
El Djazair (Algiers) (1)	5.9	6.4	8.1	9.1	9.3	9.4	8.6	7.6	7.2	7.2	7.5	7.7	8.0	8.4	9.0	9.5
Wahran (Oran)	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4
ANGOLA																
Huambo	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.6	3.2	3.7	4.1	4.7	5.4	6.2	6.7	7.2
Luanda	3.3	3.8	4.4	5.8	7.7	10.0	12.6	14.3	15.2	16.1	18.6	21.4	25.1	28.3	30.5	32.1
ARGENTINA																
Buenos Aires	29.7	30.6	32.0	32.8	33.8	33.5	33.5	32.8	32.2	32.0	32.1	32.5	33.1	33.6	33.9	34.2
Córdoba (2)	2.5	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.2
La Plata	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1
Mendoza	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6
Rosario	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.5
San Miguel de Tucumán	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
ARMENIA																
Yerevan	25.2	27.6	28.8	29.4	30.9	32.2	33.6	33.6	33.1	35.4	36.1	36.0	36.0	36.4	37.8	39.5
AUSTRALIA																
Adelaide	5.3	5.4	5.6	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.8
Brisbane	5.4	5.6	5.9	6.1	6.3	6.7	7.3	7.5	7.8	8.1	8.4	8.7	9.0	9.3	9.6	9.9
Melbourne	16.3	17.1	18.0	18.2	18.3	18.4	18.8	18.6	18.2	18.0	17.9	17.8	17.5	17.8	18.3	18.7
Perth	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.8	5.5	6.1	6.5	6.8	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.5	7.7	8.0
Sydney	20.7	20.7	20.8	21.0	21.0	21.3	21.9	21.7	21.2	21.2	21.3	20.9	20.1	20.4	20.8	21.2
AUSTRIA																
Wien (Vienna)	23.3	23.3	23.1	22.3	21.7	20.9	20.4	20.3	20.1	19.5	19.4	19.9	20.3	20.9	21.7	22.7
AZERBAIJAN																
Baku	31.0	28.2	25.8	24.7	24.6	25.1	25.6	24.9	24.0	22.7	22.3	21.7	22.4	24.3	25.9	27.4
BANGLADESH																
Chittagong	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.6	3.0	3.4	3.8	4.2	4.6
Dhaka	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.4	2.1	3.1	4.1	5.1	6.3	7.1	7.9	9.0	10.0	11.0	12.0	13.1
Khulna	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6
Rajshahi	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
BELARUS																
Minsk	3.7	5.3	6.7	8.4	10.3	12.0	13.7	14.8	15.8	16.1	16.9	18.1	19.2	20.3	21.4	22.3
BELGIUM																
Antwerpen	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.0	8.9	9.0	9.3	9.6
Bruxelles-Brussel	16.4	16.3	16.2	16.2	16.3	16.5	16.8	16.8	16.9	17.0	17.5	17.8	18.0	18.5	19.0	19.5
BENIN																
Cotonou	0.9	1.2	3.0	4.3	5.7	7.6	9.3	10.0	10.6	10.2	9.9	9.5	10.0	10.7	11.2	11.6
BOLIVIA (PLURINATIONAL STATE OF)																
La Paz (3)	11.8	12.4	13.0	13.7	14.2	14.8	15.1	15.6	15.9	17.0	16.7	16.7	16.9	17.6	18.5	19.4
Santa Cruz	1.6	2.0	2.5	3.1	3.9	4.9	6.1	7.5	9.3	11.2	12.7	14.5	16.6	18.3	19.4	20.3
BRAZIL																
Aracaju	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Baixada Santista (4)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Belém (4)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
Belo Horizonte (4)	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.0
Brasília	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.3
Campinas (4)	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6
Campo Grande	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Cuiabá	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Curitiba (4)	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8
Florianópolis (4)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Fortaleza (4)	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1
Goiânia (4)	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2
Grande São Luís (4)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
Grande Vitória (4)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
João Pessoa (4)	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7
Maceió (4)	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Manaus (4)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1
Natal	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8
Norte/Nordeste Catarinense	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
Pôrto Alegre	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1
Recife	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1
Rio de Janeiro	5.5	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.9	7.0	7.1	6.7	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.3
Salvador	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.4
São Paulo	4.3	4.8	5.5	6.5	7.9	8.9	9.9	9.8	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.9	10.1	10.3	10.6	10.7
Sorocaba	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Teresina	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
BULGARIA																
Sofia	7.2	8.2	9.0	9.8	10.5	11.2	12.1	13.2	13.5	14.0	14.1	15.1	15.7	16.2	17.1	18.0
BURKINA FASO																
Ouagadougou	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.5	2.0	2.4	3.7	5.2	5.8	6.2	7.5	9.4	11.6	14.1	16.5	18.8
CAMBODIA																
Phnum Pénh (Phnom Penh) (5)	8.4	7.8	7.2	7.1	13.0	1.4	3.7	5.4	6.5	7.5	9.2	9.9	10.7	11.5	12.3	13.1
CAMEROON																
Douala	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.4	4.4	5.5	6.3	7.0	7.7	8.5	9.5	10.7	12.0	13.1	14.1	15.1
Yaoundé	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.8	2.7	3.7	4.6	5.5	6.4	7.4	8.6	10.1	11.8	13.2	14.2	15.1
CANADA																
Calgary (6)	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.8	4.0
Edmonton (6)	1.2	1.4	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.7
Montréal (6)	9.8	10.5	11.3	12.1	12.4	12.1	11.5	11.2	11.4	11.3	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.4	11.7	12.0
Ottawa-Gatineau (6)	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.9
Québec	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4
Toronto (6)	7.8	8.7	9.7	10.6	11.7	12.0	12.3	13.0	13.7	14.3	15.0	15.6	16.1	16.6	16.9	17.3
Vancouver (6)	4.1	3.7	3.5	4.3	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.6	6.1	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.7	7.0	7.2
CHAD																
N'Djaména	0.9	1.5	2.4	3.3	4.3	5.6	7.1	7.6	7.9	8.3	8.6	8.7	9.2	9.8	10.5	11.4
CHILE																
Concepción	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.0
Santiago	21.7	23.9	25.9	26.5	27.6	30.1	33.3	34.7	35.0	34.5	34.2	34.4	34.8	35.6	36.4	37.1
Valparaíso	5.4	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.6
CHINA																
Anshan, Liaoning	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Anyang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Baoding	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Baoji	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Baotou	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Beijing	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6
Bengbu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Benxi	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Changchun	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4
Changde	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Changsha, Hunan	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4
Changshu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Changzhou, Jiangsu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Chengdu	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7
Chifeng	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Chongqing	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
Cixi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Dalian	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Dandong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Daqing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Datong, Shanxi	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Dongguan, Guangdong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7
Dongying	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Foshan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7
Fushun, Liaoning	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Fuxin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Fuyang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Fuzhou, Fujian	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Guangzhou, Guangdong	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1
Guilin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Guiyang	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Haerbin	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6
Haicheng	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Haikou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Handan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Hangzhou	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6
Hefei	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4
Hengyang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Hohhot	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Huai'an	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Huabei	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Huainan	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Huangshi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Huizhou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Huludao	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Huzhou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiamusi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiangmen	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiangyin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiaozuo	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiaxing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jilin	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Jinan, Shandong	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
Jingzhou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jining, Shandong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jinjiang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jinzhou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jiujiang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jixi, Heilongjiang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Kaohsiung	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Kunming	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Lanzhou	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Lianyungang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Liaocheng	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Linyi, Shandong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Liuzhou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Lufeng	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Luoyang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Luzhou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Maoming	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Mianyang, Sichuan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Mudanjiang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Nanchang	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Nanchong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Nanjing, Jiangsu	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6
Nanning	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Nantong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Nanyang, Henan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Neijiang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Ningbo	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Panjin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Pingdingshan, Henan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Pingxiang, Jiangxi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Puning	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Putian	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Qingdao	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Qinhuangdao	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Qiqihaer	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Quanzhou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Rizhao	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Shanghai	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0
Shantou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Shaoguan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Shaoxing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Shenyang	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Shenzhen	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1
Shijiazhuang	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Shiyan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Suzhou, Jiangsu	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4
Taian, Shandong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Taichung	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Tainan	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Taipei	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Taiyuan, Shanxi	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
Taizhou, Jiangsu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Taizhou, Zhejiang	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Tangshan, Hebei	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Tianjin	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
Ürümqi (Wulumqi)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4
Weifang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Weihai	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Wenzhou	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Wuhan	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9
Wuhu, Anhui	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Wuxi, Jiangsu	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4
Xiamen	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Xi'an, Shaanxi	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Xiangtan, Hunan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Xiangyang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Xianyang, Shaanxi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Xining	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Xinxiang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Xuzhou	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Yancheng, Jiangsu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yangzhou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Yantai	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Yichang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yinchuan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yingkou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yiwu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yiyang, Hunan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yueyang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Zaozhuang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Zhangjiakou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Zhanjiang	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Zhengzhou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Zhenjiang, Jiangsu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Zhongshan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Zhuhai	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Zhuzhou	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Zibo	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Zigong	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Zunyi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
CHINA, HONG KONG SAR																
Hong Kong (7)	85.2	85.2	85.2	86.4	87.7	89.7	91.5	92.9	99.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
COLOMBIA																
Barranquilla (8)	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.5
Bogotá	5.3	6.5	7.9	9.6	11.2	12.7	13.1	13.6	14.3	15.1	16.0	17.1	18.4	19.5	20.3	20.8
Bucaramanga	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7
Cali (9)	1.9	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.8
Cartagena	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
Cúcuta	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9
Medellín (10)	3.1	3.8	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.9	7.3	7.8	8.3	8.6	8.9
CONGO																
Brazzaville	10.3	10.2	12.2	14.8	17.9	21.2	24.8	28.6	29.4	30.4	32.6	35.9	38.5	40.2	41.5	42.5
Pointe-Noire	2.0	3.9	6.1	7.7	8.7	9.9	12.1	14.4	15.2	16.1	17.2	18.8	20.0	20.9	21.6	22.3
COSTA RICA																
San José (11)	15.3	16.3	17.2	18.1	19.7	21.5	22.4	23.3	24.0	25.0	26.3	28.6	31.5	34.2	36.4	38.4
CÔTE D'IVOIRE																
Abidjan	2.5	4.1	5.3	7.0	10.1	14.3	16.3	16.4	16.8	17.3	18.3	19.7	21.0	22.4	24.1	25.7
Yamoussoukro	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.5	2.1	3.1	4.5	5.9	6.7	7.2
CUBA																
La Habana (Havana)	19.3	19.7	20.1	20.1	20.4	19.6	19.5	19.9	19.9	19.7	19.7	19.4	18.9	18.4	18.0	18.3

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
CZECH REPUBLIC																
Praha (Prague)	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.7	11.0	11.3	11.5	11.6	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.9	12.1	12.4	12.8	13.2
DEM. PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA																
P'yongyang	5.3	6.0	5.9	6.2	6.9	8.4	10.7	11.7	12.5	12.6	12.1	11.8	11.6	11.7	12.0	12.5
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO																
Kananga	0.2	0.4	0.9	1.4	2.1	1.6	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6
Kinshasa	1.7	2.2	2.9	4.1	5.3	6.4	7.6	8.8	9.7	10.2	10.9	11.8	12.8	13.7	14.5	15.2
Kisangani	0.3	0.4	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
Lubumbashi	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.8
Mbuji-Mayi	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.7
DENMARK																
København (Copenhagen) (12)	28.5	27.6	28.0	28.9	28.0	23.2	21.4	20.7	20.1	20.0	20.2	20.8	21.5	22.3	23.2	24.0
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC																
Santo Domingo	7.6	9.2	11.1	12.9	15.2	17.7	20.9	21.5	21.2	21.0	21.1	21.3	21.7	22.4	23.5	24.7
ECUADOR																
Guayaquil (13)	7.6	8.9	10.3	11.3	12.0	12.9	14.1	14.9	15.3	15.9	16.8	16.4	15.7	15.4	15.9	16.7
Quito	6.1	6.6	7.2	7.8	8.4	9.1	9.8	10.3	10.6	10.7	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.3	11.8	12.5
EGYPT																
Al-Iskandariyah (Alexandria)	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.1
Al-Qahirah (Cairo) (14)	11.6	12.4	13.2	14.9	15.5	16.1	16.3	16.4	15.9	15.6	15.0	14.2	13.6	13.5	14.0	14.6
EL SALVADOR																
San Salvador (15)	8.8	10.1	11.2	12.2	13.4	14.1	15.1	16.5	18.2	19.4	21.0	23.2	25.4	27.2	28.9	30.5
ETHIOPIA																
Addis Ababa	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.8	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.8	4.3
FINLAND																
Helsinki (16)	9.1	9.6	10.1	10.5	11.0	12.4	14.1	14.8	17.5	18.5	19.7	20.3	20.9	21.7	22.5	23.4
FRANCE																
Bordeaux	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5
Lille	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.9
Lyon	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.7
Marseille-Aix-en-Provence	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.7
Nice-Cannes	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8
Paris	15.0	15.6	16.2	16.1	16.2	16.2	16.1	16.2	16.5	16.4	16.5	16.6	16.7	17.2	17.7	18.1
Toulouse	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7
GEORGIA																
Tbilisi	17.3	17.2	17.3	17.9	19.1	20.2	21.5	22.3	22.4	22.9	23.2	24.5	25.7	26.8	28.2	29.8
GERMANY																
Berlin	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.6
Hamburg	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4
Köln (Cologne)	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4
München (Munich)	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9
GHANA																
Accra	3.6	4.6	5.8	6.4	7.3	7.4	7.9	7.9	8.1	8.3	8.7	9.3	10.1	11.0	11.9	12.7
Kumasi	2.0	2.6	3.3	3.6	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.7	5.3	6.2	7.1	7.9	8.7	9.4	10.0
GREECE																
Athínai (Athens) (17)	17.8	19.6	21.8	24.8	28.3	30.3	31.0	30.7	30.2	29.3	28.9	29.1	29.8	30.9	32.2	33.7
Thessaloniki	3.9	4.1	4.5	5.2	6.2	6.8	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.7	8.1	8.5	9.0
GUATEMALA																
Ciudad de Guatemala (Guatemala City) (18)	9.1	10.2	11.5	12.4	12.1	11.5	10.6	9.8	9.0	8.4	8.1	7.7	7.8	8.3	9.0	9.6
GUINEA																
Conakry	1.0	1.8	3.2	5.5	9.3	13.2	14.9	15.6	15.5	13.8	14.6	15.8	17.2	18.8	20.6	22.3
HAITI																
Port-au-Prince	4.1	5.2	6.4	7.9	9.8	11.2	12.3	13.8	15.9	18.1	19.6	23.2	21.4	23.3	25.4	27.7

