### **Department of Economic and Social Affairs**Statistics Division

## 2022 International Trade Statistics Yearbook

Volume I Trade by Country



#### **Department of Economic and Social Affairs**

The Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations is a vital interface between global policies in the economic, social and environmental spheres and national action. The Department works in three main interlinked areas: (i) it compiles, generates and analyses a wide range of economic, social and environmental data and information on which United Nations Member States draw to review common problems and to take stock of policy options; (ii) it facilitates the negotiations of Member States in many intergovernmental bodies on joint courses of action to address ongoing or emerging global challenges; and (iii) it advises interested Governments on the ways and means of translating policy frameworks developed in United Nations conferences and summits into programmes at the country level and, through technical assistance, helps build national capacities.

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#### **PREFACE**

The 2022 International Trade Statistics Yearbook (2022 ITSY) is the seventy-first edition of this yearbook. Its objective is to inform about the detailed merchandise and services imports and exports of individual countries (areas) by commodity and services categories and by partner countries (volume I), the world trade in individual commodities (3-digit SITC groups and 12 main EBOPS categories) (volume II) and total world merchandise trade up to the year 2022. The two volumes are prepared at different points in time: Volume I - Trade by Country is made electronically available in June-July, and Volume II - Trade by Product, in December, as the preparation of the tables in Volume II requires comprehensive country statistics which, normally, become available later in the year.

The part 1 of the yearbook consists of graphs, tables and analytical text for global, regional and selected trade or economic groupings, whereas the part 2 comprises country profiles. The data used in the tables and graphs in this volume of the yearbook are taken at a specific time (June 2023) from the publicly available UN Comtrade database<sup>1</sup>. Users are advised to visit the database for additional and more current information as it is continuously updated.

This International Trade Statistics Yearbook has been prepared by the Economic Statistics Branch of the Statistics Division, Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat. The team consists of Markie Muryawan as the programme manager, Jiayue Zeng as the chief editor, Bekuretsion Amdemariam, Marjorie Imperial-Damaso and Melissa Paca-Rocco (as publication and data processing coordinators); and Vysaul Nyirongo, Byungkwan Lee, Jing Zhang, Su Thant and Tewabe Mihret Kebede who contributed to the processing and validation of the collected trade data and the review of the yearbook. The IT manager was Govindaraj Rangaraj, assisted by Daniel Buenavad Mendez and Melissa Paca-Rocco.

Comments and feedback on the yearbook are welcome. They may be sent to <a href="mailto:tradestat@un.org">tradestat@un.org</a> or to United Nations Statistics Division, Economic Statistics Branch, New York, New York 10017, USA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://comtradeplus.un.org

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#### INTRODUCTION

- 1. The International Trade Statistics Yearbook: Volume I Trade by Country, provides an overview of the latest trends of trade in goods and services of most countries and areas in the world. The publication is aimed at both specialist and general trade statistics users from government, academic and business sectors.
- 2. The main content of the yearbook is divided into two parts. Part 1 consists of merchandise trade profiles for the world, regional and selected trade or economic groupings. The profiles offer an insight into the merchandise trade performance, composition and structure of the global, regional and selected trade or economic groupings by means of infographics and brief descriptive text, using latest available statistics. Part 2 contains the country trade profiles for most countries and areas in the world. The profiles offer an insight into the trade performance in goods and services of individual countries and areas by means of brief descriptive texts and statistics in concise tables and charts using latest available data. For further information on data availability, please see the sources section of this Introduction.
- 3. The yearbook is also made available online at the publications repository of the UN Statistics Division<sup>2</sup>. For more detailed and latest available data, please visit UN Comtrade, which is the source of the information presented in the yearbook and is continuously updated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://unstats.un.org/UNSDWebsite/Publications/

#### Concepts and definitions of International Merchandise Trade Statistics

- 4. The merchandise trade data used in this Yearbook have been compiled by national statistical authorities largely complying with the United Nations recommended *International Merchandise Trade Statistics, Concepts and Definitions 2010* (IMTS 2010).<sup>3</sup> The main elements of the concepts and definitions are:
  - i. <u>Coverage</u>: As a general guideline, it is recommended that international merchandise trade statistics record all goods which add to or subtract from the stock of material resources of a country by entering (imports) or leaving (exports) its economic territory. The general guideline is subject to the clarifications provided in IMTS 2010, in particular, to the specific guidelines in chapter 1 concerning the inclusion or exclusion of certain categories of goods.
  - ii. <u>Time of recording of transactions</u>: As a general guideline, it is recommended that goods be recorded at the time when they enter or leave the economic territory of a country.
  - iii. <u>Statistical territory</u>: The statistical territory of a country is the territory with respect to which trade statistics are being compiled. The definition of the statistical territory may or may not coincide with the economic territory of a country or its customs territory, depending on the availability of data sources and other considerations. It follows that when the statistical territory of a country and its economic territory differ, international merchandise trade statistics do not provide a complete record of inward and outward flows of goods.
  - iv. <u>Trade systems</u>: Depending on what parts of the economic territory are included in the statistical territory, the trade data-compilation system adopted by a country (its trade system) may be referred to as general or special.
  - a) The general trade system is in use when the statistical territory coincides with the economic territory. Consequently, it is recommended that the statistical territory of a country applying the general trade system comprises all applicable territorial elements. In this case, imports include goods entering the free circulation area, premises for inward processing, industrial free zones, premises for customs warehousing or commercial free zones and exports include goods leaving those territorial elements;
  - b) The special trade system is in use when the statistical territory comprises only a particular part of the economic territory, so that certain flows of goods which are in the scope of IMTS 2010 are not included in either import or export statistics of the compiling country. The strict definition of the special trade system is in use when the statistical territory comprises only the free circulation area, that is, the part within which goods "may be disposed of without customs restriction". Consequently, in such a case,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> At its forty-first session, held from 23 to 26 February 2010, the Statistical Commission adopted the revised recommendations "International merchandise trade statistics: concepts and definitions 2010" (IMTS 2010) which provide very important amendments while retaining the existing conceptual framework contained in the previous recommendations. The publication is available under Statistical Papers, Series M No. 52, Rev.3 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.10.XVII.13) and electronically at: <a href="https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publications/catalogue/">https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publications/catalogue/</a>.

- imports include only goods entering the free circulation area of a compiling country and exports include only goods leaving the free circulation area of a compiling country.
- c) The relaxed definition of the special trade system is in use when (a) goods that enter a country for, or leave it after, inward processing, as well as (b) goods that enter or leave an industrial free zone, are also recorded, and included in international merchandise trade statistics
- v. <u>Classifications</u>: It is recommended that countries use the *Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System* (HS) for the collection, compilation and dissemination of international merchandise trade statistics as suggested by the Statistical Commission at its twenty-seventh session (22 February to 3 March 1993).<sup>4</sup> The Harmonized System was adopted by the Customs Co-operation Council in June 1983, and the International Convention on the Harmonized System (HS Convention) entered into force on 1 January 1988 (HS 1988).<sup>5</sup> In accordance with the preamble to the HS Convention, which recognized the importance of ensuring that the HS be kept up to date in the light of changes in technology or in patterns of international trade, the HS is regularly reviewed and revised. The sixth edition, HS 2017, came into effect 1 January 2017.<sup>6</sup> The *Standard International Trade Classification (SITC)*<sup>7</sup>, which was in the past used by countries in data compilation and reporting, has been recognized for its continued use in analysis.<sup>8</sup>
- vi. Valuation: At its fifteenth session, in 1953, the Economic and Social Council, taking the view that trade statistics must reflect economic realities, recommended that the Governments of Member States of the United Nations, wherever possible, use transaction values in the compilation of their national statistics of external trade or, when national practices are based on other values, endeavour to provide supplementary statistical data based on transaction values (Economic and Social Council resolution 469 B (XV)). To promote the comparability of international merchandise trade statistics and taking into account the commercial and data reporting practices of the majority of countries, it is recommended that: (a) The statistical value of imported goods be a CIF-type value; (b) The statistical value of exported goods be an FOB-type value; however, countries are encouraged to compile FOB-type value of imported goods as supplementary information. FOB-type values include the transaction value of the goods and the value of services performed to deliver goods to the border of the exporting country. CIF-type values include the transaction value of the goods, the value of services performed to deliver goods to the border of the exporting country and the value of the services performed to deliver the goods from the border of the exporting country to the border of the importing country.
- vii. <u>Partner country:</u> It is recommended that in the case of imports, the country of origin be recorded; and that in the case of exports, the country of last known destination be recorded. The country of origin of a good (for imports) is determined by rules of origin established by each country. The country of last known destination is the last country as far as it is known

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1993, Supplement No. 6 (E/1993/26), para. 162 (d).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Customs Co-operation Council, The Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Brussels, 1989.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Sixth Edition (2017), Brussels 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Standard International Trade Classification, Original, Statistical Papers, Series M No.10, Second Edition, 1951 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.51.XVII.1); subsequent editions are published as United Nations publications under Series M No.34.

<sup>8</sup> See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1999, Supplement No. 4 (E/1993/24), para. 24 (c).

at the time of exportation - to which goods are to be delivered, irrespective of where they have been initially dispatched to and whether or not, on their way to that last country, they are subject to any commercial transactions or other operations which change their legal status. Further, it is recommended that country of consignment be recorded for imports as the second partner country attribution, alongside country of origin; the compilation of export statistics on the country of consignment basis is only encouraged, depending on a country's needs and circumstances.

5. The pages containing the country profiles (Part 2 of this publication) indicate the trade system, valuation and partner attribution each country is following. For more detailed information on national practices in the compilation and dissemination of international merchandise trade statistics please go to website of IMTS National Compilation and Dissemination Practices Survey<sup>9</sup>.

#### Concepts and definitions of Statistics of International Trade in Services

- 6. The trade in services statistics in this Yearbook have been compiled by national statistical authorities or central banks largely complying with the *Manual on Statistics of International Trade in Services 2010* (MSITS 2010).<sup>10</sup> In particular, MSITS 2010 recommends that the Sixth Edition of the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (BPM6) recommendations on the principles of recording (regarding residence, valuation, time of recording, currency of recording and conversion) should be followed for compiling international trade in services statistics.<sup>11</sup>
- 7. The main elements of the concepts and definitions of MSITS 2010 are:
  - i. <u>Definitions</u>: In general, MSITS 2010 respects the 2008 SNA use of the term services, which is defined as follows (2008 SNA, para. 6.17):
  - a) Services are the result of a production activity that changes the conditions of the consuming units, or facilitates the exchange of products or financial assets. These types of service may be described as change-effecting services and margin services, respectively. Change-effecting services are outputs produced to order and typically consist of changes in the conditions of the consuming units realized by the activities of producers at the demand of the consumers. They can also be referred to as "transformation services". Change-effecting services are not separate entities over which ownership rights can be established. They cannot be traded separately from their production. By the time their production is completed, they must have been provided to the consumers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> https://comtrade.un.org/survey/Reports/byCountry

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> At its forty-first session, held from 23 to 26 February 2010, the Statistical Commission adopted the revised "Manual on Statistics of International Trade in Services" (MSITS 2010), which sets out an internationally agreed framework for the compilation and reporting of statistics of international trade in services and align with the revisions of well-established revised international statistical standards. The publication is available under Statistical Papers, Series M No. 86, Rev.1 (United Nations publication, Sales No.E.10.XVII.14) and electronically at <a href="https://unstats.un.org/unsd/trade.">https://unstats.un.org/unsd/trade.</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> International Monetary Fund. Sixth Edition of the Balance of Payments Manual (BPM6). 2009. http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2007/pdf/bpm6.pdf. The previous edition of this manual was the Fifth Edition of the Balance of Payments Manual (BPM5), which was published in 1992.

b) MSITS 2010 defines "international trade in services" as trade in services between residents and non-residents of an economy, as well as the supply of services through foreign affiliates established abroad and the supply of services through the presence of foreign individuals, either as foreign service suppliers themselves or as employees of a foreign service supplier.

**Importantly**, trade in services statistics included in this Yearbook only reflect trade in services between resident and non-resident institutional units.

- ii. <u>Coverage</u>: The coverage in this Yearbook only include trade in services between resident and non-resident institutional units. The residence of an institutional unit is the economic territory with which it has the strongest connection, constituting its centre of predominant economic interest. Each institutional unit is a resident of one and only one economic territory, as determined by its centre of predominant economic interest. An institutional unit is resident in an economic territory when there exists, within the economic territory, some location, dwelling, place of production, or other premises on which or from which the unit engages and intends to continue engaging, either indefinitely or over a finite but long period of time, in economic activities and transactions on a significant scale. The location need not be fixed as long as it remains within the economic territory. Actual or intended location for one year or more is used as an operational criterion. While the choice of one year as a specific period is somewhat arbitrary, it is adopted to eliminate uncertainty and facilitate international consistency. More specific criteria for determining residence are given in the MSITS 2010.
- iii. <u>Time of recording of transactions</u>: The appropriate time for recording transactions in services is when they are delivered or received (the "accruals basis"). Some services, such as certain transport or hotel services are provided within a discrete period, in which case there is no problem in determining the time of recording. Other services are supplied or take place on a continuous basis, for example, construction, operating leasing and insurance services. When construction takes place with a prior contract of sale, the ownership of the structure is effectively transferred progressively as the work proceeds. When services are provided over a period of time (such as freight, insurance and construction), there may be advance payments or settlements at later dates for such services. The provision of services should be recorded on an accrual basis in each accounting period, that is to say it should be recorded when the service is rendered and not when the payment occurs.
- iv. <u>Classifications</u>: All trade in services statistics in this Yearbook are presented according to the EBOPS 2010 classification.

The 12 main EBOPS 2010 standard services components (as presented in the MSITS 2010) are: 12

 Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others: includes activities such as processing, assembly, labelling and packing that are undertaken by enterprises that do not own the goods. Examples include oil refining, liquefaction of natural gas and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> The full detailed EBOPS 2010 classification is available as an on-line annex to the MSITS 2010. https://unstats.un.org/unsd/classifications/Econ/Download/In%20Text/EBOPS2010\_english.pdf

assembly of clothing and electronics. Excluded are the assembly of prefabricated construction (included in construction) and labelling, and packing incidental to transport (included in transport services).

- b) Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.: includes maintenance and repair work by residents on goods that are owned by non-residents (and vice versa). The repairs may be performed at the site of the repairer or elsewhere. Maintenance and repairs on ships, aircraft and other transport equipment are included in this item. Cleaning of transport equipment is included in transport services. Construction repairs and maintenance are included under construction. Maintenance and repairs of computers are included under computer services.
- c) Transport: covers all transportation services that are performed by residents of one economy for those of another and that involve the carriage of passengers, the movement of goods (freight), rentals (charters) of carriers with crew, and related supporting and auxiliary services. Some related items that are excluded from transportation services are freight insurance (included in insurance services); goods procured in ports by non-resident carriers and repairs of transportation equipment (both are treated as goods, not services); repairs of railway facilities, harbours and airfield facilities (included in construction services); and rentals or charters of carriers without crew (included in operational leasing services).
- d) Travel: covers primarily the goods and services acquired from an economy by travelers during visits of less than one year to that economy. Includes business and personal travel, which includes health-related expenditure (total expenditure by those travelling for medical reasons), education-related expenditure (i.e., total expenditure by students), and all other personal travel expenditure.
- e) Construction: covers work performed on construction projects and installation by employees of an enterprise in locations outside the territory of an enterprise.
- f) Insurance and pension services: covers the provision of various types of insurance to non-residents by resident insurance enterprises, and vice versa. These services are estimated or valued by the service charges included in total premiums rather than by the total value of the premiums.
- g) Financial services: covers financial intermediation and auxiliary services, except those of life insurance enterprises and pension funds (which are included in life insurance and pension funding) and other insurance services that are conducted between residents and non-residents. Such services may be provided by banks, stock exchanges, factoring enterprises, credit card enterprises and other enterprises.
- h) Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.: covers international payments and receipts of franchising fees and the royalties paid for the use of registered trademarks and international payments and receipts for the authorised use of intangible, nonproduced, non-financial assets and proprietary rights (such as patents, copyrights and industrial processes and designs) and with the use, through licensing agreements, of produced originals or prototypes (such as manuscripts, computer programs, and cinematographic works and sound recordings).

- i) Telecommunications, computer, and information services: covers hardware and software-related services and data-processing services; news agency services include the provision of news, photographs, and feature articles to the media; and database services and web search portals (search engine services that find internet addresses for clients who input keyword queries).
- j) Other business services: covers merchanting, other trade-related services, operational leasing services, legal services, accounting, auditing, bookkeeping and tax consulting services, business and management consulting and public relations services, advertising, market research and public opinion polling, research and development, architectural, engineering and other technical services, waste treatment and de-pollution, agricultural, mining, and other on-site processing services, other business services, and services between related enterprises, not included elsewhere (n.i.e.).
- k) Personal, cultural, and recreational services: covers services and associated fees related to the production of motion pictures (on film or videotape), radio and television programmes (live or on tape) and musical recordings services, as well as those services associated with museums, libraries, archives and other cultural, sporting and recreational activities.
- V. Government goods and services n.i.e.: covers government transactions (including those of international organizations) not contained in the other components of EBOPS as defined above. Included are all transactions (in both goods and services) by embassies, consulates, military units and defence agencies with residents of economies in which the embassies, consulates, military units and defence agencies are located and all transactions with other economies. Excluded are transactions with residents of the home economies represented by the embassies, consulates, military units and defence agencies, and transactions in the commissaries, post exchanges and these embassies and consulates.
- v. <u>Valuation</u>: The market price is used as the basis for valuation of transactions in international trade in services. Market prices for transactions are defined as amounts of money that willing buyers pay to acquire something from willing sellers. The exchanges are made between independent parties and based on commercial considerations only and are sometimes called "at arm's length" transactions. These transactions will generally be valued at the actual price agreed between the supplier and the consumer.
- vi. <u>Partner country</u>: It is recommended that the breakdown by partner economy for services transactions between residents and non-residents be recorded, the aim being to report partner detail, first, at the level of services trade as a whole and, second, for each of the main types of services in EBOPS and (as a longer-term goal) for the more detailed EBOPS items. Partner country information for trade in services is not included in this publication, as most countries do not currently compile these statistics by partner country.

### Description of world, regional and selected trade or economic groupings profiles in part 1

- 8. The world trade profile provides information about global trade trends, composition and structure. These include a) trade growth per economic grouping, year-on-year percentage change; i.e., total of imports and exports value change as a percentage from the previous year; b) trade openness (Trade-to-GDP percentage) by economic grouping over the period 2009-2022; c) total trade levels, per capita and as GDP percentage by regional groupings; d) share of world's exports by regional groupings; e) top export commodity categories according to SITC Rev.3 sections by regional groupings; and f) exports provenance and destination by SDG regional groupings. Throughout this Yearbook, regional country groupings closely follow those used for the monitoring and evaluation of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Henceforth these country groupings are termed "SDG regional groupings".
- 9. Subsequently, trade profiles for SDG regional groupings and selected trade or economic groupings are presented. These include a) yearly value of merchandise exports, imports and the trade balance over the period 2009-2022; b) values of exports, imports and the trade balance with other SDG regional groupings as partners; and c) top export commodity categories of the regional groupings, according to SITC Rev.3 sections. Similar analyses are presented for selected trade or economic groupings please see the section "Country Nomenclature and Country Grouping" of this Introduction (especially para 37-38). The category "other" for trading partners includes data whereby the partner country or region cannot be specified, including movement of merchandise to free zones, bunkers or involving special categories of merchandise.

#### Description of tables and graphs of country profiles in part 2

- 10. Part 2 contains detailed statistics for individual countries or areas.
- 11. Not all countries have data up to 2022 and not all countries have data for imports and exports for all years. The inclusion of a country (or area) in part 2 requires that at least some data are available for any year from 2018 onwards. Depending on the availability of data, the following tables and graphs usually appear for each country or area:
- 12. <u>Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value</u>: This graph presents the trend of merchandise imports, exports, and trade balance over the last 14 years.
- 13. <u>Graph 2: Total services trade, by value</u>: This graph presents the trend of services imports, exports, and trade balance over the last 14 years.
- 14. <u>Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category</u>: This graph presents the shares of total exports of services accounted for by each service category for the latest year such statistics are available.

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<sup>13</sup> https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/regional-groups/

- 15. <u>Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance by SDG Regions</u>: This graph presents, in the most recent year for which information on exports and imports are available, the trade balance by regions.
- 16. <u>Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade</u>: This graph shows the partner concentration of imports and exports for the latest available year. Graph presents the top 25 partners which usually account for a very large share of exports or imports for most countries. On the horizontal axis from the center to the right are the cumulative percent of exports and from the center to the left the cumulative percent of imports. On the vertical axis is the cumulative number of partners ranked by total value of exports and imports in a decreasing order. So, on each side, the first bar represents share accounted for by the largest partner; second bar represents share accounted for by the largest two partners and so on.
- 17. Graph 5 also presents the Herfindahl-Hirschman (HH) Index for imports and exports which is a measure of concentration. In the case of exports (imports), the HH index is the sum of squares of the partner's share of total exports (imports):

$$HH\ Index = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\frac{X_i}{X}\right)^2$$

n is the number of trading partners for exports (imports) and  $X_i$  is the value of exports (imports) to partner country i and X is the total value of exports (imports). The lower the HH index, the lower the partner concentration, and vice versa. If there is only one trading partner the HH index would equal 1.  $^{14}$ 

- 18. It should be noted that the HH index for a given country's exports (imports) depends on the distribution of share of exports (imports) among its partners. Hence a country with few major partners might have a lower HH index value, indicating low concentration, than a country with more partners if the former has its trade more evenly distributed among its partners than the latter.
- 19. <u>Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category:</u> This graph presents the shares of total imports of services accounted for by each service category for the latest year such statistics are available.
- 20. <u>Table 1 and table 4: Top 10 export and import commodities</u>: These tables present the top 10 commodities in terms of 4-digit HS headings for exports and imports, respectively, using the aggregate of trade values for the last three reporting years as available. It should be noted that exports contain re-exports and imports contain re-imports. That is, one or more top exports of a country may be commodities which the country does not actually produce. Data on re-exports and re-imports can be found in UN Comtrade. The editions of HS presented in tables 1 and 4 are as originally reported by countries. It means that they might contain mixed editions of HS and users should be aware of their amendments. For the convenience of the users the last

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> For the application of HH index to measure partner concentration in merchandise trade, no thresholds are known to be established. Users might wish to define a specific limit of the HH index to indicate low concentration and a limit to indicate high concentration. However, based on the analyses of the data presented in the yearbook, following thresholds were applied to determine level of concentration of merchandise trade, both exports and imports: HH < 0.15 → Diversified; 0.15 < HH < 0.25 → Moderately concentrated; HH > 0.25 → Highly concentrated.

column shows the SITC group (3 digits) that corresponds to the HS heading. The SITC group is identified based on the correlation and conversion tables between HS and SITC, Rev 3.15

- 21. In addition to trade values, the table 1 and table 4 also present unit values. Unit values are expressed in U.S. dollars (US\$) per unit (kg, unit, Megawatt-hours (Mwh), pair, litre, carat etc). The calculation of unit values on the heading level requires the availability of value and quantity information for all the underlying detailed statistics (6-digit subheadings). In some cases, the quantity information for some sub-headings was estimated (see paragraph 30) and the unit value for the heading appears in italics. If quantity information appears incorrect it is not shown.
- 22. <u>Table 2 and table 3: Merchandise Exports and Imports by SITC sections</u>: These tables show the structure of exports and imports in the latest available year by SITC sections in terms of value, share of the total, growth in comparison with the previous year and annual average growth for the last four years which is calculated as the geometric mean.

#### **Sources**

- 23. Statistics in part 1 (world and regional trade profiles) consists of data as reported to the UN Comtrade and estimated data for missing reporters. When not reported, statistics on the total merchandise imports and exports of countries (or areas) presented in part 1 are mainly derived from the International Financial Statistics (IFS) published monthly by the International Monetary Fund (IMF). They are supplemented with statistics from other sources such as national publications and websites.
- 24. The statistics in the country profiles in part 2 of the publication (country trade profiles) are obtained from data directly submitted by countries to the United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). These statistics are available in UN Comtrade.
- 25. In some cases, original country data are received via international, regional and supranational partner organizations, such as Eurostat, the World Trade Organization (WTO), the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the International Trade Centre (ITC), the Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, the Common Market of Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA), the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) and the UN regional commissions such as the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC) and the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA). Data for the European Union (EU-27) is received from the Statistical Office of the European Union (Eurostat).
- 26. Trade in services statistics data are jointly produced by the World Trade Organization (WTO) and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) in cooperation with the International Trade Centre (ITC) and the United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) and may include estimates.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The conversion tables are available on the website of UNSD at https://unstats.un.org/unsd/classifications/Econ

27. Part 1 shows statistics as available and estimated at the end of June 2023. Also, the country tables, data and graphs in part 2 relates to merchandise trade statistics as were available in UN Comtrade by the end of June 2023 whereas graphs and data for trade in services statistics are as were available at the WTO Stats Portal, <a href="https://stats.wto.org">https://stats.wto.org</a> also in June 2023 (based on the joint dataset compiled by WTO, UNCTAD, and UNSD in cooperation with ITC.

#### Method of estimation

- 28. Missing data are estimated to arrive at aggregates in part 1. The estimation process is automated using quarterly year-on-year growth rates for the extrapolation of missing quarterly statistics unless quarterly statistics can be calculated using available monthly statistics within the quarter. Estimates are reviewed and adjusted where necessary.
- 29. Statistics by partner and commodity for missing reporters are estimated either through the extrapolation of the statistics for the two adjacent years, or, if this is not possible, through the use of the statistics reported by the trading partners, i.e., mirror statistics. Mirror statistics are also used in cases in which the reported data must be adjusted due to partner distribution or confidential data. All estimates are reviewed and adjusted where necessary.
- 30. For part 2, the country trade profiles, modifications to the received data are only made in cases where the provided data are obviously incomplete, particularly in the case of unreported petroleum oils exports in merchandise data. Quantity information that is missing or does not comply with the World Customs Organization's recommendations are estimated and flagged in UN Comtrade accordingly. Some quantity information that were identified as 'extreme' meaning far outside a pre-defined 'normal' range were replaced in UN Comtrade with estimates, if applicable. The estimation of quantities is either based on the country's own data or uses standard unit values (SUVs) which are derived from the available information for all countries in the previous year.

#### **Conversion of classifications**

31. Conversion of classification for merchandise trade statistics: All countries follow recommendation to report their detailed merchandise trade data according to the Harmonized System (HS) (see paragraph 4.C.v). To provide comparable time series statistics in UN Comtrade for all countries, the data reported in the latest HS classification is converted into earlier editions of the HS, and to corresponding or earlier versions of the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC). The latest edition of the HS classification was its seventh and was released in 2022. The commodities in this publication are mostly presented according to the one-digit sections of SITC, Rev.3 as the SITC sections provide a limited set of economically meaningful main categories. In addition, statistics according to SITC, Rev.3 is available for long time series. In two tables, commodities are presented in terms of four-digit headings of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Detailed information on the data conversions used for UN Comtrade can be found on the website of the United Nations Statistics Division at: https://unstats.un.org/unsd/classifications/Econ.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Standard International Trade Classification, Revision 3, Statistical Papers, Series M No.34/Rev.3, (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.86.XVII.12). SITC, Revision 4 was accepted by the United Nations Statistical Commission at its thirty-seventh session in March 2006 (see Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2006, Supplement No. 4, (E/CN.3/2006/32), chapter III, para. 26 (b)). Yet, it will require several years until a time series of data according to SITC, Revision 4 will be sufficiently long for publication.

HS, as originally reported by countries.<sup>18</sup> The HS headings provide a meaningful description of traded commodities at a relatively detailed level and also allow the presentation of quantity information.

- 32. Conversion of classification for trade in services statistics: Many countries have progressively been transitioning from EBOPS 2002 to EBOPS 2010 classification (corresponding to the BPM5 and BPM6 recommendations, respectively), however, some countries still provide data in EBOPS 2002. Furthermore, most data prior to 2012 are available only in EBOPS 2002. To present longer time series (covering the period 2009-2022) and comparable statistics across countries and period, all trade in services statistics in this Yearbook are presented according to the EBOPS 2010 classification. Data in EBOPS 2002 classification have been converted based on the IMF's BPM5-to-BPM6 Conversion Matrix (available at <a href="http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2008/08-10b.pdf">http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2008/08-10b.pdf</a>). 19
- 33. Converting data from EBOPS 2002 to EBOPS 2010 is feasible for most main components when detailed data are provided, however some inconsistencies still exist especially regarding the difference between BPM5 and BPM6 frameworks. That is, conversion from EBOPS 2002 to EBOPS 2010 may be imperfect depending on reported level of detail by country and service categories. The main changes in classification of services include the treatment of manufacturing services, merchanting and Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM).<sup>20</sup> In particular, (a) data on manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others is not available, (b) data on maintenance and repair services n.i.e. is also not available, (c) transport services are underestimated when postal and courier services are not separately available, (d) financial services are underestimated when FISIM data are not separately available. (e) telecommunications, computer, and information services are underestimated when telecommunication services are not separately available, and (f) other business services are overestimated (i.e. includes merchanting) when other trade-related services; operational leasing services; and miscellaneous business, professional, and technical services are not separately available.

#### **Currency conversion and period**

34. <u>Currency conversion</u>: For both merchandise and trade in services statistics in this publication, conversion of values from national currencies into United States dollars is done by means of currency conversion factors based on official exchange rates. Values in currencies subject to fluctuation are converted into United States dollars using weighted average exchange rates specially calculated for this purpose. The weighted average exchange rate for a given currency for a given year is the component monthly factors, furnished by the International Monetary Fund in its IFS publication, weighted by the value of the relevant trade in each month;

World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Sixth Edition (2022) (HS 2022); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Sixth Edition (2017) (HS 2017); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Fifth Edition (2012) (HS 2012); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Fourth Edition (2007) (HS 2007); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Third Edition (2002) (HS 2002); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, Second Edition (1996) (HS 1996); World Customs Organization, Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (1992) (HS 1992).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Due to data limitations for some countries and for some periods, conversion from EBOPS2002 classification to EBOPS2010 classification may not always be complete, which may result in a break in series. Such instances are noted in footnotes on the individual country pages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2007/bpm6faq.pdf

a monthly factor is the exchange rate (or the simple average rate) in effect during that month. These factors are applied to total imports and exports and to the trade in individual commodities with individual countries. The conversion factors applied to the data presented in parts 1 and 2 are published quarterly in the *UN Monthly Bulletin of Statistics: External trade conversion factors*<sup>21</sup> and also made available in a country's metadata on UN Comtrade.

35. <u>Period:</u> Generally, statistics refer to calendar years; however, for those countries which report according to some other reference year, the statistics are presented in the calendar year which covers the majority of the reference year used by the country.

#### **Country nomenclature and regional groupings**

36. <u>Country nomenclature</u>: The naming of countries (or areas) in this publication follows in general the *United Nations Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use*. <sup>22</sup> The names and composition of countries as reporter are changing over time. Also, countries rarely follow the identical nomenclature in the recording of partner information. For example, when former geographical entities commonly referred to in national statistics have changed, countries may introduce the corresponding changes in their statistics at different times. In this publication, wherever possible, areas of the world have been designated the names they currently bear.

It should be noted that, in this publication:

- i. Statistics published for China exclude those for Taiwan Province of China. Data representing the trade with Taiwan Province, which may have been reported by any reporting country or area, are included in the grouping Asia, nes. For statistical purposes, statistics for China also do not include those for Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and Macao Special Administrative Region.
- ii. Russian data provided by the Russian Federation. Includes statistical data for the Autonomous Republic of Crimea and the city of Sevastopol, Ukraine, temporarily occupied by the Russian Federation.
- iii. The Government of Ukraine has informed the United Nations that it is not in a position to provide statistical data concerning the Autonomous Republic of Crimea and the city of Sevastopol.
- v. On 3 June 2006, Serbia and Montenegro formally dissolved into two independent countries: Montenegro and Serbia.
- vi. On 10 October 2010, the federation of the Netherlands Antilles was formally dissolved. The former Dutch Caribbean dependency ceased to exist with a change of the five islands' constitutional status. Under the new political structure, Curação and Sint Maarten (Dutch part) have become autonomous countries within the Kingdom of the Netherlands, joining Aruba, which gained the status in 1986. The islands of the remaining territorial

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See <a href="https://unstats.un.org/unsd/trade/data/tables.asp#quarterlyconversion">https://unstats.un.org/unsd/trade/data/tables.asp#quarterlyconversion</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use, Series M No. 49, Rev.4, (United Nations publication, Sales No. M.98.XVII.9). The latest information is available online at: https://unstats.un.org/unsd/methodology/m49/.

grouping, alternately known as Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba or the BES islands, are special municipalities and part of the country of the Netherlands and overseas territories of the European Union. For statistical purposes, the data for the Netherlands do not include the BES islands. Statistics referring to Netherlands Antilles (as a partner) prior to 2011 refer to the former territory which included Curaçao, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba.

- vii. On 9 July 2011, Sudan formally dissolved into two independent countries: Sudan and South Sudan. Statistics provided for Sudan prior to 1 January 2012 refer to the former Sudan (including South Sudan). Statistics referring to Sudan (as a partner) for 2012 are attributed to Sudan excluding South Sudan.
- viii. From January 2013 onwards, Saint Barthélemy is no longer part of the customs territory of France. Therefore, it is recognised as a separate statistical area both as reporter and partner. Whereas from January 2014 onwards, Mayotte became part of statistical area of France, and it is no longer shown as a reporter or a partner.
  - ix. In 2016, Czechia was adopted as the short country name for the Czech Republic.
- x. In 2018, Kingdom of Swaziland was renamed as Kingdom of Eswatini. Therefore, there is no longer reference to Swaziland in this publication.
- xi. On 14 February 2019, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia was renamed as Republic of North Macedonia. Therefore, there is no longer reference to the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia in this publication.
- xii. In 2022, Turkey was renamed as Türkiye. Therefore, there is no longer reference to Turkey in this publication.
- 37. Aggregations are calculated as the sum of country or area components. This includes the regional and world totals presented in part 1.
- 38. <u>Regional groupings</u>: This publication uses a more detailed version of regional country groupings used for monitoring and evaluation of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)<sup>23</sup>.
- 39. <u>Additional country groupings</u>: The composition of additional country groupings according to trade or economic integration agreements, used in part 1 are as follows<sup>24</sup>:

APTA – Asia-Pacific Trade Agreement Bangladesh, China, India, Korea (Republic of), Lao People's Democratic Republic, Mongolia, and Sri Lanka

ASEAN – Association of Southeast Asian Nations Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Viet Nam

CACM – Central American Common Market Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> For the composition of the regions, see <a href="https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/regional-groups">https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/regional-groups</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Note that a few countries belong to multiple trade or economic integration agreements.

CARICOM – Caribbean Community and Common Market

Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti (member of the Community only), Jamaica, Montserrat, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, and Trinidad and Tobago

CEFTA – Central European Free Trade Agreement

Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Republic of Moldova, North Macedonia and Serbia

CEMAC - Economic and Monetary Community of Central Africa

Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad, Congo, Equatorial Guinea and Gabon

CIS – Commonwealth of Independent States

Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan

EAC - East African Community

Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, South Sudan, Uganda and United Republic of Tanzania

ECOWAS – Economic Community of West African States

Benin, Burkina Faso, Cabo Verde, Cóte d'Ivoire, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone and Togo

EU-27 - European Union 27

Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, and Sweden

GCC – The Cooperation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates

LAIA – Latin American Integration Association

Argentina, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Ecuador, Mexico, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

LAS - League of Arab States

Algeria, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, State of Palestine, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates and Yemen

MERCOSUR - Mercado Comun Sud-Americano

Argentina, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Brazil, Paraguay, Uruguay and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

\* the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela is suspended while the Plurinational State of Bolivia is in the process of accession

USMCA - NAFUS-Mexico-Canada Agreement

Canada, Mexico and United States of America, including Puerto Rico and US Virgin Islands

SADC - Southern African Development Community

Angola, Botswana, Comoros, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Eswatini, Lesotho, Madagascar, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Seychelles, South Africa, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia, Zimbabwe

#### Abbreviations and explanation of symbols

Names of some countries (or areas) or groups of countries (or areas) and of some commodities or groups of commodities have been abbreviated. Exact titles of countries or commodities can be found in various editions of the following publications:

- (i) Standard Country or Area Codes for Statistical Use(ii) Standard International Trade Classification (SITC)
- (iii) Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (HS)

In addition, the following abbreviations and symbols are used in this publication:

Not available	(na)
Not available	blank
Not available	
Not applicable	-
Not applicable	
Magnitude of less than half the unit used	0 or 0.0
More than 100,000 percent	>
Thousand	thsd
Million	mln
Billion	bln
Weight (kilograms)	kg
Megawatt-hours	Mwh
Average	Avg.
Not elsewhere specified	nes
U.S. dollar	US\$
Imports	lmp
Exports	Exp
Balance	Bal
General trade system	G
Special trade system	S
Cost, insurance and freight	CIF
Free on board	FOB
Not included elsewhere	n.i.e.
(Royalties and) license (fees)	lic.

#### Disclaimer

The tables, infographics and text contained in this publication are provided only for illustration and despite all efforts might contain errors. When using these <u>statistics</u> users are advised to verify with the latest information available at UN Comtrade which is the source of these statistics.

#### Contact

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https://unstats.un.org/unsd/trade

### 2022 INTERNATIONAL TRADE STATISTICS YEARBOOK

### VOLUME I TRADE BY COUNTRY

# **PART 1**WORLD AND REGIONAL TRADE PROFILES

World merchandise trade profile

SDG regional groupings merchandise trade profiles

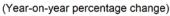
Selected trade or economic groupings merchandise trade profiles

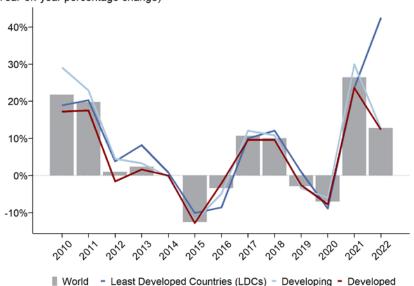
#### World

#### Overview:

In 2022, the world economy registered growth in total merchandise trade (sum of imports and exports) of about 12.8 percent over the previous year. More specifically, total merchandise amounted to 49.8 trillion US\$ in 2022 compared to 44.2 trillion US\$ in 2021. With regard to total trade by SDG regions, Europe had the biggest share (35.3 percent of total trade), followed by Eastern Asia (23.3 percent), and Northern America (13.3 percent).

Graph 1: Trade growth by development status

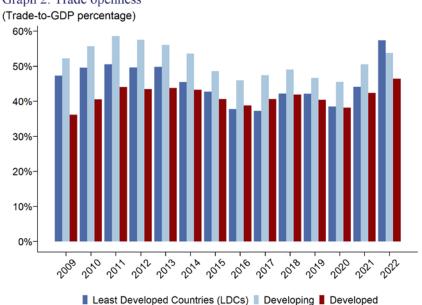






From 2021 to 2022, total merchandise trade increased by 12.8%.

#### Graph 2: Trade openness





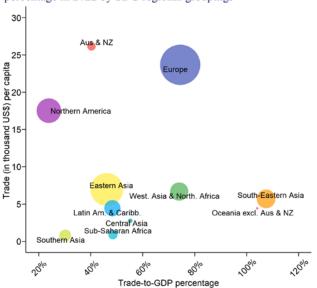
For the world, in 2022 merchandise trade-to-GDP percentage was 49.6%.

Developing countries (excluding LDCs) have the highest trade-to-GDP percentage over the period 2009-2022.

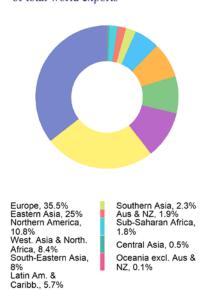
#### World trade snapshot by SDG regional groupings

In 2022, South-Eastern Asia had the highest total merchandise trade to GDP percentage at 107.5 percent. Europe has the biggest share of exports accounting for 35.5 percent of total exports followed by Eastern Asia at 25 percent.

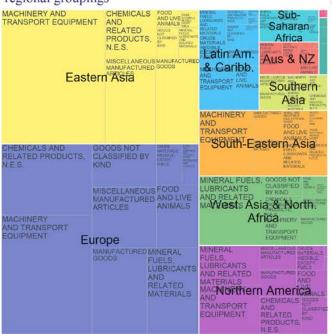
Graph 3: Total trade levels per capita and as GDP percentage in 2022 by SDG regional groupings



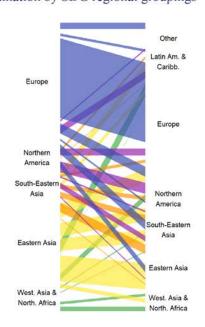
Graph 4: SDG regional groupings share of total world exports



Graph 5: Top export commodity categories by SDG regional groupings



Graph 6: Exports provenance (five largest exporters) and destination by SDG regional groupings



#### Central Asia

#### Overview:

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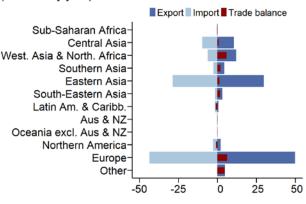
In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Central Asia increased by 32.0 percent to reach 116.2 bln US\$ and its imports reached 96.7 bln US\$ which was an increase by 22.2 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 19.5 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 8.9 bln US\$ in 2021. Central Asia's intra-regional total trade amounted to 20.1 bln US\$, that is 8.9 percent of total exports and 10.0 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (42.8 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (25.6 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (10.2 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (45.1 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (29.7 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (6.4 percent).

Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022
(Bln US\$ by year)

Export Import • Trade balance

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2022

(Bln US\$ by year)

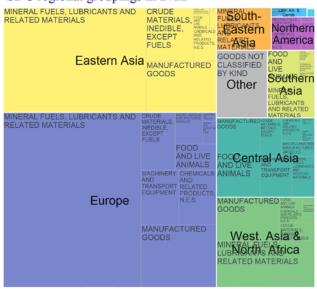


Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022

,201A

2015,016

2017



Highlights of 2022:



Total trade (year-on-year) increased by 27.4%.



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was 55.1%.



Intra-regional trade was 9.4% of total trade.



The top export commodity category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials with 55.7%.

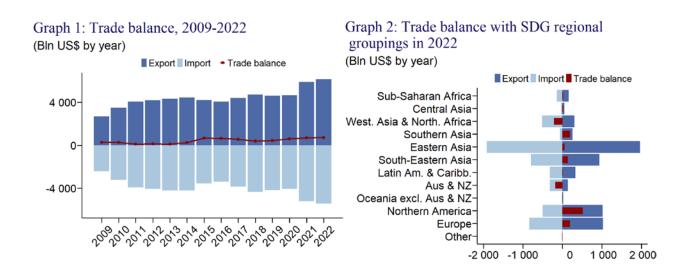


Trade surplus increased from 8.9 bln US\$ to 19.5 bln US\$.

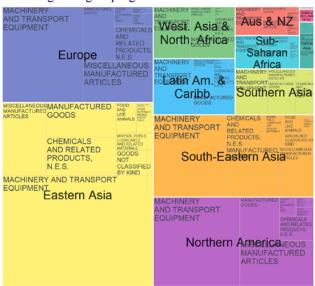
#### Eastern Asia

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Eastern Asia increased by 4.3 percent to reach 6148.9 bln US\$ and its imports reached 5435.9 bln US\$ which was an increase by 4.7 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 712.9 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 699.4 bln US\$ in 2021, representing an increase of 1.9 percent over 2021. Eastern Asia's intraregional total trade amounted to 3868.3 bln US\$, that is 31.9 percent of total exports and 35.1 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (16.6 percent of total exports), Northern America (16.5 percent), and South-Eastern Asia (15.2 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (15.4 percent of total imports), South-Eastern Asia (14.6 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (9.4 percent).



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



Highlights of 2022:



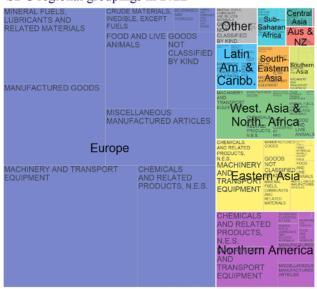
#### Europe

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Europe increased by 9.2 percent to reach 8731 bln US\$ and its imports reached 8852.9 bln US\$ which was an increase by 13.1 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 121.9 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 162.7 bln US\$ in 2021. Europe's intra-regional total trade amounted to 11517.4 bln US\$, that is 68.3 percent of total exports and 62.7 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (8.6 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (8.2 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (5.6 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (13.4 percent of total imports), Northern America (7.0 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (5.6 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-5 000-Central Asia West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0 Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -5 000 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America Europe-Other 3 000 6 000 -6 000 -3 000

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



Total trade (year-on-year) increased by 11.1%.



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was 74.5%.



Intra-regional trade was 65.5% of total trade.



The top export commodity category was machinery and transport equipment with 28.8%.

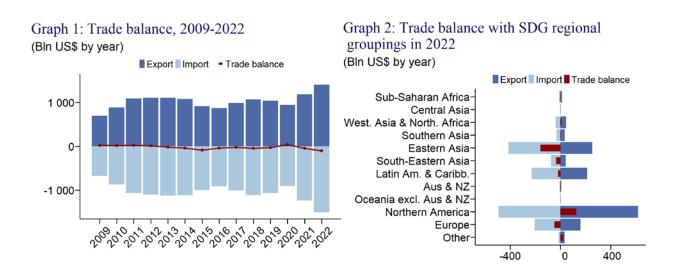


The trade balance changed from a trade surplus at 162.7 bln US\$ to a trade deficit at 121.9 bln US\$.

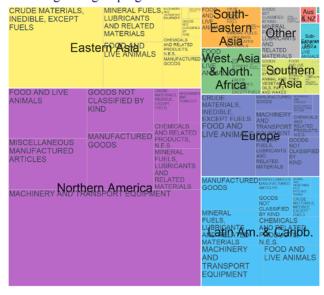
#### Latin America and the Caribbean

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Latin America and the Caribbean increased by 18.0 percent to reach 1404.2 bln US\$ and its imports reached 1507.0 bln US\$ which was an increase by 21.7 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 102.8 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a deficit of 48.7 bln US\$ in 2021. Latin America and the Caribbean's intra-regional total trade amounted to 437.6 bln US\$, that is 15.0 percent of total exports and 15.1 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (43.9 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (18.0 percent), and Europe (11.2 percent). The main origins of imports were in Northern America (32.5 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (27.4 percent), and Europe (13.6 percent).



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



Total trade (year-on-year) increased by 19.9%.



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was 48.3%.



Intra-regional trade was 15.0% of total trade.



The top export commodity category was machinery and transport equipment with 26.6%.



Trade deficit increased from 48.7 bln US\$ to 102.8 bln US\$.

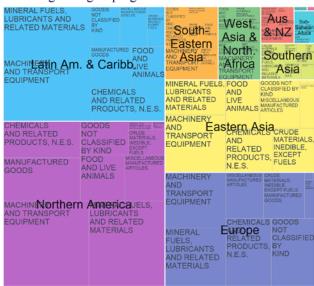
#### Northern America

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Northern America increased by 17.8 percent to reach 2659.8 bln US\$ and its imports reached 3943.4 bln US\$ which was an increase by 14.9 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 1283.6 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a deficit of 1174.2 bln US\$ in 2021, representing an increase of 9.3 percent over 2021. Northern America's intraregional total trade amounted to 1545.1 bln US\$, that is 30.6 percent of total exports and 18.5 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Latin America and the Caribbean (21.2 percent of total exports), Europe (19.6 percent), and Eastern Asia (15.9 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (26.9 percent of total imports), Europe (20.2 percent), and Latin America and the Caribbean (16.9 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance 4 000-Export Import Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-Central Asia-2 000 West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0-Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -2 000 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ -4 000-Northern America 7070 Europe-Other -1 000 -500 0 500 1 000

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



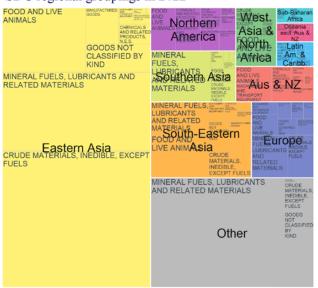
#### Australia and New Zealand

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Australia and New Zealand increased by 18.0 percent to reach 455.9 bln US\$ and its imports reached 364.2 bln US\$ which was an increase by 17.2 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 91.7 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 75.6 bln US\$ in 2021. Australia and New Zealand's intra-regional total trade amounted to 26.3 bln US\$, that is 3.2 percent of total exports and 3.3 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (47.6 percent of total exports), Other (20.5 percent), and South-Eastern Asia (8.8 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (41.2 percent of total imports), South-Eastern Asia (17.4 percent), and Europe (17.0 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance 500 ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa Central Asia 250 West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asian Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -250· Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America -500 12013 ,501° Europe-3012015016017 Other 200 -200 -100 100

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



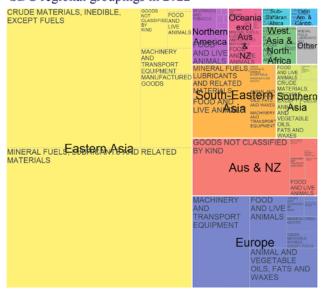
#### Oceania excluding Australia and New Zealand

#### Overview:

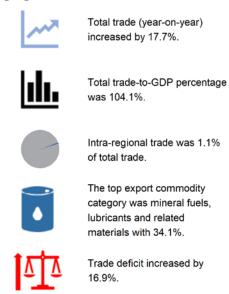
In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Oceania excluding Australia and New Zealand increased by 18.3 percent to reach 16.6 bln US\$ and its imports reached 42.4 bln US\$ which was an increase by 17.4 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 25.7 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a deficit of 22.0 bln US\$ in 2021, representing an increase of 16.9 percent over 2021. Oceania excluding Australia and New Zealand's intra-regional total trade amounted to 0.7 bln US\$, that is 2.2 percent of total exports and 0.7 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (59.6 percent of total exports), Europe (13.3 percent), and Australia and New Zealand (8.3 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (39.7 percent of total imports), South-Eastern Asia (32.5 percent), and Australia and New Zealand (10.4 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa 25 Central Asia West, Asia & North, Africa Southern Asia-Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -25 Aus & NZ-Oceania excl. Aus & NZ-Northern America-,201A Europe-20,20,20,3 1 2018 2019 2017 2018 Other -10 10

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



Highlights of 2022:



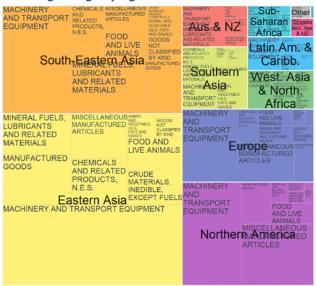
#### South-Eastern Asia

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of South-Eastern Asia increased by 14.0 percent to reach 1957.8 bln US\$ and its imports reached 1903.8 bln US\$ which was an increase by 17.3 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 54.0 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 94.4 bln US\$ in 2021. South-Eastern Asia's intra-regional total trade amounted to 836.7 bln US\$, that is 22.3 percent of total exports and 21.0 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (35.4 percent of total exports), Northern America (15.6 percent), and Europe (11.0 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (46.9 percent of total imports), Europe (9.7 percent), and Northern America (7.4 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance 2 000-■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-Central Asia 1 000 West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asian. Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -1 000 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America--2 000 2010 Europe-00,00,00,00,00,00,00,000 Other -500 500

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



Total trade (year-on-year) increased by 15.6%.



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was 107.5%.



Intra-regional trade was 21.7% of total trade.



The top export commodity category was machinery and transport equipment with 41.6%.



Trade surplus decreased from 94.4 bln US\$ to 54.0 bln US\$.

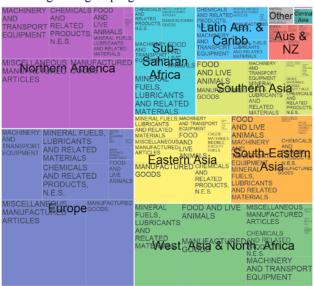
#### Southern Asia

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Southern Asia increased by 13.5 percent to reach 564.3 bln US\$ and its imports reached 956.4 bln US\$ which was an increase by 22.2 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 392.1 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a deficit of 285.7 bln US\$ in 2021. Southern Asia's intra-regional total trade amounted to 83.1 bln US\$, that is 7.4 percent of total exports and 4.3 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (24.1 percent of total exports), Northern America (18.6 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (17.0 percent). The main origins of imports were in Western Asia and Northern Africa (24.9 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (24.8 percent), and Europe (15.3 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance 1 000-Export Import Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-Central Asia-500 West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0-Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -500 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America -1 000· Europe-00,00,00,000 100000 Other -200 -100 100 200

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



Highlights of 2022:



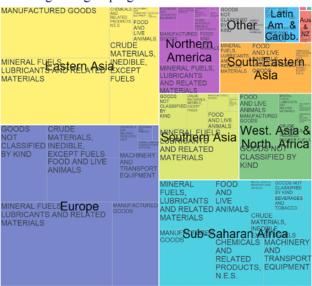
#### Sub-Saharan Africa

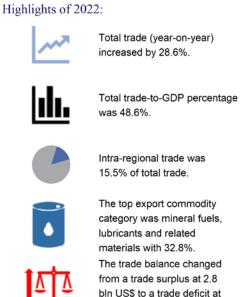
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Sub-Saharan Africa increased by 18.9 percent to reach 450.9 bln US\$ and its imports reached 521.5 bln US\$ which was an increase by 38.5 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 70.6 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 2.8 bln US\$ in 2021. Sub-Saharan Africa's intra-regional total trade amounted to 150.7 bln US\$, that is 18.7 percent of total exports and 12.7 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (29.4 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (21.5 percent), and Southern Asia (7.9 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (26.0 percent of total imports), Europe (23.2 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (13.9 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance Export Import Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-300-Central Asia West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0 Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -300 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ-Northern America-2018 Europe-00,00,00,00,00,00,000 Other -100 -50 50 100

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022





70.6 bln US\$.

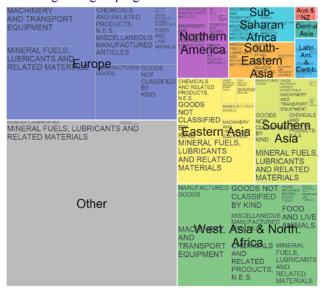
#### Western Asia and Northern Africa

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Western Asia and Northern Africa increased by 36.0 percent to reach 2069.6 bln US\$ and its imports reached 1614.3 bln US\$ which was an increase by 22.1 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 455.3 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 199.1 bln US\$ in 2021. Western Asia and Northern Africa's intra-regional total trade amounted to 602.9 bln US\$, that is 16.5 percent of total exports and 16.2 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Other (32.7 percent of total exports), Europe (22.2 percent), and Eastern Asia (9.4 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (31.2 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (19.2 percent), and Other (9.1 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance Export Import Trade balance 2 000-Sub-Saharan Africa-Central Asia 1 000 West, Asia & North, Africa Southern Asia-0-Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -1 000-Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ -2 000· Northern America-Europe-Other -400 400

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



US\$.

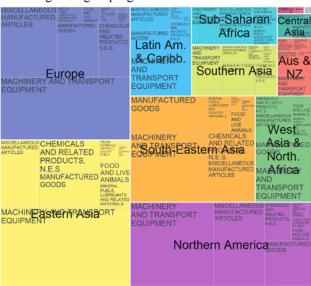
# Asia-Pacific Trade Agreement (APTA)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of APTA increased by 7.6 percent to reach 4812.2 bln US\$ and its imports reached 4293.1 bln US\$ which was an increase by 8.1 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 519.0 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 499.2 bln US\$ in 2021, representing an increase of 4.0 percent over 2021. APTA's intra-regional total trade amounted to 1278.3 bln US\$, that is 11.8 percent of total exports and 16.5 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (21.9 percent of total exports), Europe (19.8 percent), and Northern America (17.6 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (28.7 percent of total imports), Europe (17.2 percent), and South-Eastern Asia (13.9 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance 5 000 -Export Import Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-Central Asia 2 500-West, Asia & North, Africa Southern Asia-0-Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -2 500 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America -5 000· Europe-Other -1 000 -500 500 1 000

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



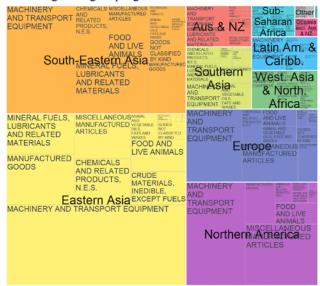
## Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of ASEAN increased by 14.1 percent to reach 1957.5 bln US\$ and its imports reached 1902.4 bln US\$ which was an increase by 17.3 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 55.1 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 94.3 bln US\$ in 2021. ASEAN's intra-regional total trade amounted to 835.5 bln US\$, that is 22.3 percent of total exports and 21.0 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (35.4 percent of total exports), South-Eastern Asia (22.3 percent), and Northern America (15.6 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (47.0 percent of total imports), South-Eastern Asia (21.0 percent), and Europe (9.7 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance 2 000-■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-Central Asia 1 000 West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asian. Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -1 000 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America--2 000 2010 Europe-00,00,00,00,00,00,00,000 Other -500 500

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



Total trade (year-on-year) increased by 15.7%.



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was 107.5%.



Intra-regional trade was 21.6% of total trade.



The top export commodity category was machinery and transport equipment with 41.6%.



Trade surplus decreased from 94.3 bln US\$ to 55.1 bln US\$.

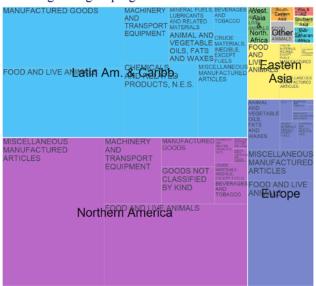
## Central American Common Market (CACM)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of CACM increased by 21.0 percent to reach 55.6 bln US\$ and its imports reached 98.6 bln US\$ which was an increase by 21.6 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 43.0 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a deficit of 35.1 bln US\$ in 2021. CACM's intra-regional total trade amounted to 26.7 bln US\$, that is 24.9 percent of total exports and 13.0 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (41.9 percent of total exports), Latin America and the Caribbean (36.8 percent), and Europe (14.3 percent). The main origins of imports were in Northern America (33.7 percent of total imports), Latin America and the Caribbean (29.6 percent), and Eastern Asia (21.1 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance 100-Export Import Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-Central Asia-50 West, Asia & North, Africa Southern Asia-0 Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -50 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ--100-Northern America-2016 701h ·2015 2017 Europe-Other -20 20

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



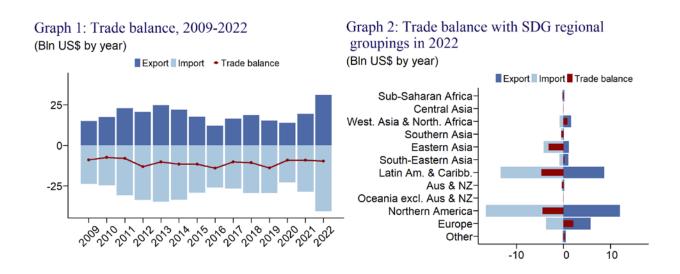
Highlights of 2022:



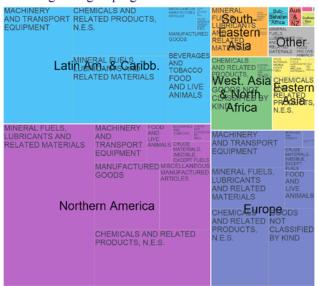
# Carribean Community and Common Market (CARICOM)

#### Overview:

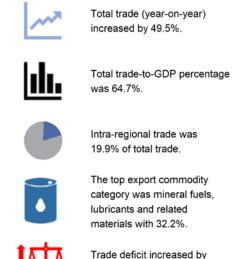
In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of CARICOM increased by 59.5 percent to reach 31 bln US\$ and its imports reached 40.7 bln US\$ which was an increase by 42.6 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 9.8 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a deficit of 9.1 bln US\$ in 2021, representing an increase of 6.7 percent over 2021. CARICOM's intra-regional total trade amounted to 14.3 bln US\$, that is 19.9 percent of total exports and 19.8 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (38.7 percent of total exports), Latin America and the Caribbean (27.9 percent), and Europe (18.6 percent). The main origins of imports were in Northern America (40.5 percent of total imports), Latin America and the Caribbean (32.8 percent), and Eastern Asia (10.3 percent).



Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



Highlights of 2022:



1 frade deficit increased by 6.7%.

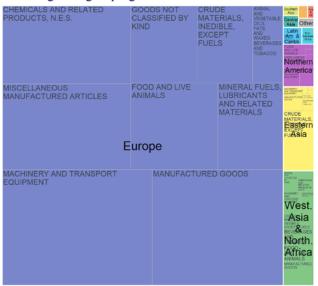
## Central European Free Trade Agreement (CEFTA)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of CEFTA increased by 14.6 percent to reach 56.8 bln US\$ and its imports reached 90.6 bln US\$ which was an increase by 19.1 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 33.8 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a deficit of 26.5 bln US\$ in 2021. CEFTA's intra-regional total trade amounted to 15.8 bln US\$, that is 15.5 percent of total exports and 7.7 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (90.2 percent of total exports), Western Asia and Northern Africa (4.0 percent), and Eastern Asia (3.0 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (72.4 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (11.4 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (9.1 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa Central Asia-50 West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0 Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -50 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America-Europe-00,00,00,00,00,00,000,000 Other *i*0 -40

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



Total trade (year-on-year) increased by 17.4%.



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was 104.5%.



Intra-regional trade was 10.7% of total trade.



The top export commodity category was machinery and transport equipment with 21.2%.



Trade deficit increased from 26.5 bln US\$ to 33.8 bln US\$.

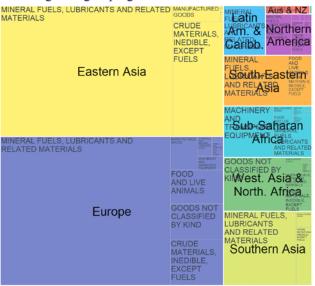
## Economic and Monetary Community of Central Africa (CEMAC)

#### Overview:

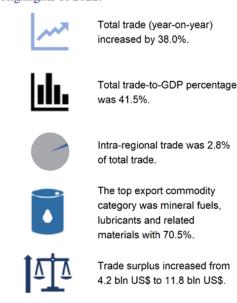
In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of CEMAC increased by 53.6 percent to reach 29.2 bln US\$ and its imports reached 17.4 bln US\$ which was an increase by 18.0 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 11.8 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 4.2 bln US\$ in 2021. CEMAC's intra-regional total trade amounted to 1.3 bln US\$, that is 2.2 percent of total exports and 3.8 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (38.1 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (33.5 percent), and Southern Asia (7.5 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (30.8 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (28.7 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (12.6 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-25 Central Asia West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0 Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -25 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America Europe-201201201301 1,000,000 JOU Other -5 10 -10

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



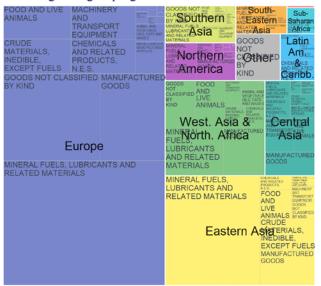
# Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of CIS increased by 14.1 percent to reach 815.4 bln US\$ and its imports reached 430.7 bln US\$ which was a decrease by 15.3 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 384.8 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 205.8 bln US\$ in 2021. CIS's intra-regional total trade amounted to 212.3 bln US\$, that is 15.0 percent of total exports and 20.9 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (51.9 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (18.9 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (10.9 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (46.5 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (26.8 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (5.6 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■Export Import Trade balance ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa 500 Central Asia-West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0 Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -500 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America-Europe-00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00 Other -250 250

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:







Trade surplus increased from 205.8 bln US\$ to 384.8 bln US\$.

# East African Community (EAC)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of EAC increased by 3.4 percent to reach 20.3 bln US\$ and its imports reached 54.0 bln US\$ which was an increase by 19.3 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 33.7 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a deficit of 25.6 bln US\$ in 2021. EAC's intra-regional total trade amounted to 9.3 bln US\$, that is 19.8 percent of total exports and 9.8 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Sub-Saharan Africa (36.8 percent of total exports), Western Asia and Northern Africa (20.6 percent), and Europe (17.4 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (27.2 percent of total imports), Western Asia and Northern Africa (20.6 percent), and Sub-Saharan Africa (16.2 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-30 Central Asia West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0 Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -30 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America , 2013 2014 Europe-1,000,000 JOU Other -10 10

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



# Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of ECOWAS increased by 16.3 percent to reach 124 bln US\$ and its imports reached 130.6 bln US\$ which was an increase by 10.0 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 6.6 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a deficit of 12.0 bln US\$ in 2021. ECOWAS's intra-regional total trade amounted to 22.3 bln US\$, that is 9.3 percent of total exports and 8.3 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (40.7 percent of total exports), Sub-Saharan Africa (13.1 percent), and Southern Asia (12.7 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (34.5 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (25.9 percent), and Sub-Saharan Africa (10.2 percent).

Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022

(Bln US\$ by year)

Export Import Trade balance

Graph 2

groupin

(Bln US\$

Sub

West. Asia

Oceania

N

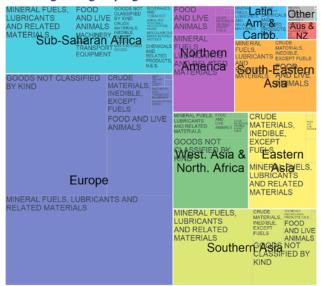
Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year)

Sub-Saharan Africa—
Central Asia—
West. Asia & North. Africa—
Southern Asia—
Eastern Asia—
South-Eastern Asia—
Latin Am. & Caribb.—
Aus & NZ—
Oceania excl. Aus & NZ—
Northern America—
Europe—
Other—

-50

-25

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



Highlights of 2022:



Total trade (year-on-year) increased by 13.0%.

25

50



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was 33.7%.



Intra-regional trade was 8.8% of total trade.



The top export commodity category was mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials with 44.9%.



Trade deficit decreased from 12.0 bln US\$ to 6.6 bln US\$.

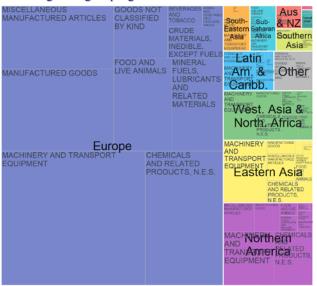
# European Union (EU-27)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of EU-27 increased by 7.8 percent to reach 6810.5 bln US\$ and its imports reached 7160.4 bln US\$ which was an increase by 15.0 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 349.9 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 87.8 bln US\$ in 2021. EU-27's intra-regional total trade amounted to 8460.3 bln US\$, that is 64.7 percent of total exports and 56.6 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Europe (71.3 percent of total exports), Northern America (8.5 percent), and Eastern Asia (6.4 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (65.2 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (12.5 percent), and Northern America (6.0 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa 4 000 Central Asia West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asian. Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -4 000 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America Europe-00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00 Other -5 000 -2 500 2 500 5 000 n

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



Total trade (year-on-year) increased by 11.4%.



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was 84.1%.



Intra-regional trade was 60.6% of total trade.



The top export commodity category was machinery and transport equipment with 33.1%.



The trade balance changed from a trade surplus at 87.8 bln US\$ to a trade deficit at 349.9 bln US\$.

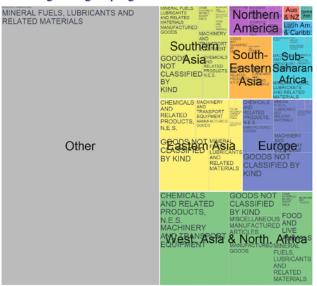
# The Cooperation Council of the Arab States of the Gulf (GCC)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of GCC increased by 41.3 percent to reach 1307.1 bln US\$ and its imports reached 733.1 bln US\$ which was an increase by 21.1 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 574.0 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 319.5 bln US\$ in 2021. GCC's intra-regional total trade amounted to 199.2 bln US\$, that is 9.8 percent of total exports and 9.7 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Other (50.8 percent of total exports), Western Asia and Northern Africa (16.6 percent), and Eastern Asia (8.7 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (21.8 percent of total imports), Europe (19.1 percent), and Western Asia and Northern Africa (14.9 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance 1 000 Sub-Saharan Africa Central Asia 500 West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia 0 Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia--500 Latin Am. & Caribb. Aus & NZ -1 000 Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America Europe-00,00,00,00,00,00,00,000 Other 400 -400

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



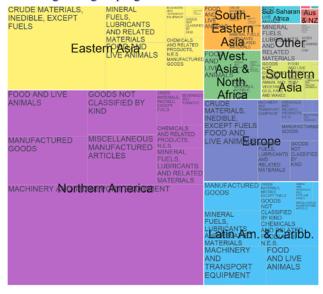
# Latin American Integration Association (LAIA)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of LAIA increased by 17.6 percent to reach 1307.2 bln US\$ and its imports reached 1334.0 bln US\$ which was an increase by 21.6 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 26.7 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 14.9 bln US\$ in 2021. LAIA's intra-regional total trade amounted to 326.3 bln US\$, that is 12.1 percent of total exports and 12.6 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (44.0 percent of total exports), Eastern Asia (19.1 percent), and Latin America and the Caribbean (13.7 percent). The main origins of imports were in Northern America (31.9 percent of total imports), Eastern Asia (28.6 percent), and Europe (14.1 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance 1 000 Sub-Saharan Africa Central Asia 500 West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0 Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia--500 Latin Am. & Caribb. Aus & NZ -1 000-Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America Europe-001,01,013 301/2015016017018 Other 300 600 -600 -300

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



Total trade (year-on-year) increased by 19.6%.



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was 48.7%.



Intra-regional trade was 12.4% of total trade.



The top export commodity category was machinery and transport equipment with 27.8%.



The trade balance changed from a trade surplus at 14.9 bln US\$ to a trade deficit at 26.7 bln US\$.

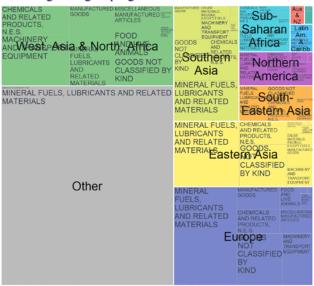
# League of Arab States (LAS)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of LAS increased by 40.3 percent to reach 1692.7 bln US\$ and its imports reached 1105.7 bln US\$ which was an increase by 18.8 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 587.0 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 276.2 bln US\$ in 2021. LAS's intra-regional total trade amounted to 418.0 bln US\$, that is 14.8 percent of total exports and 15.2 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Other (39.5 percent of total exports), Western Asia and Northern Africa (15.9 percent), and Europe (15.8 percent). The main origins of imports were in Europe (24.2 percent of total imports), Western Asia and Northern Africa (20.3 percent), and Eastern Asia (19.9 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance ■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa 1 000-Central Asia West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia n. Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -1 000· Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America-Europe-00,00,00,00,00,00,00,000 Other 400 -400

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



Highlights of 2022:



## Mercado Común del Sur (MERCOSUR)

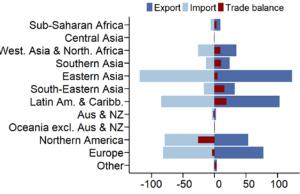
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of MERCOSUR increased by 17.7 percent to reach 463 bln US\$ and its imports reached 429.4 bln US\$ which was an increase by 25.7 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 33.6 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 51.7 bln US\$ in 2021. MERCOSUR's intra-regional total trade amounted to 113.0 bln US\$, that is 11.7 percent of total exports and 13.7 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (26.6 percent of total exports), Latin America and the Caribbean (22.3 percent), and Europe (16.8 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (27.6 percent of total imports), Latin America and the Caribbean (19.7 percent), and Europe (18.9 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance 500 250 West, Asia & North, Africa-0-Latin Am. & Caribb. -250 -500· ·2018 00,00,000 3012015016017 Other

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022





Highlights of 2022:



Total trade (year-on-year) increased by 21.4%.



Total trade-to-GDP percentage was 32.0%.



Intra-regional trade was 12.7% of total trade.



The top export commodity category was food and live animals with 27.8%.



Trade surplus decreased from 51.7 bln US\$ to 33.6 bln US\$.

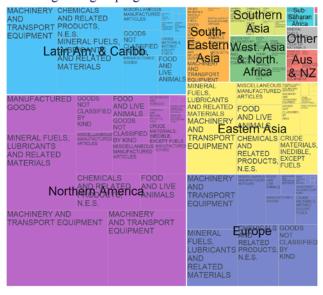
# US-Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA)

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of USMCA increased by 17.7 percent to reach 3237 bln US\$ and its imports reached 4545.7 bln US\$ which was an increase by 15.6 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a deficit of 1308.7 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a deficit of 1181.7 bln US\$ in 2021, representing an increase of 10.7 percent over 2021. USMCA's intra-regional total trade amounted to 3111.6 bln US\$, that is 49.8 percent of total exports and 33.0 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Northern America (39.6 percent of total exports), Latin America and the Caribbean (18.2 percent), and Europe (16.9 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (27.2 percent of total imports), Northern America (22.2 percent), and Europe (19.0 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance 5 000-■ Export ■ Import ■ Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-2 500 Central Asia-West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0-Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia-Latin Am. & Caribb. -2 500 Aus & NZ Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America -5 000· Europe-Other -1 000 -500 0 500 1 000

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



Highlights of 2022:



# Southern African Development Community (SADC)

#### Overview:

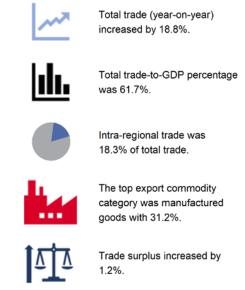
In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of SADC increased by 17.0 percent to reach 272.2 bln US\$ and its imports reached 222.6 bln US\$ which was an increase by 21.2 percent. The merchandise trade balance recorded a surplus of 49.6 bln US\$ in 2022 as compared to a surplus of 49.0 bln US\$ in 2021, representing an increase of 1.2 percent over 2021. SADC's intra-regional total trade amounted to 90.4 bln US\$, that is 20.1 percent of total exports and 16.0 percent of total imports. With regard to SDG regions, merchandise main exports destinations were Eastern Asia (27.2 percent of total exports), Europe (24.1 percent), and Sub-Saharan Africa (22.0 percent). The main origins of imports were in Eastern Asia (24.2 percent of total imports), Europe (20.9 percent), and Sub-Saharan Africa (18.0 percent).

Graph 2: Trade balance with SDG regional Graph 1: Trade balance, 2009-2022 groupings in 2022 (Bln US\$ by year) (Bln US\$ by year) ■ Export ■ Import Trade balance Export Import Trade balance Sub-Saharan Africa-200 Central Asia 100 West. Asia & North. Africa-Southern Asia-0-Eastern Asia-South-Eastern Asia--100 Latin Am. & Caribb. Aus & NZ -200· Oceania excl. Aus & NZ Northern America ·2018 Europe-00,00,00,00,00,00,000 Other -40 40 80 -80

Graph 3: Top export commodity categories by partner SDG regional groupings in 2022



#### Highlights of 2022:



# 2022 INTERNATIONAL TRADE STATISTICS YEARBOOK

# VOLUME I TRADE BY COUNTRY

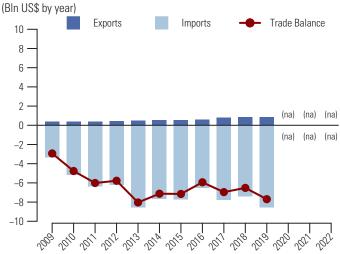
# **PART 2**COUNTRY TRADE PROFILES

168 Countries (or areas)

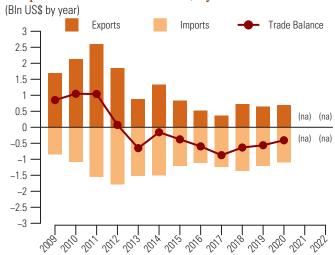
#### Overview:

In 2019, the value of merchandise exports of Afghanistan decreased slightly by 1.6 percent to reach 870.5 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.7 percent to reach 8.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 7.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southern Asia at -2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Afghanistan were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2020, the value of exports of services of Afghanistan increased moderately by 7.3 percent, reaching 699.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased moderately by 8.9 percent and reached 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 405.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2019, representing respectively 62.0, 24.7 and 8.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2017 to 2019, the largest export commodity was "Grapes, fresh or dried" (HS code 0806) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, Pakistan and China, accounting for respectively 43.5, 40.0 and 2.7 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 310.3 mln US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 102.1 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 86.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)

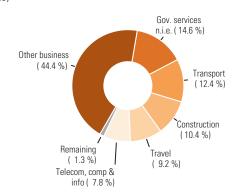


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2017 to 2019

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit valı	Je	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	Unit	code
All Commodities	831.9	884.5	870.5					
0806 Grapes, fresh or dried		157.8	130.3	0.9	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	057
1302 Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances	112.5	107.0	115.1	8.2	12.0	46.1	US\$/kg	292
0802 Other nuts, fresh or dried		85.8	100.7	4.4		5.5	US\$/kg	057
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried	81.6	67.8	85.7	6.8	7.1	7.1	US\$/kg	057
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	43.5	89.4	69.5			0.1	US\$/kg	321
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried	57.7	65.6	0.5					057
0702 Tomatoes, fresh or chilled	32.8	47.3	24.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg	054
0909 Seeds of anise, badian, fennel, coriander, cumin or caraway	28.3	21.7	29.4			2.7	US\$/kg	075
5701 Carpets and other textile floor coverings, knotted	24.6	22.3	24.9	36.3			US\$/m <sup>2</sup>	659
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits		26.3	13.8					222

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percent)

(value in	ercentage)							
			Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2019	2019 2015-2019 2018-2019						
Total	870.5	11.1	-1.6	100.0				
0+1	539.7	21.2	-2.0	62.0				
2+4	215.2	16.3	16.4	24.7				
3	69.6	37.1	-22.2	8.0				
5	0.6	87.0	21.6	0.1				
6	40.9	-18.0	37.9	4.7				
7	1.5		-60.3	0.2				
8	1.3	39.9	56.6	0.2				
9	1.8	-63.0	-92.9	0.2				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

Ava. Growth rates 2019										
			Avg. Growth rates							
SIT	<u>C</u>	2019	2015-2019	015-2019 2018-2019						
Tota	al	8568.0	8568.0 2.6 15.7							
0+1	1	1785.6	11.9	-11.2	20.8					
2+4	1	791.9	22.5	2.6	9.2					
3		1944.5	4.4	100.5	22.7					
5		392.2	42.3	39.4	4.6					
6		1687.3	28.9	8.1	19.7					
7		924.1	44.2	6.3	10.8					
8		577.9	11.8	-18.7	6.7					
9		464.4	-38.8	101.0	5.4					

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
lotal	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

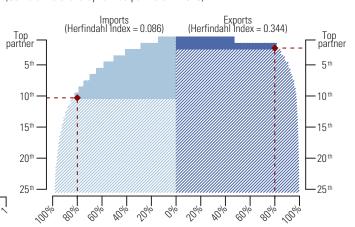
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2019)



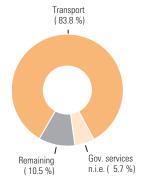
Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2019)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2020)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2019, representing respectively 22.7, 20.8 and 19.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2017 to 2019, the largest import commodity was "Wheat or meslin flour" (HS code 1101) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Islamic Republic of Iran, China and Pakistan, accounting for respectively 15.7, 14.9 and 14.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 926.0 mln US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 63.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2017 to 2019

HS		Value	e (million USS	5)		l	Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-d	igit heading of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	Unit	code
All Commodities		7792.6	7 406.6	8568.0					
1101 Wheat or meslin flour		746.6	764.5	564.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	046
2703 Peat (including peat litter)		567.6	626.2	799.3	0.6	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	322
	d according to kind	486.5	313.4	517.2					931
1518 Animal or vegetable fats a	nd oils	476.4	394.6	383.6	0.9	0.9	8.0	US\$/kg	431
5309 Woven fabrics of flax		357.3	318.3	354.7	30.2	28.7	5.7	US\$/kg	654
6801 Setts, curbstones and flag	stones, of natural stone (except slate)	337.5	303.3	364.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
1701 Cane or beet sugar and pu	re sucrose, in solid form	396.2	202.6	215.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	061
9028 Gas, liquid or electricity su	ipply or production meters	284.2	289.3	240.7	64.6	71.3		US\$/unit	873
2710 Petroleum oils, other than	crude			791.4			0.5	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and othe	r gaseous hydrocarbons	242.1	213.6	238.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	343

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Albania increased substantially by 20.9 percent to reach 4.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.7 percent to reach 8.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 4.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Albania were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Albania increased substantially by 23.4 percent, reaching 5.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 27.2 percent and reached 2.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 2.5 bln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 52.7, 28.4 and 8.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Italy, Serbia and Spain, accounting for respectively 46.0, 11.1 and 5.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 594.2 mln US\$ and "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 593.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

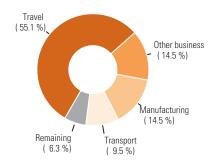


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1001	- 1. 1-p 10 -np 11 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1								
HS		Valu	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	2415.6	3562.3	4306.2					
9999 C	Commodities not specified according to kind	842.7	1865.8	3965.6					931
6406 P	arts of footwear	191.9	264.6	0.1					851
6403 F	ootwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather	132.6	148.3	31.2			22.4	US\$/pair	851
7202 F	erro-alloys	34.3	50.4	210.1	1.2	1.9	3.5	US\$/kg	671
6203 N	Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	122.3	142.9						841
2523 P	ortland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	58.6	55.1						661
6205 N	Nen's or boys'shirts	35.1	38.6	12.0			24.0	US\$/unit	841
7214 C	Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel	83.6							676
1211 P	lants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits)	39.3	34.4	8.4	3.5	3.4	3.2	US\$/kg	292
4819 C	Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers, of paper	37.1	43.7						642

<sup>\*</sup>In 2022, the reported share of non-standard HS codes was relatively high

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

1.0.00	(Taras III IIII SS\$, great III and shares III persontage,										
			wth rates	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	4306.2	10.6 20.9		100.0							
0+1	369.7	9.1	-4.3	8.6							
2+4	156.3	15.5	22.6	3.6							
3	17.6	-22.1	1963.4	0.4							
5	20.3	2.2	-55.9	0.5							
6	245.6	15.9	-21.5	5.7							
7	5.8	-4.1	-90.1	0.1							
8	1 222.8	1.2	8.1	28.4							
9	2268.1	18.5	51.3	52.7							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

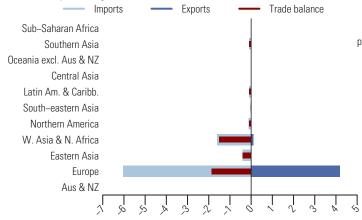
1.0.00	(value in minion eet), greaten and endree in percentage,										
		Avg. Grov	wth rates	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	018-2022   2021-2022								
Total	8407.3	9.1	8.7	100.0							
0+1	895.6	2.2	-17.4	10.7							
2+4	23.2	-21.5	-75.9	0.3							
3	22.0	-46.3	-95.8	0.3							
5	394.6	-5.9	-44.5	4.7							
6	474.6	-13.7	-64.3	5.6							
7	211.6	-28.1	-81.3	2.5							
8	662.2	-1.7	-20.5	7.9							
9	5723.5	31.2	182.1	68.1							

#### SITC Legend

SITC	B
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

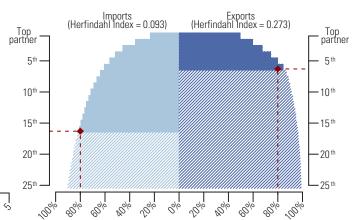
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

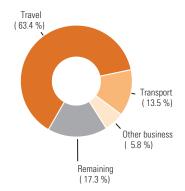


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 68.1, 10.7 and 7.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Italy, Türkiye and Greece, accounting for respectively 24.2, 11.0 and 9.0 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 268.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

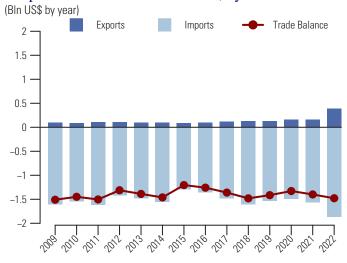
HS		Valu	e (million US	\$\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Comr	modities	5410.9	7734.9	8407.3					
9999 Commod	lities not specified according to kind	977.3	2863.6	7753.3					931
8703 Motor ca	ars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	267.4	335.0	39.0					781
2710 Petroleu	m oils, other than crude	242.5	273.4	22.0	0.5	0.7	1.3	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medican	nents (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	191.8	146.1	51.0					542
2716 Electrica	ll energy	78.5	205.3		52.7	157.0		US\$/MWh	351
	rs and rods of iron or non-alloy steel	36.8	138.9		0.5			US\$/kg	676
4107 Leather	further prepared after tanning or crusting	69.3	83.6	16.6					611
6406 Parts of	footwear	65.4	74.1	5.1					851
2202 Waters v	with added sugar	49.8	65.6	0.2					111
	al apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	59.1	47.4	6.9					764

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Andorra increased substantially by 135.5 percent to reach 386.1 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 19.2 percent to reach 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Andorra were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). No trade in services data is available.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: No Data Available

#### **Exports Profile:**

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 62.5, 25.3 and 7.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Paintings, drawings and pastels, executed entirely by hand" (HS code 9701) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Spain, France and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 72.1, 9.2 and 3.1 percent of total exports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for exports.