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
HONDURAS																
Tegucigalpa	4.9	5.6	6.4	7.2	8.3	9.4	10.2	11.1	11.8	12.1	12.7	13.1	13.8	15.0	16.2	17.4
HUNGARY																
Budapest	17.3	17.4	18.1	18.5	18.9	19.1	19.2	19.3	19.3	18.3	17.5	16.9	17.3	17.9	18.7	19.7
INDIA																
Agra	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Ahmadabad	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7
Aligarh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Allahabad	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Amritsar	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Asansol	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Aurangabad	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Bangalore	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9
Bareilly	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Bhopal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Bhubaneswar	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Chandigarh	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Chennai (Madras)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9
Coimbatore	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Delhi (19)	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.3
Dhanbad	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Durg-Bhilainagar	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Guwahati (Gauhati)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Gwalior	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Hubli-Dharwad	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Hyderabad	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8
Indore	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Jabalpur	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jaipur	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Jalandhar	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jamshedpur	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jodhpur	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Kanpur	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Kochi (Cochin)	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Kolkata (Calcutta)	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3
Kota	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Kozhikode (Calicut)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Lucknow	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Ludhiana	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Madurai	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Meerut	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Moradabad	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Mumbai (Bombay)	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8
Mysore	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Nagpur	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Nashik	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Patna	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Pune (Poona)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Raipur	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Rajkot	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Ranchi	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Salem	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Solapur	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Srinagar	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Surat	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Thiruvananthapuram	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Tiruchirappalli	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Tiruppur	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Vadodara	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Varanasi (Benares)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Vijayawada	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Visakhapatnam	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Warangal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
INDONESIA																
Bandar Lampung	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Bandung (20)	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2
Batam	—	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Bogor	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Denpasar	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5
Jakarta	1.9	2.4	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.6	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.2	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.7
Malang	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Medan (20)	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
Padang	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Palembang (20)	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
Pekan Baru	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6
Samarinda	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Semarang	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
Surabaya (20)	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3
Ujung Pandang (20)	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)																
Ahvaz	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6
Esfahan	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7
Karaj	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.5
Kermanshah	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3
Mashhad	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.1
Qom	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6
Shiraz	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0
Tabriz	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3
Tehran	6.0	7.2	8.5	10.0	11.5	13.0	13.2	12.6	11.6	11.2	10.5	10.1	9.8	9.8	10.0	10.3
IRAQ																
Al-Basrah (Basra)	2.0	2.2	2.8	3.6	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.7	3.1	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.0
Al-Mawsil (Mosul) (21)	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.9
Baghdad	10.1	11.0	13.8	19.0	20.7	22.2	22.9	23.3	23.6	22.7	21.8	19.5	18.6	18.2	18.3	18.7
Irbil (Erbil)	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4
Najaf	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6
Sulaimaniya	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9
IRELAND																
Dublin	21.5	22.3	23.4	25.2	26.0	26.2	26.4	26.0	26.0	26.2	26.0	24.9	24.7	25.6	27.0	28.5
ISRAEL																
Hefa (Haifa)	16.2	13.2	12.2	11.3	11.3	11.4	12.3	13.6	14.7	14.7	15.1	15.1	14.1	13.7	13.9	14.2
Jerusalem	9.6	8.4	7.8	8.4	9.9	10.3	10.5	11.2	11.7	11.4	11.0	10.9	10.5	10.5	10.8	11.0
Tel Aviv-Yafo (Tel Aviv-Jaffa) (22)	33.2	32.3	35.3	35.0	36.1	36.4	38.7	42.2	45.6	45.9	45.5	45.8	44.7	45.2	46.2	46.5
ITALY																
Bergamo	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5
Milano (Milan)	4.1	4.4	4.8	5.2	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.1
Napoli (Naples)	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.4
Palermo	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7
Roma (Rome)	4.1	4.5	5.0	5.4	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.6	5.8
Torino (Turin)	2.2	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.8
JAPAN																
Fukuoka-Kitakyushu	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.5
Hiroshima	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9
Kyoto	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6
Nagoya	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9
Osaka-Kobe	5.0	5.8	6.7	7.9	9.1	8.9	8.6	8.6	9.0	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.3	9.6	9.8
Sapporo	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.4
Sendai	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2
Tokyo	13.7	15.5	18.0	20.8	22.5	24.0	24.6	25.3	26.6	27.0	27.4	28.2	29.2	30.3	31.0	31.5
JORDAN																
Amman	20.1	21.6	24.4	26.5	23.3	25.0	27.7	26.2	24.9	22.2	21.1	19.9	18.6	19.2	20.0	20.8
KAZAKHSTAN																
Almaty	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.6	6.1	6.5	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.8	8.4	8.7	9.0	9.3	9.7
KENYA																
Mombasa	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.7	3.0
Nairobi	2.3	2.9	3.6	4.2	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.5	5.9	6.4	7.1	7.5	8.0	8.5	9.4	10.4
KUWAIT																
Al Kuwait (Kuwait City) (23)	41.1	54.0	64.0	62.5	73.4	65.3	64.7	64.4	66.7	69.0	68.7	69.9	84.7	87.4	88.1	88.0

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
KYRGYZSTAN																
Bishkek	8.6	9.8	10.9	12.5	14.6	14.7	14.8	14.5	14.5	15.3	15.5	15.8	15.6	15.7	16.3	17.5
LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC																
Vientiane	2.1	4.1	5.3	4.9	5.3	5.9	6.4	6.6	6.7	7.0	8.3	10.1	12.4	15.1	17.7	20.1
LEBANON																
Bayrut (Beirut)	22.3	26.1	29.4	33.3	37.4	54.2	58.1	54.9	43.8	36.6	39.7	43.9	46.9	49.3	51.0	52.5
LIBERIA																
Monrovia	1.7	3.4	6.7	9.6	11.4	13.6	16.9	23.2	49.0	22.2	29.3	37.8	20.3	13.1	12.0	12.9
LIBYA																
Tarabulus (Tripoli) (24)	10.3	12.1	12.9	14.5	20.0	23.5	21.6	19.6	19.9	20.6	19.5	18.3	17.5	18.1	18.7	19.5
MADAGASCAR																
Antananarivo	4.3	4.2	4.9	5.2	5.5	6.0	6.7	7.6	8.4	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.2	10.1	11.3	12.5
MALAWI																
Lilongwe	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.8	1.3	2.0	2.6	2.8	3.7	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.3	5.8	6.4
MALAYSIA																
Johore Bahru	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.9	4.2	4.5
Klang	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.7	3.3	4.0	4.6	4.9	5.2
Kuala Lumpur	3.4	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.1	5.2	6.7	6.4	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.9	6.2
MALI																
Bamako	1.9	2.3	2.5	2.8	3.7	5.5	6.8	7.6	8.6	9.3	10.1	11.3	12.6	13.7	14.6	15.4
MAURITANIA																
Nouakchott	0.3	0.5	0.6	1.4	3.3	7.8	12.6	17.4	21.0	21.0	20.9	21.0	21.9	23.4	25.2	26.8
MEXICO																
Acapulco de Juárez	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9
Aguascalientes	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0
Chihuahua	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9
Ciudad de México (Mexico City) (25)	10.3	11.7	13.0	14.8	16.9	17.8	18.9	18.5	18.2	18.2	18.0	17.6	17.8	18.1	18.5	18.8
Ciudad Juárez	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Cuernavaca	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
Culiacán	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
Guadalajara (25)	1.4	1.8	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.3
Hermosillo	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
León de los Aldamas (26)	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7
Mérida	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
Mexicali	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
Monterrey (27)	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.9	4.1	4.2
Morelia	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9
Puebla (27)	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2
Querétaro	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2
Reynosa	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8
Saltillo	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9
San Luis Potosí	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Tampico	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
Tijuana	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.9
Toluca de Lerdo	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8
Torreón	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2
MONGOLIA																
Ulaanbaatar	9.0	13.1	18.7	22.4	23.2	24.0	25.0	25.5	26.1	28.7	31.7	36.6	41.3	46.4	51.1	54.7
MOROCCO																
Agadir	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.0
Dar-el-Beida (Casablanca) (28)	7.0	7.7	8.3	9.1	9.8	10.4	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.9	10.2	9.7	9.4	9.7	10.2	10.7
Fès	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.8	4.0
Marrakech	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.5
Rabat (28)	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.5	3.2	3.7	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.7	6.0	6.3	6.7
Tanger	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.0
MOZAMBIQUE																
Maputo	1.4	1.9	2.4	3.1	3.9	4.3	4.5	4.9	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.2	4.8	4.8	5.2	5.6

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Matola	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.4	2.5	2.7	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.2
MYANMAR																
Mandalay	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.7	3.0
Nay Pyi Taw	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.0
Yangon	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.6	7.9	8.5	9.1	9.9	10.9	11.9
NEPAL																
Kathmandu (29)	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7
NETHERLANDS																
Amsterdam (30)	8.5	8.2	7.8	7.7	7.2	7.2	6.7	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.5	6.8	7.1
Rotterdam (30)	7.6	8.0	8.2	7.9	7.5	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.7
NEW ZEALAND																
Auckland	16.7	18.1	18.6	20.2	22.5	23.6	24.6	24.8	25.6	26.5	27.6	28.8	32.2	34.9	36.4	37.5
NICARAGUA																
Managua	8.5	9.8	11.2	13.0	15.3	15.9	16.2	16.8	17.8	18.7	17.5	16.8	16.5	17.0	18.1	19.2
NIGER																
Niamey	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.3	3.0	3.9	4.7	5.1	5.5	5.9	6.2	7.0	7.9	8.9	9.9	11.2
NIGERIA																
Aba	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7
Abuja	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7
Benin City	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0
Enugu	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Ibadan	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2
Ilorin	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Jos	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
Kaduna	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1
Kano	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.8	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.5
Lagos (31)	0.9	1.1	1.7	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.4	4.1	4.9	5.4	5.9	6.3	6.8	7.3	7.8	8.2
Maiduguri	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Ogbomoshosho	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8
Onitsha	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7
Port Harcourt	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5
NORWAY																
Oslo	14.3	15.6	16.1	16.4	16.6	16.1	15.7	16.0	16.1	16.7	17.2	17.7	18.4	19.5	20.5	21.5
PAKISTAN																
Faisalabad	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.1
Gujranwala	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
Hyderabad	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2
Islamabad	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7
Karachi	2.8	3.5	4.0	4.6	5.3	5.8	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.9	7.4	7.8	8.2	8.6	9.2
Lahore	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.1
Multan	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
Peshawar	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1
Quetta	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Rawalpindi	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
PANAMA																
Ciudad de Panamá (Panama City) (32)	19.9	22.5	25.1	27.5	30.2	30.6	31.4	33.1	35.1	35.6	36.3	37.7	39.5	41.9	44.4	46.5
PARAGUAY																
Asunción	17.5	18.7	20.1	21.2	22.2	23.4	24.1	24.7	25.7	26.8	28.2	29.9	32.1	34.4	36.5	38.5
PERU																
Arequipa	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.1
Lima (33)	14.0	15.8	17.7	19.9	22.6	24.4	25.7	26.3	26.9	27.6	28.2	29.3	30.8	32.0	33.0	33.8
PHILIPPINES																
Cebu	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1
Davao	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9
Manila (34)	8.4	8.5	8.7	9.2	10.0	12.2	12.7	12.7	12.9	13.6	12.9	12.6	12.5	12.7	13.1	13.8
Zamboanga	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
POLAND																
Kraków (Cracow)	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1
Warszawa (Warsaw)	3.1	3.5	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8
PORTUGAL																
Lisboa (Lisbon) (35)	15.5	16.2	17.0	18.6	20.9	22.9	25.0	25.3	25.6	25.7	25.9	26.1	26.5	27.5	29.1	30.8
Porto	8.7	9.0	9.5	9.9	10.6	11.0	11.3	11.4	11.7	11.9	12.1	12.4	12.7	13.3	14.2	15.1
PUERTO RICO																
San Juan	20.3	23.0	25.3	28.7	33.7	36.4	39.3	51.0	65.9	65.3	65.8	65.9	66.1	66.1	67.2	68.7
REPUBLIC OF KOREA																
Ansan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8
Bucheon	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1
Busan (36)	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.8	5.8	7.0	8.3	8.6	8.8	8.5	8.0	7.5	7.1	6.7	6.6	6.6
Daegu (36)	1.8	2.3	2.6	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.9	5.2	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.1
Daejeon (36)	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.7	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4
Goyang	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.1	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2
Gwangju (36)	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.3
Incheon (36)	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.8	3.4	4.2	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.7
Seongnam	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1
Seoul (36)	5.3	7.3	9.4	12.2	16.9	19.6	22.0	23.6	24.5	23.0	21.6	20.9	20.2	19.8	19.8	19.6
Suweon	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6
Ulsan (36)	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	1.1	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4
Yongin	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.9
ROMANIA																
Bucuresti (Bucharest)	4.0	4.9	5.4	6.1	6.9	8.0	8.4	8.6	8.8	8.9	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.2	9.5	9.9
RUSSIAN FEDERATION																
Chelyabinsk	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
Kazan	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
Krasnodar	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Krasnoyarsk	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
Moskva (Moscow)	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.5	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.8	7.5	8.0	8.5	8.8	9.0
Nizhniy Novgorod	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Novosibirsk	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Omsk	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
Perm	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
Rostov-na-Donu (Rostov-on-Don)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Samara	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg)	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7
Saratov	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Ufa	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
Volgograd	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
Voronezh	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Yekaterinburg	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1
RWANDA																
Kigali	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.5	2.8	3.1	5.1	6.1	8.4	9.0	9.8	10.7	11.6
SAUDI ARABIA																
Ad-Dammam	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.9
Al-Madinah (Medina)	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.6	2.2	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.6	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6
Ar-Riyadh (Riyadh)	3.6	3.7	3.8	4.7	7.1	9.7	10.8	11.8	14.4	16.4	17.8	17.6	19.0	20.8	21.8	22.3
Jiddah	3.8	3.7	3.5	4.1	6.0	8.1	8.7	9.2	10.8	11.9	12.5	12.0	12.6	13.4	14.0	14.4
Makkah (Mecca)	4.7	4.3	3.9	4.0	4.7	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.6	5.8	5.5	5.6	5.9	6.1	6.4
SENEGAL																
Dakar	8.3	8.8	11.5	13.5	14.9	16.3	17.7	18.6	19.4	20.2	21.3	22.4	23.5	24.8	26.4	28.2
SERBIA																
Beograd (Belgrade) (37)	6.4	7.2	8.4	9.5	10.7	11.4	12.0	11.9	11.8	11.1	11.1	11.4	11.5	11.7	12.2	12.9
SIERRA LEONE																
Freetown	4.8	5.1	5.4	6.3	8.0	10.0	11.4	13.0	13.3	15.5	16.6	15.2	15.5	16.6	18.0	19.6
SINGAPORE																
Singapore (38)	99.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
SOMALIA																
Muqdisho (Mogadishu)	3.0	2.9	3.3	4.6	7.6	10.8	8.6	11.7	15.7	17.6	16.2	16.9	15.3	20.1	22.0	23.4
SOUTH AFRICA																
Cape Town	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.8	5.9	5.8	6.1	6.5	7.0	7.4	7.8	8.2
Durban	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.5	5.9	6.3	6.6	6.9
Ekurhuleni (East Rand)	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.8	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.6	7.0	7.4	7.7
Johannesburg	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.2	5.5	6.1	6.8	7.5	8.0	8.4	8.8
Port Elizabeth	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.6
Pretoria	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.5
Vereeniging	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.8
SPAIN																
Barcelona	6.4	7.2	8.1	9.1	10.3	10.3	10.2	10.3	10.5	11.1	11.7	11.7	11.9	12.4	12.8	13.2
Madrid	6.1	6.9	7.9	9.0	10.4	10.9	11.3	11.3	11.4	11.9	12.4	12.9	13.9	15.2	15.9	16.4
Valencia	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8
SUDAN																
Al-Khartoum (Khartoum)	2.9	3.5	4.2	5.0	6.0	6.9	7.7	9.1	11.5	12.6	12.7	12.9	13.4	13.8	14.4	15.3
SWEDEN																
Stockholm (39)	10.6	10.6	10.8	13.0	12.9	12.4	11.9	12.1	12.1	12.9	13.6	13.8	14.5	15.4	16.1	16.6
SWITZERLAND																
Zürich (Zurich)	10.6	10.3	10.1	10.5	11.5	11.2	11.2	13.0	15.1	14.9	15.0	15.2	15.4	15.9	16.4	17.1
SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC																
Dimashq (Damascus)	10.7	11.8	12.7	13.5	14.3	14.9	15.4	14.6	13.7	13.1	12.9	12.4	12.6	13.3	14.1	14.8
Halab (Aleppo)	9.4	10.0	10.5	10.9	11.3	11.6	12.0	12.2	12.6	13.2	13.8	14.1	15.0	16.0	16.9	17.8
Hamah	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.6	3.1	3.7	4.4	4.8	5.2	5.5
Hims (Homs)	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.4	5.8	6.5	7.0	7.5	7.9
THAILAND																
Krung Thep (Bangkok)	6.6	7.3	7.9	8.1	8.4	9.1	9.9	10.1	10.3	10.2	10.1	10.8	11.9	13.1	14.2	15.4
Samut Prakan	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.4	3.0	3.4
TOGO																
Lomé	2.4	3.8	6.0	8.1	9.1	10.8	12.9	14.0	15.3	17.4	18.9	21.2	24.1	27.4	29.3	30.8
TUNISIA																
Tunis	10.9	10.5	10.3	10.0	9.8	9.7	8.9	8.3	7.8	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.7	8.1	8.5
TURKEY																
Adana	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.4
Ankara (40)	1.3	1.8	2.3	3.0	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.3	5.6	6.1	6.5	6.8
Antalya	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
Bursa (41)	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.8
Gaziantep (42)	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0
Istanbul (43)	4.6	5.1	5.2	6.3	7.8	9.1	10.0	10.9	12.1	13.0	13.7	14.3	15.1	16.2	17.1	17.7
Izmir (44)	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.8	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.9	4.3	4.5	4.8
Konya (45)	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8
UGANDA																
Kampala	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.8	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.8	5.1	5.9	6.8
UKRAINE																
Dnipropetrovsk	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1
Donetsk	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Kharkiv	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4
Krivoi Rog	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0
Kyiv (Kiev)	2.2	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.9	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.7	6.2	6.6	6.8	7.1
Odesa	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5
Zaporizhzhya	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES																
Abu Zaby (Abu Dhabi)	16.1	21.3	27.8	25.5	27.0	22.4	22.6	20.7	18.3	16.7	16.0	14.8	11.6	14.9	16.8	17.5
Dubayy (Dubai)	28.7	35.5	43.4	34.3	34.7	31.3	25.0	25.5	26.1	27.7	29.9	31.1	24.4	30.7	34.2	35.3
Sharjah	26.9	24.5	22.0	13.9	12.1	10.2	11.5	12.5	12.7	13.2	14.6	15.7	12.2	15.1	16.8	17.5

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
UNITED KINGDOM																
Birmingham (46)	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.9
Glasgow (46)	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9
Liverpool	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.3	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4
London (46)	16.5	16.2	15.6	14.5	13.5	13.4	13.6	13.6	13.4	13.6	14.0	14.2	14.4	14.6	14.9	15.2
Manchester (46)	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.7
Newcastle upon Tyne	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
West Yorkshire (46)	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9
UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA																
Dar es Salaam	0.9	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.6	3.6	4.5	4.8	5.2	5.6	6.2	6.9	7.6	8.4	9.3	10.3
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA																
Allentown-Bethlehem	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Atlanta	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7
Austin	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Baltimore	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9
Birmingham	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Boston	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7
Bridgeport-Stamford	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Buffalo	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Charlotte	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Chicago	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3
Cincinnati	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Cleveland	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Columbus, Ohio	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Dallas-Fort Worth	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8
Dayton	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Denver-Aurora	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
Detroit	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5
El Paso	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Hartford	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
Honolulu	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Houston	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7
Indianapolis	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
Jacksonville, Florida	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Kansas City	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
Las Vegas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	2.6	3.0	3.5	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.5
Louisville	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
McAllen	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Memphis	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Miami	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1
Milwaukee	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
Nashville-Davidson	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
New Orleans	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
New York-Newark	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.2	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.7
Oklahoma City	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Omaha	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Orlando	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Philadelphia	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0
Phoenix-Mesa	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4
Pittsburgh	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
Portland	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Providence	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Raleigh	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Richmond	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
Riverside-San Bernardino	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Rochester	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Sacramento	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Salt Lake City	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
San Antonio	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
San Diego	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1
San Francisco-Oakland	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
San Jose	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Seattle	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2
St. Louis	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
Tucson	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

Table A.16. Percentage of the total population residing in each urban agglomeration (continued)

Estimates and projections: 1950-2025

Country and agglomeration	Percentage															
	1950	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
Virginia Beach	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Washington, D.C.	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6
URUGUAY																
Montevideo (47)	54.1	52.6	50.6	49.1	48.5	49.6	49.9	50.1	49.7	49.2	48.4	48.8	49.3	50.5	52.0	53.5
UZBEKISTAN																
Tashkent	12.0	11.6	11.3	11.4	11.7	11.5	11.4	10.8	10.2	9.2	8.6	8.4	8.1	8.0	8.3	8.8
VENEZUELA (BOLIVARIAN REPUBLIC OF)																
Barquisimeto	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.7
Caracas	13.6	15.4	17.4	18.3	19.3	18.5	17.1	15.6	14.1	12.8	11.8	11.0	11.0	11.3	11.6	11.8
Ciudad Guayana	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.7	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0
Maracaibo	5.5	5.9	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.3	6.6	6.8	7.1	7.4	7.8	8.1	8.3	8.5
Maracay	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.8	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.2
Valencia	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.3	3.9	4.3	4.7	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.7	6.0	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.9
VIET NAM																
Can Tho	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.5	1.8	2.0
Da Nang	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3
Hà Nội (48)	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.6	3.2	3.8	4.4	4.8
Hai Phòng	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5
Thành Phố Hồ Chí Minh (Ho Chi Minh City) .	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.7	5.0	4.7	4.5	4.9	5.6	6.3	7.0	7.9	8.9	9.8
YEMEN																
Adan (Aden)	1.7	2.0	2.4	2.8	3.4	3.7	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.9	4.3
Sana'a'	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	3.0	4.1	5.5	6.8	7.6	8.5	9.5	10.7	11.9	13.1
ZAMBIA																
Lusaka	1.3	2.0	3.0	4.5	6.7	7.8	9.2	9.4	9.6	10.1	10.5	11.8	13.1	14.3	15.4	16.7
ZIMBABWE																
Harare	5.2	6.0	6.6	7.2	8.0	8.6	8.5	8.8	10.0	10.7	11.0	11.7	12.1	12.0	12.8	14.0

1 Data refer to the Governorate of Grand Algiers.

2 Data for Córdoba refer to Gran Córdoba.

3 Includes El Alto.

4 Região metropolitana; refers to the Região Integrada de Desenvolvimento do Distrito Federal e Entorno.

5 Data refer to the municipality of Phnom Penh including suburban areas.

6 Refers to the Census Metropolitan Area.

7 Data for Hong Kong consist of the population of Hong Kong Island, New Kowloon the new towns in New Territories and the marine areas

8 Refers to the nuclei of Barranquilla, Soledad, Malambo and Puerto Colombia.

9 Refers to the nuclei of Cali and Yumbo.

10 Refers to the nuclei of Medellín, Barbosa, Bello, Caldas, Copacabana, Envigado, Girardota, Itagui, La Estrella and Sabaneta.

11 Urban population at the canton level.

12 Refers to the Greater Copenhagen Region as defined from 1999 onward consisting of (parts of) 16 municipalities. Data before 1976 still use the previous definition where 28 municipalities were

13 Includes the population of the locality of Eloy Alfaro.

14 Includes the Governorate of Al-Qahirah (Cairo) and the cities of Al-Jizah (Giza) and Shubra al-Khaymah (Shubra-El-Khema).

15 Consisting of the urban parts of the municipios San Salvador, Mejicanos, Soyapango, Delgado, Ilopango, Cuscatancingo, Ayutuxtepeque and San Marcos.

16 Includes Espoo and Vantaa.

17 The agglomeration of Athínaí includes the localities of Calithèa, Peristérión and Piræus, among others.

18 Refers to the municipio of Ciudad de Guatemala.

19 Based on 1991 and 2001 data, definition of urban agglomeration is not restricted to state boundaries (National Capital Territory). Contiguous suburban cities and towns, such as Faridabad, Gurç

20 Refers to the municipality.

21 Data for earlier years refer to city proper.

22 Data prior to 1995 refer to urban agglomeration.

23 Data for 1985 and 1995 refer to the Governorates of Capital, Hawallí and Farwaniya. The number and names of governorates have changed over time as well as the limits of the urban agglome

24 Data prior to 1984 refer to City Proper.

- 25 Zona metropolitana, which includes several municipios.
- 26 Conurbación, which includes several localidades.
- 27 Zona metropolitana, which includes several municipios.
- 28 Rabat includes Salé and Temara; Casablanca includes Mohammedia.
- 29 Data refer to the municipality.
- 30 Refers to the municipalities of Amstelveen, Amsterdam, Diemen, Landsmeer, Oostzaan, Wormerland, Zaanstad
- 31 Lagos State.
- 32 Corresponds to the metropolitan agglomeration of Panama City, including the urban districts of Balboa (Ancón), Arrajian, La Chorrera and San Miguelito.
- 33 Great Lima includes the capitals of the departments of Lima and Callao as well as surrounding populated centres.
- 34 National Capital Region.
- 35 Data refer to municipalities included in Grande Lisboa and the Peninsula of Setúbal, as well as that of Azambuja.
- 36 Data refer to the metropolitan city.
- 37 Data refer to the ten municipalities of the City of Belgrade.
- 38 Includes resident and non-resident population.
- 39 Refers to "tätort" (According to the administrative divisions of 2005).
- 40 Ankara includes Altindag, Cankaya, Etimesgut, Golbasi, Keçioren, Mamak, Sincan and Yenimahalle.
- 41 Bursa includes Nilufer, Osmangazi and Yildirim.
- 42 Gaziantep includes Sahinbey and Sehitkami.
- 43 Istanbul includes Adalar, Avcilar, Bagicilar, Bahçelievler, Bakirkoy, Bayrampasa, Besiktas, Beykoz, Beyoglu, Eminonu, Esenler, Eyup, Fatih, Gaziosmanpasa, Gungoren, Kadikoy, Kagithane, Ka
- 44 Izmir includes Balcova, Bornova, Buca, Cigli, Gaziemir, Guzelbahce Karsiyaka, Konak and Narlidere (1950 and 1955 data for Izmir refer to city proper)
- 45 Konya includes Karatay, Meram and Selçuklu.
- 46 The urban agglomeration of Birmingham (also known as the West Midlands urban area) consists of 10 urban divisions, including Birmingham, Dudley, Oldbury/Smethwick, Solihull, Sutton Coldfi
- 47 Corresponds to the metropolitan area of Montevideo including the urban population of surrounding localities.
- 48 Refers to urban population in the city districts. Data after 2008 include urban population in former Ha Tay Province.