Graph 3: No Data Available

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	166.8	164.0	386.1					
9701 Paintings, drawings and pastels, executed entirely by hand	35.8	1.3	211.3					896
8523 Prepared unrecorded media for sound recording	22.8	24.9	38.7					898
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	15.0	28.3	25.3	24.1	32.1	41.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
9021 Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses	13.3	15.1	15.3					899
4813 Cigarette paper	7.3	9.0	8.2	49.6	47.7	42.3	US\$/kg	642
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	2.5	6.6	5.0	49.5	51.0	51.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	3.2	3.7	6.1					776
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	5.6	3.0	1.5					752
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	2.3	3.8	3.5	0.2	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	282
3305 Preparations for use on the hair	2.5	3.4	2.4	42.5	45.5	28.3	US\$/kg	553

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili ilililloli 05%, growtii allu silales ili percentage)								
		2022						
SITC	2022	share						
Total	386.1	386.1 31.4 135.5		100.0				
0+1	1.0	13.8	16.0	0.3				
2+4	7.2	3.7	-5.9	1.9				
3	0.0	5.2	-60.2	0.0				
5	5.9	7.7	-11.4	1.5				
6	27.3	30.4	102.7	7.1				
7	97.8	10.9	22.5	25.3				
8	241.3	56.1	402.5	62.5				
9	5.6	13.5	-24.3	1.5				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(		J					
			Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	1864.4	3.7	19.2	100.0			
0+1	377.2	1.9	15.9	20.2			
2+4	22.7	5.5	20.6	1.2			
3	222.0	13.5	77.7	11.9			
5	202.2	0.4	10.4	10.8			
6	187.5	7.0	21.5	10.1			
7	470.6	4.4	7.9	25.2			
8	363.6	0.0	20.0	19.5			
9	18.5	29.6	6.1	1.0			

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

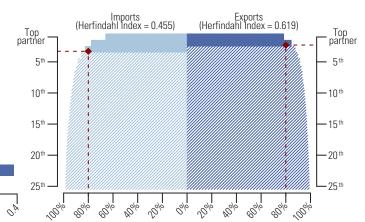
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



#### Graph 6: No Data Available

#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 25.2, 20.2 and 19.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Spain, France and Germany, accounting for respectively 68.0, 10.6 and 4.7 percent of total imports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for imports.

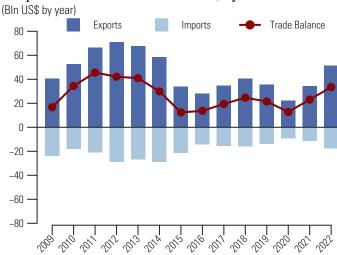
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	-	Valu	ie (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commo	dities	1494.8	1563.5	1864.4					
8703 Motor cars	and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	125.7	195.2	172.2	26.6	31.3	29.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum	oils, other than crude	51.8	82.1	140.2	0.4	0.6		US\$/kg	334
9701 Paintings, o	drawings and pastels, executed entirely by hand	250.0	2.4	1.7					896
2716 Electrical e	energy	23.2	39.9	75.7	47.9	72.8	207.2	US\$/MWh	351
3304 Beauty or n	make-up preparations	25.0	36.3	42.7	41.0	44.8	41.6	US\$/kg	553
3004 Medicamer	nts (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	31.6	34.6	33.2		63.1	48.0	US\$/kg	542
2208 Alcohol of a	a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	27.0	29.9	40.7	6.8	7.1	7.2	US\$/litre	112
3303 Perfumes a	and toilet waters	21.3	34.5	41.2	65.2	68.6	63.2	US\$/kg	553
8517 Electrical a	apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	22.2	25.1	29.0					764
2106 Food prepa	arations not elsewhere specified or included	20.0	23.1	28.7	4.3	4.9	4.5	US\$/kg	098

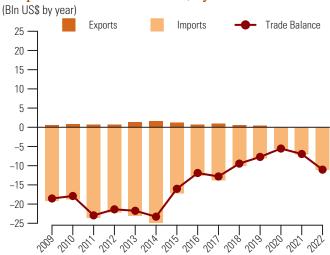
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Angola increased substantially by 48.7 percent to reach 51.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 56.5 percent to reach 17.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 33.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 17.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Angola were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Angola decreased substantially by 11.2 percent, reaching 83.0 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 57.7 percent and reached 11.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 11.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 92.8, 4.0 and 2.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, India and France, accounting for respectively 51.1, 9.0 and 4.1 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 31.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 24.8 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 22.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

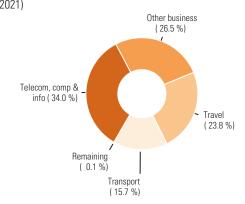


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million US	199			Unit val	110	SITC
1.10			• •					
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 22134.5	34472.2	51 275.0					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	. 18379.9	27 481.3	40311.1	0.3	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	. 1051.4	3494.2	6549.0	0.2	0.7	1.5	US\$/kg	343
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	. 1108.1	1534.3	1981.7	129.8	175.5	224.2	US\$/carat	667
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels	. 477.2	247.9	573.7					793
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	304.3	555.8	259.1					793
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 159.0	225.8	480.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
8906 Other vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats	. 111.4	279.1	201.5					793
2707 Oils and other products of high temperature coal tar	. 97.3	117.5	235.6	0.4			US\$/kg	335
8904 Tugs and pusher craft	. 43.5	78.4	42.0					793
4413 Densified wood, in blocks, plates, strips or profile shapes	. 14.8	49.2	49.6	7.3	9.4	11.2	US\$/kg	634

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

1		5					
			Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	51 275.0	6.0	48.7	100.0			
0+1	117.9	-4.4	28.1	0.2			
2+4	2064.2	11.2	31.4	4.0			
3	47 576.3	5.2	51.9	92.8			
5	15.4	-1.8	142.5	0.0			
6	182.8	24.5	22.7	0.4			
7	1272.4	74.4	-0.6	2.5			
8	40.3	-0.1	-21.4	0.1			
9	5.7	88.3	87.5	0.0			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

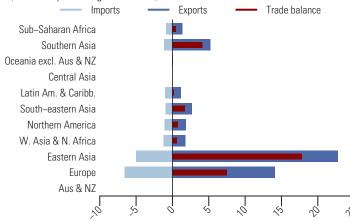
1	(Value in minion 664, growth and shares in percentage)							
			Avg. Growth rates					
	SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
	Total	17802.9	2.7	56.5	100.0			
	0+1	2535.2	-3.7	44.0	14.2			
	2+4	836.4	13.0	91.7	4.7			
	3	3 9 7 5 . 5	13.3	110.7	22.3			
	5	2101.9	7.2	60.2	11.8			
	6	2069.3	5.3	26.8	11.6			
	7	4947.2	-1.9	40.8	27.8			
	8	1337.2	9.2	59.4	7.5			
	9	0.2	-86.8	1346.7	0.0			

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

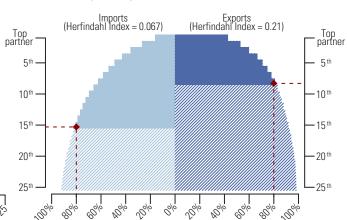
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

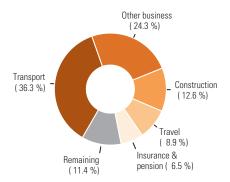


#### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 27.8, 22.3 and 14.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Portugal and India, accounting for respectively 15.5, 11.9 and 5.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.7 bln US\$ and "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 885.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

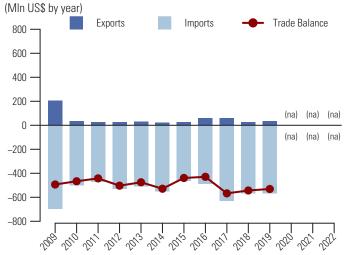
110	1		/ '''' 110	141					OUTO
HS		Valu	ue (million US	5\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Cor	mmodities	9337.9	11378.9	17802.9					
	eum oils, other than crude	916.0	1862.9	3911.1					334
1006 Rice		348.2	255.7	370.4	0.6	0.5		US\$/kg	042
	cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	174.7	215.7	485.3		25.3	<i>25.7</i>	thsd US\$/unit	781
0207 Meat a	and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	207.3	237.7	416.4	0.9	0.9	1.3	US\$/kg	012
1001 Wheat	t and meslin	176.8	282.6	385.7					041
3004 Medic	aments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	223.3	216.0	313.4	13.7		10.0	US\$/kg	542
8481 Taps, c	cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells	270.7	223.7	230.3	39.7	24.8	26.2	US\$/kg	747
8704 Motor	vehicles for the transport of goods	107.5	206.9	401.2					782
1511 Palm o	oil and its fractions	204.7	133.7	335.5	1.0	1.2	1.8	US\$/kg	422
4907 Unuse	d postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue	123.8	135.6	222.6	0.1	11.2	0.7	thsd US\$/kg	892

#### Overview:

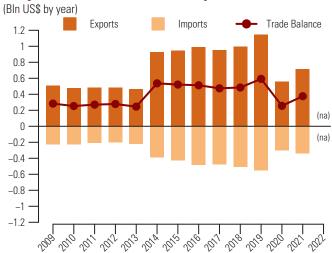
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2019, the value of merchandise exports of Antigua and Barbuda increased substantially by 44.7 percent to reach 37.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 0.1 percent to reach 568.3 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 530.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -284.1 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Antigua and Barbuda were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Antigua and Barbuda increased substantially by 28.1 percent, reaching 712.9 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 11.9 percent and reached 337.0 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 376.0 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2019, representing respectively 54.4, 12.8 and 12.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2018 to 2019, the largest export commodity was "Waste and scrap of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal" (HS code 7112) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United Arab Emirates, the United States and Spain, accounting for respectively 22.2, 13.4 and 11.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 546.1 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 56.4 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 47.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

Remaining (2.5 %)
Transport Insurance &

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2017 to 2019

I								
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	3\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	Unit	code
All Commodities	62.4	25.8	37.4					
7112 Waste and scrap of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal		8.9	20.3		32.8	34.7	thsd US\$/kg	289
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes	25.1	0.2	0.4	199.3	13.3	0.0	thsd US\$/unit	793
6306 Tarpaulins, awnings and sunblinds; tents; sails for boats, sailboards	11.3	0.0	0.0	46.5	7.9	5.9	US\$/kg	658
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	3.2	4.2	2.8			7.5	US\$/litre	112
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	0.1	1.0	4.5	0.8	2.0	1.5	US\$/kg	334
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	1.7	1.0	1.1					897
7212 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	0.7	1.3	0.4	2.3	2.3	1.7	US\$/kg	674
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not	0.3	0.7	1.3	10.8	24.7	22.5	US\$/kg	036
7326 Other articles of iron or steel	1.0	0.5	0.2	8.0	0.3	0.2	US\$/kg	699
9102 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, of base metal	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.3	4.8	4.2	thsd US\$/unit	885

pension ( 6.7 %)

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili lillilloli 03\$, growtii aliu silales ili percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2019				
SITC	2019	2015-2019	share				
Total	37.4	9.5	44.7	100.0			
0+1	4.8	35.1	-17.6	12.8			
2+4	0.0	-50.1	-93.7	0.1			
3	4.5	98.7	329.7	12.0			
5	0.3	-6.5	44.3	0.7			
6	1.9	-35.5	-40.6	5.2			
7	2.1	-30.0	-8.3	5.6			
8	3.5	-1.5	-11.1	9.4			
9	20.3		128.6	54.4			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$. growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 664, growth and onared in percentage)						
		Avg. Grov	2019			
SITC	2019	2015-2019	2018-2019	share		
Total	568.3	5.1	-0.1	100.0		
0+1	149.2	4.7	-3.0	26.2		
2+4	17.2	10.0	-9.4	3.0		
3	3.0	-55.6	-11.7	0.5		
5	45.9	7.5	0.3	8.1		
6	100.1	13.5	2.6	17.6		
7	153.6	13.3	1.7	27.0		
8	81.0	6.1	-9.3	14.3		
9	18.3	481.5	96.0	3.2		
5 6 7 8	45.9 100.1 153.6 81.0	7.5 13.5 13.3 6.1	0.3 2.6 1.7 -9.3	8.1 17.6 27.0 14.3		

#### SITC Legend

SITC	B
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

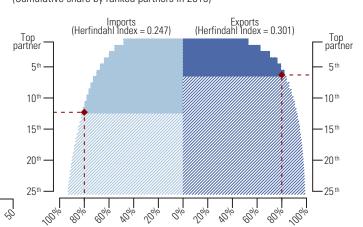
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2019)

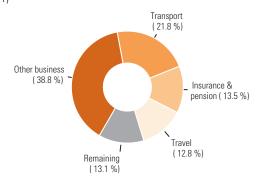


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2019)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2019, representing respectively 27.0, 26.2 and 17.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2017 to 2019, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 46.9, 5.8 and 5.8 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 130.6 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 73.5 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 45.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

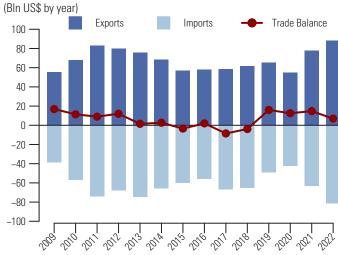
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2017 to 2019

	* *								
HS		Valu	ie (million US	5\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	Unit	code
All	Commodities	629.8	569.2	568.3					
	troleum oils, other than crude	101.9	3.0	2.9	0.6	2.7	2.9	US\$/kg	334
8703 Ma	otor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	30.4	36.8	31.7	7.3	19.4		thsd US\$/unit	781
7308 Str	ructures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06)	30.3	5.1	5.6	37.0	2.5	2.6	US\$/kg	691
0207 Me	eat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	13.0	12.7	12.6	1.9	2.0	2.0	US\$/kg	012
2202 Wa	aters with added sugar	11.8	12.4	11.5	1.0	1.0		US\$/litre	111
9403 Otl	her furniture and parts thereof	8.4	12.5	12.4					821
8704 Ma	otor vehicles for the transport of goods	10.2	10.2	10.2	22.5		24.7	thsd US\$/unit	782
3004 Me	edicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	7.8	9.8	10.3	28.7	36.8	40.0	US\$/kg	542
7112 Wa	aste and scrap of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal	0.0	8.9	17.9	2.6	32.8	34.8	thsd US\$/kg	289
8903 Ya	chts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes	22.1	1.6	3.0	79.4	9.3		thsd US\$/unit	793

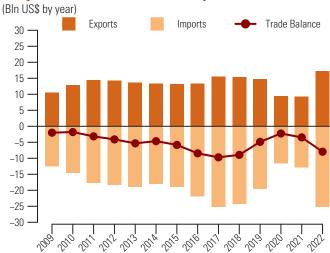
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Argentina increased substantially by 13.5 percent to reach 88.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 29.0 percent to reach 81.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 6.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -8.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Argentina were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 28 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Argentina increased substantially by 85.2 percent, reaching 17.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 97.0 percent and reached 25.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 8.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 46.2, 16.9 and 14.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Brazil, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 14.6, 8.7 and 6.8 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 4.0 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 2.1 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

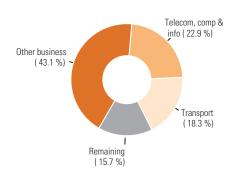


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								SITC
HS	Valu	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	54883.8	77 934.3	88 445.7					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	9694.7	25793.6	16218.8					931
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues	7506.3	7334.2	11 427.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	081
1005 Maize (corn)	6046.7	8379.8	9260.9	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	044
1507 Soya-bean oil and its fractions	3740.1	5400.9	6245.7	0.7	1.2	1.5	US\$/kg	421
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	2027.5	3203.8	4151.9	23.4	23.5	25.1	thsd US\$/unit	782
1001 Wheat and meslin	2029.5	2454.1	4000.8	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken	2186.2	2232.4	3081.6	0.3	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	222
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen	2058.6	1975.0	2593.6	3.9	4.2	4.8	US\$/kg	011
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	570.4	1161.5	3072.6	0.2	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
3826 Biodiesel and mixtures thereof	468.0	1 429.3	1806.0	8.0	1.2	1.5	US\$/kg	598

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in million 66¢, growth and shares in percentage)											
		Avg. Grov	2022								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	88 445.7	9.5	13.5	100.0							
0+1	40830.2	9.6	24.0	46.2							
2+4	13 034.1	21.2	33.1	14.7							
3	5463.3	21.2	165.3	6.2							
5	5234.9	5.1	32.5	5.9							
6	1367.7	-6.3	67.6	1.5							
7	7 233.8	5.7	33.7	8.2							
8	339.9	-3.6	-12.7	0.4							
9	14941.8	4.8	-33.9	16.9							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

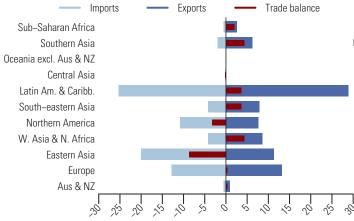
(1 a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	81 522.7	5.6	29.0	100.0						
0+1	2411.3	5.9	18.3	3.0						
2+4	4650.1	1.2	-2.9	5.7						
3	12782.5	19.5	120.3	15.7						
5	17 592.3	12.2	18.7	21.6						
6	9647.3	7.9	21.0	11.8						
7	28531.8	-0.4	23.8	35.0						
8	5014.5	-0.1	24.0	6.2						
9	892.9	10.5	34.1	1.1						

#### SITC Legend

	SITC Code	Description
١	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

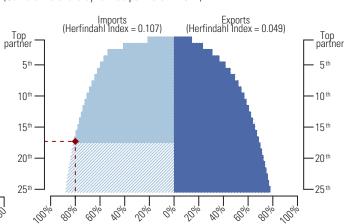
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



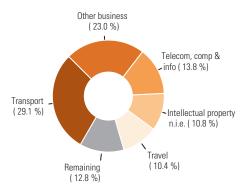
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 35.0, 21.6 and 15.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Brazil and the United States, accounting for respectively 21.2, 19.8 and 11.0 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 3.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.9 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

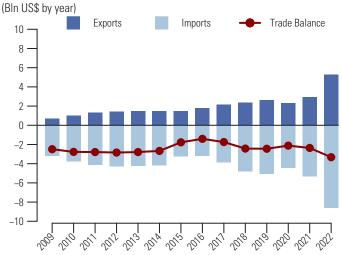
	* *								
HS		Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	42355.5	63 183.6	81 522.7					
2710 F	etroleum oils, other than crude	876.4	2864.1	6756.1	0.5			US\$/kg	334
8708 F	arts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	1634.5	2932.7	3728.8	7.9			US\$/kg	784
2711 F	etroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	1196.7	2153.0	4269.6	0.2	0.4		US\$/kg	343
1201 S	Soya beans, whether or not broken	1982.4	2623.7	2121.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	222
8517 E	lectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1 431.7	2052.0	2623.4					764
8703 N	Notor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	1615.0	1694.1	1998.4	11.0	12.0	13.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
3002 H	luman blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	904.7	1956.4	1682.5	433.2	674.86	646.6	US\$/kg	541
8471 A	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	896.0	1507.2	1303.9	60.1	85.7 °	101.7	US\$/unit	752
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1065.9	1137.7	1277.6	52.0	66.5	71.9	US\$/kg	542
3105 N	Aineral or chemical fertilisers	568.3	1098.2	1491.6	0.3	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	562

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

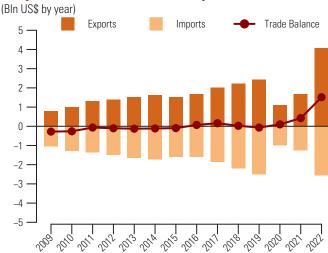
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Armenia increased substantially by 79.0 percent to reach 5.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 62.2 percent to reach 8.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Armenia were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Armenia increased substantially by 142.8 percent, reaching 4.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 104.0 percent and reached 2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 1.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 22.9, 19.1 and 18.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Russian Federation, Switzerland and China, accounting for respectively 35.6, 9.8 and 9.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 720.4 mln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 382.4 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 305.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

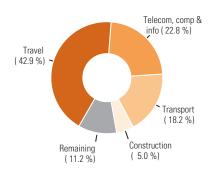


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

110		1/ 1	/ :!!: 110	ι <b>φ</b> )			11. 2.		OITO
HS		Valu	ıe (million US	(\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-dig	it heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		2332.1	2964.8	5307.0					
	es	559.9	769.3	662.9	1.2	1.8	1.6	US\$/kg	283
7108 Gold (including gold plated	with platinum)	247.0	133.8	414.2	45.0	35.4	46.7	thsd US\$/kg	971
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos	and cigarettes	231.5	239.1	320.2	10.6	12.0	13.8	US\$/kg	122
2208 Alcohol of a strength by vo	ume of less than 80 % vol	188.8	246.3	291.5					112
7102 Diamonds, whether or not v	vorked, but not mounted or set	62.5	105.6	417.7	160.1	182.0	176.5	US\$/carat	667
7202 Ferro-alloys		85.6	188.7	252.1	13.0	23.1	28.3	US\$/kg	671
	entrates	95.4	122.3	155.1	6.3	12.0	15.1	US\$/kg	287
7607 Aluminium foil (whether or	not printed or backed with paper, paperboard	86.6	118.3	127.5	2.7	3.5	3.9	US\$/kg	684
8517 Electrical apparatus for line	telephony or line telegraphy	2.4	2.4	271.5					764
8703 Motor cars and other motor	vehicles principally designed for the transport	6.3	8.3	251.4		26.1	23.0	thsd US\$/unit	781

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 034, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	5307.0	22.2	79.0	100.0						
0+1	1212.9	16.4	40.7	22.9						
2+4	980.1	13.3	0.7	18.5						
3	92.1	3.2	78.9	1.7						
5	104.1	30.7	114.9	2.0						
6	977.6	24.3	104.0	18.4						
7	1013.0	96.4	972.7	19.1						
8	511.2	10.0	59.5	9.6						
9	416.1	22.5	208.6	7.8						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

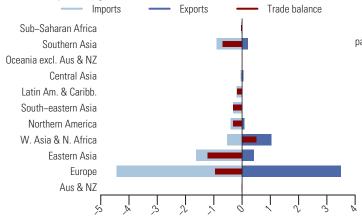
		5		
		Avg. Grov		2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	8633.2	15.7	62.2	100.0
0+1	1226.9	13.6	40.5	14.2
2+4	175.6	13.9	38.2	2.0
3	1164.8	14.5	28.2	13.5
5	755.2	11.0	33.1	8.7
6	1693.4	15.1	67.1	19.6
7	2569.4	22.5	119.3	29.8
8	808.5	7.9	42.1	9.4
9	239.4	27.2	154.5	2.8

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
T-4-1	
iotai	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

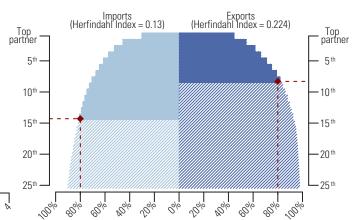
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

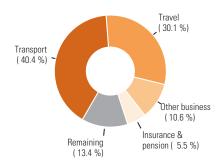


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 29.8, 19.6 and 14.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, China and the Islamic Republic of Iran, accounting for respectively 31.9, 15.4 and 7.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 508.7 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 378.4 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 133.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

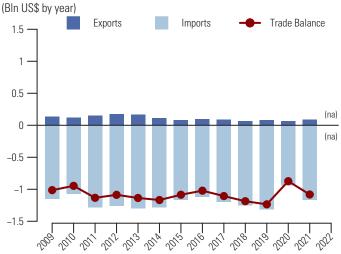
THS I	Valu	ue (million US	(\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	4451.1	5323.9	8633.2					
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	445.1	490.1	541.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	240.1	372.5	574.4	0.5	0.8	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	56.0	104.6	599.5	9.4	14.2	14.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	92.5	123.3	390.0	128.8	137.8	153.4	US\$/carat	667
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 98.3	82.5	381.4					764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	132.1	136.6	150.7	40.0	73.2	65.4	US\$/kg	542
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	24.2	90.0	233.8	54.2	57.7	48.1	thsd US\$/kg	971
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	41.5	56.4	170.7	138.2	152.2	227.0	US\$/unit	752
1001 Wheat and meslin	72.4	62.4	102.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	041
7601 Unwrought aluminium		73.0	99.2	1.7	2.3	2.8	US\$/kg	684

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

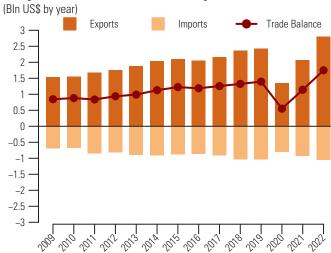
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Aruba increased substantially by 34.0 percent to reach 88.3 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 24.5 percent to reach 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -573.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Aruba were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Aruba increased substantially by 34.9 percent, reaching 2.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 12.4 percent and reached 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 1.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 64.3, 14.9 and 5.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes" (HS code 2402) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Colombia and Curaçao, accounting for respectively 27.7, 25.5 and 16.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

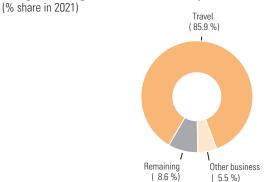


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

I I								
HS	Valu	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	78.6	65.9	88.3					
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	21.5	19.8	43.5	7.2	7.7	7.2	US\$/kg	122
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	13.0	11.7	11.8	10.9	7.4	7.2	US\$/litre	112
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	8.4	6.5	6.1	5.6	6.4	3.5	thsd US\$/kg	897
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	4.7	3.5	3.7					931
9102 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, of base metal	1.7	2.4	1.4					885
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	2.0	1.3	1.8	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	282
3304 Beauty or make-up preparations	1.9	2.1	1.1	22.9	18.0	25.5	US\$/kg	553
3307 Pre-shave, shaving or after-shave preparations	2.8	0.7	0.7	6.8	6.6	7.0	US\$/kg	553
3401 Soap; organic surface-active products	0.7	1.0	1.4	10.2	6.6	7.2	US\$/kg	554
7503 Nickel waste and scrap	1.3	0.9	0.3	1.6	1.7	1.7	US\$/kg	288

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million LIS\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05\$, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	88.3	-0.1	34.0	100.0				
0+1	56.8	9.9	72.1	64.3				
2+4	3.4	-31.6	16.9	3.8				
3	0.0	-29.5	-15.6	0.0				
5	5.1	-4.2	-2.7	5.8				
6	1.6	-14.3	-33.2	1.8				
7	4.6	-3.7	5.6	5.2				
8	13.1	-5.0	-9.4	14.9				
9	3.7	-1.0	4.6	4.2				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

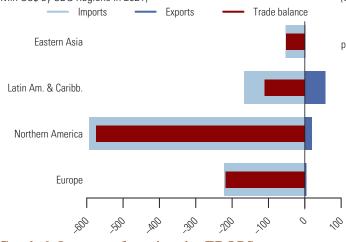
(		J		
		Avg. Grov	2021	
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share
Total	1169.8	-0.5	24.5	100.0
0+1	382.3	2.6	35.6	32.7
2+4	19.7	-6.7	35.2	1.7
3	60.6	-1.8	33.0	5.2
5	129.2	3.6	17.5	11.0
6	138.5	1.2	23.0	11.8
7	195.6	-6.0	-2.3	16.7
8	237.4	-1.9	40.6	20.3
9	6.5	-2.7	14.5	0.6

SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

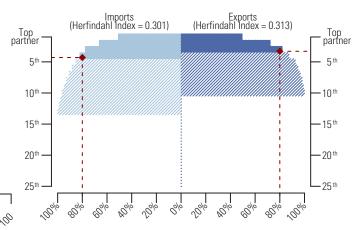
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

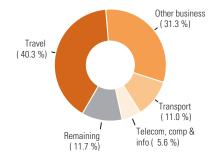


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 32.7, 20.3 and 16.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, the Netherlands and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 52.2, 14.5 and 13.9 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 375.7 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 291.7 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 102.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

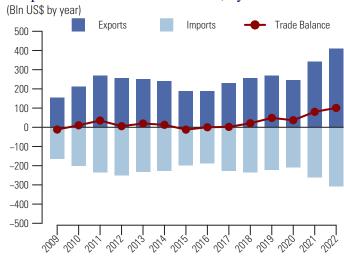
1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)		Unit val			lue	SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities		939.4	1169.8					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		44.6	59.6	0.7	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes		25.5	53.6	8.0	8.0	8.6	US\$/kg	122
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport		22.5	30.1	18.1	19.3	21.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	30.0	30.2	29.5	70.7	69.6	73.3	US\$/kg	542
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	41.2	12.2	29.3		3.3	3.2	thsd US\$/kg	897
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	24.1	13.3	22.8	7.4	5.3	6.8	US\$/litre	112
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen	20.8	12.8	18.1	7.5	6.1	8.9	US\$/kg	011
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	20.0	14.2	16.9					764
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof	17.9	13.4	15.4					821
8502 Electric generating sets and rotary converters	42.6	1.3	0.6	51.6			thsd US\$/unit	716

Goods Imports: FOB, by origin

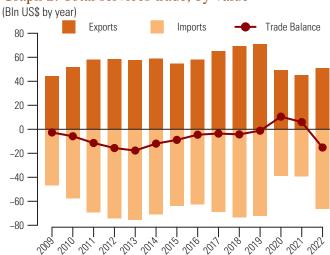
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Australia increased substantially by 19.9 percent to reach 410.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 18.2 percent to reach 309.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 101.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 69.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Australia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Australia increased substantially by 12.9 percent, reaching 51.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 68.8 percent and reached 66.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 15.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 42.7, 32.0 and 9.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites" (HS code 2601) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Areas nes and Japan, accounting for respectively 31.2, 17.9 and 10.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 17.5 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 8.5 bln US\$ and "Personal, cultural, and recreational services" (EBOPS code SK) at 5.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Other business (18.8 %)

Personal, cultural & rec (12.2 %)

Telecom, comp & info (9.6 %)

Financial (7.3 %)

(7.0%)

Transport ( 6.3 %)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		342 036.1	410 252.8					
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	79880.3	115827.5	85978.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	281
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	30162.9	46 598.5	98238.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	US\$/kg	321
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	17 983.1	38226.1	63897.1		0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	343
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)		17 480.9	16305.3		57.4		thsd US\$/kg	971
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind		11365.3	12167.2					931
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	2975.1	7606.8	10054.4	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
1001 Wheat and meslin	2691.5	7 105.5	10008.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
2818 Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined	2862.5	5838.7	6195.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	522
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	3667.5	5778.6	4936.3	2.5	3.5	3.1	US\$/kg	283
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen	3969.8	3983.4	4500.9	4.9	5.6	6.3	US\$/kg	011

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05%, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	410252.8	12.5	19.9	100.0						
0+1	38729.8	7.6	11.3	9.4						
2+4	131 216.3	13.2	-12.0	32.0						
3	175 159.4	17.7	84.8	42.7						
5	8727.2	2.7	15.2	2.1						
6	13502.2	0.9	5.8	3.3						
7	11 498.9	0.0	3.2	2.8						
8	6290.0	3.8	4.8	1.5						
9	25129.1	7.5	-2.8	6.1						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

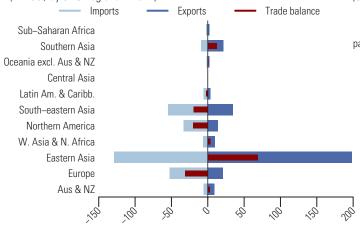
(value in minion 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share							
Total	309300.2	7.0	18.2	100.0						
0+1	18026.1	5.3	12.3	5.8						
2+4	4558.9	4.6	8.1	1.5						
3	47 239.7	10.8	75.9	15.3						
5	38351.1	13.4	30.7	12.4						
6	34466.4	7.7	13.2	11.1						
7	115140.4	5.2	8.4	37.2						
8	42927.4	6.1	7.8	13.9						
9	8590.3	-1.8	-0.5	2.8						

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

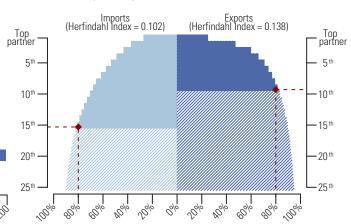
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

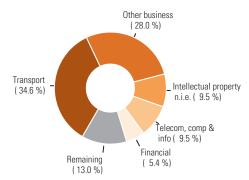


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 37.2, 15.3 and 13.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Japan, accounting for respectively 27.8, 10.6 and 5.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 13.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 11.0 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 3.7 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

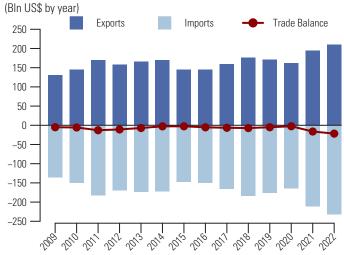
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	210212.5	261 586.4	309300.2					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 11579.3	19886.4	38 076.3	0.4	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 13217.3	18061.5	19831.7	19.5	22.0	22.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 7930.2	8317.5	9100.7					764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	6070.8	9086.4	9679.4	3.6	27.7	28.9	thsd US\$/unit	782
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	7 299.0	8431.4	8829.8	334.7	400.9	415.6	US\$/unit	752
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	5750.1	5758.9	7 209.7					542
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	4692.5	5613.0	7368.7	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	6369.2	4899.9	4838.1	53.4	56.0	56.5	thsd US\$/kg	971
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	. 2725.4	4648.7	5652.8					541
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	3018.8	3834.0	3832.6					931

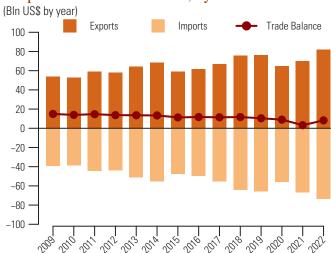
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Austria increased moderately by 8.0 percent to reach 210.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 10.0 percent to reach 231.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 21.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -22.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Austria were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Austria increased substantially by 17.0 percent, reaching 82.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 10.3 percent and reached 73.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 8.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 36.2, 21.0 and 13.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Italy and the United States, accounting for respectively 29.9, 6.5 and 6.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 19.8 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 19.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 10.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

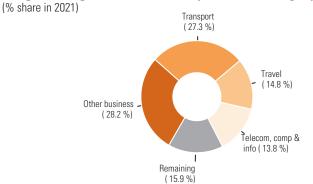


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	162145.1	194703.2	210279.5					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	7 446.1	9335.0	12427.4					931
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	7110.7	8460.9	7 923.5	31.2	34.5	44.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	5577.1	7 2 3 5 . 4	6667.4	494.2	413.64	413.5	US\$/kg	541
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	6040.4	6460.6	6156.9	77.2	87.3	76.3	US\$/kg	542
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	4029.4	4805.9	4636.1	10.4	10.7	10.2	US\$/kg	784
2202 Waters with added sugar	2803.0	3028.0	3533.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	US\$/litre	111
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1560.5	1634.8	4858.5					764
2716 Electrical energy	1281.4	1916.1	4745.7	44.9	74.72	241.7	US\$/MWh	351
8302 Base metal mountings, fittings and similar articles suitable for furniture	2182.2	2829.0	2602.4	5.9	6.4	6.4	US\$/kg	699
8407 Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines	2107.2	2308.3	2652.1			2.6	thsd US\$/unit	713

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in minion eet, grevvar and charee in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	210279.5	4.4	8.0	100.0					
0+1	16175.6	6.4	7.6	7.7					
2+4	6097.4	6.1	-0.6	2.9					
3	6577.5	15.4	36.8	3.1					
5	27762.9	6.6	0.1	13.2					
6	44 199.0	4.4	9.4	21.0					
7	76217.8	2.3	7.1	36.2					
8	21 570.3	2.2	3.8	10.3					
9	11678.9	10.7	34.4	5.6					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

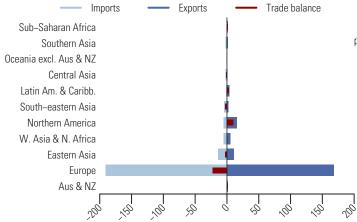
(Taras III IIII 654, graviti ana shares III persentage,									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	231 946.5	5.9	10.0	100.0					
0+1	15297.6	4.7	8.4	6.6					
2+4	10434.4	7.3	0.0	4.5					
3	18402.6	5.1	11.8	7.9					
5	30 083.2	5.3	-2.0	13.0					
6	37312.3	5.9	8.1	16.1					
7	74384.3	3.5	6.3	32.1					
8	29139.8	2.0	0.7	12.6					
9	16892.2	60.1	194.0	7.3					

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Couc	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

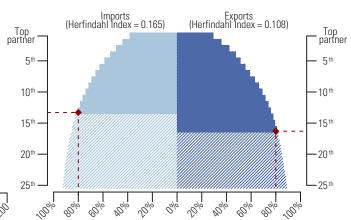
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



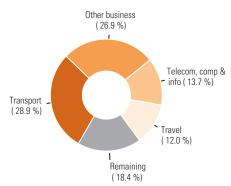
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 32.1, 16.1 and 13.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Italy and China, accounting for respectively 35.4, 6.2 and 6.0 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 19.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 18.0 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 9.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

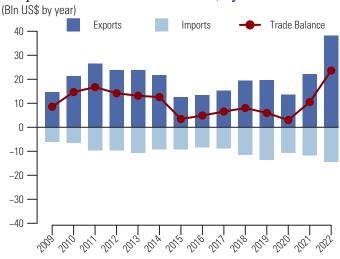
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	164635.6	210913.1	231 946.5					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 8099.4	9382.2	9001.5	22.9	24.6	29.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	. 2081.6	3718.9	13373.6					931
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	5048.8	5873.5	5166.5	11.3	11.7	11.1	US\$/kg	784
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 2926.4	4317.1	8302.4	0.5	0.7	1.2	US\$/kg	334
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	. 2560.4	5175.5	6409.1	56.6	57.5	57.8	thsd US\$/kg	971
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	. 3514.6	5343.8	4396.6	195.6	168.5	214.8	US\$/kg	541
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 2715.9	3195.0	6441.5					764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 3783.9	4118.6	4322.6	73.2	85.3	82.0	US\$/kg	542
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	. 2482.1	4061.9	3840.4	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
2937 Hormones, prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes	. 2671.0	3120.9	2843.3	223.8	76.2	236.3	thsd US\$/kg	541

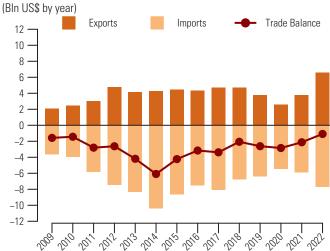
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Azerbaijan increased substantially by 71.8 percent to reach 38.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 24.3 percent to reach 14.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 23.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 21.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Azerbaijan were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Azerbaijan increased substantially by 74.3 percent, reaching 6.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 30.1 percent and reached 7.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 1.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 92.5, 2.3 and 2.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Italy, Türkiye and Israel, accounting for respectively 42.1, 12.1 and 4.1 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 876.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

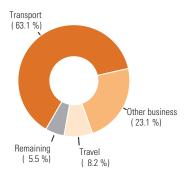


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)		l	Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	13732.6	22 208.0	38146.4					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	9363.6	13218.9	19483.6	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	2195.6	5557.2	14995.4	0.2	0.4	1.1	US\$/kg	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	295.1	649.6	527.4	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	195.9	202.6	185.2	45.9	33.3	33.8	thsd US\$/kg	971
0702 Tomatoes; fresh or chilled	201.3	160.2	167.6	1.1	1.1	1.2	US\$/kg	054
5201 Cotton; not carded or combed	131.9	208.0	173.5	1.4	1.7	2.3	US\$/kg	263
0810 Other fruit, fresh	132.9	173.0	172.5	0.9	8.0	0.9	US\$/kg	057
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms	77.7	175.4	147.5	0.7	1.3	1.2	US\$/kg	571
3902 Polymers of propylene or of other olefins, in primary forms	72.8	173.9	141.4	8.0	1.5	1.3	US\$/kg	575
0802 Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled	116.3	112.1	112.5	6.2	5.7		US\$/kg	057

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in initial est, grewth and endres in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	38146.4	18.3	71.8	100.0						
0+1	869.7	6.1	12.0	2.3						
2+4	273.4	19.4	-7.8	0.7						
3	35300.1	18.5	79.8	92.5						
5	766.8	40.9	12.3	2.0						
6	554.3	13.1	7.0	1.5						
7	158.7	21.8	152.1	0.4						
8	33.2	4.0	8.6	0.1						
9	190.3	4.8	-8.1	0.5						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

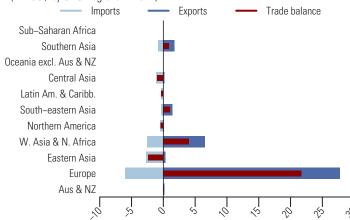
(value in million σοφ, growth and shares in percentage									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	14535.7	6.1	24.3	100.0					
0+1	2334.2	11.3	20.7	16.1					
2+4	650.6	11.0	26.8	4.5					
3	1 289.9	15.5	289.4	8.9					
5	1863.9	11.9	23.2	12.8					
6	2461.1	2.6	14.5	16.9					
7	4563.0	7.7	13.3	31.4					
8	1247.0	4.8	15.8	8.6					
9	125.9	-39.7	-17.4	0.9					

### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

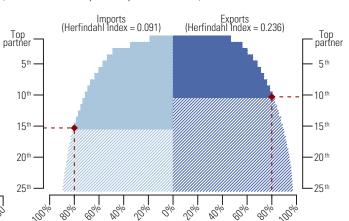
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



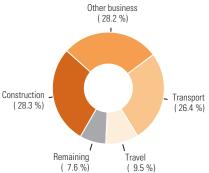
### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

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#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 31.4, 16.9 and 16.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, Türkiye and China, accounting for respectively 18.3, 15.4 and 13.9 percent of total imports. "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.7 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	10731.1	11695.9	14535.7					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	542.4	780.5	844.7	10.9	9.2	12.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	326.9	408.4	505.3	14.9	19.0	19.6	US\$/kg	542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	203.7	244.5	693.3	0.5	0.9		US\$/kg	334
1001 Wheat and meslin	296.9	331.9	436.6	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	289.6	314.6	381.7					764
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	524.4	60.4	135.1					931
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	58.7	52.5	450.9	0.3	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	333
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells	155.8	174.2	115.1	19.0	20.7	17.8	US\$/kg	747
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	103.1	155.7	175.7	0.3	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	061
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	131.1	142.0	152.7	184.1	191.8	255.8	US\$/unit	752

#### Overview:

In 2020, the value of merchandise exports of the Bahamas decreased substantially by 36.9 percent to reach 339.3 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 33.6 percent to reach 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Bahamas were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the Bahamas increased substantially by 22.6 percent, reaching 3.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 18.9 percent and reached 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 1.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2020, representing respectively 28.4, 17.3 and 15.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2018 to 2020, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, France and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 81.0, 3.5 and 3.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(9.2%)



Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2018 to 2020

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All Commodities	524.2	537.3	339.3					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	101.6	79.4	96.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	334
3903 Polymers of styrene, in primary forms	81.0	68.9	56.3	0.9	0.9	0.7	US\$/kg	572
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not		76.0	32.7	15.7	18.4	15.0	US\$/kg	036
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes	51.0	47.0	18.3	268.7	770.7	80.9	thsd US\$/unit	793
2933 Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	62.8	32.2	0.5	4.9	24.2	7.1	US\$/kg	515
8487 Machinery parts, not containing electrical connectors, insulators, coils	6.2	74.9	1.5	2.8	92.1	13.0	US\$/kg	749
8205 Hand tools (including glaziers'diamonds)	12.6	19.9	10.0	2.2	4.0	3.8	US\$/kg	695
2501 Salt (including table salt)	13.2	11.0	15.9	15.5	15.3		US\$/kg	278
5702 Carpets and other textile floor coverings, woven, not tufted or flocked		0.3	28.7	10.9	29.6	24.1	US\$/m <sup>2</sup>	659
8426 Ships'derricks; cranes, including cable cranes; mobile lifting frames		11.9	0.6	0.5	15.0	42.7	thsd US\$/unit	744

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili lillilloti 05%, growth and shares ili percentage									
		Avg. Grov	2020						
SITC	2020	2016-2020	share						
Total	339.3	-4.2	-36.9	100.0					
0+1	34.3	-17.8	-59.1	10.1					
2+4	21.4	17.8	12.0	6.3					
3	96.3	20.6	21.3	28.4					
5	58.7	-16.8	-43.2	17.3					
6	46.3	17.3	21.2	13.6					
7	53.0	3.0 -14.1 -7;		15.6					
8	29.2	2.7	116.0	8.6					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

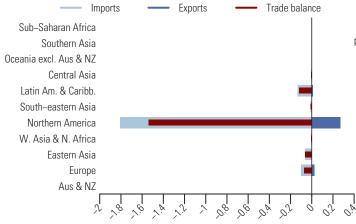
(									
		Avg. Growth rates							
SITC	2020	2016-2020	2019-2020	share					
Total	2205.0	-6.9	-33.6	100.0					
0+1	454.2	-6.0	-24.0	20.6					
2+4	56.1	-9.0	-32.5	2.5					
3	386.7	-1.0	-49.7	17.5					
5	194.0	-8.1	-15.7	8.8					
6	307.9	-8.4	-34.2	14.0					
7	494.3	-7.3	-22.9	22.4					
8	311.8	-10.4	-41.4	14.1					
9	0.0	-49.0	164.5	0.0					

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

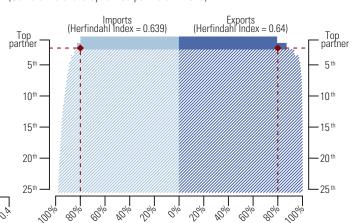
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2020)

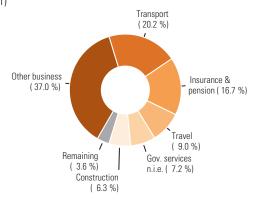


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2020)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2020, representing respectively 22.4, 20.6 and 17.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2018 to 2020, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Areas nes and the Turks and Caicos Islands, accounting for respectively 82.0, 2.7 and 2.2 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 611.5 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 334.7 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 276.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

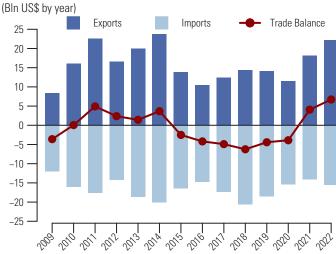
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2018 to 2020

HS	• •	Valu	ue (million US	4)			Unit va	luo	SITC
	4 11 11 11 11 11 10 1		- 1	• 1	0040				H I
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All (	Commodities	3524.0	3320.5	2205.0					
2710 Petr	oleum oils, other than crude	565.0	748.7	376.2	0.1	0.0	0.2	US\$/kg	334
9999 Com	nmodities not specified according to kind	132.8	129.7	68.0					931
8703 Mot	tor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	94.7	84.6	90.7		4.7	5.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
9403 Othe	er furniture and parts thereof	56.0	54.5	42.7					821
0207 Mea	at and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	38.0	39.9	30.8	1.7	1.8	1.0	US\$/kg	012
1905 Brea	ad, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares	41.9	36.6	27.7	2.2	2.1	1.5	US\$/kg	048
3004 Med	dicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	36.7	33.6	29.1	15.1	13.1	11.5	US\$/kg	542
2208 Alco	phol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	36.3	39.2	22.6	7.7	9.6	7.4	US\$/litre	112
8517 Elec	strical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	36.3	30.5	22.0					764
2106 Food	d preparations not elsewhere specified or included	29.9	29.1	22.9	2.6	2.3	0.8	US\$/kg	098

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Bahrain increased substantially by 22.3 percent to reach 22.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.9 percent to reach 15.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 6.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at 4.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Bahrain were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Bahrain increased substantially by 15.0 percent, reaching 13.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 11.1 percent and reached 10.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 38.3, 33.0 and 10.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 31.4, 14.3 and 8.2 percent of total exports. "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 7.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.4 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

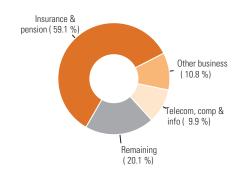


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	3\$)			Unit valı	Je	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	11559.2	18199.0	22 252.2					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	8.7	5787.2	7 2 4 7 . 2					931
7601 Unwrought aluminium	1979.0	3225.8	5308.6	1.8	2.7	3.1	US\$/kg	684
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	806.3	2358.7	2150.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	281
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	3442.8	11.5	14.7	0.4	0.7	0.9	US\$/kg	334
7605 Aluminium wire	467.3	580.0	722.4	2.2	2.9	3.3	US\$/kg	684
7606 Aluminium plates, sheets and strip, of a thickness exceeding 0.2 mm	170.1	425.8	479.8	2.5	3.2	4.2	US\$/kg	684
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	233.3	501.6	240.6	0.4	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	672
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	172.5	330.8	426.8	0.2	0.4	0.7	US\$/kg	562
0406 Cheese and curd	137.6	273.4	419.7	7.3	5.6	5.8	US\$/kg	024
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06)	230.6	231.7	360.5	0.6	0.8		US\$/kg	691

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( value iii	Ava. Growth rates 2022								
			Avg. Growth rates						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	22 252.2	11.6	22.3	100.0					
0+1	876.7	10.2	31.6	3.9					
2+4	2299.7	21.0	-8.6	10.3					
3	15.0	-78.4	27.9	0.1					
5	1 200.3	10.5	11.4	5.4					
6	8514.7	24.9	37.7	38.3					
7	1308.6	10.8	-0.5	5.9					
8	700.0	7.4	58.1	3.1					
9	7337.2	231.5	22.5	33.0					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

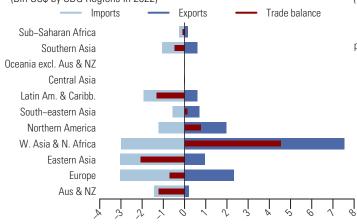
(Taras in initial 2004, grantar and and as personage,								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share					
Total	15534.5	-6.8	9.9	100.0				
0+1	2093.4	3.2	26.0	13.5				
2+4	3 465.7	15.6	-3.1	22.3				
3	624.8	-43.5	63.5	4.0				
5	1535.0	5.7	12.7	9.9				
6	1963.9	3.9 -1.0 15.6		12.6				
7	3 935.8	-8.0	3.0	25.3				
8	1 476.4	6.4 -2.6 8.3		9.5				
9	439.4	12.6	61.9	2.8				

### SITC Legend

l	SITC	
	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

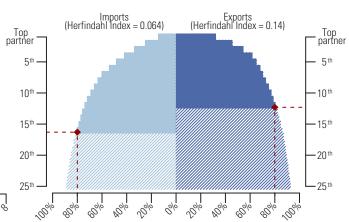
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

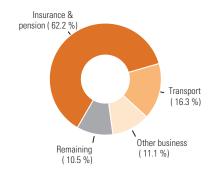


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 25.3, 22.3 and 13.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites" (HS code 2601) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Saudi Arabia and Brazil, accounting for respectively 12.9, 12.3 and 9.8 percent of total imports. "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 6.4 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.7 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

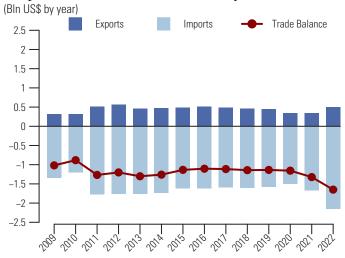
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	S\$)		Į	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
	All Commodities	15458.4	14135.2	15534.5					
2601	Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	783.8	2257.4	1856.6	0.1	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg	281
2818	Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined	883.9	1006.3	1245.7	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	522
2709	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	2776.5			0.3			US\$/kg	333
8703	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	750.0	712.4	743.6	31.3	29.4	27.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	353.9	351.0	359.5					764
8409	Parts suitable for use with the engines of heading 84	133.6	319.4	475.7	135.3	304.3	347.0	US\$/kg	713
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	274.0	285.9	309.7	61.4	73.0	59.7	US\$/kg	542
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	138.3	255.5	405.4	55.7	57.3	57.4	thsd US\$/kg	971
2713	Petroleum coke and other residues	125.9	212.3	384.0			0.5	US\$/kg	335
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	181.6	185.9	211.3	241.5	252.7	426.5	US\$/unit	752

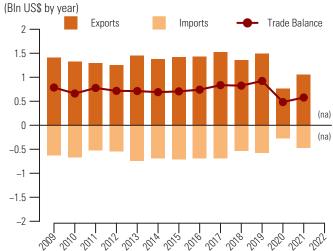
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Barbados increased substantially by 42.1 percent to reach 497.6 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 28.3 percent to reach 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -808.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Barbados were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Barbados increased substantially by 38.3 percent, reaching 1.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 70.8 percent and reached 473.4 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 578.8 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 40.2, 21.4 and 12.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, the United States and Jamaica, accounting for respectively 27.7, 16.6 and 7.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 842.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 132.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

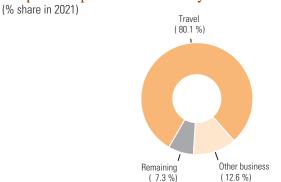


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit val	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	345.2	350.2	497.6					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	80.9	73.1	175.6	0.5	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol		52.0	55.2	3.6	3.6	3.5	US\$/litre	112
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	22.9	23.0	23.7		16.3	19.1	US\$/kg	542
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides	20.8	13.2	12.3		5.6	5.6	US\$/kg	591
4821 Paper or paperboard labels of all kinds, whether or not printed	13.4	14.2	14.1	24.3	23.8	27.3	US\$/kg	892
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	15.5	13.4	12.1		0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares	9.9	11.0	14.1		3.1	3.6	US\$/kg	048
1517 Margarine; edible mixtures	10.5	11.7	12.3	2.8	3.0	3.5	US\$/kg	091
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	9.3	6.0	13.4	0.3	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	333
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	3.0	8.7	11.5		4.9	4.8	thsd US\$/kg	897

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

value in million 00%, growth and shares in percentage,								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share					
Total	497.6	2.1	42.1	100.0				
0+1	106.4	3.3	13.9	21.4				
2+4	11.8	15.9	43.0	2.4				
3	200.1	13.4	139.7	40.2				
5	52.3	-4.5	-0.7	10.5				
6	37.3	-7.1	4.1	7.5				
7	24.3	4.5	32.3	4.9				
8	62.0	-11.0	13.2	12.5				
9	3.3	-6.5	1.4	0.7				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

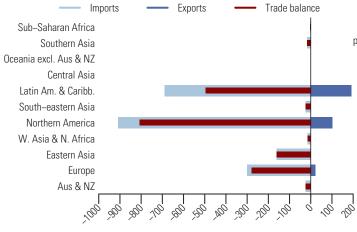
1	(10000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 00									
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	018-2022   2021-2022							
Total	2147.2	7.6	28.3	100.0						
0+1	426.8	6.0	24.8	19.9						
2+4	65.1	10.2	32.5	3.0						
3	561.4	10.9	63.7	26.1						
5	198.3	5.2	9.3	9.2						
6	284.2	12.6	37.1	13.2						
7	407.6	7.8	8.7	19.0						
8	192.4	-1.0	15.2	9.0						
9	11.5	19.5	31.5	0.5						

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Coue	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

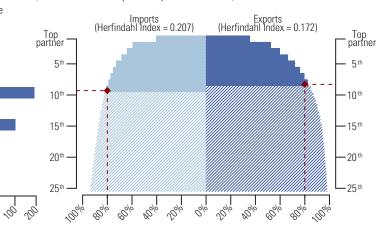
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

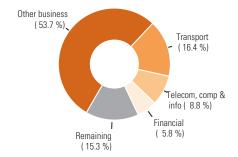


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 26.1, 19.9 and 19.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 43.0, 15.6 and 4.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 254.1 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 77.8 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 41.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

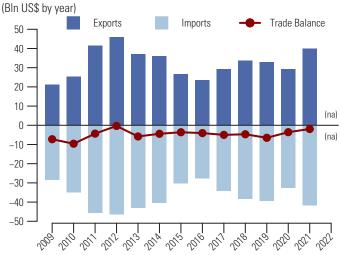
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Value	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Co	ommodities	1500.8	1673.3	2147.2					
2710 Petrol	eum oils, other than crude	244.9	322.5	535.3	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor	r cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	40.6	34.0	44.8	18.1	20.2	21.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medio	caments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	40.3	36.9	40.9	30.2	29.8	36.6	US\$/kg	542
8471 Auton	natic data processing machines and units thereof	28.5	36.1	25.3					752
2106 Food p	preparations not elsewhere specified or included	23.4	27.9	27.8	4.1	4.5	4.7	US\$/kg	098
8704 Motor	r vehicles for the transport of goods	20.7	16.6	21.8	25.1	25.3		thsd US\$/unit	782
3923 Article	es for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	15.5	15.5	20.6	3.8	3.5	4.1	US\$/kg	893
0406 Chees	se and curd	13.6	13.3	19.1	5.3	5.4	6.3	US\$/kg	024
2711 Petrol	eum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	12.3	13.4	19.6	0.7	1.0	0.3	US\$/kg	343
	ical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	12.8	16.0	15.7					764

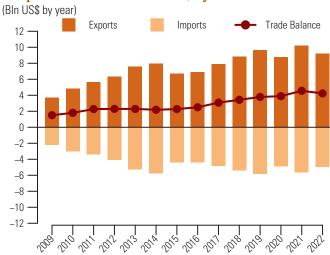
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Belarus increased substantially by 36.7 percent to reach 39.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 27.6 percent to reach 41.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Belarus were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Belarus decreased substantially by 10.1 percent, reaching 9.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 12.5 percent and reached 5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 4.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 40.2, 15.8 and 15.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Russian Federation, Areas nes and Ukraine, accounting for respectively 39.8, 19.0 and 8.3 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 4.4 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 3.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 980.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

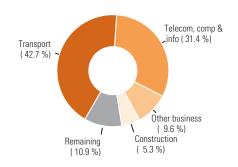


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1									
HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit valu	ie	SITC
code	-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities		32955.1	29179.4	39889.0					
9999 Commodities not specif	ied according to kind	1523.9	1632.4	16 042.1					931
2710 Petroleum oils, other th	an crude	5201.0	2740.6		0.5	0.3		US\$/kg	334
3104 Mineral or chemical fer	tilisers, potassic	2766.6	2410.3		0.3	0.2		US\$/kg	562
		995.9	1064.4	1190.2			4.0	US\$/kg	024
4407 Wood sawn or chipped	lengthwise, sliced or peeled	471.2	495.6	802.1	116.7	122.22	232.1	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
8704 Motor vehicles for the t	ransport of goods	953.5	620.4						782
9403 Other furniture and part	s thereof	430.0	460.2	628.2					821
	trated or containing added sugar	451.7	465.1	546.2		2.2	2.6	US\$/kg	022
7214 Other bars and rods of i	ron or non-alloy steel	397.3	350.3	550.3	0.4	0.4	0.7	US\$/kg	676
0405 Butter and other fats ar	d oils derived from milk; dairy spreads	435.1	387.7	451.0			5.2	US\$/kg	023

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 60%, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2017-2021   2020-2021						
Total	39889.0	9.0 8.1 36.7		100.0					
0+1	6098.4	6.4	17.9	15.3					
2+4	2057.2	20.9	24.6	5.2					
5	1579.6	-22.4	-66.6	4.0					
6	6286.3	8.9	31.7	15.8					
7	4772.1	-1.1	-8.3	12.0					
8	3052.9	10.7	30.3	7.7					
9	16042.6	112.2	882.7	40.2					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

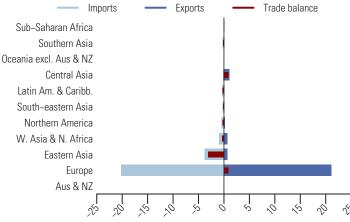
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		Avg. Grov	2021 share					
SITC	2021	2021   2017-2021   2020-2021						
Total	41810.7	5.1	27.6	100.0				
0+1	3717.3	-1.6	15.4	8.9				
2+4	1891.8	6.4	3.4	4.5				
5	3559.0	-2.2	-15.9	8.5				
6	6583.2	5.8	24.2	15.7				
7	8526.5	3.9	6.1	20.4				
8	2710.5	5.7	9.4	6.5				
9	14822.3	136.5	1408.5	35.5				

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

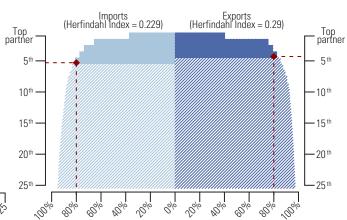
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

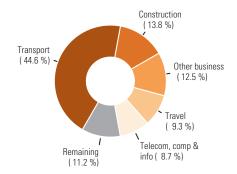


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 35.5, 20.4 and 15.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, Areas nes and China, accounting for respectively 43.7, 15.9 and 9.4 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.5 bln US\$, followed by "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 783.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 709.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

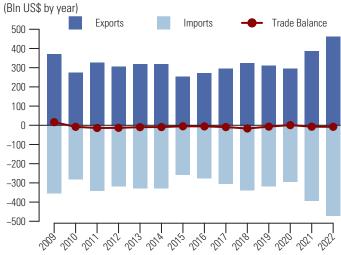
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	e (million US	S\$)		Ur	nit value		SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020 2	021	Unit	code
All Commodities	39476.7	32767.4	41810.7					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	1308.2	981.7	14821.6					931
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	6580.9	3890.9		0.4	0.3		US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	2766.1	2537.8			0.2		US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	1239.6	903.4	1207.3					781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	563.9	571.0	569.2	64.1	63.5	76.0	US\$/kg	542
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	549.7	476.6	506.0					784
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 540.8	464.1	468.7					764
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	370.3	320.8	456.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	282
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	. 189.2	342.0	328.1	125.5	92.52	44.8	US\$/kg	541
0603 Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets	. 367.2	345.8	61.9	6.8	6.2	6.8	US\$/kg	292

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Belgium increased substantially by 20.0 percent to reach 463.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 19.8 percent to reach 471.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 8.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -22.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Belgium were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Belgium decreased slightly by 1.2 percent, reaching 135.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.8 percent and reached 135.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 439.4 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 30.6, 20.1 and 16.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses" (HS code 3002) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, France and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 18.2, 13.1 and 12.9 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 51.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 28.5 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 17.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

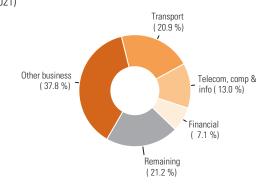


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Jnit val	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	295 079.1	386 354.1	463 445.6					
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	20 408.8	47 231.9	46770.5	1.6	3.3		thsd US\$/kg	541
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	23605.5	24818.0	28134.9	198.8	188.4	179.5	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	22 045.1	23 255.8	23360.7	0.0	20.9	21.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	2168.1	11352.8	49996.4	0.1	0.8	1.6	US\$/kg	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	10107.4	16607.6	32347.8	0.5	0.7	1.0	US\$/kg	334
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	8181.8	12456.7	13192.6	107.4	126.3	183.7	US\$/carat	667
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	5801.3	6995.0	6309.9	10.4	10.9	10.0	US\$/kg	784
7110 Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form	3957.4	5896.2	4980.4					681
2933 Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	7761.8	2006.3	1828.8		5.7	6.4	US\$/kg	515
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms	3001.1	4284.2	4225.3	1.2	1.7		US\$/kg	571

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIIIIIII OOQ, growth and shares III percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2018-2022   2021-2022						
Total	463 445.6	9.4	20.0	100.0					
0+1	39190.5	3.9	4.3	8.5					
2+4	11 951.2	7.8	2.4	2.6					
3	93319.8	35.5	173.9	20.1					
5	141 786.1	10.3	6.6	30.6					
6	66 028.4	2.7	1.4	14.2					
7	77 231.9	2.0	-0.1	16.7					
8	29399.6	7.7	23.3	6.3					
9	4538.0	0.0	21.3	1.0					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

		5			
		Avg. Growth rates			
SITC	2022	22 2018-2022 2021-2022			
Total	471 448.3	8.5	19.8	100.0	
0+1	32559.7	2.5	3.3	6.9	
2+4	25818.0	11.9	3.7	5.5	
3	117770.7	25.1	116.5	25.0	
5	115416.5	9.6	8.3	24.5	
6	52903.1	1.1	3.6	11.2	
7	96 136.7	2.8	1.4	20.4	
8	29291.0	1.8	0.6	6.2	
9	1552.6	-6.5	28.9	0.3	

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

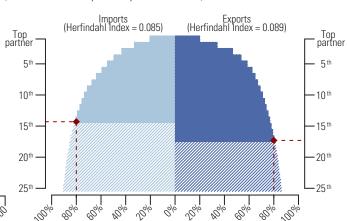
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

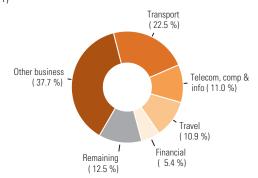


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 25.0, 24.5 and 20.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Netherlands, Germany and France, accounting for respectively 20.4, 14.2 and 10.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 50.7 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 30.2 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 14.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

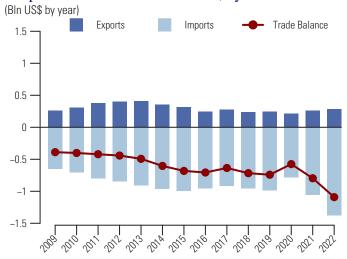
HS		Vali	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
Al	I Commodities	294 198.4	393654.6	471 448.3					
2711 Pe	etroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	4656.1	19441.4	64349.7	0.2	0.6	1.4	US\$/kg	343
8703 M	otor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	22334.5	24171.5	25357.0	21.8		14.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
3002 H	uman blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	16386.2	26807.8	26922.7	1.5	2.4	2.8	thsd US\$/kg	541
3004 M	edicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	18905.8	19049.3	24309.4	155.8	103.1	176.2	US\$/kg	542
2709 Pe	etroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	8856.9	17523.3	23849.1					333
2710 Pe	etroleum oils, other than crude	7276.9	12119.9	20297.0	0.4	0.7	1.0	US\$/kg	334
7102 Di	amonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	7964.3	11453.6	12820.4	104.5	139.1	193.7	US\$/carat	667
8708 Pa	arts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	8094.6	8998.7	8872.0	9.8	10.2	8.3	US\$/kg	784
2934 N	ucleic acids and their salts	570.7	11479.1	6088.4	0.1	1.1	0.6	thsd US\$/kg	515
7112 W	aste and scrap of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal	4618.3	6243.6	5269.0	38.1	57.6	44.5	US\$/kg	971

## Overview:

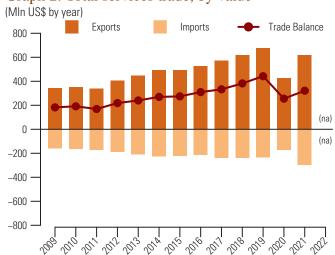
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Belize increased moderately by 8.5 percent to reach 286.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 29.9 percent to reach 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -513.6 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Belize were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Belize increased substantially by 45.1 percent, reaching 618.1 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 74.1 percent and reached 296.6 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 321.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 82.1, 7.8 and 2.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form" (HS code 1701) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United Kingdom, the United States and Guatemala, accounting for respectively 23.8, 23.5 and 7.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 380.7 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 80.9 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 74.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

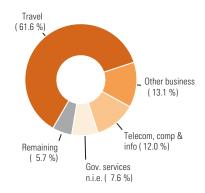


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	G\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	211.9	264.1	286.4					
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form		69.1	77.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	US\$/kg	061
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	43.8	46.1	40.0	0.2	0.2	0.5	US\$/kg	057
2009 Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices	22.7	17.1	16.1			2.5	US\$/kg	059
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not	14.7	18.6	18.1	9.3	13.8	29.5	US\$/kg	036
2302 Bran, sharps and other residues	5.4	13.2	24.5	0.1	0.2	0.4	US\$/kg	081
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	6.1	10.8	16.6	2.9	3.0	6.5	US\$/kg	122
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	3.8	7.2	21.2	0.3	0.3	1.2	US\$/kg	334
2203 Beer made from malt	10.9	18.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.0	US\$/litre	112
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split	8.4	8.6	7.2	0.6	0.6	1.3	US\$/kg	054
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not	4.9	7.9	8.9	6.7	8.2	19.5	US\$/kg	036

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIIII OOQ, growth and shares III percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	286.4	4.4	8.5	100.0			
0+1	235.2	6.9	1.7	82.1			
2+4	6.7	14.1	18.9	2.3			
3	22.4	-3.4	95.4	7.8			
5	4.3	-22.0	27.7	1.5			
6	8.2	16.8	37.1	2.9			
7	4.9	-6.6	20.6	1.7			
8	4.1	-14.8	194.2	1.4			
9	0.5	-7.5	-34.7	0.2			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

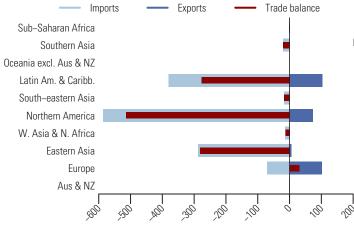
(		J				
		Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	1378.0	9.5	29.9	100.0		
0+1	240.9	6.9	14.5	17.5		
2+4	40.3	12.6	30.8	2.9		
3	208.5	10.1	55.4	15.1		
5	159.2	13.7	30.6	11.6		
6	215.8	12.7	16.9	15.7		
7	284.8	8.1	30.8	20.7		
8	226.5	8.1	42.6	16.4		
9	1.9	-8.1	-2.2	0.1		

### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

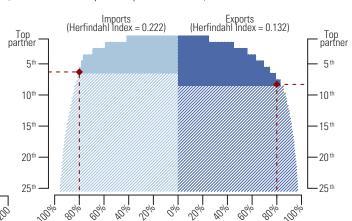
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

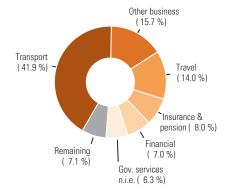


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 20.7, 17.5 and 16.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 39.5, 16.2 and 11.8 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 124.4 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 46.5 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 41.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

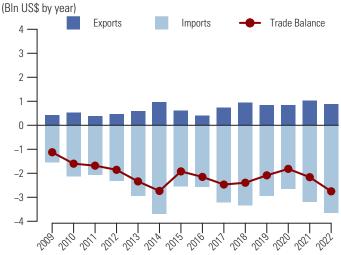
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commo	odities	787.1	1060.5	1378.0					
	oils, other than crude	67.4	112.9	184.4	0.2			US\$/kg	334
2402 Cigars, che	eroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	49.1	51.2	65.7	1.9	2.0	4.4	US\$/kg	122
6404 Footwear v	with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather	10.1	18.2	29.2			15.3	US\$/pair	851
3808 Insecticide	es, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides	17.4	17.0	21.9	2.0	2.0	5.4	US\$/kg	591
2711 Petroleum	gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	12.3	19.4	21.0	0.2	0.3	0.7	US\$/kg	343
3105 Mineral or	r chemical fertilisers	12.5	16.5	22.8	0.2	0.3	1.0	US\$/kg	562
4202 Trunks, sui	it-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases	11.6	13.4	22.0					831
8704 Motor vehi	icles for the transport of goods	11.1	13.4	21.0	20.6	19.4	8.5	thsd US\$/unit	782
2523 Portland ce	ement, aluminous cement, slag cement	11.4	16.5	15.2		0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
3923 Articles for	or the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	10.2	14.2	17.1	1.1	1.3	3.0	US\$/kg	893

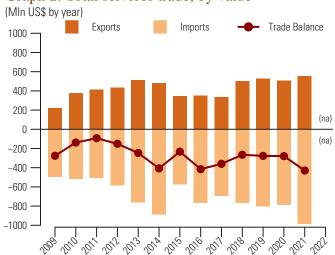
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Benin decreased substantially by 12.6 percent to reach 894.8 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.4 percent to reach 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -902.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Benin were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Benin increased moderately by 8.7 percent, reaching 554.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 24.6 percent and reached 984.3 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 429.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 76.3, 8.7 and 7.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Cotton; not carded or combed" (HS code 5201) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Bangladesh, India and China, accounting for respectively 41.9, 11.2 and 7.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 254.4 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 157.0 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 91.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

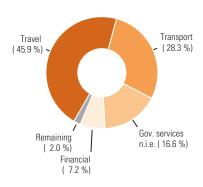


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	(\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	846.1	1023.5	894.8					
5201 Cotton; not carded or combed		624.8	579.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	US\$/kg	263
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried	57.1	48.7	32.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	US\$/kg	057
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken	46.7	41.0	42.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	222
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	37.2	37.0	38.3	0.5	0.5	1.0	US\$/kg	334
2306 Oil-cake and other solid residues	30.8	31.8	29.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	081
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel	6.3	18.6	13.3	0.6	0.8	0.9	US\$/kg	676
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	7.3	14.6	13.8					248
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	14.8	15.3	4.5	1.7		1.6	thsd US\$/kg	971
5208 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton	11.2	11.0	10.3	5.1	5.2	5.1	US\$/kg	652
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken	13.3	9.7	8.9	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	222

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million oow, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	894.8	-1.5	-12.6	100.0			
0+1	77.7	-21.6	-24.3	8.7			
2+4	682.3	5.1	-6.7	76.3			
3	38.3	10.4	2.5	4.3			
5	8.3	3.0	0.0	0.9			
6	63.0	-6.4	-30.4	7.0			
7	15.5	-26.7	-52.7	1.7			
8	5.2	5.6	-1.5	0.6			
9	4.5	-23.2	-70.6	0.5			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

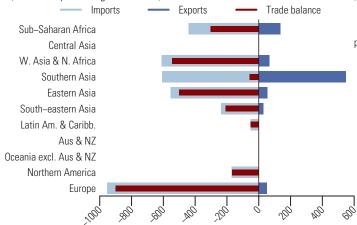
1.0.00		9.0111	опагоо пт р	5. 00tag07		
		Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	3646.5	2.2	14.4	100.0		
0+1	1 099.1	-4.6	-1.6	30.1		
2+4	115.8	-21.0	-18.2	3.2		
3	698.0	3.7	64.1	19.1		
5	440.1	10.6	35.4	12.1		
6	612.9	20.9	41.0	16.8		
7	555.4	5.3	-13.3	15.2		
8	122.2	10.8	19.6	3.4		
9	2.9	716.4	780.6	0.1		

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

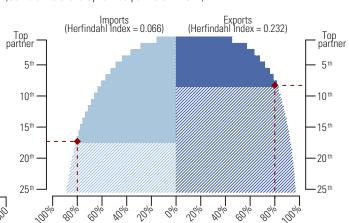
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

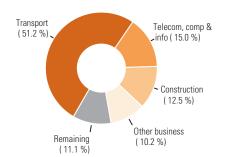


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 30.1, 19.1 and 16.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Rice" (HS code 1006) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were India, China and France, accounting for respectively 15.0, 12.2 and 9.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 503.6 mln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 147.6 mln US\$ and "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 122.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

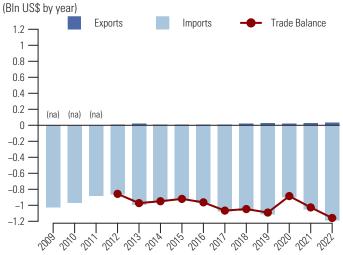
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valı	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	SITC	
All Commodities	2662.6	3186.2	3646.5						
1006 Rice	393.1	640.4	665.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg	042	
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	346.5	333.9	547.9	0.4	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	334	
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	106.7	125.2	120.9					542	
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	110.5	113.9	99.5	1.0	1.0		US\$/kg	034	
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	79.4	108.1	109.8	0.9	0.9		US\$/kg	012	
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	75.6	85.7	60.0	20.4	21.8	24.3	thsd US\$/unit	781	
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers	64.0	40.2	115.8	0.3	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	562	
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	69.8	77.5	46.8	0.8	0.8	0.5	US\$/kg	422	
2716 Electrical energy	96.1		80.4	47.9			US\$/MWh	351	
8711 Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor		92.9	22.9					785	

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Bermuda increased substantially by 17.1 percent to reach 33.5 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 13.0 percent to reach 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -924.7 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Bermuda were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Bermuda increased substantially by 32.9 percent, reaching 1.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 22.0 percent and reached 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 390.8 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 61.8, 20.1 and 8.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the United Kingdom and Germany, accounting for respectively 88.6, 5.2 and 2.6 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 503.7 mln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 210.3 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 125.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

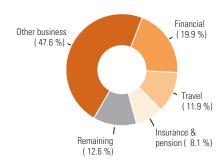


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS Value (million			\$)	Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	19.1	28.6	33.5					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	0.1	3.0	20.7					931
8716 Trailers and semi-trailers		12.9	0.1		1.4		mIn US\$/unit	786
9209 Parts (for example, mechanisms for musical boxes) and accessories	9.2							898
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	2.8	2.1	2.4	4.4	4.7	4.3	US\$/litre	112
8705 Special purpose motor vehicles	1.5	4.7	0.0	1.5	0.8	0.0	mIn US\$/unit	782
8502 Electric generating sets and rotary converters	0.6	0.6	0.9	25.9	32.8	38.7	thsd US\$/unit	716
8407 Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines		0.0	1.8		0.0	1.8	mIn US\$/unit	713
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06)	1.1	0.3	0.1	27.3	3.3	2.7	US\$/kg	691
9007 Cinematographic cameras and projectors	. 0.5	0.0	0.5		2.8		thsd US\$/unit	881
8427 Fork-lift trucks; other works trucks fitted with lifting or handling equipment	0.3	0.2	0.5	91.3	47.3	67.7	thsd US\$/unit	744

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 03¢, growth and shares in percentage)											
		Avg. Grov	wth rates	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	33.5	10.0	17.1	100.0							
0+1	2.8	-11.0	19.7	8.3							
2+4	0.0	36.0	3243.5	0.1							
3	0.0	-9.6	21.7	0.0							
5	0.0	-37.6	-92.3	0.1							
6	1.1	-1.9	126.4	3.2							
7	6.7	-3.7	-68.0	20.1							
8	2.2	-28.2	43.7	6.5							
9	20.7	102.5	581.5	61.8							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