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
WORLD											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	3	4	7	10	13	17	19	23	29	35	37
Population in urban areas	53 185	69 249	104 557	145 005	186 356	242 814	284 943	352 465	451 145	560 211	630 005
Percentage of urban population	3.5	3.9	5.2	6.4	7.3	8.5	8.9	9.9	11.5	13.1	13.6
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	14	19	20	19	19	27	33	38	40	48	59
Population in urban areas	109 426	141 440	146 146	141 999	143 003	187 768	229 718	266 078	281 226	323 877	401 961
Percentage of urban population	7.1	8.1	7.3	6.2	5.6	6.6	7.2	7.5	7.2	7.5	8.7
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	144	173	197	237	270	311	340	388	449	506	572
Population in urban areas	291 663	333 042	378 760	455 502	534 183	597 943	667 652	759 919	887 590	999 814	1 127 589
Percentage of urban population	19.0	19.0	18.9	20.0	20.8	20.9	20.9	21.4	22.6	23.3	24.3
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	224	245	278	299	338	396	463	513	587	647	750
Population in urban areas	155 770	168 534	190 866	205 417	233 290	269 117	317 166	353 802	403 053	450 436	515 720
Percentage of urban population	10.1	9.6	9.5	9.0	9.1	9.4	9.9	9.9	10.3	10.5	11.1
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	927 625	1 040 962	1 184 168	1 333 482	1 467 301	1 560 991	1 698 055	1 826 313	1 903 779	1 955 479	1 967 307
Percentage of urban population	60.3	59.4	59.1	58.5	57.2	54.6	53.1	51.3	48.5	45.6	42.4
MORE DEVELOPED REGIONS											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	2	2	4	4	4	5	6	6	7	7	8
Population in urban areas	42 495	44 150	66 662	70 534	72 921	85 279	99 040	103 678	118 826	123 096	136 379
Percentage of urban population	5.9	5.8	8.4	8.5	8.5	9.7	10.8	10.8	12.0	12.1	13.1
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	6	6	4	4	4	5	7	8	10	14	13
Population in urban areas	49 657	51 184	32 488	33 344	34 458	36 472	44 131	52 800	62 122	86 820	81 382
Percentage of urban population	6.9	6.8	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.8	5.5	6.3	8.5	7.8
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	71	81	85	90	94	98	99	104	105	109	118
Population in urban areas	136 785	154 733	165 410	178 514	190 609	195 572	194 847	207 153	208 111	208 075	228 895
Percentage of urban population	19.0	20.4	20.9	21.6	22.3	22.2	21.2	21.6	21.0	20.4	21.9
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	105	105	112	111	115	117	121	127	141	148	167
Population in urban areas	73 066	71 323	75 720	76 008	78 418	78 807	81 834	85 356	94 896	100 046	111 166
Percentage of urban population	10.2	9.4	9.5	9.2	9.2	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.6	9.8	10.7
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	416 509	436 585	452 857	468 697	479 613	485 215	499 242	508 264	505 765	500 327	485 245
Percentage of urban population	58.0	57.6	57.1	56.7	56.0	55.1	54.3	53.1	51.1	49.1	46.5
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	1	2	3	6	9	12	13	17	22	28	29
Population in urban areas	10 690	25 099	37 895	74 471	113 435	157 535	185 904	248 787	332 318	437 115	493 626
Percentage of urban population	1.3	2.5	3.1	5.1	6.6	8.0	8.2	9.6	11.3	13.4	13.7
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	8	13	16	15	15	22	26	30	30	34	46
Population in urban areas	59 770	90 256	113 658	108 655	108 545	151 296	185 587	213 279	219 104	237 057	320 579
Percentage of urban population	7.3	9.1	9.4	7.5	6.4	7.7	8.1	8.2	7.5	7.2	8.9
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	73	92	112	147	176	213	241	284	344	397	454
Population in urban areas	154 878	178 309	213 350	276 988	343 573	402 372	472 805	552 767	679 479	791 740	898 694
Percentage of urban population	18.9	17.9	17.6	19.0	20.1	20.3	20.8	21.2	23.1	24.2	25.0
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	119	140	166	188	223	279	342	386	446	499	583
Population in urban areas	82 704	97 211	115 146	129 408	154 871	190 310	235 331	268 445	308 157	350 390	404 554
Percentage of urban population	10.1	9.8	9.5	8.9	9.1	9.6	10.3	10.3	10.5	10.7	11.2
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	511 116	604 377	731 310	864 785	987 688	1 075 776	1 198 813	1 318 049	1 398 014	1 455 151	1 482 062
Percentage of urban population	62.4	60.7	60.4	59.5	57.8	54.4	52.6	50.7	47.6	44.5	41.2

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
LEAST DEVELOPED COUNTRIES											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	2	2	2
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	10 285	12 615	14 930	27 694	32 387	37 442
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	6.4	6.5	6.4	9.8	9.6	9.3
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	2	3	5	7
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	6 621	8 332	5 414	6 766	13 484	17 314	31 846	47 856
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	6.2	6.3	3.4	3.5	5.8	6.1	9.4	11.9
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	4	6	10	12	15	19	24	27	31	39	44
Population in urban areas	6 871	11 376	19 442	21 432	29 396	35 031	48 634	56 701	64 819	79 521	94 989
Percentage of urban population	13.4	16.8	22.9	20.0	22.1	21.8	25.0	24.3	23.0	23.5	23.6
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	8	11	12	17	17	18	19	25	33	37	54
Population in urban areas	5 646	7 933	8 057	11 640	12 055	12 645	13 441	17 941	22 917	24 745	35 580
Percentage of urban population	11.1	11.7	9.5	10.9	9.1	7.9	6.9	7.7	8.1	7.3	8.8
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	38 570	48 262	57 359	67 219	83 102	97 224	112 953	130 746	149 060	169 664	187 176
Percentage of urban population	75.5	71.4	67.6	62.9	62.5	60.5	58.1	55.9	52.9	50.2	46.4
OTHER LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	1	2	3	6	9	11	12	16	20	26	27
Population in urban areas	10 690	25 099	37 895	74 471	113 435	147 250	173 289	233 857	304 625	404 729	456 184
Percentage of urban population	1.4	2.7	3.4	5.5	7.2	8.1	8.3	9.9	11.5	13.8	14.3
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	8	13	16	14	14	21	25	28	27	29	39
Population in urban areas	59 770	90 256	113 658	102 034	100 213	145 882	178 821	199 794	201 790	205 210	272 723
Percentage of urban population	7.8	9.7	10.1	7.6	6.4	8.0	8.6	8.4	7.6	7.0	8.5
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	69	86	102	135	161	194	217	257	313	358	410
Population in urban areas	148 007	166 933	193 908	255 556	314 177	367 340	424 172	496 066	614 660	712 219	803 705
Percentage of urban population	19.3	18.0	17.2	19.0	19.9	20.2	20.4	21.0	23.1	24.3	25.1
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	111	129	154	171	206	261	323	361	413	462	529
Population in urban areas	77 057	89 278	107 089	117 768	142 816	177 665	221 890	250 504	285 240	325 644	368 974
Percentage of urban population	10.0	9.6	9.5	8.7	9.1	9.8	10.6	10.6	10.7	11.1	11.5
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	472 545	556 115	673 952	797 566	904 586	978 553	1 085 860	1 187 304	1 248 953	1 285 488	1 294 885
Percentage of urban population	61.5	59.9	59.8	59.2	57.4	53.9	52.1	50.1	47.0	43.8	40.5
LESS DEVELOPED REGIONS, EXCLUDING CHINA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	1	2	3	6	8	10	11	13	16	21	22
Population in urban areas	10 690	25 099	37 895	74 471	102 986	133 414	156 965	193 525	245 244	326 790	373 282
Percentage of urban population	1.6	3.2	4.0	6.6	7.9	8.9	9.2	10.1	11.4	13.6	14.0
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	7	11	13	12	12	16	18	19	20	22	28
Population in urban areas	54 143	78 924	95 763	88 278	88 582	109 889	127 167	137 470	147 341	150 493	194 651
Percentage of urban population	8.3	10.0	10.0	7.8	6.8	7.3	7.5	7.2	6.9	6.3	7.3
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	57	73	89	115	131	156	174	204	247	276	315
Population in urban areas	119 733	140 309	169 957	216 964	255 457	290 616	335 745	400 581	486 317	555 300	641 423
Percentage of urban population	18.4	17.7	17.8	19.2	19.5	19.4	19.8	20.9	22.6	23.1	24.1
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	88	108	131	150	169	189	225	244	272	300	364
Population in urban areas	61 076	74 114	89 699	102 674	119 259	130 398	155 925	171 781	187 053	210 685	250 053
Percentage of urban population	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.1	9.1	8.7	9.2	9.0	8.7	8.8	9.4
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	403 660	472 875	559 903	649 570	744 953	835 106	923 093	1 013 181	1 084 177	1 155 716	1 201 533
Percentage of urban population	62.2	59.8	58.7	57.4	56.8	55.7	54.3	52.9	50.4	48.2	45.2

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	2	2
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 788	23 432	28 148	33 392
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.6	6.6	6.6	6.6
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	1	2	2	1	1	3	7
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	5 983	12 695	15 626	8 415	6 183	19 128	45 129
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	3.5	6.2	6.3	2.8	1.7	4.5	8.9
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	5	10	15	18	21	28	37	40	47	62	71
Population in urban areas	7 276	15 306	24 700	33 308	38 512	48 911	68 843	85 592	106 337	135 105	153 957
Percentage of urban population	10.3	17.1	22.1	23.9	22.5	23.7	27.7	28.7	29.7	31.7	30.5
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	14	15	22	27	29	31	33	44	53	52	71
Population in urban areas	10 410	10 445	14 085	19 055	20 865	21 670	22 143	30 783	37 690	36 098	47 142
Percentage of urban population	14.7	11.6	12.6	13.7	12.2	10.5	8.9	10.3	10.5	8.5	9.3
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	52 922	63 957	72 952	87 051	105 782	123 046	141 795	162 823	183 877	208 042	225 931
Percentage of urban population	75.0	71.3	65.3	62.4	61.8	59.6	57.1	54.6	51.4	48.8	44.7
AFRICA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	3	3	3
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	10 170	10 565	21 820	35 376	41 402	48 132
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	3.5	3.1	5.4	7.5	7.5	7.5
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	5	9
Population in urban areas	6 450	7 349	8 328	9 061	15 689	12 695	15 626	8 415	11 344	30 673	58 408
Percentage of urban population	6.0	5.5	5.0	4.5	6.4	4.4	4.6	2.1	2.4	5.6	9.1
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	8	14	19	23	26	34	43	47	54	68	81
Population in urban areas	12 817	22 719	33 216	44 408	51 228	63 751	84 985	104 350	123 118	148 291	172 681
Percentage of urban population	11.9	16.9	20.1	21.8	20.9	22.1	25.0	26.0	26.1	26.9	26.9
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	18	20	27	32	36	39	42	55	66	71	91
Population in urban areas	13 069	13 539	17 630	22 471	25 716	26 967	28 500	38 317	46 673	49 440	60 551
Percentage of urban population	12.1	10.1	10.6	11.0	10.5	9.4	8.4	9.6	9.9	9.0	9.4
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	75 414	90 612	106 484	127 443	152 098	174 820	200 627	227 750	254 316	281 747	302 651
Percentage of urban population	70.0	67.5	64.3	62.7	62.1	60.6	59.0	56.8	54.0	51.1	47.1
EASTERN AFRICA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5 677	13 419
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.8	9.3
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	1	3	5	6	9	9	9	11	15	17
Population in urban areas	—	1 175	3 612	6 569	9 139	13 837	16 209	18 866	25 638	31 981	37 015
Percentage of urban population	—	5.5	13.2	18.7	21.0	26.0	25.3	24.2	26.8	27.2	25.7
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	4	7	6	5	5	3	7	11	13	12	21
Population in urban areas	2 706	4 528	4 151	3 806	3 944	1 877	4 645	7 703	9 344	8 367	13 727
Percentage of urban population	17.2	21.0	15.1	10.8	9.1	3.5	7.2	9.9	9.8	7.1	9.5
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	13 044	15 850	19 689	24 729	30 439	37 410	43 297	51 385	60 814	71 736	79 920
Percentage of urban population	82.8	73.5	71.7	70.4	69.9	70.4	67.5	65.9	63.5	60.9	55.5