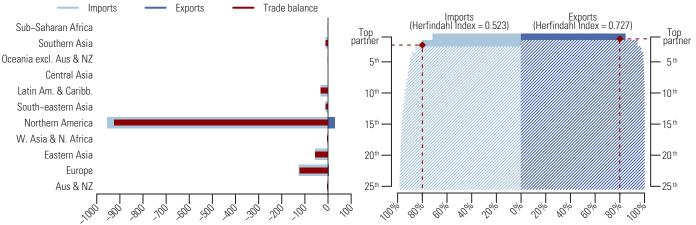
(variation minimum despt, greater and enality in personnage)											
		Avg. Grov	wth rates	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	1192.3	2.7	13.0	100.0							
0+1	251.8	3.5	11.2	21.1							
2+4	13.9	3.9	11.1	1.2							
3	141.4	2.2	56.1	11.9							
5	92.1	6.7	1.0	7.7							
6	112.1	0.5	19.4	9.4							
7	197.7	2.9	11.0	16.6							
8	233.8	0.6	5.1	19.6							
9	149.4	5.0	6.8	12.5							

#### SITC Legend

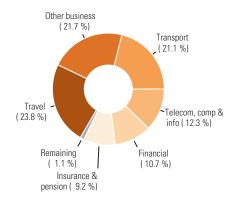
SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade (MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022) (Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



### Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 21.1, 19.6 and 16.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 71.3, 7.8 and 5.5 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 198.1 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 180.9 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 175.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

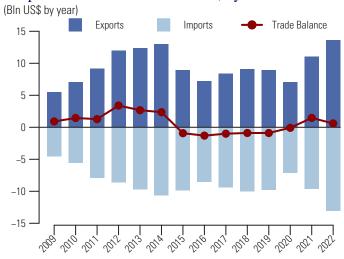
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

	* *								
HS		Valu	ie (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Comm	odities	904.0	1055.2	1192.3					
	ties not specified according to kind	148.4	139.2	152.7					931
2710 Petroleum	n oils, other than crude	50.6	86.6	138.0	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
4907 Unused p	ostage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue	34.9	40.8	61.4	27.3	49.4	16.1	thsd US\$/kg	892
9403 Other furr	niture and parts thereof	20.7	47.5	25.3					821
3004 Medicam	ents (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	15.7	25.1	27.2	33.4	53.5	56.3	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor car	rs and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	16.0	26.0	25.2	13.4	14.6	15.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
2204 Wine of f	resh grapes, including fortified wines	13.0	15.9	17.1	11.1	11.9	12.3	US\$/litre	112
1905 Bread, pa	stry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares	14.5	14.6	16.3	4.3	4.4	2.3	US\$/kg	048
2202 Waters w	ith added sugar	10.4	11.4	12.9		1.7	1.6	US\$/litre	111
	ner than those of heading 94.02)	6.6	14.7	10.1					821

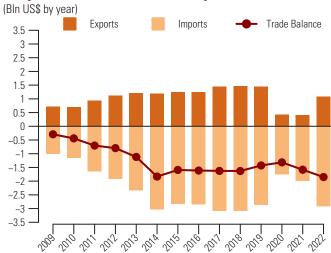
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of the Plurinational State of Bolivia increased substantially by 23.2 percent to reach 13.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 35.7 percent to reach 13.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 603.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southern Asia at 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Plurinational State of Bolivia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the Plurinational State of Bolivia increased substantially by 165.0 percent, reaching 1.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 47.1 percent and reached 2.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 33.1, 22.6 and 22.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, Brazil and Argentina, accounting for respectively 15.2, 14.0 and 12.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 192.6 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 120.5 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 57.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

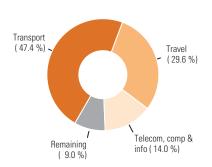


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

I								
HS	Value (million US\$)					Unit val	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	7032.8	11079.8	13652.8					
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	2017.4	2321.5	3049.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	US\$/kg	343
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	1229.6	2553.8	3003.2	51.5	53.6	46.6	thsd US\$/kg	971
2608 Zinc ores and concentrates		1381.6	1818.1	1.6	2.0	2.4	US\$/kg	287
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues		710.0	980.8	0.3	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	081
2616 Precious metal ores and concentrates	487.4	873.7	755.0	34.1	66.3	54.4	US\$/kg	289
1507 Soya-bean oil and its fractions	259.6	571.9	856.5	0.7	1.1	1.5	US\$/kg	421
8001 Unwrought tin	177.1	507.4	511.3	17.2	32.0	33.2	US\$/kg	687
2607 Lead ores and concentrates	109.7	196.7	193.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	US\$/kg	287
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried	126.5	157.3	197.4	5.2	6.8	7.5	US\$/kg	057
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	130.7	204.6	87.5	40.6	41.0	41.9	thsd US\$/kg	897

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)											
			wth rates	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	13652.8	10.6	23.2	100.0							
0+1	1 687.8	13.2	31.5	12.4							
2+4	4525.3	12.3	25.0	33.1							
3	3 088.1	-0.4	30.9	22.6							
5	404.4	22.5	143.8	3.0							
6	768.7	11.2	-2.3	5.6							
7	62.7	-6.9	-14.9	0.5							
8	111.8	-5.0	-52.5	8.0							
9	3004.1	26.0	17.6	22.0							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

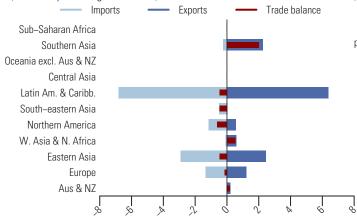
( vai	(Value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)											
				wth rates	2022							
S	ITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
To	otal	13049.4	6.9	35.7	100.0							
0	1+1	735.3	-0.2	3.9	5.6							
2	+4	152.3	11.0	26.7	1.2							
	3	4409.5	35.6	94.2	33.8							
	5	1915.3	6.0	20.8	14.7							
	6	1859.4	1.4	8.7	14.2							
	7	3182.0	-4.4	23.6	24.4							
	8	790.8	1.0	22.8	6.1							
	9	4.7	-14.6	6.5	0.0							

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Couc	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

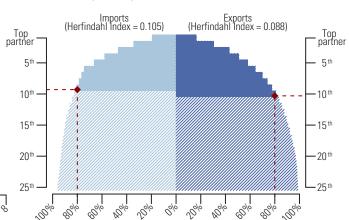
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

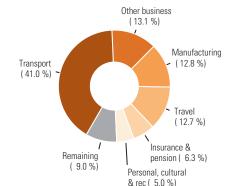


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 33.8, 24.4 and 14.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Brazil and Argentina, accounting for respectively 20.5, 16.4 and 12.2 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 815.7 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 260.9 mln US\$ and "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 255.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS			Value (million US\$)  Unit value						SITC
1			- 1	- 1				iue	3116
code 4-digit	heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		7115.2	9618.1	13049.4					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than cru	ıde	912.3	2239.8	4350.9	3.0	2.4	1.5	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor v	rehicles principally designed for the transport	272.8	370.5	444.0			20.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fui	ngicides, herbicides	221.6	269.6	368.5	4.4	5.3		US\$/kg	591
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or	non-alloy steel	151.9	287.4	229.8			0.9	US\$/kg	676
3004 Medicaments (excluding goo	ds of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	170.5	185.3	179.8	28.3	31.6		US\$/kg	542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transp	ort of goods	125.9	186.8	197.3					782
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubl	per	92.6	131.0	185.6	2.5	2.9	86.9	US\$/unit	625
2106 Food preparations not elsewh	nere specified or included	97.6	116.8	122.6	11.5	11.8		US\$/kg	098
8517 Electrical apparatus for line t	elephony or line telegraphy	87.9	117.6	122.5					764
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of	of heading 87.09)	79.3	96.6	149.3					722

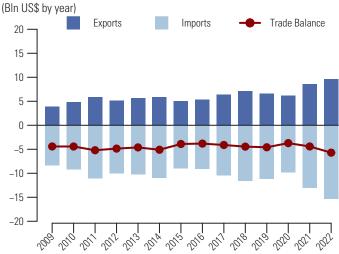
Trade System: Special

#### Overview:

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Bosnia and Herzegovina increased substantially by 12.4 percent to reach 9.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 18.0 percent to reach 15.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 5.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Bosnia and Herzegovina were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Bosnia and Herzegovina increased substantially by 17.8 percent, reaching 2.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 29.6 percent and reached 898.1 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 1.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 27.9, 23.5 and 16.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Electrical energy" (HS code 2716) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Croatia and Serbia, accounting for respectively 15.0, 13.8 and 12.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 940.5 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 542.9 mln US\$ and "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 353.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

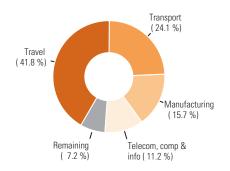


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	Value (million US\$)			l	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	6152.5	8614.1	9678.2					
2716 Electrical energy	288.6	499.7	588.4	46.8	72.82	204.2	US\$/MWh	351
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02)	297.7	350.8	337.4					821
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06)	192.6	282.1	335.9	2.1	2.6	2.8	US\$/kg	691
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	184.2	286.7	326.6	4.2	5.7	6.3	US\$/kg	773
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	190.6	276.2	283.0	326.8	251.22	288.1	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
7601 Unwrought aluminium	5.6	264.0	476.0	2.2	3.3	3.7	US\$/kg	684
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof		267.4	252.3					821
7213 Bars and rods, hot-rolled, in irregularly wound coils	141.4	238.6	165.4	0.5	8.0	0.9	US\$/kg	676
6406 Parts of footwear		170.7	192.5	44.6	50.8	46.0	US\$/kg	851
2704 Coke and semi-coke of coal, of lignite or of peat	92.4	179.1	237.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	325

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIIII Oob, growth and shares III percentage)								
			Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	9678.2	7.7	12.4	100.0				
0+1	477.2	3.0	-1.6	4.9				
2+4	953.9	6.3	4.8	9.9				
3	965.7	8.3	31.3	10.0				
5	747.0	7.7	18.4	7.7				
6	2698.6	11.1	19.6	27.9				
7	1562.3	9.8	8.7	16.1				
8	2272.4	4.4	5.4	23.5				
9	1.1	49.9	-0.3	0.0				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 66¢, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	15379.6	7.2	18.0	100.0			
0+1	2141.6	6.3	13.3	13.9			
2+4	461.9	2.3	31.9	3.0			
3	2536.1	10.2	63.3	16.5			
5	1885.3	6.8	5.5	12.3			
6	4034.9	9.8	17.1	26.2			
7	2838.1	4.0	6.9	18.5			
8	1 478.9	6.3	10.1	9.6			
9	2.7	144.0	-35.8	0.0			

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

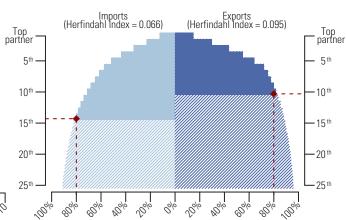
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

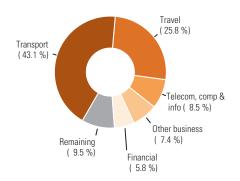


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 26.2, 18.5 and 16.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Italy, Germany and Serbia, accounting for respectively 12.0, 11.4 and 11.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 298.5 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 178.6 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 59.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	e (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	9867.5	13029.0	15379.6					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	564.6	953.8	1571.4					334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	357.5	465.7	445.6	22.5	23.5	22.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
7601 Unwrought aluminium	90.4	328.6	609.1					684
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	181.1	281.2	488.7	0.1	0.2	0.4	US\$/kg	321
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	301.7	326.1	309.7	44.7	48.0	43.4	US\$/kg	542
7408 Copper wire	82.2	147.0	167.2	6.4	9.5	9.2	US\$/kg	682
2716 Electrical energy	56.5	131.3	206.9	47.9	69.6	207.2	US\$/MWh	351
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons		131.3	163.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	343
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy		131.3	143.5					764
0201 Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled	89.2	122.8	136.9	3.2	3.7	4.5	US\$/kg	011

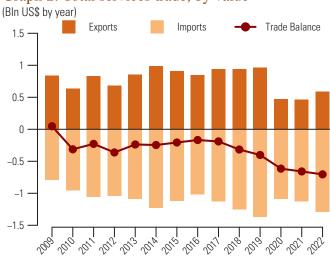
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Botswana increased substantially by 10.8 percent to reach 8.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 5.4 percent to reach 8.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 271.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at -4.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Botswana were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were highly concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Botswana increased substantially by 25.7 percent, reaching 588.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 14.7 percent and reached 1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 704.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 87.4, 5.0 and 3.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set" (HS code 7102) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United Arab Emirates, Belgium and India, accounting for respectively 25.5, 21.1 and 17.1 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 126.0 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 47.4 mln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 43.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

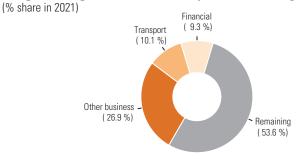


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	4287.2	7 473.5	8277.1					
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	3780.0	6736.3	7216.0	152.2	164.32	214.2	US\$/carat	667
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	26.1	109.0	320.6	15.2	7.7	6.5	US\$/kg	283
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	81.3	112.9	145.4	224.0	5.9	2.0	US\$/kg	773
0102 Live bovine animals	39.9	80.0	95.9	41.5	83.02	262.6	US\$/unit	001
2836 Carbonates; peroxocarbonates (percarbonates)	39.6	43.6	55.9	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	523
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	50.0	35.4	24.9	41.8	43.5		thsd US\$/kg	971
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	15.7	27.5	52.2		0.1		US\$/kg	321
2501 Salt (including table salt and denatured salt)	24.1	29.7	25.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	278
3917 Tubes, pipes and hoses, and fittings therefor	17.4	22.3	16.6	1.8	2.4	2.5	US\$/kg	581
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	8.6	18.0	13.1	23.7	4.9		thsd US\$/unit	782

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in minion 554, growth and charge in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	8277.1	5.9	10.8	100.0				
0+1	146.7	5.6	13.7	1.8				
2+4	413.0	55.0	115.1	5.0				
3	58.6	47.2	101.4	0.7				
5	100.2	5.5	13.1	1.2				
6	7 238.0	4.9	7.1	87.4				
7	263.6	1.2	21.6	3.2				
8	29.2	-4.7	55.9	0.4				
9	27.7	-13.1	-27.2	0.3				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

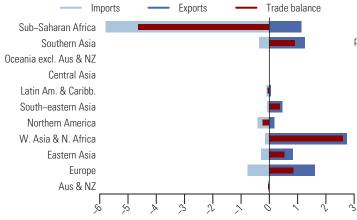
		J	P	
		Avg. Grov	2022	
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	8005.2	6.0	-5.4	100.0
0+1	1000.6	7.9	10.3	12.5
2+4	163.6	13.1	15.2	2.0
3	1 479.0	15.5	47.4	18.5
5	581.9	8.1	-8.8	7.3
6	2895.5	4.7	-23.3	36.2
7	1399.2	0.8	-0.7	17.5
8	481.2	0.7	-16.4	6.0
9	4.1	-23.9	-38.2	0.1

### SITC Legend

SITC Code		Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

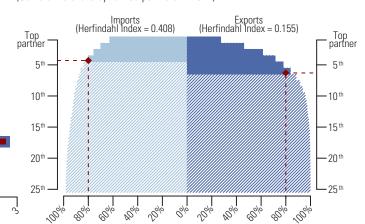
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

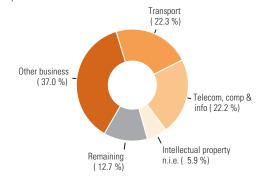


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 36.2, 18.5 and 17.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set" (HS code 7102) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, Belgium and Namibia, accounting for respectively 58.6, 9.4 and 6.4 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 416.6 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 250.9 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 249.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)		U	Init va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020 2	2021 2	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	6508.4	8459.4	8005.2					
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	2013.8	2968.5	2206.3	169.02	17.82	09.1	US\$/carat	667
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	618.9	824.7	1343.7		0.6		US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	151.8	165.0	140.3					781
2716 Electrical energy	196.3	143.3	97.6					351
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods		139.8	133.3	6.6		0.3	thsd US\$/unit	782
8710 Tanks and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorised		136.3	38.8	125.0	63.9	0.8	thsd US\$/unit	891
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)		137.4	87.7		3.1	5.6	US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy		84.0	74.6					764
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	46.7	64.1	139.8		1.0		US\$/kg	061
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25		90.7	101.1		21.6		US\$/kg	723

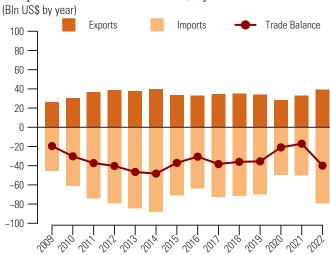
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Brazil increased substantially by 19.1 percent to reach 334.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 24.6 percent to reach 292.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 42.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 21.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Brazil were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 25 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Brazil increased substantially by 19.0 percent, reaching 39.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 58.0 percent and reached 79.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 40.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 31.4, 24.0 and 17.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Soya beans, whether or not broken" (HS code 1201) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Argentina, accounting for respectively 29.8, 11.1 and 4.3 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 15.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 6.5 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

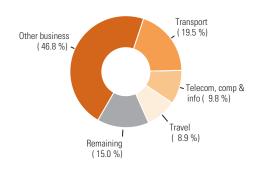


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Unit valı	ıe	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	209 180.2	280814.6	334463.1					
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken	28 564.1	38638.7	46664.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	222
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	25789.2	44660.7	28888.7		0.1		US\$/kg	281
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	19613.9	30609.0	42688.1	0.3	0.5		US\$/kg	333
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	8744.2	9186.4	11003.8					061
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	5058.4	7 263.3	13 036.3	0.3	0.5	0.8	US\$/kg	334
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen	6679.1	6971.2	10938.2	4.3	5.0	5.9	US\$/kg	011
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues	5909.2	7342.7	10339.5	0.3	0.4		US\$/kg	081
1005 Maize (corn)	5853.0	4188.8	12264.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	044
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05		6953.5	8888.1	1.4	1.6	2.0	US\$/kg	012
4703 Chemical wood pulp, soda or sulphate, other than dissolving grades	5688.7	6391.8	7906.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	251

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIII OOQ, growth and shares III percentage)								
		2022						
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
334463.1	9.6	19.1	100.0					
80382.7	15.2	43.4	24.0					
104943.9	8.9	-3.1	31.4					
56851.3	17.7	48.2	17.0					
16118.9	7.4	24.9	4.8					
33 551.5	6.9	15.4	10.0					
32 175.8	-1.7	23.0	9.6					
5367.3	4.0	15.8	1.6					
5071.7	0.2	-4.5	1.5					
	2022 334 463.1 80 382.7 104 943.9 56 851.3 16 118.9 33 551.5 32 175.8 5367.3	2022 2018-2022 334463.1 9.6 80382.7 15.2 104943.9 8.9 56851.3 17.7 16118.9 7.4 33551.5 6.9 32175.8 -1.7 5367.3 4.0	Avg. Growth rates 2022 2018-2022 2021-2022 334463.1 9.6 19.1 80382.7 15.2 43.4 104943.9 8.9 -3.1 56851.3 17.7 48.2 16118.9 7.4 24.9 33551.5 6.9 15.4 32175.8 -1.7 23.0 5367.3 4.0 15.8					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

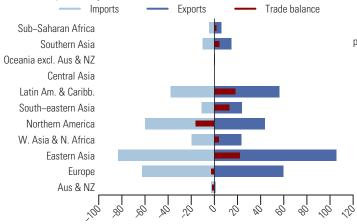
(value in million coop, growth and charge in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	292343.7	11.0	24.6	100.0				
0+1	12118.5	7.3	15.0	4.1				
2+4	8023.4	8.5	8.6	2.7				
3	51 938.1	15.6	63.0	17.8				
5	84674.4	17.0	32.4	29.0				
6	28693.8	9.7	3.7	9.8				
7	90799.2	6.5	13.7	31.1				
8	15868.0	5.1	18.4	5.4				
9	228.3	155.1	4557.0	0.1				

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

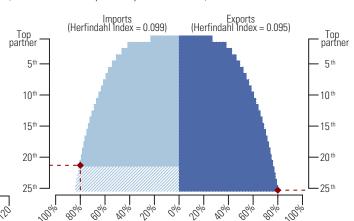
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

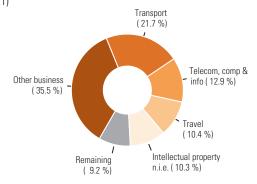


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 31.1, 29.0 and 17.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Germany, accounting for respectively 22.8, 18.1 and 5.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 17.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 10.9 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 6.5 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

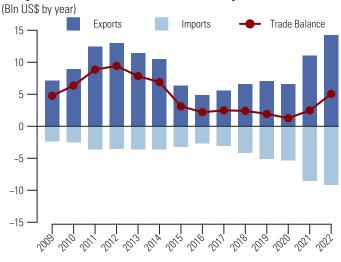
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Val	ue (million US	C Ø /			Unit valu	10	SITC
1				- 11		0004			<b>─</b>
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All (	Commodities	166336.2	234690.4	292343.7					
2710 Petr	oleum oils, other than crude	7 951.3	13918.0	24683.6	0.5	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
8708 Part	s and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	5266.7	7662.1	8204.4	9.0	9.3	9.6	US\$/kg	784
3104 Min	eral or chemical fertilisers, potassic	2856.2	4752.4	9600.2		0.4	0.8	US\$/kg	562
2709 Petr	oleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	2761.1	4093.5	10145.1	0.4			US\$/kg	333
3105 Min	eral or chemical fertilisers	2750.9	5963.6	8237.3	0.3	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	562
3002 Hum	nan blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	3471.7	6964.2	5564.3	373.6	579.9		US\$/kg	541
8542 Elec	tronic integrated circuits	4061.7	5175.2	5897.3					776
3808 Inse	cticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides	3731.8	4241.4	7 096.5	9.4	9.5	10.6	US\$/kg	591
8517 Elec	trical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	4680.3	4689.8	5680.3					764
3102 Min	eral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	2745.2	4824.9	7329.2		0.3		US\$/kg	562

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Brunei Darussalam increased substantially by 28.7 percent to reach 14.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 7.1 percent to reach 9.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 3.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Brunei Darussalam were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). No trade in services data is available.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: No Data Available

#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 80.3, 17.5 and 0.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Japan, Singapore and China, accounting for respectively 20.1, 17.9 and 17.6 percent of total exports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for exports.

Graph 3: No Data Available

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Vali	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	6608.2	11058.2	14230.2					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1557.6	3139.7	5158.8			1.0	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	2432.6	3332.5	4007.4	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	343
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	1273.0	2155.7	2170.3	0.3	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	333
2902 Cyclic hydrocarbons	913.7	1755.0	2014.5	0.7		1.1	US\$/kg	511
2905 Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives	144.3	194.7	186.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	512
2707 Oils and other products of high temperature coal tar	123.2	71.4	86.5	0.4		8.0	US\$/kg	335
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous			248.5			0.6	US\$/kg	562
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	7.1	47.2	53.5	1.0	0.6	1.3	thsd US\$/kg	792
8409 Parts suitable for use with the engines of heading 84	1.0	83.5	2.3	28.66	374.7	35.1	US\$/kg	713
2901 Acyclic hydrocarbons	34.6	17.5	15.1	0.4	0.8	1.0	US\$/kg	511

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIII COQ, growth and charco III percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	14230.2	21.3	28.7	100.0						
0+1	44.1	35.2	13.0	0.3						
2+4	28.4	10.2	-7.5	0.2						
3	11 423.4	17.6	31.3	80.3						
5	2487.6	78.2	24.6	17.5						
6	73.0	2.7	126.5	0.5						
7	131.9	-6.4	-38.7	0.9						
8	32.0	-16.6	3.9	0.2						
9	9.7	1.4	-35.5	0.1						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

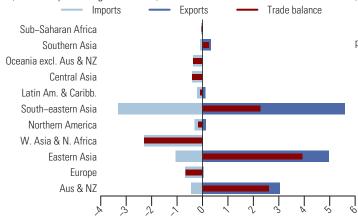
( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
OUTO	0000	Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	9183.9	21.9	7.1	100.0					
0+1	622.1	6.1	4.5	6.8					
2+4	102.1	18.1	26.2	1.1					
3	6224.6	118.3	9.3	67.8					
5	500.1	17.1	20.6	5.4					
6	417.1	-22.9	2.4	4.5					
7	1 003.7	-11.0	-5.4	10.9					
8	303.8	1.0	-3.7	3.3					
9	10.5	9.7	112.4	0.1					
5 6 7 8	500.1 417.1 1 003.7 303.8	17.1 -22.9 -11.0 1.0	20.6 2.4 -5.4 -3.7	5. 4. 10. 3.					

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Couc	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

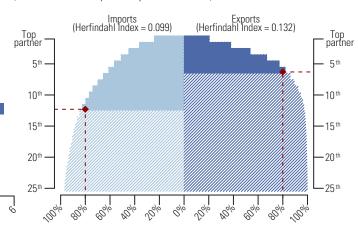
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



### Graph 6: No Data Available

#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 67.8, 10.9 and 6.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Malaysia, Singapore and China, accounting for respectively 21.9, 8.6 and 8.5 percent of total imports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for imports.

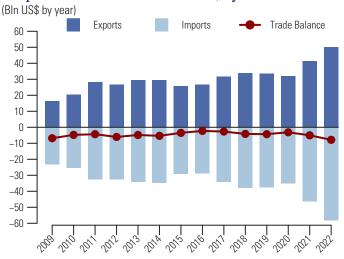
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

	1 1/1	/ '11' 110	١٨١			11.5		OITO
HS	Valu	<u>ue (million US</u>	- 1			<u>Unit va</u>	lue	_ SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	5342.5	8574.7	9183.9					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	1461.5	5158.2	5 4 4 0 . 5	0.3	8.0	8.0	US\$/kg	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	389.4	390.6	596.0		0.8	1.0	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	277.4	235.6	191.9	12.5	16.8	13.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	66.1	138.8	185.1			0.1	US\$/kg	321
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	157.4	110.9	107.1	35.8	44.7	29.8	US\$/kg	542
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells	186.5	64.9	53.6	61.4	41.5	38.3	US\$/kg	747
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	60.0	45.4	145.1	0.8	0.8	3.3	thsd US\$/kg	792
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	108.9	58.8	58.1	229.6	222.0	276.4	US\$/unit	752
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron)	120.6	46.4	34.5	2.3		2.5	US\$/kg	679
2902 Cyclic hydrocarbons	106.8	48.3	28.0	7.1	19.2	2.2	US\$/kg	511

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Bulgaria increased substantially by 21.5 percent to reach 50.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 25.2 percent to reach 58.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 7.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -4.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Bulgaria were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Bulgaria increased substantially by 10.7 percent, reaching 12.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 18.9 percent and reached 6.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 5.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



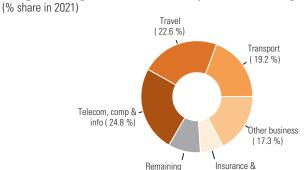
Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 20.9, 19.6 and 12.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Romania and Italy, accounting for respectively 14.8, 9.8 and 7.3 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.7 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 2.5 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category



(9.4%)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	31914.7	41370.9	50250.3					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1104.8	1259.9	3964.3	0.4	0.6		US\$/kg	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	1188.7	1286.2	2871.8					931
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	1182.7	1736.7	1621.3	6.2	9.3	8.9	US\$/kg	682
1001 Wheat and meslin	699.2	1336.7	1453.5	0.2	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	041
7402 Copper; unrefined, copper anodes for electrolytic refining	1005.3	1001.9	1430.3	9.1	13.0	10.9	US\$/kg	682
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1044.8	1043.4	1053.0	34.3	45.1	56.6	US\$/kg	542
1512 Sunflower-seed, safflower or cotton-seed oil	454.7	766.3	1663.1	0.9	1.4	1.8	US\$/kg	421
3826 Biodiesel and mixtures thereof	423.7	902.2	1305.9	1.0	1.6	1.9	US\$/kg	598
2716 Electrical energy	275.8	816.5	1008.4	49.9	108.8	247.5	US\$/MWh	351
2616 Precious metal ores and concentrates	691.1	814.1	571.0	165.0	464.9	134.8	US\$/kg	289

pension ( 6.7 %)

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million oow, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	50250.3	10.4	21.5	100.0						
0+1	5701.4	9.5	8.7	11.3						
2+4	4597.8	16.8	16.7	9.1						
3	6127.9	19.5	146.7	12.2						
5	5755.2	14.1	20.9	11.5						
6	10511.6	7.9	10.3	20.9						
7	9834.5	7.1	6.5	19.6						
8	5245.5	4.0	3.8	10.4						
9	2476.5	19.2	120.8	4.9						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

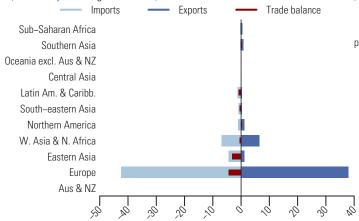
(value iii iiiiii eeq, greviii ana enaree iii persentage,									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	58 091.7	11.2	25.2	100.0					
0+1	4821.0	9.6	13.3	8.3					
2+4	5971.8	13.8	35.4	10.3					
3	9796.7	17.5	84.7	16.9					
5	7 966.6	11.6	14.5	13.7					
6	9010.1	9.4	16.2	15.5					
7	14329.9	9.9	19.0	24.7					
8	4308.0	10.3	14.9	7.4					
9	1887.5	2.5	-1.8	3.2					

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

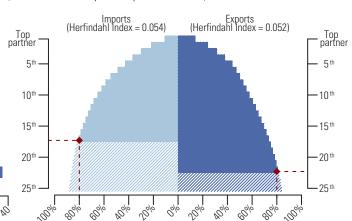
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



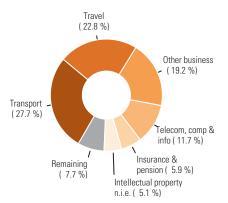
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 24.7, 16.9 and 15.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, the Russian Federation and Türkiye, accounting for respectively 11.6, 8.6 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.6 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.3 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

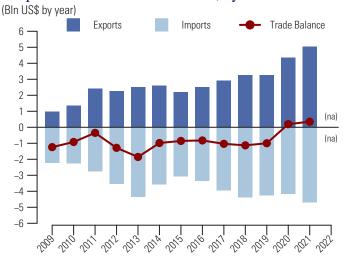
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

110	*	1/ 1	/ '11' 110	247			1. 5.		OITO
HS		Valu	ue (million US	5\$)		l	<u>Unit va</u>	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		35027.2	46395.8	58 091.7					
	oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	1470.9	2026.6	4124.4	0.3	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	333
9999 Commodities not sp	pecified according to kind	1748.2	2159.2	2177.9					931
2603 Copper ores and co	ncentrates	1670.7	2033.8	2186.3	1.7	2.3	2.0	US\$/kg	283
2711 Petroleum gases ar	nd other gaseous hydrocarbons	556.7	1808.9	3 4 2 9 . 5	0.2	0.6	1.4	US\$/kg	343
3004 Medicaments (excl	uding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1321.5	1455.0	1 421.1	64.4	64.0	62.1	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and oth	er motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	857.6	1085.6	1257.0	12.5	13.7	16.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, oth	er than crude	573.6	924.9	1338.9	0.4		1.1	US\$/kg	334
8517 Electrical apparatus	s for line telephony or line telegraphy	657.9	751.8	821.4					764
3826 Biodiesel and mixtu	res thereof	367.5	599.9	1094.4	0.9	1.4	1.7	US\$/kg	598
1206 Sunflower seeds; v	hether or not broken	497.9	392.6	1012.2	0.5	0.7	8.0	US\$/kg	222

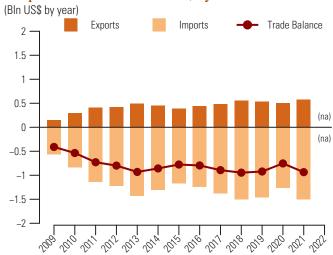
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Burkina Faso increased substantially by 15.7 percent to reach 5.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 12.7 percent to reach 4.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 350.1 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Burkina Faso were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Burkina Faso increased substantially by 12.7 percent, reaching 573.1 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 19.5 percent and reached 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 934.8 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 77.4, 15.3 and 3.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Switzerland, India and Singapore, accounting for respectively 69.4, 10.7 and 4.1 percent of total exports. "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 115.3 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 111.5 mln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 95.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

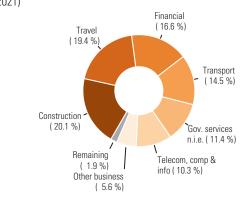


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

I								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	3261.1	4374.6	5060.0					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	2268.5	3562.9	3916.7	44.6	56.9	58.1	thsd US\$/kg	971
5201 Cotton; not carded or combed	351.8	261.8	454.4	1.6	1.6	1.8	US\$/kg	263
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken	137.1	109.6	105.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg	222
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried	95.6	68.0	116.2	1.0	1.1	1.3	US\$/kg	057
2608 Zinc ores and concentrates		105.5	158.1		0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	287
7901 Unwrought zinc	155.1	1.2		0.7	0.7		US\$/kg	686
1515 Other fixed vegetable fats and oils	32.4	33.5	29.4	1.6	1.5	1.4	US\$/kg	422
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried	23.3	27.4	31.7	2.6	3.3	3.3	US\$/kg	057
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	6.6	26.9	35.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	19.9	12.6	12.7	0.8	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	334

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 66¢, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	5060.0	14.8	15.7	100.0				
0+1	192.1	-4.6	32.5	3.8				
2+4	771.9	9.8	46.8	15.3				
3	12.7	-1.8	0.9	0.3				
5	14.5	12.9	-2.6	0.3				
6	72.6	-21.2	23.0	1.4				
7	72.6	6.6	47.9	1.4				
8	6.8	-7.6	29.0	0.1				
9	3916.7	20.3	9.9	77.4				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

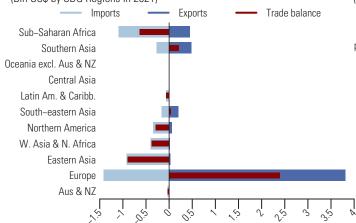
(value in million 664, growth and shares in percentage)								
			Avg. Grov	2021				
SI	TC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share			
To	tal	4709.9	4.5	12.7	100.0			
0-	⊦1	525.0	4.1	14.8	11.1			
2-	⊦4	67.5	0.1	5.7	1.4			
,	3	1362.3	10.1	22.5	28.9			
ļ	5	611.7	5.2	3.4	13.0			
(	3	799.7	6.8	15.0	17.0			
	7	1074.1	-3.0	4.0	22.8			
8	3	269.5	12.0	19.2	5.7			
(	3	0.0	-71.5	90.0	0.0			

### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

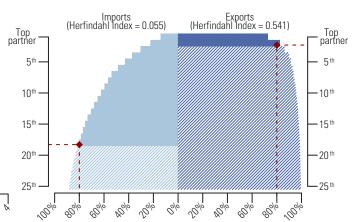
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



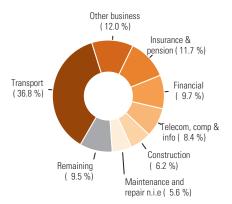
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 28.9, 22.8 and 17.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Côte d'Ivoire and France, accounting for respectively 12.9, 9.1 and 7.5 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 555.6 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 181.2 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 176.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

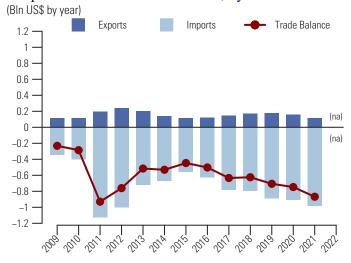
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	4259.3	4179.0	4709.9					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1010.9	871.0	1074.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	155.8	199.4	199.5	15.7	14.5	21.2	US\$/kg	542
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	82.2	167.7	190.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
2716 Electrical energy	106.8	141.9	146.7	53.2	47.9	69.6	US\$/MWh	351
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport		102.8	132.2	25.1	25.1	26.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
1006 Rice	118.3	101.2	71.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	042
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	74.1	89.0	115.9	0.7	0.7	0.9	US\$/kg	343
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	98.2	84.9	73.7		33.9		thsd US\$/unit	782
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	84.1	81.6	66.6	60.5	62.7	65.5	thsd US\$/unit	723
7213 Bars and rods, hot-rolled, in irregularly wound coils	41.4	50.2	77.3	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	676

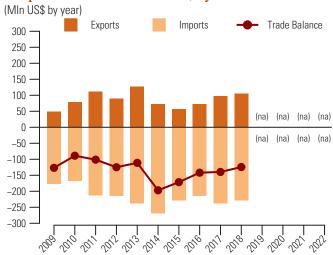
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Burundi decreased substantially by 30.1 percent to reach 113.2 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 7.9 percent to reach 981.1 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 867.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -226.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Burundi were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2018, the value of exports of services of Burundi increased moderately by 7.0 percent, reaching 104.9 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 3.6 percent and reached 229.2 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 124.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 64.0, 15.4, and 2.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Saudi Arabia and United Republic of Tanzania, accounting for respectively 18.0, 13.4 and 9.2 percent of total exports. "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2018 at 80.6 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 11.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2018)

Gov. services n.i.e. (76.8 %)

Remaining (12.6 %)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	180.7	161.9	113.2					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)		45.8		41.8	53.1		thsd US\$/kg	971
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	37.8	30.7	28.0	1.7	2.4	2.9	US\$/kg	071
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured	22.0	21.6	24.1	2.2	2.4	2.1	US\$/kg	074
2615 Niobium, tantalum, vanadium or zirconium ores and concentrates	10.1	6.4	13.7	16.5	11.2	22.8	US\$/kg	287
1101 Wheat or meslin flour	. 10.3	9.2	4.8	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	046
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	4.0	6.9	6.1	6.6	6.9	7.0	US\$/kg	122
2203 Beer made from malt	. 3.1	4.6	6.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	US\$/litre	112
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	. 0.1	6.3	5.7	1.1	2.4	1.4	US\$/kg	674
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	4.8	3.0	2.6	1.3	1.2	1.0	US\$/kg	334
7010 Carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, phials, ampoules	. 1.2	3.2	3.4	0.4	2.3	1.7	US\$/kg	665

Other business (10.6 %)

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05\$, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	113.2	-6.7	-30.1	100.0					
0+1	72.4	-4.9	-10.1	64.0					
2+4	17.5	17.7	67.7	15.4					
3	2.6	65.2	-13.7	2.3					
5	0.6	-22.0	-3.1	0.5					
6	11.2	17.4	-21.0	9.9					
7	3.6	10.7	26.8	3.2					
8	5.4	1.9	17.2	4.7					
9	0.0	-90.9	-100.0	0.0					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in minion 600, growth and onaros in persontage)									
			Avg. Growth rates						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	981.1	5.8	7.9	100.0					
0+1	129.8	-1.6	4.9	13.2					
2+4	36.4	6.0	4.0	3.7					
3	178.2	3.9	26.3	18.2					
5	165.1	5.4	3.7	16.8					
6	235.0	15.0	24.2	23.9					
7	168.2	8.7	-16.2	17.1					
8	68.4	-2.0	15.2	7.0					
9	0.1		-81.0	0.0					

### SITC Legend

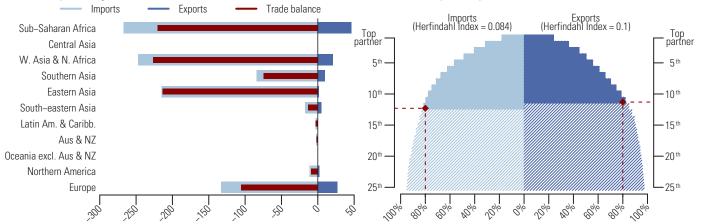
SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

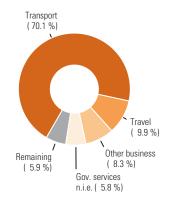
(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2018)



#### Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 23.9, 18.2 and 17.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Saudi Arabia and India, accounting for respectively 16.4, 13.5 and 8.5 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2018 at 160.6 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 22.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 19.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

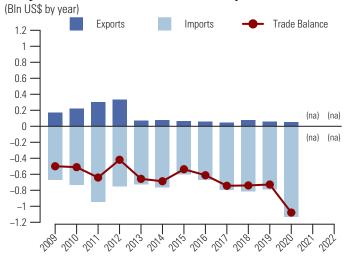
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)			Unit va	llue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 887.0	908.9	981.1					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		137.3	174.9	0.7	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 44.1	49.7	46.8					542
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	. 44.3	30.5	38.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	661
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 36.1	43.3	28.8	22.2	3.2		thsd US\$/unit	781
1001 Wheat and meslin	. 30.9	22.8	24.6	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
3103 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, phosphatic	. 10.0	34.0	18.5		0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	562
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form		20.9	16.2	0.7	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg	061
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	. 19.5	17.7	15.0	55.7	16.3	0.6	thsd US\$/unit	782
7209 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	. 12.8	12.2	27.0	1.8	1.7	1.7	US\$/kg	673
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	15.1	10.4	20.1					541

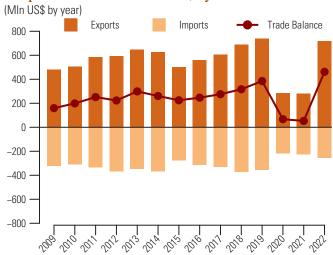
#### Overview:

In 2020, the value of merchandise exports of Cabo Verde decreased substantially by 14.2 percent to reach 53.1 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 43.3 percent to reach 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -866.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Cabo Verde were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Cabo Verde increased substantially by 155.6 percent, reaching 719.9 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 12.8 percent and reached 257.7 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 462.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2020, representing respectively 84.3, 14.6 and 0.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2018 to 2020, the largest export commodity was "Prepared or preserved fish; caviar" (HS code 1604) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Spain, Portugal and Italy, accounting for respectively 64.8, 15.8 and 12.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 144.2 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 48.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

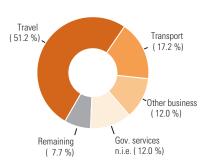


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2018 to 2020

	11	. / '11' 11'	241					OJTO
HS	Va	lue (million U	5\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All Commodities	75.3	61.9	53.1					
1604 Prepared or preserved fish; caviar		37.3	32.9	6.3	6.0	5.6	US\$/kg	037
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	12.8	9.4	8.8	1.1	0.9	0.9	US\$/kg	034
6406 Parts of footwear	4.1	3.3	2.6	62.2	59.5	56.1	US\$/kg	851
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers		2.9	1.0	11.1	10.6	15.6	US\$/unit	841
2301 Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	US\$/kg	081
6107 Men's or boys'underpants, briefs, nightshirts, pyjamas, bathrobes	1.5	1.9	1.5	2.5	2.6	3.6	US\$/unit	843
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	1.8	1.6	1.3	3.5	3.9	6.0	US\$/unit	845
9507 Fishing rods, fish-hooks and other line fishing tackle; fish landing nets	1.6	1.4	1.0					894
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	0.5	0.3	1.0	6.3	5.5	5.6	US\$/litre	112
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares	0.7	0.2	0.4	2.7	2.9	2.5	US\$/kg	048

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili illillion 034, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2020						
SITC	2020	2016-2020	2019-2020	share					
Total	53.1	-3.2	-14.2	100.0					
0+1	44.8	-2.9	-10.2	84.3					
2+4	0.1	73.4	-63.1	0.2					
5	0.1	18.2	-18.1	0.2					
6	0.0	119.1	1548.0	0.1					
7	0.3		-13.5	0.6					
8	7.8	-5.8	-30.9	14.6					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

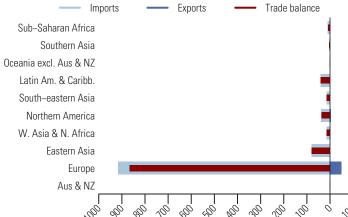
		5		
		Avg. Grov		2020
SITC	2020	2016-2020	2019-2020	share
Total	1131.4	13.9	43.3	100.0
0+1	234.6	4.6	-0.6	20.7
2+4	25.7	-1.7	9.6	2.3
3	369.3	57.9	290.8	32.6
5	66.5	5.6	5.9	5.9
6	151.0	4.7	8.8	13.3
7	222.6	10.9	31.8	19.7
8	61.2	-0.8	-6.1	5.4
9	0.4	335.0		0.0

### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

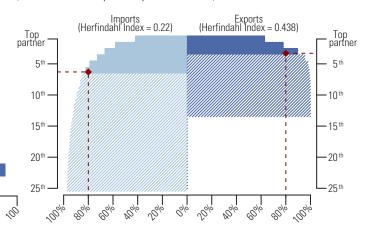
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2020)

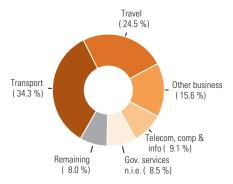


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2020)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2020, representing respectively 32.6, 20.7 and 19.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2018 to 2020, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Portugal, the Netherlands and Spain, accounting for respectively 43.1, 12.2 and 10.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 78.3 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 56.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 35.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

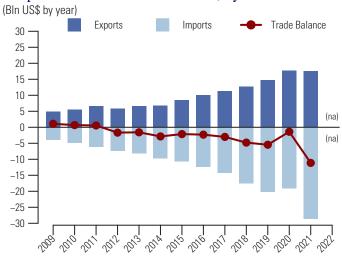
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2018 to 2020

HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All Commodities	814.6	789.7	1131.4					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		86.7	363.2	0.6	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	334
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	. 21.4	22.6	30.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 23.7	23.6	25.5	9.6	9.6	18.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
1006 Rice	. 16.3	22.7	18.2	0.7	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	042
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel	. 13.6	14.5	19.1	0.7	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	676
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	. 15.1	15.8	14.7	1.2	1.3	1.2	US\$/kg	012
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar	. 14.2	13.7	17.3	3.9	4.0	4.2	US\$/kg	022
8609 Containers (including containers for the transport of fluids)	. 0.5	0.3	40.7	1.3	1.1		thsd US\$/unit	786
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	. 13.8	11.4	12.6	17.0	14.9	22.4	thsd US\$/unit	782
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)		13.5	9.6	25.0	34.3	36.4	US\$/kg	542

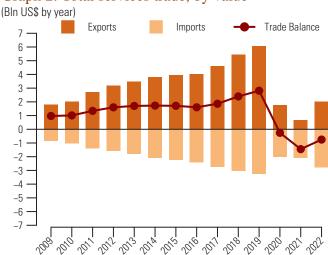
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Cambodia decreased slightly by 0.8 percent to reach 17.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 50.2 percent to reach 28.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 11.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at -11.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Cambodia were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Cambodia increased substantially by 209.9 percent, reaching 2.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 32.5 percent and reached 2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 750.9 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 70.9, 11.3 and 8.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles" (HS code 6110) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and Japan, accounting for respectively 34.4, 7.2 and 6.6 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 188.2 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 184.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 118.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

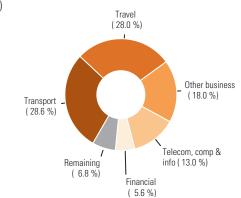


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ue (million US	3\$)		l	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020   1	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	14824.7	17716.5	17571.8					
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles	1255.7	1231.0	1344.8			4.4	US\$/unit	845
4202 Trunks, suit-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases	1082.4	978.4	1494.8					831
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	388.5	3011.3	132.0	44.4	57.1	55.6	thsd US\$/kg	971
6104 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	1202.9	972.8	1183.1	9.4	9.0	3.8	US\$/unit	844
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	984.1	785.1	739.3	5.3	5.7	2.8	US\$/unit	845
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	847.6	775.1	783.7	15.4		4.6	US\$/unit	842
6103 Men's, boys'suits, jackets, trousers etc knitted or crocheted	661.4	468.6	575.5		9.9	4.5	US\$/unit	843
8712 Bicycles and other cycles; including delivery tricycles, not motorised	413.3	529.7	630.7		2	232.1	US\$/unit	785
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	567.1	438.0	491.3	21.0		6.8	US\$/unit	841
6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather	584.7	400.2	456.2			12.0	US\$/pair	851

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili illillioli 03¢, growtii aliu siiales ili percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share					
Total	17571.8	71.8 11.7 -0.8		100.0				
0+1	846.8	6.8 13.4 12.0		4.8				
2+4	594.7	12.6	53.4	3.4				
3	0.0	47.1	645.1	0.0				
5	120.1	-9.1	66.1	0.7				
6	1 436.3	23.6	64.7	8.2				
7	1 984.3	21.8	32.9	11.3				
8	12456.2	10.1	12.0	70.9				
9	133.5	-11.2	-95.6	0.8				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

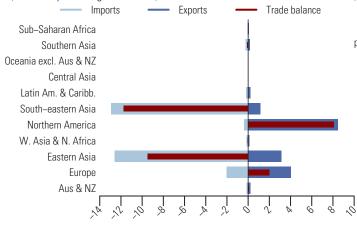
(varae iii iiiiii ee ee ee ee ee ee ee ee ee									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	28702.8	19.1	50.2	100.0					
0+1	1579.4	9.6	0.9	5.5					
2+4	803.4	15.6	81.9	2.8					
3	2362.5	13.7	24.8	8.2					
5	2808.1	29.6	67.5	9.8					
6	9033.6	9.9	24.1	31.5					
7	4594.7	11.7	9.9	16.0					
8	1571.6	13.1	29.8	5.5					
9	5949.4	125.3	587.0	20.7					

### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

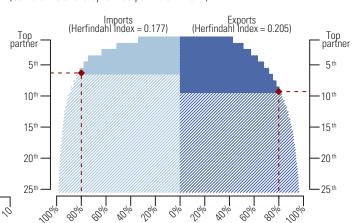
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

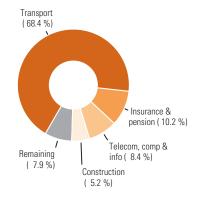


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 31.5, 20.7 and 16.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Thailand and Viet Nam, accounting for respectively 35.8, 14.0 and 12.5 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.4 bln US\$, followed by "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 214.6 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 175.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

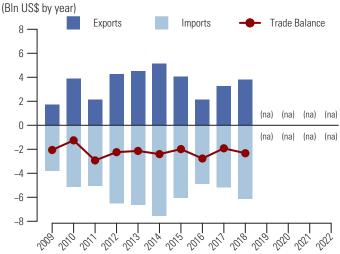
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

TIC	*	17-1	/ ! ! ! ! ! !	ን ሰነ			La Service	L	CITC
HS		valu	<u>ıe (million US</u>	• •			<u>Jnit va</u>	iue	_ SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commoditie	S	20278.8	19114.3	28702.8					
7108 Gold (including	gold plated with platinum)	92.7	864.8	5940.4	43.0			thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 Petroleum oils,	other than crude	1723.0	1211.9	1594.2	0.6	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
6006 Other knitted o	r crocheted fabrics	1182.5	1430.9	1848.0	6.9	6.3	6.5	US\$/kg	655
6004 Knitted or crock	neted fabrics of a width exceeding 30 cm	1402.9	882.7	1040.9	6.1	6.4	6.6	US\$/kg	655
5515 Other woven fa	brics of synthetic staple fibres	729.3	642.6	825.5	8.2	7.7	7.7	US\$/kg	653
8703 Motor cars and	other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	829.4	501.8	509.1	24.3	25.7	13.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Motor vehicles	for the transport of goods	543.5	395.1	456.5			15.9	thsd US\$/unit	782
8714 Parts and acces	ssories of vehicles of headings 87.11 to 87.13	296.6	384.4	505.8					785
4301 Raw furskins (i	ncluding heads, tails, paws and other pieces or cuttings	265.6	181.5	475.1	161.5	131.6	222.4	US\$/kg	212
2701 Coal; briquette	s, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	404.0	224.3	293.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	321

#### Overview:

In 2018, the value of merchandise exports of Cameroon increased substantially by 16.6 percent to reach 3.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 18.3 percent to reach 6.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at -632.0 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Cameroon were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2020, the value of exports of services of Cameroon decreased substantially by 22.5 percent, reaching 1.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 25.0 percent and reached 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 408.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2018, representing respectively 50.3, 20.5 and 19.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2016 to 2018, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Italy and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 16.2, 12.4 and 12.4 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 591.5 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 437.0 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 285.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2020)

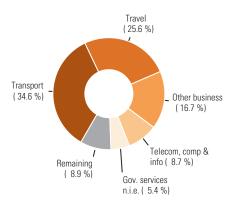


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2016 to 2018

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Unit valı	ne	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
All Commodities	2130.4	3264.2	3804.8					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	0.0	1284.4	1553.2	1.2	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	333
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted	669.6	403.0	420.5	2.5	1.8	1.9	US\$/kg	072
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	286.1	261.8	284.2					248
4403 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood	152.0	196.3	218.3			592.6	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	247
5201 Cotton, not carded or combed	147.3	164.5	210.7	1.5	1.6	1.9	US\$/kg	263
7601 Unwrought aluminium	109.9	130.1	122.0	1.7	1.7	1.9	US\$/kg	684
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		110.6	95.6	0.3		0.5	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	0.0	0.0	225.4	0.7	0.5	0.3	US\$/kg	343
1803 Cocoa paste, whether or not defatted		70.9	73.2	3.9	3.0	2.7	US\$/kg	072
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	65.4	62.8	61.6	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	057

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)									
			wth rates	2018					
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share					
Total	3804.8	-7.3	16.6	100.0					
0+1	737.8	-4.8	4.2	19.4					
2+4	781.7	-0.1	5.7	20.5					
3	1912.6	-9.9	34.9	50.3					
5	73.8	-6.9	6.8	1.9					
6	250.2	-5.2	-4.7	6.6					
7	30.4	-28.8	-29.9	8.0					
8	17.8	-19.0	-23.3	0.5					
9	0.5	-45.3	197.4	0.0					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

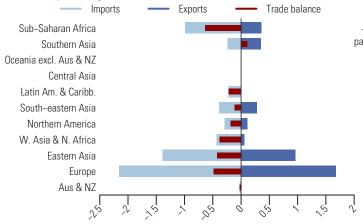
(Value in minion 664, growth and onared in percentage)									
		Avg. Growth rates							
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share					
Total	6133.6	-5.1	18.3	100.0					
0+1	1 181.6	-1.1	5.0	19.3					
2+4	300.2	1.4	26.2	4.9					
3	1326.6	-11.0	78.7	21.6					
5	809.7	1.0	15.2	13.2					
6	923.6	-2.2	3.0	15.1					
7	1297.8	-8.0	6.0	21.2					
8	294.1	-2.9	15.6	4.8					
9	0.0	-50.9	109.5	0.0					

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

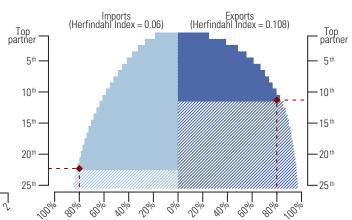
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2018)

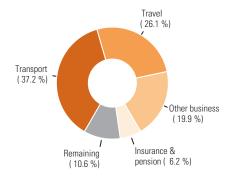


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2018)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2018, representing respectively 21.6, 21.2 and 19.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2016 to 2018, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, France and Nigeria, accounting for respectively 18.9, 9.9 and 5.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 787.7 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 553.2 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 420.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

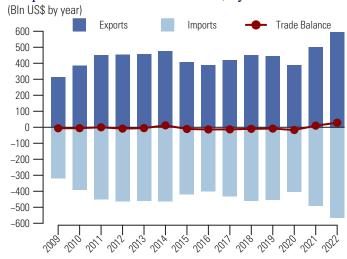
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2016 to 2018

HS	Valu	ie (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
All Commodities	 4898.9	5183.6	6133.6					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	216.9	434.3	852.7	0.6			US\$/kg	334
1006 Rice	 242.1	316.7	259.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	042
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	229.2	221.5	311.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	333
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	 281.2	197.0	278.5	1.2			US\$/kg	034
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	 164.2	194.6	206.6	15.7	15.3	14.1	US\$/kg	542
1001 Wheat and meslin	 153.1	178.8	208.8	0.2	0.3		US\$/kg	041
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	142.4	190.0	162.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	 246.2	104.2	109.0					764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.	 145.1	123.4	113.3	20.1	21.0	23.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	 92.1	97.9	90.2		27.7	29.4	thsd US\$/unit	782

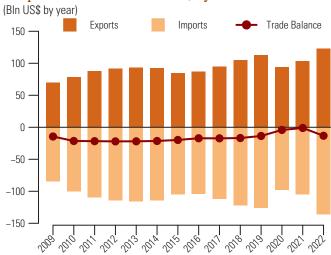
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Canada increased substantially by 19.0 percent to reach 596.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.6 percent to reach 568.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 28.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 176.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Canada were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Canada increased substantially by 18.8 percent, reaching 123.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 30.1 percent and reached 136.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 13.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 30.3, 18.9 and 11.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 75.4, 4.3 and 2.8 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 36.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 13.1 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 13.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

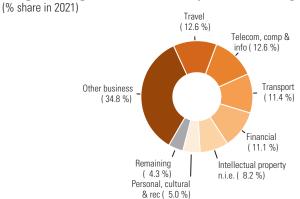


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1	- 1. 1-p 10 -1.p -10 -1.mile -1.11-2								
HS		Vali	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
Δ	All Commodities	388 173.4	501 538.9	596656.9					
2709 P	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	47 574.3	81 939.7	120332.1	0.3	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	333
8703 N	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	32007.7	29141.0	29442.4	22.1	23.3	24.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 C	Commodities not specified according to kind	20024.3	21 452.8	21634.6					931
7108 G	Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	16012.9	15154.5	15192.6	55.2	55.0	54.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
2711 P	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	6994.8	14991.2	24270.7	0.2		0.8	US\$/kg	343
2710 P	etroleum oils, other than crude	7186.0	11 488.5	16999.8	0.3	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	334
8708 P	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	9002.1	10908.5	12845.1	12.0	11.0	12.9	US\$/kg	784
4407 V	Vood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	7746.8	13440.0	10832.8	209.7	357.7	318.5	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	7274.8	8539.2	9649.0					542
7601 L	Inwrought aluminium	5449.9	8108.7	9292.1	1.9	2.9	3.4	US\$/kg	684

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million LIS\$ growth and shares in percentage

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)							
			Avg. Grov	wth rates	2022		
	SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
	Total	596656.9	7.3	19.0	100.0		
	0+1	56857.2	9.2	10.0	9.5		
	2+4	55 570.7	6.3	-3.8	9.3		
	3	180 963.5	16.1	51.2	30.3		
	5	56768.1	10.8	24.4	9.5		
	6	67 303.6	5.5	8.9	11.3		
	7	112753.0	-1.2	11.8	18.9		
	8	29053.4	5.3	7.9	4.9		
	9	37 387.2	3.0	0.7	6.3		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

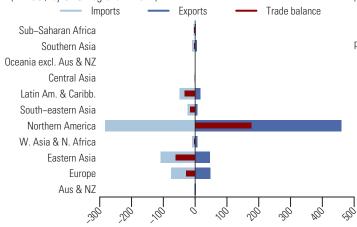
(12.22									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share						
Total	568 203.4	5.4	15.6	100.0					
0+1	45387.9	6.9	11.6	8.0					
2+4	15986.0	4.6	14.4	2.8					
3	44842.9	5.2	48.4	7.9					
5	73 786.0	10.4	18.0	13.0					
6	73863.0	7.7	9.5	13.0					
7	223 854.1	2.8	14.6	39.4					
8	66398.7	4.9	11.2	11.7					
9	24084.8	11.4	12.0	4.2					

## SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

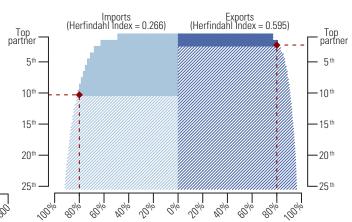
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

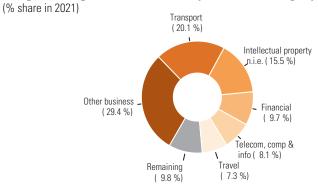


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 39.4, 13.0 and 13.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 48.9, 13.8 and 5.5 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 30.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 21.1 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 16.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

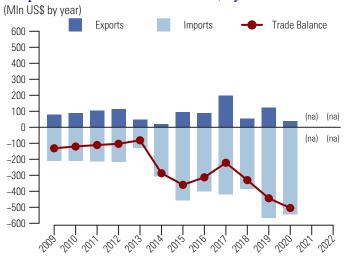
HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	405204.9	491 400.9	568 203.4					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 21 967.2	28606.4	32046.3	20.7	24.4	26.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	. 12372.8	15921.3	17580.2	33.5	38.8	38.6	thsd US\$/unit	782
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	. 14376.2	14208.8	16928.6	12.1	12.2	12.1	US\$/kg	784
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 8321.8	13401.7	20164.9	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	8460.4	11778.0	16531.0	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	. 9321.7	12162.6	13394.5					931
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 9882.3	11821.3	12895.2					764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	9854.8	11464.8	11 424.7	232.7	261.4	278.7	US\$/unit	752
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 8488.5	9361.9	10104.9					542
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	. 8702.6	6529.3	8105.1	35.7	23.1	28.6	thsd US\$/kg	971

#### Overview:

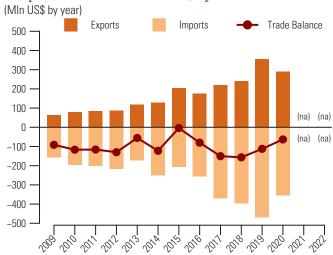
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2020, the value of merchandise exports of the Central African Republic decreased substantially by 67.3 percent to reach 40.5 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 4.0 percent to reach 544.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 504.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -184.0 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Central African Republic were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2020, the value of exports of services of the Central African Republic decreased substantially by 18.3 percent, reaching 291.1 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 24.4 percent and reached 354.4 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 63.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2020, representing respectively 36.9, 35.8 and 24.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were United Arab Emirates, Sweden and France, accounting for respectively 24.6, 15.1 and 10.4 percent of total exports. "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 252.8 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 30.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

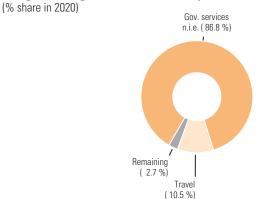


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2018 to 2020

HS	Val	ue (million US	3\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All Commodities	54.3	124.0	40.5					
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft		87.7						792
4403 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood	10.9	12.4	4.6	598.9	447.8	369.7	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	247
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	2.5	9.2	9.8			43.5	thsd US\$/kg	971
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	7.4	6.0	6.7					667
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	3.9	0.2	8.6	34.5	29.6	21.0	thsd US\$/unit	782
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	4.0	2.7	2.8	1.4	0.8	0.9	thsd US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
8502 Electric generating sets and rotary converters	8.9	0.1	0.1		9.4		thsd US\$/unit	716
8710 Tanks and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorised	8.2	0.5						891
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	1.1	2.3	0.1	13.8	25.2	5.3	US\$/kg	784
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	0.3		2.4	44.2		44.2	thsd US\$/unit	723

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in million σοψ, growth and onared in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2020					
SITC	2020	2016-2020 2019-2020		share				
Total	40.5	-17.7	-67.3	100.0				
0+1	0.2	-5.3	-65.4	0.6				
2+4	14.5	-17.3	-31.6	35.8				
3	0.0	-20.9	13.7	0.0				
5	0.1	57.1	63.9	0.2				
6	0.6	-1.8	370.6	1.4				
7	14.9	-25.6	-83.7	36.9				
8	0.4	-52.0	-67.4	0.9				
9	9.8	80.6	7.2	24.2				
U	0.0	00.0	,	2 1.2				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( varao iii	πιπιπιοπ σοφ, growth and onargo in percentage								
		Avg. Growth rates							
SITC	2020	2016-2020	2019-2020	share					
Total	544.9	7.9	-4.0	100.0					
0+1	85.6	9.6	-6.1	15.7					
2+4	9.3	8.6	-9.5	1.7					
3	70.7	177.4	-11.9	13.0					
5	69.6	7.1	-22.5	12.8					
6	51.7	13.8	8.5	9.5					
7	177.5	-0.3	-9.4	32.6					
8	80.5	4.2	52.5	14.8					

### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
q	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

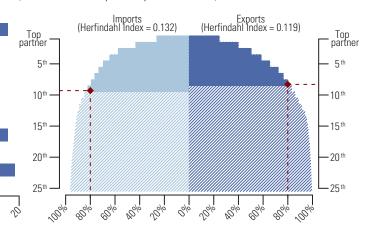
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2020)

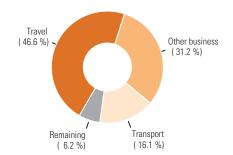


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2020)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2020, representing respectively 32.6, 15.7 and 14.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2018 to 2020, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Cameroon, China and France, accounting for respectively 18.8, 16.2 and 14.0 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 165.2 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 110.4 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 56.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2018 to 2020

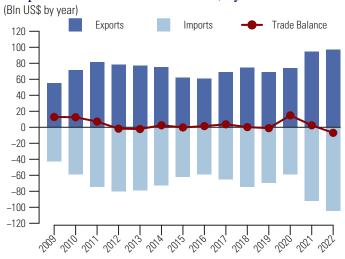
HS	• •	Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All Co	ommodities	384.4	567.8	544.9					
2710 Petrol	leum oils, other than crude	22.0	79.8	68.1	0.8	0.8	8.0	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medic	caments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	16.5	66.3	31.6	13.4	17.8	14.1	US\$/kg	542
8802 Other	aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	18.2	86.5	0.0					792
8703 Motor	r cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	24.9	9.0	43.5	36.0	23.4	32.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
8710 Tanks	and other armoured fighting vehicles, motorised	50.5	8.0	16.1					891
8704 Motor	r vehicles for the transport of goods	15.6	2.6	20.3	29.0	28.0	26.9	thsd US\$/unit	782
2106 Food <sub> </sub>	preparations not elsewhere specified or included	12.5	14.2	10.3	4.8	3.1	1.6	US\$/kg	098
8517 Electr	rical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	7.4	13.1	13.6					764
3002 Huma	an blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	1.9	7.5	20.0	92.8	74.2	258.6	US\$/kg	541
1006 Rice		8.5	5.2	11.1	0.6	0.6		US\$/kg	042

Goods Imports: CIF/FOB, by consignment

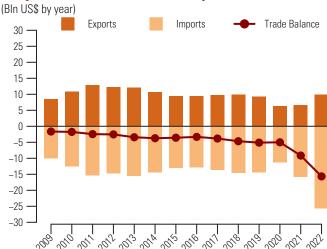
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Chile increased slightly by 3.0 percent to reach 97.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 13.2 percent to reach 104.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 6.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 22.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Chile were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Chile increased substantially by 51.0 percent, reaching 10.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 62.7 percent and reached 25.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 15.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 33.7, 26.6 and 21.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Japan, accounting for respectively 38.9, 14.4 and 8.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.1 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 565.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

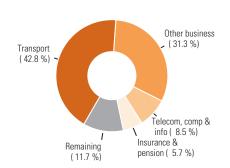


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 74080.7	94676.8	97 490.9					
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	21761.7	29792.6	22719.2	6.9	9.5	8.0	US\$/kg	283
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	14597.6	20917.3	18233.2	6.3	9.4	8.6	US\$/kg	682
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced)	. 2548.4	3092.3	3911.9	8.5	10.2	12.2	US\$/kg	034
2836 Carbonates; peroxocarbonates (percarbonates)	. 618.8	886.0	7764.1	6.0	6.5	38.3	US\$/kg	523
7402 Copper; unrefined, copper anodes for electrolytic refining	. 2010.7	2505.1	2898.0	6.7	9.5	9.1	US\$/kg	682
4703 Chemical wood pulp, soda or sulphate, other than dissolving grades	. 2051.3	2437.7	2592.7	0.5	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	251
0809 Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines), plums and sloes, fresh	. 1918.8	2027.1	2395.4	4.2	3.7	3.6	US\$/kg	057
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	1693.7	2521.4	1681.7	0.1	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg	281
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines	. 1822.0	1970.3	1911.6	2.1		2.3	US\$/litre	112
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	. 1558.2	1590.5	2069.0	3.2	3.4	3.7	US\$/kg	034

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million σοφ, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	018-2022 2021-2022						
Total	97 490.9	6.8	3.0	100.0					
0+1	20684.1	3.5	11.1	21.2					
2+4	32812.8	4.6	-18.0	33.7					
3	1684.6	17.5	118.2	1.7					
5	13 089.8	35.7	203.6	13.4					
6	25 981.2	5.1	-5.8	26.6					
7	1659.7	-2.4	-15.6	1.7					
8	739.8	-2.6	29.4	0.8					
9	838.9	2.9	-2.6	0.9					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

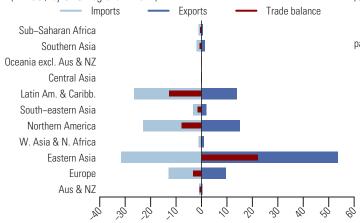
(value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share						
Total	104 401.8	8.8	13.2	100.0					
0+1	9 9 6 3 . 5	11.2	4.2	9.5					
2+4	2828.7	13.3	1.4	2.7					
3	23 207.8	16.2	65.7	22.2					
5	12874.1	10.5	11.5	12.3					
6	11636.8	7.4	0.5	11.1					
7	32351.5	4.9	0.3	31.0					
8	11 325.3	4.4	8.3	10.8					
9	214.0	97.5	2134.4	0.2					

## SITC Legend

	SITC	<b>.</b>
l	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

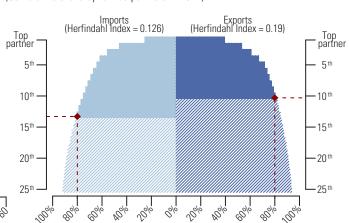
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

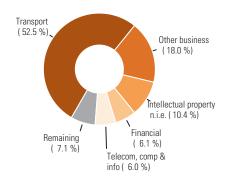


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 31.0, 22.2 and 12.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Brazil, accounting for respectively 27.5, 18.9 and 8.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 8.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.8 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

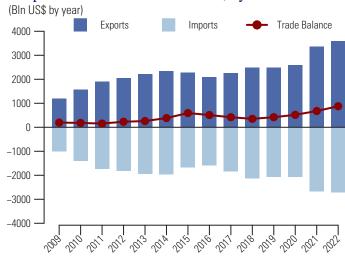
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
F	All Commodities	59200.8	92191.0	104 401.8					
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	3148.3	5651.3	12427.6	0.4	0.7		US\$/kg	334
2709 F	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	2319.3	4278.9	4924.5	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
8703 N	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	1802.1	4 451.7	5221.8	8.0	9.2	11.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 E	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	2409.8	3354.2	2951.2					764
8704 N	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	1360.6	3154.4	3624.2	21.9	20.4	21.0	thsd US\$/unit	782
2711 F	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	1443.8	2640.8	3475.0		0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	343
8471 A	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	1314.5	2237.5	1582.2	115.0	110.6		US\$/unit	752
2701 0	Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	680.2	1331.8	2231.4	0.1	0.1		US\$/kg	321
0201 N	Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled	978.0	1510.8	1298.4	4.4	5.4	5.8	US\$/kg	011
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1111.1	1303.5	1322.6	19.2		33.4	US\$/kg	542

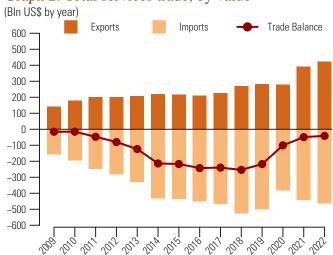
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of China increased moderately by 6.9 percent to reach 3593.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 1.2 percent to reach 2716.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 877.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 414.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in China were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 26 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of China increased moderately by 8.1 percent, reaching 424.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 5.4 percent and reached 465.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 41.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 46.5, 22.1 and 16.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy" (HS code 8517) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China, Hong Kong SAR and Japan, accounting for respectively 16.9, 9.6 and 5.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 127.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 93.6 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 77.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

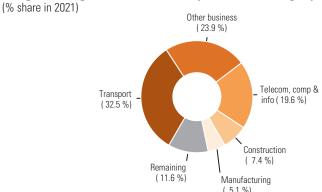


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1						
HS	Valu	ue (billion US	\$)	Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020 2021 2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	2589.1	3362.3	3593.6	3		
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	223.2	257.6	275.7	1		764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	170.2	204.5	187.9	113.8 124.1 145.6	US\$/unit	752
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	117.0	155.3	154.5	)		776
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	35.7	48.8	65.5	)		776
9405 Lamps and lighting fittings	37.6	49.3	46.1	11.4 12.4	US\$/kg	813
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	32.9	45.6	49.7	4.6 5.1 5.2	US\$/kg	784
9503 Tricycles, scooters, wheeled toys; dolls'carriages; dolls; other toys	33.5	46.1	48.4	10.2 11.6 13.2	US\$/kg	894
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters	30.1	39.7	47.5	)		771
8507 Electric accumulators, including separators therefor	20.2	33.6	57.2	)		778
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	25.0	37.3	45.9	)		931

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIII COQ, growth and charco III percentage)									
			Avg. Growth rates						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	018-2022   2021-2022						
Total	3593601.4	9.6	6.9	100.0					
0+1	77 646.9	2.6	5.6	2.2					
2+4	27733.6	10.9	16.8	0.8					
3	64328.7	8.5	54.3	1.8					
5	313 203.0	17.0	18.6	8.7					
6	597 854.6	10.1	10.0	16.6					
7	1671114.5	8.4	3.0	46.5					
8	792 509.5	9.0	5.1	22.1					
9	49210.6	70.1	21.7	1.4					

## Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

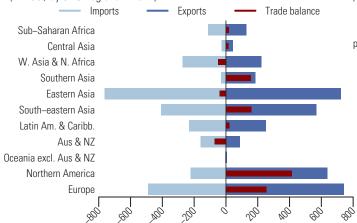
(value in million 66¢, growth and shares in percentage)					
		2022			
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share		
Total	2715997.5	6.2	1.2	100.0	
0+1	138 487.1	17.5	6.0	5.1	
2+4	418338.2	10.6	-5.3	15.4	
3	535 291.2	11.4	33.0	19.7	
5	262 848.9	4.3	0.4	9.7	
6	199708.9	6.7	-5.8	7.4	
7	904547.6	1.8	-10.2	33.3	
8	172341.1	5.2	3.0	6.3	
9	84434.5	2.8	39.8	3.1	

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

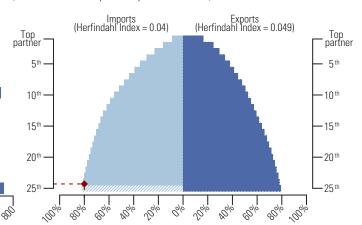
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

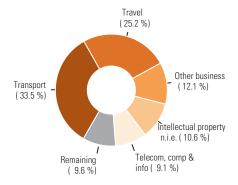


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 33.3, 19.7 and 15.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were 0ther Asia nes, the Republic of Korea and Japan, accounting for respectively 9.2, 7.8 and 7.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 147.9 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 111.0 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 53.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

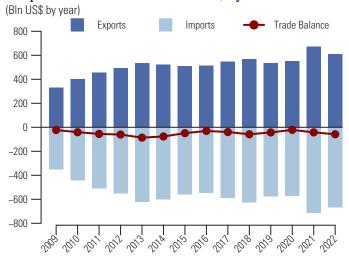
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Vali	ue (billion US	\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	2069.6	2684.4	2716.0					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	. 350.8	433.7	416.5					776
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	178.5	258.1	365.5	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	. 123.7	182.6	128.1					281
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	45.6	69.9	90.7	0.3	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	343
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 43.6	55.6	64.5					764
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken	39.5	53.5	61.2	0.4	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	222
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	44.9	52.9	52.3	49.2	56.9	60.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	. 36.5	56.8	56.3	1.7	2.4	2.2	US\$/kg	283
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)		47.3	76.7	53.7	57.6	57.0	thsd US\$/kg	971
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	33.9	41.4	34.6	67.5	79.1	83.5	US\$/unit	752

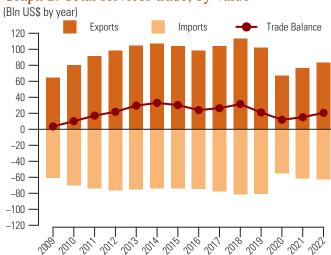
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of China, Hong Kong SAR decreased moderately by 9.1 percent to reach 610.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 6.3 percent to reach 668.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 58.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southeastern Asia at -70.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in China, Hong Kong SAR were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of China, Hong Kong SAR increased moderately by 8.9 percent, reaching 83.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.1 percent and reached 63.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 20.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 72.7, 11.5 and 6.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and India, accounting for respectively 57.7, 6.4 and 2.9 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 32.1 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 23.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

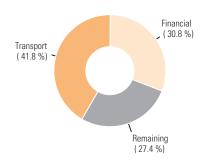


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)	Unit va	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020   2021   2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	551 515.8	670 926.1	610138.4			
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	153 930.0	211 129.7	213802.5			776
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	67 929.6	76418.7	66856.6			764
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	41 283.4	30802.0	30126.3	<i>56.9 57.4</i> 57.5	thsd US\$/kg	971
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72	26 093.3	34481.2	29965.3	125.5 150.1 242.3	US\$/kg	759
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	24230.3	31731.8	27 128.7	103.7 125.9 175.3	US\$/unit	752
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	14108.1	17 987.4	17738.6			776
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	10502.3	13994.9	14022.5	723.6691.0773.0	US\$/carat	667
8534 Circuits; printed	9257.0	11632.4	10392.4	56.4 59.6 63.6	US\$/kg	772
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters	9408.9	11 428.1	9569.5			771
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	8440.6	9618.5	10171.6			714

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05\$, growth and shares in percentage)						
	Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	610138.4	1.8	-9.1	100.0		
0+1	8409.4	-8.8	-7.7	1.4		
2+4	3 287.9	14.1	-7.4	0.5		
3	756.9	2.6	18.7	0.1		
5	13593.5	-4.3	-28.0	2.2		
6	37736.1	-2.2	-15.1	6.2		
7	443 433.2	3.6	-9.8	72.7		
8	70367.2	-0.8	2.4	11.5		
9	32554.0	-4.1	-3.9	5.3		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

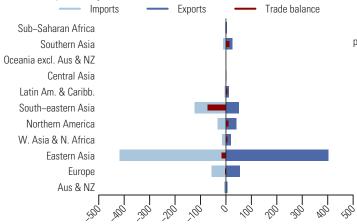
(value in million 66¢, growth and onares in personlage,					
		2022			
2022	2018-2022	018-2022 2021-2022			
668 483.0	1.6	-6.3	100.0		
23 007.9	-5.7	-13.0	3.4		
2742.6	8.5	-0.1	0.4		
14603.8	-1.9	29.0	2.2		
19763.4	-2.3	-15.2	3.0		
40 457.8	-4.5	-15.6	6.1		
445 695.7	2.2	-9.4	66.7		
81 490.4	1.5	4.8	12.2		
40721.4	12.7	27.8	6.1		
	2022 668 483.0 23 007.9 2742.6 14 603.8 19 763.4 40 457.8 445 695.7 81 490.4	Avg. Grov   2022   2018-2022   668 483.0   1.6   23 007.9   -5.7   2742.6   8.5   14 603.8   -1.9   19763.4   -2.3   40 457.8   -4.5   445 695.7   2.2   81 490.4   1.5	Avg. Growth rates           2022         2018-2022         2021-2022           668 483.0         1.6         -6.3           23 007.9         -5.7         -13.0           2742.6         8.5         -0.1           14 603.8         -1.9         29.0           19 763.4         -2.3         -15.2           40 457.8         -4.5         -15.6           445 695.7         2.2         -9.4           81 490.4         1.5         4.8		

#### SITC Legend

SITC	B
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

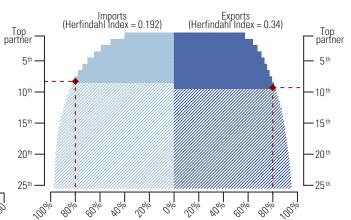
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



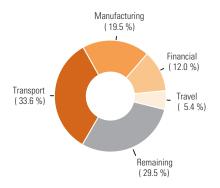
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 66.7, 12.2 and 6.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Other Asia nes and Singapore, accounting for respectively 42.7, 10.3 and 7.5 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 20.7 bln US\$, followed by "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 12.0 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 7.4 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

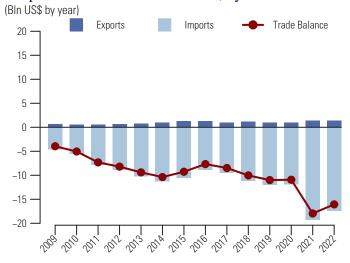
HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)	Unit	alue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020 2021 2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	573 061.3	713173.0	668 483.0			
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	. 168918.9	221 168.9	222 209.5			776
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	69154.0	81747.5	70816.4			764
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	18877.6	29132.3	38013.8	52.8 55.8 56.9	thsd US\$/kg	971
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72	20608.7	26938.2	25417.3	102.9 128.4 207.8	US\$/kg	759
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	20822.5	27 127.3	23797.3	81.3 95.2 137.	US\$/unit	752
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	. 15716.0	19722.2	18740.4			776
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	11333.3	17565.2	18816.8	30.8 29.4 56.8	thsd US\$/kg	897
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	. 11412.7	15380.1	15700.7	685.2678.6815.	US\$/carat	667
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	11217.6	11 987.5	13136.6			714
8534 Circuits; printed	8649.4	10165.9	8474.2	48.5 47.0 50.0	) US\$/kg	772