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
MIDDLE AFRICA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 312	12 322	14 535
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16.5	16.5	16.6
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	1	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	5 414	6 766	8 415	6 183	7 555	8 924
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	15.6	15.9	16.2	9.9	10.1	10.2
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	1	1	2	2	4	4	6	8	8	10	12
Population in urban areas	1 482	2 053	4 017	5 088	8 654	6 454	10 785	16 010	14 842	20 070	25 968
Percentage of urban population	11.8	13.3	21.2	21.9	29.8	18.6	25.3	30.9	23.7	26.9	29.6
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	1	2	4	5	5	8	7	6	8	9	14
Population in urban areas	665	1 532	2 476	3 641	3 470	5 299	4 800	4 389	5 877	6 266	9 062
Percentage of urban population	5.3	9.9	13.1	15.7	12.0	15.2	11.3	8.5	9.4	8.4	10.3
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	10 446	11 891	12 419	14 493	16 888	17 608	20 227	23 046	25 288	28 296	29 310
Percentage of urban population	83.0	76.8	65.7	62.4	58.2	50.6	47.5	44.4	40.5	38.0	33.4
NORTHERN AFRICA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	1	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	10 170	10 565	11 031	11 944	13 254	14 740
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	12.4	11.5	10.8	10.5	10.6	10.8
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	1	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	1	2	2
Population in urban areas	6 450	7 349	8 328	9 061	9 707	—	—	—	5 161	11 545	13 279
Percentage of urban population	17.4	16.5	15.4	14.2	13.2	—	—	—	4.6	9.2	9.7
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	7	7	6	10
Population in urban areas	5 541	7 413	8 516	11 099	12 716	14 840	16 142	18 758	16 782	13 185	18 725
Percentage of urban population	14.9	16.7	15.8	17.4	17.3	18.1	17.6	18.3	14.8	10.5	13.7
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	4	5	5	5	7	8	9	11	13	19	20
Population in urban areas	2 659	3 093	3 545	3 416	4 852	5 296	6 357	7 534	8 983	13 341	13 409
Percentage of urban population	7.2	6.9	6.6	5.3	6.6	6.5	6.9	7.4	7.9	10.7	9.8
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	22 492	26 656	33 532	40 392	46 316	51 773	58 832	64 926	70 438	73 705	76 720
Percentage of urban population	60.6	59.9	62.2	63.1	62.9	63.1	64.0	63.5	62.2	58.9	56.1
SOUTHERN AFRICA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	3	4	4	4	4	5	7	7	7	7	7
Population in urban areas	3 905	5 586	6 382	7 307	8 634	11 227	15 167	17 231	18 861	20 327	21 829
Percentage of urban population	30.3	37.9	37.0	35.6	35.5	40.6	49.2	51.0	52.2	53.0	53.7
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	3	2	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	5	5
Population in urban areas	2 152	1 278	1 975	2 482	2 662	1 855	548	632	1 748	2 970	3 292
Percentage of urban population	16.7	8.7	11.5	12.1	10.9	6.7	1.8	1.9	4.8	7.7	8.1
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	6 816	7 891	8 876	10 755	13 058	14 565	15 132	15 914	15 511	15 075	15 526
Percentage of urban population	53.0	53.5	51.5	52.4	53.6	52.7	49.1	47.1	42.9	39.3	38.2

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
WESTERN AFRICA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 788	13 121	15 825	18 857
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.1
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	—	1	4
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	5 983	7 281	8 859	—	—	5 896	22 786
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	8.1	8.0	8.0	—	—	3.0	9.8
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	1	4	6	7	7	10	15	16	21	30	35
Population in urban areas	1 890	6 492	10 689	14 344	12 085	17 393	26 682	33 484	46 996	62 727	69 145
Percentage of urban population	6.4	17.1	22.2	23.7	16.3	19.2	24.1	24.8	28.8	32.0	29.7
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	6	4	9	14	16	18	18	26	29	26	31
Population in urban areas	4 888	3 106	5 482	9 126	10 788	12 640	12 151	18 059	20 722	18 495	21 060
Percentage of urban population	16.6	8.2	11.4	15.1	14.5	13.9	11.0	13.4	12.7	9.4	9.0
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	22 616	28 325	31 968	37 074	45 397	53 464	63 139	72 478	82 264	92 935	101 174
Percentage of urban population	76.9	74.7	66.4	61.2	61.1	58.9	57.0	53.8	50.4	47.4	43.4
ASIA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	1	1	3	5	7	9	10	13	17	21	22
Population in urban areas	26 615	28 549	51 045	77 435	103 987	135 210	161 201	210 301	277 657	351 773	396 412
Percentage of urban population	4.4	4.0	5.9	7.5	8.6	9.7	10.0	11.4	13.3	15.3	15.8
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	5	11	12	12	11	17	20	25	24	25	32
Population in urban areas	37 248	74 893	81 169	84 162	80 780	119 676	143 901	176 045	176 093	183 013	232 141
Percentage of urban population	6.2	10.5	9.4	8.2	6.7	8.6	8.9	9.5	8.5	7.9	9.2
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	55	61	73	96	119	142	158	188	235	269	305
Population in urban areas	122 385	123 337	142 631	180 067	233 620	269 214	311 219	353 443	443 872	522 319	589 545
Percentage of urban population	20.5	17.2	16.5	17.4	19.4	19.3	19.3	19.1	21.3	22.7	23.5
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	76	94	106	114	139	189	242	274	324	370	424
Population in urban areas	51 831	65 216	74 249	78 590	95 342	127 618	165 804	189 845	220 168	257 622	295 857
Percentage of urban population	8.7	9.1	8.6	7.6	7.9	9.2	10.3	10.3	10.6	11.2	11.8
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	360 009	423 239	516 019	612 020	692 409	740 513	832 235	918 098	964 369	989 990	998 079
Percentage of urban population	60.2	59.2	59.6	59.3	57.4	53.2	51.6	49.7	46.3	43.0	39.7
EASTERN ASIA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	1	1	2	3	4	4	4	6	8	9	9
Population in urban areas	26 615	28 549	40 654	54 109	65 345	69 736	75 819	103 624	137 054	161 037	171 036
Percentage of urban population	9.5	8.8	10.5	11.7	12.0	11.1	10.2	12.1	14.2	15.3	15.3
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	3	4	4	3	3	7	9	12	11	13	19
Population in urban areas	22 278	29 581	27 443	20 377	19 963	51 324	68 246	85 559	81 503	96 413	135 795
Percentage of urban population	7.9	9.1	7.1	4.4	3.7	8.2	9.2	10.0	8.5	9.2	12.1
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	25	29	33	44	57	70	81	95	114	139	157
Population in urban areas	51 067	57 470	65 009	86 007	116 018	141 247	168 050	185 009	229 388	275 030	296 830
Percentage of urban population	18.2	17.7	16.7	18.6	21.4	22.5	22.6	21.6	23.8	26.1	26.5
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	36	37	42	49	68	106	132	156	190	215	237
Population in urban areas	24 553	26 121	30 002	33 266	44 834	70 253	89 400	106 508	131 744	150 333	166 478
Percentage of urban population	8.8	8.1	7.7	7.2	8.3	11.2	12.0	12.4	13.7	14.3	14.9
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	155 753	182 449	225 215	267 889	296 937	295 777	340 763	375 136	383 808	369 159	348 931
Percentage of urban population	55.6	56.3	58.0	58.0	54.7	47.1	45.9	43.8	39.8	35.1	31.2

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
SOUTH-CENTRAL ASIA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	1	2	3	5	5	5	6	8	9
Population in urban areas	—	—	10 391	23 326	38 642	65 473	74 621	84 070	104 817	140 613	170 144
Percentage of urban population	—	—	3.6	6.9	9.9	14.7	14.7	14.6	16.2	19.3	20.9
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	2	5	4	5	4	5	6	7	8	6	6
Population in urban areas	14 970	33 374	29 143	35 197	29 322	29 700	39 146	50 249	59 549	46 505	46 345
Percentage of urban population	7.7	13.9	10.1	10.4	7.5	6.7	7.7	8.8	9.2	6.4	5.7
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	14	12	18	29	35	41	45	53	68	70	79
Population in urban areas	33 631	26 897	39 536	49 672	64 258	68 057	78 746	93 857	113 442	132 010	157 035
Percentage of urban population	17.3	11.2	13.8	14.7	16.4	15.3	15.5	16.4	17.5	18.1	19.3
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	28	45	50	43	45	49	62	65	76	93	115
Population in urban areas	18 286	30 764	35 132	30 635	32 791	34 879	43 432	45 786	48 545	63 869	79 887
Percentage of urban population	9.4	12.8	12.2	9.0	8.4	7.8	8.5	8.0	7.5	8.8	9.8
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	127 558	149 135	172 991	200 080	225 912	247 991	272 204	300 077	320 882	344 581	361 186
Percentage of urban population	65.6	62.1	60.2	59.0	57.8	55.6	53.6	52.3	49.6	47.4	44.3
SOUTH-EASTERN ASIA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	3	3
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 761	11 654	23 326	36 331	40 335
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.7	4.5	7.9	11.1	11.2
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	2	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3
Population in urban areas	—	11 939	19 176	22 037	23 829	24 709	21 428	29 119	21 986	19 755	21 845
Percentage of urban population	—	13.1	16.8	15.6	14.2	12.3	9.3	11.1	7.5	6.0	6.0
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	8	8	9	10	11	13	12	16	22	28	31
Population in urban areas	23 444	18 042	16 780	19 814	23 004	27 706	25 485	28 634	40 000	48 392	58 185
Percentage of urban population	31.4	19.7	14.7	14.1	13.7	13.8	11.1	10.9	13.6	14.8	16.1
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	6	7	8	9	12	15	23	24	27	25	33
Population in urban areas	4 217	4 884	5 198	5 947	7 824	9 711	15 693	17 822	19 011	17 090	21 979
Percentage of urban population	5.6	5.3	4.6	4.2	4.7	4.9	6.8	6.8	6.5	5.2	6.1
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	47 038	56 533	72 979	93 111	113 143	138 054	156 512	174 303	190 249	206 455	218 968
Percentage of urban population	63.0	61.9	63.9	66.1	67.4	69.0	68.1	66.6	64.6	62.9	60.6
WESTERN ASIA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 953	12 459	13 791	14 897
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	4
Population in urban areas	—	—	5 407	6 552	7 665	13 944	15 080	11 118	13 054	20 340	28 155
Percentage of urban population	—	—	7.2	7.2	7.3	11.9	11.2	7.1	7.4	10.3	13.0
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	8	12	13	13	16	18	20	24	31	32	38
Population in urban areas	14 243	20 928	21 305	24 576	30 340	32 205	38 938	45 943	61 042	66 888	77 495
Percentage of urban population	29.3	35.2	28.2	27.1	29.1	27.4	29.0	29.4	34.5	33.9	35.7
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	6	5	6	13	14	19	25	29	31	37	39
Population in urban areas	4 775	3 447	3 917	8 743	9 892	12 775	17 279	19 730	20 868	26 330	27 513
Percentage of urban population	9.8	5.8	5.2	9.6	9.5	10.9	12.9	12.6	11.8	13.4	12.7
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	29 659	35 122	44 835	50 940	56 416	58 690	62 755	68 582	69 431	69 796	68 993
Percentage of urban population	60.9	59.0	59.4	56.1	54.1	49.9	46.8	43.9	39.3	35.4	31.8

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
EUROPE											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	2	2	2	3
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	10 005	20 860	21 988	23 241	24 159	34 994
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	1.9	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	6.2
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3
Population in urban areas	23 727	24 466	25 203	25 971	26 619	22 978	19 266	20 816	22 453	28 843	19 751
Percentage of urban population	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	4.5	3.7	3.9	4.1	5.2	3.5
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	35	42	44	46	47	49	48	49	50	54	57
Population in urban areas	66 514	76 538	80 096	83 484	84 905	83 230	79 284	81 960	85 350	88 881	95 638
Percentage of urban population	15.1	16.4	16.5	16.6	16.6	16.2	15.2	15.3	15.6	15.9	16.9
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	72	72	77	77	77	75	79	83	87	90	96
Population in urban areas	50 639	48 911	51 643	52 271	52 051	49 707	52 115	54 649	57 743	59 093	63 351
Percentage of urban population	11.5	10.5	10.6	10.4	10.2	9.7	10.0	10.2	10.5	10.6	11.2
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	300 272	316 403	328 443	341 257	347 981	348 626	351 738	357 199	358 743	356 608	352 566
Percentage of urban population	68.1	67.9	67.7	67.8	68.0	67.8	67.2	66.6	65.5	64.0	62.3
EASTERN EUROPE											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	1	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	10 005	10 755	11 472	12 144	12 478	12 576
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	4.8	5.3	5.6	6.0	6.1	6.2
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	1	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	1
Population in urban areas	7 623	8 136	8 580	8 987	9 201	—	—	—	—	5 065	5 143
Percentage of urban population	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	—	—	—	—	2.5	2.5
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	12	20	21	22	23	23	21	21	21	21	21
Population in urban areas	19 804	29 774	32 210	34 177	34 609	34 034	32 097	32 615	33 224	29 980	30 742
Percentage of urban population	11.5	15.8	16.0	16.2	16.4	16.4	15.8	16.1	16.3	14.7	15.1
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	26	25	28	30	29	29	33	35	34	35	35
Population in urban areas	19 710	16 688	18 616	19 836	18 694	18 556	21 577	22 811	22 604	23 143	23 794
Percentage of urban population	11.4	8.9	9.3	9.4	8.8	8.9	10.6	11.2	11.1	11.3	11.6
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	125 396	133 605	141 684	148 167	148 756	144 878	138 629	136 143	135 656	133 516	131 983
Percentage of urban population	72.7	71.0	70.5	70.2	70.4	69.8	68.3	67.1	66.6	65.4	64.6
NORTHERN EUROPE											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 255
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11.8
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	—
Population in urban areas	7 546	7 660	7 667	7 654	7 908	8 225	8 552	8 923	9 348	9 796	—
Percentage of urban population	11.3	11.2	11.0	10.8	10.9	11.2	11.3	11.4	11.5	11.6	—
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	7	5	6	6	6	7	8	8	8	9	10
Population in urban areas	11 158	8 753	9 510	9 323	9 395	10 501	11 676	12 011	12 552	14 461	16 428
Percentage of urban population	16.7	12.7	13.6	13.1	13.0	14.3	15.5	15.3	15.5	17.2	18.9
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	8	10	10	10	10	9	9	10	13	13	15
Population in urban areas	5 524	7 400	7 106	7 427	7 520	6 618	6 192	6 885	8 780	8 795	9 893
Percentage of urban population	8.3	10.8	10.2	10.5	10.4	9.0	8.2	8.8	10.8	10.5	11.4
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	42 684	44 870	45 412	46 582	47 410	48 149	49 016	50 504	50 494	51 071	50 514
Percentage of urban population	63.8	65.3	65.2	65.6	65.6	65.5	65.0	64.5	62.2	60.7	58.0

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
SOUTHERN EUROPE											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	2	2	2	2
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	5 014	10 714	11 893	13 105	13 982	14 608
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	5.3	10.7	11.3	12.1	12.5	12.8
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	9	10	10	10	10	9	8	8	8	9	10
Population in urban areas	23 786	26 308	26 729	26 910	27 531	23 254	18 635	18 885	19 348	21 184	23 126
Percentage of urban population	29.9	30.8	30.1	29.6	29.6	24.5	18.6	18.0	17.8	19.0	20.3
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	16	15	17	17	17	18	18	18	20	21	25
Population in urban areas	10 543	9 997	11 153	11 235	11 279	11 826	11 918	12 158	13 586	14 290	16 639
Percentage of urban population	13.3	11.7	12.6	12.4	12.1	12.4	11.9	11.6	12.5	12.8	14.6
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	45 121	49 244	50 939	52 765	54 131	54 919	58 656	62 083	62 505	62 030	59 772
Percentage of urban population	56.8	57.6	57.4	58.0	58.2	57.8	58.7	59.1	57.6	55.6	52.4
WESTERN EUROPE											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 105	10 516	11 097	11 681	12 163
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.6
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	1	1	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	8 558	8 669	8 956	9 330	9 510	9 739	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.0	7.0	—	—	—	—	—
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	7	7	7	8	8	10	11	12	13	15	16
Population in urban areas	11 766	11 703	11 647	13 074	13 370	15 441	16 876	18 448	20 226	23 256	25 342
Percentage of urban population	9.6	9.4	9.3	10.1	9.9	11.1	11.7	12.3	13.1	14.7	15.8
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	22	22	22	20	21	19	19	20	20	21	21
Population in urban areas	14 861	14 826	14 768	13 774	14 557	12 707	12 428	12 794	12 773	12 866	13 025
Percentage of urban population	12.2	12.0	11.7	10.6	10.8	9.2	8.6	8.5	8.3	8.2	8.1
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	87 072	88 685	90 408	93 743	97 684	100 680	105 437	108 470	110 088	109 992	110 297
Percentage of urban population	71.2	71.6	71.9	72.2	72.3	72.7	72.8	72.2	71.4	69.7	68.6
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	1	2	2	3	4	4	4	4	4	6	6
Population in urban areas	10 690	25 099	27 504	40 601	54 087	57 771	61 018	65 029	69 265	94 653	99 774
Percentage of urban population	5.4	10.8	10.1	13.0	15.3	14.7	14.2	14.0	13.9	17.8	17.8
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	3	2	3	2	2	3	4	4	4	4	5
Population in urban areas	25 916	18 005	24 161	15 432	12 076	18 925	26 060	28 818	31 667	23 371	30 031
Percentage of urban population	13.2	7.7	8.9	5.0	3.4	4.8	6.1	6.2	6.3	4.4	5.4
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	16	23	26	34	37	43	46	55	61	66	74
Population in urban areas	30 535	44 126	50 072	66 033	72 854	83 787	91 325	110 142	128 316	137 484	153 087
Percentage of urban population	15.6	18.9	18.5	21.2	20.7	21.3	21.2	23.7	25.7	25.9	27.3
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	26	27	35	44	51	54	61	60	62	64	73
Population in urban areas	18 319	19 018	24 354	29 478	35 504	37 445	42 760	42 039	44 698	46 873	51 192
Percentage of urban population	9.3	8.2	9.0	9.5	10.1	9.5	9.9	9.0	8.9	8.8	9.1
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	110 797	126 707	145 189	160 077	178 092	195 693	209 216	219 219	225 515	228 855	225 946
Percentage of urban population	56.5	54.4	53.5	51.4	50.5	49.7	48.6	47.1	45.2	43.1	40.3

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
CARIBBEAN											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	2	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Population in urban areas	2 916	4 381	5 123	7 092	7 657	8 201	8 828	8 903	9 387	10 022	10 782
Percentage of urban population	21.6	28.5	30.0	37.1	35.7	34.8	34.3	32.1	31.7	32.0	32.7
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Population in urban areas	1 486	1 217	1 427	582	584	580	1 105	1 143	1 202	1 312	1 432
Percentage of urban population	11.0	7.9	8.3	3.0	2.7	2.5	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.3
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	9 091	9 775	10 546	11 423	13 198	14 794	15 837	17 679	19 016	20 028	20 734
Percentage of urban population	67.4	63.6	61.7	59.8	61.6	62.8	61.5	63.8	64.2	63.9	62.9
CENTRAL AMERICA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Population in urban areas	10 690	13 010	14 109	15 312	16 811	18 022	18 735	20 142	21 706	23 239	24 581
Percentage of urban population	23.3	23.5	22.1	20.8	20.1	19.3	18.3	17.9	17.7	17.6	17.4
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10 405	11 168
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7.9	7.9
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	2	3	3	3	6	11	11	16	20	22	27
Population in urban areas	3 439	5 401	6 283	7 291	11 339	18 461	20 405	28 228	35 922	33 682	42 330
Percentage of urban population	7.5	9.8	9.8	9.9	13.6	19.8	19.9	25.1	29.3	25.5	30.0
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	6	9	13	21	23	22	28	28	28	26	25
Population in urban areas	3 842	5 674	8 759	14 836	16 731	15 335	20 043	19 721	20 168	19 417	18 263
Percentage of urban population	8.4	10.3	13.7	20.2	20.0	16.4	19.6	17.6	16.5	14.7	12.9
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	27 988	31 174	34 744	36 149	38 751	41 427	43 263	44 247	44 629	45 346	44 900
Percentage of urban population	60.9	56.4	54.4	49.1	46.3	44.4	42.2	39.4	36.5	34.3	31.8
SOUTH AMERICA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	1	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	5	5
Population in urban areas	—	12 089	13 395	25 289	37 277	39 749	42 283	44 887	47 559	71 414	75 193
Percentage of urban population	—	7.4	7.0	11.6	15.1	14.4	14.0	13.8	13.7	19.4	19.5
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	3	2	3	2	2	3	4	4	4	2	3
Population in urban areas	25 916	18 005	24 161	15 432	12 076	18 925	26 060	28 818	31 667	12 966	18 863
Percentage of urban population	18.9	11.1	12.7	7.0	4.9	6.8	8.6	8.9	9.1	3.5	4.9
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	12	17	20	27	27	28	31	35	37	40	43
Population in urban areas	24 180	34 344	38 666	51 650	53 858	57 124	62 092	73 010	83 008	93 781	99 975
Percentage of urban population	17.7	21.2	20.3	23.6	21.8	20.6	20.5	22.5	23.9	25.5	25.9
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	18	16	20	22	27	31	31	30	32	36	46
Population in urban areas	12 991	12 127	14 169	14 060	18 189	21 530	21 612	21 175	23 329	26 144	31 497
Percentage of urban population	9.5	7.5	7.4	6.4	7.3	7.8	7.2	6.5	6.7	7.1	8.2
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	73 719	85 757	99 899	112 505	126 143	139 472	150 116	157 293	161 870	163 481	160 313
Percentage of urban population	53.9	52.8	52.5	51.4	51.0	50.4	49.7	48.4	46.6	44.5	41.5

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
NORTHERN AMERICA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Population in urban areas	15 880	15 601	26 008	26 969	28 282	29 659	31 300	33 327	45 606	48 226	50 693
Percentage of urban population	8.9	8.3	13.0	12.7	12.4	12.0	11.8	11.8	15.3	15.3	15.4
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	2	2	1	1	1	2	4	5	7	9	9
Population in urban areas	16 086	16 728	7 285	7 374	7 839	13 494	24 865	31 984	39 669	52 723	55 985
Percentage of urban population	9.0	8.9	3.7	3.5	3.4	5.4	9.4	11.3	13.3	16.7	17.0
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	28	30	31	33	36	37	39	43	43	44	50
Population in urban areas	53 891	59 262	64 163	71 227	80 661	85 310	87 351	95 452	90 955	90 683	103 506
Percentage of urban population	30.1	31.5	32.2	33.6	35.3	34.4	32.9	33.8	30.4	28.8	31.4
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	28	29	31	31	34	39	38	39	46	50	60
Population in urban areas	18 604	19 237	21 185	21 736	23 701	27 380	27 479	27 857	32 547	36 053	41 075
Percentage of urban population	10.4	10.2	10.6	10.2	10.4	11.0	10.3	9.9	10.9	11.4	12.4
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	74 512	77 290	80 816	84 783	88 125	92 068	94 616	93 860	90 184	87 221	78 782
Percentage of urban population	41.6	41.1	40.5	40.0	38.5	37.1	35.6	33.2	30.2	27.7	23.9
OCEANIA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5 254	5 646
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17.6	17.8
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	2	3	4	5	5	6	6	6	6	5	5
Population in urban areas	5 521	7 058	8 583	10 283	10 914	12 652	13 487	14 573	15 978	12 156	13 132
Percentage of urban population	35.7	43.1	48.8	54.0	53.3	57.7	57.1	56.4	57.4	40.8	41.3
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	4	3	2	1	1	—	1	2	2	2	6
Population in urban areas	3 308	2 614	1 805	870	976	—	508	1 095	1 224	1 356	3 694
Percentage of urban population	21.4	16.0	10.3	4.6	4.8	—	2.2	4.2	4.4	4.5	11.6
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	6 618	6 712	7 215	7 903	8 596	9 272	9 625	10 189	10 650	11 059	9 286
Percentage of urban population	42.8	41.0	41.0	41.5	42.0	42.3	40.8	39.4	38.2	37.1	29.2
AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5 254	5 646
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19.5	19.8
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	2	3	4	5	5	6	6	6	6	5	5
Population in urban areas	5 521	7 058	8 583	10 283	10 914	12 652	13 487	14 573	15 978	12 156	13 132
Percentage of urban population	38.1	46.3	52.8	58.8	58.2	63.2	62.6	61.8	63.1	45.0	46.0
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	4	3	2	1	1	—	1	2	2	2	5
Population in urban areas	3 308	2 614	1 805	870	976	—	508	1 095	1 224	1 356	3 084
Percentage of urban population	22.8	17.2	11.1	5.0	5.2	—	2.4	4.6	4.8	5.0	10.8
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	5 657	5 568	5 860	6 327	6 847	7 358	7 555	7 926	8 135	8 232	6 676
Percentage of urban population	39.1	36.5	36.1	36.2	36.5	36.8	35.1	33.6	32.1	30.5	23.4

Table A.17. Urban population, number of cities and percentage of urban population, by size class of settlement, major area and region, 1975-2025

Major area, region and size class	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025
MELANESIA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	610
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25.0
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	649	783	935	1 097	1 218	1 335	1 455	1 621	1 831	2 098	1 833
Percentage of urban population	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	75.0
MICRONESIA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	153	185	222	261	297	325	345	358	385	412	439
Percentage of urban population	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
POLYNESIA											
10 million or more											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 to 10 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 to 5 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
500 000 to 1 million											
Number of agglomerations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Population in urban areas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fewer Than 500 000											
Population in urban areas	159	176	198	218	234	254	270	284	299	317	338
Percentage of urban population	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (with 750,000 or more inhabitants in 2011)
by coastal status, type of Aridity Zone, and risk decile of natural disasters