Trade System: General

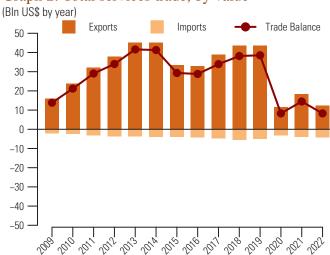
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of China, Macao SAR decreased slightly by 1.8 percent to reach 1.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 9.9 percent to reach 17.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 16.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -7.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in China, Macao SAR were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of China, Macao SAR decreased substantially by 32.0 percent, reaching 12.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 8.7 percent and reached 4.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 8.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 58.0, 23.9 and 7.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal" (HS code 7113) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Hong Kong SAR, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 81.0, 11.4 and 4.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 15.8 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

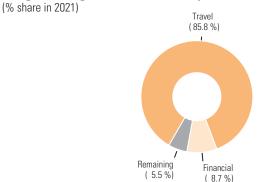


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)	Unit value	!	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020   2021   2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 1024.6	1392.4	1366.7			
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	. 183.7	236.4	272.0			897
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 187.9	241.4	208.2			764
9101 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, precious metal	. 107.3	160.0	145.0			885
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	. 104.9	98.8	53.1			931
4202 Trunks, suit-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases	. 69.3	56.8	86.0			831
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	. 53.0	60.4	73.6			842
9102 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, of base metal	. 33.8	47.9	71.3			885
3304 Beauty or make-up preparations	. 43.7	42.9	43.4			553
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines	. 14.2	31.5	34.4			112
9504 Articles for funfair, table or parlour games, including pintables	. 25.1	36.1	2.0			894

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( varao iii	(value in minimum coup, growth and charge in percentage)							
		2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	1366.7	4.3	-1.8	100.0				
0+1	98.5	-10.8	47.6	7.2				
2+4	22.4	2.0	-22.7	1.6				
3	0.0	-29.4		0.0				
5	57.4	-1.9	-1.5	4.2				
6	23.9	1.8	86.1	1.7				
7	326.5	-0.9	-8.1	23.9				
8	792.6	11.1	-7.5	58.0				
9	45.5	4.3	245.2	3.3				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(		J		
	Avg. Growth rates			2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	17 430.5	11.7	-9.9	100.0
0+1	2647.0	9.9	25.2	15.2
2+4	80.0	7.0	-22.5	0.5
3	764.3	-4.0	24.5	4.4
5	3610.7	31.9	-20.1	20.7
6	685.8	5.5	-2.3	3.9
7	3 0 4 1 . 6	5.9	-19.6	17.4
8	6467.8	11.6	-10.4	37.1
9	133.4	18.1	-53.3	8.0

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Coue	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

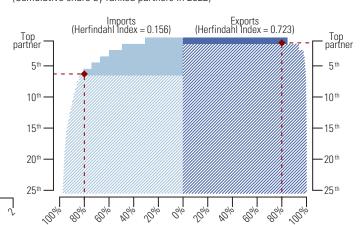
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

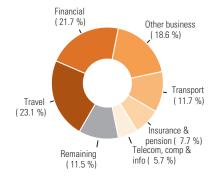


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 37.1, 20.7 and 17.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Beauty or make-up preparations" (HS code 3304) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, France and Italy, accounting for respectively 30.9, 17.9 and 10.5 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 898.9 mln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 841.4 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 720.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

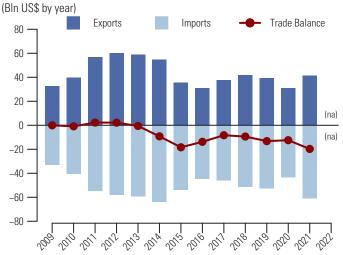
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS			e (million US	S\$)	Unit va	SITC	
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020 2021 2022	Unit	code
	All Commodities	11950.5	19346.7	17 430.5			
3304	Beauty or make-up preparations	2358.5	3222.0	2399.7	197.6	US\$/kg	553
8517	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	632.9	2353.1	1484.3			764
7113	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	725.7	1737.0	1616.5	52.6 48.4	thsd US\$/kg	897
4202	Trunks, suit-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases	625.3	1409.9	1326.2			831
9101	Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, precious metal	448.2	950.1	763.2			885
2716	Electrical energy	432.1	498.8	469.3	43.0 69.6207.2	US\$/MWh	351
	Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, of base metal	193.2	542.5	450.6			885
3303	Perfumes and toilet waters	282.2	483.2	359.9	358.6 414.1 434.4	US\$/kg	553
9999	Commodities not specified according to kind	651.1	296.1	132.7			931
2208	Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	232.9	365.9	478.6	78.8 93.4	US\$/litre	112

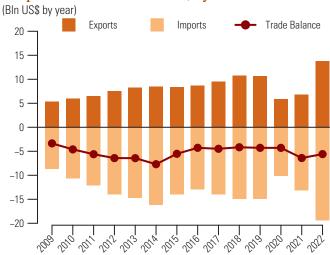
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Colombia increased substantially by 33.3 percent to reach 41.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 40.5 percent to reach 61.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 19.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -12.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Colombia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Colombia increased substantially by 104.0 percent, reaching 13.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 47.3 percent and reached 19.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 5.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 46.3, 16.6 and 9.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and Panama, accounting for respectively 29.8, 9.8 and 5.5 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.4 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 2.0 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Other business (34.7 %)

Remaining (9.0 %)

Telecom, comp & info (9.1 %)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Valu	e (million US	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	39489.4	31 055.8	41390.0					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	12979.9	7130.1	11200.5	0.4	0.2	0.4	US\$/kg	333
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	4884.0	3542.7	4380.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	321
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	2363.2	2522.9	3188.8	3.1	3.6	4.6	US\$/kg	071
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	1746.8	2902.0	3132.4	33.5	42.1	39.4	thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	2912.3	1549.9	2143.6	0.5	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	334
0603 Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets	1474.8	1410.7	1727.2	5.7	5.7	5.8	US\$/kg	292
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	934.3	990.3	1017.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	057
2704 Coke and semi-coke of coal, of lignite or of peat	784.3	623.2	1271.7	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	325
7202 Ferro-alloys	545.1	435.6	528.9	3.9	3.5	4.9	US\$/kg	671
3902 Polymers of propylene or of other olefins, in primary forms		362.1	559.6	1.3	1.1	2.0	US\$/kg	575

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili illillion 034, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	wth rates	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share						
Total	41 390.0	0 2.3 33.3		100.0					
0+1	6856.2	6.4	18.6	16.6					
2+4	3166.2	7.4	30.6	7.6					
3	19165.0	-1.6	48.5	46.3					
5	3784.0	5.5	32.0	9.1					
6	2585.7	4.9	32.8	6.2					
7	1 401.0	-2.1	13.9	3.4					
8	1 280.4	4.2	30.3	3.1					
9	3151.4	15.3	8.0	7.6					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

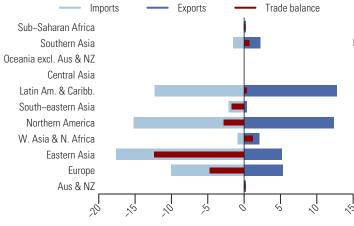
( value III	Ji Goirtago j			
		2021		
SITC	2021	21   2017-2021   2020-2021		
Total	61 098.6	1098.6 7.3 40.5		100.0
0+1	7356.2	10.2	27.3	12.0
2+4	1854.5	7.3	39.3	3.0
3	3766.2	0.3	71.2	6.2
5	14250.3	11.2	48.8	23.3
6	9649.2	9.0	56.9	15.8
7	18960.0	5.4	30.8	31.0
8	4626.5	3.6	30.9	7.6
9	635.6	11.2	52.3	1.0

## SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

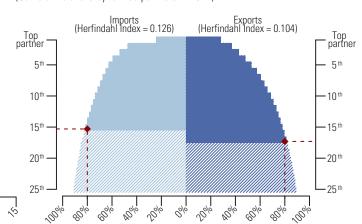
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



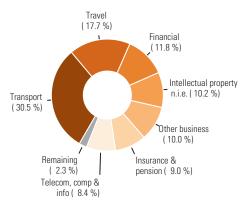
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 31.0, 23.3 and 15.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 24.3, 23.0 and 6.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 4.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 2.3 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

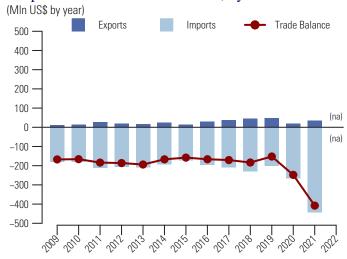
110	1	1.1.1	/ '''' 110	2.4.1					OUTO
HS		Valu	ıe (million US	5\$)		Un	t valı	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020 20	21	Unit	code
1	All Commodities	52695.9	43 487.5	61 098.6					
	Petroleum oils, other than crude	4185.8	1997.4	3515.4	0.6			US\$/kg	334
8517 l	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	2546.0	2227.1	2723.6					764
8703 l	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	2 4 4 5 . 4	1531.2	2343.8	12.9	<i>20.8</i> 1	3.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 [	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1595.9	1533.8	1831.8	23.6	2	4.0	US\$/kg	542
1005 l	Maize (corn)	1190.5	1221.5	1775.6	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	044
8471 /	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	1142.5	1196.5	1495.9	95.1	11	1.5	US\$/unit	752
3002 l	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	862.7	775.5	1810.2	51.5	61.113	3.0	US\$/kg	541
8802 (	Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	1116.1	511.5	1159.9			3.4	mIn US\$/unit	792
8704 l	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	804.1	519.3	865.5	21.0	1	3.7	thsd US\$/unit	782
8528 l	Reception apparatus for television	692.4	582.1	622.3	94.1	11	1.3	US\$/unit	761

Goods Imports: CIF, by consignment

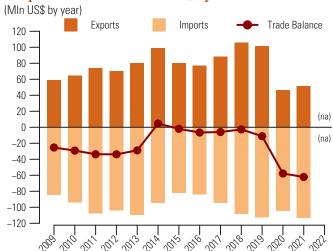
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Comoros increased substantially by 76.8 percent to reach 35.0 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 65.4 percent to reach 442.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 407.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -212.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Comoros were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Comoros increased substantially by 10.2 percent, reaching 51.5 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 8.7 percent and reached 113.6 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 62.1 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 53.0, 18.4 and 17.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems)" (HS code 0907) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, India and Germany, accounting for respectively 33.5, 21.7 and 8.7 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 20.0 mln US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 5.7 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 3.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

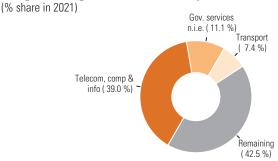


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

110	* *		/ '''' 110	ф1					OUTO
HS		Valu	ıe (million US	(\$)		l	Jnit va	ılue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All	Commodities	49.0	19.8	35.0					
	ves (whole fruit, cloves and stems)	14.2	8.2	13.8	4.0	4.2	4.9	US\$/kg	075
3301 Ess	ential oils (terpeneless or not), including concretes	12.3	4.7	6.4	224.7	163.4	155.5	US\$/kg	551
0905 Van	illa	7.0	4.5	4.7	373.9	241.7	121.6	US\$/kg	075
	uum flasks and other vacuum vessels, complete with cases	9.9	0.9	0.3	7.3	0.6	8.0	US\$/kg	899
8903 Yac	hts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes		0.0	3.0					793
8407 Spa	ark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines		0.0	2.3		5.1	3.9	thsd US\$/unit	713
7602 Alu	minium; waste and scrap	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.1	0.2		US\$/kg	288
8511 Elec	ctrical ignition or starting equipment	1.8		0.0			1.4	US\$/kg	778
7311 Cor	ntainers for compressed or liquefied gas, of iron or steel	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	692
7209 Flat	rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	673

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00¢, growth and shares in percentage)											
		Avg. Grov		2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share								
Total	35.0	-2.3	76.8	100.0							
0+1	18.5	-11.7	43.2	53.0							
2+4	2.3	169.0	1487.9	6.6							
3	0.0	51.6	>	0.1							
5	6.4	11.9	36.6	18.4							
6	1.1	69.2	310.9	3.0							
7	6.0	19.7	804.3	17.3							
8	0.6	-0.8	-43.8	1.7							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(varao in ministri coop, growth and charco in percentage)										
		2021								
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share							
Total	442.9	442.9 20.6 65.4		100.0						
0+1	118.4	10.4	4.4	26.7						
2+4	7.3	1.2	-4.9	1.6						
3	148.7	75.5	520.0	33.6						
5	12.7	11.8	28.6	2.9						
6	59.7	8.1	11.0	13.5						
7	72.7	15.0	63.9	16.4						
8	19.5	9.7	62.7	4.4						
9	4.0	840.0	46.2	0.9						

## SITC Legend

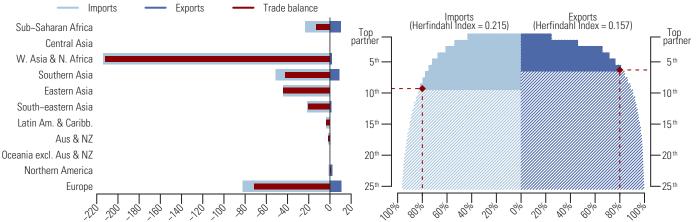
	SITC	
l	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

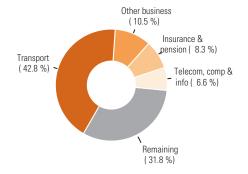
(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 33.6, 26.7 and 16.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, France and Pakistan, accounting for respectively 31.5, 13.1 and 10.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 48.6 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 12.0 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 9.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

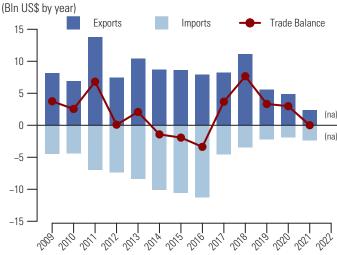
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

THS	Value (million US\$)				Unit value			
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020		Unit	SITC
All Commodities	201.2	267.7	442.9					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	9.4	23.1	148.0	1.0	1.3	0.8	US\$/kg	334
1006 Rice		29.4	34.1	0.4	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	042
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05		31.7	30.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	US\$/kg	012
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement		24.0	25.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	16.8	22.6	25.0	13.6	13.2	14.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel	9.3	12.7	10.4	0.7	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg	676
1101 Wheat or meslin flour	. 7.6	7.7	6.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	046
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	4.7	5.3	4.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	061
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar	4.0	5.3	4.8	2.2	2.1	2.1	US\$/kg	022
2202 Waters with added sugar	4.2	3.9	4.7					111

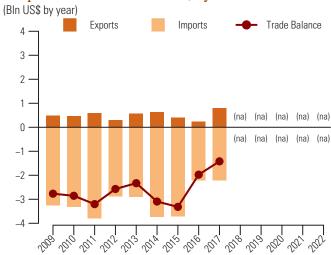
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of the Congo decreased substantially by 51.7 percent to reach 2.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 23.2 percent to reach 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 10.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -682.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Congo were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2017, the value of exports of services of the Congo increased substantially by 232.0 percent, reaching 799.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.2 percent and reached 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 55.1, 22.9 and 14.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, India and Spain, accounting for respectively 58.7, 7.2 and 4.5 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2017 at 552.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 121.6 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 54.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2017)

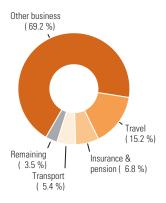


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1									
HS		Valu	ue (million US	\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digi	theading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities		5575.9	4893.1	2362.2					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtai	ned from bituminous minerals; crude	4409.5	3 4 4 8 . 7	1072.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	333
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dre	dgers, floating cranes and other vessels	128.7	505.4	170.1					793
2710 Petroleum oils, other than cr	ude	243.1	173.1	216.6	0.5	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	334
4403 Wood in the rough, whether	or not stripped of bark or sapwood	192.0	180.6	168.4		369.5	331.6	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	247
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats	s, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	153.0	163.6	147.0					793
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengt	hwise, sliced or peeled	123.1	137.5	163.5		1.0	0.5	thsd US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
7403 Refined copper and copper a	lloys, unwrought	83.8	39.5	76.8	5.8	5.1	6.7	US\$/kg	682
8703 Motor cars and other motor	vehicles principally designed for the transport	0.9	0.6	110.8		24.4	28.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
2711 Petroleum gases and other g	aseous hydrocarbons	27.8	53.5	12.7	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	343
	elicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	13.9	24.3	19.7		5.9		mIn US\$/unit	792

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Taras III IIII SS\$, great III and shares III persontage,										
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
Total	2362.2	-26.9	-51.7	100.0						
0+1	19.2	-7.4	9.6	0.8						
2+4	337.3	9.0 4.2		14.3						
3	1301.4	-22.9	-64.6	55.1						
5	3.3	-18.4	8.7	0.1						
6	144.6	-18.6	84.5	6.1						
7	539.9	-39.1	-30.5	22.9						
8	14.1	-25.3	-4.0	0.6						
9	2.5	41.7	-32.3	0.1						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

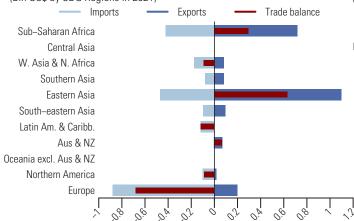
(value in mineri eeq, greviar and endree in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
Total	2351.5	-15.3	23.2	100.0						
0+1	685.7	5.7 4.1 29.7		29.2						
2+4	104.8	4.0	-4.1	4.5						
3	100.2	-10.5	44.6	4.3						
5	386.9	14.9	66.1	16.5						
6	229.5	-22.1	12.7	9.8						
7	659.1	-29.9	-1.5	28.0						
8	180.2	3.5	94.8	7.7						
9	5.2	370.2	82.7	0.2						

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

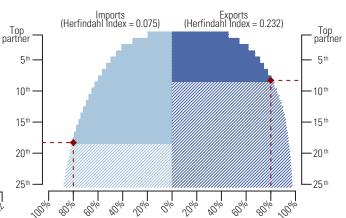
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

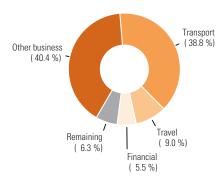


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2017)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 29.2, 28.0 and 16.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges" (HS code 8901) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, France and Belgium, accounting for respectively 16.5, 13.9 and 9.0 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2017 at 896.4 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 861.6 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 200.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

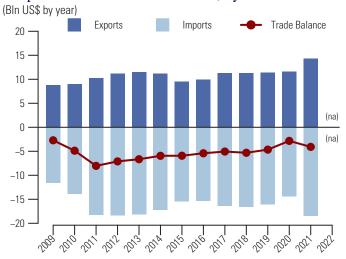
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valı	ue (million US	(2:			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020		Unit	code
All Commodities	2242.4	1908.3	2351.5					
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	344.3	130.8	94.6					793
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	110.4	119.6	162.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg	012
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels	25.6	84.7	118.7					793
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	75.4	54.7	91.2	0.7	0.9	1.4	US\$/kg	334
1001 Wheat and meslin	56.9	54.6	95.3	0.3		0.4	US\$/kg	041
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	64.5	64.3	74.4					542
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	44.4	58.8	56.6	0.7	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	422
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	37.5	41.1	52.1					034
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	30.9	32.1	67.7		24.0	26.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
3402 Organic surface-active agents (other than soap)	37.3	35.8	56.9	4.8	5.0	5.8	US\$/kg	554

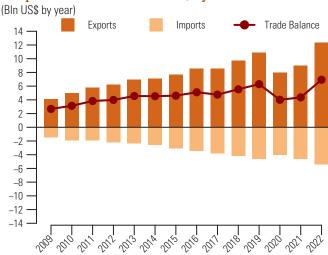
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Costa Rica increased substantially by 23.4 percent to reach 14.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 27.5 percent to reach 18.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 4.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Costa Rica were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Costa Rica increased substantially by 37.7 percent, reaching 12.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 17.9 percent and reached 5.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 6.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 37.0, 34.4 and 9.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary" (HS code 9018) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the Netherlands and Belgium, accounting for respectively 43.2, 7.1 and 5.5 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 4.8 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.7 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

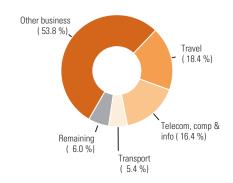


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

THS	Vali	ue (million US	(2)		-	Unit val	IIE.	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019			Unit	code
All Commodities	11 452.0	11622.8	14345.4					
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	2768.6	3092.3	4096.6					872
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	. 999.7	1083.0	1075.2	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	057
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried	. 987.3	927.6	1049.6	0.4	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	057
9021 Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses	. 680.0	601.9	851.2					899
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	. 471.0	487.3	652.5	18.5	17.2	21.0	US\$/kg	098
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	279.4	329.0	332.0	4.4	4.7	4.8	US\$/kg	071
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	167.1	149.5	248.9	9.5	9.0	12.5	US\$/kg	773
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber	. 197.2	152.7	200.4	69.1	64.6		US\$/unit	625
2009 Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices	. 149.7	169.8	207.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	US\$/kg	059
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	. 147.1	162.6	175.0	615.5	579.1		US\$/kg	541

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05¢, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021   2020-2021		share					
Total	14345.4	6.2	23.4	100.0					
0+1	4937.3	1.2	11.3	34.4					
2+4	679.7	9.0	55.4	4.7					
3	3.1	-8.4	65.2	0.0					
5	950.6	2.1	5.7	6.6					
6	1399.2	4.7	39.4	9.8					
7	1028.2	9.9	31.0	7.2					
8	5312.9	12.5	31.6	37.0					
9	34.2	1.3	60.8	0.2					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

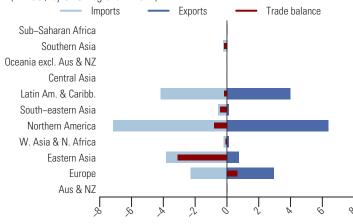
(Value in million 664, growth and charge in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
Total	18428.1	3.0	27.5	100.0						
0+1	2157.1	2.4	13.3	11.7						
2+4	542.9	2.2	24.9	2.9						
3	1674.2	2.9	83.4	9.1						
5	3523.9	4.6	22.2	19.1						
6	3533.8	6.6	41.0	19.2						
7	4362.6	-1.0	22.8	23.7						
8	2632.4	4.8	16.5	14.3						
9	1.2	16.6	11.4	0.0						

### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

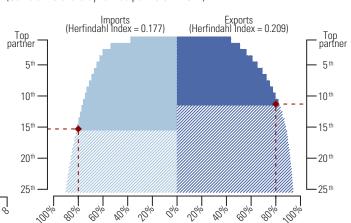
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

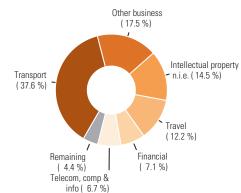


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 23.7, 19.2 and 19.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 37.9, 14.6 and 6.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 810.4 mln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 669.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

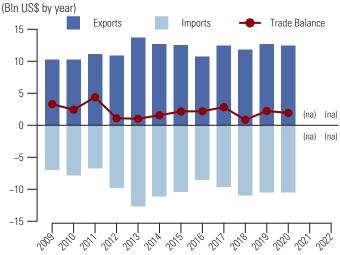
HS		Valu	ıe (million US	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
Δ	II Commodities	16106.3	14456.1	18428.1					
2710 P	etroleum oils, other than crude	1561.7	841.1	1529.8	0.6	0.4	0.7	US\$/kg	334
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	582.7	582.0	632.0	44.5	42.9	44.0	US\$/kg	542
8703 N	Notor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	543.9	363.3	514.2	20.9	21.8	23.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 E	lectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	459.6	420.9	453.3					764
9018 Ir	nstruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	377.7	378.9	475.1					872
8471 A	automatic data processing machines and units thereof	278.2	334.2	356.2					752
4805 C	other uncoated paper and paperboard, in rolls or sheets	250.5	224.5	312.0	0.8	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	641
1005 N	Maize (corn)	192.7	194.1	314.7	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	044
3926 C	ther articles of plastics	222.7	233.6	231.0	10.7	13.9	12.8	US\$/kg	893
	rticles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	234.6	195.2	222.4	4.0	3.5	3.8	US\$/kg	893

Trade System: Special

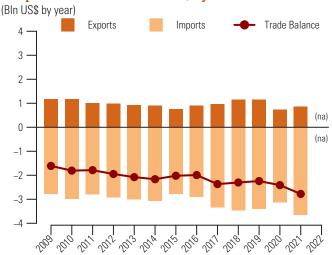
## Overview:

In 2020, the value of merchandise exports of Côte d'Ivoire decreased slightly by 2.1 percent to reach 12.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 0.4 percent to reach 10.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Côte d'Ivoire were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Côte d'Ivoire increased substantially by 19.0 percent, reaching 870.8 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 16.1 percent and reached 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 2.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2020, representing respectively 54.3, 14.8 and 11.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2018 to 2020, the largest export commodity was "Cocoa beans; whole or broken, raw or roasted" (HS code 1801) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Netherlands, the United States and Viet Nam, accounting for respectively 10.7, 7.3 and 6.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 341.5 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 221.5 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 135.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

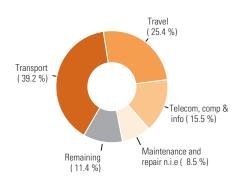


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2018 to 2020

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All Commodities	11820.9	12717.9	12454.0					
1801 Cocoa beans; whole or broken, raw or roasted	3 2 5 3 . 1	3575.8	3628.6	2.1	2.2		US\$/kg	072
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	801.9	1077.5	1465.3	33.3	33.4	37.9	thsd US\$/kg	971
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried	1167.4	807.9	924.5	1.7	1.2	1.2	US\$/kg	057
4001 Natural rubber, balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle	755.3	906.4	1039.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	US\$/kg	231
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	941.0	1077.1	656.7	0.6	0.6	0.4	US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	708.4	901.9	446.2	0.5	0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	333
1803 Cocoa paste, whether or not defatted	562.2	623.0	710.5	2.9	2.8	3.2	US\$/kg	072
1804 Cocoa; butter, fat and oil	394.7	373.6	399.2	4.5	4.5	4.8	US\$/kg	072
5201 Cotton; not carded or combed	286.7	361.7	286.9	1.7	1.7	1.5	US\$/kg	263
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	189.3	201.6	213.8	8.0	0.7	0.9	US\$/kg	422

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIII ουφ, growth and shares in percentage)									
	Avg. Grov	2020							
2020	2016-2020	share							
12454.0	54.0 3.7 -2.1		100.0						
6760.4	60.4 2.6 4.7		54.3						
1846.6	14.6	3.7	14.8						
1279.9	-0.8	-40.1	10.3						
500.2	3.7	9.3	4.0						
312.5	-2.4	13.9	2.5						
139.9	-22.2	-59.1	1.1						
149.2	-17.0	-21.1	1.2						
1 465.3	15.8	36.0	11.8						
	2020 12 454.0 6760.4 1 846.6 1 279.9 500.2 312.5 139.9 149.2	Avg. Grov   2020   2016-2020     2016-2020     2016-2020	Avg. Growth rates   2020   2016-2020   2019-2020   12454.0   3.7   -2.1   6760.4   2.6   4.7   1846.6   14.6   3.7   1279.9   -0.8   -40.1   500.2   3.7   9.3   312.5   -2.4   13.9   139.9   -22.2   -59.1   149.2   -17.0   -21.1						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

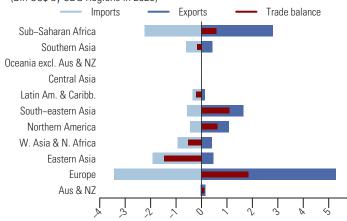
(value in minion 654, growth and charge in percentage									
		Avg. Grov	2020						
SITC	2020	2016-2020	2019-2020	share					
Total	10527.0	5.2	0.4	100.0					
0+1	2217.4	5.3	2.0	21.1					
2+4	188.8	7.7	-5.9	1.8					
3	2040.6	12.9	-7.7	19.4					
5	1724.5	4.7	4.2	16.4					
6	1 480.9	6.5	0.7	14.1					
7	2392.3	0.7	2.6	22.7					
8	482.5	0.7	9.7	4.6					
9	0.0	212.6	246.8	0.0					

### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
T-4-1	
iotai	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

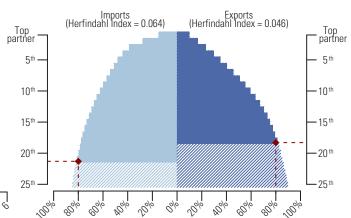
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2020)

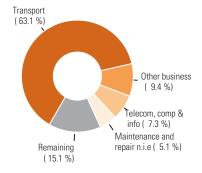


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2020)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2020, representing respectively 22.7, 21.1 and 19.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2018 to 2020, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Nigeria and France, accounting for respectively 15.7, 12.9 and 10.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 343.9 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 267.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2018 to 2020

				± 1					10.00
HS		Valu	<u>e (million US</u>	\$)			<u>Unit va</u>	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	10969.6	10482.6	10527.0					
2709 F	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	1544.9	1 485.6	1436.7	0.5	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg	333
1006 F	lice	691.8	604.4	550.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	042
	ish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	526.6	520.6	572.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	US\$/kg	034
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	615.3	520.3	394.9	0.7	0.7	0.5	US\$/kg	334
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	325.5	345.1	351.5	22.9	22.4	21.6	US\$/kg	542
8703 N	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	302.5	239.0	259.5	22.0		23.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
2711 F	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	205.1	186.1	184.9	0.7	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	343
3808 I	nsecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides	185.4	183.7	200.8	3.3	3.5	3.2	US\$/kg	591
1001 \	Vheat and meslin	177.3	183.3	200.9	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
	Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	171.6	169.5	178.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	US\$/kg	661

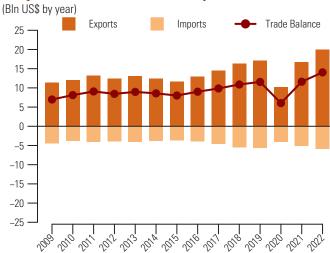
### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Croatia increased substantially by 15.6 percent to reach 25.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 29.8 percent to reach 43.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 18.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -11.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Croatia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Croatia increased substantially by 19.3 percent, reaching 20.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 15.5 percent and reached 6.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 14.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 19.8, 19.4 and 16.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were ltaly, Germany and Slovenia, accounting for respectively 12.6, 12.0 and 10.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 11.0 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.8 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

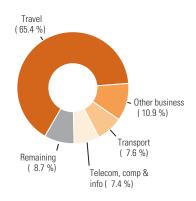


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	16991.3	21827.9	25224.1					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	610.8	1027.1	1576.1	0.4	0.6	1.1	US\$/kg	334
2716 Electrical energy	221.1	509.8	1 484.7	45.2	116.63	8.608	US\$/MWh	351
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	647.0	774.2	692.7	47.1	111.21	02.1	US\$/kg	542
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	635.3	905.1	391.3	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	54.7	112.9	1 405.9	0.3	0.7	1.9	US\$/kg	343
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	390.3	504.9	580.2	332.3	404.84	135.4	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters	393.3	438.8	502.9					771
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	504.4	372.1	357.9	0.9	1.1	0.1	thsd US\$/kg	541
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable		423.8	476.0	4.7	6.4	6.6	US\$/kg	773
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	288.6	318.1	322.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	US\$/kg	784

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

Avg. Growth rates 202						
		2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	25224.1	10.0	15.6	100.0		
0+1	3 2 5 5 . 9	10.7	11.5	12.9		
2+4	1991.2	10.9	11.0	7.9		
3	4904.7	28.2	89.2	19.4		
5	2693.9	5.4	-1.4	10.7		
6	4110.2	8.6	7.7	16.3		
7	5006.1	5.5	1.2	19.8		
8	3 0 6 6 . 7	4.1	5.6	12.2		
9	195.5	14.6	59.5	0.8		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

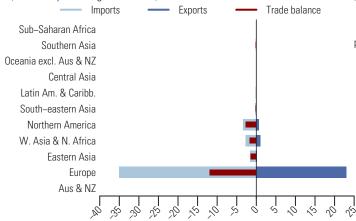
(Talas in Final Sep, great and shares in personnag							
		2022					
SITC	2022	22 2018-2022 2021-2022					
Total	43796.0	11.7	29.8	100.0			
0+1	4673.8	8.8	14.1	10.7			
2+4	1 084.1	14.6	24.3	2.5			
3	11 201.1	11 201.1 31.0 144.3		25.6			
5	5431.6	8.6	5.5	12.4			
6	6853.4	6853.4 8.6 11.6 9442.9 6.0 13.1		15.6			
7	9442.9			21.6			
8	4859.4	4.9	8.8	11.1			
9	249.5	80.3	225.5	0.6			

### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

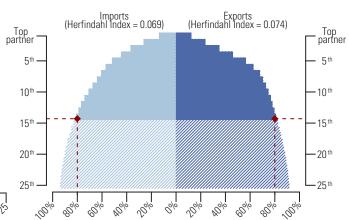
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



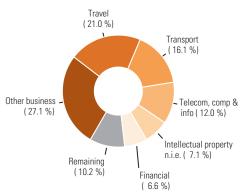
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 25.6, 21.6 and 15.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Italy and Slovenia, accounting for respectively 13.9, 13.0 and 11.0 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.4 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.1 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 830.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

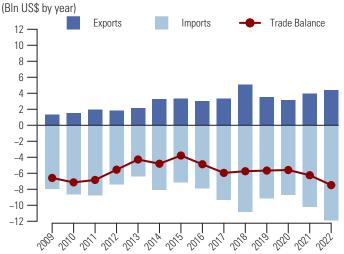
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)		Į	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	26096.0	33735.3	43796.0					
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	294.0	1140.0	4116.5	0.2	0.7	2.0	US\$/kg	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	691.9	1256.6	3003.8	0.5	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	976.6	1335.8	1463.5	14.1	16.8	15.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
2716 Electrical energy	439.8	886.4	2246.5	47.2	87.82	224.5	US\$/MWh	351
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)		1069.2	1034.1		79.0	69.0	US\$/kg	542
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	586.5	939.9	1292.7	0.3			US\$/kg	333
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	789.7	660.1	650.2	1.8	1.0	1.1	thsd US\$/kg	541
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	491.3	567.4	567.0					764
7601 Unwrought aluminium	278.2	424.2	461.4	1.9		3.3	US\$/kg	684
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	309.0	346.3	350.6	137.2	147.6	157.2	US\$/unit	752

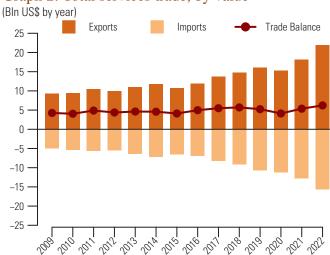
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Cyprus increased substantially by 10.6 percent to reach 4.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.2 percent to reach 11.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 7.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -6.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Cyprus were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of Cyprus increased substantially by 20.1 percent, reaching 21.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 22.0 percent and reached 15.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 6.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 40.2, 20.2 and 14.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges" (HS code 8901) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Bunkers, ship stores, Greece and Lebanon, accounting for respectively 8.8, 7.7 and 6.7 percent of total exports. "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 6.5 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 3.9 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 3.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

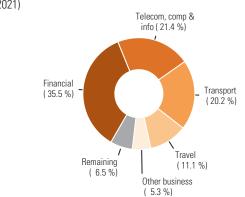


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	3137.1	3989.8	4411.3					
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	734.4	922.0	1317.1	7.5	9.5	13.7	mIn US\$/unit	793
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	467.7	700.2	891.4	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	426.2	412.4	391.0		62.7	52.7	US\$/kg	542
0406 Cheese and curd	307.1	314.1	304.2	7.5	7.7	7.0	US\$/kg	024
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	108.4	103.3	236.2					931
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes	47.6	295.7	55.9	0.3	1.2	0.2	mIn US\$/unit	793
8533 Electrical resistors (including rheostats and potentiometers)	54.8	85.1	107.5	3.0	2.3	1.8	thsd US\$/kg	772
3302 Mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures	0.2	127.0	111.3	19.5	108.1	96.2	US\$/kg	551
8906 Other vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats	137.0	32.1	0.4	17.1	5.3	0.1	mIn US\$/unit	793
0701 Potatoes, fresh or chilled	41.9	49.8	44.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	054

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( value III	, in minion 60%, growth and shares in percentag						
			wth rates	2022			
SITC	2022	2 2018-2022 2021-2022					
Total	4411.3	-3.4	10.6	100.0			
0+1	560.4	1.8	-3.2	12.7			
2+4	140.3	11.0	8.1	3.2			
3	891.4	-3.8	27.3	20.2			
5	616.0	7.4	-6.8	14.0			
6	32.7	-36.5	-12.2	0.7			
7	1773.6	-6.9	9.6	40.2			
8	134.7	-0.5	-4.6	3.1			
9	262.2	1.0	111.9	5.9			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

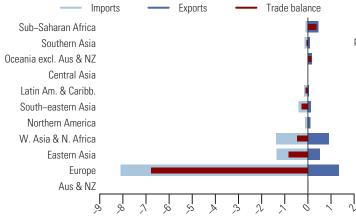
		Avg. Growth rates			
SITC	2022	2022   2018-2022   2021-2022			
Total	11888.7	2.4	16.2	100.0	
0+1	1703.1	5.7	12.8	14.3	
2+4	151.3	11.9	9.0	1.3	
3	2765.7	5.6	48.8	23.3	
5	1246.3	8.8	5.9	10.5	
6	1 208.7	6.0	15.8	10.2	
7	3447.3	-4.4	7.0	29.0	
8	1 280.8	5.6	9.1	10.8	
9	85.5	-7.5	-19.5	0.7	

## SITC Legend

	SITC	<b>.</b>
l	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

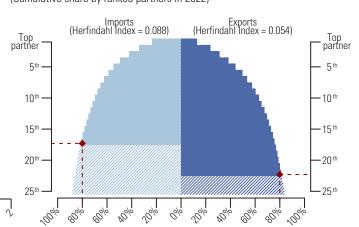
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



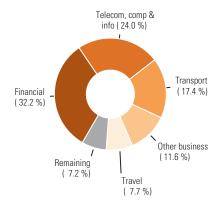
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 29.0, 23.3 and 14.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Greece, Italy and China, accounting for respectively 23.1, 9.8 and 6.4 percent of total imports. "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 4.1 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 3.1 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

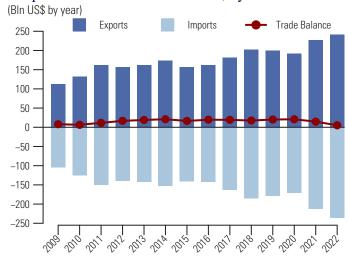
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
Al	I Commodities	8728.6	10231.1	11888.7					
2710 Pe	etroleum oils, other than crude	1007.3	1 481.5	2257.3	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
8901 Cr	ruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	567.6	710.1	917.4	9.6	9.3	15.5	mIn US\$/unit	793
8703 M	otor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	521.3	446.1	491.8		17.5		thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 M	edicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	326.7	341.4	365.4	58.8	60.7	60.9	US\$/kg	542
8903 Ya	achts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes	673.1	231.9	69.6	1.1	0.4	0.2	mIn US\$/unit	793
2707 Oi	Is and other products of high temperature coal tar	167.0	303.6	406.9	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	335
8517 El	ectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	178.9	214.3	196.6					764
8802 Ot	ther aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	106.9	318.5	120.1	13.4	17.7	0.1	mIn US\$/unit	792
8906 Ot	ther vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats	49.6	77.9	338.2	2.6	0.8	5.7	mIn US\$/unit	793
7214 Ot	ther bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel	102.1	153.0	160.9	0.5	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg	676

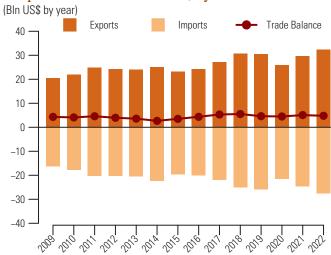
### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Czechia increased moderately by 6.1 percent to reach 241.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 11.0 percent to reach 235.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 5.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 62.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Czechia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Czechia increased moderately by 9.0 percent, reaching 32.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 12.0 percent and reached 27.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 4.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 55.6, 14.3 and 11.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Slovakia and Poland, accounting for respectively 32.6, 8.0 and 6.7 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 7.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 7.2 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 6.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Other business (24.1 %)

Telecom, comp & info (20.8 %)

Transport (25.6 %)

Travel (10.4 %)

Remaining

(11.6%)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit va	SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020   2021   2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	192307.4	227 168.4	241 132.4			
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	20687.7	23 431.7	25274.8	<i>18.1</i> 21.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	14380.4	14993.7	14249.8	267.6 311.7 337.5	US\$/unit	752
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	13187.1	14704.9	14409.3	7.9 8.4 8.0	US\$/kg	784
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	11896.4	11373.4	15991.9			764
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	3079.0	3964.0	4075.0	12.7 14.7 14.0	US\$/kg	773
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits	2890.0	3797.3	3903.0	39.7 44.8 47.3	US\$/kg	772
9503 Tricycles, scooters, wheeled toys; dolls'carriages; dolls; other toys	2901.7	3385.9	3206.5	20.3 21.6 21.8	US\$/kg	894
2716 Electrical energy	899.3	2757.1	5084.5	45.4 123.1 252.2	US\$/MWh	351
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02)	2731.2	2934.7	2874.2			821
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	2371.0	2662.8	2599.8	102.7 121.1 122.6	US\$/kg	542

Manufacturing

(7.5%)

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(varies in personal age)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	241 132.4	4.5	6.1	100.0					
0+1	10352.8	7.6	11.2	4.3					
2+4	6578.9	8.6	0.4	2.7					
3	8555.8	21.6	69.5	3.5					
5	17 445.0	8.8	4.0	7.2					
6	34383.6	3.3	2.2	14.3					
7	134016.0	3.2	5.5	55.6					
8	28638.4	3.7	3.9	11.9					
9	1161.9	17.2	-3.6	0.5					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

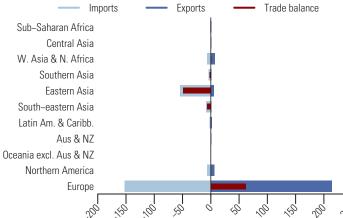
(value in initial electric and endine in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	235918.6	6.3	11.0	100.0				
0+1	11 921.2	6.0	8.4	5.1				
2+4	5450.6	7.8	5.4	2.3				
3	22 109.8	18.5	82.9	9.4				
5	27 278.8	7.7	4.4	11.6				
6	35894.3	4.3	5.9	15.2				
7	106879.1	5.1	8.0	45.3				
8	25241.1	4.2	4.6	10.7				
9	1143.7	23.8	0.2	0.5				

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

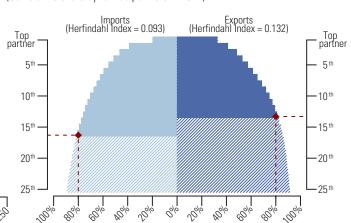
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



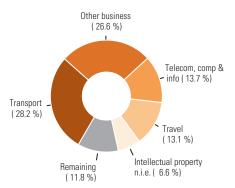
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 45.3, 15.2 and 11.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy" (HS code 8517) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and Poland, accounting for respectively 21.5, 17.8 and 8.0 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 7.0 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 6.5 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 3.4 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

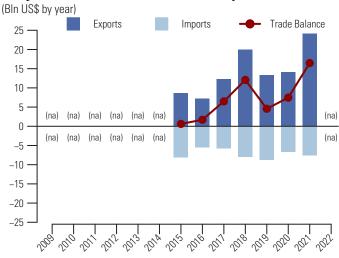
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	171 440.2	212 480.6	235 918.6					
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	11897.2	10647.4	16193.6					764
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	9662.9	10868.6	11082.7	7.2	7.7	7.7	US\$/kg	784
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	9544.6	11122.7	10463.3	147.8	171.6	185.6	US\$/unit	752
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	1143.3	3632.4	9871.7	0.2	0.6	1.5	US\$/kg	343
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	4538.7	4857.3	4887.7	94.7		107.1	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	3778.8	4954.5	5159.9	19.3	21.8	21.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	3736.0	3619.0	3589.9					776
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72	3800.3	4016.8	3069.5	9.3	15.7	14.9	US\$/kg	759
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	2147.2	3592.9	4923.0					333
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	2725.2	3512.7	3670.4	11.3	14.9		US\$/kg	773

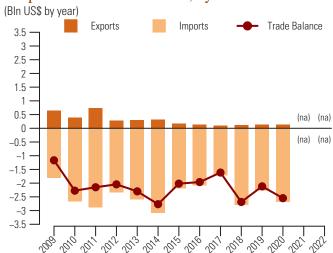
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Democratic Republic of the Congo increased substantially by 70.8 percent to reach 24.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.9 percent to reach 7.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 16.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 10.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Democratic Republic of the Congo were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2020, the value of exports of services of Democratic Republic of the Congo increased slightly by 1.2 percent, reaching 143.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 19.1 percent and reached 2.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 2.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 65.7, 23.7 and 9.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought" (HS code 7403) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, South Africa and the United Republic of Tanzania, accounting for respectively 40.3, 13.2 and 10.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 80.8 mln US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 28.4 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 23.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)

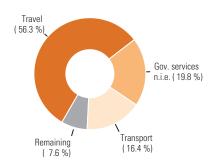


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	13382.3	14122.1	24124.7					
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	. 7336.1	8673.4	14190.4	6.1		9.3	US\$/kg	682
2822 Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides	3921.6	3144.0	5713.2	8.7	9.1	13.9	US\$/kg	522
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	. 1114.5	812.7	1580.4	1.6	1.6	3.0	US\$/kg	283
7402 Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining	99.8	500.8	1397.0	4.4	5.9	8.5	US\$/kg	682
2617 Other ores and concentrates	. 88.5	167.0	347.9	8.6	9.3	15.6	US\$/kg	287
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	. 156.2	113.5	153.0			10.9	US\$/carat	667
8105 Cobalt mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy	. 34.4	147.9	140.0	7.7	4.7	4.9	US\$/kg	689
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 148.4	8.88	74.6					334
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted	66.2	87.3	96.5	1.7	1.8	1.9	US\$/kg	072
4403 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood	42.9	49.5	56.1	6.3			US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	247

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Tanas in Finner, 254), graffan ana shares in persentage,									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	24124.7	18.4	70.8	100.0					
0+1	150.3	20.6	26.5	0.6					
2+4	2274.5	9.6	75.5	9.4					
3	74.6	-30.8	8.4	0.3					
5	5715.8	3.8	81.6	23.7					
6	15845.5	31.2	68.4	65.7					
7	53.4	6.8	-9.6	0.2					
8	7.8	-7.3	-61.2	0.0					
9	2.7		-22.4	0.0					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

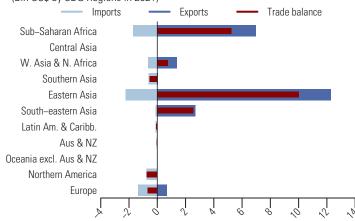
(value iii iiiiii ee ee, gierrai aha eharee iii pereentage,								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share					
Total	7657.8	7.2	14.9	100.0				
0+1	741.3	0.1	20.5	9.7				
2+4	717.2	16.1	48.3	9.4				
3	460.5	15.8	37.4	6.0				
5	1254.8	10.9	27.7	16.4				
6	1116.6	12.1	12.2	14.6				
7	2578.4	17.1	43.2	33.7				
8	775.8	-15.3	-46.5	10.1				
9	13.1	615.0	>	0.2				

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
T-4-1	
iotai	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

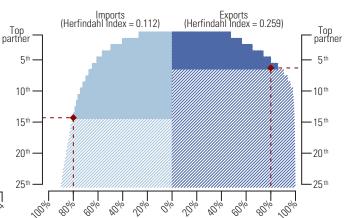
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

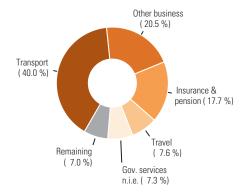


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 33.7, 16.4 and 14.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue" (HS code 4907) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and South Africa, accounting for respectively 25.1, 18.5 and 11.2 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 551.2 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 476.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

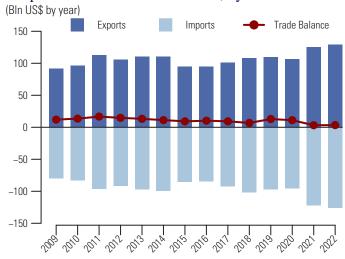
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

	* *								
HS		Valu	ie (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
А	Il Commodities	8824.8	6663.1	7657.8					
	Inused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue	1793.6	1192.0	428.3	1.9	1.2	0.8	thsd US\$/kg	892
2710 P	etroleum oils, other than crude	328.1	280.1	367.2					334
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	434.9	149.1	238.8	15.5	5.9		US\$/kg	542
2503 S	ulphur of all kinds	255.8	227.8	338.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	274
8474 N	Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding	206.7	138.6	180.6					728
2807 S	ulphuric acid; oleum	283.9	135.7	89.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg	522
	Notor vehicles for the transport of goods	160.2	135.1	213.2	16.4	15.0		thsd US\$/unit	782
	Vheat and meslin	132.2	96.6	184.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
8429 S	elf-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	139.3	84.8	186.3	154.7	100.6		thsd US\$/unit	723
	latural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)	107.6	108.0	153.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg	278

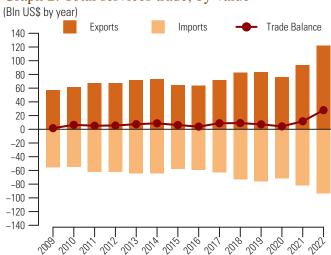
In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Denmark increased slightly by 3.3 percent to reach 129.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 3.2 percent to reach 125.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 3.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -16.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Denmark were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Denmark increased substantially by 30.5 percent, reaching 121.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 14.9 percent and reached 93.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 27.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin/consignment for intra eu



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 24.0, 23.7 and 16.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Special Categories, Germany and Sweden, accounting for respectively 19.1, 13.4 and 8.9 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 59.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 10.1 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 7.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

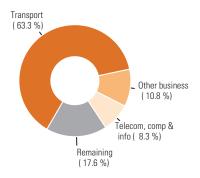


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	106871.2	125014.6	129111.8					
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	16559.0	15921.0	16029.1					542
0203 Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen	3124.4	3119.2	2755.8	2.8	2.6	2.5	US\$/kg	012
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	2138.4	3056.9	3 4 3 0 . 1	285.7	402.8	490.8	US\$/kg	541
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	1941.5	2388.3	3959.6					931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1391.1	2491.3	2550.1	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
8502 Electric generating sets and rotary converters	2157.5	1999.1	1525.5	287.5	219.5°	131.1	thsd US\$/unit	716
0406 Cheese and curd	1598.0	1756.8	1977.4	4.0	4.4	4.8	US\$/kg	024
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof	1529.5	1879.7	1743.5					821
2937 Hormones, prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes	1 405.0	1900.0	1834.2	19.2	9.4	8.4	thsd US\$/kg	541
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	1258.7	1704.1	1816.2			18.3	thsd US\$/unit	781

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00%, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2022	2018-2022   2021-2022		share			
Total	129111.8	4.4	3.3	100.0			
0+1	20634.8	2.5	0.0	16.0			
2+4	5198.1	2.5	-3.7	4.0			
3	7709.6	13.3	39.0	6.0			
5	30 984.8	7.8	2.0	24.0			
6	11 154.7	2.5	1.5	8.6			
7	30626.6	1.6	-2.5	23.7			
8	18875.0	4.0	2.8	14.6			
9	3928.1	12.4	70.1	3.0			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

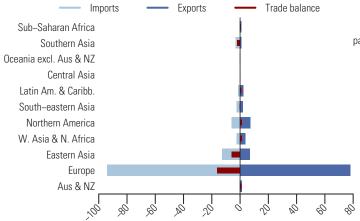
,								
		2022						
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
125682.5	5.4	3.2	100.0					
15191.3	4.6	7.1	12.1					
4820.6	4.3	2.2	3.8					
13 458.3	20.3	35.9	10.7					
16 099.8	6.8	-2.8	12.8					
17853.5	6.6	5.0	14.2					
37 000.8	1.5	-4.3	29.4					
20069.8	6.0	5.5	16.0					
1188.4	-6.2	-31.1	0.9					
	125 682.5 15 191.3 4 820.6 13 458.3 16 099.8 17 853.5 37 000.8 20 069.8	2022         2018-2022           125 682.5         5.4           15 191.3         4.6           4 820.6         4.3           13 458.3         20.3           16 099.8         6.8           17 853.5         6.6           37 000.8         1.5           20 069.8         6.0	125 682.5     5.4     3.2       15 191.3     4.6     7.1       4820.6     4.3     2.2       13 458.3     20.3     35.9       16 099.8     6.8     -2.8       17 853.5     6.6     5.0       37 000.8     1.5     -4.3       20 069.8     6.0     5.5					

### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

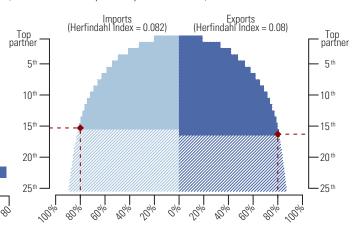
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

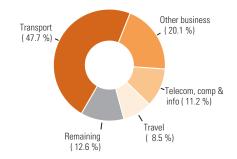


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 29.4, 16.0 and 14.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Sweden and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 20.8, 12.5 and 8.4 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 39.0 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 16.4 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 9.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	95778.4	121784.0	125682.5					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	4683.2	5710.0	5234.4	21.1	25.7	26.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	3742.9	4366.3	3864.5					542
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	1508.2	4315.2	3620.8	0.3	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	333
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	2694.3	2990.8	2744.5	237.2	221.5	218.6	US\$/unit	752
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	2453.8	2610.2	2496.2					764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1542.4	2108.2	3709.4	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
2716 Electrical energy	237.0	1588.7	3258.1	17.8	89.0	190.8	US\$/MWh	351
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	1082.0	1660.8	1474.5	123.5	184.8		US\$/kg	541
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	1385.9	1664.0	1115.5					931
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof	1014.7	1339.9	1279.6					821

Goods Imports: CIF/FOB, by origin

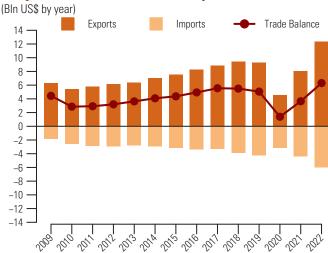
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Dominican Republic decreased substantially by 16.1 percent to reach 9.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.3 percent to reach 26.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 16.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -6.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Dominican Republic were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Dominican Republic increased substantially by 53.2 percent, reaching 12.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 36.9 percent and reached 6.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 6.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 28.7, 15.7 and 15.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Switzerland and Haiti, accounting for respectively 53.8, 10.1 and 8.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 5.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 936.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

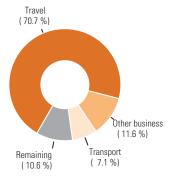


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

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HS	Vali	ue (million US	\$)			Unit va	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 9844.1	11725.0	9836.3					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)		1831.5	1377.8	14.2	15.8	15.1	thsd US\$/kg	971
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	. 993.2	1110.7	1379.3					872
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits	. 785.7	791.8	848.7	42.2	37.8	41.4	US\$/kg	772
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	794.6	1053.2	5.1	17.4	19.9	13.5	US\$/kg	122
7202 Ferro-alloys	. 335.5	440.5	536.4	5.4	6.0	9.2	US\$/kg	671
3006 Pharmaceutical goods specified in Note 4 to this Chapter		376.9	386.9	49.3	48.6	49.5	US\$/kg	541
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	235.6	340.6	406.5	0.9	0.9	1.1	US\$/unit	845
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	. 367.0	603.5		7.1	1.4		thsd US\$/kg	897
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	245.4	228.9		0.9	0.9		US\$/kg	057
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	. 125.1	166.2	170.1	4.1	4.5	5.3	US\$/kg	893

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)							
			Avg. Grov	2022			
	SITC	2022	2018-2022	share			
	Total	9836.3	-2.2	-16.1	100.0		
	0+1	1124.5	-17.2	-57.1	11.4		
	2+4	343.2	9.0	16.5	3.5		
	3	107.0	-33.5	19.6	1.1		
	5	954.1	0.0	6.1	9.7		
	6	1544.0	11.1	10.6	15.7		
	7	1511.6	5.5	-4.4	15.4		
	8	2818.2	-0.9	-4.4	28.7		
	9	1433.7	-0.6	-24.4	14.6		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

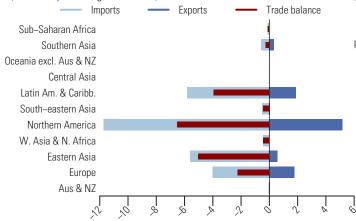
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		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share					
Total	26760.0	7.1	9.3	100.0				
0+1	4665.9	15.0	31.2	17.4				
2+4	1 086.4	15.6	18.9	4.1				
3	4364.6	0.6	2.6	16.3				
5	3 9 2 5 . 1	11.7	2.0	14.7				
6	6330.1	15.8	45.0	23.7				
7	6547.7	6.0	22.8	24.5				
8	2367.0	-1.4	-20.0	8.8				
9	340.7	84.2	99.4	1.3				

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

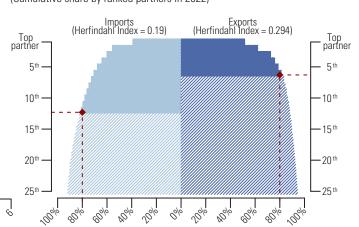
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

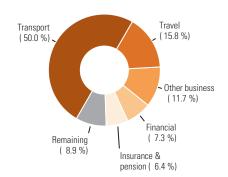


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 24.5, 23.7 and 17.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 44.5, 17.2 and 4.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 692.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 513.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

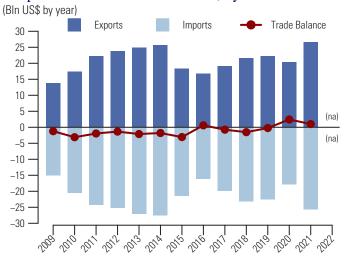
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HS	Valu	<u>le (million US</u>	- 1			<u>Jnit va</u>	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	17 100.6	24482.2	26760.0					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1332.3	2118.5	1139.0			0.8	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	794.0	1191.3	1340.6	418.9	552.0	585.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	581.3	1071.8	1490.2		0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	343
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	568.1	678.0	799.0	15.3	37.9	43.7	US\$/kg	542
3926 Other articles of plastics	491.0	628.9	667.4		12.9		US\$/kg	893
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	181.9	666.4	885.8		0.6	8.0	US\$/kg	333
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	207.7	487.4	579.6	0.5			US\$/kg	672
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse	359.3	371.2	521.8	11.9	11.2	12.2	US\$/kg	121
1005 Maize (corn)	260.4	428.7	481.7	0.2		0.4	US\$/kg	044
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	141.5	288.2	657.2					321

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

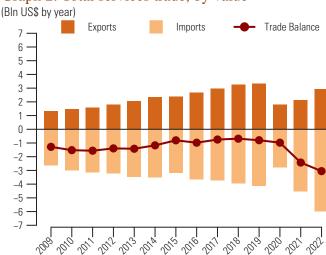
### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Ecuador increased substantially by 31.2 percent to reach 26.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 43.4 percent to reach 25.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Ecuador were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Ecuador increased substantially by 39.4 percent, reaching 2.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 32.2 percent and reached 6.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 3.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 47.5, 32.3 and 11.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and Panama, accounting for respectively 25.8, 14.8 and 12.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 626.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

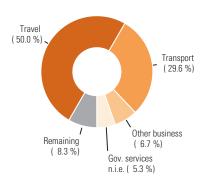


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

* *								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	22329.4	20355.4	26699.2					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	7731.2	4684.8	7278.2			0.4	US\$/kg	333
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not	3901.6	3834.8	5331.1	6.0	5.6	6.3	US\$/kg	036
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	. 3310.6	3682.4	3500.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	057
1604 Prepared or preserved fish; caviar	. 1187.3	1171.0	1262.5	4.1	3.8	4.0	US\$/kg	037
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 946.1	563.5	1319.8	0.4	0.2	0.4	US\$/kg	334
0603 Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets	. 879.8	827.1	927.3	5.6	5.4	5.5	US\$/kg	292
1801 Cocoa beans; whole or broken, raw or roasted	657.3	816.4	819.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	US\$/kg	072
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	. 31.6	306.1	920.1	1.4	1.5	2.1	US\$/kg	283
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	. 194.2	378.5	572.6	24.5	46.8	48.9	thsd US\$/kg	971
2616 Precious metal ores and concentrates	. 98.8	361.1	591.1	0.9	2.2	3.8	US\$/kg	289

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

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		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	26699.2	8.7	31.2	100.0					
0+1	12695.1	8.3	14.7	47.5					
2+4	3022.7	19.4	35.8	11.3					
3	8619.9	5.6	62.5	32.3					
5	269.8	8.1	45.0	1.0					
6	1 095.1	13.2	33.0	4.1					
7	195.5	-8.1	-8.1	0.7					
8	186.0	8.1	44.5	0.7					
9	615.1	36.6	53.0	2.3					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

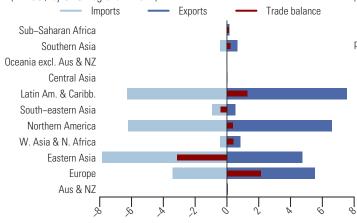
(value in mineri eeq, greviar and endree in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	25687.2	6.7	43.4	100.0					
0+1	2941.0	12.1	33.2	11.4					
2+4	677.8	8.4	76.3	2.6					
3	4850.3	9.5	74.9	18.9					
5	5216.4	8.7	42.0	20.3					
6	3444.6	5.7	52.8	13.4					
7	6626.6	2.3	30.3	25.8					
8	1617.4	2.8	32.5	6.3					
9	313.0	29.1	-2.5	1.2					

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

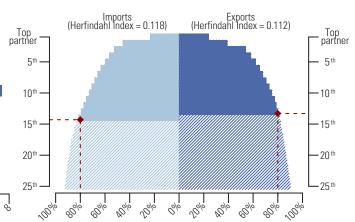
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

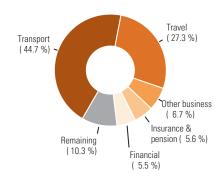


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 25.8, 20.3 and 18.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Colombia, accounting for respectively 21.9, 21.5 and 7.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 304.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

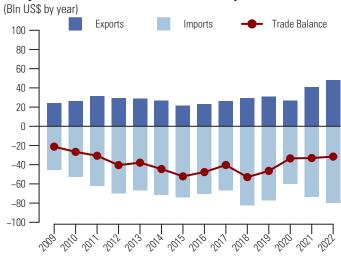
	_							
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 22564.3	17918.0	25687.2					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		1 461.1	2467.3	0.6	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
2707 Oils and other products of high temperature coal tar	1634.0	910.3	1582.3	0.7	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	335
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 1011.8	546.6	881.8	10.4	10.6	10.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)		738.8	851.0	16.4	17.9	19.4	US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	543.2	565.9	617.9					764
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues	442.3	476.5	730.5		0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	081
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	. 385.6	355.6	707.2	0.4		0.7	US\$/kg	343
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	. 442.4	311.0	491.6					782
1001 Wheat and meslin	. 315.5	325.2	499.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses		268.5	576.6	49.7	31.8	58.2	US\$/kg	541

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

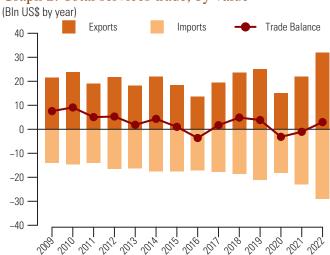
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Egypt increased substantially by 18.3 percent to reach 48.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.0 percent to reach 79.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 31.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -10.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Egypt were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 26 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Egypt increased substantially by 46.4 percent, reaching 32.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 26.7 percent and reached 29.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 3.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 37.3, 16.5 and 14.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Türkiye, Italy and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 7.0, 6.3 and 5.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 8.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 8.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

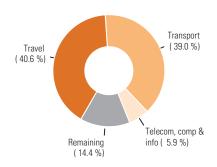


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ie (million US	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	 26815.1	40701.7	48 148.7					
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	497.5	4037.0	10316.1	0.3	0.5		US\$/kg	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	 2900.8	6030.9	4525.3	0.8			US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	 1197.8	2916.2	2963.1	0.3	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	333
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	 2924.5	1103.3	1608.2	54.6	56.3	57.9	thsd US\$/kg	971
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	 939.2	1152.1	1876.6	0.3	0.4	0.8	US\$/kg	562
8528 Reception apparatus for television	 714.5	1091.7	891.9					761
0805 Citrus fruit, fresh or dried	 802.4	855.0	815.3	0.8			US\$/kg	057
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	 507.2	762.8	984.9	18.7	20.0		US\$/kg	773
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	 327.8	1029.9	546.9	0.6	0.9	1.0	US\$/kg	673
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	 425.5	563.0	663.3					841

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 03\$, growth and shares in percentage)								
			Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	48148.7	13.0	18.3	100.0				
0+1	6152.9	8.5	16.9	12.8				
2+4	1 255.4	4.6	-18.0	2.6				
3	17 972.7	25.5	36.5	37.3				
5	7 935.2	9.7	26.3	16.5				
6	6866.3	5.3	-7.8	14.3				
7	2884.7	12.4	-1.9	6.0				
8	3464.4	9.3	16.6	7.2				
9	1616.9	2.7	46.5	3.4				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

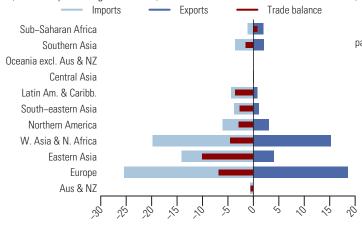
(Talas III IIII Sept great and shares III personage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	79712.1	-0.8	8.0	100.0					
0+1	13 238.1	2.3	21.0	16.6					
2+4	9225.0	4.1	3.8	11.6					
3	14843.2	1.2	45.3	18.6					
5	13 037.4	4.5	10.0	16.4					
6	12743.4	-5.1	17.8	16.0					
7	13758.0	-6.9	-21.8	17.3					
8	2330.5	-6.3	-12.9	2.9					
9	536.7	11.9	-32.8	0.7					

### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

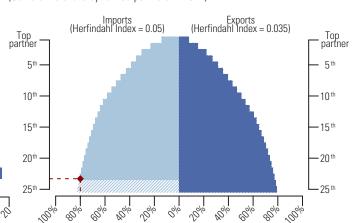
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

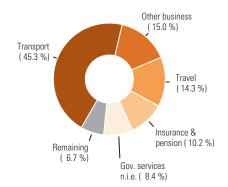


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 18.6, 17.3 and 16.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Saudi Arabia and the United States, accounting for respectively 14.2, 8.0 and 6.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 10.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 3.4 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

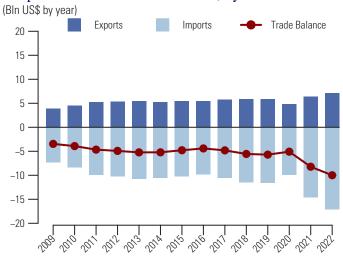
HS	Vali	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	60 279.6	73781.2	79712.1					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	3806.6	3728.8	4389.8	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1643.6	3806.0	6202.8	0.5			US\$/kg	334
1001 Wheat and meslin	2693.9	2465.1	3803.0	0.3			US\$/kg	041
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport		3432.8	1610.4			22.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1 968.1	2750.4	2981.5					542
1005 Maize (corn)	1880.9	2411.1	2500.9	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	044
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons		2297.4	3230.3	0.4	0.5	1.1	US\$/kg	343
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken	1600.3	2156.2	2152.2					222
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1312.5	1788.4	1009.9					764
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	838.8	1694.0	1538.2	0.3	0.4		US\$/kg	282

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

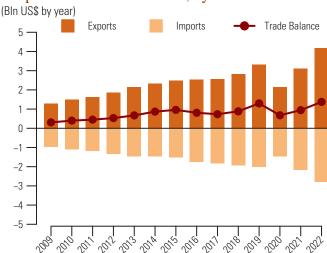
### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of El Salvador increased substantially by 11.3 percent to reach 7.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 17.0 percent to reach 17.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 10.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in El Salvador were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of El Salvador increased substantially by 34.4 percent, reaching 4.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 29.5 percent and reached 2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 1.4 bln US\$.

## Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 39.8, 18.9 and 18.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted" (HS code 6109) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Guatemala and Honduras, accounting for respectively 40.3, 16.8 and 16.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 993.0 mln US\$, followed by "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 572.8 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 440.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

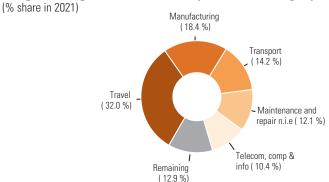


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	4805.4	6394.9	7115.1					
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	566.0	742.3	819.1	5.2	5.2	6.6	US\$/unit	845
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles	253.1	428.3	529.1	11.8	12.8	14.4	US\$/unit	845
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	206.0	259.8	316.0	1.7	1.9	2.2	US\$/kg	893
8532 Electrical capacitors, fixed, variable or adjustable (pre-set)	. 139.0	241.2	259.9	218.6	211.5	232.5	US\$/kg	778
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	179.4	222.2	229.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	061
4818 Toilet paper and similar paper	. 164.3	186.1	210.9	1.7	1.8	2.1	US\$/kg	642
6115 Panty hose, tights, stockings, socks and other hosiery		208.5	163.8	11.1	10.8	12.6	US\$/kg	846
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	144.2	167.9	156.4	6.7	7.8	7.2	US\$/kg	542
6107 Men's or boys'underpants, briefs, nightshirts, pyjamas, bathrobes	133.0	172.0	135.7	3.1		4.0	US\$/unit	843
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	92.6	111.1	177.0	3.4	3.8	5.2	US\$/kg	071

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( value iii	(value in minion 66¢, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	7115.1	4.8	11.3	100.0							
0+1	1342.5	6.8	16.9	18.9							
2+4	113.1	7.8	6.0	1.6							
3	340.9	13.0	37.1	4.8							
5	680.0	15.2	20.2	9.6							
6	1320.6	5.4	9.7	18.6							
7	480.6	3.2	13.4	6.8							
8	2834.9	1.3	5.4	39.8							
9	2.6	-12.6	-70.7	0.0							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

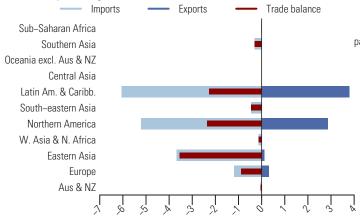
(value in minion coo, growth and onarce in percentage)									
		2022							
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
17 108.0	10.5	17.0	100.0						
2765.5	11.2	22.7	16.2						
647.4	12.6	28.5	3.8						
2825.1	11.3	46.7	16.5						
2771.5	13.5	16.8	16.2						
3184.8	9.1	11.0	18.6						
3 206.5	10.5	-0.2	18.7						
1677.8	6.2	16.2	9.8						
29.4	8.7	-13.8	0.2						
	2022 17108.0 2765.5 647.4 2825.1 2771.5 3184.8 3206.5 1677.8	Avg. Grov   2022   2018-2022   17 108.0   10.5   2765.5   11.2   647.4   12.6   2825.1   11.3   2771.5   13.5   3184.8   9.1   3206.5   10.5   1677.8   6.2	Avg. Growth rates           2022         2018-2022         2021-2022           17 108.0         10.5         17.0           2765.5         11.2         22.7           647.4         12.6         28.5           2825.1         11.3         46.7           2771.5         13.5         16.8           3184.8         9.1         11.0           3206.5         10.5         -0.2           1677.8         6.2         16.2						

### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

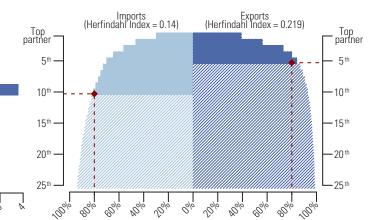
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

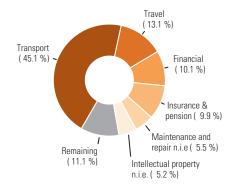


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 18.7, 18.6 and 16.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Guatemala, accounting for respectively 28.3, 16.3 and 10.2 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 973.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 283.2 mln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 219.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

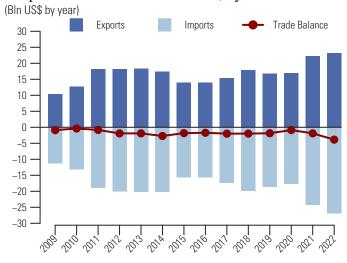
HS			Value (million US\$)			Unit value			
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	9887.9	14617.4	17 108.0					
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	718.1	1382.5	2129.5	0.5	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	369.3	410.7	476.7	19.5	24.3	25.1	US\$/kg	542
2711 F	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	217.6	411.6	525.6					343
8517 E	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	273.7	357.6	371.6					764
8703 ľ	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	167.0	280.2	329.7	22.8	23.9	23.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	100.9	363.5	289.3					752
6109	F-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	177.2	262.7	276.3		6.0	6.2	US\$/unit	845
6006 (	Other knitted or crocheted fabrics	131.3	238.8	270.2	6.8	6.8	7.7	US\$/kg	655
8704 ľ	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	115.1	232.1	274.0					782
1005	Maize (corn)	145.1	166.7	287.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	044

Goods Imports: CIF, by consignment

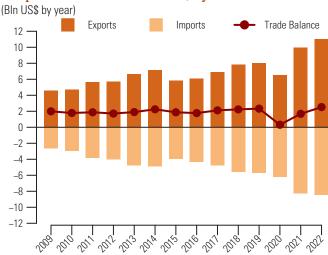
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Estonia increased slightly by 3.8 percent to reach 23.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 11.6 percent to reach 27.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 3.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Estonia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Estonia increased substantially by 10.7 percent, reaching 11.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.7 percent and reached 8.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.5 bln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 25.9, 18.3 and 14.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy" (HS code 8517) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Finland, Latvia and Sweden, accounting for respectively 14.2, 10.9 and 9.2 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.5 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

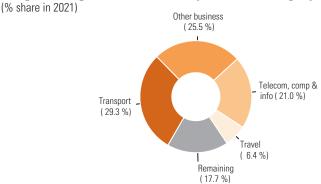


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
А	II Commodities	16901.3	22303.2	23 145.6					
	lectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1320.0	1780.8	1254.9					764
2707 0	ils and other products of high temperature coal tar	753.2	1917.6	1109.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	335
2710 P	etroleum oils, other than crude	741.5	896.4	1187.6	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
2716 E	lectrical energy	156.8	552.4	1331.5	44.0	120.02	216.7	US\$/MWh	351
9999 C	ommodities not specified according to kind	554.8	603.5	773.1					931
8703 N	Notor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	473.6	614.1	633.8	22.8	25.2	26.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
9406 B	uildings; prefabricated	472.8	626.2	619.8	1.8	2.4	2.7	US\$/kg	811
4418 B	uilders'joinery and carpentry of wood	391.6	517.8	538.3	2.0	2.4	2.6	US\$/kg	635
4407 V	Vood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	339.8	534.1	429.0	307.4	484.4	448.6	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
	uel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms		323.6	396.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	246

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00¢, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	23145.6	6.7	3.8	100.0					
0+1	1977.3	8.1	19.6	8.5					
2+4	2437.6	9.8	7.7	10.5					
3	4231.4	12.7	13.7	18.3					
5	1 439.0	7.5	4.3	6.2					
6	3346.3	7.6	3.9	14.5					
7	5991.6	3.0	-6.9	25.9					
8	2997.9	2.6	0.4	13.0					
9	724.5	9.1	12.3	3.1					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

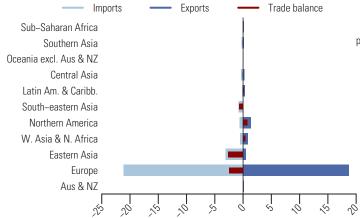
<u>(************************************</u>									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	27 002.9	8.0	11.6	100.0					
0+1	2273.6	5.2	12.5	8.4					
2+4	1 424.3	15.0	2.2	5.3					
3	5140.5	15.2	35.8	19.0					
5	3001.9	8.7	5.4	11.1					
6	3926.6	8.2	9.7	14.5					
7	7360.2	3.6	3.5	27.3					
8	2 2 6 0 . 8	4.9	1.3	8.4					
9	1615.0	13.3	31.3	6.0					

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Coue	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

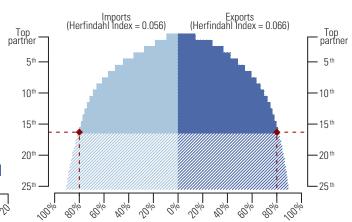
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

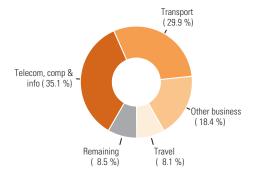


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 27.3, 19.0 and 14.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, Germany and China, accounting for respectively 9.7, 9.5 and 8.9 percent of total imports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 2.5 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

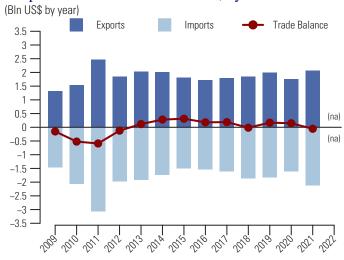
HS		Value (million US\$)				Unit value			
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		7763.2	24203.3	27 002.9					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		1035.4	1259.2	2194.6	0.4	0.6	8.0	US\$/kg	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind		1113.5	1386.5	1880.6					931
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the	e transport	900.0	1259.3	1286.3	23.2	25.7	26.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
2707 Oils and other products of high temperature coal tar		500.8	1461.9	753.0	0.2		0.5	US\$/kg	335
2716 Electrical energy		299.3	771.6	1478.5	41.0	106.12	206.3	US\$/MWh	351
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy		550.9	825.7	721.6					764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.0	6)	514.1	629.1	578.4	143.1	184.0	153.2	US\$/kg	542
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled		343.7	669.7	516.6	227.6	358.5	381.4	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons		89.1	199.1	641.2	0.2	0.5	1.5	US\$/kg	343
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof		191.9	277.5	257.6	65.6			US\$/unit	752

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

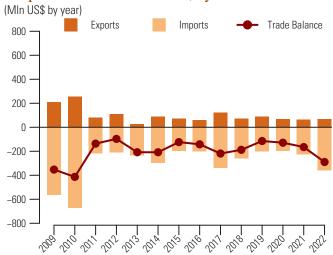
## Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Eswatini increased substantially by 18.1 percent to reach 2.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 32.2 percent to reach 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 54.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at 324.6 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Eswatini were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Eswatini increased moderately by 9.8 percent, reaching 69.8 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 57.3 percent and reached 359.2 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 289.4 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 46.2, 29.4 and 12.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures" (HS code 3302) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were South Africa, Kenya and Nigeria, accounting for respectively 66.6, 6.3 and 4.8 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 30.6 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 7.0 mln US\$ and "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 5.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

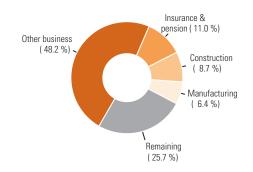


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ue (million US	3\$)		l	Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	2001.6	1752.1	2068.5					
3302 Mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures	636.4	527.4	618.7	39.7	45.7	51.5	US\$/kg	551
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	421.8	393.1	403.2	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	061
3824 Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores	242.5	207.5	266.9	13.2	16.6	18.3	US\$/kg	598
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	60.4	60.5	86.9	234.6	221.1		US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	61.9	53.6	68.4		4.2	4.8	US\$/unit	841
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	64.4	46.6	59.7		0.4	2.3	US\$/unit	842
2207 Alcohol of a strength by volume of 80 % vol or higher	30.1	32.4	29.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	US\$/litre	512
4401 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms	31.7	21.2	35.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg	246
1704 Sugar confectionery (including white chocolate), not containing cocoa	27.4	22.4	32.9	1.6	1.9	2.2	US\$/kg	062
1702 Other sugars, including pure lactose, glucose and fructose	25.0	24.5	33.3	1.7	1.1		US\$/kg	061

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	(value ili lilililoti 034, growiti allu silates ili percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2021								
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share								
Total	2068.5	3.5	18.1	100.0							
0+1	607.9	8.5	12.6	29.4							
2+4	140.7	7.6	46.6	6.8							
3	24.4	3.4	22.9	1.2							
5	956.1	0.4	15.7	46.2							
6	55.8	2.7	23.0	2.7							
7	32.8	3.8	-9.6	1.6							
8	250.0	3.7	33.3	12.1							
9	0.7	8.9	6.9	0.0							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 66¢, growth and charce in percentage)					
	Avg. Growth rates			2021	
SITC	2021	2021 2017-2021 2020-2021			
Total	2122.9	7.1	32.2	100.0	
0+1	375.2	7.0	18.1	17.7	
2+4	71.2	14.3	55.9	3.4	
3	357.8	18.5	53.3	16.9	
5	344.0	7.9	27.3	16.2	
6	392.5	4.6	29.3	18.5	
7	382.7	5.0	45.5	18.0	
8	186.6	2.1	20.3	8.8	
9	13.0	-20.9	-21.3	0.6	

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

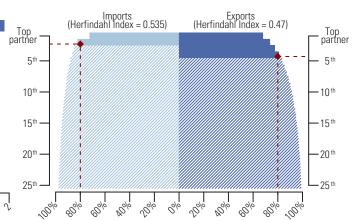
(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