Country	City	Population (in million)			Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location	Type		Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
Afghanistan	Kabul	3.10	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
Algeria	El Djazaïr (Algiers)	2.92	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—
	Wahran (Oran)	0.78	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Angola	Huambo	1.10	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Luanda	5.07	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Argentina	Buenos Aires	13.53	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Córdoba	1.56	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	La Plata	0.76	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Mendoza	0.96	In land	Arid	—	—	5-7th	5-7th	—	—	—
	Rosario	1.28	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	San Miguel de Tucumán	0.87	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Armenia	Yerevan	1.12	In land	Semiarid	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—
Australia	Adelaide	1.20	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Brisbane	2.04	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Melbourne	3.96	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Perth	1.65	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Sydney	4.54	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Austria	Wien (Vienna)	1.72	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
Azerbaijan	Baku	2.12	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—	—
Bangladesh	Chittagong	5.24	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	5-7th	5-7th	8-10th	—	—
	Dhaka	15.39	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Khulna	1.78	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	1st-4th	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Rajshahi	0.93	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	1st-4th	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
Belarus	Minsk	1.86	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
Belgium	Antwerpen	0.96	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Bruxelles-Brussel	1.95	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
Benin	Cotonou	0.92	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	La Paz	1.71	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	8-10th	5-7th	—
	Santa Cruz	1.72	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Brazil	Aracaju	0.76	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Baixada Santista	1.68	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Belém	2.07	Coastal	Semiarid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Belo Horizonte	5.49	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Brasília	3.81	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Campinas	2.85	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Campo Grande	0.79	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Cuiabá	0.80	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Curitiba	3.19	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Florianópolis	1.04	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Fortaleza	3.59	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Goiânia	2.10	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Grande São Luís	1.33	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Grande Vitória	1.70	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	João Pessoa	1.09	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Maceió	1.18	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Manaus	1.85	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Natal	1.29	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Norte/Nordeste Catarinense	1.13	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Pôrto Alegre	3.93	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)		Type	Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location			Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
	Recife	3.73	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Rio de Janeiro	11.96	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Salvador	4.06	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	São Paulo	19.92	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Sorocaba	0.80	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Teresina	0.91	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Bulgaria	Sofia	1.17	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—
Burkina Faso	Ouagadougou	2.05	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Cote d'Ivoire	Abidjan	4.29	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Yamoussoukro	0.97	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cambodia	Phnum Pénh (Phnom Penh)	1.55	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Cameroon	Douala	2.45	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Yaoundé	2.43	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	Calgary	1.22	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Edmonton	1.14	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Montréal	3.86	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
	Ottawa-Gatineau	1.21	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—	—
	Québec	0.76	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Toronto	5.57	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Vancouver	2.27	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chad	N'Djaména	1.08	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Chile	Concepción	0.77	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—
	Santiago	6.03	In land	Semiarid	3+ hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	—	—
	Valparaíso	0.88	Coastal	Not Arid	3+ hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	—	—
China	Anshan, Liaoning	1.69	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Anyang	1.14	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Baoding	1.18	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Baoji	0.93	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Baotou	1.95	In land	Arid	—	—	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—	—
	Beijing	15.59	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Bengbu	0.94	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Benxi	0.98	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Changchun	3.69	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Changde	0.94	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Changsha, Hunan	3.34	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Changshu	0.76	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Changzhou, Jiangsu	2.40	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Chengdu	6.67	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Chifeng	0.86	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Chongqing	9.98	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Cixi	0.79	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Dalian	3.36	Coastal	Not Arid	—	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Dandong	0.81	Coastal	Not Arid	—	5-7th	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Daqing	1.60	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Datong, Shanxi	1.39	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Dongguan, Guangdong	7.28	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Dongying	0.99	Coastal	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Foshan	6.49	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Fushun, Liaoning	1.38	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Fuxin	0.84	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Fuyang	0.89	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Fuzhou, Fujian	2.90	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Guangzhou, Guangdong	10.85	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Guilin	0.99	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Guiyang	2.52	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Haerbin	5.69	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Haicheng	0.75	Coastal	Not Arid	—	5-7th	5-7th	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
	Haikou	1.62	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Handan	1.31	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)			Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location	Type		Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
	Hangzhou	5.45	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Hefei	3.01	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Hengyang	1.14	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Hohhot	1.50	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Huai'an	1.32	In land	Not Arid	—	5-7th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Huaibei	1.01	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Huainan	1.44	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Huangshi	0.77	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Huizhou	1.86	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Huludao	0.83	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Huzhou	0.82	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Jiamusi	0.84	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Jiangmen	1.13	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Jiangyin	0.77	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Jiaozuo	0.80	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Jiaxing	0.79	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Jilin	1.94	In land	Not Arid	—	5-7th	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Jinan, Shandong	3.70	In land	Dry subhumid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Jingzhou	1.07	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Jining, Shandong	1.25	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Jinjiang	0.91	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Jinzhou	0.87	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Jiujiang	0.80	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Jixi, Heilongjiang	1.07	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Kaohsiung	1.52	Coastal	Not Arid	3+ hazards	8-10th	—	8-10th	5-7th	8-10th	—
	Kunming	3.47	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	8-10th	—	5-7th	—
	Lanzhou	2.56	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Lianyungang	1.02	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Liaocheng	0.76	In land	Dry subhumid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Linyi, Shandong	1.45	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	1st-4th	8-10th	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—
	Liuzhou	1.39	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Lufeng	0.75	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Luoyang	1.58	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Luzhou	0.87	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Maoming	1.05	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Mianyang, Sichuan	1.03	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Mudanjiang	0.80	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Nanchang	2.41	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Nanchong	0.83	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Nanjing, Jiangsu	5.87	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Nanning	2.14	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Nantong	1.62	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Nanyang, Henan	1.23	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Nejjiang	0.91	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Ningbo	2.75	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Panjin	0.84	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Pingdingshan, Henan	1.04	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Pingxiang, Jiangxi	0.75	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Puning	0.94	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Putian	1.08	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Qingdao	3.80	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Qinhuangdao	0.91	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Qiqihaer	1.62	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Quanzhou	1.10	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Rizhao	0.84	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Shanghai	20.21	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Shantou	4.17	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Shaoguan	0.86	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Shaoxing	0.90	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Shenyang	5.57	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Shenzhen	10.63	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Shijiazhuang	2.84	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Shiyan	0.76	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Suzhou, Jiangsu	3.46	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Taian, Shandong	1.28	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Taichung	1.16	In land	Not Arid	3+ hazards	8-10th	—	8-10th	8-10th	5-7th	—
	Tainan	0.79	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	8-10th	5-7th	—	—
	Taipei	2.66	In land	Not Arid	3+ hazards	8-10th	—	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th
	Taiyuan, Shanxi	3.50	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Taizhou	1.35	Coastal	Not Arid	—	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Taizhou	0.81	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Tangshan, Hebei	1.93	Coastal	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	8-10th	—	—	—
	Tianjin	8.74	Coastal	Dry subhumid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—	—	—

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)			Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location	Type		Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
Ürümqi (Wulumqi)		3.12	In land	Semiarid	—	—	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
Weifang		1.75	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—	—
Weihai		0.83	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Wenzhou		2.73	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Wuhan		9.16	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Wuhu, Anhui		1.25	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Wuxi, Jiangsu		3.37	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Xiamen		2.88	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Xi'an, Shaanxi		4.98	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Xiangtan, Hunan		0.98	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Xiangyang		1.57	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
Xianyang, Shaanxi		1.04	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Xining		1.23	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	—	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—
Xinxiang		1.04	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Xuzhou		2.24	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
Yancheng, Jiangsu		1.33	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Yangzhou		1.60	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
Yantai		1.56	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—	—	—
Yichang		1.00	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Yinchuan		1.12	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	8-10th	—	—	—
Yingkou		0.88	Coastal	Not Arid	—	5-7th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Yiwu		0.76	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Yiyang, Hunan		0.83	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Yueyang		1.18	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Zaozhuang		1.21	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—	—
Zhangjiakou		1.07	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Zhanjiang		1.04	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Zhengzhou		3.96	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Zhenjiang, Jiangsu		1.05	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
Zhongshan		2.86	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Zhuhai		1.39	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Zhuzhou		1.05	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Zibo		2.52	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Zigong		0.96	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
Zunyi		0.88	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
China, Hong Kong SAR											
Hong Kong		7.12	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Colombia											
Barranquilla		1.90	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
Bogotá		8.74	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	5-7th	8-10th	5-7th	—
Bucaramanga		1.12	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
Cali		2.45	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	5-7th	8-10th	5-7th	—
Cartagena		0.99	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—
Cúcuta		0.79	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	5-7th	8-10th	5-7th	—
Medellín		3.69	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	1st-4th	8-10th	5-7th	—
Congo											
Brazzaville		1.61	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Pointe-Noire		0.83	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Costa Rica											
San José		1.52	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	1st-4th	1st-4th	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	—
Cuba											
La Habana (Havana)		2.12	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Czech Republic											
Praha (Prague)		1.28	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
Dem. People's Republic of Korea											
P'yongyang		2.84	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Democratic Rep. of the Congo											
Kananga		0.89	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Kinshasa		8.80	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Kisangani		0.82	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
Lubumbashi		1.56	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
Mbuji-Mayi		1.50	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Denmark											
København (Copenhagen)		1.21	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Dominican Republic											
Santo Domingo		2.19	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	5-7th	8-10th	—	—
Ecuador											
Guayaquil		2.29	Coastal	Dry subhumid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
Quito		1.62	In land	Not Arid	3+ hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)			Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location	Type		Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
Egypt											
	Al-Iskandariyah (Alexandria)	4.49	Coastal	Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Al-Qahirah (Cairo)	11.17	In land	Hyperarid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
El Salvador											
	San Salvador	1.60	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	—	5-7th	8-10th	8-10th	5-7th
Ethiopia											
	Addis Ababa	2.98	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Finland											
	Helsinki	1.13	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
France											
	Bordeaux	0.85	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Lille	1.04	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Lyon	1.49	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Marseille-Aix-en-Provence	1.49	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Nice-Cannes	0.99	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Paris	10.62	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Toulouse	0.93	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Georgia											
	Tbilisi	1.12	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
Germany											
	Berlin	3.46	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Hamburg	1.80	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Köln (Cologne)	1.01	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	München (Munich)	1.36	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Ghana											
	Accra	2.57	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Kumasi	2.02	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Greece											
	Athinai (Athens)	3.41	Coastal	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Thessaloniki	0.88	Coastal	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—
Guatemala											
	Ciudad de Guatemala (Guatemala City)	1.17	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	1st-4th	8-10th	5-7th	8-10th	5-7th	—
Guinea											
	Conakry	1.79	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
Haiti											
	Port-au-Prince	2.21	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	5-7th	—
Honduras											
	Tegucigalpa	1.09	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	1st-4th	8-10th	5-7th	—
Hungary											
	Budapest	1.74	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
India											
	Agra	1.76	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Ahmadabad	6.42	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Aligarh	0.92	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Allahabad	1.22	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Amritsar	1.19	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Asansol	1.25	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Aurangabad	1.20	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Bangalore	8.61	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Bareilly	0.99	In land	Dry subhumid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Bhopal	1.90	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Bhubaneswar	0.89	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Chandigarh	1.03	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	5-7th	5-7th	—	—
	Chennai (Madras)	8.78	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Coimbatore	2.18	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Delhi	22.65	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Dhanbad	1.20	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Durg-Bhilainagar	1.07	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Guwahati (Gauhati)	0.97	In land	Not Arid	3+ hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	—	—
	Gwalior	1.11	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Hubli-Dharwad	0.95	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Hyderabad	7.84	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Indore	2.19	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Jabalpur	1.27	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Jaipur	3.10	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Jalandhar	0.88	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—
	Jamshedpur	1.35	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)		Type	Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location			Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
	Jodhpur	1.15	In land	Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Kanpur	2.93	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Kochi (Cochin)	1.62	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Kolkata (Calcutta)	14.40	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	5-7th	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Kota	1.01	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Kozhikode (Calicut)	0.97	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Lucknow	2.93	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Ludhiana	1.62	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Madurai	1.47	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Meerut	1.43	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Moradabad	0.90	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Mumbai (Bombay)	19.74	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Mysore	0.99	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Nagpur	2.51	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Nashik	1.58	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Patna	2.06	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Pune (Poona)	5.10	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Raipur	1.14	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Rajkot	1.41	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Ranchi	1.14	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Salem	0.93	In land	Dry subhumid	—	5-7th	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Solapur	0.95	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Srinagar	1.28	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	5-7th	8-10th	—	—
	Surat	4.66	Coastal	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Thiruvananthapuram	0.96	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Tiruchirappalli	1.03	In land	Semiarid	—	5-7th	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Tiruppur	0.98	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Vadodara	1.83	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Varanasi (Benares)	1.44	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Vijayawada	1.51	Coastal	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Visakhapatnam	1.75	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Warangal	0.77	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
Indonesia											
	Bandar Lampung	0.90	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—
	Bandung	2.43	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	5-7th	5-7th	8-10th	8-10th	5-7th
	Batam	1.03	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Bogor	0.98	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	5-7th	5-7th	8-10th	5-7th	8-10th
	Denpasar	0.85	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
	Jakarta	9.77	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
	Malang	0.83	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	8-10th
	Medan	2.12	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
	Padang	0.85	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	1st-4th	5-7th	—
	Palembang	1.45	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Pekan Baru	0.96	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Samarinda	0.76	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Semarang	1.57	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Surabaya	2.79	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Ujung Pandang	1.39	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Iran (Islamic Republic of)											
	Ahvaz	1.08	Coastal	Arid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
	Esfahan	1.78	In land	Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Karaj	1.64	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	8-10th	5-7th	—	—
	Kermanshah	0.85	In land	Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—
	Mashhad	2.71	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—
	Qom	1.06	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—
	Shiraz	1.32	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	5-7th	8-10th	—	—
	Tabriz	1.51	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	5-7th	1st-4th	5-7th	—
	Tehran	7.30	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	8-10th	5-7th	—	—
Iraq											
	Al-Basrah (Basra)	0.94	Coastal	Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Al-Mawsil (Mosul)	1.49	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Baghdad	6.04	In land	Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Irbil (Erbil)	1.04	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—	—
	Najaf	0.78	In land	Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Sulaimaniya	0.87	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	—	5-7th	—
Ireland											
	Dublin	1.12	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
Israel											
	Hefa (Haifa)	1.05	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—
	Jerusalem	0.79	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
	Tel Aviv-Yafo (Tel Aviv-Jaffa)	3.38	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)			Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location	Type		Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
Italy											
	Bergamo	0.78	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	5-7th	—
	Milano (Milan)	2.91	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Napoli (Naples)	2.37	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th
	Palermo	0.92	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Roma (Rome)	3.30	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Torino (Turin)	1.61	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Japan											
	Fukuoka-Kitakyushu	2.87	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	1st-4th	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
	Hiroshima	2.12	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	1st-4th	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—
	Kyoto	1.80	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	5-7th	5-7th	5-7th	—
	Nagoya	3.33	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—
	Osaka-Kobe	11.49	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	5-7th	5-7th	—	—
	Sapporo	2.74	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	—	—	—	—
	Sendai	2.43	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—	—
	Tokyo	37.22	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	5-7th	8-10th	—	—
Jordan											
	Amman	1.18	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
Kazakhstan											
	Almaty	1.43	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—	—
Kenya											
	Mombasa	0.97	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Nairobi	3.36	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Kuwait											
	Al Kuwait (Kuwait City)	2.41	Coastal	Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kyrgyzstan											
	Bishkek	0.84	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	8-10th	—	—	—
Lao People's Democratic Republic											
	Vientiane	0.81	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Lebanon											
	Bayrut (Beirut)	2.02	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	5-7th	5-7th	5-7th	—
Liberia											
	Monrovia	0.75	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Libya											
	Tarabulus (Tripoli)	1.13	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
Madagascar											
	Antananarivo	1.99	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	5-7th	—	5-7th	—	—
Malawi											
	Lilongwe	0.77	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Malaysia											
	Johore Bahru	1.05	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Klang	1.19	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Kuala Lumpur	1.56	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Mali											
	Bamako	2.04	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Mauritania											
	Nouakchott	0.79	Coastal	Hyperarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Mexico											
	Acapulco de Juárez	0.88	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	1st-4th	5-7th	8-10th	8-10th	5-7th	—
	Aguaascalientes	0.96	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Chihuahua	0.87	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Ciudad de México (Mexico City)	20.45	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	5-7th	—
	Ciudad Juárez	1.34	In land	Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Cuernavaca	0.90	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Culiacán	0.85	In land	Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Guadalajara	4.52	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—
	Hermosillo	0.81	In land	Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	León de los Aldamas	1.65	In land	Dry subhumid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Mérida	1.04	Coastal	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	5-7th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Mexicali	0.96	Coastal	Hyperarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	—	—	—
	Monterrey	4.21	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Morelia	0.84	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Puebla	2.33	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Querétaro	1.14	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Reynosa	0.75	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	5-7th	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Saltillo	0.85	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	San Luis Potosí	1.06	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)		Type	Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location			Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
	Tampico	0.77	Coastal	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	8-10th	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Tijuana	1.82	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
	Toluca de Lerdo	1.75	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Torreón	1.24	In land	Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Mongolia	Ulaanbaatar	1.18	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
Morocco	Agadir	0.80	Coastal	Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Dar-el-Beida (Casablanca)	3.05	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Fès	1.09	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Marrakech	0.94	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Rabat	1.84	Coastal	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Tanger	0.81	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Mozambique	Maputo	1.15	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Matola	0.79	Coastal	Dry subhumid	2 hazards	1st-4th	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
Myanmar	Mandalay	1.06	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—
	Nay Pyi Taw	1.06	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—	—
	Yangon	4.46	Coastal	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
Nepal	Kathmandu	1.01	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	5-7th	8-10th	8-10th	—	—
Netherlands	Amsterdam	1.06	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Rotterdam	1.01	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
New Zealand	Auckland	1.45	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Nicaragua	Managua	0.97	In land	Not Arid	3+ hazards	1st-4th	8-10th	8-10th	8-10th	—	—
Niger	Niamey	1.30	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
Nigeria	Aba	0.87	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Abuja	2.15	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Benin City	1.36	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Enugu	0.81	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Ibadan	2.95	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Ilorin	0.81	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Jos	0.77	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Kaduna	1.52	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Kano	3.37	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Lagos	11.22	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Maiduguri	0.85	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Ogbomosho	1.07	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Onitsha	0.91	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Port Harcourt	1.89	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Norway	Oslo	0.92	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Pakistan	Faisalabad	3.04	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—
	Gujranwala	1.77	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
	Hyderabad	1.70	In land	Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Islamabad	0.92	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
	Karachi	13.88	Coastal	Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Lahore	7.57	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
	Multan	1.77	In land	Arid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Peshawar	1.52	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
	Quetta	0.90	In land	Arid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	—	—	—
	Rawalpindi	2.16	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
Panama	Ciudad de Panamá (Panama City)	1.43	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
Paraguay	Asunción	2.14	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Peru	Arequipa	0.80	In land	Arid	—	—	5-7th	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—
	Lima	9.13	Coastal	Arid	2 hazards	—	1st-4th	8-10th	5-7th	—	—