Imports Exports Trade balance

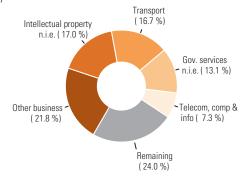
Sub-Saharan Africa
Southern Asia
Oceania excl. Aus & NZ
Central Asia
Latin Am. & Caribb.
South-eastern Asia
Northern America
W. Asia & N. Africa
Eastern Asia
Europe
Aus & NZ

## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

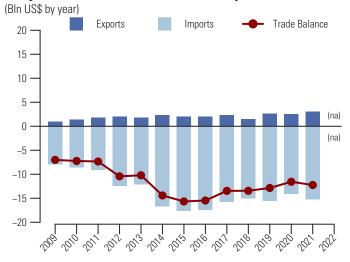
"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 18.5, 18.0 and 17.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, China and India, accounting for respectively 72.3, 8.2 and 2.7 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 49.9 mln US\$, followed by "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 38.8 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 38.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

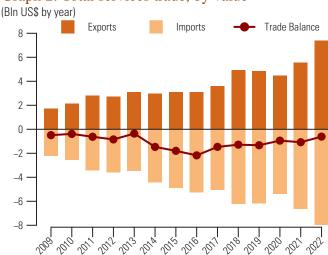
HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Co	ommodities	1832.4	1605.3	2122.9					
2710 Petro	leum oils, other than crude	210.5	145.9	183.6	0.7	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
2716 Elect	rical energy	65.9	69.5	154.8	53.1	47.9	72.8	US\$/MWh	351
3004 Medi	icaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	37.4	47.3	48.1	23.9	28.3	25.6	US\$/kg	542
5210 Wove	en fabrics of cotton, containing less than 85 % by weight of cotton	32.6	33.1	46.2	7.3	7.5	8.1	US\$/kg	652
1005 Maiz	e (corn)	29.7	37.6	41.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	044
	ures of odoriferous substances and mixtures	35.6	30.2	40.6	11.2	12.3	11.9	US\$/kg	551
8704 Moto	or vehicles for the transport of goods	35.1	26.5	41.8	28.0	16.4	10.8	thsd US\$/unit	782
8703 Moto	or cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	47.2	30.5	25.6		2.3	4.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
2523 Portla	and cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	27.3	27.8	30.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
9018 Instru	uments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	8.7	11.5	57.2					872

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Ethiopia increased substantially by 20.7 percent to reach 3.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.5 percent to reach 15.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 12.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -4.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Ethiopia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Ethiopia increased substantially by 32.3 percent, reaching 7.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 20.1 percent and reached 8.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 611.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 67.0, 23.5 and 5.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated" (HS code 0901) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Somalia, the United States and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 11.2, 10.7 and 7.4 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 4.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 974.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

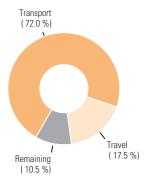


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

		/	٨١					OUTO
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	2683.8	2533.3	3057.6					
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated		798.0	1189.2	3.1		3.9	US\$/kg	071
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken	342.5	389.5	325.0	1.5	1.4	1.5	US\$/kg	222
0709 Other vegetables, fresh or chilled	281.2	259.4	270.6		5.1	5.0	US\$/kg	054
0603 Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets	200.4	190.7	254.5		4.3	4.5	US\$/kg	292
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split	188.9	177.5	188.4	0.6	0.8	1.0	US\$/kg	054
0714 Manioc, arrowroot, sweet potatoes and similar roots	25.7	72.5	129.6	7.4	7.1	6.4	US\$/kg	054
0204 Meat of sheep or goats, fresh, chilled or frozen	72.7	64.3	90.5	5.5	5.7	5.6	US\$/kg	012
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken	69.1	39.1	43.3		0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	222
0602 Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips; mushroom spawn	26.5	26.6	35.5					292
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	34.1	22.7	27.9					841

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05\$, growth and shares in percentage)					
		Avg. Grov	2021		
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share	
Total	3057.6	7.3	20.7	100.0	
0+1	2047.3	13.7	34.1	67.0	
2+4	718.5	10.9	6.4	23.5	
3	0.0	-50.1	-98.2	0.0	
5	12.7	20.4	36.6	0.4	
6	76.5	-13.7	19.9	2.5	
7	38.4	-34.4	-50.3	1.3	
8	164.3	4.4	-9.0	5.4	

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

	,		
		2021	
2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share
15284.9	-0.8	8.5	100.0
2896.4	20.4	69.6	18.9
1509.9	21.3	52.1	9.9
1073.3	-8.9	-36.7	7.0
2689.4	6.1	18.5	17.6
2037.7	-7.5	-17.7	13.3
4153.3	-8.9	3.3	27.2
925.0	-6.1	0.0	6.1
0.0	-94.2	-100.0	0.0
	15284.9 2896.4 1509.9 1073.3 2689.4 2037.7 4153.3 925.0	2021         2017-2021           15 284.9         -0.8           2 896.4         20.4           1 509.9         21.3           1 073.3         -8.9           2 689.4         6.1           2 037.7         -7.5           4 153.3         -8.9           925.0         -6.1	15284.9 -0.8 8.5 2896.4 20.4 69.6 1509.9 21.3 52.1 1073.3 -8.9 -36.7 2689.4 6.1 18.5 2037.7 -7.5 -17.7 4153.3 -8.9 3.3 925.0 -6.1 0.0

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

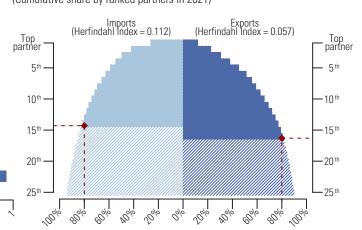
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



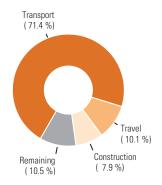
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 27.2, 18.9 and 17.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and Kuwait, accounting for respectively 27.8, 11.6 and 6.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 4.8 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 674.7 mln US\$ and "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 527.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

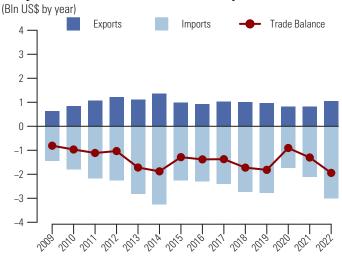
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	15533.4	14090.4	15284.9					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	2426.3	1577.4	949.1		0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
1001 Wheat and meslin	458.4	429.9	938.6		0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	041
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	264.9	422.9	883.1	0.8		1.0	US\$/kg	422
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	555.8	467.7	502.4			20.3	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	456.5	416.6	505.3					781
1006 Rice	202.5	316.5	686.5	0.4	0.2	0.5	US\$/kg	042
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	360.8	378.6	416.6					782
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	183.8	336.6	581.6		0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	061
1512 Sunflower-seed, safflower or cotton-seed oil	138.3	394.6	445.6	0.9	0.6		US\$/kg	421
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers	256.7	317.5	362.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	562

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Fiji increased substantially by 29.4 percent to reach 1.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 41.7 percent to reach 3.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at -1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Fiji were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Fiji increased substantially by 491.4 percent, reaching 1.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 40.7 percent and reached 716.3 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 961.1 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 48.0, 23.6 and 5.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Australia and New Zealand, accounting for respectively 20.7, 13.7 and 7.1 percent of total exports. "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 113.7 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 85.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

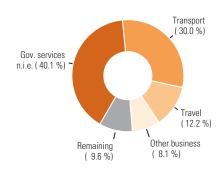


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	5\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	826.2	815.3	1055.2					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	105.3	86.7	245.2	0.4	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	334
2201 Waters, including natural or artificial mineral waters	68.4	104.4	164.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/litre	111
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	74.5	61.2	77.3	2.4	3.4	3.0	US\$/kg	034
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	58.2	58.4	46.0	55.3	56.7	56.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	46.5	30.8	60.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	061
4401 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms	25.5	36.1	22.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	246
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares	21.7	22.9	26.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	US\$/kg	048
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	56.5	4.4	6.6					931
1211 Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits)	17.6	19.1	18.8	38.3	36.7	37.3	US\$/kg	292
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	8.3	18.8	18.5	499.2			US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( varao iii	πιπιστι σσφ,	grovven and	onaroo in p	or our rago,
		Avg. Grov	2022	
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	1055.2	1.2	29.4	100.0
0+1	506.7	4.1	32.7	48.0
2+4	58.3	-1.4	-16.3	5.5
3	249.2	5.0	173.0	23.6
5	39.1	4.0	5.0	3.7
6	52.5	-3.3	-1.2	5.0
7	48.1	-14.4	-31.8	4.6
8	49.6	-7.2	1.0	4.7
9	51.8	-3.4	-17.6	4.9

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in Tillion Coo, growth and chares in percentage)					
		2022			
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
2997.4	2.4	41.7	100.0		
524.9	5.8	32.9	17.5		
76.8	11.0	72.6	2.6		
738.7	7.3	112.5	24.6		
305.2	6.6	30.5	10.2		
415.8	1.7	36.5	13.9		
645.7	-6.1	10.3	21.5		
280.2	5.1	39.6	9.3		
10.1	-8.6	157.8	0.3		
	2022 2 997.4 524.9 76.8 738.7 305.2 415.8 645.7 280.2	2022 2018-2022 2997.4 2.4 524.9 5.8 76.8 11.0 738.7 7.3 305.2 6.6 415.8 1.7 645.7 -6.1 280.2 5.1	Avg. Growth rates           2022         2018-2022         2021-2022           2997.4         2.4         41.7           524.9         5.8         32.9           76.8         11.0         72.6           738.7         7.3         112.5           305.2         6.6         30.5           415.8         1.7         36.5           645.7         -6.1         10.3           280.2         5.1         39.6		

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

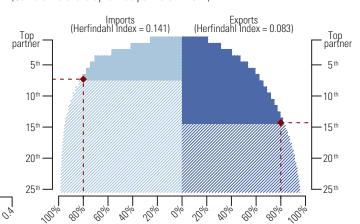
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

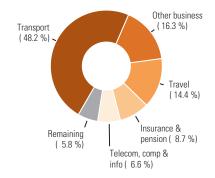


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 24.6, 21.5 and 17.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Singapore, Australia and China, accounting for respectively 21.2, 16.6 and 15.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 245.2 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 83.2 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 73.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

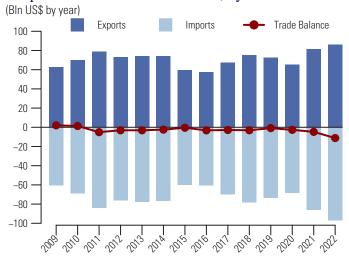
HS		Value	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All C	ommodities	1730.5	2115.6	2997.4					
2710 Petro	pleum oils, other than crude	282.1	316.2	695.7	0.4	0.5		US\$/kg	334
1001 Whe	at and meslin	51.4	52.6	78.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	041
8802 Othe	r aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	7.0	149.1	6.1	1.7			mIn US\$/unit	792
8517 Elect	rical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	41.4	58.1	60.7					764
8703 Moto	or cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	31.8	48.9	68.3	9.7	11.5	11.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
9018 Instru	uments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	36.8	51.5	27.0					872
8704 Moto	or vehicles for the transport of goods	21.6	30.5	48.3	21.1	23.0	22.9	thsd US\$/unit	782
0402 Milk	and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar	24.4	28.0	29.7	3.6	4.1	4.7	US\$/kg	022
1006 Rice.		23.8	30.2	23.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	042
2711 Petro	pleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	17.1	26.2	33.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	US\$/kg	343

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

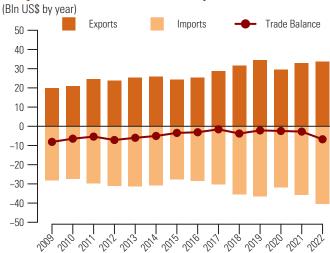
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Finland increased moderately by 5.6 percent to reach 86.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 12.8 percent to reach 97.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 11.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -11.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Finland were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Finland increased slightly by 2.3 percent, reaching 33.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 13.4 percent and reached 40.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 6.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 28.4, 25.0 and 11.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Sweden and the United States, accounting for respectively 12.7, 10.4 and 8.1 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 15.0 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 6.8 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 3.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

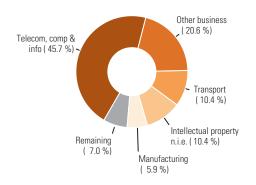


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		Į	Jnit val	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	65607.0	81 500.3	86 062.1					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	6155.6	8026.0	8502.0					931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	3 9 3 4 . 8	4444.6	7005.0	0.5	0.8		US\$/kg	334
4810 Paper and paperboard, coated on one or both sides with kaolin	3553.7	3970.6	4024.1	0.8	0.9		US\$/kg	641
7219 Flat-rolled products of stainless steel, of a width of 600 mm or more	. 2199.3	3014.7	3659.8	2.0	2.5		US\$/kg	675
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	2732.1	3344.1	2409.9	25.6	27.9	127.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	1779.0	3042.9	2717.2	0.2	0.3	1.3	thsd US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
4703 Chemical wood pulp, soda or sulphate, other than dissolving grades	1876.9	2651.6	2851.7	0.5	0.7		US\$/kg	251
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	1407.9	1371.6	1411.7					872
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	. 1085.6	1283.9	1 450.1	,	214.0	90.6	mIn US\$/unit	793
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters	1009.3	1147.4	1251.8					771

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Taras in Ferral and Shares in Personage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	86 062.1	3.4	5.6	100.0						
0+1	2234.4	6.6	8.7	2.6						
2+4	9612.2	6.2	-0.4	11.2						
3	8 9 8 1 . 6	8.9	57.5	10.4						
5	6646.8	6.8	8.3	7.7						
6	21510.6	1.4	5.8	25.0						
7	24 458.6	1.2	-3.7	28.4						
8	5032.9	1.6	0.7	5.8						
9	7 584.9	5.5	4.8	8.8						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

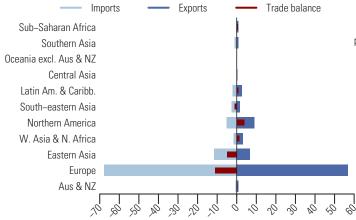
		5		
		Avg. Grov		2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	97 265.3	5.6	12.8	100.0
0+1	5915.0	2.3	6.2	6.1
2+4	8 0 8 7 . 1	10.1	7.2	8.3
3	17 543.0	11.5	71.8	18.0
5	9271.1	3.6	3.1	9.5
6	11376.2	4.9	12.1	11.7
7	28114.2	3.1	0.5	28.9
8	7503.4	0.7	-3.1	7.7
9	9455.5	10.0	16.9	9.7

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

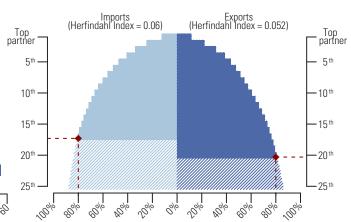
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

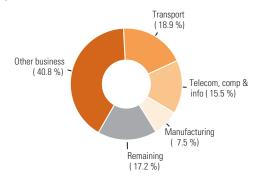


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

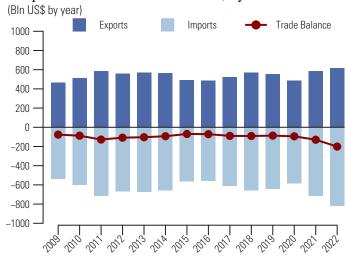
"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 28.9, 18.0 and 11.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Sweden and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 13.9, 11.7 and 9.2 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 14.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 6.8 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 5.5 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

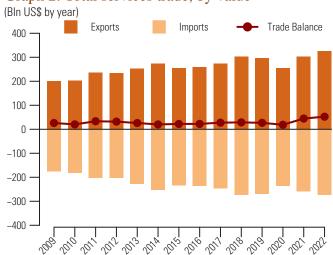
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 68266.5	86 263.6	97 265.3					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	. 6220.8	8793.0	10481.9					931
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	. 3430.5	4283.7	7347.4	0.3	0.5		US\$/kg	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 3066.4	3757.1	3550.2	23.5	27.4	51.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 2042.4	3093.1	4920.6	0.5	0.8		US\$/kg	334
2716 Electrical energy	. 714.1	2045.8	3164.4	32.8	83.2		US\$/MWh	351
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05		2124.0	1700.3	9.3	10.0		US\$/kg	784
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 1714.4	1760.2	1707.5	0.1	0.1	11.6	thsd US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1626.8	1786.6	1587.4					764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	. 1361.9	1704.7	1525.1	0.3	0.3	5.6	thsd US\$/unit	752
7501 Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products	. 1069.7	1392.5	1895.8	9.5	15.7	17.1	US\$/kg	284

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of France increased moderately by 5.7 percent to reach 618.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.6 percent to reach 819.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 201.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -162.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in France were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 23 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of France increased moderately by 7.7 percent, reaching 326.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 6.0 percent and reached 273.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 52.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 32.3, 20.1 and 12.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Italy and Belgium, accounting for respectively 14.0, 8.3 and 7.6 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 96.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 70.3 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 40.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

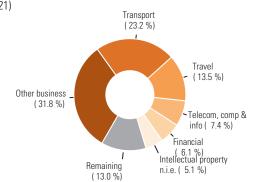


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

	- 1. 1-p 10 onpett commente 2020 to 2022								
HS		Vali	S\$)	Unit value				SITC	
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	488 562.4	585 148.0	618298.8					
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	28051.4	27 002.9	25723.5	73.9	78.5	66.1	US\$/kg	542
88020	Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	23100.5	25755.6	25 901.1	17.9	29.2	0.4	mIn US\$/unit	792
9999 (	Commodities not specified according to kind	25313.6	21880.1	17 422.4					931
8703 N	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	18636.9	20797.0	20857.6	17.5	17.8	14.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
84117	urbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	11550.8	12901.1	15781.6					714
8708 F	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	12594.4	13833.9	13 025.6	8.8	8.9	8.0	US\$/kg	784
2204 V	Vine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines	9975.0	13082.2	12935.8	7.3	8.9	9.2	US\$/litre	112
42027	runks, suit-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases	8214.6	10514.8	11842.8					831
3304 E	Beauty or make-up preparations	8946.4	10743.4	10657.3	27.9	31.3	33.5	US\$/kg	553
3002 H	luman blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	8097.6	10017.2	9963.9	88.5	296.0	285.1	US\$/kg	541

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percent)

(value in	million US\$, (	growth and	snares in p	ercentage)
		Avg. Grov		2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	618298.8	2.1	5.7	100.0
0+1	79623.3	4.3	5.6	12.9
2+4	18539.2	7.8	3.8	3.0
3	33 055.8	15.3	76.9	5.3
5	124568.3	4.5	2.1	20.1
6	67 387.0	2.6	7.4	10.9
7	199662.6	-3.0	3.4	32.3
8	78531.5	3.0	4.4	12.7
9	16931.0	20.2	-16.3	2.7

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$. growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00¢, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	wth rates	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	819397.5	5.6	14.6	100.0						
0+1	68 023.7	3.8	4.4	8.3						
2+4	20818.5	6.5	5.1	2.5						
3	154 041.6	20.2	115.4	18.8						
5	111839.6	6.4	8.0	13.6						
6	99 071.7	4.8	8.5	12.1						
7	239 584.5	0.1	0.1	29.2						
8	113773.0	3.0	2.4	13.9						
9	12245.0	66.9	-6.8	1.5						

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

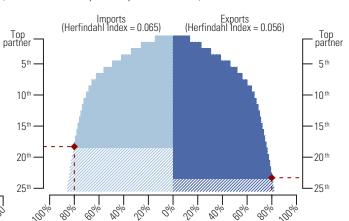
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

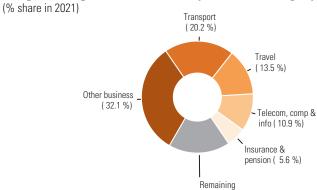


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 29.2, 18.8 and 13.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Belgium and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 16.1, 10.6 and 8.5 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 82.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 52.1 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 34.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

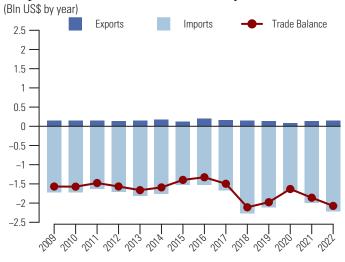
HS		Value (million US\$)			Unit valu			lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
Δ	II Commodities	582775.3	714842.3	819397.5					
8703 N	Notor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	36 463.5	40 162.4	37 405.4	19.3		20.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
2711 P	etroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	8234.1	20079.3	60594.9	0.2	0.4	1.2	US\$/kg	343
2710 P	etroleum oils, other than crude	16513.3	25059.2	36756.6	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
2709 P	etroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	12356.6	19168.8	34708.2					333
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	18151.1	17937.3	17301.6	71.2	64.0	53.3	US\$/kg	542
8708 P	arts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	12889.9	16284.4	16953.2	6.0	6.3	6.1	US\$/kg	784
9999 C	ommodities not specified according to kind	14594.6	15490.5	13347.6					931
8517 E	lectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	11 985.9	13997.6	13507.7					764
3002 H	luman blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	8355.4	13326.0	12603.1	504.0	514.3	474.2	US\$/kg	541
8471 A	automatic data processing machines and units thereof	10348.1	11866.6	10851.7	218.4	225.8	229.6	US\$/unit	752

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

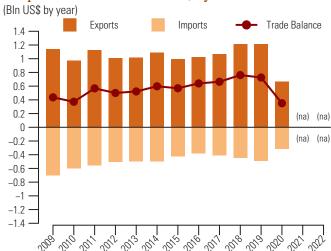
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of French Polynesia increased slightly by 2.3 percent to reach 146.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.8 percent to reach 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -778.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in French Polynesia were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2020, the value of exports of services of French Polynesia decreased substantially by 45.0 percent, reaching 668.8 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 35.2 percent and reached 318.2 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 350.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 38.2, 22.0 and 21.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Pearls, natural or cultured" (HS code 7101) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, China, Hong Kong SAR and the United States, accounting for respectively 27.9, 18.5 and 17.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 268.4 mln US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 208.5 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 109.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)

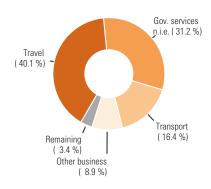


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	80.6	143.1	146.4					
7101 Pearls, natural or cultured	23.1	48.5	54.5	2.6		6.1	thsd US\$/kg	667
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets	6.4	15.0	18.8	10.9	9.1	12.9	US\$/kg	034
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	7.7	10.1	20.5	0.6	0.6	1.2	thsd US\$/kg	792
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	0.1	18.3	3.2	0.1	4.6	1.1	mIn US\$/unit	792
1513 Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil	4.4	6.3	7.3	0.7	1.3	1.4	US\$/kg	422
0905 Vanilla	3.6	5.5	6.0	524.0	467.1	474.2	US\$/kg	075
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	5.3	4.0	5.5					931
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes	2.2	6.3	1.0	4.3	18.0	7.5	thsd US\$/unit	793
3304 Beauty or make-up preparations	2.7	2.8	2.5	11.4	9.5	9.0	US\$/kg	553
2007 Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit or nut pastes		3.1	1.7	2.6	2.8	2.4	US\$/kg	058

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 034, growth and shares in percentage)							
			wth rates	2022			
SITC	2022	2018-2022   2021-2022		share			
Total	146.4	-1.5	2.3	100.0			
0+1	31.0	1.2	8.0	21.2			
2+4	10.7	3.5	10.8	7.3			
3	0.1	23.1	-38.8	0.0			
5	3.5	-8.3	-6.5	2.4			
6	55.9	-7.5	12.9	38.2			
7	32.2	7.0	-25.6	22.0			
8	7.4	-2.1	96.3	5.0			
9	5.8	21.2	29.6	3.9			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

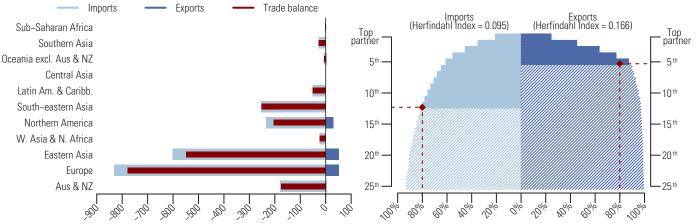
(value in miner eet) greatur and endree in percentage,								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022   2021-2022		share				
Total	2220.2	-0.5	10.8	100.0				
0+1	511.8	4.9	17.4	23.1				
2+4	59.4	13.0	19.6	2.7				
3	327.2	11.1	60.4	14.7				
5	225.3	4.3	-3.7	10.1				
6	275.4	7.6	15.6	12.4				
7	571.5	-12.3	-4.6	25.7				
8	249.3	2.3	3.3	11.2				
9	0.3	1.5	-31.1	0.0				

### SITC Legend

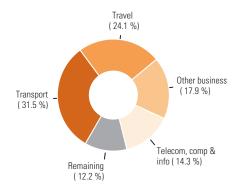
Description
All commodities
Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
Mineral fuels, lubricants
Chemicals
Goods classified chiefly by material
Machinery and transport equipment
Miscellaneous manufactured articles
Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade (MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022) (Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)



#### Imports Profile:

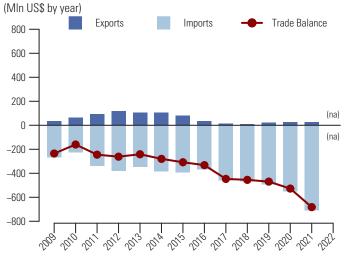
"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 25.7, 23.1 and 14.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were France, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 23.2, 14.1 and 9.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 100.3 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 76.7 mln US\$ and "Other business services' (EBOPS code SJ) at 56.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

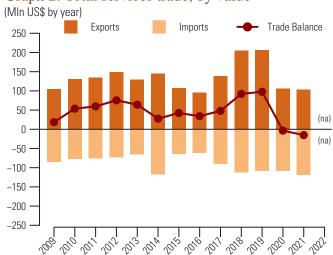
HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)		١	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized Syste	m	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		1714.1	2003.1	2220.2					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		149.5	191.2	305.4	0.6	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for	or the transport	88.7	119.9	121.7	16.6	17.8	16.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 3	30.06)	72.8	80.3	78.4	56.9		63.6	US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy		32.6	40.6	42.6					764
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05		28.4	29.9	41.0	1.7	1.8	2.4	US\$/kg	012
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares		29.6	30.1	35.1	5.1	3.7	5.4	US\$/kg	048
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen		23.7	20.4	46.9	5.8	5.9	9.1	US\$/kg	011
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled		18.9	28.1	31.0	67.1	32.5	107.4	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof		23.5	26.1	22.7	81.8	288.7	238.6	US\$/unit	752
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, denta	al or veterinary	23.1	23.5	19.7					872

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of the Gambia increased slightly by 2.1 percent to reach 26.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 28.1 percent to reach 708.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 682.0 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at -287.5 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Gambia were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of the Gambia decreased slightly by 1.7 percent, reaching 103.8 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 8.9 percent and reached 118.9 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 15.1 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 45.7, 30.2 and 13.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Mali, Senegal and China, accounting for respectively 39.5, 21.5 and 15.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 57.4 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 38.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

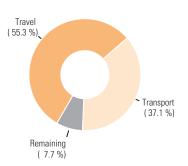


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	S\$)			Unit va	ılue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	24.6	25.9	26.4					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	11.5	0.1	12.1	0.4		0.3	US\$/kg	334
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	0.4	12.4	0.2	136.9	0.4		thsd US\$/unit	723
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement		5.2						661
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried	1.5	1.0	1.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	057
1002 Rye			3.7			0.7	US\$/kg	045
1515 Other fixed vegetable fats and oils	1.3	0.9	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	422
4401 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms		0.0		0.1	58.4		US\$/kg	246
1202 Ground-nuts, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whether or not shelled or broken			2.0			0.7	US\$/kg	222
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken	0.1	0.7	8.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	222
5408 Woven fabrics of artificial filament yarn	0.8	0.6	0.1	3.0		0.4	US\$/kg	653

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05\$, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	26.4	17.6	2.1	100.0				
0+1	8.0	-2.2	104.1	30.2				
2+4	3.7	36.1	60.5	13.8				
3	12.1	1515.9	8461.0	45.7				
5	0.0	-24.9	-83.7	0.1				
6	0.1	-48.6	-97.8	0.5				
7	2.3	29.4	-81.7	8.9				
8	0.2	-34.5	-54.7	0.9				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(variation of the grant and that to in personage)									
		Avg. Grov	wth rates	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	708.4	11.4	28.1	100.0					
0+1	141.0	3.9	3.7	19.9					
2+4	34.3	-26.2	2.5	4.8					
3	271.4	40.0	246.4	38.3					
5	27.0	26.3	38.8	3.8					
6	93.7	13.3	2.1	13.2					
7	116.1	12.5	-31.5	16.4					
8	23.9	16.3	-3.4	3.4					
9	1.0		>	0.1					

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

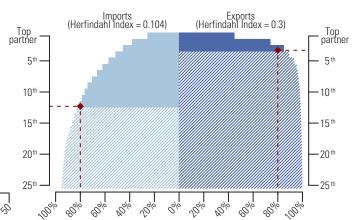
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



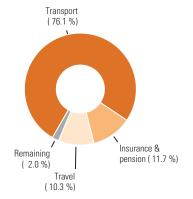
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

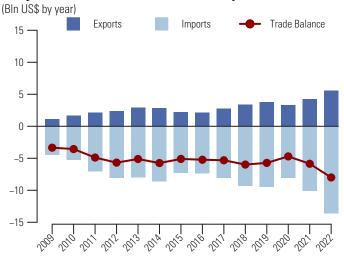
"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 38.3, 19.9 and 16.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Côte d'Ivoire, Togo and China, accounting for respectively 12.0, 11.7 and 9.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 90.4 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 13.9 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 12.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

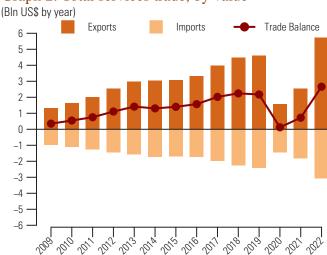
HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	494.0	553.1	708.4					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	73.1	77.4	270.9	0.6	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	28.7	44.8	69.3	1.2			thsd US\$/unit	781
1006 Rice	40.3	44.5	38.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	042
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	36.1	25.6	18.9	0.2	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	061
1515 Other fixed vegetable fats and oils	33.1	22.7	21.1	0.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	422
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	0.1	74.8	0.1			94.2	US\$/unit	793
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	19.4	29.6	19.4		0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
1101 Wheat or meslin flour	7.8	20.9	5.4					046
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	8.6	8.0	9.9	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	012
5408 Woven fabrics of artificial filament yarn	7.5	7.1	8.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	653

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Georgia increased substantially by 31.8 percent to reach 5.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 34.6 percent to reach 13.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 8.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -3.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Georgia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Georgia increased substantially by 124.9 percent, reaching 5.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 68.1 percent and reached 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 2.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 22.4, 22.3 and 22.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the Russian Federation and Azerbaijan, accounting for respectively 13.9, 12.9 and 12.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 822.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

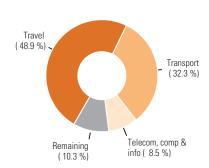


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	3344.5	4242.7	5592.8					
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	780.9	815.5	1024.3	1.7	2.0	2.3	US\$/kg	283
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	404.1	456.6	903.8	9.9	7.1	11.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
7202 Ferro-alloys	247.3	477.4	459.8	1.0	1.6	2.0	US\$/kg	671
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines	210.3	239.3	252.5	3.1	3.0	2.4	US\$/litre	112
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	72.3	119.5	281.4	0.2		0.6	US\$/kg	562
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	132.3	155.7	148.1					112
2201 Waters, including natural or artificial mineral waters	116.6	141.8	112.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/litre	111
0802 Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled	94.1	118.4	102.6	5.3	4.7	4.1	US\$/kg	057
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	99.0	99.1	109.5	55.9	61.0	60.1	US\$/kg	542
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	97.6	64.2	81.5	35.8	30.5	30.4	thsd US\$/kg	971

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIII OOW, grower and shares in percentage)						
		Avg. Grov	2022			
SITC	2022	2018-2022   2021-2022		share		
Total	5592.8	13.4	31.8	100.0		
0+1	1 229.1	6.9	10.1	22.0		
2+4	1 253.7	19.9	21.8	22.4		
3	149.2	21.7	315.4	2.7		
5	558.3	13.8	62.2	10.0		
6	743.2	6.6	5.8	13.3		
7	1244.4	19.5	77.1	22.3		
8	307.1	17.1	31.3	5.5		
9	107.8	7.4	39.2	1.9		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

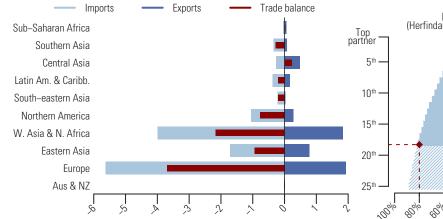
•		υ,			
		Avg. Growth rates			
SITC	2022	2022   2018-2022   2021-20		share	
Total	13591.7	9.8	34.6	100.0	
0+1	1711.4	8.6	40.0	12.6	
2+4	1115.3	16.3	19.0	8.2	
3	1982.2	10.3	49.9	14.6	
5	1 435.3	9.1	8.6	10.6	
6	2121.7	10.3	31.0	15.6	
7	4037.3	10.4	47.3	29.7	
8	1135.0	6.5	30.4	8.4	
9	53.6	-19.8	-18.0	0.4	

### SITC Legend

SITC	B
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

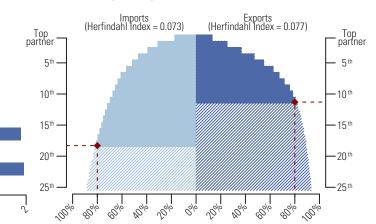
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

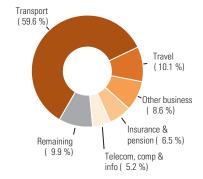


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 29.7, 15.6 and 14.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Türkiye, the Russian Federation and China, accounting for respectively 17.7, 11.8 and 8.5 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 184.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 157.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

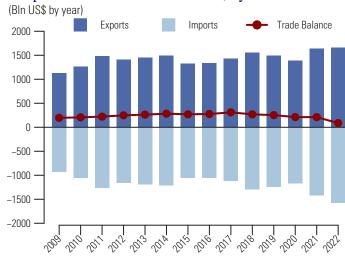
HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	8053.8	10099.8	13591.7					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	781.7	935.5	1756.5	8.4	7.4	11.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	498.7	823.0	1336.6	0.7			US\$/kg	334
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	582.4	736.1	775.3	1.5	2.0	2.1	US\$/kg	283
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	315.0	342.4	457.8			1.3	US\$/kg	343
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)		382.2	404.1	29.9	37.5	32.1	US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	164.7	226.0	323.6					764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	64.8	147.7	184.3	106.5	185.5	203.2	US\$/unit	752
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	88.9	101.8	130.5	13.4	14.1	16.0	US\$/kg	122
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	72.3	105.4	103.5	7.3	7.4	7.6	thsd US\$/unit	782
1001 Wheat and meslin	107.8	93.4	64.8	0.2	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	041

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

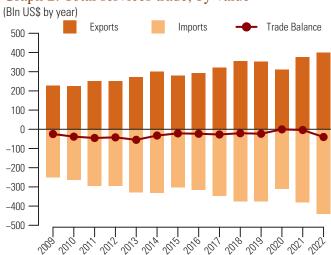
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Germany increased slightly by 1.8 percent to reach 1665.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.7 percent to reach 1577.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 88.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 173.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Germany were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Germany increased moderately by 6.1 percent, reaching 400.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 15.6 percent and reached 440.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 40.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 43.7, 18.3 and 12.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and France, accounting for respectively 9.2, 7.4 and 7.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 95.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 79.3 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 56.9 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Transport (21.0 %) Intellectual property n.i.e. (15.1 %)

Telecom, comp & info (10.6 %)

Financial (9.2 %)

Travel (5.9 %)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (billion US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 1385.9	1635.6	1665.6					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 122.8	140.3	156.5	34.3	39.6	41.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 60.6	64.6	74.5	83.1		107.3	US\$/kg	542
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	. 54.5	64.4	60.6	10.9	11.4	10.8	US\$/kg	784
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	. 46.9	52.9	63.5					931
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	33.5	48.9	45.7	1.0	1.2	1.5	thsd US\$/kg	541
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	. 20.9	20.8	22.4	9.2	15.5		mIn US\$/unit	792
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	. 16.8	19.1	17.6					872
8479 Machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions	16.3	18.2	17.0					728
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	. 15.7	18.6	16.3	201.7	224.6	240.6	US\$/unit	752
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 9.6	15.1	25.1	0.6	0.8	1.2	US\$/kg	334

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million LIS\$ growth and shares in percentage

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentag							
		Avg. Grov	wth rates	2022			
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	1665635.7	1.6	1.8	100.0			
0+1	88 201.2	2.6	4.0	5.3			
2+4	35852.7	7.6	-2.2	2.2			
3	60146.2	16.9	41.4	3.6			
5	304070.8	5.8	4.8	18.3			
6	208 084.1	2.5	1.6	12.5			
7	728224.3	-0.9	-0.9	43.7			
8	177 321.5	0.3	-4.8	10.6			
9	63735.1	0.4	14.4	3.8			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

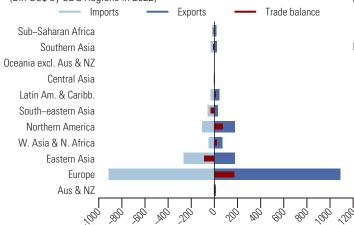
(value iii iiiiii ee e e e e e e e e e e e e									
		Avg. Grov		2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2018-2022 2021-2022						
Total	1577563.5	5.1	10.7	100.0					
0+1	101 155.6	2.6	2.2	6.4					
2+4	62848.1	7.7	-1.5	4.0					
3	203 173.1	15.4	63.5	12.9					
5	242782.3	7.6	16.2	15.4					
6	194567.2	4.3	6.3	12.3					
7	516 180.6	2.6	3.2	32.7					
8	183 059.4	2.7	0.5	11.6					
9	73797.3	3.4	16.2	4.7					

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
T-4-1	
iotai	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

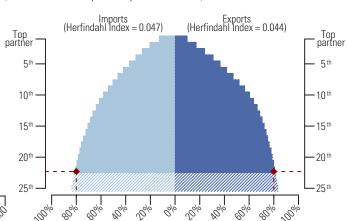
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

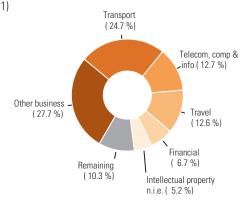


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 32.7, 15.4 and 12.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the Netherlands and the United States, accounting for respectively 12.2, 7.5 and 6.3 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 105.7 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 94.3 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 48.5 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

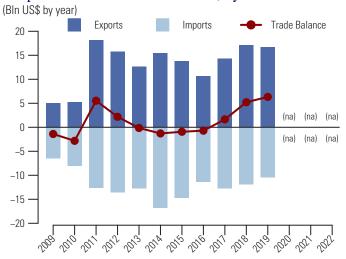
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ıe (billion US	\$)			<u>Unit va</u>	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	1173.2	1424.7	1577.6					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	66.0	67.7	68.6	23.8	26.1		thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	53.7	65.3	80.2					931
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	23.6	47.8	77.6	0.2	0.4	1.2	US\$/kg	343
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	27.5	40.3	62.4	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	34.4	38.7	40.0	8.0	8.2	7.9	US\$/kg	784
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	28.8	41.8	41.6	1.1	0.6		thsd US\$/kg	541
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	34.1	34.2	33.9	103.6	122.1	111.5	US\$/kg	542
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	27.7	33.4	29.0	196.7	224.5	234.8	US\$/unit	752
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	25.3	26.0	27.5					764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	15.1	22.2	33.5	0.4	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334

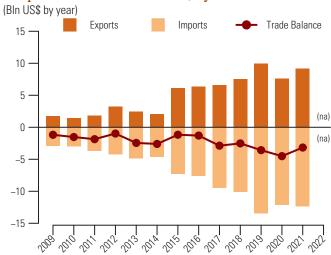
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2019, the value of merchandise exports of Ghana decreased slightly by 1.9 percent to reach 16.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 12.1 percent to reach 10.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 6.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 2.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Ghana were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Ghana increased substantially by 20.6 percent, reaching 9.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.8 percent and reached 12.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 3.2 bln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2019, representing respectively 37.0, 31.7 and 20.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2017 to 2019, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, China and Switzerland, accounting for respectively 18.1, 15.0 and 11.9 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 6.0 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 1.0 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 624.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

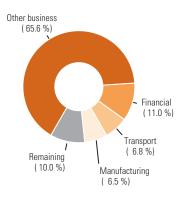


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2017 to 2019

Valu	e (million US	S\$)		ı	Unit val	lue	SITC
2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	Unit	code
14358.5	17099.6	16768.3					
5858.3	6092.6	6198.9	29.6	25.2		thsd US\$/kg	971
3619.7	5195.0	5251.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	US\$/kg	333
1642.1	2437.2	1852.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	US\$/kg	072
407.4	396.4	409.6	3.2	2.8	2.7	US\$/kg	072
298.1	460.2	246.1	1.2	1.6	8.0	US\$/kg	057
276.5	287.2	337.3	4.9	4.6	4.9	US\$/kg	072
155.4	288.1	349.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	287
140.8	155.3	146.3	5.0	5.4	4.9	US\$/kg	037
213.3	115.8	44.6	7.7	2.3	2.1	US\$/kg	893
99.3	119.0	78.4	559.7			US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
	2017 14358.5 5858.3 3619.7 1642.1 407.4 298.1 276.5 155.4 140.8 213.3	2017         2018           14358.5         17 099.6           5858.3         6 092.6           3619.7         5 195.0           1642.1         2 437.2           407.4         396.4           298.1         460.2           276.5         287.2           155.4         288.1           140.8         155.3           213.3         115.8	14358.5     17099.6     16768.3       5858.3     6092.6     6198.9       3619.7     5195.0     5251.7       1642.1     2437.2     1852.0       407.4     396.4     409.6       298.1     460.2     246.1       276.5     287.2     337.3       155.4     288.1     349.5       140.8     155.3     146.3       213.3     115.8     44.6	2017         2018         2019         2017           14358.5         17099.6         16768.3           5858.3         6092.6         6198.9         29.6           3619.7         5195.0         5251.7         0.7           1642.1         2437.2         1852.0         2.9           407.4         396.4         409.6         3.2           298.1         460.2         246.1         1.2           276.5         287.2         337.3         4.9           155.4         288.1         349.5         0.1           140.8         155.3         146.3         5.0           213.3         115.8         44.6         7.7	2017         2018         2019         2017         2018           14358.5         17099.6         16768.3         5858.3         6092.6         6198.9         29.6         25.2           3619.7         5195.0         5251.7         0.7         0.8           1642.1         2437.2         1852.0         2.9         2.9           407.4         396.4         409.6         3.2         2.8           298.1         460.2         246.1         1.2         1.6           276.5         287.2         337.3         4.9         4.6           155.4         288.1         349.5         0.1         0.1           140.8         155.3         146.3         5.0         5.4           213.3         115.8         44.6         7.7         2.3	2017         2018         2019         2017         2018         2019           14358.5         17099.6         16768.3         5858.3         6092.6         6198.9         29.6         25.2           3619.7         5195.0         5251.7         0.7         0.8         0.7           1642.1         2437.2         1852.0         2.9         2.9         2.9           407.4         396.4         409.6         3.2         2.8         2.7           298.1         460.2         246.1         1.2         1.6         0.8           276.5         287.2         337.3         4.9         4.6         4.9           155.4         288.1         349.5         0.1         0.1         0.1           140.8         155.3         146.3         5.0         5.4         4.9           213.3         115.8         44.6         7.7         2.3         2.1	2017         2018         2019         2017         2018         2019         Unit           14358.5         17099.6         16768.3         thsd US\$/kg           5858.3         6092.6         6198.9         29.6         25.2         thsd US\$/kg           3619.7         5195.0         5251.7         0.7         0.8         0.7         US\$/kg           1642.1         2437.2         1852.0         2.9         2.9         2.9         US\$/kg           407.4         396.4         409.6         3.2         2.8         2.7         US\$/kg           298.1         460.2         246.1         1.2         1.6         0.8         US\$/kg           276.5         287.2         337.3         4.9         4.6         4.9         US\$/kg           155.4         288.1         349.5         0.1         0.1         0.1         US\$/kg           140.8         155.3         146.3         5.0         5.4         4.9         US\$/kg           213.3         115.8         44.6         7.7         2.3         2.1         US\$/kg

<sup>\*</sup>Since 2011, Ghana has been exporting crude petroleum & natural gas in relatively larger quantities

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00%, growth and shares in percentage)							
			Avg. Grov		2019		
	SITC	2019	2015-2019	2018-2019	share		
	Total	16768.3	5.1	-1.9	100.0		
	0+1	3 453.0	-6.6	-18.9	20.6		
	2+4	843.1	7.9	4.2	5.0		
	3	5315.9	15.5	1.6	31.7		
	5	280.5	1.0	124.7	1.7		
	6	334.3	0.0	28.4	2.0		
	7	44.3	-41.5	-63.0	0.3		
	8	298.2	3.8	47.5	1.8		
	9	6198.9	9.1	1.7	37.0		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

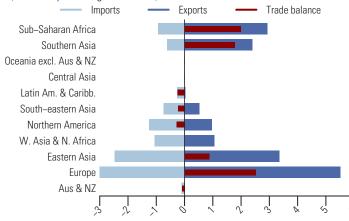
(Value in minion 600, growth and shares in percentage,									
			wth rates	2019					
SITC	2019	2015-2019	share						
Total	10439.8	-8.2	-12.1	100.0					
0+1	1662.0	-5.1	-21.9	15.9					
2+4	607.5	17.0	28.6	5.8					
3	298.9	-35.2	23.2	2.9					
5	1536.6	-3.7	-14.0	14.7					
6	2052.2	-7.9	-13.5	19.7					
7	3736.5	-5.9	-9.7	35.8					
8	545.9	-17.9	-25.5	5.2					
9	0.1	173.5	-98.3	0.0					

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

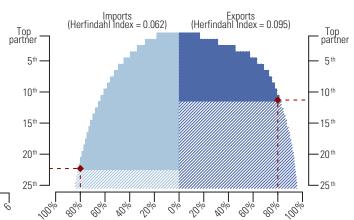
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2019)

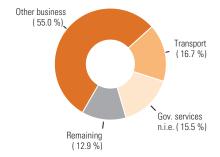


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2019)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2019, representing respectively 35.8, 19.7 and 15.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2017 to 2019, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 18.0, 8.9 and 6.8 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 6.8 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 2.1 bln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

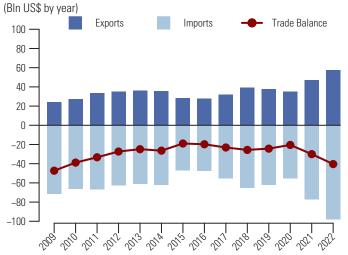
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2017 to 2019

	* *								
HS		Valu	ie (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	Unit	code
Al	I Commodities	12718.1	11880.5	10439.8					
	otor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	998.6	956.1	881.8	19.9	1		thsd US\$/unit	781
2523 Po	rtland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	915.4	323.4	319.7	0.2	0.1	0.0	US\$/kg	661
8704 M	otor vehicles for the transport of goods	544.0	476.8	441.9	23.9	1		thsd US\$/unit	782
1006 Ric	Ce	401.9	451.9	374.9	0.5	0.5	0.3	US\$/kg	042
	sh, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	235.7	235.6	202.1	0.7	0.8		US\$/kg	034
1511 Pa	Im oil and its fractions	286.3	225.4	136.6	0.8	0.7	0.5	US\$/kg	422
3004 M	edicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	180.8	251.3	203.2	11.4		9.1	US\$/kg	542
2710 Pe	troleum oils, other than crude	210.5	188.0	236.1			0.6	US\$/kg	334
1001 W	heat and meslin	303.8	178.7	139.7	0.3	0.3	0.2	US\$/kg	041
3808 Ins	secticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides	194.9	203.9	154.2	2.4		2.2	US\$/kg	591

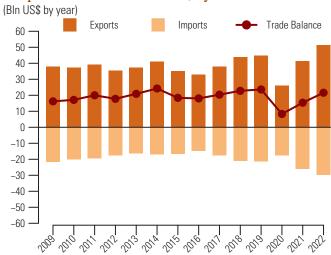
In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Greece increased substantially by 21.9 percent to reach 57.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 26.8 percent to reach 98.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 40.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -16.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Greece were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 26 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Greece increased substantially by 24.2 percent, reaching 51.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 14.6 percent and reached 29.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 21.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin/consignment for intra eu



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 36.8, 14.5 and 14.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were ltaly, Germany and Bulgaria, accounting for respectively 10.2, 7.0 and 6.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 22.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 12.4 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

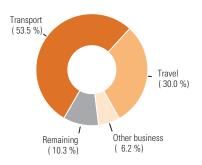


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	35070.5	47 244.3	57 568.0					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	6937.9	12079.7	17 261.0	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	3183.1	3274.4	2549.1	71.1	71.8	51.6	US\$/kg	542
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	940.9	1280.6	1308.3					931
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	224.0	419.8	2678.4	0.3	0.5	1.6	US\$/kg	343
7606 Aluminium plates, sheets and strip, of a thickness exceeding 0.2 mm	669.5	929.7	1123.4		3.8	4.5	US\$/kg	684
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	689.2	589.0	912.4	272.8	170.2	188.7	US\$/unit	752
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets	639.8	742.2	773.6	5.5	5.9	6.0	US\$/kg	034
0406 Cheese and curd	602.8	714.5	805.0	6.0	6.4	7.2	US\$/kg	024
1509 Olive oil and its fractions	562.5	678.0	843.5	3.2	4.3	4.8	US\$/kg	421
7411 Copper tubes and pipes	525.5	736.1	720.5	7.2	10.1	9.8	US\$/kg	682

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00%, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	57 568.0	9.9	21.9	100.0					
0+1	8359.4	7.8	5.6	14.5					
2+4	3 0 9 5 . 2	6.3	1.2	5.4					
3	21 174.6	11.8	58.9	36.8					
5	6265.0	11.4	-5.1	10.9					
6	8284.0	7.9	14.3	14.4					
7	5136.1	10.8	13.3	8.9					
8	3 903.1	10.4	19.4	6.8					
9	1350.6	5.3	4.0	2.3					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

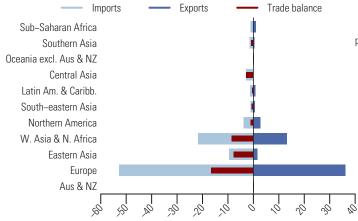
•				υ,
		Avg. Grov		2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	97 970.3	10.7	26.8	100.0
0+1	9328.9	6.1	13.5	9.5
2+4	2977.4	12.3	17.7	3.0
3	34 188.5	16.0	70.7	34.9
5	12650.8	8.3	0.0	12.9
6	10797.2	10.0	22.0	11.0
7	15974.6	6.6	12.6	16.3
8	8787.3	8.0	16.7	9.0
9	3 2 6 5 . 6	18.2	-0.4	3.3

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

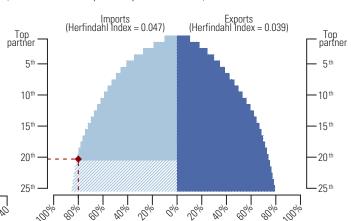
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

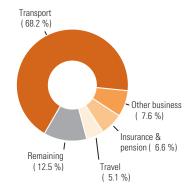


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

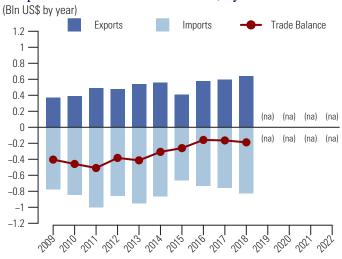
"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 34.9, 16.3 and 12.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 10.2, 8.0 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 17.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.0 bln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Value (million US\$)			Unit val			lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All C	Commodities	55533.6	77 285.0	97 970.3					
2709 Petro	oleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	7012.7	11739.8	15697.4	0.3			US\$/kg	333
2711 Petro	oleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	774.9	3134.3	10448.1	0.2	0.6	1.7	US\$/kg	343
2710 Petro	oleum oils, other than crude	2735.1	4603.2	6822.5	0.4	0.6		US\$/kg	334
9999 Com	modities not specified according to kind	1731.1	3 2 6 5 . 1	3248.1					931
3004 Med	licaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	2416.6	2590.0	2766.5	27.2	62.6	83.2	US\$/kg	542
8703 Moto	or cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	1413.0	1897.4	2296.3	6.3			thsd US\$/unit	781
8471 Auto	omatic data processing machines and units thereof	1038.9	1144.5	1407.1	144.9	130.8	152.3	US\$/unit	752
3002 Hum	an blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	950.0	1413.5	1175.2	500.0	382.8	268.5	US\$/kg	541
8517 Elect	trical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	916.8	1200.5	1281.4					764
7601 Unw	rought aluminium	652.9	1058.9	1371.9			3.2	US\$/kg	684

In 2018, the value of merchandise exports of Greenland increased moderately by 7.6 percent to reach 640.9 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.1 percent to reach 829.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 188.3 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -178.3 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Greenland were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). No trade in services data is available.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: No Data Available

#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2018, representing respectively 92.3, 3.8 and 3.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2016 to 2018, the largest export commodity was "Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04" (HS code 0303) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Denmark, Areas nes and Latvia, accounting for respectively 81.2, 8.0 and 4.0 percent of total exports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for exports.

Graph 3: No Data Available

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2016 to 2018

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			Je	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
All Commodities	575.3	595.8	640.9					
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	189.6	181.1	198.4	1.8	2.1	3.1	US\$/kg	034
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not	138.9	167.5	150.2	3.9	4.1	3.9	US\$/kg	036
1605 Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved	98.2	95.0	127.8	6.3	6.6	7.1	US\$/kg	037
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced)	70.1	34.8	45.2		3.8	4.0	US\$/kg	034
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets	3.0	49.1	59.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg	034
8902 Fishing vessels; factory ships and other vessels for processing	37.8	32.5	23.9					793
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	20.6	19.0	19.8					931
0305 Fish, dried, salted or in brine	8.2	7.2	8.6	4.4	3.9	5.5	US\$/kg	035
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not	1.5	1.0	1.3	10.7	10.9	11.4	US\$/kg	036
9704 Postage or revenue stamps, stamp-postmarks, first-day covers	0.9	1.0	0.9	376.6	659.7	411.8	US\$/kg	896

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili lillilloti 05%, growtii aliu siiales ili percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2018					
SITC	2018	2014-2018	share					
Total	640.9	3.6	7.6	100.0				
0+1	591.8	3.7	10.4	92.3				
2+4	0.7	-29.3	33.1	0.1				
3	0.0	21.2	-72.8	0.0				
5	0.0	-0.7	-1.7	0.0				
6	2.1	12.6	109.6	0.3				
7	24.6	3.4	-32.2	3.8				
8	1.9	0.3	-35.9	0.3				
9	19.8	3.1	4.4	3.1				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

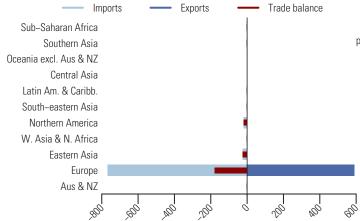
1	(									
			wth rates	2018						
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share						
Total	829.2	-1.0	9.1	100.0						
0+1	163.8	-1.0	4.1	19.8						
2+4	6.9	-9.5	-16.8	8.0						
3	136.2	-2.8	17.6	16.4						
5	43.2	-5.5	6.2	5.2						
6	99.1	8.0	-13.5	12.0						
7	265.8	-0.1	17.6	32.1						
8	90.4	1.2	9.6	10.9						
9	23.8	-3.6	58.4	2.9						

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

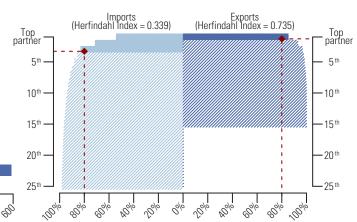
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2018)



Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2018)



### Graph 6: No Data Available

#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2018, representing respectively 32.1, 19.8 and 16.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2016 to 2018, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Denmark, Sweden and Spain, accounting for respectively 58.9, 13.8 and 4.2 percent of total imports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for imports.

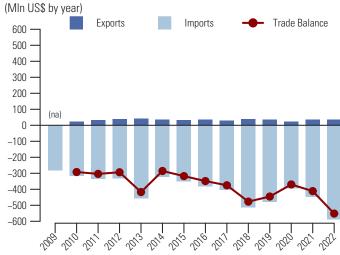
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2016 to 2018

HS		Valu	ıe (million US	5\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
Al	I Commodities	733.6	760.3	829.2					
	troleum oils, other than crude	59.3	114.1	135.3	0.3	0.6	8.0	US\$/kg	334
8902 Fis	shing vessels; factory ships and other vessels for processing	74.6	4.5	91.5					793
8901 Cr	uise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	25.8	45.0	0.1			5.0	mIn US\$/unit	793
9999 Co	ommodities not specified according to kind	28.5	15.0	23.8					931
8803 Pa	rts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	14.9	21.6	18.8	542.6	694.9	436.7	US\$/kg	792
3004 M	edicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	13.7	12.0	12.5	57.2	86.2	111.9	US\$/kg	542
1905 Br	ead, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares	11.4	12.9	13.2	4.9	5.0	5.4	US\$/kg	048
9403 Ot	her furniture and parts thereof	11.9	11.7	13.8					821
8517 Ele	ectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	8.3	14.8	11.5					764
	ticles of cement, of concrete or of artificial stone	11.3	13.0	8.2	2.3	3.8	3.2	US\$/kg	663

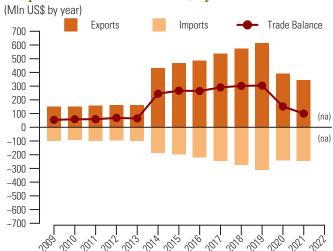
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Grenada increased moderately by 6.6 percent to reach 37.5 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 31.9 percent to reach 589.3 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 551.8 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at -231.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Grenada were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Grenada decreased substantially by 12.3 percent, reaching 345.0 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.4 percent and reached 245.0 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 100.0 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 72.7, 9.0 and 6.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Nutmeg, mace and cardamoms" (HS code 0908) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, the United States and Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, accounting for respectively 57.4, 16.7 and 4.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 230.5 mln US\$, followed by "Personal, cultural, and recreational services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 20.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

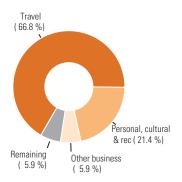


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	3\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	24.6	35.2	37.5					
0908 Nutmeg, mace and cardamoms	4.5	5.6	5.6	6.2	7.0	8.1	US\$/kg	075
1101 Wheat or meslin flour	3.5	3.8	6.1	0.7	8.0	1.1	US\$/kg	046
2309 Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	1.6	2.8	4.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	081
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted	1.9	2.6	1.9	3.6	3.4	4.2	US\$/kg	072
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets	1.7	2.3	2.2	3.6	4.1	3.8	US\$/kg	034
0810 Other fruit, fresh	1.2	2.1	2.6	3.7	4.9	5.5	US\$/kg	057
2202 Waters with added sugar		2.1	1.9	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/litre	111
4818 Toilet paper and similar paper	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.9	US\$/kg	642
3209 Paints and varnishes	1.1	1.2	1.6	3.2	3.2	3.1	US\$/kg	533
8479 Machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions	0.0	2.5	0.0					728

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in mineri 66¢, growth and shares in personlage)								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	37.5	-0.2	6.6	100.0				
0+1	27.2	2.5	8.0	72.7				
2+4	1.6	32.9	1719.2	4.4				
3	0.0	-13.0	-76.4	0.0				
5	1.8	-0.6	38.9	4.9				
6	2.4	2.0	-8.9	6.4				
7	3.4	-18.9	-30.6	9.0				
8	0.7	2.5	25.5	2.0				
9	0.2		-39.3	0.6				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

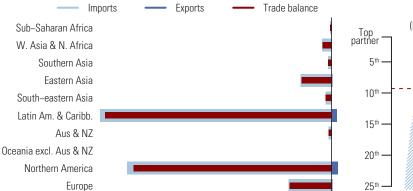
,	• 4.40	oo ooq, g.ov ana ona oo poroona							
			Avg. Grov	2022					
	SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
	Total	589.3	3.4	31.9	100.0				
	0+1	140.7	7.2	34.2	23.9				
	2+4	21.2	9.2	24.9	3.6				
	3	118.7	8.6	83.0	20.2				
	5	45.1	6.4	8.9	7.7				
	6	96.1	2.9	25.3	16.3				
	7	100.9	-3.1	14.0	17.1				
	8	64.5	-3.0	25.5	10.9				
	9	2.0	382.2	2.8	0.3				

SITC Legend

SITC	Description
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

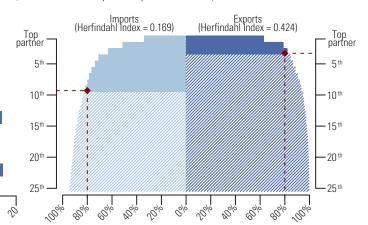
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

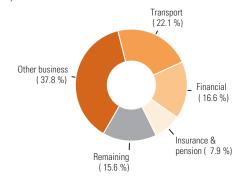


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 23.9, 20.2 and 17.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and Cayman Islands, accounting for respectively 36.9, 17.9 and 9.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 92.6 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 54.1 mln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 40.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

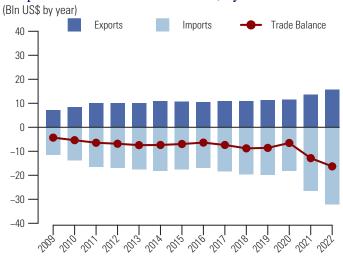
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	ιφ۱			Unit va	luo	SITC
1 117		_ `		0000				H . I
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	394.6	446.7	589.3					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	49.0	61.1	109.6	1.6	2.3	3.2	US\$/kg	334
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	9.8	12.1	15.0	1.6	1.8	2.0	US\$/kg	012
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	11.0	9.0	11.7	21.1	22.6	22.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	7.0	9.0	9.8	0.3			US\$/kg	661
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	6.5	8.1	10.4	1.4	1.3	1.6	US\$/kg	098
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	10.6	7.8	5.3					752
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	8.5	7.2	6.5	32.6	24.3	26.6	US\$/kg	542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	4.7	6.7	8.4	25.2	28.4	29.4	thsd US\$/unit	782
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares	5.4	5.5	6.9	3.3	3.5	4.2	US\$/kg	048
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	4.9	6.5	6.4					764

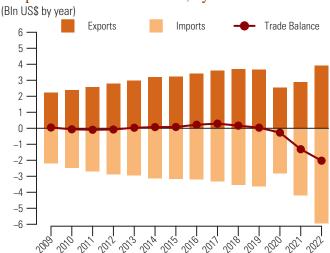
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Guatemala increased substantially by 15.1 percent to reach 15.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 20.7 percent to reach 32.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 16.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -6.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Guatemala were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Guatemala increased substantially by 34.6 percent, reaching 3.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 40.8 percent and reached 5.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 2.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 38.9, 16.2 and 15.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried" (HS code 0803) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, El Salvador and Honduras, accounting for respectively 32.1, 12.4 and 9.7 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 655.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 527.8 mln US\$ and "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 501.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Other business (18.2 %)

Telecom, comp &

Info (22.6 %)

Remaining (12.8 %)

Financial (5.8 %)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	e (million US	S\$)		l	Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	11658.5	13735.6	15806.2					
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	955.6	929.8	1068.0	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	057
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	653.3	928.9	1116.0	3.4	4.1	5.8	US\$/kg	071
0908 Nutmeg, mace and cardamoms	1136.6	659.1	418.5	17.4	17.5	7.9	US\$/kg	075
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	465.7	702.2	919.6	0.6	0.9	1.1	US\$/kg	422
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	579.8	509.3	799.7	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	061
7202 Ferro-alloys	320.8	408.9	469.0	4.3	6.2	7.8	US\$/kg	671
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles	271.0	389.7	517.6	14.9	16.4		US\$/unit	845
6105 Men's or boys'shirts, knitted or crocheted	280.6	387.2	359.0	12.8	14.5	13.5	US\$/unit	843
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	259.4	313.4	334.9	33.9	33.1	29.1	US\$/kg	542
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	129.4	231.1	365.9	7.3	7.7	6.7	US\$/unit	845

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million σοψ, growth and onares in percentage)								
			Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share					
Total	15806.2	9.8	15.1	100.0				
0+1	6144.8	7.7	14.1	38.9				
2+4	1745.7	14.7	14.4	11.0				
3	456.8	0.1	22.7	2.9				
5	2035.1	14.5	21.1	12.9				
6	2465.3	14.4	12.7	15.6				
7	383.4	12.0	20.9	2.4				
8	2565.7	6.9	13.7	16.2				
9	9.4	-3.3	9.1	0.1				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

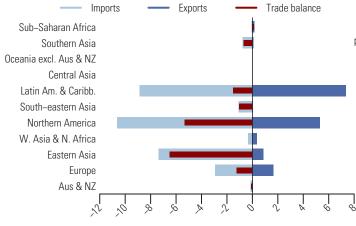
1	(Value III IIIIIII Oow, growth and shares in percentage)								
Γ			Avg. Grov	2022					
L	SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
	Total	32099.1	13.1	20.7	100.0				
	0+1	4691.5	14.9	24.7	14.6				
	2+4	1109.2	16.7	13.3	3.5				
	3	5702.7	14.9	42.3	17.8				
	5	5631.0	13.0	19.7	17.5				
	6	5700.0	12.5	12.7	17.8				
	7	6880.0	11.8	13.4	21.4				
	8	2383.1	9.9	18.2	7.4				
	9	1.5	-48.0	-13.6	0.0				

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

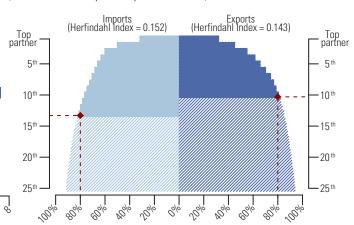
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

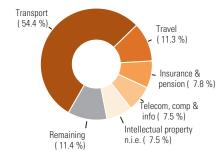


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 21.4, 17.8 and 17.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 32.9, 15.9 and 10.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.3 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 477.2 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 330.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

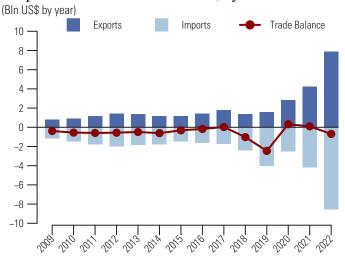
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	18197.6	26593.8	32 099.1					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1630.8	3083.8	4464.9	0.4	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	711.0	836.0	994.2					764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	573.1	666.3	760.4		20.6	18.2	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	411.5	657.1	775.0	23.3	21.6	21.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	356.0	595.6	641.1	20.3			thsd US\$/unit	782
1005 Maize (corn)		426.8	571.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	044
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons		457.1	522.8	0.5	0.7	0.9	US\$/kg	343
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	267.6	337.9	411.1	7.9	8.2	9.3	US\$/kg	098
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms	. 200.1	379.4	395.4	1.0	1.8	1.7	US\$/kg	571
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	238.6	335.3	366.7					752

## Overview:

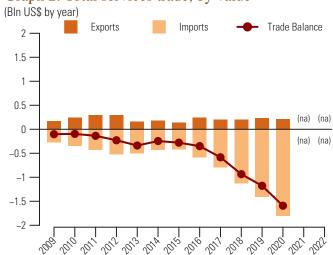
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Guyana increased substantially by 85.4 percent to reach 7.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 106.4 percent to reach 8.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 693.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at -3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Guyana were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were highly concentrated. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2020, the value of exports of services of Guyana decreased substantially by 12.2 percent, reaching 208.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 27.3 percent and reached 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 54.4, 32.4 and 5.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and Singapore, accounting for respectively 35.4, 16.2 and 10.9 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 147.0 mln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 26.2 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 24.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2020)

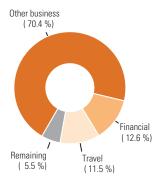


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	2813.9	4257.3	7892.6					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	1109.2	2940.1	4289.9	0.1	0.5	21.5	US\$/kg	333
8609 Containers (including containers for the transport of fluids)	. 252.7	177.0	2357.5	11.9	7.0	87.7	thsd US\$/unit	786
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	. 609.1	557.1	382.6	52.6	45.6	54.4	thsd US\$/kg	971
1006 Rice	. 259.1	208.5	207.8	0.4			US\$/kg	042
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels		0.0	162.8	50.2	0.0	162.8	mIn US\$/unit	793
2606 Aluminium ores and concentrates	. 80.1	79.5	100.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	285
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 103.6	36.7	47.6	145.8	76.7	68.8	US\$/kg	542
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	37.0	45.3	60.9	3.0	3.3	3.4	US\$/litre	112
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	. 29.0	22.6	53.0	4.0	4.3	14.2	US\$/kg	034
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	. 11.4	27.9	35.0	280.3	611.2	425.4	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( and								
			wth rates	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	7892.6	54.7	85.4	100.0				
0+1	401.9	-0.1	12.9	5.1				
2+4	152.3	-1.0	25.9	1.9				
3	4292.6	766.3	45.9	54.4				
5	57.3	61.5	19.4	0.7				
6	33.0	-0.7	79.5	0.4				
7	2559.8	401.9	1167.0	32.4				
8	13.0	58.5	11.7	0.2				
9	382.6	-16.0	-31.3	4.8				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

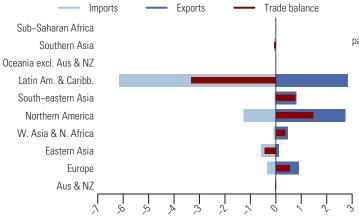
(									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	8585.9	37.5	106.4	100.0					
0+1	388.3	12.2	13.5	4.5					
2+4	69.8	0.4	15.1	8.0					
3	1 099.9	19.9	79.2	12.8					
5	276.9	-9.6	3.4	3.2					
6	521.8	11.8	51.4	6.1					
7	6017.2	75.1	158.2	70.1					
8	212.1	6.4	6.1	2.5					

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

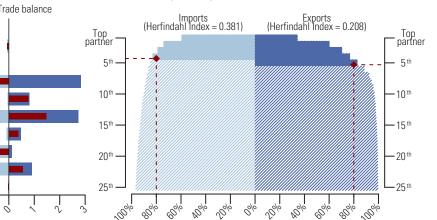
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

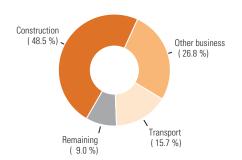


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 70.1, 12.8 and 6.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels" (HS code 8905) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Bahamas, the United States and Singapore, accounting for respectively 50.4, 18.8 and 11.1 percent of total imports. "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 873.1 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 483.1 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 283.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

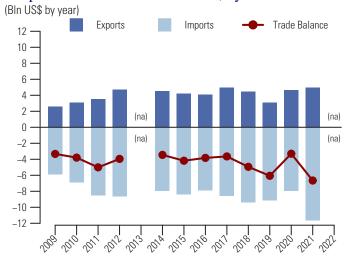
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-d	igit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020		2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		2493.7	4159.8	8585.9					
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, o	dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels	426.4	1659.5	5133.8	2.2	11.4	10.6	mIn US\$/unit	793
2710 Petroleum oils, other than	crude	374.8	589.5	1068.3	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers,	angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	44.8	80.3	111.0	59.6	63.4	74.7	thsd US\$/unit	723
8703 Motor cars and other mot	or vehicles principally designed for the transport	49.9	83.5	81.8	7.6	7.1	7.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
2523 Portland cement, alumino	us cement, slag cement	119.8	43.6	42.4		0.1		US\$/kg	661
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow p	rofiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron)	92.3	4.5	65.6	4.0	2.0	2.7	US\$/kg	679
8704 Motor vehicles for the tra	nsport of goods	26.2	49.8	69.7	16.4	15.9	21.9	thsd US\$/unit	782
8431 Parts suitable for use prin	cipally with the machinery of headings 84.25	70.7	39.7	34.0	11.0	10.1		US\$/kg	723
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and sign	milar appliances for pipes, boiler shells	16.0	9.5	92.6	22.5	14.7	56.9	US\$/kg	747
2202 Waters with added sugar.		15.4	33.0	38.9					111

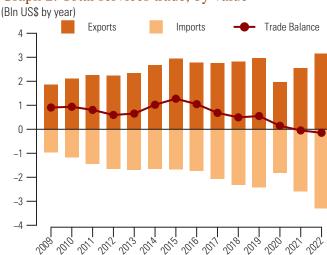
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Honduras increased moderately by 6.6 percent to reach 5.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 45.9 percent to reach 11.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 6.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Honduras were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Honduras increased substantially by 23.6 percent, reaching 3.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 26.9 percent and reached 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 146.0 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 56.1, 18.6 and 9.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated" (HS code 0901) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, El Salvador and Germany, accounting for respectively 40.4, 6.6 and 6.5 percent of total exports. "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 197.4 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 174.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

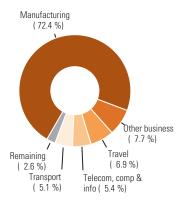


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								1
HS	Valu	e (million US	(\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	3091.2	4666.3	4975.9					
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	955.6	871.8	1292.0	2.3	2.7	3.3	US\$/kg	071
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	139.7	525.9	812.3	15.7	16.7	19.6	US\$/kg	773
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not	183.2	329.0	516.5	4.4	6.9	5.6	US\$/kg	036
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	143.6	350.7	236.0	0.6	0.7	1.0	US\$/kg	422
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	237.1	222.6	137.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	057
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	84.2	114.8	163.1	38.4	47.2	49.6	thsd US\$/kg	971
0807 Melons (including watermelons) and papaws (papayas), fresh	115.6	91.2	89.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	057
0709 Other vegetables, fresh or chilled	49.8	80.7	101.3	0.7	0.9	1.0	US\$/kg	054
2309 Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding		110.7	59.7	0.7	0.8	8.0	US\$/kg	081
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	37.1	131.3	44.3	9.9	25.0	13.3	US\$/kg	122

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

Avg. Growth rates 2021							
		2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share			
Total	4975.9	0.0	6.6	100.0			
0+1	2791.7	1.1	13.9	56.1			
2+4	464.7	-7.4	-20.2	9.3			
3	0.7	-64.3	42.8	0.0			
5	115.3	-14.2	-62.3	2.3			
6	392.8	-4.0	23.4	7.9			
7	927.3	11.1	42.4	18.6			
8	82.7	-18.8	-58.9	1.7			
9	200.8	6.8	29.8	4.0			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

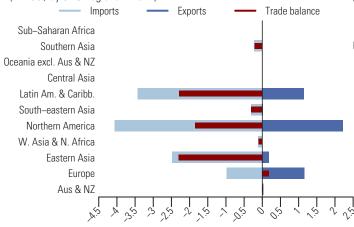
( value III	Ji contago,						
		Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share			
Total	11630.9	7.8	45.9	100.0			
0+1	2153.1	10.5	30.0	18.5			
2+4	305.3	5.9	55.2	2.6			
3	1671.4	6.8	52.2	14.4			
5	1 968.0	8.1	29.1	16.9			
6	1 997.1	9.2	57.9	17.2			
7	2633.3	7.3	65.3	22.6			
8	902.4	2.7	41.3	7.8			
9	0.3	66.9	81.3	0.0			

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

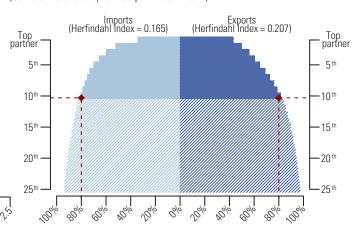
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

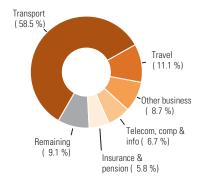


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 22.6, 18.5 and 17.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 34.7, 16.9 and 7.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.5 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 287.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 227.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

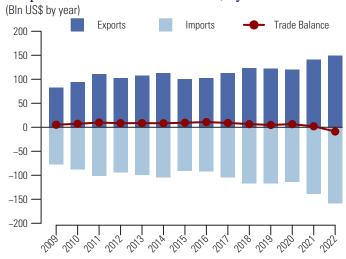
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Vali	ue (million US	5\$)			<u>Unit va</u>	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 9156.2	7 971.7	11630.9					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		1057.9	1573.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 433.1	450.4	552.1	36.1	40.0	46.8	US\$/kg	542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	. 213.9	166.3	327.6	20.0			thsd US\$/unit	782
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	246.1	193.2	239.4					764
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	157.9	161.7	349.2	0.8	0.7	1.0	US\$/kg	674
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 198.6	134.8	257.5	22.4	23.2	25.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	169.9	181.9	224.1	5.8	5.9	6.6	US\$/kg	098
1005 Maize (corn)	. 145.3	157.7	223.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	044
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues		113.3	150.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	081
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides	. 99.7	125.1	119.4	4.4	3.8	4.1	US\$/kg	591

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Hungary increased moderately by 6.0 percent to reach 149.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 13.9 percent to reach 158.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 8.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -16.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Hungary were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Hungary increased substantially by 12.2 percent, reaching 29.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 5.7 percent and reached 21.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 7.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 53.4, 12.1 and 9.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Italy and Romania, accounting for respectively 26.5, 5.6 and 5.3 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 6.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 6.5 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 4.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

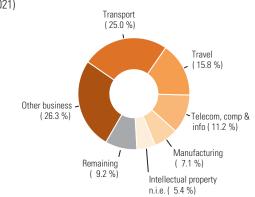


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1						
HS	Vali	ue (million U	S\$)	Unit value		SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020   2021   2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	119970.7	141 157.1	149580.9			
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	11306.2	12010.6	12163.1			781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	6661.9	7778.3	7770.7			784
8507 Electric accumulators, including separators therefor	2928.7	4484.7	7 427.1			778
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	3525.4	3621.6	4855.0			752
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	3763.5	4158.6	3921.4			764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	3604.8	3 983.8	3 9 9 5 . 1			542
8528 Reception apparatus for television	3443.0	3 985.7	3153.8			761
8407 Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines	3032.8	3089.4	2984.5			713
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	2140.9	2643.7	2670.4			773
8537 Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases	2313.7	2454.5	2466.7			772

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 65¢, growth and shares in personage)								
			Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	149580.9	4.8	6.0	100.0				
0+1	10810.0	6.5	6.8	7.2				
2+4	4113.2	10.3	10.2	2.7				
3	6481.0	16.8	43.6	4.3				
5	18135.6	5.2	1.0	12.1				
6	14846.0	2.1	3.3	9.9				
7	79818.7	3.7	2.8	53.4				
8	12236.9	2.7	1.8	8.2				
9	3139.4	36.0	305.7	2.1				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

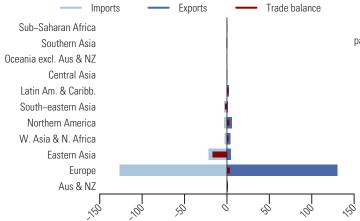
(value in immeri eeq, greviar and enares in persentage,								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	158413.7	7.8	13.9	100.0				
0+1	8 283.8	8.1	14.6	5.2				
2+4	4002.0	12.3	25.3	2.5				
3	23814.6	25.6	90.0	15.0				
5	20623.7	9.0	10.6	13.0				
6	21 396.1	5.7	7.9	13.5				
7	63604.7	3.7	0.8	40.2				
8	12712.6	4.6	3.3	8.0				
9	3976.0	22.7	72.8	2.5				

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

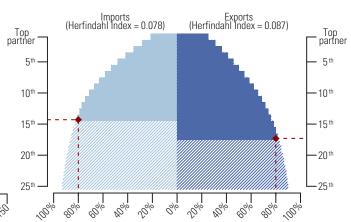
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

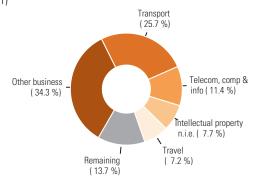


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 40.2, 15.0 and 13.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and Austria, accounting for respectively 23.0, 7.2 and 6.4 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 6.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 5.2 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

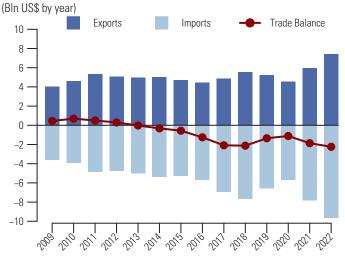
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Vali	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	113 422.7	139132.0	158413.7					
8708 F	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	5658.4	6530.4	6651.9					784
2711 F	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	1638.4	3548.1	9851.2					343
8517 E	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	4087.9	4568.2	4788.5					764
2716 E	Electrical energy	1271.8	3616.7	7594.0	46.1	130.32	282.4	US\$/MWh	351
	Electronic integrated circuits		3534.7	3761.3					776
	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport		3449.2	3381.9					781
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	2862.3	2888.2	2687.8					542
2709 F	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	1685.5	2883.1	3154.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	333
8471 A	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	2345.1	2567.1	2792.1					752
9999 (	Commodities not specified according to kind	1796.7	2053.5	3771.2					931

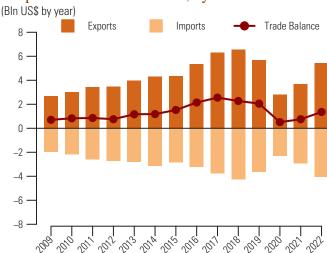
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Iceland increased substantially by 23.9 percent to reach 7.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 23.0 percent to reach 9.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -822.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Iceland were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Iceland increased substantially by 46.4 percent, reaching 5.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 37.8 percent and reached 4.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 1.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 46.3, 38.5 and 4.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Unwrought aluminium" (HS code 7601) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Netherlands, Spain and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 29.8, 10.1 and 9.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 926.0 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 468.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Travel (35.6 %)

Travel (12.6 %)

Telecom, comp & info (10.5 %)

Remaining

(7.9%)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1			/	۸۱ ا					OUTO
HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit valı	Je 9L	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System		2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		4580.4	5973.7	7 403.8					
7601 Unwrought aluminium		1348.3	1965.1	2651.1	1.9	2.5	3.5	US\$/kg	684
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced)		982.6	1079.6	1152.0	6.4	7.8	7.6	US\$/kg	034
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets		330.9	438.3	466.2	2.8	5.4	4.7	US\$/kg	034
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of head	ing 03.04	267.9	432.5	362.1	2.0	2.6	2.7	US\$/kg	034
0305 Fish, dried, salted or in brine		289.6	298.4	307.5	5.3	7.8	5.8	US\$/kg	035
7202 Ferro-alloys		122.5	189.1	343.7	1.1	1.7	3.4	US\$/kg	671
7605 Aluminium wire		129.2	208.7	255.0	1.9	2.8	3.4	US\$/kg	684
2301 Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal		135.0	131.0	278.4	1.6	1.6	1.8	US\$/kg	081
1504 Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals		96.6	100.7	224.7	2.7	2.9	2.8	US\$/kg	411
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		32.3	68.5	171.3	0.4	1.8	1.1	US\$/kg	334

Intellectual property

n.i.e. ( 8.4 %)

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in million 664, growth and shares in percentage)								
		2022						
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
7 403.8	7.4	23.9	100.0					
2848.7	4.9	7.8	38.5					
328.8	12.9	68.2	4.4					
171.4	11.2	149.7	2.3					
186.0	46.2	60.8	2.5					
3 4 2 5 . 8	9.0	35.0	46.3					
230.5	-2.2	-7.8	3.1					
182.3	11.1	35.5	2.5					
30.3	-14.8	3.4	0.4					
	2022 7 403.8 2 848.7 328.8 171.4 186.0 3 425.8 230.5 182.3	Avg. Grov   2018-2022   7 403.8   7.4   2 848.7   4.9   328.8   12.9   171.4   11.2   186.0   46.2   3 425.8   9.0   230.5   -2.2   182.3   11.1	Avg. Growth rates 2022 2018-2022 2021-2022 7 403.8 7.4 23.9 2 848.7 4.9 7.8 328.8 12.9 68.2 171.4 11.2 149.7 186.0 46.2 60.8 3 425.8 9.0 35.0 230.5 -2.2 -7.8 182.3 11.1 35.5					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

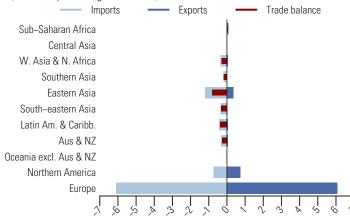
(value in minion 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	9643.9	5.8	23.0	100.0					
0+1	903.7	6.6	8.4	9.4					
2+4	942.4	-1.7	18.3	9.8					
3	1 437.3	6.4	142.9	14.9					
5	758.1	8.1	4.0	7.9					
6	1107.1	7.9	19.9	11.5					
7	3 2 8 9 . 7	5.7	12.5	34.1					
8	1204.5	9.4	16.1	12.5					
9	1.0	-20.1	-23.1	0.0					

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

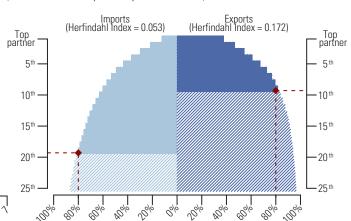
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



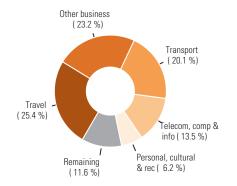
### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 34.1, 14.9 and 12.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Norway, China and Germany, accounting for respectively 10.6, 9.0 and 8.6 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 750.0 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 685.9 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 593.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Value	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020		2022	Unit	code
All C	Commodities	5696.7	7838.1	9643.9					
2710 Petro	pleum oils, other than crude	338.3	535.4	1319.1	0.5	1.3	1.1	US\$/kg	334
2818 Artifi	icial corundum, whether or not chemically defined	458.6	592.9	698.4	0.3	1.1	0.4	US\$/kg	522
8703 Moto	or cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	339.3	550.2	737.0	26.8	32.2	28.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
8545 Carb	on electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons	289.4	327.5	494.4	0.6	3.2	1.1	US\$/kg	778
8471 Auto	matic data processing machines and units thereof	164.8	306.9	290.3					752
3004 Med	licaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	170.4	205.7	195.9	154.9	160.8	153.9	US\$/kg	542
2309 Prepa	arations of a kind used in animal feeding	109.0	124.8	136.7	1.3	1.7	1.7	US\$/kg	081
8517 Elect	trical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	85.1	142.4	142.5					764
	er aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	27.4	141.1	138.7					792
8902 Fishi	ng vessels; factory ships and other vessels for processing	35.3	186.3	59.2		16.9	7.4	mIn US\$/unit	793

Trade System: General

#### Overview:

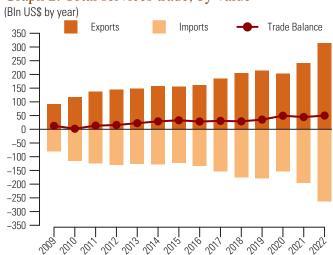
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of India increased substantially by 14.7 percent to reach 452.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 28.4 percent to reach 732.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 279.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -125.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in India were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 31 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of India increased substantially by 30.4 percent, reaching 313.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 34.6 percent and reached 263.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 49.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 22.2, 21.8 and 17.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the United Arab Emirates and China, accounting for respectively 17.9, 6.7 and 5.1 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 93.0 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 82.0 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 29.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

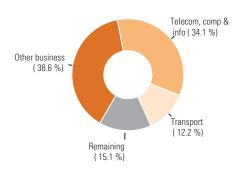


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	275 488.7	394813.7	452684.2					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	26174.7	54037.1	94398.7	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	15213.1	24746.0	23919.7	459.8	454.2	528.5	US\$/carat	667
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	16635.0	17 122.5	17 451.4	57.2	32.0	28.0	US\$/kg	542
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	7657.6	10553.4	12306.3	28.5	28.9	22.0	thsd US\$/kg	897
1006 Rice	7 980.0	9623.6	10766.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	042
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	3 9 3 7 . 5	6456.4	10952.3					764
7601 Unwrought aluminium	3920.0	6972.4	7079.7	1.8	2.6	2.9	US\$/kg	684
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05		6179.2	6664.9	6.3	5.4	5.6	US\$/kg	784
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	4620.8	5483.0	6585.9	5.7	5.2	6.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not	3884.3	5253.9	4907.5	7.2	7.6	7.6	US\$/kg	036

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million cow, growth and shares in percentage)								
		2022						
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
452684.2	8.8	14.7	100.0					
46765.0	10.5	12.6	10.3					
13338.8	2.3	-18.8	2.9					
98470.0	19.3	74.6	21.8					
65220.6	6.8	4.7	14.4					
100709.3	5.6	-6.4	22.2					
80795.5	9.1	18.3	17.8					
46896.9	2.8	11.3	10.4					
488.2	26.0	360.4	0.1					
	2022 452 684.2 46 765.0 13 338.8 98 470.0 65 220.6 100 709.3 80 795.5 46 896.9	Avg. Grov   2018-2022   452 684.2   8.8   46 765.0   10.5   13 338.8   2.3   98 470.0   19.3   65 220.6   6.8   100 709.3   5.6   80 795.5   9.1   46 896.9   2.8	Avg. Growth rates   2018-2022   2021-2022   2021-2022   452 684.2   8.8   14.7   46 765.0   10.5   12.6   13338.8   2.3   -18.8   98 470.0   19.3   74.6   65 220.6   6.8   4.7   100 709.3   5.6   -6.4   80 795.5   9.1   18.3   46 896.9   2.8   11.3					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

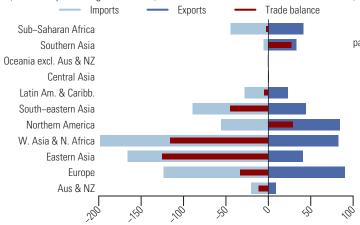
( varao iii	τιιιιιστί σσφ, ;	grovven and	onaroo in p	or our rago,	
		Avg. Growth rates			
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share	
Total	732 566.0	9.6	28.4	100.0	
0+1	11 127.8	7.0	11.6	1.5	
2+4	59385.1	12.9	26.5	8.1	
3	277 235.2	13.2	62.7	37.8	
5	95607.8	12.3	22.2	13.1	
6	86 478.6	5.0	23.6	11.8	
7	142224.0	6.7	19.6	19.4	
8	22 494.5	4.7	19.1	3.1	
9	38012.9	2.7	-33.5	5.2	

#### SITC Legend

	SITC	D
Į	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

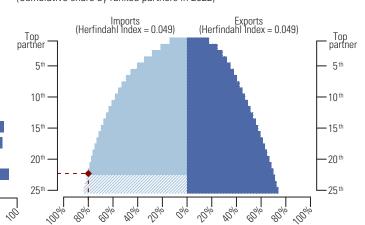
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

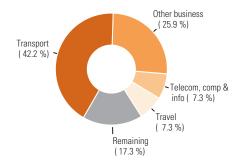


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 37.8, 19.4 and 13.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United Arab Emirates and the United States, accounting for respectively 14.9, 7.2 and 7.2 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 82.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 50.7 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 14.4 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

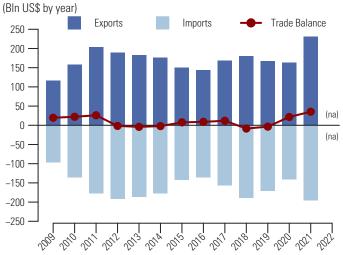
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Val	ue (million U	- 11			Jnit val	ue	_  SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	367 980.4	570 402.0	732566.0					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	64579.7	106 406.8	173515.9	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	21 922.2	55783.0	36574.6	51.0	52.2	51.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	15871.1	25710.2	48 985.9	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	321
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	15247.2	24044.6	32369.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	US\$/kg	343
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	. 15899.3	26 289.3	27 301.7	135.3	147.3	190.3	US\$/carat	667
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 12708.0	13239.9	17 492.1					764
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	. 8417.9	12391.5	16122.3					776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	5880.0	9726.2	14815.2	0.4	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	334
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	7 283.5	10895.0	11090.3	124.5	111.5	131.2	US\$/unit	752
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	5119.3	9568.5	11728.7	0.7	1.2	1.3	US\$/kg	422

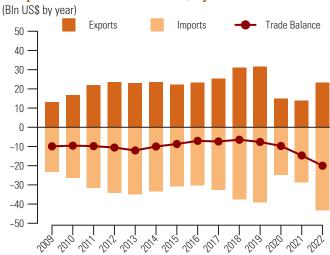
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Indonesia increased substantially by 41.9 percent to reach 231.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 38.6 percent to reach 196.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 35.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 13.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Indonesia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Indonesia increased substantially by 66.6 percent, reaching 23.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 51.2 percent and reached 43.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 20.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 24.4, 19.5 and 18.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal" (HS code 2701) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Japan, accounting for respectively 20.2, 11.1 and 8.5 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 5.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 3.3 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

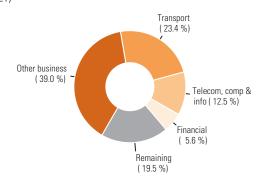


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Vali	ue (million US	S\$)		Į	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	167 683.0	163 191.8	231 522.5					
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	18957.2	14534.0	26538.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg	321
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	14716.3	17 363.9	26665.1	0.5	0.7	1.0	US\$/kg	422
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	8261.1	5397.7	7 483.0	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	343
7202 Ferro-alloys	2600.7	4745.0	7125.3	1.6	1.6	2.0	US\$/kg	671
7219 Flat-rolled products of stainless steel, of a width of 600 mm or more	3259.4	2993.0	6586.1	1.7	1.7	2.2	US\$/kg	675
3823 Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids	2625.8	2916.2	5298.9	0.6	0.8	1.1	US\$/kg	512
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	3552.1	5541.9	1519.6	44.6	54.9	57.5	thsd US\$/kg	971
4001 Natural rubber, balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle	3527.2	3011.7	4017.0	1.4	1.3	1.7	US\$/kg	231
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	3943.0	2689.2	3358.5	17.7	17.4	20.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
2702 Lignite, whether or not agglomerated, excluding jet	2770.9	1923.7	4975.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg	322

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	ιιιιιιοιι σοφ, ί	growth and	silaies ili þi	ercerraye,		
		Avg. Grov	2021			
SITC	2021	2021 2017-2021 2020-2021				
Total	231 522.5	8.2	41.9	100.0		
0+1	18239.7	6.6	15.1	7.9		
2+4	56 554.4	8.2	54.4	24.4		
3	45110.3	5.2	76.9	19.5		
5	13419.3	8.4	37.7	5.8		
6	43821.8	18.3	53.3	18.9		
7	26 981.4	5.7	26.0	11.7		
8	25775.1	5.3	30.1	11.1		
9	1620.4	-4.4	-71.4	0.7		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

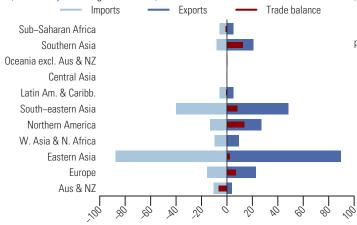
(value in minion 664, grewth and onares in personage,						
	Avg. Growth rates					
2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share			
196 190.0	5.7	38.6	100.0			
20454.6	7.2	26.1	10.4			
11639.0	6.8	54.6	5.9			
28838.3	3.1	82.8	14.7			
32 535.8	9.7	51.9	16.6			
32698.6	6.1	43.5	16.7			
56 586.9	3.7	21.5	28.8			
10275.1	5.3	13.0	5.2			
3161.7	18.4	45.7	1.6			
	2021 196190.0 20454.6 11639.0 28838.3 32535.8 32698.6 56586.9 10275.1	Avg. Grov   2021   2017-2021   196 190.0   5.7   20 454.6   7.2   11 639.0   6.8   28 838.3   3.1   32 535.8   9.7   32 698.6   6.1   56 586.9   3.7   10 275.1   5.3	Avg. Growth rates           2021         2017-2021         2020-2021           196 190.0         5.7         38.6           20 454.6         7.2         26.1           11 639.0         6.8         54.6           28 838.3         3.1         82.8           32 535.8         9.7         51.9           32 698.6         6.1         43.5           56 586.9         3.7         21.5           10 275.1         5.3         13.0			

#### SITC Legend

SITC	B
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

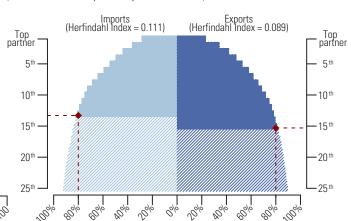
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

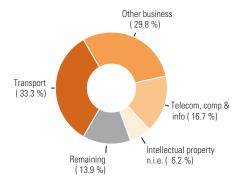


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 28.8, 16.7 and 16.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Singapore and Japan, accounting for respectively 27.7, 8.9 and 8.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 9.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 8.6 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 4.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

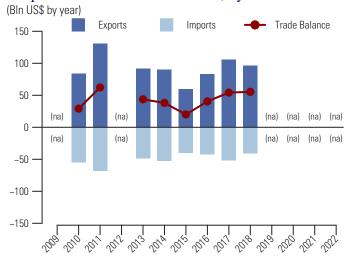
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Unit valu	ie	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
	All Commodities	171 275.7	141 568.8	196 190.0					
	Petroleum oils, other than crude	13 085.0	7967.7	13970.6	0.6	0.4	0.7	US\$/kg	334
8517 l	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	5687.3	5963.1	6280.6					764
2709 F	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	5704.6	3391.7	7047.2			0.5	US\$/kg	333
2711 F	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	2507.4	2581.0	4091.4	0.4			US\$/kg	343
1001 \	Wheat and meslin	2799.3	2616.0	3548.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	3381.6	1841.5	3127.5	10.2	9.3	9.8	US\$/kg	784
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	2292.7	2022.8	3055.8					752
8542 l	Electronic integrated circuits	1739.0	1789.6	2871.2					776
	Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	1768.4	1901.7	2681.7					971
2304 (	Oil-cake and other solid residues	1658.7	1938.2	2679.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	081

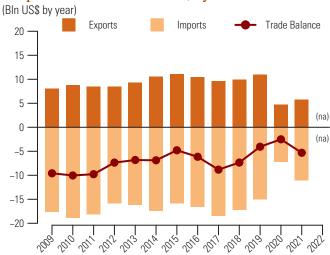
#### Overview:

In 2018, the value of merchandise exports of the Islamic Republic of Iran decreased moderately by 8.7 percent to reach 96.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 20.1 percent to reach 41.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 55.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 40.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Islamic Republic of Iran were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of the Islamic Republic of Iran increased substantially by 20.9 percent, reaching 5.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 52.3 percent and reached 11.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 5.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2018, representing respectively 68.7, 11.0 and 8.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2016 to 2018, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Other Asia nes, Rest of Europe nes and China, accounting for respectively 41.6, 11.6 and 9.3 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.9 bln US\$, followed by "Construction" (EBOPS code SL) at 353.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 337.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

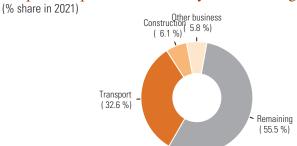


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2016 to 2018

HS	Vali	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit valı	ne	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
All Commodities	83 148.2	105844.1	96617.5					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	35074.5	48310.9	50823.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	14696.5	20012.1	9012.0			0.5	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	5295.5	5594.4	5276.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	343
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms	3122.6	3692.6	3 385.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	US\$/kg	571
2905 Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives	1416.5	1931.7	2186.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	512
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	738.1	1301.0	1521.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	672
2902 Cyclic hydrocarbons	1331.2	1134.5	859.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg	511
0802 Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled	1318.3	1239.9	487.8	9.1	8.9	8.5	US\$/kg	057
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	817.2	1106.3	841.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	US\$/kg	281
7206 Iron and non-alloy steel in ingots or other primary forms	569.9	1131.0	716.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	672

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05¢, growth and shares in percentage)						
		2018				
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share		
Total	96617.5	1.7	-8.7	100.0		
0+1	6036.9	-2.0	-1.8	6.2		
2+4	1 968.3	-2.5	-27.0	2.0		
3	66354.7	2.0	-11.8	68.7		
5	10612.0	-1.6	-6.1	11.0		
6	8641.1	6.1	8.6	8.9		
7	1597.8	6.7	45.1	1.7		
8	1397.3	9.6	11.9	1.4		
9	9.3	-32.3	-94.9	0.0		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

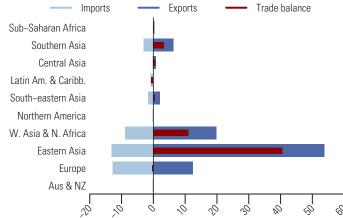
		5			
		Avg. Growth rates			
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share	
Total	41 236.2	-5.7	-20.1	100.0	
0+1	8044.7	-6.0	2.5	19.5	
2+4	4106.9	1.8	-6.2	10.0	
3	399.0	-9.8	23.4	1.0	
5	6198.2	-2.9	-11.6	15.0	
6	4783.7	-14.5	-38.2	11.6	
7	13 253.3	-7.8	-25.1	32.1	
8	1720.0	0.4	-31.1	4.2	
9	2730.4	15.6	-33.8	6.6	

#### SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

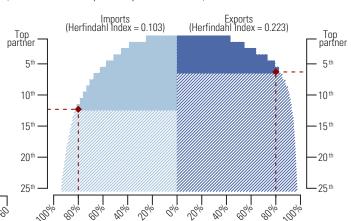
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2018)



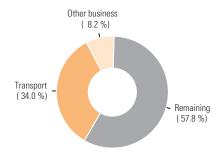
### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2018)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2018, representing respectively 32.1, 19.5 and 15.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2016 to 2018, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United Arab Emirates and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 25.1, 14.4 and 6.8 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 3.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 909.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

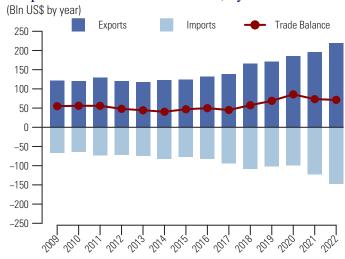
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2016 to 2018

HS	• •	Valu	ie (million US	(85)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
All Co	ommodities	42702.1	51612.3	41 236.2					
9999 Comn	nodities not specified according to kind	1989.1	4125.9	2730.4					931
1005 Maize	e (corn)	1448.4	1642.5	2115.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	044
	r cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	2008.3	1838.9	439.0	19.0	19.4	21.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
1006 Rice		690.7	1214.0	1628.5	0.8	0.9	1.0	US\$/kg	042
	caments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1031.5	1134.1	1115.2	46.1		116.9	US\$/kg	542
8517 Electr	rical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1024.1	1362.7	770.2					764
1201 Soya	beans, whether or not broken	909.0	943.3	1161.1	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	222
8708 Parts	and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	611.9	905.5	690.4	5.6	6.5	8.0	US\$/kg	784
2304 Oil-ca	ske and other solid residues	607.7	503.3	651.2	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	081
9018 Instru	ments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	497.8	675.1	556.8					872

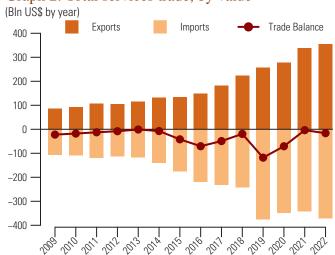
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Ireland increased substantially by 11.9 percent to reach 219.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 20.5 percent to reach 147.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 71.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 46.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Ireland were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Ireland increased moderately by 5.0 percent, reaching 354.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 8.6 percent and reached 370.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 16.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 64.2, 13.4 and 9.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses" (HS code 3002) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Germany and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 31.0, 11.3 and 10.3 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 201.2 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 55.4 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 25.9 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

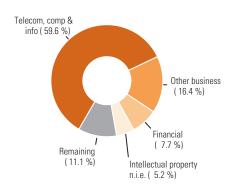


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit val			ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	185 185.4	195997.9	219304.2					
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	41701.6	43753.6	48 496.0	7.9	6.6	4.0	thsd US\$/kg	541
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	22347.1	22 564.3	23 921.0	118.5	120.7	118.1	US\$/kg	542
2933 Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	20390.8	18608.8	23332.5	2.7	2.5	8.3	thsd US\$/kg	515
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	8205.1	11 179.9	11948.9					776
2934 Nucleic acids and their salts	9592.8	7349.0	11 087.2	9.6	7.7	16.0	thsd US\$/kg	515
3302 Mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures	8287.6	9229.7	9894.0	52.5	52.0	51.9	US\$/kg	551
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	5667.3	7693.9	9393.5					872
2937 Hormones, prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes	5034.7	6 455.7	7 450.9	11.8	9.5		thsd US\$/kg	541
9021 Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses	5058.2	6051.3	6201.9					899
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	4177.2	3187.9	3546.2	941.2	508.5	670.0	US\$/unit	752

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( Value III	(Value III IIIIII COQ, growth and charco III percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	219304.2	7.2	11.9	100.0							
0+1	17718.5	4.4	7.9	8.1							
2+4	2403.6	1.8	-4.0	1.1							
3	1888.8	11.8	68.5	0.9							
5	140845.3	8.6	16.1	64.2							
6	3716.8	6.8	9.3	1.7							
7	29374.6	5.1	-2.4	13.4							
8	21671.9	4.4	7.9	9.9							
9	1684.7	6.0	66.6	0.8							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

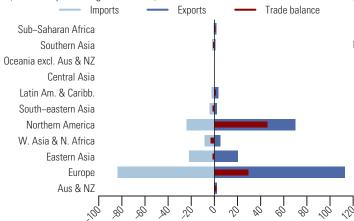
1.0.00	(Taras III IIII 654, graviar and chares III persentage,										
		Avg. Grov		2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	147 913.9	8.0	20.5	100.0							
0+1	11 106.9	1.8	11.2	7.5							
2+4	1803.2	6.0	6.9	1.2							
3	13827.1	18.9	89.1	9.3							
5	40347.2	14.5	31.7	27.3							
6	9562.2	10.6	17.1	6.5							
7	53503.0	3.1	9.4	36.2							
8	15030.0	10.6	8.3	10.2							
9	2734.4	0.6	24.2	1.8							

SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

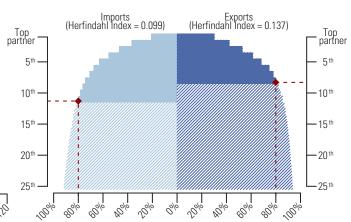
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

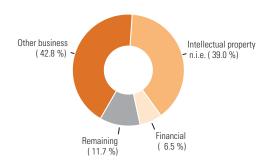


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 36.2, 27.3 and 10.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft" (HS code 8802) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Kingdom, the United States and France, accounting for respectively 20.8, 16.2 and 9.8 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 146.0 bln US\$, followed by "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 133.2 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 22.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

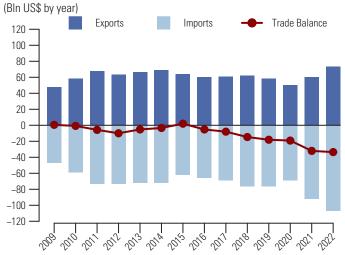
HS		Value (million US\$)				l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	99441.6	122755.3	147 913.9					
8802 (	Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	15372.7	17 003.4	15959.4	24.9			mIn US\$/unit	792
2933 H	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	6146.8	8129.5	14399.6	0.8	0.9	2.5	thsd US\$/kg	515
3002 H	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	3971.0	5467.3	6099.6	656.5	246.3	713.8	US\$/kg	541
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	3963.3	4511.4	4615.3	32.7	149.7	114.5	US\$/kg	542
8542 E	lectronic integrated circuits	785.0	5773.0	6472.3					776
	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	3795.1	3845.0	4050.1	431.4	116.9	236.2	US\$/unit	752
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	1747.9	2841.3	5252.8	0.4	0.6	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8703 N	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	2209.1	2738.2	3136.6	16.2	15.5	17.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
2711 F	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	801.3	2018.1	5082.4		0.5	1.1	US\$/kg	343
9999 (	Commodities not specified according to kind	2544.8	2162.9	2704.6					931

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin Goods Exports: FOB, by sale Trade System: Special

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Israel increased substantially by 22.3 percent to reach 73.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.2 percent to reach 107.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 33.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -16.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Israel were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Israel increased substantially by 29.5 percent, reaching 93.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 39.1 percent and reached 44.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 48.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 29.3, 24.6 and 20.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set" (HS code 7102) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Bunkers, ship stores and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 26.2, 10.0 and 7.7 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 25.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 24.5 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 10.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

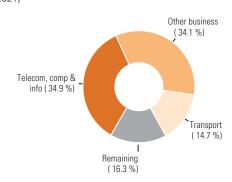


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			е	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020 2	2021   2	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	50153.2	60159.7	73583.4					
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	5420.6	8763.5	10880.0					667
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	2452.1	3707.0	5798.8					931
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	2925.6	3746.3	4955.0					776
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	2004.6	2107.1	2549.4					764
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	1851.7	2352.5	2447.0					872
3824 Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores	1133.7	2082.9	3225.6					598
9031 Measuring or checking instruments, appliances and machines	1381.8	1968.8	2111.6					874
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	1932.2	1600.1	1548.9	668.6			US\$/kg	792
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers	1016.6	1252.6	2551.1	2.1	1.9	2.5	US\$/kg	562
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1300.6	1413.7	2039.5	89.9			US\$/kg	542

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million LIS\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	(value in million 05\$, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	73583.4	4.4	22.3	100.0							
0+1	1 995.1	2.9	-1.1	2.7							
2+4	1 121.7	4.4	-6.6	1.5							
5	18092.2	4.3	43.1	24.6							
6	14949.1	-4.5	20.0	20.3							
7	21 553.6	6.6	14.1	29.3							
8	11 991.0	11.3	12.1	16.3							
9	3880.8	666.9	71.2	5.3							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(**************************************										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	107 082.7	8.7	16.2	100.0						
0+1	9202.0	11.9	15.3	8.6						
2+4	2194.8	8.5	17.7	2.0						
3	14659.1	10.6	60.5	13.7						
5	12836.7	9.5	12.0	12.0						
6	18871.1	5.8	8.1	17.6						
7	35 264.5	7.3	13.5	32.9						
8	12148.1	10.1	6.3	11.3						
9	1906.5	39.4	8.3	1.8						

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

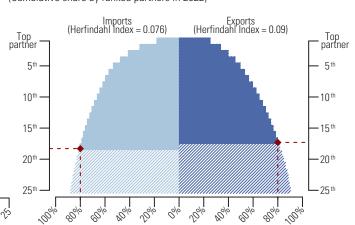
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



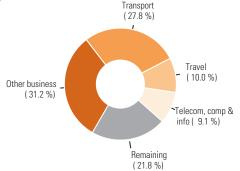
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 32.9, 17.6 and 13.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Bunkers, ship stores, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 16.5, 14.1 and 10.0 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 10.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 8.9 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 3.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

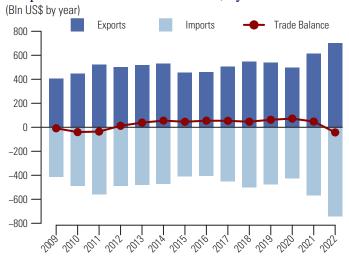
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

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HS	Valu	Value (million US\$)				<u>Unit va</u>	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	69260.7	92158.6	107 082.7					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	3755.7	6432.9	9746.6	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	4169.1	5102.2	6573.5			24.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	2831.2	6189.1	5923.7					667
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	2345.8	2860.8	3007.8					764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	1783.3	2101.5	2439.5					752
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	2012.6	1863.3	2067.8	155.0			US\$/kg	542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1097.2	1611.8	2560.3	0.9	1.1	1.4	US\$/kg	334
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	1016.1	1700.3	2168.4					776
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind		1670.0	1846.8					931
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	1139.6	1630.1	1377.1	1.3			thsd US\$/kg	541

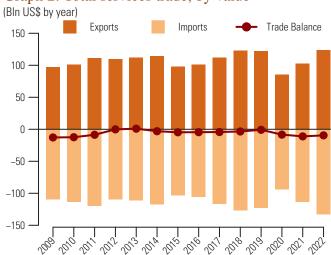
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Italy increased substantially by 13.7 percent to reach 700.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 30.8 percent to reach 743.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 42.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 49.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Italy were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 27 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Italy increased substantially by 20.6 percent, reaching 123.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 17.2 percent and reached 133.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 9.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 29.1, 16.8 and 16.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, France and the United States, accounting for respectively 12.7, 10.2 and 9.9 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 31.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 25.7 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 11.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

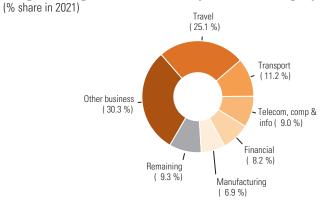


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Value (million US\$)				l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	498803.8	615910.3	700314.9					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	13205.0	18503.0	65329.1					931
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	26 945.3	25761.1	34330.3	86.1	<i>100.6</i> 1	118.6	US\$/kg	542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	8661.8	15343.1	24999.6	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	14783.9	16378.9	15981.8	26.6	33.7	39.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	12569.7	15050.2	15006.2	8.5	8.5	8.2	US\$/kg	784
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	7874.8	9702.5	11914.7	836.63	936.9	971.7	US\$/kg	541
4202 Trunks, suit-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases	8154.3	10473.8	10831.0					831
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells	7 505.7	8885.0	8541.4	21.9	23.4	23.0	US\$/kg	747
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines	7 2 2 6 . 7	8480.3	8289.7	3.5	3.8	3.8	US\$/litre	112
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	5261.4	8998.8	9621.4	7.8	9.2	10.2	thsd US\$/kg	897

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili ilililloti 05%, growtii allu silates ili percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	700314.9	6.2	13.7	100.0				
0+1	60837.5	7.7	7.5	8.7				
2+4	12216.2	8.0	6.7	1.7				
3	30821.7	13.9	68.1	4.4				
5	105837.7	9.9	20.1	15.1				
6	116935.7	4.7	6.1	16.7				
7	203 507.7	0.8	1.1	29.1				
8	117 998.3	4.6	7.7	16.8				
9	52 160.2	44.6	157.9	7.4				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

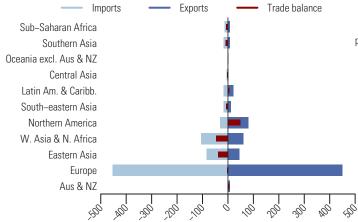
(			J				
				Avg. Growth rates			
S	TC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
To	ital	743 030.1	10.2	30.8	100.0		
0	+1	56 568.2	6.5	19.8	7.6		
2	+4	33153.0	8.7	11.5	4.5		
	3	147 792.5	21.6	95.9	19.9		
	5	111 266.6	8.8	18.6	15.0		
	6	106623.5	8.2	16.6	14.3		
	7	156843.8	2.5	2.8	21.1		
	8	73777.0	5.0	14.9	9.9		
	9	57 005.5	61.2	314.5	7.7		

### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC
	Code Total 0+1 2+4 3 5 6 7 8

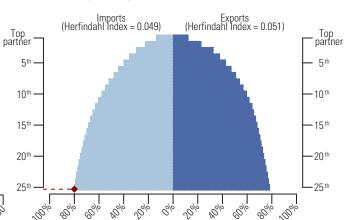
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



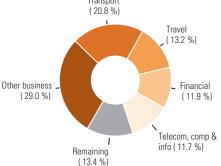
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



### Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Transport (20.8 %)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 21.1, 19.9 and 15.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and France, accounting for respectively 15.1, 8.5 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 32.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 23.6 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 15.0 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

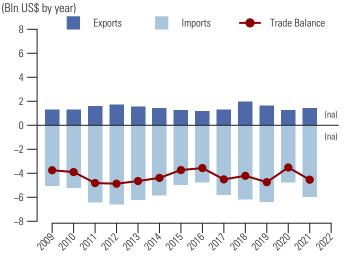
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	426 475.8	568 202.4	743 030.1					
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	11162.3	28504.0	68698.1	0.2	0.5	1.3	US\$/kg	343
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	16214.6	29920.6	44918.3	0.3		0.7	US\$/kg	333
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	5081.8	6785.4	63411.4					931
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	22 978.3	25861.5	25543.4	18.2	18.3	19.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	18366.7	17615.6	20723.3	95.9	118.2	154.7	US\$/kg	542
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	8923.9	11911.2	12471.9	713.6	976.8	887.5	US\$/kg	541
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	9179.0	10435.4	11481.4					764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	5267.0	8253.9	13681.0	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	7 0 3 8 . 1	8803.3	9288.1	9.5	9.5	9.2	US\$/kg	784
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	9717.4	7 494.9	7162.5	40.4	41.2	37.0	thsd US\$/kg	971

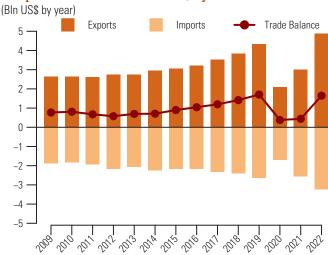
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Jamaica increased substantially by 15.2 percent to reach 1.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 25.4 percent to reach 6.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 4.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Jamaica were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Jamaica increased substantially by 63.1 percent, reaching 4.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 26.9 percent and reached 3.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 1.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 33.2, 32.6 and 28.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined" (HS code 2818) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the Netherlands and Canada, accounting for respectively 44.6, 10.5 and 8.2 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 616.1 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 366.1 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 268.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

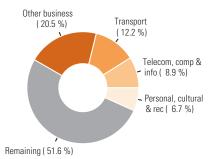


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS		Valu	ie (million US	\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit he	ading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities		1651.2	1250.6	1 440.5					
	not chemically defined	714.4	439.1	398.9	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	522
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		374.0	269.0	419.3	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
2606 Aluminium ores and concentrate	98	95.9	88.6	71.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg	285
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume	of less than 80 % vol	65.1	60.1	64.2		2.8	3.0	US\$/litre	112
0714 Manioc, arrowroot, sweet potat	oes and similar roots	36.4	44.0	44.5	2.3	3.0	2.8	US\$/kg	054
2103 Sauces and preparations therefore	or	23.9	29.6	33.7	4.1	4.0	4.3	US\$/kg	098
2203 Beer made from malt		25.1	26.4	31.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	US\$/litre	112
1905 Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits an	d other bakers'wares	22.3	25.4	27.3	3.1	3.1	3.2	US\$/kg	048
2205 Vermouth and other wine of free	sh grapes	19.9	21.8	28.7	5.2	5.3	5.1	US\$/litre	112
2008 Fruit, nuts and other edible parts	s of plants	20.9	22.0	25.6	6.3	6.3	6.5	US\$/kg	058

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIII) ουφ, growth and shares in percentage)									
	Avg. Grov	2021							
2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
1 440.5	2.4	15.2	100.0						
416.7	5.2	13.3	28.9						
478.5	-6.4	-9.7	33.2						
468.9	19.0	72.7	32.6						
35.3	8.1	-0.1	2.5						
10.8	-17.2	-6.8	0.7						
15.2	-18.2	-1.4	1.1						
8.5	-20.8	-40.6	0.6						
6.5	-1.7	36.0	0.5						
	2021 1 440.5 416.7 478.5 468.9 35.3 10.8 15.2 8.5	Avg. Grov   2021   2017-2021   1 440.5   2.4	Avg. Growth rates           2021         2017-2021         2020-2021           1440.5         2.4         15.2           416.7         5.2         13.3           478.5         -6.4         -9.7           468.9         19.0         72.7           35.3         8.1         -0.1           10.8         -17.2         -6.8           15.2         -18.2         -1.4           8.5         -20.8         -40.6						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

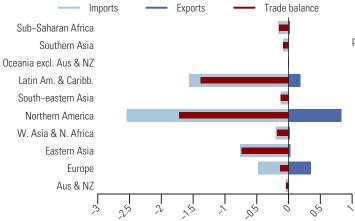
(									
			wth rates	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	5975.6	0.7	25.4	100.0					
0+1	1194.9	6.6	20.9	20.0					
2+4	146.9	5.5	33.7	2.5					
3	1547.0	2.1	65.0	25.9					
5	649.6	-0.5	13.9	10.9					
6	819.9	5.0	30.3	13.7					
7	1198.4	-5.1	7.6	20.1					
8	418.9	-5.3	0.5	7.0					
9	0.1	-71.2	80.4	0.0					

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

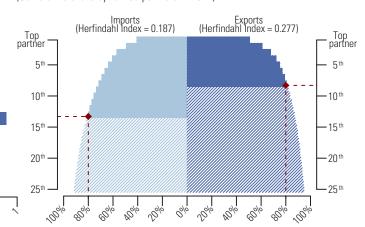
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

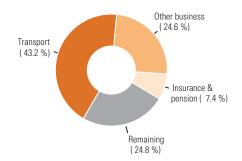


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 25.9, 20.1 and 20.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Brazil, accounting for respectively 42.5, 7.9 and 6.0 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 630.0 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 190.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

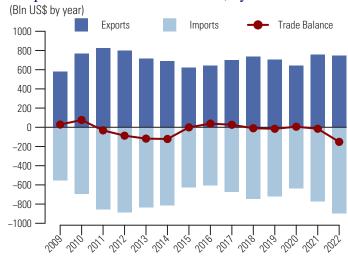
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 6389.1	4765.5	5975.6					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	948.5	404.0	670.0	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	. 635.9	380.1	580.9	0.6	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	373.3	264.5	271.9	7.7	7.7	22.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	. 123.5	146.4	284.8	0.5	0.4	0.1	US\$/kg	343
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	154.1	159.1	151.3	46.2	49.0	55.7	US\$/kg	542
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	127.9	126.8	147.5	2.7	2.6	2.3	US\$/kg	098
7228 Other bars and rods of other alloy steel	76.8	56.6	141.5	0.5	0.4	0.7	US\$/kg	676
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	. 81.9	75.1	82.6		2.1	2.4	US\$/kg	893
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	. 77.1	74.0	74.3	15.6	14.3	28.1	thsd US\$/unit	782
2815 Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda)		54.8	52.3		0.2		US\$/kg	522

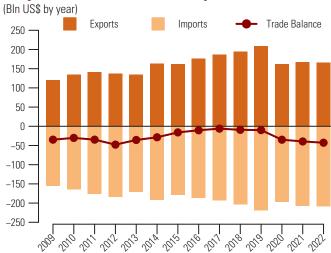
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Japan decreased slightly by 1.4 percent to reach 746.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.4 percent to reach 898.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 151.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -93.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Japan were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Japan decreased slightly by 0.7 percent, reaching 166.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.0 percent and reached 209.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 42.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 54.0, 12.0 and 11.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 21.0, 18.4 and 7.1 percent of total exports. "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 47.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 46.9 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 25.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

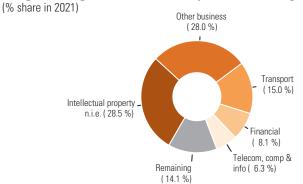


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1			- 1 -					
HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	641 282.6	757 066.3	746672.1					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	80962.0	85545.0	86 572.8	18.9	19.6	20.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	41 063.7	50382.9	56878.0					931
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	. 28880.7	34011.1	33648.6					776
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	27 058.4	32532.5	28885.0	12.9	13.1	12.4	US\$/kg	784
8486 Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices	. 23597.9	30549.3	30929.9					728
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	7 967.7	11 455.6	12383.7	43.7	50.2	53.0	thsd US\$/unit	723
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	. 10690.8	9549.7	8761.5					793
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	6 5 5 8 . 9	10755.2	11033.3	0.5	8.0	0.8	US\$/kg	673
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	. 8948.7	10253.6	8999.9					776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	5 5 5 5 8 . 3	7226.6	14660.0	0.5	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( ) C	(value in million oow, growth and shares in percentage)							
			Avg. Grov	2022				
	SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
-	Total	746672.1	0.3	-1.4	100.0			
	0+1	8631.5	6.6	-4.4	1.2			
	2+4	12247.7	3.5	-8.2	1.6			
	3	18248.1	8.1	78.4	2.4			
	5	87 958.7	2.7	-7.1	11.8			
	6	89386.2	1.6	-1.4	12.0			
	7	403 387.2	-1.8	-3.9	54.0			
	8	59115.6	0.2	-3.8	7.9			
	9	67 696.9	6.3	16.7	9.1			

## Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

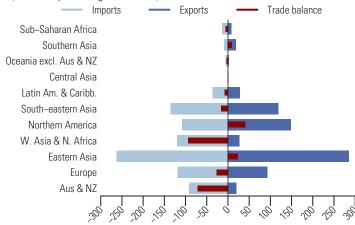
	Avg. Growth rates 2022								
			Avg. Grov	Avg. Growth rates					
Į	SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
	Total	898599.9	4.7	16.4	100.0				
	0+1	72357.6	2.4	7.4	8.1				
	2+4	64889.6	8.1	-0.1	7.2				
	3	254655.8	9.9	64.6	28.3				
	5	100366.9	6.9	13.8	11.2				
	6	76127.4	4.0	4.1	8.5				
	7	218827.1	1.3	0.9	24.4				
	8	97747.0	-0.3	3.7	10.9				
	9	13628.4	2.9	7.2	1.5				

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Couc	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

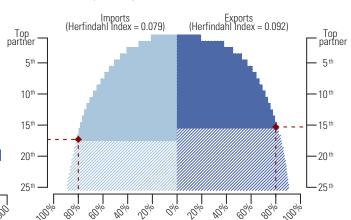
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

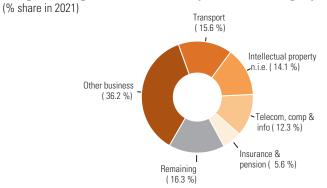


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 28.3, 24.4 and 11.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Australia, accounting for respectively 23.3, 10.6 and 7.7 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 75.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 32.4 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 29.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

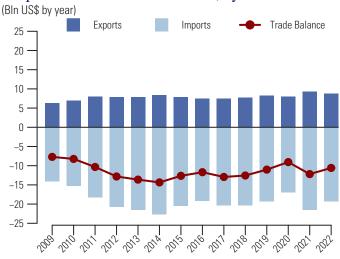
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	635 402.3	772 276.2	898 599.9					
2709 F	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	43 495.4	63 103.4	100922.3	0.4	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	333
2711 F	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	34088.1	45660.9	72 163.6	0.4	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	343
2701 (	Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	15974.7	25176.5	59273.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	US\$/kg	321
8517 E	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	24967.7	28549.2	28363.1					764
8542 E	Electronic integrated circuits	18756.8	25389.7	32414.8					776
	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	19630.5	18843.5	17645.2	203.5	205.4	225.2	US\$/unit	752
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	16948.9	18130.1	17712.7	317.9	350.4	314.8	US\$/kg	542
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	11035.0	18460.2	20021.4	0.4	0.6	8.0	US\$/kg	334
3002 H	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	10353.4	17781.0	19964.9	1.7	2.7	3.3	thsd US\$/kg	541
2601 I	ron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	9655.1	17 978.8	13726.6	0.1	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg	281

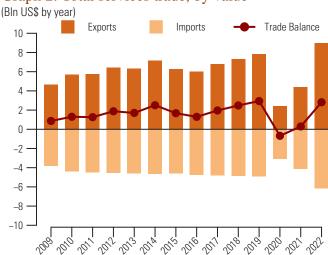
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Jordan decreased moderately by 6.1 percent to reach 8.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 10.1 percent to reach 19.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 10.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -3.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Jordan were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Jordan increased substantially by 103.8 percent, reaching 9.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 49.9 percent and reached 6.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 40.2, 22.5 and 11.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Other garments, knitted or crocheted" (HS code 6114) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, India and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 22.3, 13.1 and 10.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.8 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 951.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

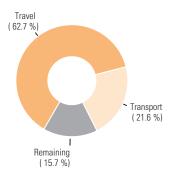


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	ue (million US	\$)			Jnit val	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
А	II Commodities	7943.2	9356.6	8789.8					
	ther garments, knitted or crocheted	1 495.9	1711.2	1500.5					845
3104 N	lineral or chemical fertilisers, potassic	536.4	724.6	1056.8					562
	atural calcium phosphates	342.3	531.0	759.7	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	272
2809 D	iphosphorus pentaoxide; phosphoric acid	338.9	620.7	472.7		1.1	2.0	US\$/kg	522
3004 N	ledicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	431.9	485.1	356.2					542
3102 N	lineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	229.8	404.5	444.6		0.9	1.2	US\$/kg	562
2827 C	hlorides, chloride oxides and chloride hydroxides	237.5	291.0	263.0		2.7	2.1	US\$/kg	523
7108 G	old (including gold plated with platinum)	437.8	75.3	19.1		56.2	57.9	thsd US\$/kg	971
3402 0	rganic surface-active agents (other than soap)	175.6	175.7	155.3		2.1	2.9	US\$/kg	554
7113 A	rticles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	60.5	184.2	211.0					897

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value iii iiiiiioii 004, growtii and shares iii percentag							
			Avg. Grov		2022		
	SITC	2022	2018-2022	share			
	Total	8789.8	3.2	-6.1	100.0		
	0+1	1012.9	-3.9	-22.5	11.5		
	2+4	915.2	15.0	23.6	10.4		
	3	84.8	-8.5	22.8	1.0		
	5	3530.6	10.5	-0.8	40.2		
	6	649.2	2.8	-17.1	7.4		
	7	595.0	-8.1	-4.5	6.8		
	8	1 975.6	-1.7	-9.5	22.5		
	9	26.6	4.6	-70.8	0.3		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

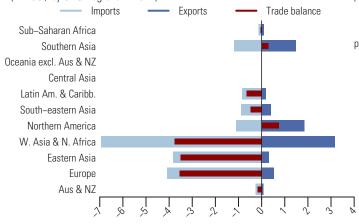
( a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a										
		Avg. Growth rates								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share							
Total	19375.7	-1.2	-10.1	100.0						
0+1	3816.3	1.4	-9.1	19.7						
2+4	598.5	3.9	-11.7	3.1						
3	2876.4	-9.2	7.7	14.8						
5	2276.2	0.6	-17.5	11.7						
6	2839.1	-2.6	-11.8	14.7						
7	3186.7	-9.0	-22.9	16.4						
8	1320.4	-0.8	-19.4	6.8						
9	2462.0	42.6	9.8	12.7						

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
T-4-1	
iotai	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

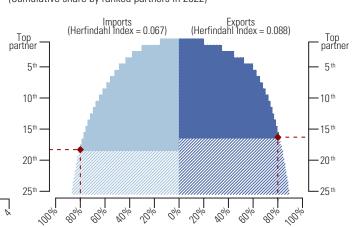
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

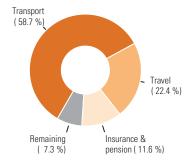


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 19.7, 16.4 and 14.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Saudi Arabia and the United States, accounting for respectively 15.2, 14.2 and 6.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.4 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 918.1 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 475.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

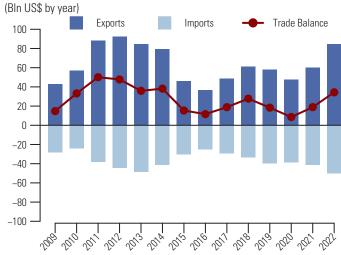
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

	1 1	/ '''' 110	١					OUTO
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	5\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	17006.9	21542.4	19375.7					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	746.1	1240.3	1603.8	1.3	1.7	1.9	US\$/kg	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	881.3	1135.8	984.4					931
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	128.5	1106.9	1 477.7	51.6	50.9	56.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	783.7	1015.2	799.2	23.9	26.7	28.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	556.9	1052.3	920.7	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics	. 426.1	561.7	466.6	10.0	9.4		US\$/kg	655
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	478.1	514.8	389.8	147.3			US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	464.0	490.3	345.6					764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	420.9	293.5	245.6	0.3		1.2	US\$/kg	343
1001 Wheat and meslin	215.1	299.5	301.2	0.3	0.3		US\$/kg	041

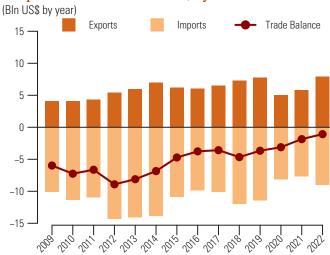
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Kazakhstan increased substantially by 39.9 percent to reach 84.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 20.8 percent to reach 50.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 34.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 17.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Kazakhstan were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Kazakhstan increased substantially by 36.2 percent, reaching 7.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 17.3 percent and reached 9.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 1.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 61.4, 14.9 and 8.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Italy and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 16.8, 15.3 and 10.8 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 4.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 535.3 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 422.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

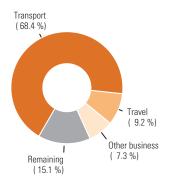


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valı	e (million US	(2:		- 1	Jnit valu	IE.	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Ha	rmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020		2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		47 514.2	60321.0	84391.6					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bitum	inous minerals; crude	23703.8	31 089.8	46919.6	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrough	nt	2720.4	3260.9	3747.0	5.6	8.5	8.5	US\$/kg	682
7202 Ferro-alloys		1658.1	2280.0	3230.6	0.9	1.4	2.0	US\$/kg	671
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydroca	rbons	2471.5	2106.6	2191.1	0.1	0.4	0.9	US\$/kg	343
2844 Radioactive chemical elements and radioact	tive isotopes	1750.7	1764.9	2641.7	62.6	73.2	100.7	US\$/kg	525
2603 Copper ores and concentrates		1463.8	1606.8	2366.3	1.2	1.7	1.7	US\$/kg	283
1001 Wheat and meslin		1146.5	1425.6	1920.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	041
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roaste	d iron pyrites	1058.2	1603.9	713.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	281
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		649.8	913.8	1500.1					334
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy stee	l	451.5	926.3	811.7	0.4	0.8	0.7	US\$/kg	673

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( value III	io in minion σοφ, growth and onarco in poroc							
			wth rates	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share					
Total	84391.6	8.4	39.9	100.0				
0+1	4 448.9	14.2	40.7	5.3				
2+4	7 292.3	16.9	16.6	8.6				
3	51803.2	4.9	48.8	61.4				
5	4103.3	17.2	45.4	4.9				
6	12600.7	9.4	13.1	14.9				
7	3699.9	55.3	93.8	4.4				
8	353.6	17.4	110.0	0.4				
9	89.9	66.0	127.2	0.1				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

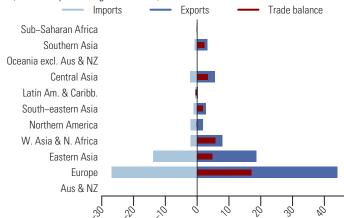
( varao iii	ιιιιιιοιι σοφ, ξ	or contago,			
	Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share	
Total	50043.6	10.7	20.8	100.0	
0+1	5452.0	13.0	20.7	10.9	
2+4	2 2 2 6 . 5	14.4	29.4	4.4	
3	1654.0	654.0 -7.9 10.1		3.3	
5	6839.5	12.9	26.5	13.7	
6	8785.8	7.0	14.5	17.6	
7	19077.6	11.6	21.6	38.1	
8	5747.5	15.8	27.2	11.5	
9	260.8	133.9	-32.7	0.5	

#### SITC Legend

	SITC	<b>.</b>
l	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

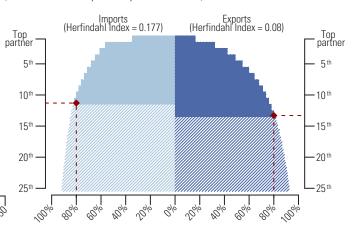
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Other business (29.8 %)

Travel (21.4 %)

Telecom, comp & info (6.0 %)

#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 38.1, 17.6 and 13.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, China and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 37.4, 19.6 and 5.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 2.0 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

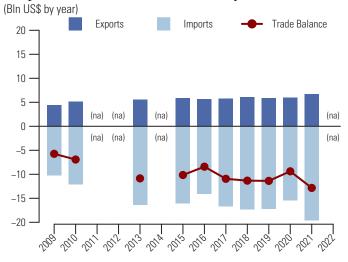
Remaining

HS		Valu	e (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
F	All Commodities	38 928.5	41 415.4	50043.6					
8703 N	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	778.0	1338.8	1816.7	22.1	24.3	32.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 E	lectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1283.8	1110.9	1521.3					764
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1169.9	1093.8	1368.8		50.7	52.0	US\$/kg	542
8471 A	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	697.3	1671.0	1206.5					752
8418 F	Refrigerators, freezers and other refrigerating or freezing equipment	1863.3	274.5	285.0					741
8802 0	Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	737.6	475.5	854.8					792
8707 E	Bodies (including cabs), for the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	481.5	517.1	1054.1					784
8414	Air or vacuum pumps, air or other gas compressors and fans	1347.0	302.6	366.8					743
2710 F	etroleum oils, other than crude	460.8	555.8	786.9	0.5	0.8	1.0	US\$/kg	334
8708 F	arts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	427.3	557.0	765.6	4.2	4.9	5.2	US\$/kg	784

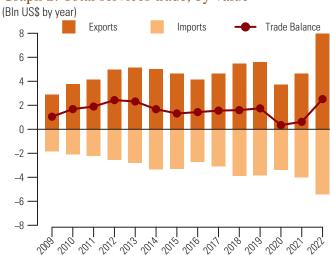
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Kenya increased substantially by 12.1 percent to reach 6.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 27.2 percent to reach 19.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 12.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -5.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Kenya were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Kenya increased substantially by 72.1 percent, reaching 8.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 35.9 percent and reached 5.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 41.8, 21.5 and 10.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Tea, whether or not flavoured" (HS code 0902) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Uganda, the United States and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 11.4, 8.1 and 8.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 970.1 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 816.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

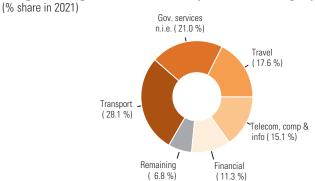


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	5836.3	6023.4	6751.4					
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured	1113.5	1224.1	1192.8	2.3	2.1	2.1	US\$/kg	074
0603 Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets	584.2	572.1	725.5		4.1	4.1	US\$/kg	292
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	440.9	402.0	273.9	0.6	0.6	0.4	US\$/kg	334
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	204.9	215.8	248.0	4.1	4.8	6.2	US\$/kg	071
2614 Titanium ores and concentrates	135.8	156.8	192.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	287
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried	125.9	145.1	175.3	1.4	1.2	1.3	US\$/kg	057
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	105.5	122.7	127.7			9.9	US\$/kg	542
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	83.8	115.5	130.6	0.6	0.7	1.2	US\$/kg	422
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	101.2	86.1	127.9	1.1	1.0	1.4	US\$/kg	674
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	93.9	68.2	111.1	3.9		5.2	US\$/unit	841

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00%, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	6751.4	4.1	12.1	100.0					
0+1	2823.4	1.2	3.0	41.8					
2+4	1 453.4	8.6	24.4	21.5					
3	280.5	-5.6	-31.0	4.2					
5	617.6	7.7	19.8	9.1					
6	560.2	7.3	35.3	8.3					
7	308.8	13.5	59.2	4.6					
8	692.0	4.6	20.7	10.2					
9	15.5	4.3	54.7	0.2					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

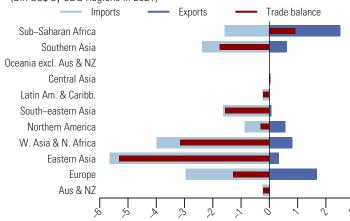
1	(value in million oow, growth and shares in percentage)								
			Avg. Grov	2021					
	SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
	Total	19594.1	4.1	27.2	100.0				
	0+1	2014.4	-5.0	19.5	10.3				
	2+4	1543.0	13.1	22.6	7.9				
	3	3508.5	6.5	61.2	17.9				
	5	3106.0	7.8	20.4	15.9				
	6	3713.9	9.5	30.3	19.0				
	7	4707.6	0.0	17.6	24.0				
	8	1000.6	1.3	19.2	5.1				
	9	0.0	-51.5	-99.7	0.0				

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

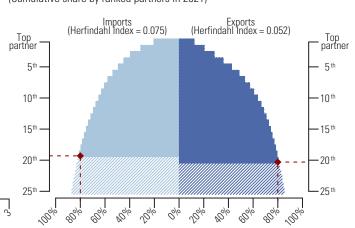
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

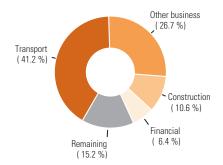


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 24.0, 19.0 and 17.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 21.1, 10.7 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.1 bln US\$ and "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 423.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

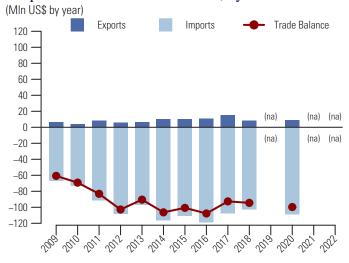
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

10	1/ 1	/ '11' 116	<b>λ</b>			11.5		OITO
HS	Vali	Value (million US\$)				<u>Unit va</u>	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 17210.0	15405.4	19594.1					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 3014.7	1889.3	3058.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	. 521.2	829.6	990.7	0.6	0.7		US\$/kg	422
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 468.4	536.4	615.8			23.3	US\$/kg	542
1001 Wheat and meslin	502.0	458.2	567.6	0.3		0.3	US\$/kg	041
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 553.5	442.1	482.9	6.1	21.6	5.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	. 396.9	351.6	473.2	0.6		0.9	US\$/kg	673
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 240.0	305.5	300.8					764
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	. 208.0	236.0	357.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	672
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	. 307.2	232.7	236.5		0.5		US\$/kg	061
1006 Rice	. 245.3	246.7	283.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	042

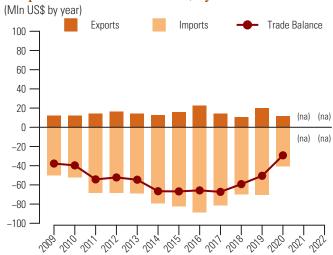
#### Overview:

In 2020, the value of merchandise exports of Kiribati was 9.3 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports reached 108.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 99.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Australia and New Zealand at -25.3 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Kiribati were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2020, the value of exports of services of Kiribati decreased substantially by 42.7 percent, reaching 11.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 42.3 percent and reached 40.8 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 29.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2020, representing respectively 49.6, 35.0 and 8.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2018 to 2020, the largest export commodity was "Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil" (HS code 1513) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Japan, Malaysia and Other Asia nes, accounting for respectively 34.5, 13.8 and 11.5 percent of total exports. "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 10.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(11.6 %)

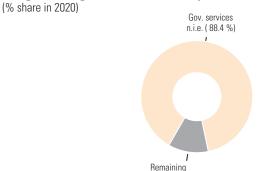


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2018 to 2020

1 1							
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)		Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019   2020	Unit	code
All Commodities	8.2		9.3				
1513 Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil			3.0	0.9	721.5	US\$/kg	422
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04			4.6		7.2	US\$/kg	034
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced)	3.2			2.0		US\$/kg	034
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1.2		0.3	1.4	1.1	US\$/kg	334
1203 Copra	0.7		0.2		1.6	US\$/kg	223
8427 Fork-lift trucks; other works trucks fitted with lifting or handling equipment			0.4	18.7	146.0	thsd US\$/unit	744
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets	0.3			0.9		US\$/kg	034
8407 Spark-ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines	0.1		0.1	24.9	49.0	thsd US\$/unit	713
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue			0.2		938.4	US\$/kg	892
7602 Aluminium waste and scrap	0.1		0.0	1.0		US\$/kg	288

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIII OOW, growth and onares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2020					
SITC	2020	2020   2016-2020   2019-2020						
Total	9.3	-4.7		100.0				
0+1	4.6	7.7		49.6				
2+4	3.2	-11.2		35.0				
3	0.3	-23.8		3.4				
5	0.0	-2.7		0.1				
6	0.0	-52.0		0.3				
7	0.8	-6.3		8.8				
8	0.2	35.8		2.5				
9	0.0	-2.2		0.3				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
		Avg. Grov	2020						
SITC	2020	0 2016-2020 2019-2020		share					
Total	108.9	-2.2		100.0					
0+1	47.1	2.2		43.2					
2+4	2.7	-16.0		2.5					
3	15.4	4.3		14.2					
5	4.9	-1.3		4.5					
6	11.0	-9.1		10.1					
7	20.1	-8.3		18.5					
8	7.2	-1.5		6.6					
9	0.6	776.0		0.5					

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

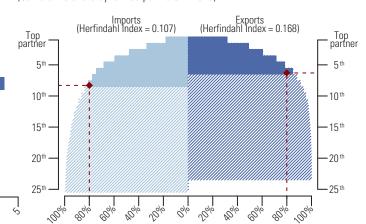
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2020)

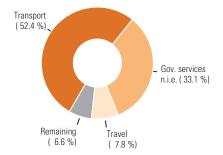


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2020)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2020, representing respectively 43.2, 18.5 and 14.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2018 to 2020, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Fiji, Australia and Singapore, accounting for respectively 17.6, 16.2 and 12.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 21.4 mln US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 13.5 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 3.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

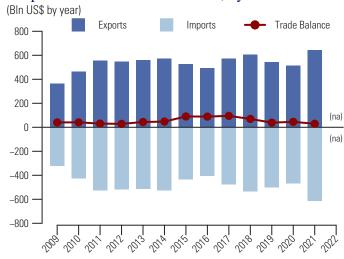
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2018 to 2020

* *							
HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)		Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019   2020	Unit	code
All Commodities	102.6		108.9				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude			14.8	0.8	0.5	US\$/kg	334
1006 Rice	8.3		7.4	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	042
1211 Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits)	3.7		6.4	48.1	52.4	US\$/kg	292
2403 Other manufactured tobacco and tobacco substitutes	4.5		4.1	35.4	29.9	US\$/kg	122
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	3.0		3.4	2.4	2.4	US\$/kg	012
1602 Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal or blood	3.0		3.3	5.3		US\$/kg	017
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	2.4		3.4	0.7	0.5	US\$/kg	061
1902 Pasta, whether or not cooked or stuffed	1.5		2.2	3.4	1.3	US\$/kg	048
2203 Beer made from malt	1.8		1.6	4.4	1.2	US\$/litre	112
1101 Wheat or meslin flour	1.4		1.8	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	046

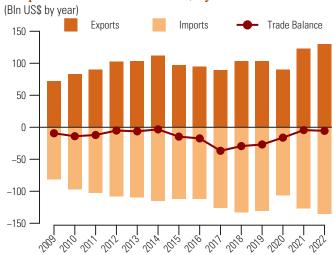
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of the Republic of Korea increased substantially by 25.7 percent to reach 644.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 31.6 percent to reach 615.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 29.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -43.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Republic of Korea were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the Republic of Korea increased moderately by 6.1 percent, reaching 130.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 6.8 percent and reached 135.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 5.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 57.3, 15.7 and 12.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Viet Nam, accounting for respectively 25.4, 14.4 and 9.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 47.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 28.1 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 11.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

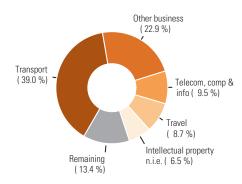


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	542 171.8	512709.9	644411.1					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits		82885.1	109297.6					776
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	40 454.7	35638.5	44318.3	22.4	15.7	18.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	39280.0	23169.2	37 024.0	0.6	0.4	0.7	US\$/kg	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	17849.9	17 966.8	21 992.0					764
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	18 980.8	15765.2	19266.2	7.4	7.6	8.0	US\$/kg	784
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	17 106.1	16528.2	16765.1		11.5		mIn US\$/unit	793
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72	11388.0	13279.9	15178.4	1.5	1.9	1.8	thsd US\$/kg	759
8523 Prepared unrecorded media for sound recording	5224.3	10699.0	13704.3		43.1	45.3	US\$/unit	898
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28	10188.1	7928.2	8009.4	62.7	78.2	93.9	US\$/kg	764
8486 Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices	7850.7	8412.6	9275.4					728

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percent)

(value in million US\$, growth and shares in percer						
		2021				
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share			
Total	644 411.1 3.0		25.7	100.0		
0+1	9366.2	6.1	13.6	1.5		
2+4	9464.8	9.5	51.3	1.5		
3	40 014.7	2.4	57.5	6.2		
5	101 007.8	9.4	35.8	15.7		
6	79551.1	2.6	28.5	12.3		
7	369 040.2	2.1	21.6	57.3		
8	35216.4	-4.0	12.4	5.5		
9	749.8	5.5	-57.6	0.1		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

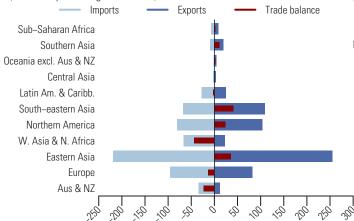
			wth rates	2021
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share	
Total	615013.7	3.7 6.5 31.6		100.0
0+1	34 188.8	7.2	18.3	5.6
2+4	45629.0	11.1	49.5	7.4
3	137 563.0	5.8	58.9	22.4
5	64945.1	7.7	28.5	10.6
6	62749.2	5.3	36.5	10.2
7	210 031.1	6.5	19.6	34.2
8	57 222.6	4.6	18.2	9.3
9	2684.9	4.4	169.5	0.4

### SITC Legend

SITC Code		
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

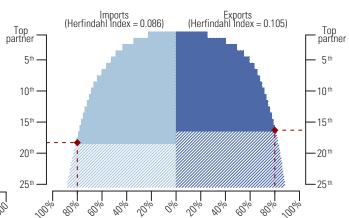
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

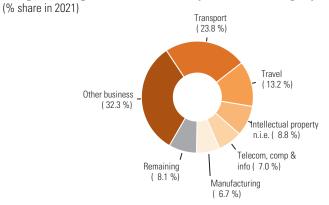


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 34.2, 22.4 and 10.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Japan, accounting for respectively 22.4, 12.2 and 9.3 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 41.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 30.3 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 16.8 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

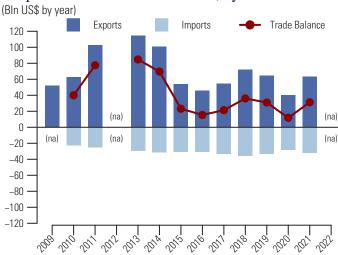
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

	* *								
HS		Vali	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
-	All Commodities	503 262.9	467 498.3	615013.7					
2709 F	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	70251.8	44 461.7	67019.7	0.5	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	333
8542 E	Electronic integrated circuits	35703.2	40276.2	50338.1					776
2711 F	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	24162.8	18927.9	30845.0	0.5	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	343
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	17 200.5	12738.2	23532.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8486 [	Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices	9039.3	15482.2	22214.1					728
8517 E	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	12852.2	12137.2	13522.0					764
2701 (	Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	14093.3	9489.6	14524.1	0.1	0.1		US\$/kg	321
8703 ľ	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	11 111.7	12060.5	12933.1		35.6	41.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
2601 I	ron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	6952.0	6931.1	12078.9	0.1			US\$/kg	281
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	6702.0	7574.5	9757.9		134.9	169.9	US\$/unit	752

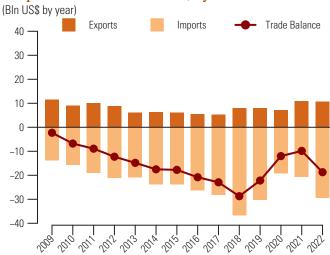
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Kuwait increased substantially by 57.2 percent to reach 63.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 12.5 percent to reach 31.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 31.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -7.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Kuwait were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Kuwait decreased slightly by 0.3 percent, reaching 10.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 42.8 percent and reached 29.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 18.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 91.7, 3.7 and 2.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, China and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 90.8, 1.3 and 1.2 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 4.1 blin US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 1.4 blin US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 916.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

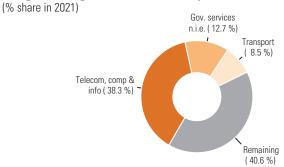


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	64 482.1	40 166.1	63 129.7					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	46539.4	28629.5	41770.7					333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	9924.7	5393.4	13132.3	0.7		0.7	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	2220.5	1823.9	2957.8	0.8	0.7	1.0	US\$/kg	343
2904 Sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons	786.6	687.8	1016.3	1.0	0.6	8.0	US\$/kg	511
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	637.0	510.3	754.5	11.6		14.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
2905 Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives	767.1	454.7	642.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	512
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms	557.2	386.4	253.4	8.0	8.0	1.0	US\$/kg	571
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	387.0	211.3	180.8	9.9		9.8	thsd US\$/unit	782
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	235.8	48.9	65.8					931
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	39.0	65.6	158.6	0.5	0.4	0.9	US\$/kg	672

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili ilililioti 05%, growtii aliu silales ili percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share					
Total	63129.7	63129.7 3.5 57.2		100.0				
0+1	365.6	365.6 -13.1 -4.7		0.6				
2+4	94.5	94.5 -9.2 13.8		0.1				
3	57861.5	57 861.5 3.9 61.4		91.7				
5	2327.1	-0.1	20.9	3.7				
6	556.8	556.8 9.8 53.8		0.9				
7	1532.0	1532.0 3.6 26.2 304.1 -5.1 20.1		2.4				
8	304.1			0.5				
9	88.0	-19.3	-10.3	0.1				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in initial electric grant and endies in personage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share					
Total	31885.7	885.7 -1.3 12.5		100.0				
0+1	5061.4	1.0	-8.3	15.9				
2+4	919.9	1.5	41.9	2.9				
3	162.8	-1.2	30.5	0.5				
5	4132.7	2.1	7.2	13.0				
6	4779.4	-2.6	14.3	15.0				
7	9626.4	-7.5	5.3	30.2				
8	6005.6	5.0	36.9	18.8				
9	1197.6	26.5	150.0	3.8				

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
lotal	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

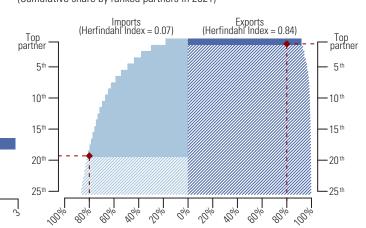
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



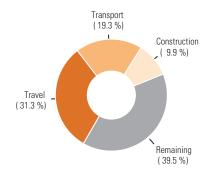
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 30.2, 18.8 and 15.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United Arab Emirates and the United States, accounting for respectively 17.8, 9.5 and 8.5 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 6.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 4.0 bln US\$ and "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

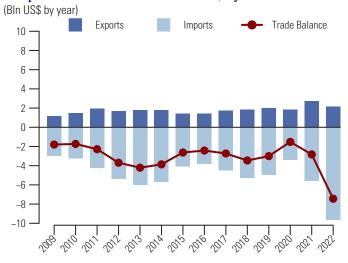
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

	* *								
HS		Valu	ie (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
Α	Il Commodities	33530.9	28344.4	31885.7					
8703 M	lotor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	3226.6	2541.7	2951.6	25.3	37.2	29.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 EI	ectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1705.1	1363.3	1374.4					764
3004 N	ledicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1029.8	1161.6	1117.9	187.0	240.1	190.6	US\$/kg	542
7113 A	rticles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	696.3	493.0	1194.4	51.9	58.9	58.2	thsd US\$/kg	897
7108 G	old (including gold plated with platinum)	368.7	431.4	1035.6		53.8	51.2	thsd US\$/kg	971
7304 Tu	ubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron)	647.7	496.2	306.5	1.4	1.3	1.6	US\$/kg	679
8704 M	lotor vehicles for the transport of goods	484.4	352.1	497.8	11.9	14.6	24.8	thsd US\$/unit	782
8471 A	utomatic data processing machines and units thereof	332.4	437.7	397.4	442.3		366.5	US\$/unit	752
8481 Ta	ps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells	533.0	296.3	239.0	22.7	22.0	24.1	US\$/kg	747
3002 H	uman blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	271.3	324.6	470.6	1.3	1.4	1.5	thsd US\$/kg	541

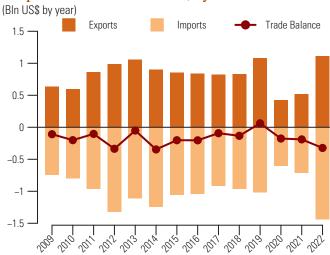
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Kyrgyzstan decreased substantially by 20.5 percent to reach 2.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 72.6 percent to reach 9.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 7.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -4.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Kyrgyzstan were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Kyrgyzstan increased substantially by 113.5 percent, reaching 1.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 102.1 percent and reached 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 323.0 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 24.6, 18.5 and 17.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 23.1, 18.0 and 16.6 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 209.0 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 197.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

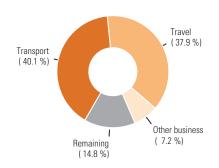


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

	<u> </u>								
HS		Valu	ue (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Co	ommodities	1863.5	2752.2	2186.7					
7108 Gold	(including gold plated with platinum)	987.0	1413.0	13.1	106.9	60.5	45.0	thsd US\$/kg	971
2616 Preci	ous metal ores and concentrates	121.6	156.5	133.9	0.6	0.9	1.3	US\$/kg	289
2710 Petro	oleum oils, other than crude	44.4	68.2	143.5	0.4	0.4	0.7	US\$/kg	334
0713 Dried	d leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split	62.0	70.1	86.6	0.5	0.9	0.9	US\$/kg	054
7404 Copp	er; waste and scrap	24.4	103.3	87.2	5.5	11.5	8.3	US\$/kg	288
7005 Float	glass and surface ground or polished glass, in sheets	26.5	87.8	40.2	3.6	5.4	4.1	US\$/m <sup>2</sup>	664
8517 Electi	rical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	0.9	54.3	83.3					764
8708 Parts	and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	24.4	41.4	55.3	10.3	10.9	11.5	US\$/kg	784
3923 Articl	les for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	26.2	30.0	43.7	1.5	1.5	1.3	US\$/kg	893
5201 Cotto	on; not carded or combed	26.4	35.1	37.4	1.4		2.6	US\$/kg	263

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in immen eet, greviar and endree in percentage)									
			Avg. Growth rates						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	2186.7	4.5	-20.5	100.0					
0+1	404.9	20.1	38.2	18.5					
2+4	297.5	-1.6	-21.1	13.6					
3	194.6	8.7	94.7	8.9					
5	37.7	14.9	45.8	1.7					
6	538.0	43.1	125.3	24.6					
7	300.0	20.9	75.9	13.7					
8	388.1	15.7	222.5	17.7					
9	25.9	-55.8	-98.2	1.2					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Taras III IIII 654, graviar and chares III persentage,									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	9629.1	16.1	72.6	100.0					
0+1	1021.3	17.3	27.9	10.6					
2+4	127.6	6.2	9.5	1.3					
3	1062.6	4.2	18.2	11.0					
5	819.0	10.4	30.9	8.5					
6	2555.5	22.5	111.6	26.5					
7	2490.7	25.5	117.1	25.9					
8	1515.2	9.4	101.3	15.7					
9	37.1	78.5	13.4	0.4					

SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

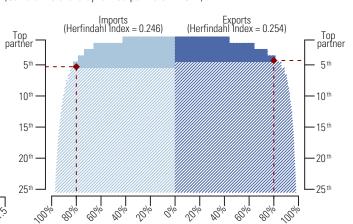
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

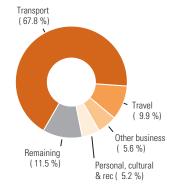


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 26.5, 25.9 and 15.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the Russian Federation and Kazakhstan, accounting for respectively 33.7, 28.3 and 9.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 481.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	3386.7	5580.2	9629.1					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	407.4	747.8	866.8	0.4	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	334
6004 Knitted or crocheted fabrics of a width exceeding 30 cm	35.1	198.6	539.6	1.9	5.7	8.0	US\$/kg	655
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	50.4	147.9	538.7	15.6	12.0	15.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	178.8	169.0	203.5	18.2	17.1		US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	132.7	157.3	258.0					764
8302 Base metal mountings, fittings and similar articles suitable for furniture	15.5	40.4	442.6	2.2	4.5	8.0	US\$/kg	699
6406 Parts of footwear	7.5	48.3	365.3	4.4	6.3	9.0	US\$/kg	851
5407 Woven fabrics of synthetic filament yarn	41.9	64.7	213.3	1.1	1.1	2.0	US\$/kg	653
8452 Sewing machines, other than book-sewing machines of heading 84.40		49.2	209.8					724
6402 Other footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics	. 44.1	76.0	134.5	5.3	5.2	5.2	US\$/pair	851

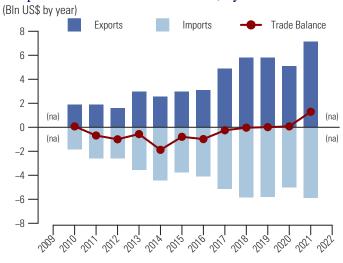
Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

Trade System: Special

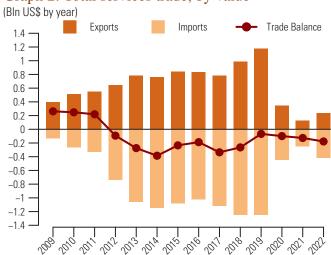
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Lao People's Democratic Republic increased substantially by 40.8 percent to reach 7.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 17.1 percent to reach 5.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 820.8 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Lao People's Democratic Republic were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were highly concentrated. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Lao People's Democratic Republic increased substantially by 90.6 percent, reaching 238.8 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 65.2 percent and reached 416.5 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 177.7 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 23.0, 20.4 and 18.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Electrical energy" (HS code 2716) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Thailand, China and Viet Nam, accounting for respectively 35.9, 29.8 and 18.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 213.2 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 79.8 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 37.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)

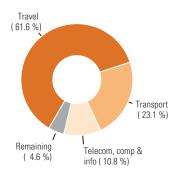


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

I I								
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)		Į	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	5809.3	5086.9	7164.6					
2716 Electrical energy	1326.9	830.9	1633.1		46.8	74.7	US\$/MWh	351
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)		457.1	961.6	7.3	15.7	12.2	thsd US\$/kg	971
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	589.4	436.7	331.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	US\$/kg	283
4001 Natural rubber, balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle	217.5	214.6	280.1	1.0	8.0	1.0	US\$/kg	231
0102 Live bovine animals	226.7	250.1	222.3	8.0	1.0	1.2	thsd US\$/unit	001
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	433.8	205.5	53.5	5.6	4.9	8.1	US\$/kg	682
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	193.9	227.4	238.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	057
2202 Waters with added sugar	229.2	213.1	216.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	US\$/litre	111
0714 Manioc, arrowroot, sweet potatoes and similar roots	111.5	209.6	283.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	054
4805 Other uncoated paper and paperboard, in rolls or sheets	0.0	4.0	525.2	1.2	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	641