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)		Type	Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location			Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
Philippines											
	Cebu	0.85	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	5-7th	1st-4th	8-10th	5-7th	—
	Davao	1.56	Coastal	Not Arid	3+ hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	8-10th	—	—
	Manila	11.86	Coastal	Not Arid	3+ hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	8-10th	8-10th	—	—
	Zamboanga	0.88	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
Poland											
	Kraków (Cracow)	0.76	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Warszawa (Warsaw)	1.72	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Portugal											
	Lisboa (Lisbon)	2.84	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Porto	1.37	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
Puerto Rico											
	San Juan	2.48	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—
Republic of Korea											
	Ansan	0.79	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Bucheon	0.93	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Busan	3.37	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	5-7th	—
	Daegu	2.45	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	5-7th	—
	Daejeon	1.54	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Goyang	0.99	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Gwangju	1.50	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Incheon	2.62	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Seongnam	0.97	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Seoul	9.74	In land	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Suwon	1.16	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	5-7th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Ulsan	1.10	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Yongin	0.77	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
Romania											
	Bucuresti (Bucharest)	1.94	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—
Russian Federation											
	Chelyabinsk	1.14	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Kazan	1.15	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Krasnodar	0.75	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
	Krasnoyarsk	0.98	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Moskva (Moscow)	11.62	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Nizhniy Novgorod	1.25	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Novosibirsk	1.48	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Omsk	1.16	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Perm	0.99	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Rostov-na-Donu (Rostov-on-Don)	1.09	Coastal	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Samara	1.17	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Sankt Peterburg (Saint Petersburg)	4.87	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Saratov	0.83	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Ufa	1.06	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Volgograd	1.02	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Voronezh	0.89	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Yekaterinburg	1.36	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Rwanda											
	Kigali	1.00	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Saudi Arabia											
	Ad-Dammam	0.94	Coastal	Hyperarid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Al-Madinah (Medina)	1.14	In land	Hyperarid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Ar-Riyadh (Riyadh)	5.45	In land	Hyperarid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Jiddah	3.58	Coastal	Hyperarid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Makkah (Mecca)	1.59	In land	Hyperarid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
Senegal											
	Dakar	3.04	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Serbia											
	Beograd (Belgrade)	1.14	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Sierra Leone											
	Freetown	0.94	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	5-7th	—
Singapore											
	Singapore	5.19	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Somalia											
	Muqdisho (Mogadishu)	1.55	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)			Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location	Type		Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
South Africa											
	Cape Town	3.56	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Durban	3.01	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Ekurhuleni (East Rand)	3.36	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Johannesburg	3.84	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Port Elizabeth	1.12	Coastal	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Pretoria	1.50	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Vereeniging	1.20	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
Spain											
	Barcelona	5.57	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Madrid	6.57	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
	Valencia	0.80	Coastal	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	—	8-10th	—	—
Sudan											
	Al-Khartoum (Khartoum)	4.63	In land	Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
Sweden											
	Stockholm	1.39	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—	—
Switzerland											
	Zürich (Zurich)	1.19	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Syrian Arab Republic											
	Dimashq (Damascus)	2.65	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Halab (Aleppo)	3.16	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Hamah	0.93	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	1st-4th	5-7th	—	—
	Hims (Homs)	1.37	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Thailand											
	Krung Thep (Bangkok)	8.43	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Samut Prakan	1.21	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
Togo											
	Lomé	1.52	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tunisia											
	Tunis	0.79	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Turkey											
	Adana	1.47	Coastal	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Ankara	4.19	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Antalya	0.91	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	5-7th	1st-4th	5-7th	—
	Bursa	1.71	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	8-10th	5-7th	5-7th	—
	Gaziantep	1.20	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—
	Istanbul	11.25	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—
	Izmir	2.93	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	8-10th	5-7th	—	—
	Konya	1.06	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Uganda											
	Kampala	1.66	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
Ukraine											
	Dnipropetrovsk	0.99	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Donetsk	0.96	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Kharkiv	1.45	In land	Dry subhumid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Krivoi Rog	0.76	In land	Semiarid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Kyiv (Kiev)	2.83	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Odesa	1.01	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
	Zaporizhzhya	0.77	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United Arab Emirates											
	Abu Zaby (Abu Dhabi)	0.94	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—	—
	Dubayy (Dubai)	1.98	Coastal	Hyperarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	5-7th	—	—	—
	Sharjah	0.98	Coastal	Hyperarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	5-7th	—	—	—
United Kingdom											
	Birmingham	2.27	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Glasgow	1.14	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Liverpool	0.79	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	London	9.01	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Manchester	2.21	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Newcastle upon Tyne	0.87	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	West Yorkshire	1.62	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
United Republic of Tanzania											
	Dar es Salaam	3.59	Coastal	Dry subhumid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)			Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location	Type		Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
United States of America											
	Allentown-Bethlehem	0.77	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Atlanta	4.96	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Austin	1.29	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Baltimore	2.45	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Birmingham	0.77	In land	Not Arid	—	5-7th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Boston	4.85	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Bridgeport-Stamford	1.12	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Buffalo	1.11	In land	Not Arid	—	5-7th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Charlotte	1.11	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Chicago	9.68	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Cincinnati	1.79	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Cleveland	2.06	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Columbus, Ohio	1.39	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Dallas-Fort Worth	5.22	In land	Semiarid	—	1st-4th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Dayton	0.85	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Denver-Aurora	2.53	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Detroit	4.43	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	El Paso	0.83	In land	Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	—	—	—
	Hartford	1.00	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Honolulu	0.86	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Houston	4.86	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Indianapolis	1.58	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Jacksonville, Florida	1.09	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Kansas City	1.60	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Las Vegas	2.03	In land	Arid	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	13.40	Coastal	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	1st-4th	5-7th	—
	Louisville	1.04	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	McAllen	0.84	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	5-7th	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Memphis	1.19	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Miami	6.06	Coastal	Not Arid	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—	—
	Milwaukee	1.51	In land	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Minneapolis-St. Paul	2.85	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Nashville-Davidson	0.97	In land	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	New Orleans	0.87	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	New York-Newark	20.35	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Oklahoma City	0.86	In land	Dry subhumid	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Omaha	0.76	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Orlando	1.49	Coastal	Not Arid	—	5-7th	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Philadelphia	5.93	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Phoenix-Mesa	3.89	In land	Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Pittsburgh	2.00	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Portland	2.06	In land	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	5-7th	—
	Providence	1.40	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	—	—	—	—
	Raleigh	0.82	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Richmond	1.00	Coastal	Not Arid	—	5-7th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Riverside-San Bernardino	1.91	In land	Semiarid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	5-7th	—	—
	Rochester	0.83	In land	Not Arid	—	5-7th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Sacramento	1.76	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Salt Lake City	1.06	In land	Semiarid	—	—	5-7th	5-7th	—	5-7th	—
	San Antonio	1.61	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	San Diego	3.17	Coastal	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—
	San Francisco-Oakland	3.74	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—
	San Jose	1.82	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	—	8-10th	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—
	Seattle	3.35	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	5-7th	5-7th	—	—
	St. Louis	2.39	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Tampa-St. Petersburg	2.53	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Tucson	0.91	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Virginia Beach	1.63	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Washington, D.C.	4.71	Coastal	Not Arid	—	1st-4th	—	—	5-7th	—	—
Uruguay											
	Montevideo	1.67	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	1st-4th	—	1st-4th	—	—
Uzbekistan											
	Tashkent	2.23	In land	Semiarid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	8-10th	1st-4th	—	—
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)											
	Barquisimeto	1.25	In land	Semiarid	—	—	1st-4th	5-7th	1st-4th	—	—
	Caracas	3.24	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
	Ciudad Guayana	0.80	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	5-7th	—	—
	Maracaibo	2.31	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	—	—
	Maracay	1.11	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—
	Valencia	1.87	In land	Dry subhumid	1 hazard	—	1st-4th	1st-4th	8-10th	—	—

Table A.18. Cities and Urban Agglomerations (continued)

Country	City	Population (in million)			Multi-Hazard (8-10th deciles)	Risk decile					
		2011	Location	Type		Cyclone	Drought	Earthquake	Flood	Landslide	Volcano
Viet Nam											
	Can Tho	1.00	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
	Da Nang	0.83	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	8-10th	5-7th	—	8-10th	5-7th	—
	Hà Nội	2.96	Coastal	Not Arid	2 hazards	5-7th	—	—	8-10th	—	—
	Hai Phòng	0.92	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	8-10th	—	—	5-7th	—	—
	Thành Phố Ho Chí Minh (Ho Chi Minh Cit	6.41	Coastal	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	5-7th	—	8-10th	—	—
Yemen											
	Adan (Aden)	0.78	Coastal	Not Arid	—	—	—	—	1st-4th	—	—
	Sana'a'	2.42	In land	Arid	—	—	—	—	5-7th	—	—
Zambia											
	Lusaka	1.80	In land	Not Arid	—	—	5-7th	—	—	—	—
Zimbabwe											
	Harare	1.54	In land	Not Arid	1 hazard	—	8-10th	—	1st-4th	—	—