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

١	Avg. Growth rates 2021									
ſ				Avg. Growth rates						
l	SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
	Total	7 164.6	9.9	40.8	100.0					
	0+1	1 465.1	9.6	3.3	20.4					
	2+4	1 299.0	6.6	15.8	18.1					
	3	1646.7	6.2	91.9	23.0					
	5	263.8	11.9	5.0	3.7					
	6	841.1	15.0	149.5	11.7					
	7	287.2	-11.6	-4.6	4.0					
	8	400.2	7.8	16.8	5.6					
	9	961.6	52.4	110.4	13.4					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

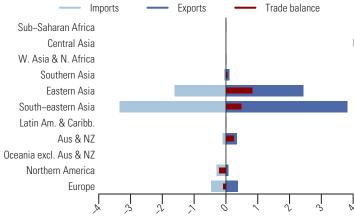
1.0.00	(variae iii iiiiiii eeq, g.evviii ana enaree iii pereentage,									
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
Total	5871.3	3.3	17.1	100.0						
0+1	935.2	10.9	-1.4	15.9						
2+4	397.7	57.7	114.6	6.8						
3	840.6	4.9	22.5	14.3						
5	528.3	16.3	23.5	9.0						
6	970.0	-6.1	-1.9	16.5						
7	1683.0	-4.7	7.4	28.7						
8	249.1	9.7	18.7	4.2						
9	267.3	63.4	>	4.6						

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

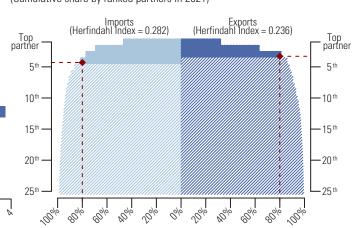
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

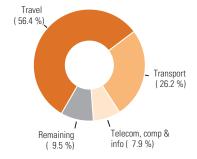


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 28.7, 16.5 and 15.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Thailand, China and Viet Nam, accounting for respectively 48.8, 25.8 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 251.2 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 116.8 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 35.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

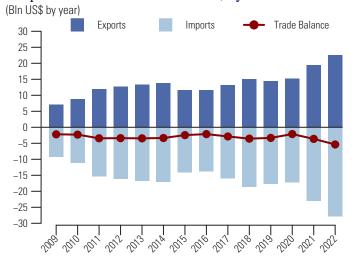
HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System		2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities		5797.4	5013.6	5871.3					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		734.2	506.9	653.0	0.6	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
0102 Live bovine animals		228.9	257.0	211.6		1.0	1.4	thsd US\$/unit	001
2202 Waters with added sugar		207.2	220.0	227.2		0.7	0.6	US\$/litre	111
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods		203.0	148.5	193.5	17.4		26.2	thsd US\$/unit	782
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable		212.7	137.0	146.3	3.2	7.7	10.2	US\$/kg	773
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transp	ort	163.8	108.8	174.5		26.2	28.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28		198.6	129.9	103.8	168.2	106.9	153.1	US\$/kg	764
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06)		178.7	76.6	67.9		1.2	1.7	US\$/kg	691
2716 Electrical energy		139.6	82.0	67.6		47.9	72.8	US\$/MWh	351
4707 Recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard		22.6	33.2	217.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	251

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Latvia increased substantially by 15.8 percent to reach 22.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 20.8 percent to reach 27.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 5.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -5.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Latvia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Latvia increased substantially by 28.7 percent, reaching 7.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 38.8 percent and reached 5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin/consignment for intra eu



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 18.2, 17.9 and 15.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled" (HS code 4407) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Lithuania, Estonia and Germany, accounting for respectively 17.6, 11.4 and 7.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.6 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

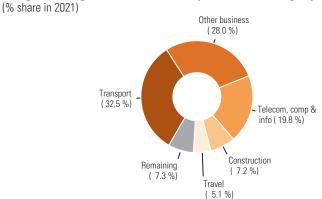


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 15196.5	19458.8	22 525.6					
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	. 780.4	1 459.7	1 285.5	223.4	386.63	350.3	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 935.7	860.3	809.9					764
1001 Wheat and meslin	. 649.2	606.1	951.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	041
4401 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms	. 549.3	626.6	705.8	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	246
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 469.4	612.1	609.0	161.0	177.8	193.5	US\$/kg	542
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	. 80.4	323.9	1272.6	0.2	0.7	1.6	US\$/kg	343
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	. 370.6	465.8	768.8					931
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	474.6	444.6	371.0					112
2716 Electrical energy	. 95.6	295.5	710.2	37.5	102.12	237.0	US\$/MWh	351
4412 Plywood, veneered panels and similar laminated wood		306.3	370.0					634

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million LIS\$ growth and shares in percentage

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)								
		2022						
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
22 525.6	10.6	15.8	100.0					
4023.1	11.1	24.7	17.9					
3 285.8	11.3	3.1	14.6					
2793.2	37.1	143.3	12.4					
2107.9	13.3	8.1	9.4					
3528.6	5.9	-4.9	15.7					
4107.8	2.7	3.2	18.2					
2060.1	9.4	6.8	9.1					
619.2	22.7	87.7	2.7					
	2022 22 525.6 4023.1 3285.8 2793.2 2107.9 3528.6 4107.8 2060.1	2022 2018-2022 22 525.6 10.6 4023.1 11.1 3285.8 11.3 2793.2 37.1 2107.9 13.3 3528.6 5.9 4107.8 2.7 2060.1 9.4	Avg. Growth rates 2022 2018-2022 2021-2022 22525.6 10.6 15.8 4023.1 11.1 24.7 3285.8 11.3 3.1 2793.2 37.1 143.3 2107.9 13.3 8.1 3528.6 5.9 -4.9 4107.8 2.7 3.2 2060.1 9.4 6.8					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

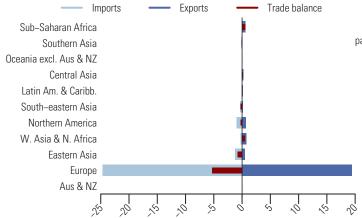
		5		
		Avg. Grov	2022	
SITC	2022	022   2018-2022   2021-2022		share
Total	27894.5	10.6	20.8	100.0
0+1	3688.6	7.5	17.2	13.2
2+4	1356.3	12.3	-1.2	4.9
3	5730.4	31.2	167.2	20.5
5	3296.2	12.2	10.8	11.8
6	3229.0	5.1	-5.1	11.6
7	7 139.5	4.6	4.5	25.6
8	2417.7	7.8	2.4	8.7
9	1036.8	15.6	22.4	3.7

## SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

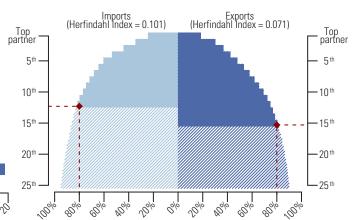
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

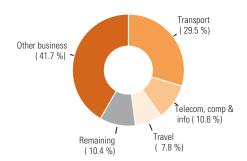


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 25.6, 20.5 and 13.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Lithuania, Germany and Poland, accounting for respectively 20.3, 10.1 and 9.7 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.1 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 383.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

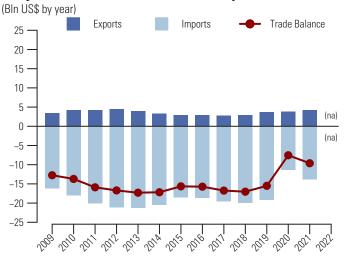
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	17315.1	23 085.5	27894.5					
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	194.8	609.1	2659.3	0.2	0.5	1.7	US\$/kg	343
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	855.8	1120.9	1293.9					931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	672.2	947.5	1599.5	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	806.4	751.3	764.8					764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	570.1	730.3	816.9	22.2	24.1	25.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	631.7	706.1	716.9	95.4	99.0	90.2	US\$/kg	542
2716 Electrical energy	162.9	510.1	1349.5	39.0	109.3	254.2	US\$/MWh	351
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft		706.0	699.5	0.2		35.0	mIn US\$/unit	792
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	310.1	429.5	403.1	108.6	146.8	123.7	US\$/unit	752
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	193.8	458.3	269.2	168.6	298.1	306.1	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

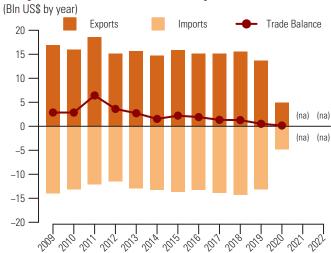
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Lebanon increased substantially by 11.1 percent to reach 4.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 22.0 percent to reach 13.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 9.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -5.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Lebanon were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2020, the value of exports of services of Lebanon decreased substantially by 63.8 percent, reaching 5.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 63.5 percent and reached 4.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 155.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 23.0, 17.8 and 15.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Switzerland, the United Arab Emirates and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 21.7, 17.2 and 5.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 2.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.6 bln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 282.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)

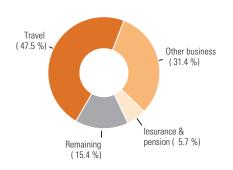


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ue (million US	(\$)			<u>Unit va</u>	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 3731.3	3807.5	4230.0					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)		1090.6	451.8	42.3	52.1	55.1	thsd US\$/kg	971
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	. 238.8	247.6	421.9	142.6			US\$/carat	667
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof	. 31.5	25.8	310.3					821
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	. 66.0	126.4	139.8	42.4		43.1	thsd US\$/kg	897
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	. 67.8	86.5	162.1	0.3	0.2	0.4	US\$/kg	282
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 1.7	107.6	176.0	33.6		45.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
0806 Grapes, fresh or dried	. 14.7	21.3	230.9	0.5	0.5	4.4	US\$/kg	057
7404 Copper; waste and scrap	. 64.0	67.7	102.3	3.1	3.6	4.6	US\$/kg	288
8502 Electric generating sets and rotary converters	. 89.6	58.6	61.2					716
3103 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, phosphatic	53.9	29.7	71.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	US\$/kg	562

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in inition 66¢, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2017-2021   2020-2021					
Total	4230.0	10.4	11.1	100.0				
0+1	972.1	10.6	48.2	23.0				
2+4	373.0	10.0	49.6	8.8				
3	9.4	-31.7	-22.5	0.2				
5	426.2	0.3	7.9	10.1				
6	750.9	19.0	44.0	17.8				
7	571.5	14.0	11.5	13.5				
8	647.8	18.6	83.1	15.3				
9	479.0	2.5	-56.7	11.3				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

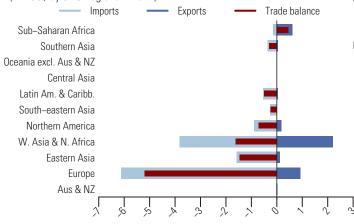
(value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021 2020-2021		share				
Total	13856.7	-8.3	22.0	100.0				
0+1	2013.9	-10.2	0.5	14.5				
2+4	504.4	-1.6	25.9	3.6				
3	3 9 3 1 . 5	-1.7	21.8	28.4				
5	1784.7	-9.0	-7.8	12.9				
6	1754.4	-10.6	51.3	12.7				
7	2371.1	-11.4	70.9	17.1				
8	822.5	-18.8	26.9	5.9				
9	674.1	0.5	13.7	4.9				

## SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

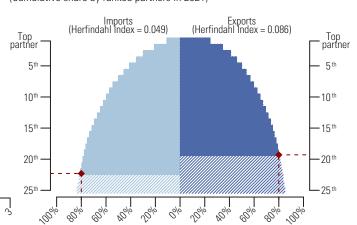
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



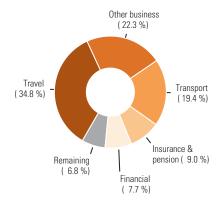
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2020)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 28.4, 17.1 and 14.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Greece and the United States, accounting for respectively 8.2, 8.2 and 7.7 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 1.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.1 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 928.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	19239.2	11354.7	13856.7					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	6338.8	3092.6	3724.9	0.6	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	792.4	710.8	508.1	89.6	89.2	84.8	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	771.7	243.0	803.9	26.6	33.6	32.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	484.0	586.9	665.7		53.8	53.4	thsd US\$/kg	971
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	424.3	458.7	380.7	893.8	739.8	750.8	US\$/kg	541
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	332.6	272.1	479.0	176.1	232.2	135.6	US\$/carat	667
0102 Live bovine animals	272.8	283.4	210.5	1.2	0.9		thsd US\$/unit	001
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	259.6	116.6	218.1					764
1001 Wheat and meslin	123.2	148.5	235.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	041
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	123.1	260.6	79.2				_	714

Goods Imports: CIF, by consignment

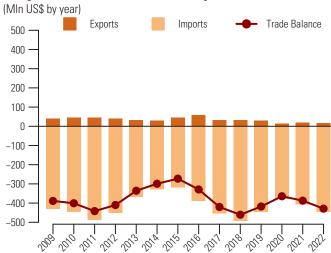
### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Lesotho increased substantially by 13.3 percent to reach 948.5 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 30.2 percent to reach 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 719.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at -842.2 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Lesotho were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Lesotho decreased substantially by 12.4 percent, reaching 16.9 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 9.6 percent and reached 445.9 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 429.0 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 48.7, 25.6 and 11.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set" (HS code 7102) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were South Africa, the United States and Belgium, accounting for respectively 40.7, 30.7 and 22.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 7.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 4.6 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 3.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

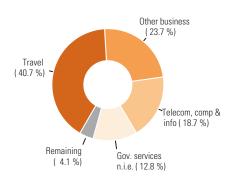


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	894.9	837.3	948.5					
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	167.5	266.6	175.4		0.4	0.3	US\$/carat	667
6104 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	108.6	86.7	127.1	9.2			US\$/unit	844
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	103.2	95.4	104.0	16.6	16.3		US\$/unit	841
2201 Waters, including natural or artificial mineral waters	57.2	62.4	82.9	0.5	0.5		US\$/litre	111
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	62.0	26.2	46.5	5.8	6.0	6.5	US\$/unit	845
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles	44.2	30.0	39.6	11.5		12.6	US\$/unit	845
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	43.7	29.5	33.0					842
5101 Wool, not carded or combed	31.4	34.8	38.3	6.7	3.9	6.5	US\$/kg	268
6103 Men's, boys'suits, jackets, trousers etc knitted or crocheted	33.1	23.1	28.2					843
6105 Men's or boys'shirts, knitted or crocheted	34.5	23.4	23.0					843

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 035, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	17-2021 2020-2021					
Total	948.5	9.0	13.3	100.0				
0+1	107.2	42.9	28.6	11.3				
2+4	55.1	5.0	14.1	5.8				
3	0.3	-13.8	152.0	0.0				
5	2.5	12.0	-9.6	0.3				
6	242.4	53.1	-20.1	25.6				
7	78.9	2.1	72.0	8.3				
8	461.9	-1.1	30.6	48.7				
9	0.4	10.2	114.6	0.0				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

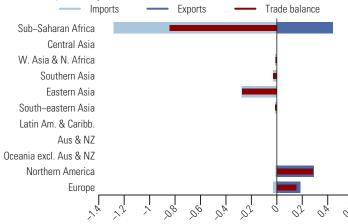
(Value in mineri 664, grewth and onares in percentage)								
	Avg. Growth rates							
SITC	2021	21   2017-2021   2020-2021						
Total	1667.9	-5.2	30.2	100.0				
0+1	331.3	-2.4	21.2	19.9				
2+4	50.5	-6.0	40.2	3.0				
3	226.1	-11.4	58.2	13.6				
5	133.8	-0.5	9.1	8.0				
6	445.4	-8.6	43.7	26.7				
7	281.2	-2.6	24.5	16.9				
8	198.1	2.2	17.9	11.9				
9	1.5	-2.7	-15.4	0.1				

## SITC Legend

	SITC	<b>.</b>
l	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

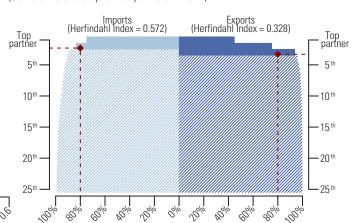
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



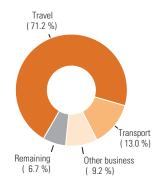
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 26.7, 19.9 and 16.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, China and Other Asia nes, accounting for respectively 72.9, 7.8 and 6.2 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 289.4 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 52.7 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 37.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

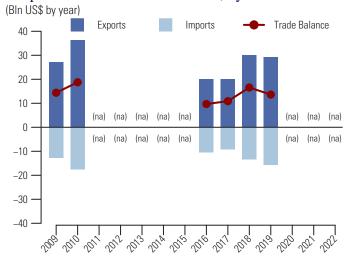
1 1								
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	(\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 1589.5	1280.6	1667.9					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 149.4	103.7	165.3	0.7	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
6003 Knitted or crocheted fabrics of a width not exceeding 30 cm	. 59.6	46.4	63.2	10.9	11.5	10.6	US\$/kg	655
5407 Woven fabrics of synthetic filament yarn	. 45.1	30.2	54.5	7.7	8.5	9.2	US\$/kg	653
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 50.5	34.8	38.4	19.2	19.3	21.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 44.0	46.2	20.9	17.8	21.4	21.0	US\$/kg	542
2716 Electrical energy	. 34.0	22.6	37.3		47.9	72.8	US\$/MWh	351
6004 Knitted or crocheted fabrics of a width exceeding 30 cm	. 17.6	29.7	38.9	16.4	14.1	13.4	US\$/kg	655
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	. 37.7	19.5	28.9			29.0	thsd US\$/unit	782
5209 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton	37.4	23.0	20.4	5.6	6.3	6.4	US\$/kg	652
1102 Cereal flours other than of wheat or meslin	. 23.2	27.1	30.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	047

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

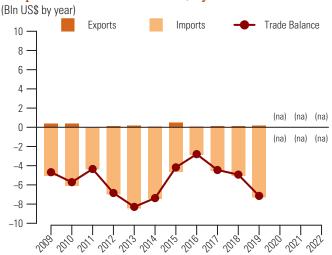
#### Overview:

In 2019, the value of merchandise exports of Libya decreased slightly by 2.5 percent to reach 29.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.3 percent to reach 15.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 13.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 12.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Libya were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2019, the value of exports of services of Libya increased substantially by 25.1 percent, reaching 167.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 44.5 percent and reached 7.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 7.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2019, representing respectively 94.4, 4.1 and 0.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2017 to 2019, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Italy, China and Spain, accounting for respectively 33.8, 16.7 and 10.9 percent of total exports. "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2019 at 69.4 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 64.5 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 33.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2019)

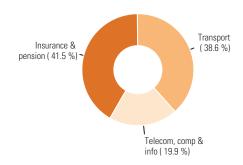


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2017 to 2019

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	Unit	code
All Commodities	20135.5	30 040.9	29 285.9					
2709 Petroleum oils, crude	15280.6	25305.4	24 182.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	1990.7	2274.5	2611.8			0.4	US\$/kg	343
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	1668.2	804.8	1192.1	30.4	28.7	31.8	thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	659.9	1078.1	853.1	0.5	2.2	0.5	US\$/kg	334
7404 Copper waste and scrap	83.9	98.6	62.0	4.9	5.5	5.0	US\$/kg	288
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	81.2	45.9	99.9	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	282
7203 Ferrous products obtained by direct reduction of iron ore	38.0	58.7	73.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	671
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	42.1	68.7	6.9	0.3	0.3		US\$/kg	562
7602 Aluminium waste and scrap	54.1	35.1	25.2	1.4	1.4	1.2	US\$/kg	288
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	17.8	42.7	16.7	0.6	0.6	0.4	US\$/kg	673

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 66¢, growth and charge in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2019					
SITC	2019	2015-2019	2018-2019	share				
Total	29 285.9		-2.5	100.0				
0+1	29.4		-35.2	0.1				
2+4	211.1		4.8	0.7				
3	27647.4		-3.5	94.4				
5	46.5		-58.4	0.2				
6	114.8		-27.5	0.4				
7	25.0		-13.1	0.1				
8	5.6		-33.6	0.0				
9	1 206.1		45.6	4.1				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

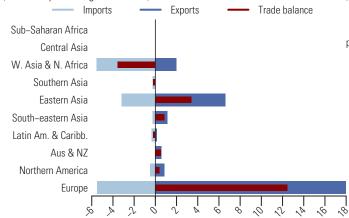
(Value in million 00¢, growth and shares in percentage)								
	Avg. Growth rates							
SITC	2019	2019 2015-2019 2018-2019						
Total	15663.8		16.3	100.0				
0+1	3 2 3 8 . 1		-3.3	20.7				
2+4	437.5		16.6	2.8				
3	2059.0		-6.5	13.1				
5	1 262.8		2.6	8.1				
6	2202.6		41.3	14.1				
7	4151.7		30.3	26.5				
8	2250.0		48.2	14.4				
9	62.1		10.4	0.4				

## SITC Legend

	SITC	D
Į	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

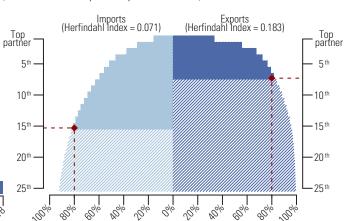
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2019)

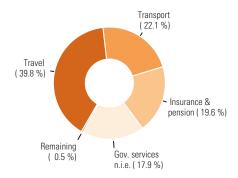


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2019)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2019)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2019, representing respectively 26.5, 20.7 and 14.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2017 to 2019, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Türkiye and Italy, accounting for respectively 12.8, 11.6 and 10.5 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2019 at 2.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.6 bln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2017 to 2019

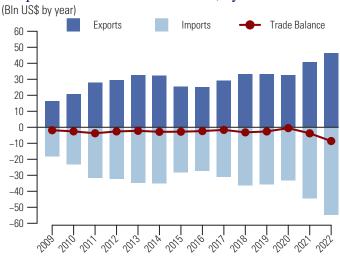
HS	* *	Valu	e (million US	3\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018		Unit	code
All Co	ommodities	9253.7	13472.9	15663.8					
2710 Petro	leum oils, other than crude	1564.1	2188.5	2008.3	0.6	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8703 Moto	r cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	237.8	537.2	964.5	1.7	5.8	2.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
8525 Trans	mission apparatus for radio-telephony, radio-broadcasting	102.6	845.0	636.4	183.7			US\$/unit	764
2402 Cigar	s, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	321.3	343.6	441.0	13.8	14.5	12.8	US\$/kg	122
3004 Medi	caments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	207.4	348.2	265.4	108.7	137.3		US\$/kg	542
1001 Whea	at and meslin	238.8	291.1	263.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	041
	es of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	100.4	168.5	293.0	6.9	8.3	11.7	thsd US\$/kg	897
1604 Prepa	red or preserved fish; caviar	149.9	174.2	198.4	4.4	4.6	4.0	US\$/kg	037
0104 Live s	heep and goats	182.1	165.2	141.9	93.2	157.2	132.0	US\$/unit	001
9403 Other	furniture and parts thereof	89.3	134.5	244.6					821

#### Overview:

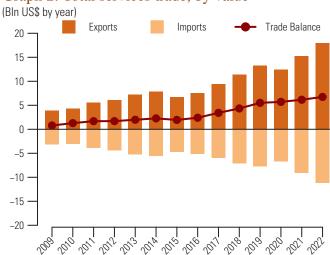
In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Lithuania increased substantially by 13.9 percent to reach 46.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 23.6 percent to reach 55.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 8.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -5.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Lithuania were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Lithuania increased substantially by 17.8 percent, reaching 17.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 23.4 percent and reached 11.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 6.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin/consignment for intra eu



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 17.6, 16.8 and 16.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Latvia, the Russian Federation and Germany, accounting for respectively 10.6, 9.7 and 8.1 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 8.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.1 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

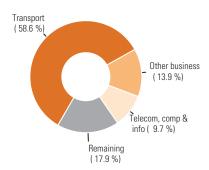


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

		/ '''' 116	2.4.1					OUTO
HS	Valu	ue (million US	5\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	32790.4	40698.4	46357.2					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1873.0	3359.5	5429.9	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof	1541.9	1972.2	2156.4					821
3822 Reagents; diagnostic or laboratory reagents	1051.2	1143.9	762.1		545.6		US\$/kg	598
1001 Wheat and meslin	910.7	828.7	1010.0	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	988.8	826.9	863.3	23.2	21.5	20.4	US\$/kg	122
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	620.8	671.8	1132.6	8.8	9.2	13.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	543.5	618.7	1148.7					931
3907 Polyacetals, other polyethers and epoxide resins, in primary forms	506.2	677.0	901.9	0.9	1.2	1.7	US\$/kg	574
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	661.9	744.2	677.4	119.7	138.7		US\$/kg	542
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	375.4	636.4	917.1					562

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in inimon 66¢, growth and shares in percentage)									
	Avg. Grov	2022							
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
46357.2	8.6	13.9	100.0						
7015.8	7.5	12.6	15.1						
2977.4	13.9	3.3	6.4						
7771.7	12.4	93.6	16.8						
7775.8	11.8	-1.8	16.8						
5052.9	7.3	6.9	10.9						
8140.6	5.2	4.2	17.6						
6774.1	5.6	1.9	14.6						
848.8	11.6	82.8	1.8						
	2022 46 357.2 7 015.8 2 977.4 7 771.7 7 775.8 5 052.9 8 140.6 6 774.1	Avg. Grov   2018-2022   46 357.2   8.6   7 015.8   7.5   2 977.4   13.9   7 771.7   12.4   7 775.8   11.8   5 052.9   7.3   8 140.6   5.2   6 774.1   5.6	Avg. Growth rates 2022 2018-2022 2021-2022 46 357.2 8.6 13.9 7015.8 7.5 12.6 2977.4 13.9 3.3 77771.7 12.4 93.6 7775.8 11.8 -1.8 5052.9 7.3 6.9 8140.6 5.2 4.2 6774.1 5.6 1.9						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

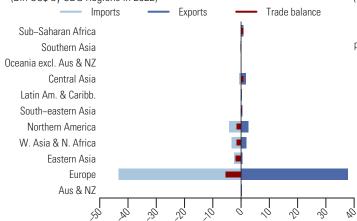
		5				
	Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2022	2022   2018-2022   2021-2022				
Total	54953.5	10.8	23.6	100.0		
0+1	5283.2	6.9	13.6	9.6		
2+4	2337.2	9.2	-4.4	4.3		
3	15389.3	21.2	112.2	28.0		
5	7852.7	10.5	10.6	14.3		
6	6522.6	8.1	4.2	11.9		
7	12113.1	5.9	3.5	22.0		
8	4133.7	7.8	3.9	7.5		
9	1321.7	8.6	22.2	2.4		

## SITC Legend

ſ	SITC	
	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

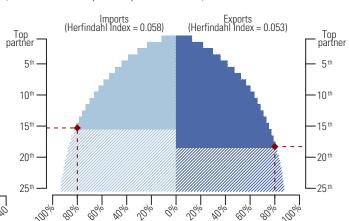
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

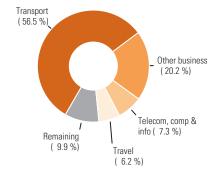


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 28.0, 22.0 and 14.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Poland and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 12.4, 12.2 and 8.4 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 5.1 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.8 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 659.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

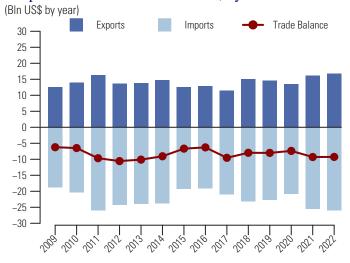
HS	Valu	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 33313.8	44476.5	54953.5					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	2414.6	4198.5	6204.7	0.3	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	. 361.1	944.0	5240.4	0.2	0.6		US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 1233.6	1507.5	1834.5	11.4	12.6	16.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	. 1161.6	1415.8	1722.4					931
2716 Electrical energy	. 425.4	1239.6	2527.6	39.1	108.0	232.2	US\$/MWh	351
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)		1161.9	1157.1	87.1	104.0	85.9	US\$/kg	542
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09)	. 414.2	955.7	995.6	31.2	44.5	38.7	thsd US\$/unit	722
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 707.9	780.6	827.1					764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 416.2	690.7	1150.6	0.5	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	. 482.4	615.2	544.8	173.9	193.6	200.2	US\$/unit	752

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin/consignment for intra eu

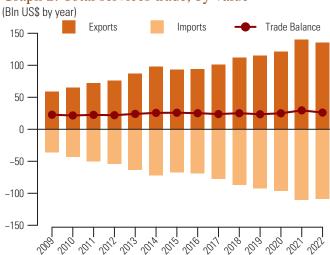
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Luxembourg increased slightly by 3.5 percent to reach 16.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 2.1 percent to reach 26.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 9.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -8.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Luxembourg were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Luxembourg decreased slightly by 3.4 percent, reaching 135.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.2 percent and reached 109.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 26.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 38.9, 26.4 and 12.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Angles, shapes and sections of iron or non-alloy steel" (HS code 7216) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, France and Belgium, accounting for respectively 25.5, 15.8 and 12.5 percent of total exports. "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 76.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 34.2 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 7.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

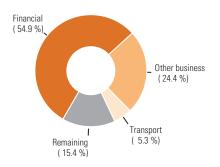


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	e (million US	\$\$)		Į	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	13506.1	16247.1	16809.7					
7216 Angles, shapes and sections of iron or non-alloy steel	739.4	1298.4	1574.2	0.6	1.0	1.2	US\$/kg	676
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	664.4	744.3	692.9	19.1	21.9	17.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber	520.2	611.5	690.8	247.6	267.02	272.9	US\$/unit	625
7301 Sheet piling of iron or steel	401.1	494.8	559.3	8.0	1.0	1.4	US\$/kg	676
3919 Self-adhesive plates, sheets, film, foil, tape, strip	377.3	476.0	487.3	3.5	4.1	4.6	US\$/kg	582
4811 Paper, paperboard, cellulose wadding and webs of cellulose fibres	380.3	427.9	504.7	2.2	2.4	2.8	US\$/kg	641
5603 Nonwovens, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated	342.3	382.7	429.7	6.6	7.3	8.9	US\$/kg	657
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	293.1	354.3	398.9	3.8	4.2	3.5	US\$/kg	893
7601 Unwrought aluminium	211.0	345.3	439.3		2.5	3.4	US\$/kg	684
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	300.3	376.8	275.5					931

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIII COQ, growth and charco III percentage)											
		Avg. Grov	2022								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	16809.7	2.6	3.5	100.0							
0+1	1582.3	3.6	4.8	9.4							
2+4	225.2	-7.8	-7.8	1.3							
3	35.9	24.8	38.6	0.2							
5	2034.4	4.7	6.3	12.1							
6	6537.7	2.4	5.4	38.9							
7	4434.1	1.7	0.1	26.4							
8	1579.7	7.0	4.9	9.4							
9	380.4	-4.8	-8.8	2.3							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

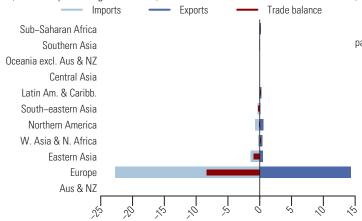
		5		
		Avg. Grov		2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	26 067.7	3.0	2.1	100.0
0+1	3064.4	2.3	0.3	11.8
2+4	1 936.7	2.6	-4.0	7.4
3	2129.6	3.3	32.7	8.2
5	3407.9	6.3	7.3	13.1
6	4040.1	2.5	3.3	15.5
7	7116.4	-0.4	-12.3	27.3
8	2356.8	1.2	-3.5	9.0
9	2015.9	22.7	65.6	7.7

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

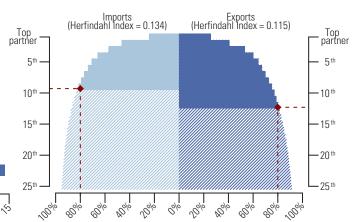
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

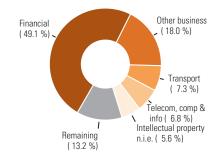


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 27.3, 15.5 and 13.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Belgium, Germany and France, accounting for respectively 24.0, 23.2 and 11.3 percent of total imports. "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 54.2 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 19.9 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 8.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

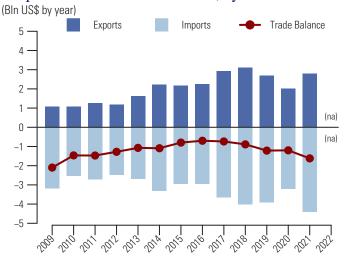
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Value (million US\$)				Unit value			
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Comm	nodities	20882.7	25537.1	26 067.7					
8703 Motor ca	rs and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	2268.8	2271.0	2214.6	33.1	34.8		thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleur	m oils, other than crude	1025.9	1565.9	2082.3	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
9999 Commodi	ities not specified according to kind	777.5	1287.9	2051.6					931
7204 Ferrous v	vaste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	488.9	933.8	828.6					282
3004 Medicam	nents (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	483.4	531.2	530.6	119.8	140.3	157.7	US\$/kg	542
8802 Other airc	craft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	453.8	619.8	149.7	6.1	0.0		mIn US\$/unit	792
0406 Cheese a	nd curd	282.3	331.1	403.1	6.5	6.7	6.6	US\$/kg	024
8517 Electrical	apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	287.9	304.8	294.4					764
7602 Aluminiu	m; waste and scrap	192.7	314.9	361.2	1.5		2.2	US\$/kg	288
8477 Machine	ry for working rubber or plastics	298.4	363.1	187.8					728

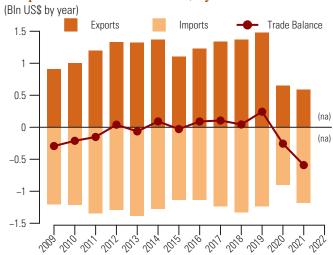
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Madagascar increased substantially by 38.1 percent to reach 2.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 36.9 percent to reach 4.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -943.0 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Madagascar were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Madagascar decreased moderately by 9.1 percent, reaching 589.5 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 30.5 percent and reached 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 590.8 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 37.2, 26.4 and 19.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Vanilla" (HS code 0905) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, the United States and China, accounting for respectively 20.3, 19.8 and 8.8 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 147.2 mln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 135.5 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 83.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

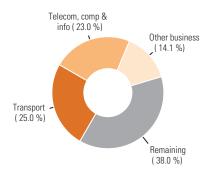


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)		ı	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	2692.0	2018.9	2788.4					
0905 Vanilla	587.2	510.9	618.7	381.9	295.2	228.0	US\$/kg	075
7502 Unwrought nickel	451.4	142.1	513.7	13.3	12.8	18.5	US\$/kg	683
2614 Titanium ores and concentrates	94.8	107.0	138.9		0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	287
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles	117.5	100.4	91.0	13.2	11.6	7.6	US\$/unit	845
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not	100.8	96.6	95.9	9.0	9.5	10.0	US\$/kg	036
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	83.1	78.8	109.6	5.3	5.0	5.3	US\$/unit	841
0907 Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems)	77.2	63.4	116.2	5.2	4.3	5.4	US\$/kg	075
8105 Cobalt mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy	101.1	32.8	109.8	35.0	34.0	55.3	US\$/kg	689
3301 Essential oils (terpeneless or not), including concretes	61.3	70.7	77.2	22.2	16.7	16.1	US\$/kg	551
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	92.4	68.4		41.6	44.7		thsd US\$/kg	971

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

Ava. Growth rates 2021											
		Avg. Grov	Avg. Growth rates								
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share							
Total	2788.4	-1.2	38.1	100.0							
0+1	1037.9	-5.0	19.1	37.2							
2+4	300.9	8.8	25.2	10.8							
3	32.4	-11.9	-4.6	1.2							
5	114.0	14.4	30.8	4.1							
6	736.6	4.1	175.9	26.4							
7	19.4	-11.6	4.1	0.7							
8	543.7	-1.4	26.8	19.5							
9	3.5	-55.2	-95.1	0.1							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

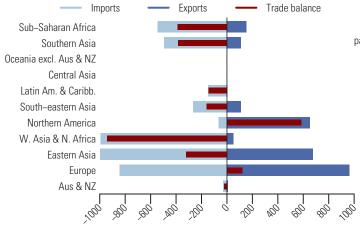
(value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)											
		Avg. Grov	2021								
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share							
Total	4408.2	4.7	36.9	100.0							
0+1	750.3	5.5	50.1	17.0							
2+4	414.8	5.7	55.2	9.4							
3	685.8	6.3	70.7	15.6							
5	492.8	6.4	26.9	11.2							
6	1007.6	7.2	26.7	22.9							
7	788.1	-0.9	25.1	17.9							
8	260.8	4.4	16.2	5.9							
9	8.0	4.6	-35.0	0.2							

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

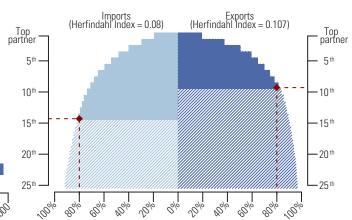
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

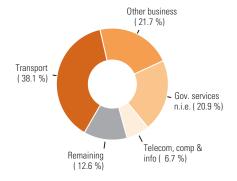


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 22.9, 17.9 and 17.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, France and India, accounting for respectively 19.7, 11.6 and 8.0 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 449.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 256.0 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 246.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

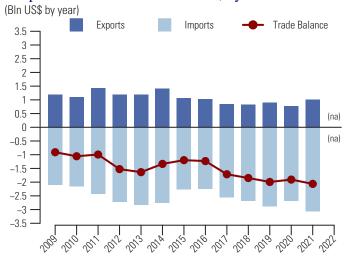
HS		Valu	e (million US	(\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System		2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities		3905.9	3219.6	4408.2					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		624.1	366.4	601.7		0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
1006 Rice		145.2	179.1	272.9	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	042
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)		119.1	102.9	108.8	3.9	5.8	4.7	US\$/kg	542
1511 Palm oil and its fractions		70.1	95.2	113.5	0.7	0.7	0.9	US\$/kg	422
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics		61.4	72.9	120.4	2.1	4.2	4.0	US\$/kg	655
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods		93.0	62.6	76.7	9.4		16.8	thsd US\$/unit	782
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form		59.8	57.5	88.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	061
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement		8.08	58.7	80.2	0.1		0.1	US\$/kg	661
1101 Wheat or meslin flour		81.0	58.3	58.0	0.3		0.4	US\$/kg	046
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	ort	80.1	56.3	55.3		7.4	4.5	thsd US\$/unit	781

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

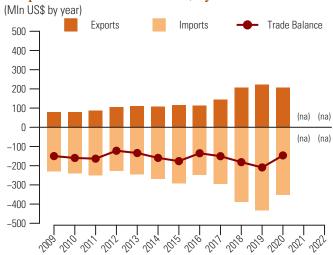
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Malawi increased substantially by 30.8 percent to reach 1.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.7 percent to reach 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -711.3 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Malawi were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2020, the value of exports of services of Malawi decreased moderately by 7.5 percent, reaching 206.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 18.3 percent and reached 353.2 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 146.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 73.7, 17.8 and 3.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse" (HS code 2401) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Belgium, South Africa and Kenya, accounting for respectively 16.7, 6.6 and 5.3 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 70.3 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 30.4 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 29.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category



Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								SITC
HS	Valu	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 899.1	771.5	1009.5					
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse		404.8	447.4	3.8	3.9	3.8	US\$/kg	121
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	. 83.9	74.7	74.4	0.6	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	061
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured	. 78.8	73.3	72.2		2.0	2.0	US\$/kg	074
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split	. 38.9	39.3	62.9	2.0	1.0	1.8	US\$/kg	054
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken	. 17.1	13.1	108.1	2.2	2.2	3.7	US\$/kg	222
1202 Ground-nuts, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whether or not shelled or broken	39.6	38.9	43.1	3.8	4.1	6.2	US\$/kg	222
0802 Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled	. 30.6	21.2	26.9	15.6	12.9	10.9	US\$/kg	057
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues	. 21.4	23.7	23.7	1.1	1.2	1.3	US\$/kg	081
4411 Fibreboard of wood or other ligneous materials	. 4.5	4.8	6.9	0.7	0.7	0.9	US\$/kg	634
6305 Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods	. 3.9	5.0	4.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	US\$/kg	658

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili lillilloti 05%, growtii aliu silales ili percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	1009.5	4.7	30.8	100.0					
0+1	743.8	1.0	13.7	73.7					
2+4	179.5	33.0	169.5	17.8					
3	0.2	-37.6	-80.5	0.0					
5	13.2	5.6	16.1	1.3					
6	23.6	13.2	34.1	2.3					
7	37.0	3.2	155.9	3.7					
8	12.2	10.7	96.5	1.2					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

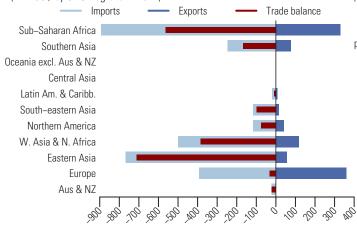
(Variation 17 million 2004, growth and charge in percentage)									
		2021							
2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
3073.2	4.8	14.7	100.0						
234.4	-2.0	-21.5	7.6						
195.8	8.6	4.0	6.4						
258.0	8.0	21.2	8.4						
899.7	11.1	33.9	29.3						
411.6	5.9	15.6	13.4						
669.0	0.9	23.1	21.8						
404.6	4.1	-0.6	13.2						
0.0	53.8	308.7	0.0						
	2021 3 073.2 234.4 195.8 258.0 899.7 411.6 669.0 404.6	Avg. Grov   2021   2017-2021   3 073.2   4.8   234.4   -2.0   195.8   8.6   258.0   0.8   899.7   11.1   411.6   5.9   669.0   0.9   404.6   4.1	Avg. Growth rates           2021         2017-2021         2020-2021           3073.2         4.8         14.7           234.4         -2.0         -21.5           195.8         8.6         4.0           258.0         0.8         21.2           899.7         11.1         33.9           411.6         5.9         15.6           669.0         0.9         23.1           404.6         4.1         -0.6						

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

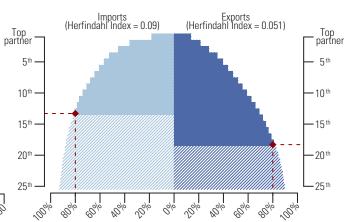
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



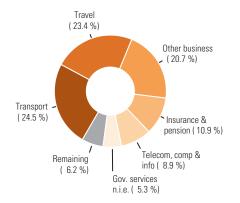
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2020)



#### Imports Profile:

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 29.3, 21.8 and 13.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue" (HS code 4907) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, China and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 18.3, 17.7 and 9.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 86.7 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 82.6 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 73.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

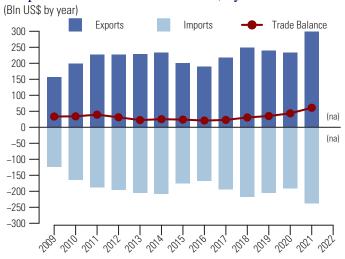
1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	2892.2	2678.3	3073.2					
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue	262.1	243.5	225.6	475.7	513.6	444.0	US\$/kg	892
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	209.4	193.3	241.5	1.1	0.8	1.3	US\$/kg	334
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers	114.4	115.6	162.6	0.7	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	562
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	129.4	113.7	90.7		20.7		US\$/kg	542
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	84.7	107.6	110.2	0.5		0.6	US\$/kg	562
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	86.4	77.7	78.3	19.6	20.6	21.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
6309 Textiles; worn clothing and other worn articles	60.5	64.0	82.5	1.3	1.4	1.3	US\$/kg	269
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	24.5	28.8	138.6					541
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse	41.6	99.4	45.6	2.6	9.7	4.2	US\$/kg	121
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	52.7	46.7	47.5	26.5			thsd US\$/unit	782

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

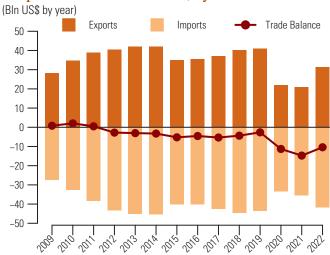
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Malaysia increased substantially by 27.8 percent to reach 299.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 25.1 percent to reach 238.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 61.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at 26.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Malaysia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Malaysia increased substantially by 50.3 percent, reaching 31.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 17.3 percent and reached 41.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 10.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 43.9, 12.4 and 12.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Singapore and the United States, accounting for respectively 15.3, 14.1 and 10.8 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 6.5 bln US\$, followed by "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 3.7 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 3.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

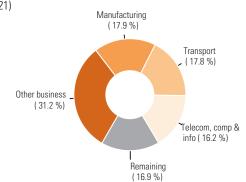


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	240 211.9	234050.3	299230.4					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	44791.4	49255.2	59635.0					776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		12782.0	20795.1	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	334
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	8596.6	9775.3	14209.3	0.5	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	422
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	10928.2	7629.4	9940.8	0.4	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	343
4015 Articles of apparel and clothing accessories	4246.5	8561.9	13247.8	5.4	8.5	14.1	US\$/kg	848
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	8725.8	7610.6	8235.1					776
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	6612.0	4972.3	6295.5	90.9	92.3	187.6	US\$/unit	752
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	7029.2	4697.0	5235.4	0.5	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	333
8523 Prepared unrecorded media for sound recording	4251.5	5830.6	6672.9	1.5	0.8	1.8	US\$/unit	898
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	4057.8	5315.2	6307.6					764

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00%, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share						
Total	299230.4	8.3	27.8	100.0					
0+1	9947.7	4.2	14.9	3.3					
2+4	29274.2	7.2	40.9	9.8					
3	37 246.4	2.7	39.8	12.4					
5	22726.1	10.8	41.9	7.6					
6	30768.6	12.4	46.2	10.3					
7	131 467.9	8.2	19.1	43.9					
8	36819.0	14.5	24.0	12.3					
9	980.3	-15.9	20.4	0.3					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

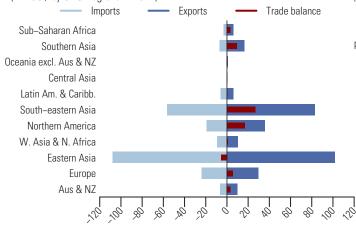
(value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
Total	238 249.8	5.2	5.2 25.1							
0+1	16 050.1	0.1 5.7 15.7		6.7						
2+4	18590.4	16.9	50.5	7.8						
3	29854.4	4.7	31.9	12.5						
5	26 020.7	7.5	31.1	10.9						
6	25675.9	3.0	18.5	10.8						
7	101 491.4	3.9	20.7	42.6						
8	14808.5	2.2	19.4	6.2						
9	5758.4	9.6	62.2	2.4						

### SITC Legend

SITC	B
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

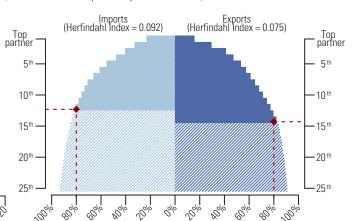
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



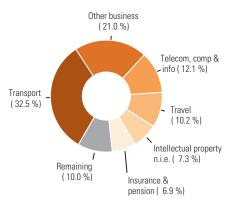
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 42.6, 12.5 and 10.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Singapore and the United States, accounting for respectively 21.9, 9.7 and 8.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 11.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 7.5 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Val	ue (million U	(22			Jnit val	IIE	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020		Unit	code
All Commodities	205 030.5	190 404.5	238 249.8					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	31 927.1	33372.1	42808.6					776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	17507.9	13379.4	20032.6	0.6		0.6	US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	6474.0	4600.9	3477.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	4043.4	3916.9	4189.1					764
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	3 0 3 8 . 5	3280.8	4180.1					776
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	2915.2	2300.7	4019.7		0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	321
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	2767.0	2535.5	3690.6	43.0	63.2	81.1	US\$/unit	752
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	2406.4	2251.2	4209.7	43.4	56.6	57.4	thsd US\$/kg	971
8534 Circuits; printed	2161.5	2557.7	3098.7	84.7	102.9	99.5	US\$/kg	772
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	2649.1	2170.1	2724.8	8.5	9.0	9.7	US\$/kg	784

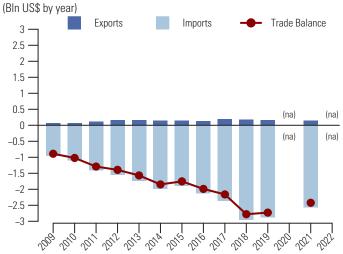
#### o :

Goods Imports: CIF, by consignment

#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Maldives reached 151.3 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports was 2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -737.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Maldives were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Maldives increased substantially by 139.7 percent, reaching 3.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 49.8 percent and reached 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 2.6 bln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 95.4, 4.2 and 0.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04" (HS code 0303) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Thailand, Germany and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 41.3, 11.6 and 7.0 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 3.5 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

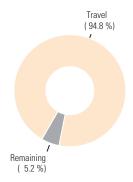


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

Valu	ie (million US	\$)		Unit valu	ie	SITC
2019	2020	2021	2019 2	2020   2021	Unit	code
158.0		151.3				
. 62.7		78.8	1.7	1.3	US\$/kg	034
. 35.1		32.2		4.1	US\$/kg	037
. 30.3		18.0	5.5	2.9	US\$/kg	034
. 17.0		6.7	3.5	2.4	US\$/kg	034
. 5.1		4.4	2.6	2.4	US\$/kg	035
3.0		5.2	0.0	0.2	US\$/kg	282
2.8		3.1	0.9	0.8	US\$/kg	081
. 1.0		0.7	11.0	13.3	US\$/kg	034
		0.8	5.2	0.1	US\$/kg	288
. 0.4		0.3	4.0	3.1	US\$/kg	036
	2019 158.0 62.7 . 35.1 . 30.3 . 17.0 . 5.1 . 3.0 . 2.8 . 1.0	2019   2020     158.0     62.7       35.1         30.3	158.0 151.3 62.7 78.8 35.1 32.2 30.3 18.0 17.0 6.7 5.1 4.4 3.0 5.2 2.8 3.1 1.0 0.7 0.3 0.8	2019         2020         2021         2019         2           158.0          151.3          78.8         1.7           62.7          78.8         1.7          32.2           32.2            5.5            5.5	2019         2020         2021         2019         2020         2021           158.0          151.3           62.7          78.8         1.7         1.3           35.1          32.2         4.1           30.3          18.0         5.5         2.9           17.0          6.7         3.5         2.4           5.1          4.4         2.6         2.4           3.0          5.2         0.0         0.2           2.8          3.1         0.9         0.8           1.0          0.7         11.0         13.3           0.3          0.8         5.2         0.1	2019         2020         2021         2019         2020         2021         Unit           158.0          151.3 <t< td=""></t<>

<sup>\*</sup>As of 2011, trade in services data reflect the improvement of the coverage of balance of payments statistics that was implemented in September 2012.

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05¢, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share						
Total	151.3	-6.7		100.0					
0+1	144.4	-7.4		95.4					
2+4	6.3	24.0		4.2					
3	0.1	135.4		0.1					
5	0.1	10.2		0.1					
6	0.4	195.0		0.2					
7	0.1	-36.5		0.0					
8	0.0	-34.2		0.0					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

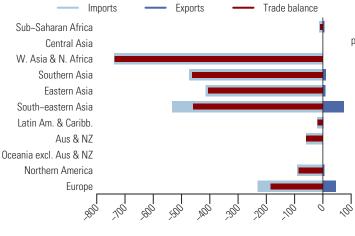
(Value III IIIII CCC, growth and charce III percentage,										
			Avg. Growth rates							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
Total	2573.6	2.2		100.0						
0+1	564.7	5.2		21.9						
2+4	126.3	-6.8		4.9						
3	454.8	9.7		17.7						
5	232.7	8.7		9.0						
6	318.2	-5.8		12.4						
7	613.2	0.4		23.8						
8	263.7	2.1		10.2						
9	0.0	73.2		0.0						

### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

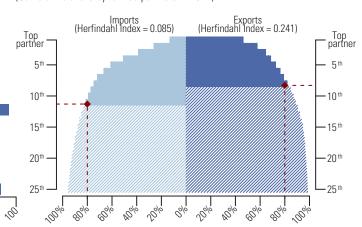
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

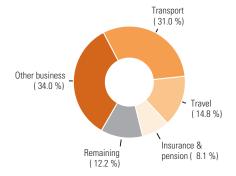


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 23.8, 21.9 and 17.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, China and Singapore, accounting for respectively 16.1, 14.5 and 11.3 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 376.9 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 343.8 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 164.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

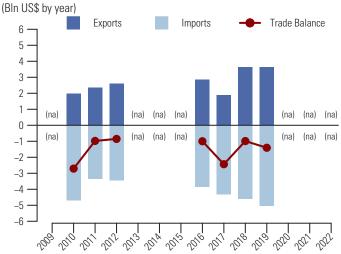
HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)		Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019 2	2020   2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	2887.0		2573.6				
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	452.0		440.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	54.2		58.2				764
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	86.2		19.1	5.7	3.2	mIn US\$/unit	792
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof	54.8		31.3				821
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	37.0		34.1	9.3	10.8	US\$/kg	773
2517 Pebbles, gravel, broken or crushed stone	39.4		29.7	0.0		US\$/kg	273
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	28.8		40.1	14.6	22.2	US\$/kg	542
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	30.4		35.7	617.5	609.8	US\$/kg	792
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	44.4		21.0				248
8415 Air conditioning machines, comprising a motor-driven fan	30.2		33.9				741

#### Overview:

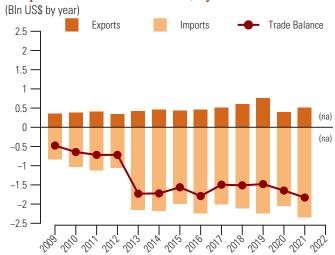
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2019, the value of merchandise exports of Mali increased slightly by 0.3 percent to reach 3.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.3 percent to reach 5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -891.8 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mali were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Mali increased substantially by 27.8 percent, reaching 513.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 14.3 percent and reached 2.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2019, representing respectively 72.9, 13.1 and 7.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2017 to 2019, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were South Africa, Switzerland and Bangladesh, accounting for respectively 37.9, 32.1 and 7.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 189.8 mln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 189.3 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 115.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

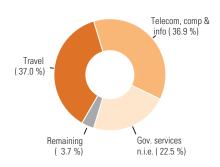


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2017 to 2019

HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$\$)		Į	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	Unit	code
All Commodities	1902.7	3633.8	3643.2					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	1 254.1	2650.9	2657.1	41.1	43.0	40.5	thsd US\$/kg	971
5203 Cotton, carded or combed	132.0	470.5	421.6	1.5		2.8	US\$/kg	263
0102 Live bovine animals	109.6	128.4	150.2	1.2	0.9	1.1	thsd US\$/unit	001
0104 Live sheep and goats	78.5	62.1	58.5	78.5	97.1	107.0	US\$/unit	001
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers	62.5	54.4	43.9	0.4	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	562
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	0.3	44.6	26.6	1.1	0.9	8.0	US\$/kg	334
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken	8.0	9.9	36.9	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	222
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	50.2	0.8	2.5					792
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried	12.6	9.2	10.9	0.6	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg	057
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25	9.6	10.6	8.1	14.6	9.4	12.1	US\$/kg	723

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	πιπιση σοφ, ί	growth and	silai 63 ili pi	erceritage,			
		Avg. Grov	Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2019	2015-2019	2018-2019	share			
Total	3643.2		0.3	100.0			
0+1	277.8		11.8	7.6			
2+4	476.7		-4.3	13.1			
3	26.6		-40.2	0.7			
5	75.5		-15.3	2.1			
6	49.9		70.5	1.4			
7	63.6		14.4	1.7			
8	15.9		-10.4	0.4			
9	2657.1		0.2	72.9			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

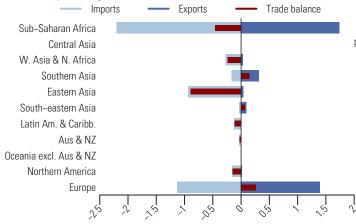
(									
		Avg. Grov	2019						
SITC	2019	2015-2019	2015-2019 2018-2019						
Total	5048.5		9.3	100.0					
0+1	667.2		5.9	13.2					
2+4	75.4		-12.9	1.5					
3	1 475.4		12.5	29.2					
5	684.5		12.0	13.6					
6	748.0		3.0	14.8					
7	1091.9		11.8	21.6					
8	305.9		10.4	6.1					
9	0.3		4984.2	0.0					

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

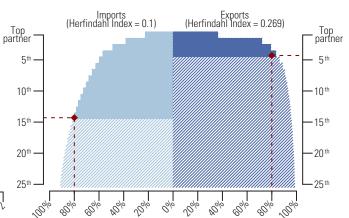
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2019)

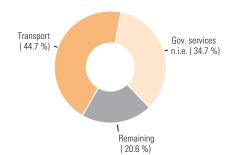


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2019)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2019, representing respectively 29.2, 21.6 and 14.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2017 to 2019, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Senegal, China and Côte d'Ivoire, accounting for respectively 22.1, 15.1 and 10.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.0 bln US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 813.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2017 to 2019

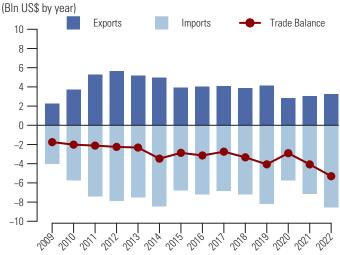
HS		Value	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017	2018	2019	Unit	code
All Co	mmodities	4336.6	4619.3	5048.5					
	eum oils, other than crude	998.3	1267.8	1361.2	0.6	0.8	0.7	US\$/kg	334
2523 Portla	nd cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	212.5	216.4	201.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
3004 Medic	caments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	232.5	176.3	192.9	19.2	11.7	11.2	US\$/kg	542
1001 Whea	t and meslin	79.4	94.3	96.9	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
8517 Electri	ical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	82.1	66.8	106.7					764
3102 Miner	al or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	77.9	62.9	94.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	562
8703 Motor	cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	71.4	68.4	92.7	24.1	27.0	25.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
1006 Rice		91.0	48.3	64.1	0.3	0.4	0.2	US\$/kg	042
1701 Cane o	or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	54.4	54.1	88.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	061
3105 Miner	al or chemical fertilisers	54.8	49.2	92.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	562

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Malta increased moderately by 6.2 percent to reach 3.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 19.9 percent to reach 8.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 5.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -3.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Malta were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Malta increased substantially by 19.3 percent, reaching 21.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 12.3 percent and reached 16.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 5.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 40.0, 19.6 and 16.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, France and Italy, accounting for respectively 15.9, 7.8 and 6.7 percent of total exports. "Personal, cultural, and recreational services" (EBOPS code SK) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 7.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 3.7 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 3.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

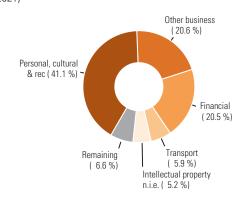


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)		Į	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	2831.9	3066.8	3257.4					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	538.5	479.1	809.0					776
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	407.2	476.6	373.8	43.0	62.1	48.5	US\$/kg	542
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue	264.3	298.7	262.8	45.9	54.7	54.5	US\$/kg	892
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	88.7	219.4	159.0		0.6		US\$/kg	334
9503 Tricycles, scooters, wheeled toys; dolls'carriages; dolls; other toys	164.4	159.5	130.7	25.7		22.1	US\$/kg	894
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced)	98.1	134.9	211.3	17.1	19.0	24.6	US\$/kg	034
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits	103.8	123.0	139.2	41.5	50.4	48.7	US\$/kg	772
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	133.7	80.2	57.6	1.7	1.0	0.6	thsd US\$/kg	792
4016 Other articles of vulcanised rubber other than hard rubber	. 53.7	67.6	71.7	119.0	111.9	89.1	US\$/kg	629
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	58.9	58.5	66.1	4.0	4.2	4.7	US\$/kg	098

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

		5		
		Avg. Grov		2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022 2021-2022		share
Total	3257.4	-4.2	6.2	100.0
0+1	409.0	6.8	32.2	12.6
2+4	34.2	21.9	12.3	1.0
3	160.3	-39.5	-28.1	4.9
5	523.7	4.9	-19.8	16.1
6	154.5	-3.9	6.6	4.7
7	1304.1	4.2	31.2	40.0
8	636.9	2.4	-8.0	19.6
9	34.7	-3.2	76.0	1.1

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

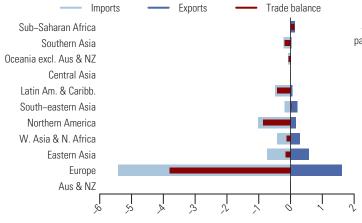
		5		
		Avg. Grov		2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	8562.6	4.4	19.9	100.0
0+1	966.9	2.7	18.0	11.3
2+4	62.3	9.8	11.8	0.7
3	1624.6	-7.8	25.9	19.0
5	845.1	5.2	3.1	9.9
6	666.1	8.5	11.4	7.8
7	3688.8	12.9	25.6	43.1
8	702.4	4.1	14.0	8.2
9	6.3	-9.7	52.1	0.1

## SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

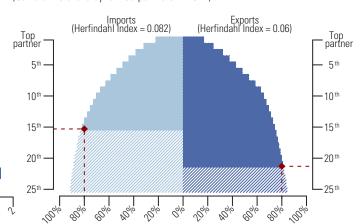
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

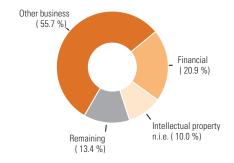


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 43.1, 19.0 and 11.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Italy, Canada and France, accounting for respectively 22.9, 6.7 and 6.6 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 8.2 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 3.1 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

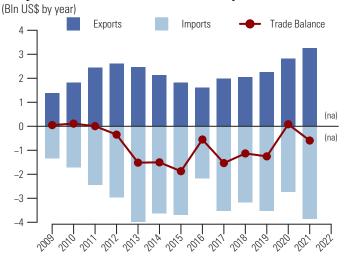
HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
А	Il Commodities	5736.1	7140.7	8562.6					
	etroleum oils, other than crude	766.9	1018.4	1216.2					334
8802 0	ther aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	585.6	898.7	1314.9	8.7	32.1	37.5	mIn US\$/unit	792
8903 Ya	achts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes	373.5	566.4	549.6	63.9	165.5	278.4	thsd US\$/unit	793
8542 El	ectronic integrated circuits	305.6	402.9	551.8					776
3004 N	ledicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	304.7	343.3	328.7	68.8	88.3	80.2	US\$/kg	542
2711 Po	etroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	177.6	176.7	190.4	0.6	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	343
8703 N	lotor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	108.9	139.5	174.7		13.7	15.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
2716 El	ectrical energy	28.1	91.7	216.1	67.0	168.3	335.0	US\$/MWh	351
	ve fish	49.8	68.1	115.9	4.3	7.2	13.7	US\$/kg	034
8517 E	ectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	54.1	63.2	81.8					764

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

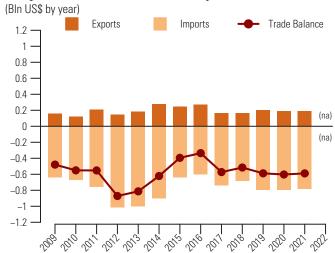
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Mauritania increased substantially by 15.5 percent to reach 3.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 40.7 percent to reach 3.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 593.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mauritania were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Mauritania reached 193.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.7 percent and reached 782.0 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 588.8 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 63.7, 25.2 and 9.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites" (HS code 2601) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Spain and Switzerland, accounting for respectively 38.1, 10.1 and 8.7 percent of total exports. "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 81.5 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 62.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 26.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

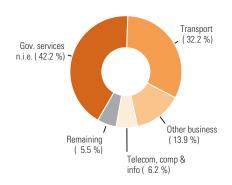


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	2266.5	2828.8	3267.0					
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	895.9	974.6	1789.2	0.1	0.1		US\$/kg	281
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not	515.9	279.2	368.8	8.4	6.5	9.1	US\$/kg	036
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)		738.3	323.9		51.2		thsd US\$/kg	971
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	395.6	320.3	279.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	034
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	195.6	215.8	257.7	1.4	1.6		US\$/kg	283
2301 Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal	134.5	137.4	120.0	1.2	1.1	1.3	US\$/kg	081
1504 Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals	40.2	36.9	23.7	1.2	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg	411
2821 Iron oxides and hydroxides	25.0	27.8	2.1	0.0	0.1		US\$/kg	522
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not	16.3	15.0	20.2	6.2		8.5	US\$/kg	036
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets	21.2	13.0	12.8			0.9	US\$/kg	034

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 664, grower and onared in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	3267.0	13.2	15.5	100.0				
0+1	824.2	0.2	4.8	25.2				
2+4	2081.4	25.0	68.3	63.7				
3	10.3		8.0	0.3				
5	4.2	-13.7	-86.9	0.1				
6	5.0	33.2	52.3	0.2				
7	13.2		-31.2	0.4				
8	4.8	153.2	52.7	0.1				
9	323.9	0.9	-56.1	9.9				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

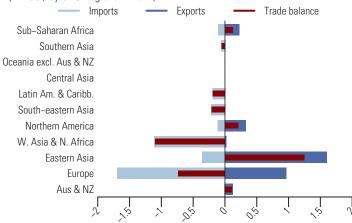
(Value in Tillion 554, growth and onares in persontage)								
		2021						
2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
3860.5	2.3	40.7	100.0					
789.4	16.4	20.3	20.4					
205.5	31.7	15.6	5.3					
1015.6	12.1	27.9	26.3					
409.8	35.5	169.2	10.6					
377.7	7.2	10.2	9.8					
816.3	-18.9	49.2	21.1					
107.4	6.1	45.4	2.8					
138.7		>	3.6					
	2021 3860.5 789.4 205.5 1015.6 409.8 377.7 816.3 107.4	2021 Avg. Grov 2017-2021 3860.5 2.3 789.4 16.4 205.5 31.7 1015.6 12.1 409.8 35.5 377.7 7.2 816.3 -18.9 107.4 6.1	Avg. Growth rates           2021         2017-2021         2020-2021           3860.5         2.3         40.7           789.4         16.4         20.3           205.5         31.7         15.6           1015.6         12.1         27.9           409.8         35.5         169.2           377.7         7.2         10.2           816.3         -18.9         49.2           107.4         6.1         45.4					

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

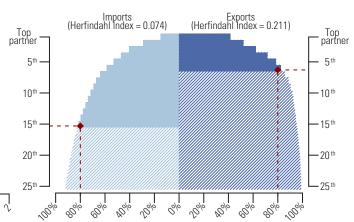
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

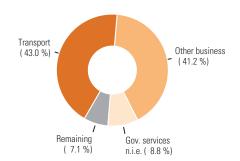


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 26.3, 21.1 and 20.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, Spain and France, accounting for respectively 13.8, 13.6 and 9.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 336.5 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 321.8 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 68.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

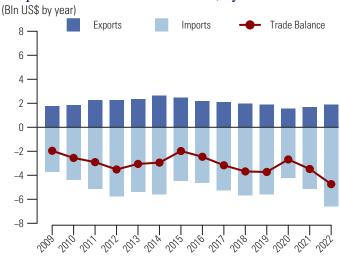
LIC	1	Valua /million LIC®\ Linit valua				CITC			
HS	<u> </u>	Value (million US\$)				Unit value			SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
Α	Il Commodities	3519.8	2744.2	3860.5					
	etroleum oils, other than crude	987.5	756.5	964.2	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	334
1001 V	Vheat and meslin	147.8	175.6	219.7	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
8431 P	arts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25	151.5	125.6	128.8	13.6	17.1	21.3	US\$/kg	723
1701 C	ane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	58.6	164.3	166.2	0.1	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	061
1507 S	oya-bean oil and its fractions	45.9	147.6	143.5	0.3	8.0	1.2	US\$/kg	421
8703 N	Notor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	57.3	58.8	136.4	25.4	24.1	24.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
0402 N	filk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar	93.9	55.3	56.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	US\$/kg	022
8905 Li	ight-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels	177.9	0.1	0.0					793
8704 N	Notor vehicles for the transport of goods	50.4	41.6	80.1	28.3	26.6	30.9	thsd US\$/unit	782
3003 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	0.3	1.8	157.3	10.5	3.0	212.0	US\$/kg	542

Goods Imports: CIF/FOB, by origin

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Mauritius increased substantially by 12.5 percent to reach 1.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 28.6 percent to reach 6.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 4.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mauritius were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Mauritius decreased moderately by 5.1 percent, reaching 1.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 9.4 percent and reached 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 196.8 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 35.9, 34.4 and 15.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Prepared or preserved fish; caviar" (HS code 1604) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were South Africa, France and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 13.1, 12.7 and 9.2 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 429.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 355.0 mln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 177.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

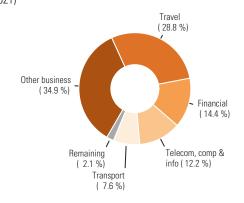


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	1543.6	1671.8	1880.6					
1604 Prepared or preserved fish; caviar	231.7	225.2	256.5	4.5	4.6	4.9	US\$/kg	037
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	186.8	168.6	196.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	061
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	83.7	101.4	116.0	13.0	12.8	14.7	US\$/unit	841
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	82.4	86.3	84.5	4.0	4.3	4.2	US\$/unit	845
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	50.8	68.4	95.9	1.4	2.3	2.7	thsd US\$/carat	667
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	75.6	46.9	60.1	1.8	1.9	2.0	US\$/kg	034
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics	41.4	51.8	56.7	8.1	7.6	7.0	US\$/kg	655
6205 Men's or boys'shirts	74.2	31.8	34.9	12.3	20.4	21.5	US\$/unit	841
0106 Other live animals	33.0	48.9	48.8	2.8	3.0	3.6	thsd US\$/unit	001
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	32.6	42.0	42.3					872

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili illillion 034, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	1880.6	-1.4	12.5	100.0			
0+1	674.2	-1.4	15.9	35.9			
2+4	74.3	28.7	19.5	3.9			
3	0.5	-60.7	17.9	0.0			
5	106.4	2.7	27.0	5.7			
6	294.5	5.7	11.9	15.7			
7	74.4	-2.3	10.7	4.0			
8	647.1	-5.3	5.7	34.4			
9	9.2	2.7	718.9	0.5			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

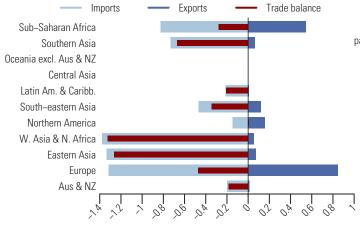
1	(1 a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a									
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	6617.2	3.9	28.6	100.0						
0+1	1329.9	3.9	26.3	20.1						
2+4	248.8	8.4	40.8	3.8						
3	1512.6	7.5	72.8	22.9						
5	561.7	3.8	-5.6	8.5						
6	1 046.2	4.2	14.3	15.8						
7	1 282.8	-0.4	26.8	19.4						
8	602.5	4.0	21.4	9.1						
9	32.7	4.2	38.7	0.5						

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

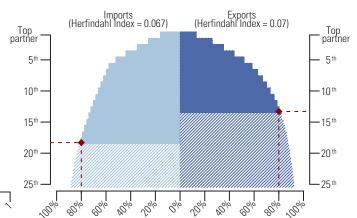
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

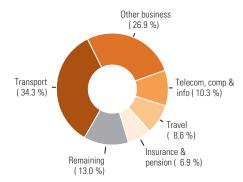


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 22.9, 20.1 and 19.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 16.8, 11.6 and 9.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 490.7 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 384.1 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 147.7 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

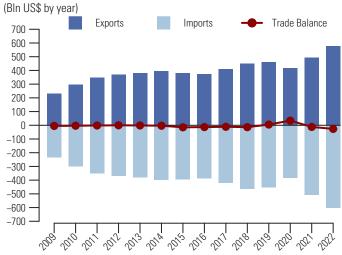
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

	1//	/ '11' 110	٨١			LL 5		OITO
HS	Valu	<u>ıe (million US</u>	• 1			<u>Unit va</u>	ilue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 4223.9	5147.3	6617.2					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 531.2	713.9	1261.3	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 173.8	202.1	265.0	13.5	14.7	14.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	197.2	186.3	208.3	1.6	1.7	1.7	US\$/kg	034
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 141.1	221.4	156.4	28.7	54.6	27.3	US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	101.2	109.6	168.8					764
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	. 60.4	100.2	170.8	0.1	0.0	0.3	US\$/kg	321
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	43.0	77.3	106.7	0.9	1.2	1.5	thsd US\$/carat	667
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	. 56.0	75.4	68.3	185.8	281.8	272.3	US\$/unit	752
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar	. 63.8	56.9	76.7	3.9	4.2	4.7	US\$/kg	022
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	53.1	57.0	70.7	28.1	30.7	34.3	US\$/kg	122

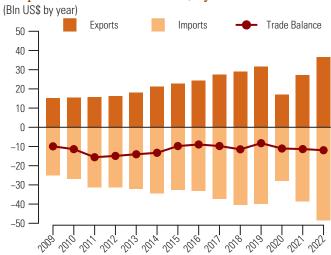
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Mexico increased substantially by 16.9 percent to reach 578.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 19.4 percent to reach 604.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 26.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 189.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mexico were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Mexico increased substantially by 33.8 percent, reaching 36.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 25.4 percent and reached 48.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 11.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 58.4, 9.1 and 8.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Rest of America nes and Canada, accounting for respectively 78.5, 4.3 and 2.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 19.8 bln US\$, followed by "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 3.7 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

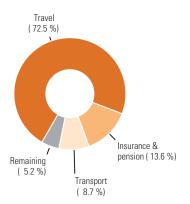


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Vali	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit valu	Je 9t	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	416 982.2	494595.5	578 281.6					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	40247.4	39909.7	46924.1					781
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	31 996.7	33319.4	42997.1					752
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	26779.5	30525.3	37 931.5					784
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	18353.0	34475.6	41 961.5					931
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	24679.5	30686.7	32814.2					782
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	14683.7	23 983.9	31779.8	0.3	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	333
8528 Reception apparatus for television	13062.3	15596.7	13816.0					761
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	10960.5	14106.1	16456.0					773
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	11902.1	11837.5	13323.0					764
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	8432.6	9242.9	10401.2					872

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

value in million 034, growth and shares in percentage,							
		Avg. Grov	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	578 281.6	6.4	16.9	100.0			
0+1	47 354.3	9.2	13.0	8.2			
2+4	12360.5	8.9	1.5	2.1			
3	37694.2	6.2	37.6	6.5			
5	18361.1	7.0	18.3	3.2			
6	40323.0	8.4	15.2	7.0			
7	337 821.5	5.2	17.9	58.4			
8	52873.8	5.3	13.5	9.1			
9	31 493.2	17.5	6.8	5.4			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

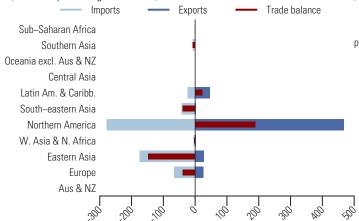
1	varao III	m minor oop, grower and onaroo in poroontago						
			Avg. Grov	2022				
	SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
	Total	604614.6	6.8	19.4	100.0			
	0+1	31 999.2	10.4	17.5	5.3			
	2+4	16102.6	9.6	15.2	2.7			
	3	61 169.9	7.6	44.5	10.1			
	5	66 906.8	8.5	15.6	11.1			
	6	76 056.3	6.2	16.5	12.6			
	7	257723.4	4.7	18.4	42.6			
	8	48 495.1	4.4	7.2	8.0			
	9	46161.3	19.1	24.8	7.6			

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

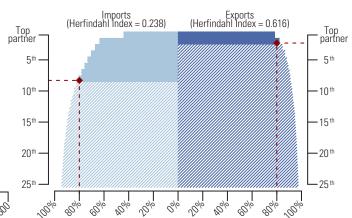
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

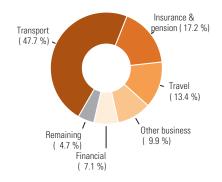


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 42.6, 12.6 and 11.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 43.8, 19.6 and 3.8 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 18.4 bln US\$, followed by "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 6.7 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 5.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

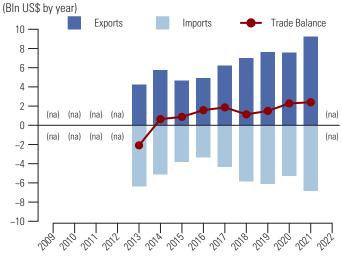
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

THS I	Val	ua /millian II	C to 1		Hait val	10	CITC
110		ue (million U	- +1		Unit valu	16	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020   2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	382 979.9	506 565.5	604614.6				
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	19651.3	42893.2	55928.3				931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	17 024.8	24779.1	41769.6	0.8	3 1.0	US\$/kg	334
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	21 926.4	25961.7	29471.5				784
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	. 18820.5	21865.0	26341.9				776
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 11713.7	13652.2	16569.0				764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	6672.4	15769.2	17334.8	0.0	7	US\$/kg	343
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72	9333.6	11122.7	14083.5				759
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	9726.0	10907.6	11833.7				752
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	6232.7	7556.1	11011.7				781
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits	5642.5	7124.4	8224.0				772

#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Mongolia increased substantially by 22.0 percent to reach 9.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 29.2 percent to reach 6.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 2.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 4.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mongolia were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Mongolia increased substantially by 61.6 percent, reaching 1.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 65.8 percent and reached 3.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 2.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 51.9, 33.1 and 10.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal" (HS code 2701) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Switzerland and Singapore, accounting for respectively 81.4, 10.7 and 2.3 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 482.7 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 152.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

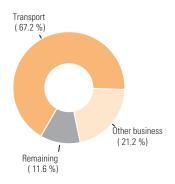


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

a	1 1			±.					0.00
HS		Valu	ue (million US)	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Com	modities	7619.8	7576.3	9241.1					
2701 Coal; br	iquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	3074.4	2123.7	2758.6	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	321
2603 Copper	ores and concentrates	1795.9	1778.0	2899.9	1.3	1.3	2.3	US\$/kg	283
7108 Gold (in	cluding gold plated with platinum)	418.4	1787.7	1004.5	46.1	58.6	58.2	thsd US\$/kg	971
2601 Iron ore	s and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	576.6	640.0	952.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	281
2709 Petroleu	um oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	366.7	150.9	273.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	333
5102 Fine or o	coarse animal hair, not carded or combed	302.8	205.1	276.4	34.5	21.7	29.7	US\$/kg	268
2608 Zinc ore	es and concentrates	189.0	167.7	176.4	1.4	1.3	1.6	US\$/kg	287
2529 Feldspa	r; leucite, nepheline and nepheline syenite; fluorspar	205.3	156.3	144.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	278
2616 Precious	s metal ores and concentrates	1.8	130.4	136.9	8.6	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	289
7403 Refined	copper and copper alloys, unwrought	68.9	59.3	88.5	5.8	6.1	9.0	US\$/kg	682

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

value in million 03%, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2021				
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share			
Total	9241.1	10.5	22.0	100.0			
0+1	157.9	3.4	40.2	1.7			
2+4	4800.7	16.6	48.6	51.9			
3	3056.6	3.6	34.0	33.1			
5	1.2	-17.8	136.3	0.0			
6	127.0	-1.2	56.4	1.4			
7	43.0	2.5	21.5	0.5			
8	50.1	1.5	4.9	0.5			
9	1004.5	14.0	-43.8	10.9			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

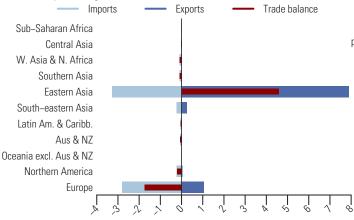
( varao iii	on minor ood, grower and charge in percentage						
		Avg. Grov	2021				
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share			
Total	6844.5	12.1	29.2	100.0			
0+1	913.2	15.4	44.3	13.3			
2+4	82.7	13.3	46.8	1.2			
3	1329.4	8.2	34.2	19.4			
5	668.9	16.0	50.5	9.8			
6	988.8	12.0	4.0	14.4			
7	2464.2	12.5	29.2	36.0			
8	397.2	10.5	29.6	5.8			
9	0.0	-1.0	-99.8	0.0			

#### SITC Legend

	SITC	
	Code	Description
T	otal	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

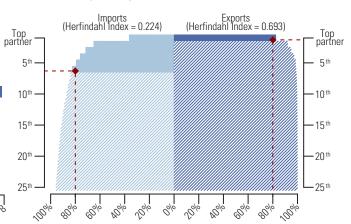
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



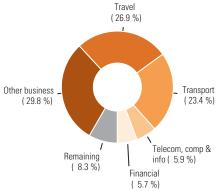
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 36.0, 19.4 and 14.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the Russian Federation and Japan, accounting for respectively 35.1, 27.8 and 7.9 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 611.1 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 551.4 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 479.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

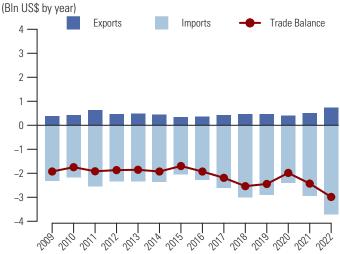
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

			4.1					
HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)			<u>Unit va</u>	ılue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	6127.4	5298.8	6844.5					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 1165.8	816.9	1131.8	0.6	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 418.7	297.3	385.2	6.0	5.6	7.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	. 421.1	269.0	385.2	18.3	12.8	14.5	thsd US\$/unit	782
2716 Electrical energy	. 144.4	141.7	160.2	83.9	84.1	87.9	US\$/MWh	351
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers		125.9	118.0	142.9	110.5	86.8	thsd US\$/unit	723
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel	. 113.2	104.0	163.9	0.5	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	676
8716 Trailers and semi-trailers	36.3	102.7	200.4					786
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 94.8	94.0	134.2					764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 85.1	89.9	146.3	25.8	27.6	37.0	US\$/kg	542
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	. 59.6	62.8	95.9	10.1	10.9	12.2	US\$/kg	098

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Montenegro increased substantially by 42.7 percent to reach 736.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 26.4 percent to reach 3.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 3.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Montenegro were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Montenegro increased substantially by 26.1 percent, reaching 2.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 34.8 percent and reached 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 1.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 30.0, 28.8 and 12.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Unwrought aluminium" (HS code 7601) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Serbia, Switzerland and Bosnia and Herzegovina, accounting for respectively 24.1, 11.0 and 9.6 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 894.5 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 465.8 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 188.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

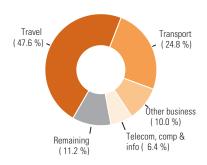


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	S\$)		Į	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 409.8	515.9	736.4					
7601 Unwrought aluminium		95.8	179.6	1.8	2.7	3.8	US\$/kg	684
2716 Electrical energy	. 57.0	75.9	178.9	55.9	77.7	229.6	US\$/MWh	351
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 27.6	26.9	34.8	19.2	17.1	17.4	US\$/kg	542
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	. 23.6	33.0	28.8	137.0	155.5	164.9	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 6.1	11.4	29.0	0.6	0.7	1.3	US\$/kg	334
2608 Zinc ores and concentrates	. 12.1	16.4	15.9	0.6	8.0	1.0	US\$/kg	287
2606 Aluminium ores and concentrates	22.2	11.6	8.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg	285
0210 Meat and edible meat offal, salted, in brine, dried or smoked	. 10.6	13.7	17.6	8.3	8.4	8.0	US\$/kg	016
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines	. 12.5	14.5	13.1	2.2	2.4	2.6	US\$/litre	112
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	. 8.4	25.8	4.6	0.2	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	282

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	ιιιιιιοιι σοφ, ί	growth and	silaites ili pi	516611tage/	
		Avg. Grov		2022	
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share	
Total	736.4	12.1	42.7	100.0	
0+1	64.8	4.5	-6.0	8.8	
2+4	95.2	0.7	-18.5	12.9	
3	220.7	22.8	130.9	30.0	
5	43.6	5.7	23.7	5.9	
6	212.2	13.0	73.6	28.8	
7	69.8	13.8	27.4	9.5	
8	30.1	18.5	34.7	4.1	

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

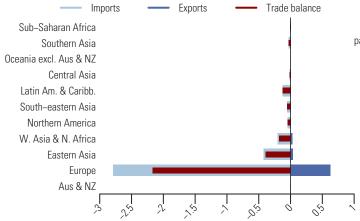
( varao iii	or correago,					
		Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	3722.5	5.5	26.4	100.0		
0+1	795.4	6.8	18.5	21.4		
2+4	57.4	-6.4	-29.2	1.5		
3	655.3	19.4	95.6	17.6		
5	364.1	5.3	-6.4	9.8		
6	642.1	4.2	32.6	17.2		
7	748.4	-0.1	25.5	20.1		
8	459.7	3.4	18.3	12.4		
9	0.1	37.7	85.7	0.0		

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

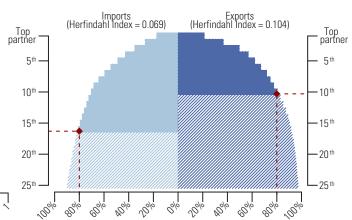
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

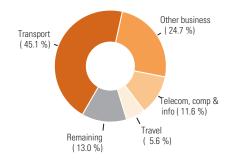


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 21.4, 20.1 and 17.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Serbia, China and Germany, accounting for respectively 18.9, 9.8 and 8.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 340.5 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 186.2 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 87.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized Syste	em	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		2394.1	2945.5	3722.5					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		119.2	214.3	403.9	0.4	0.7		US\$/kg	334
2716 Electrical energy		46.8	83.3	220.3	41.7	98.6	314.4	US\$/MWh	351
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for		78.9	109.0	145.6	6.5	8.1	7.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 3	30.06)	93.4	113.5	114.1	64.0	58.8	61.3	US\$/kg	542
0203 Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen		51.0	55.1	63.3	2.6	2.4	2.8	US\$/kg	012
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy		55.9	48.1	64.1					764
7601 Unwrought aluminium		0.2	9.7	119.8	2.2	3.0		US\$/kg	684
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses		28.3	62.2	38.7	1.3		1.2	thsd US\$/kg	541
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof		34.0	35.8	47.5					821
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement		39.6	34.6	40.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661

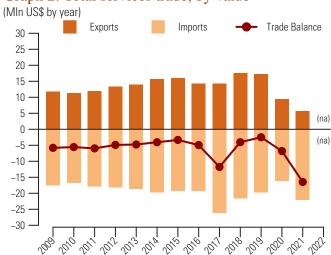
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Montserrat reached 6.6 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports was 39.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 32.6 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -26.7 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Montserrat were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Montserrat decreased substantially by 39.7 percent, reaching 5.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 36.5 percent and reached 22.1 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 16.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 92.9, 2.6 and 1.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Natural sands of all kinds" (HS code 2505) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, France and Antigua and Barbuda, accounting for respectively 58.1, 25.8 and 22.6 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.6 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

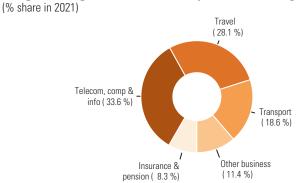


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1							
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	3\$)		Unit valu	е	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020 2	021   2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	5.7		6.6				
2505 Natural sands of all kinds			5.2	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg	273
2517 Pebbles, gravel, broken or crushed stone	0.7		1.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg	273
8479 Machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions	0.3		0.0				728
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	0.1		0.0	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	334
8907 Other floating structures	0.1		0.0				793
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	0.0		0.1				931
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse	0.1			1.2		US\$/kg	121
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	0.1						776
7309 Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers for any material			0.0	9.5	1.9	US\$/kg	692
9015 Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic			0.1				874

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	πιπιση σοφ, ί	growth and	silaits ili þi	cicciitayc;	
		Avg. Grov	wth rates	2022	
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share	
Total	6.6	3.7		100.0	
0+1	0.0	-49.3		0.1	
2+4	6.2	10.3		92.9	
3	0.0	-63.2		0.1	
5	0.0	-8.9		0.0	
6	0.1	8.7		8.0	
7	0.2	-34.6		2.6	
8	0.1	14.9		1.9	
9	0.1	37.8		1.6	

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(**************************************							
		2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	39.2	2.5		100.0			
0+1	7.8	1.6		19.9			
2+4	0.7	-2.1		1.8			
3	8.6	7.0		21.9			
5	3.2	6.6		8.0			
6	5.1	-1.8		13.1			
7	9.3	1.3		23.7			
8	4.4	2.3		11.2			
9	0.1	5.0		0.2			

#### SITC Legend

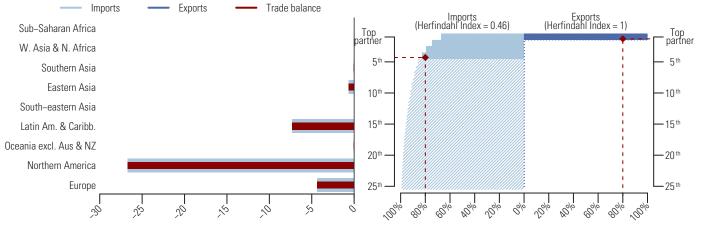
SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

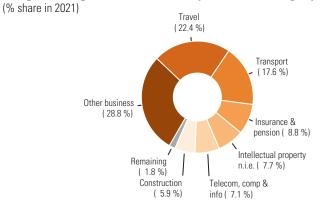
(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 23.7, 21.9 and 19.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, the United Kingdom and Trinidad and Tobago, accounting for respectively 67.3, 6.6 and 5.4 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 6.4 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 5.0 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 3.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

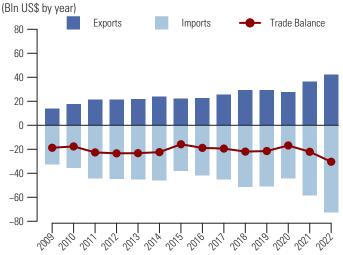
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	ıe (million US	S\$)		Unit va	alue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021   2022	Unit	code
Δ	II Commodities	30.7		39.2				
	etroleum oils, other than crude	4.1		7.5	0.5	1.2	US\$/kg	334
8703 N	Notor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	0.8		0.6	20.1	23.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
0207 N	Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	0.6		8.0	1.8	2.5	US\$/kg	012
8471 A	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	0.7		0.6				752
8517 E	lectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	0.5		0.9				764
2711 P	etroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	0.3		1.1	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	343
9403 C	Other furniture and parts thereof	0.4		0.7				821
	ood preparations not elsewhere specified or included	0.5		0.6	1.9	1.7	US\$/kg	098
8474 N	Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding	0.0		1.0				728
2203 B	leer made from malt	0.5		0.6	1.1	1.2	US\$/litre	112

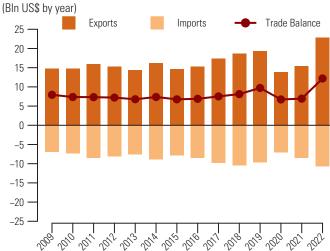
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Morocco increased substantially by 15.3 percent to reach 42.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 23.7 percent to reach 72.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 30.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -10.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Morocco were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Morocco increased substantially by 47.9 percent, reaching 22.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 25.2 percent and reached 10.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 12.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 33.5, 25.0 and 18.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Mineral or chemical fertilisers" (HS code 3105) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Spain, France and India, accounting for respectively 21.4, 20.3 and 5.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 3.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 3.7 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

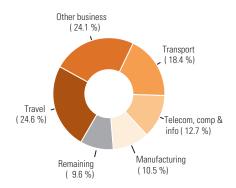


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1									
HS		Value (n	<u>million US</u>	(\$)			<u>Unit va</u>	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	202	) 2	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	277	02.7 3	6 585.2	42 183.5					
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers		01.6	5140.8	6848.4	0.3	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	562
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport.	29	71.3	4212.7	5228.7	9.8	11.8	17.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	30	38.7	3342.9	3840.7	16.4	17.5	17.8	US\$/kg	773
2809 Diphosphorus pentaoxide; phosphoric acid	11	98.6	2204.7	2246.6	0.6	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg	522
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	8	36.1	1264.7	1367.1	11.7	12.4		US\$/unit	842
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	8	50.0	1085.4	1324.6	432.2	493.3	485.9	US\$/kg	792
2510 Natural calcium phosphates	7	72.6	994.9	1317.9	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	272
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not	7	75.8	1169.1	940.5	6.2	9.0	9.2	US\$/kg	036
0702 Tomatoes; fresh or chilled	7	36.5	855.9	1024.6	1.3	1.4	1.4	US\$/kg	054
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	5	79.9	796.0	998.6	7.3		6.4	US\$/kg	784

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	(value ili ilililloti 05\$, growth allu shares ili percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	42 183.5	9.5	15.3	100.0				
0+1	7630.0	7.0	4.1	18.1				
2+4	2782.3	8.6	20.3	6.6				
3	425.9	5.6	68.5	1.0				
5	10560.6	20.0	25.1	25.0				
6	1913.4	5.1	-1.4	4.5				
7	14134.1	8.9	18.7	33.5				
8	4653.1	1.6	6.6	11.0				
9	84.1	-6.1	108.4	0.2				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

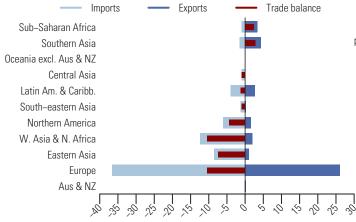
(value in million 66¢, growth and charce in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	72577.7	9.1	23.7	100.0			
0+1	8553.9	15.0	28.0	11.8			
2+4	4375.5	13.6	35.8	6.0			
3	15077.5	14.5	78.9	20.8			
5	8762.9	13.8	21.7	12.1			
6	12264.4	7.4	11.8	16.9			
7	18838.2	2.8	4.8	26.0			
8	3922.9	7.0	10.0	5.4			
9	782.4	1.5	25.9	1.1			

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

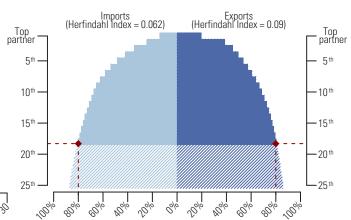
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

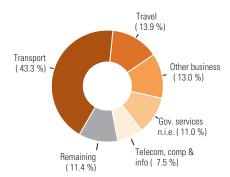


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 26.0, 20.8 and 16.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Spain, China and France, accounting for respectively 15.0, 11.1 and 10.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 3.7 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

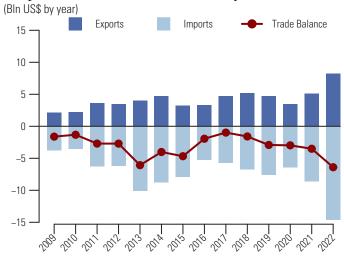
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	ን ው ነ			l Init vo	luo	SITC
		- 1				Unit va		H I
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	44 526.4	58677.6	72577.7					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	3069.5	5045.2	9529.5	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	1257.7	1939.5	2588.6	0.4	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	1 425.5	2221.4	2110.1	17.8	19.7	21.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
1001 Wheat and meslin	1 422.0	1590.3	2548.9	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	041
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	1070.4	1851.2	1960.8	6.8	8.3	8.1	US\$/kg	784
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	638.2	961.2	2079.7	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	321
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	977.7	1159.1	1428.2	15.4	17.4	17.0	US\$/kg	773
2503 Sulphur of all kinds; other than sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur	514.9	1096.0	1847.8	0.1	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	274
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	774.9	1057.2	1465.4	306.6	323.0	355.0	US\$/kg	792
2814 Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution	420.2	769.6	2105.8	0.2	0.5		US\$/kg	522

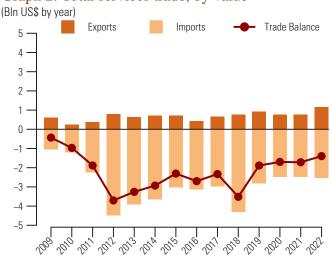
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Mozambique increased substantially by 61.7 percent to reach 8.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 70.1 percent to reach 14.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 6.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Mozambique were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Mozambique increased substantially by 50.9 percent, reaching 1.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 2.8 percent and reached 2.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 50.9, 25.5 and 12.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal" (HS code 2701) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, South Africa and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 17.6, 16.1 and 10.3 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 622.7 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 66.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

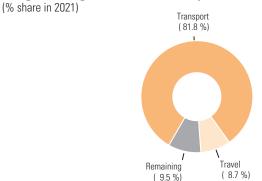


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

I								
HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	3460.0	5111.7	8265.0					
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	590.8	1079.3	2004.9					321
7601 Unwrought aluminium	970.1	686.9	1637.5					684
2716 Electrical energy	371.2	454.4	571.0	3.9		52.6	US\$/MWh	351
2704 Coke and semi-coke of coal, of lignite or of peat		334.4	847.3	0.0		0.1	US\$/kg	325
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	230.5	292.8	568.6					343
2614 Titanium ores and concentrates	180.5	335.8	406.8	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	287
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse	162.1	144.8	150.5					121
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split	57.6	152.8	223.9			0.5	US\$/kg	054
7605 Aluminium wire	72.9	136.5	155.7					684
2615 Niobium, tantalum, vanadium or zirconium ores and concentrates	56.6	96.4	155.1	0.5	0.8	1.1	US\$/kg	287

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIIIIIII Oou, growth and shares in percentage)						
		Avg. Grov	2022			
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	8265.0	12.3	61.7	100.0		
0+1	699.0	4.6	12.0	8.5		
2+4	1004.2	26.8	31.1	12.1		
3	4209.1	14.9	91.2	50.9		
5	112.2	25.4	41.3	1.4		
6	2110.8	7.8	61.1	25.5		
7	60.5	-14.2	17.6	0.7		
8	57.7	-8.0	-20.8	0.7		
9	11.5	62.2	83.0	0.1		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

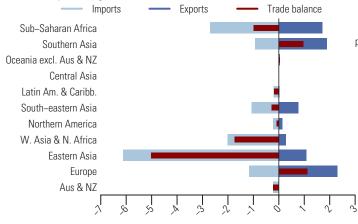
(		J 11 111 1111		
		Avg. Grov	2022	
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	14665.3	21.2	70.1	100.0
0+1	1307.8	9.1	-2.4	8.9
2+4	588.8	19.0	-8.9	4.0
3	2795.6	17.8	91.8	19.1
5	1562.3	17.8	22.9	10.7
6	1191.4	-1.3	-13.6	8.1
7	6763.5	41.3	223.2	46.1
8	455.9	6.6	4.6	3.1

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

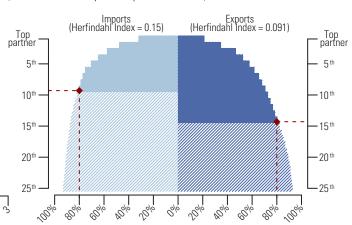
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

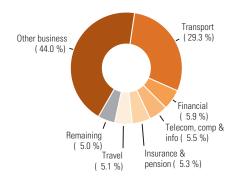


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 46.1, 19.1 and 10.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels" (HS code 8905) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, the Republic of Korea and China, accounting for respectively 21.6, 16.0 and 9.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 725.2 mln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 145.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

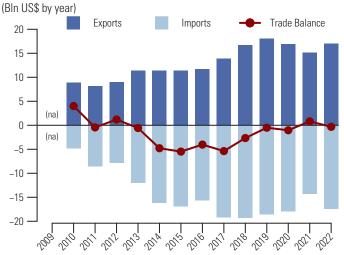
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of	Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		6437.6	8622.7	14665.3					
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, float	ing cranes and other vessels	1.7	6.5	4668.1					793
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		704.2	1050.3	2271.8					334
2826 Fluorides; fluorosilicates, fluoroaluminat	es and other complex fluorine salts	273.7	306.2	512.7	0.3	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	523
1006 Rice		250.6	377.3	317.2					042
1511 Palm oil and its fractions		163.8	295.7	272.9		1.4	1.5	US\$/kg	422
1001 Wheat and meslin		213.6	252.2	266.4		0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	041
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of headi		250.6	213.3	220.6					542
2716 Electrical energy		180.5	217.2	223.8	30.2		27.2	US\$/MWh	351
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of good		142.7	222.7	241.2					782
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles prin		90.2	124.2	115.8					781

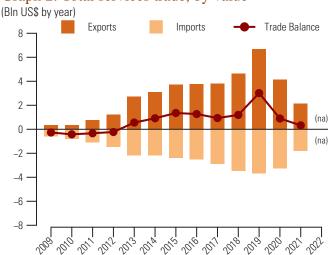
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Myanmar increased substantially by 12.8 percent to reach 17.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 21.5 percent to reach 17.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 318.8 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southeastern Asia at -4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Myanmar were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Myanmar decreased substantially by 48.4 percent, reaching 2.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 44.2 percent and reached 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 326.1 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 39.8, 25.6 and 23.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Thailand and Japan, accounting for respectively 27.5, 21.1 and 6.8 percent of total exports. "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.2 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 504.8 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 228.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

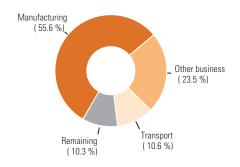


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	16929.2	15144.9	17 084.5					
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	3365.7	3150.7	3932.0	0.2	0.4	1.3	US\$/kg	343
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split	1153.1	1385.2	1463.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	US\$/kg	054
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	. 1238.3	691.1	678.7	7.6	5.4	7.1	US\$/unit	841
1006 Rice	773.2	670.7	786.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	042
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	1066.9	415.1	667.3	7.0	7.1	7.0	US\$/unit	842
1005 Maize (corn)	382.7	615.9	658.4	0.3		0.4	US\$/kg	044
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles		345.7	613.1	5.9	5.3	5.4	US\$/unit	845
6202 Women's or girls'overcoats, car-coats, capes, cloaks, anoraks	. 295.0	345.8	677.2	11.4	9.8	10.7	US\$/unit	842
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	. 924.7	308.9	10.2	5.7	6.7	2.8	US\$/kg	682
4202 Trunks, suit-cases, vanity-cases, executive-cases, brief-cases	353.8	274.0	295.1					831

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	17 084.5	0.6	12.8	100.0			
0+1	4373.3	-0.2	0.5	25.6			
2+4	852.3	9.8	-25.8	5.0			
3	4013.9	2.6	25.2	23.5			
5	21.2	-21.6	12.6	0.1			
6	537.1	-31.0	-49.0	3.1			
7	482.2	-8.7	6.5	2.8			
8	6804.1	8.4	38.6	39.8			
9	0.3	-66.3	-84.4	0.0			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

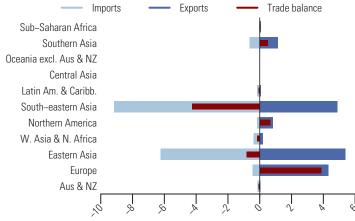
(Taras III IIIII SSA) gravita ana shares III persentage,							
		2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	17 403.4	-2.6	21.5	100.0			
0+1	1410.4	-7.6	-13.1	8.1			
2+4	878.4	2.2	-17.4	5.0			
3	5196.8	6.6	80.1	29.9			
5	2490.6	3.0	24.3	14.3			
6	4230.3	-0.3	35.8	24.3			
7	2420.9	-17.2	-18.1	13.9			
8	767.9	-4.9	13.9	4.4			
9	8.0	-16.5	3633.7	0.0			

#### SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

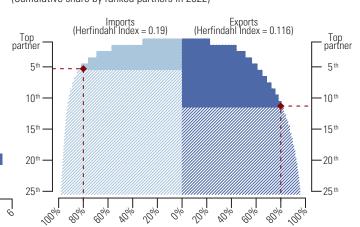
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

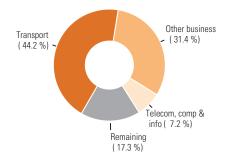


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 29.9, 24.3 and 14.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Singapore and Thailand, accounting for respectively 32.8, 19.1 and 12.4 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 805.2 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 571.4 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 131.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

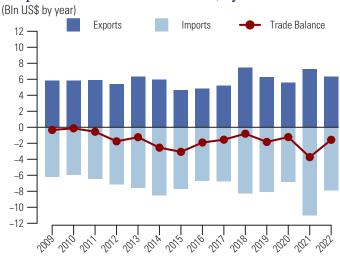
HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
Δ	II Commodities	17964.2	14322.1	17 403.4					
	etroleum oils, other than crude	2446.7	2663.2	5023.0	0.3	0.5	0.8	US\$/kg	334
1511 P	alm oil and its fractions	645.3	869.6	683.3	0.7	1.1	1.3	US\$/kg	422
5514 V	Voven fabrics of synthetic staple fibres	594.5	546.6	519.1	2.6	3.0	4.7	US\$/kg	653
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	476.4	436.3	435.0			11.1	US\$/kg	542
2106 F	ood preparations not elsewhere specified or included	292.6	363.8	323.0	3.3	3.8	4.1	US\$/kg	098
3105 N	Aineral or chemical fertilisers	219.4	176.4	441.5	0.2	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	562
5407 V	Voven fabrics of synthetic filament yarn	205.9	156.5	471.8	4.5	4.1	5.1	US\$/kg	653
8517 E	lectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	526.2	214.9	88.6					764
	lat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	343.9	203.9	256.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	US\$/kg	674
	ight-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels	8.6	291.1	456.3			1.2	mIn US\$/unit	793

## Overview:

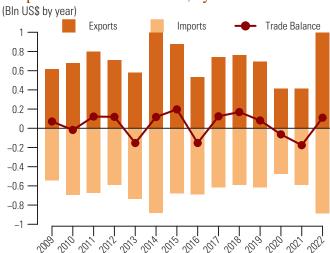
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Namibia decreased substantially by 12.7 percent to reach 6.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 28.1 percent to reach 7.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -557.5 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Namibia were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Namibia increased substantially by 142.0 percent, reaching 999.4 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 50.9 percent and reached 888.9 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 110.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 33.1, 22.9 and 19.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set" (HS code 7102) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, China and South Africa, accounting for respectively 25.4, 14.2 and 11.3 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 136.4 mln US\$, followed by "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 101.0 mln US\$ and "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 56.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

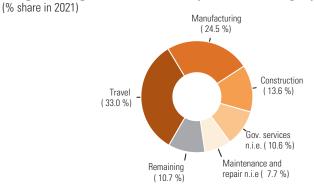


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)		l	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	5600.2	7263.8	6338.9					
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	1039.2	1224.1	1720.1	198.8	664.7	746.1	US\$/carat	667
7402 Copper; unrefined, copper anodes for electrolytic refining	1319.6	1334.6	148.1	6.6		9.5	US\$/kg	682
2612 Uranium or thorium ores and concentrates	624.4	704.2	813.5			106.0	US\$/kg	286
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	392.1	440.1	438.7	51.9	54.3	54.2	thsd US\$/kg	971
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	330.2	635.6	41.7		9.7	8.4	US\$/kg	682
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced)	287.7	340.3	333.5	5.1	4.8	5.0	US\$/kg	034
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	247.3	327.2	323.4					034
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	62.8	151.3	401.8		0.6	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8906 Other vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats	50.4	322.0		11.8			US\$/kg	793
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	17.0	63.0	221.1	7.2	3.7	8.5	US\$/kg	283

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

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		Avg. Grov	2022			
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	6338.9	-4.1	-12.7	100.0		
0+1	1 260.6	-0.5	8.9	19.9		
2+4	1 450.7	10.1	27.7	22.9		
3	437.0	78.4	173.0	6.9		
5	300.0	28.9	42.9	4.7		
6	2101.0	-12.2	-37.4	33.1		
7	247.3	-31.9	-66.3	3.9		
8	94.9	28.1	53.7	1.5		
9	447.5	6.9	0.0	7.1		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

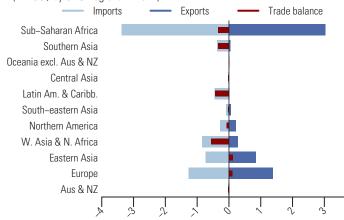
1		J			
	Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share	
Total	7 904.7	-1.2	-28.1	100.0	
0+1	1057.4	4.2	-7.7	13.4	
2+4	770.3	13.8	-12.2	9.7	
3	1 456.8	14.2	65.3	18.4	
5	1029.6	7.8	9.8	13.0	
6	1136.6	-16.0	-67.3	14.4	
7	1870.2	-6.4	-37.3	23.7	
8	578.6	-0.4	-16.1	7.3	
9	5.2	1.3	-29.7	0.1	

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

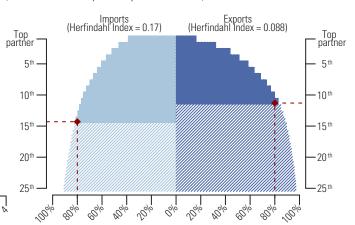
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

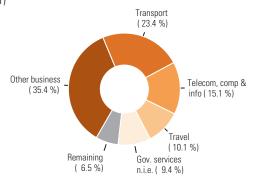


#### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 23.7, 18.4 and 14.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, Zambia and China, accounting for respectively 35.3, 11.3 and 5.8 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 208.5 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 138.0 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 89.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

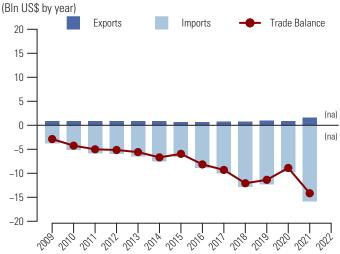
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	ie (million US	\$\$)			Unit va	alue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All	Commodities	6823.5	10991.8	7904.7					
	roleum oils, other than crude	539.9	839.4	1369.5	0.4	0.4	1.1	US\$/kg	334
7402 Cop	oper; unrefined, copper anodes for electrolytic refining	1185.0	1298.0	0.1			12.5	US\$/kg	682
2603 Cop	oper ores and concentrates	570.8	434.0	357.4	2.3		5.0	US\$/kg	283
7403 Ref	fined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	361.8	807.8	0.8	6.2	10.0	1.1	US\$/kg	682
7102 Dia	amonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	338.5	441.6	264.2	0.6	1.1	1.6	thsd US\$/carat	667
8704 Mo	otor vehicles for the transport of goods	114.1	246.6	244.7					782
8905 Ligl	ht-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels	0.0	580.7	0.0		8.9		mIn US\$/unit	793
8906 Oth	ner vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats	50.6	375.4	0.3					793
8703 Mo	otor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	102.0	144.3	149.0			2.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
8908 Ves	ssels and other floating structures; for breaking up	9.0	151.4	154.0	1.7	50.5		mIn US\$/unit	793

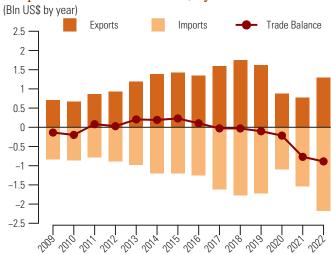
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Nepal increased substantially by 94.7 percent to reach 1.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 62.4 percent to reach 15.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 14.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southern Asia at -8.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Nepal were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Nepal increased substantially by 68.2 percent, reaching 1.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 41.7 percent and reached 2.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 888.6 mln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 55.2, 21.3 and 13.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Soya-bean oil and its fractions" (HS code 1507) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, the United States and Germany, accounting for respectively 75.2, 9.1 and 2.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 414.7 mln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 124.2 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 115.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

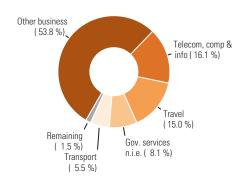


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

Iuoi	e 1. Top 10 expert commodities 2017 to 2021								
HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)		l	Unit val	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	959.6	855.4	1665.7					
1507 S	Soya-bean oil and its fractions	54.0	206.3	596.5	1.1	1.2	1.8	US\$/kg	421
1511 F	Palm oil and its fractions	190.8	45.5	257.8	0.9	1.0	1.8	US\$/kg	422
5509 \	'arn (other than sewing thread) of synthetic staple fibres	76.9	51.3	73.8	2.2	1.9	2.3	US\$/kg	651
5701 0	Carpets and other textile floor coverings, knotted, whether or not made up	65.1	51.3	67.5	165.0	133.6	173.3	US\$/m <sup>2</sup>	659
0908	Nutmeg, mace and cardamoms	44.4	46.7	47.2		6.8	6.9	US\$/kg	075
2009 F	ruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices	38.8	28.0	42.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	059
5310 V	Noven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading 53.03	29.9	29.3	48.2	8.3	1.7	3.6	US\$/kg	654
5602 F	elt, whether or not impregnated, coated, covered or laminated	21.0	24.7	37.4	13.1	16.0	17.6	US\$/kg	657
5407 V	Noven fabrics of synthetic filament yarn	30.5	23.7	28.3	3.1		3.5	US\$/kg	653
0902 T	ea, whether or not flavoured	23.6	33.1	24.1	2.2	2.5	2.5	US\$/kg	074

<sup>\*</sup>Merchandise trade data up to 2009 reported by fiscal year and beginning 2010 reported by calendar year

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(value in million 05\$, growth and shares in percentage)							
	2021						
SITC	2021	2021 2017-2021 2020-2021					
Total	1665.7	22.5	94.7	100.0			
0+1	221.6	3.6	19.7	13.3			
2+4	919.6	136.0	234.3	55.2			
3	0.0	-72.6		0.0			
5	47.8	1.4	26.1	2.9			
6	354.0	0.7	33.4	21.3			
7	6.3	-7.3	-9.7	0.4			
8	116.5	-0.9	36.9	7.0			
9	0.0	107.4		0.0			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(		J			
	Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share	
Total	15830.0	12.1	62.4	100.0	
0+1	1 988.1	9.9	21.7	12.6	
2+4	1656.2	25.2	106.2	10.5	
3	2395.2	11.8	69.6	15.1	
5	1875.6	15.9	72.0	11.8	
6	3277.8	10.8	63.4	20.7	
7	3308.3	7.4	61.2	20.9	
8	1003.7	18.4	65.7	6.3	
9	325.1	5.5	130.0	2.1	

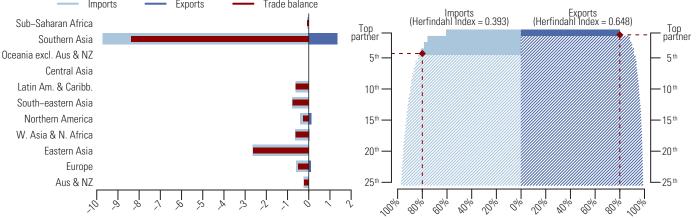
#### SITC Legend

Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

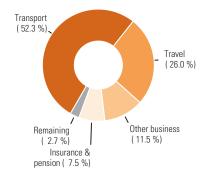
SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021) (Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021) Imports Trade balance Exports



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 20.9, 20.7 and 15.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were India, China and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 62.3, 14.9 and 2.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 806.4 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 400.2 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 177.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

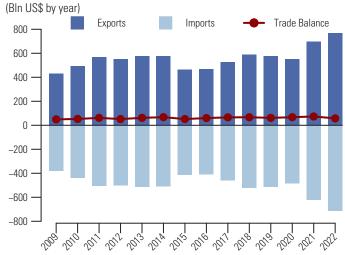
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit val	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	12325.3	9745.4	15830.0					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1535.4	889.4	1583.4	1.2	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg	334
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	451.8	406.7	599.1	0.4	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	672
1006 Rice	268.5	354.3	451.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	042
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy		282.7	458.9					764
1507 Soya-bean oil and its fractions	132.5	236.5	608.9	8.0	0.8	0.5	US\$/kg	421
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	284.7	251.0	424.7	0.6	0.6	8.0	US\$/kg	343
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	255.1	186.3	285.5	0.5	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	673
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	234.3	141.4	325.1	43.9	51.9	58.2	thsd US\$/kg	971
8711 Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor	209.7	163.3	295.4	768.2	775.28	315.7	US\$/unit	785
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	210.4	181.4	273.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	321

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin/consignment for intra eu

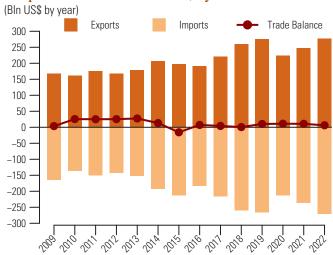
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of the Netherlands increased substantially by 10.5 percent to reach 770.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.3 percent to reach 712.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 57.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 158.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Netherlands were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 23 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the Netherlands increased substantially by 11.9 percent, reaching 276.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 14.3 percent and reached 270.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 6.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 24.6, 16.5 and 13.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Belgium and France, accounting for respectively 23.3, 11.1 and 8.0 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 72.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 55.9 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 38.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

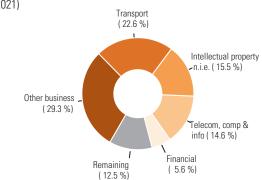


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val				Jnit val	ue	SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	551 352.8	696873.3	770306.6					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	34735.2	52359.9	81 622.9	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	23 245.8	37 122.3	78510.3					931
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	19595.7	19321.9	21 222.1					764
8486 Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices	15028.0	20056.5	21 367.7					728
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	19443.4	19276.7	15634.5	218.2	183.5	141.9	US\$/kg	542
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	12964.8	15432.8	14654.5					872
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	12516.8	14477.8	13550.3	256.6	272.0	265.1	US\$/unit	752
9021 Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses	8711.3	11368.5	11692.8					899
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	11541.0	13468.1	5322.7					776
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	6861.4	11 277.5	7612.7	1.0			thsd US\$/kg	541

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 03\$, growth and shares in percentage)										
			Avg. Growth rates							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	770306.6	7.0	10.5	100.0						
0+1	94 460.7	3.7	3.1	12.3						
2+4	39271.6	6.6	-4.2	5.1						
3	105 168.4	13.6	67.4	13.7						
5	127 130.8	6.4	0.0	16.5						
6	60750.2	5.1	2.1	7.9						
7	189 193.7	2.5	-4.6	24.6						
8	83776.3	5.7	-1.9	10.9						
9	70554.8	29.3	126.5	9.2						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

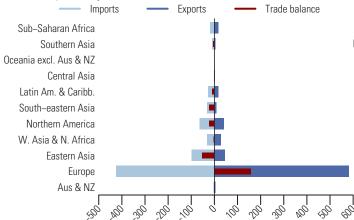
(value in immeri eet) greviar and endree in persentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	712801.9	8.1	14.3	100.0					
0+1	63 522.7	3.9	4.8	8.9					
2+4	33 002.6	7.9	0.4	4.6					
3	136 993.4	14.6	73.2	19.2					
5	93 950.0	10.6	7.0	13.2					
6	66303.3	6.8	4.2	9.3					
7	187 142.5	3.3	-2.2	26.3					
8	87 097.9	6.5	2.4	12.2					
9	44789.4	27.8	95.2	6.3					

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

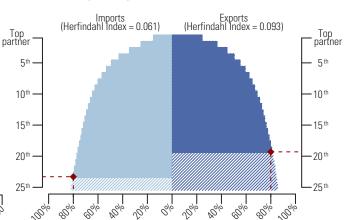
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



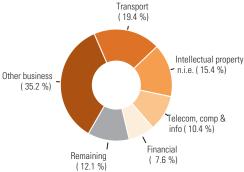
### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

(% Share iii 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 26.3, 19.2 and 13.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and Belgium, accounting for respectively 16.6, 10.0 and 9.9 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 83.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 45.9 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 36.5 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

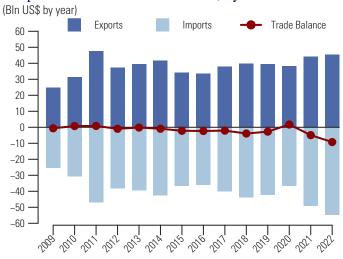
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	484 088.5	623369.1	712801.9					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	21 979.7	35478.4	58666.3	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	12641.6	25415.1	49053.4					931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	17866.6	27 967.4	39834.4	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	22614.3	22693.7	25 442.5					764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	16371.2	18235.3	17872.7	208.7	222.2	240.5	US\$/unit	752
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	11275.0	13387.8	13249.4	107.5	126.2		US\$/kg	542
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	1652.7	6672.1	28 035.2	0.3	0.7	1.2	US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	10568.1	11839.6	12232.3	19.9	19.8	18.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	13686.9	15004.5	5694.9					776
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary		11736.7	12049.7					872

#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of New Zealand increased slightly by 2.9 percent to reach 45.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 11.4 percent to reach 54.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 9.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -5.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in New Zealand were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of New Zealand increased moderately by 8.9 percent, reaching 10.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 25.8 percent and reached 16.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 6.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 63.3, 11.6 and 6.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar" (HS code 0402) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Australia and the United States, accounting for respectively 29.1, 12.7 and 10.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 3.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.6 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

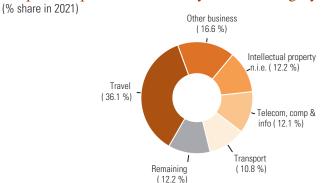


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 38290.1	44325.3	45615.1					
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar	5786.5	6968.3	6825.6	3.1	3.6	4.0	US\$/kg	022
0204 Meat of sheep or goats, fresh, chilled or frozen	. 2502.5	2917.2	2753.1	6.3	7.3	7.3	US\$/kg	012
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen	2088.0	2488.2	2688.2	4.8	5.3	6.1	US\$/kg	011
4403 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood	. 1925.7	2813.4	2250.6	98.7	125.0		US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	247
0405 Butter and other fats and oils derived from milk; dairy spreads	1874.3	2041.8	2813.3	4.4	5.1	6.2	US\$/kg	023
0810 Other fruit, fresh	. 1772.5	2009.8	1708.8	3.1	3.1	2.9	US\$/kg	057
0406 Cheese and curd	. 1303.2	1490.3	1669.9	4.0	4.1	4.9	US\$/kg	024
1901 Malt extract; food preparations of flour	1468.9	1275.9	1415.4	7.9	8.0	8.4	US\$/kg	048
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines	. 1291.4	1387.4	1422.2	4.3	4.9	4.8	US\$/litre	112
3501 Casein, caseinates and other casein derivatives; casein glues	677.1	890.5	1175.1	7.9	9.2	12.6	US\$/kg	592

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIII) II OOW, growth and shares in percentage,									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	45615.1	3.4	2.9	100.0					
0+1	28859.3	5.0	2.0	63.3					
2+4	5311.5	-0.5	-9.5	11.6					
3	736.3	-0.2	43.9	1.6					
5	2413.7	9.4	6.1	5.3					
6	2423.0	-1.3	-0.1	5.3					
7	2766.0	3.0	4.0	6.1					
8	1 496.4	1.3	-13.7	3.3					
9	1608.8	-2.6	190.0	3.5					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

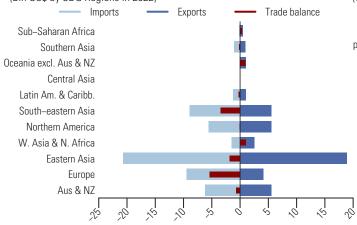
1		J		
		Avg. Grov	2022	
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	54850.1	5.8	11.4	100.0
0+1	5734.0	5.1	6.6	10.5
2+4	1535.8	6.6	23.2	2.8
3	6304.8	4.5	57.9	11.5
5	6853.4	10.4	18.1	12.5
6	6242.7	7.3	1.4	11.4
7	20192.5	4.3	3.7	36.8
8	7 135.1	5.6	1.3	13.0
9	851.9	17.3	553.7	1.6

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

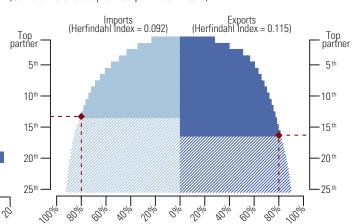
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



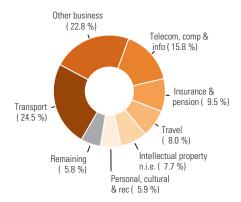
### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 36.8, 13.0 and 12.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Australia and the United States, accounting for respectively 23.3, 11.4 and 9.0 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 3.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 3.0 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	36546.1	49221.4	54850.1					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	2434.1	4272.8	4279.0	12.3	15.9	17.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1487.0	1852.6	5493.3	0.4	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	1529.3	1949.3	529.6	0.4	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1068.0	1305.6	1368.6					764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	819.0	1512.1	1381.8	24.0	27.4	27.8	thsd US\$/unit	782
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	962.9	1152.2	1077.2					752
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	743.0	774.2	943.7					714
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	654.5	760.8	935.4					542
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	245.1	546.5	607.1					541
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	383.3	487.2	475.0					872

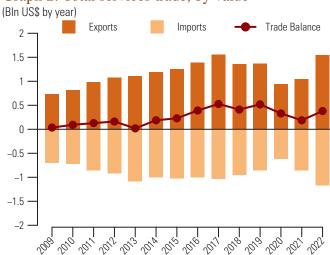
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Nicaragua increased substantially by 13.3 percent to reach 7.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.5 percent to reach 11.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 3.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at -2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Nicaragua were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Nicaragua increased substantially by 48.8 percent, reaching 1.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 36.9 percent and reached 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 380.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 41.1, 26.6 and 12.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Mexico and El Salvador, accounting for respectively 55.7, 11.2 and 6.1 percent of total exports. "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 410.4 mln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 227.4 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 183.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

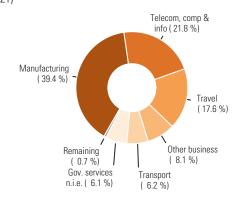


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	5087.3	6495.0	7359.8					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	666.6	867.7	927.4	32.0	32.8	50.1	thsd US\$/kg	971
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	518.7	714.9	953.1	5.2	7.1	6.5	US\$/unit	845
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	390.7	590.8	710.7	14.2	15.5	19.6	US\$/kg	773
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	440.1	509.7	716.4	2.9	3.3	4.6	US\$/kg	071
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	. 263.2	355.7	405.4	34.0	44.1	47.3	US\$/kg	122
0201 Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled	253.9	358.1	362.6	4.4	5.6	6.1	US\$/kg	011
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen	. 287.8	368.2	317.5	4.4	5.3	5.5	US\$/kg	011
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not	208.4	231.8	214.6	6.3	7.7	7.4	US\$/kg	036
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles	102.2	164.0	251.4	12.2	15.5	14.1	US\$/unit	845
0406 Cheese and curd	146.7	167.3	177.8	2.9	3.1	3.6	US\$/kg	024

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Variation 17 minion 2004, growth and than to in personage)								
			Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	7359.8	10.1	13.3	100.0				
0+1	3021.3	8.8	11.0	41.1				
2+4	367.2	9.5	5.2	5.0				
3	60.1	46.8	54.4	8.0				
5	82.0	12.7	13.1	1.1				
6	202.7	24.2	15.5	2.8				
7	741.9	6.8	19.8	10.1				
8	1956.9	6.6	18.7	26.6				
9	927.7	25.7	6.7	12.6				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

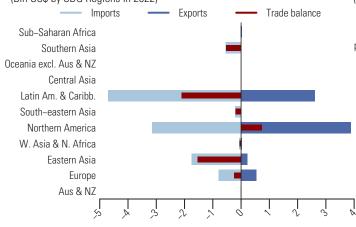
<u> </u>									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	11 246.7	11.2	14.5	100.0					
0+1	1520.5	11.6	20.6	13.5					
2+4	358.1	21.8	30.3	3.2					
3	1837.3	15.1	5.3	16.3					
5	1500.5	10.0	13.0	13.3					
6	2149.8	4.6	5.8	19.1					
7	1811.4	10.2	6.1	16.1					
8	2067.6	16.9	40.1	18.4					
9	1.6	-4.4	-55.1	0.0					

SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

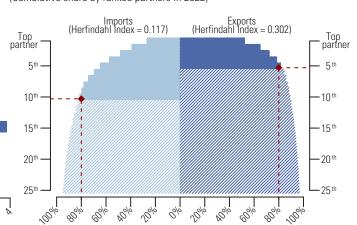
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

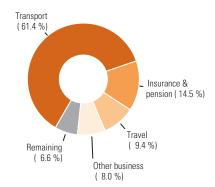


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 19.1, 18.4 and 16.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Mexico, accounting for respectively 25.8, 12.7 and 9.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 524.9 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 123.9 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 80.6 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

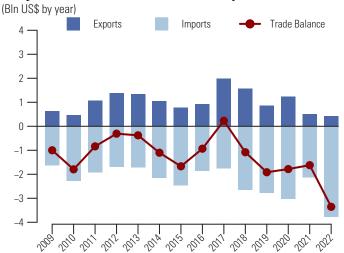
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

	<u> </u>								
HS		Valu	e (million US	\$\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodit	ies	6545.0	9826.4	11246.7					
2710 Petroleum oils	s, other than crude	374.4	1260.6	1060.2	0.5	0.6	8.0	US\$/kg	334
6006 Other knitted	or crocheted fabrics	369.8	443.8	474.8	6.5	6.5	7.9	US\$/kg	655
6109 T-shirts, single	ets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	248.1	404.1	569.4	5.3	5.7	6.2	US\$/unit	845
2709 Petroleum oils	s and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	188.1	384.4	644.8	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	333
3004 Medicaments	(excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	343.9	391.0	430.2	18.9	26.5	27.0	US\$/kg	542
8544 Insulated (inc	luding enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	154.7	227.2	274.2	8.0	10.5	10.9	US\$/kg	773
6217 Other made u	p clothing accessories	62.3	164.3	270.6	10.5	12.4	12.8	US\$/kg	846
	e conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	111.7	149.0	177.4	2.1	2.5	2.8	US\$/kg	893
	aratus for switching or protecting electrical circuits	112.4	150.4	168.2	18.7	20.6	21.6	US\$/kg	772
1005 Maize (corn)		84.4	154.1	189.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	044

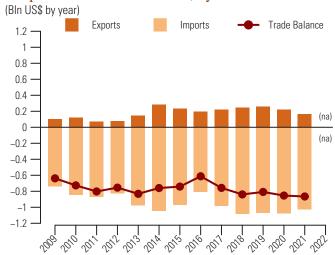
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of the Niger decreased substantially by 16.4 percent to reach 423.3 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 77.7 percent to reach 3.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 3.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Niger were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of the Niger decreased substantially by 26.4 percent, reaching 163.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 4.4 percent and reached 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 864.9 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 35.4, 28.8 and 16.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, France and Mali, accounting for respectively 42.5, 21.6 and 13.7 percent of total exports. "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 26.5 mln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 19.5 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 14.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

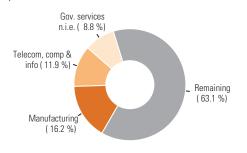


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	1245.6	506.7	423.3					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	630.0	63.6	70.7	29.7	17.8	28.7	thsd US\$/kg	971
2612 Uranium or thorium ores and concentrates	284.7	152.4	134.8	66.0	85.3	71.2	US\$/kg	286
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	182.9	191.4	122.0	0.5	0.6	8.0	US\$/kg	334
0703 Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables	14.2	23.5	12.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	054
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	15.2	9.6	9.6	1.2	1.2	1.1	US\$/kg	422
0102 Live bovine animals	7.7	8.3	5.4	1.0	1.1	1.2	thsd US\$/unit	001
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	2.9	3.2	6.3	50.0	52.6	52.8	thsd US\$/unit	723
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	10.6	0.7	0.4	145.7	262.4	211.7	US\$/kg	792
8705 Special purpose motor vehicles	8.0	0.8	2.4	94.6			thsd US\$/unit	782
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	5.8	3.4	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	US\$/kg	061

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIII) II OOW, growth and shares in percentage,								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	423.3	-27.9	-16.4	100.0				
0+1	38.0	-46.2	-24.6	9.0				
2+4	149.9	-26.7	-9.9	35.4				
3	122.0	-14.2	-36.3	28.8				
5	1.4	-39.0	-18.2	0.3				
6	5.0	-49.0	74.3	1.2				
7	32.1	-16.9	35.6	7.6				
8	4.3	0.6	-35.3	1.0				
9	70.8	-23.8	11.3	16.7				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

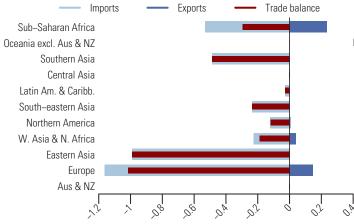
Avg. Growth rates 2022							
		Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	3779.0	9.3	77.7	100.0			
0+1	893.9	8.6	41.5	23.7			
2+4	122.4	-3.7	0.0	3.2			
3	240.3	26.5	114.7	6.4			
5	261.8	14.2	27.2	6.9			
6	646.8	13.9	144.5	17.1			
7	1075.3	2.0	69.4	28.5			
8	488.3	20.4	213.2	12.9			
9	50.1	97.6	>	1.3			

SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

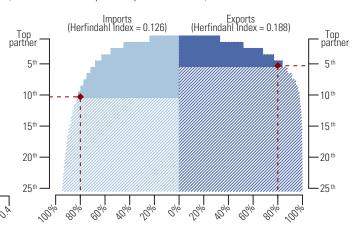
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

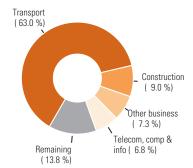


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 28.5, 23.7 and 17.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Rice" (HS code 1006) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, France and India, accounting for respectively 21.0, 20.1 and 7.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 648.1 mln US\$, followed by "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 92.6 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 75.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

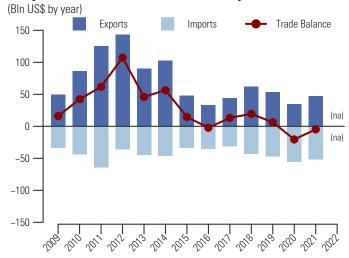
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

LIO I	1/ 1	/ '11' 110	Φ)			1.5		OITO
HS	Valu	<u>ue (million US</u>	* /			Unit val	ue	_  SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	3027.9	2126.9	3779.0					
1006 Rice	393.4	297.4	546.0	0.5	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	042
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02		140.7	241.2	1.1	0.6	0.9	thsd US\$/kg	792
9305 Parts and accessories of articles of headings 93.01 to 93.04	89.1	52.6	339.93	313.9	134.9	301.5	US\$/kg	891
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	. 173.1	50.3	30.93	362.6	38.6	39.2	US\$/kg	541
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	103.3	77.5	70.5	0.6	0.6		US\$/kg	422
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	83.9	57.4	69.4	13.8	13.8	13.7	US\$/kg	542
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	55.0	60.4	80.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	56.3	43.4	85.2	0.8	0.9	1.0	US\$/kg	334
2716 Electrical energy	51.3	46.8	70.1	47.9	72.8	207.2	US\$/MWh	351
7305 Other tubes and pipes (for example, welded, riveted or similarly closed)	0.6	36.4	127.8	19.7	2.0	1.8	US\$/kg	679

#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Nigeria increased substantially by 35.3 percent to reach 47.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 6.1 percent to reach 52.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 4.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -12.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Nigeria were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Nigeria increased substantially by 12.5 percent, reaching 4.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 28.2 percent and reached 19.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 14.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 89.1, 3.6 and 2.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were India, Spain and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 15.6, 10.8 and 7.9 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.2 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 647.8 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 464.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

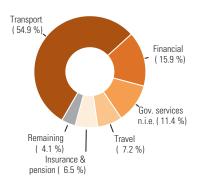


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	\/alı	ue (million US	(2)		1	Jnit va	luo	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020		Unit	code
All Commodities	53617.8	34900.5	47 231.7					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	41 039.9	26322.1	35998.1		0.3		US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	5430.2	4496.8	5828.9	4.3			US\$/kg	343
8908 Vessels and other floating structures for breaking up	2256.0	1287.3	161.3					793
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels	698.6	795.3	1232.8					793
8307 Flexible tubing of base metal, with or without fittings	2096.1		0.0	21.6		1.5	US\$/kg	699
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	151.9	189.7	941.5	0.2		0.7	US\$/kg	562
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted	248.8	292.4	560.1	1.5	2.3	1.5	US\$/kg	072
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken	294.0	328.8	301.5					222
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried	112.2	124.4	256.4	1.1	1.1	0.8	US\$/kg	057
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	70.0	173.2	126.7		6.8	6.4	mln US\$/unit	792

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percenta

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2021				
SITC	2021	2017-2021	share				
Total	47 231.7	1.5	35.3	100.0			
0+1	1220.0	19.1	80.9	2.6			
2+4	526.9	13.1	19.7	1.1			
3	42 105.7	-0.4	36.0	89.1			
5	1066.4	39.2	370.3	2.3			
6	604.8	24.8	217.7	1.3			
7	1678.9	56.5	-29.9	3.6			
8	20.8	-1.2	54.6	0.0			
9	8.3	229.6	271.8	0.0			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

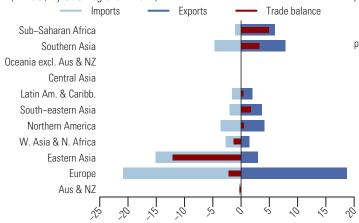
(value iii iiiiii ee e e e e e e e e e e e e								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	52068.3	13.6	-6.1	100.0				
0+1	6824.1	9.1	-11.2	13.1				
2+4	1149.7	-3.5	-3.7	2.2				
3	16136.8	16.6	90.7	31.0				
5	7 139.6	12.6	-29.2	13.7				
6	4434.6	10.0	-12.6	8.5				
7	14302.7	15.6	-29.5	27.5				
8	2080.8	22.4	-21.9	4.0				
9	0.0	-59.5	2508.8	0.0				

#### SITC Legend

	SITC	Description
l	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

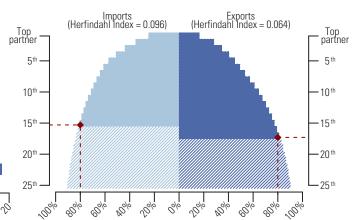
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

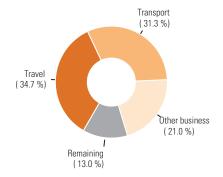


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 31.0, 27.5 and 13.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 26.4, 9.5 and 8.5 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 5.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 4.7 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 3.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

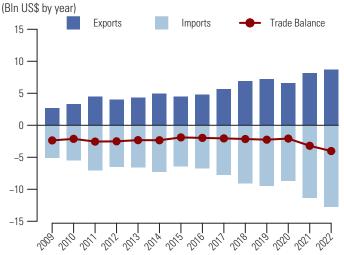
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	47 369.1	55 455.4	52068.3					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	7060.8	8068.7	15730.6		0.6		US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	2703.5	3055.0	1741.5		28.5	26.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
1001 Wheat and meslin	1266.3	2151.4	2723.3					041
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	858.5	1456.0	1107.5	11.6	8.7	9.5	US\$/kg	542
8711 Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor	1376.1	1223.8	615.2					785
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	2616.5	140.5	76.3					872
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	807.6	800.9	766.7					764
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	612.7	876.1	703.8					034
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells	487.7	962.3	703.4	1.3	1.5	2.3	US\$/kg	747
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	517.4	1389.4	199.8					541

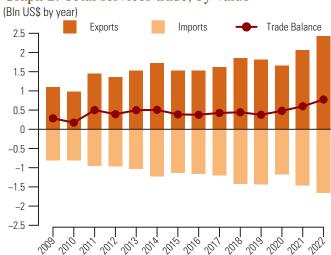
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of North Macedonia increased moderately by 6.6 percent to reach 8.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 12.0 percent to reach 12.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 4.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in North Macedonia were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of North Macedonia increased substantially by 18.1 percent, reaching 2.4 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 13.5 percent and reached 1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 774.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 34.2, 23.0 and 14.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Reaction initiators, reaction accelerators and catalytic preparations" (HS code 3815) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Serbia and Bulgaria, accounting for respectively 46.3, 8.6 and 4.9 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 506.1 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 394.0 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 390.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

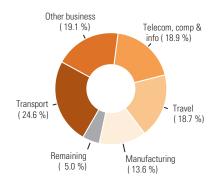


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

I							
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	(\$)	l	Jnit valı	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020 2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	6633.2	8186.3	8729.4				
3815 Reaction initiators, reaction accelerators and catalytic preparations	1325.4	1885.0	2625.5	31.4 160.3	140.4	US\$/kg	598
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	572.3	632.5	632.5	19.6 21.7	22.4	US\$/kg	773
8421 Centrifuges, including centrifugal dryers	773.6	893.0	152.3	}			743
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02)	236.5	260.2	265.7	,			821
7202 Ferro-alloys	226.4	287.9	182.5	5 2.9 3.7	4.8	US\$/kg	671
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	140.2	181.2	254.5	16.3 15.5	16.3	US\$/kg	784
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	124.6	193.8	239.8	0.5 0.7	8.0	US\$/kg	673
8537 Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases	140.8	169.0	169.3	3 72.1 73.2	73.8	US\$/kg	772
7306 Other tubes, pipes and hollow profiles	119.4	196.7	130.8	B 0.6	1.2	US\$/kg	679
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse	136.3	144.9	115.4	6.1 5.3	5.2	US\$/kg	121

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIIII Ooy, growth and shares in percentage)								
			wth rates	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	8729.4	6.0	6.6	100.0				
0+1	692.4	3.4	-0.1	7.9				
2+4	455.7	4.5	-0.6	5.2				
3	383.1	34.4	155.3	4.4				
5	2988.1	15.6	34.7	34.2				
6	1 288.8	7.3	-1.7	14.8				
7	2004.8	-2.2	-19.7	23.0				
8	909.0	-1.3	6.8	10.4				
9	7.5	12.3	19.4	0.1				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

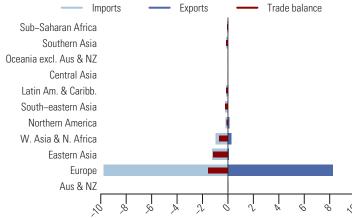
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#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

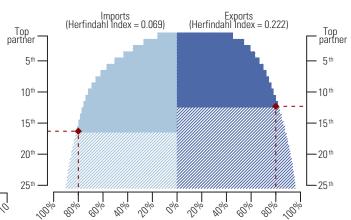
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

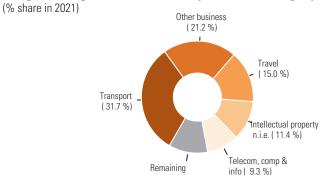


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category



(11.3 %)

#### Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 32.4, 19.6 and 17.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form" (HS code 7110) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Kingdom, Germany and Greece, accounting for respectively 16.4, 9.7 and 8.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 464.2 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 310.9 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 219.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Vali	ue (million US	5\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 8709.1	11389.5	12755.2					
7110 Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form	. 1136.3	1407.0	1432.6	48.8	56.1	51.9	thsd US\$/kg	681
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	357.1	635.4	1137.8	0.4	0.6		US\$/kg	334
2843 Colloidal precious metals	250.7	565.3	512.2	77.2	99.7	144.8	thsd US\$/kg	524
6909 Ceramic wares for laboratory, chemical or other technical uses	371.1	419.8	389.9	30.7	33.1	28.9	US\$/kg	663
2716 Electrical energy	175.5	325.8	620.0	54.8	106.22	258.0	US\$/MWh	351
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel		297.3	252.8	0.5	0.8	1.0	US\$/kg	673
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	. 203.2	252.4	274.4	8.8	11.0	10.8	US\$/kg	773
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	. 101.7	164.3	399.5	0.4	0.5	1.4	US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	173.6	246.8	196.8	6.0	6.1	7.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	186.3	223.8	174.6	46.1	50.9	41.6	US\$/kg	542

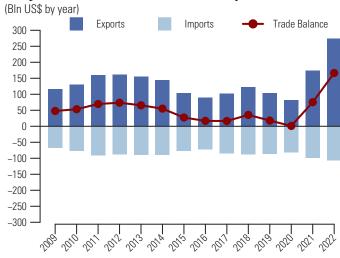
Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

Trade System: General

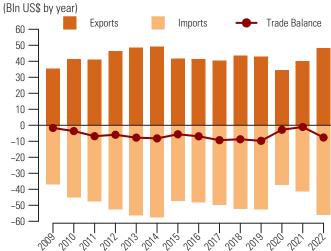
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Norway increased substantially by 56.9 percent to reach 273.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.0 percent to reach 107.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 166.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 180.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Norway were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Norway increased substantially by 19.9 percent, reaching 48.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 35.3 percent and reached 55.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 7.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 79.0, 6.0 and 5.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, the United Kingdom and France, accounting for respectively 23.0, 20.9 and 8.2 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 17.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SG) at 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

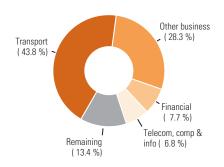


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

	* *			- 1 -					
HS		Valı	ue (million U	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Comm	odities	82748.9	174514.0	273733.5					
2711 Petroleum	n gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	14176.7	69865.7	145863.5	0.2	0.7	1.4	US\$/kg	343
2709 Petroleum	n oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	22558.8	41896.6	58 262.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
0302 Fish, fresl	h or chilled, excluding fish fillets	6258.1	7876.1	8915.0	5.1	6.0	7.1	US\$/kg	034
2710 Petroleum	n oils, other than crude	3728.8	6330.1	7 483.9	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
9999 Commodi	ties not specified according to kind	3736.7	5100.4	5927.3					931
7601 Unwrough	ht aluminium	2503.9	4122.5	5054.0	2.0	2.8	3.6	US\$/kg	684
	s and other fish meat (whether or not minced)	2128.0	2646.2	3079.5	6.4	7.2	8.3	US\$/kg	034
2716 Electrical	energy	306.9	2353.4	4656.4	12.3	74.7	204.2	US\$/MWh	351
	ht nickel	1237.4	1652.0	2047.9	13.4	18.2	24.8	US\$/kg	683
0303 Fish, froze	en, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	1334.7	1734.3	1857.7	2.0	2.1	2.4	US\$/kg	034

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05%, growth and shares in percentage)						
			2022			
	SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share	
	Total	273733.5	22.1	56.9	100.0	
	0+1	16442.6	6.6	11.7	6.0	
	2+4	2931.6	7.4	2.6	1.1	
	3	216336.7	29.7	79.5	79.0	
	5	4 478.5	2.2	-0.2	1.6	
	6	14038.9	9.0	18.3	5.1	
	7	9834.5	-0.7	-13.1	3.6	
	8	3586.9	6.8	2.1	1.3	
	9	6083.9	6.6	16.2	2.2	

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

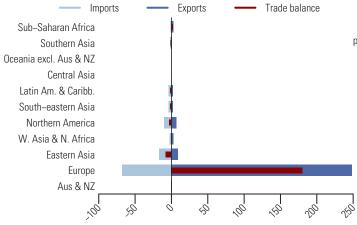
(Value III IIIIII OOQ, growth and onares in percentage)							
			wth rates	2022			
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	107 197.5	5.2	8.0	100.0			
0+1	8 473.1	5.2	0.0	7.9			
2+4	9090.6	9.0	13.0	8.5			
3	11217.7	19.3	107.3	10.5			
5	11094.2	7.3	9.2	10.3			
6	13799.2	1.1	2.4	12.9			
7	37813.7	3.1	-1.5	35.3			
8	14137.5	3.1	-1.0	13.2			
9	1571.4	11.9	51.7	1.5			

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

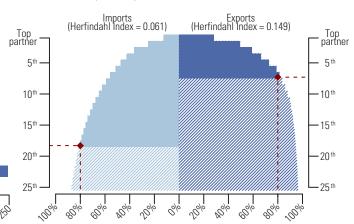
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

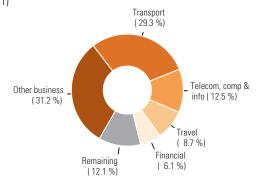


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 35.3, 13.2 and 12.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Sweden and Germany, accounting for respectively 12.5, 11.5 and 11.3 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 12.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 12.1 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 5.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

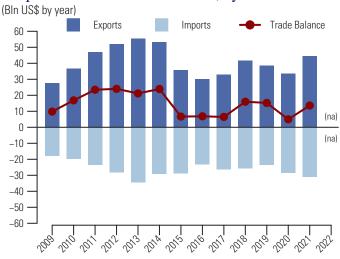
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	e (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	81 623.8	99252.6	107 197.5					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	5655.5	8424.4	8708.8	33.3	40.5	41.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1964.4	2890.6	7074.3	0.5	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
7501 Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products	1918.8	2492.1	3181.1	12.1	16.4	21.6	US\$/kg	284
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1916.9	2155.5	2206.2					764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	1644.0	2161.9	2029.0	336.9	423.6	416.1	US\$/unit	752
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1639.8	1719.4	1676.7	102.6	96.5	95.5	US\$/kg	542
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	1 265.7	1 455.6	1551.7	36.7	41.3	42.4	thsd US\$/unit	782
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06)	992.8	1549.1	1309.8	3.2	4.1	4.1	US\$/kg	691
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof	1 064.1	1285.0	1272.1					821
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	698.9	931.7	1 480.1					931

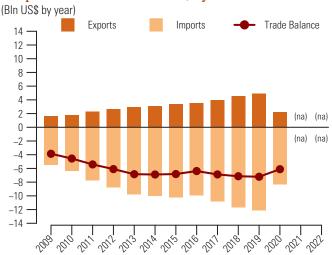
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Oman increased substantially by 33.2 percent to reach 44.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 8.7 percent to reach 31.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 13.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -7.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Oman were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2020, the value of exports of services of Oman decreased substantially by 54.6 percent, reaching 2.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 31.2 percent and reached 8.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 6.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 60.5, 12.6 and 9.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, the United Arab Emirates and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 60.6, 8.8 and 4.1 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2020 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 441.2 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 422.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)

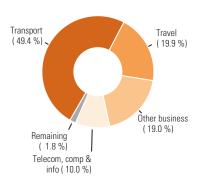


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1									SITC
HS	S		Value (million US\$)			Unit value			
code	I-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities		38723.6	33479.4	44590.9					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils	obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	19651.2	13143.2	18686.1	0.5	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and of	her gaseous hydrocarbons	4429.5	3408.9	4402.7	0.4	0.4		US\$/kg	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other th	an crude	2691.7	1 905.1	3865.1		0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	334
3102 Mineral or chemical fer	tilisers, nitrogenous	726.1	828.0	1498.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	US\$/kg	562
8703 Motor cars and other m	otor vehicles principally designed for the transport	339.4	1183.6	955.0	27.8	37.6	44.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
2905 Acyclic alcohols and the	eir derivatives	772.1	470.8	880.5	0.3	0.2	0.4	US\$/kg	512
2601 Iron ores and concentra	tes, including roasted iron pyrites	455.4	496.5	929.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	281
7207 Semi-finished products	of iron or non-alloy steel	371.5	514.0	954.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	672
8905 Light-vessels, fire-float	s, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels	486.4	805.8	289.2					793
7601 Unwrought aluminium		496.0	442.2	529.4	1.7	1.8	2.2	US\$/kg	684

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIII COO, growth and charge III percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	44590.9	7.9	33.2	100.0					
0+1	2030.7	8.4	17.0	4.6					
2+4	1631.5	3.3	42.5	3.7					
3	26 963.3	5.2	46.0	60.5					
5	5608.8	19.6	70.0	12.6					
6	4088.0	17.5	31.0	9.2					
7	3547.4	31.5	-24.5	8.0					
8	653.5	7.3	-11.8	1.5					
9	67.8	-53.6	-75.0	0.2					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

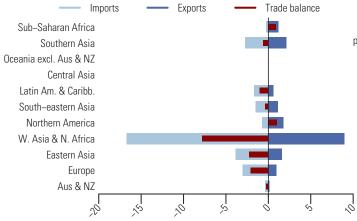
1		J		
		Avg. Grov	2021	
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share
Total	30994.8	4.1	8.7	100.0
0+1	4786.8	9.2	13.0	15.4
2+4	2792.0	16.4	66.1	9.0
3	3564.9	23.0	69.6	11.5
5	3358.9	9.5	14.6	10.8
6	5285.6	0.3	3.8	17.1
7	8371.7	6.7	-16.3	27.0
8	2119.5	-1.7	-2.2	6.8
9	715.3	-33.7	145.2	2.3

SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

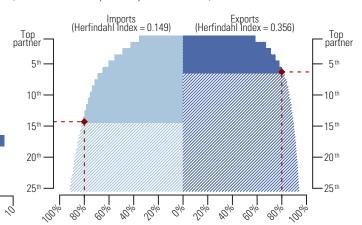
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

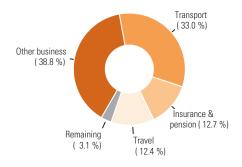


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2020)



### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 27.0, 17.1 and 15.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, China and India, accounting for respectively 37.3, 6.9 and 6.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2020 at 3.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 2.7 bln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

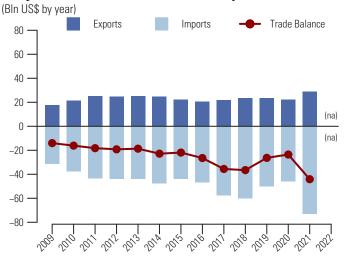
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS _		ue (million US	S\$)	Unit val			lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities		28 507.5	30994.8					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	211.1	1972.2	3370.3	0.8	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	1575.7	1842.5	1730.1	28.0	33.7	36.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	867.3	993.8	1875.6	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	281
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy		883.3	771.6					764
7304 Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (other than cast iron)	581.7	429.1	389.5	1.5	1.6	1.4	US\$/kg	679
7408 Copper wire	304.2	517.5	530.7	5.6	13.9		US\$/kg	682
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05		370.0	472.0	12.4	9.8	11.7	US\$/kg	784
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar	360.0	409.2	410.0	2.0	2.1	2.4	US\$/kg	022
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	361.9	405.9	380.6	34.2	25.7	31.4	US\$/kg	542
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells	356.3	440.9	339.4	15.9	18.7	16.4	US\$/kg	747

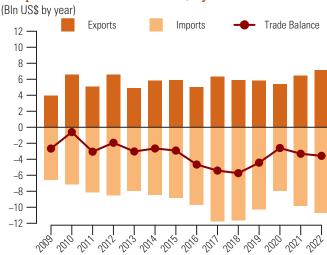
### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Pakistan increased substantially by 29.5 percent to reach 28.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 59.2 percent to reach 72.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 44.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -21.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Pakistan were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Pakistan increased substantially by 10.1 percent, reaching 7.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 9.4 percent and reached 10.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 3.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 38.6, 33.6 and 16.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen" (HS code 6302) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 19.1, 9.3 and 7.4 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.5 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.5 bln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

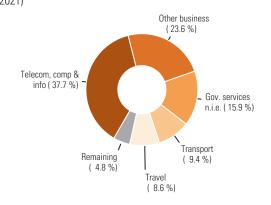


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

THS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019			Unit	code
All Commodities	23748.7	22237.2	28795.2					
6302 Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen	3251.7	3257.6	4265.0	4.8		5.4	US\$/kg	658
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	2336.9	2088.1	2745.8	3.7	6.6	7.4	US\$/unit	841
1006 Rice	2270.3	2101.3	2152.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	042
5205 Cotton yarn (other than sewing thread), containing 85 % or more	1075.3	805.0	1157.4	2.5	2.3	3.1	US\$/kg	651
5209 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton	903.8	666.0	870.6	8.1		9.3	US\$/kg	652
6103 Men's, boys'suits, jackets, trousers etc knitted or crocheted	554.5	526.4	834.7	4.1	4.9	5.4	US\$/unit	843
5208 Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton	604.2	623.5	660.8			11.5	US\$/kg	652
4203 Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather	587.7	541.8	650.7					848
6110 Jerseys, pullovers, cardigans, waist-coats and similar articles	400.2	452.1	791.9	3.9	5.6	6.2	US\$/unit	845
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	486.1	406.8	618.4	2.5	3.1	3.2	US\$/unit	845

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIIIIIII 05%, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	28795.2	7.1	29.5	100.0				
0+1	4637.0	4.3	11.9	16.1				
2+4	1261.0	15.3	61.8	4.4				
3	201.3	-6.1	5.0	0.7				
5	1292.0	5.7	18.6	4.5				
6	11 127.0	5.6	32.1	38.6				
7	600.2	13.9	54.9	2.1				
8	9674.0	9.8	34.8	33.6				
9	2.8	25.6	-94.4	0.0				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

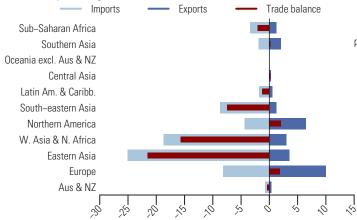
(value in minion 664, growth and shares in persontage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	72891.6	6.1	59.2	100.0				
0+1	3865.5	5.8	13.8	5.3				
2+4	11868.3	11.7	46.7	16.3				
3	19318.8	8.9	87.3	26.5				
5	13314.3	12.6	75.7	18.3				
6	6753.5	-1.9	41.7	9.3				
7	15 988.7	8.0	54.0	21.9				
8	1732.0	-2.1	41.9	2.4				
9	50.5	-2.2	72.9	0.1				

## SITC Legend

	SITC Code	Description
٠	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

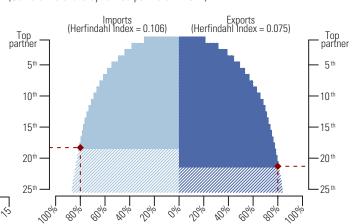
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

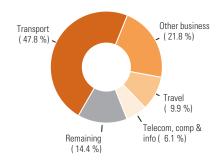


# Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 26.5, 21.9 and 18.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United Arab Emirates and the United States, accounting for respectively 27.0, 10.8 and 5.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 4.7 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.1 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 973.0 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

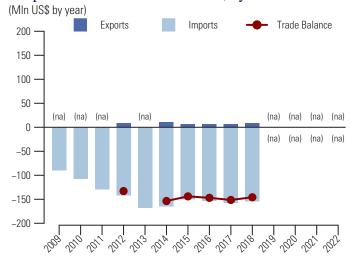
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	e (million US	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	50063.1	45775.1	72891.6					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	5379.7	4195.0	7 999.6	0.6	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	3553.5	2447.4	4566.2	0.4	0.3		US\$/kg	343
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	3 908.4	2267.4	4204.5	0.5	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	333
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	. 1752.7	2109.3	3408.8	0.6	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	422
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 1419.3	2039.7	2651.9					764
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	1510.2	1665.8	2159.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	282
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	1381.3	1233.2	2310.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	321
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 788.6	860.3	2281.2		478.0	500.7	US\$/unit	781
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	. 303.4	267.7	3250.9	47.1	71.8	143.3	US\$/kg	541
5201 Cotton; not carded or combed	. 708.5	1315.5	1767.0	1.8	1.6	2.0	US\$/kg	263

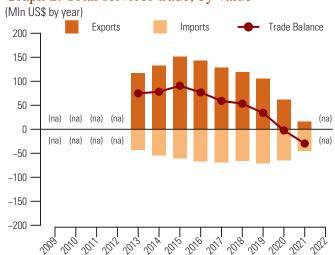
Goods Imports: FOB, by origin

In 2018, the value of merchandise exports of Palau increased substantially by 34.3 percent to reach 8.6 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 2.2 percent to reach 154.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 145.8 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -53.5 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Palau were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 2 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Palau decreased substantially by 74.7 percent, reaching 15.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased substantially by 29.7 percent and reached 45.3 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 29.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2018, representing respectively 88.7, 7.4 and 2.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2016 to 2018, the largest export commodity was "Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets" (HS code 0302) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, Japan and the United States, accounting for respectively 38.9, 38.9 and 5.6 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 5.2 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 3.9 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 0.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

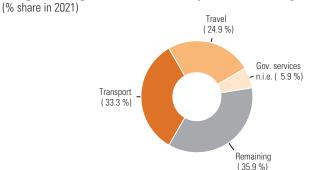


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2016 to 2018

* *							
HS	Valu	ue (million US	(\$)		Unit va	alue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016 201	7 2018	Unit	code
All Commodities	6.5	6.4	8.6				
0302 Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets	0.3	1.2	7.4	2.4 3.	6 3.7	US\$/kg	034
9015 Surveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic	. 2.8	1.1					874
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	. 0.1	1.3	0.1	8.1117	9 37.5	thsd US\$/unit	723
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	0.0	0.8	0.0	10.0 74	6 35.0	thsd US\$/unit	782
8802 Other aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft		0.1	0.4	95.	0.400	thsd US\$/unit	792
8462 Machine-tools (including presses) for working metal by forging, hammering		0.3		115	0	thsd US\$/unit	733
7311 Containers for compressed or liquefied gas, of iron or steel	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.4 0.	3 0.4	US\$/kg	692
8906 Other vessels, including warships and lifeboats other than rowing boats	. 0.3			155.0		thsd US\$/unit	793
8507 Electric accumulators, including separators therefor	. 0.3	0.0	0.0	450.	0 2.3	US\$/unit	778
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 0.1	0.1	0.0	28.0 15.	0 2.6	thsd US\$/unit	781

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili ilililloti 05%, growtii allu silales ili percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share			
Total	8.6	-6.7	34.3	100.0			
0+1	7.6	8.8	448.4	88.7			
2+4	0.2	-20.5	-14.0	2.3			
5	0.0	7.4	524.0	0.5			
6	0.1	-52.9	-68.8	0.9			
7	0.6	-25.9	-80.3	7.4			
8	0.0	-66.3	-98.3	0.3			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
		Avg. Grov	2018					
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share				
Total	154.4	-1.6	-2.2	100.0				
0+1	34.8	0.9	-3.6	22.6				
2+4	3.4	7.3	24.6	2.2				
3	37.2	-6.3	19.7	24.1				
5	11.7	4.4	0.1	7.6				
6	17.1	2.1	-5.4	11.1				
7	32.6	-0.6	-14.9	21.1				
8	17.5	-4.2	-11.6	11.4				
9	0.1	-45.0	5666.5	0.1				

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

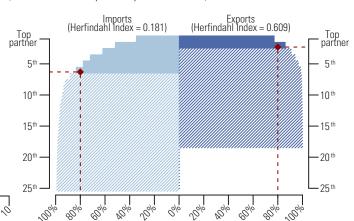
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2018)

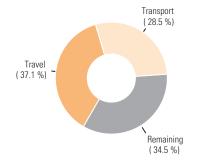


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2018)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2018, representing respectively 24.1, 22.6 and 21.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2016 to 2018, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Singapore and Japan, accounting for respectively 37.5, 14.6 and 11.9 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 16.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 12.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

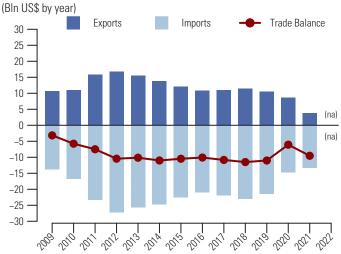
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2016 to 2018

	* *								
HS		Valu	ıe (million US	(\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
Α	Il Commodities	153.5	157.8	154.4					
	etroleum oils, other than crude	25.2	29.7	35.9		0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8703 M	lotor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	6.2	5.7	5.1	4.5	4.6	4.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
9015 Sı	urveying (including photogrammetrical surveying), hydrographic	8.1	1.7	1.3					874
2203 Be	eer made from malt	3.3	3.2	3.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	US\$/litre	112
0202 M	leat of bovine animals, frozen	2.6	2.5	2.5	5.2	3.5	4.1	US\$/kg	011
2202 W	/aters with added sugar	2.5	2.4	2.5	8.0	0.8		US\$/litre	111
3917 Tu	bes, pipes and hoses, and fittings therefor	2.7	1.8	1.1	12.3	6.0	5.3	US\$/kg	581
	achts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes	3.2	1.0	1.0	14.8	9.6	1.8	thsd US\$/unit	793
1006 Ri	ce	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.0	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg	042
3004 M	ledicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1.5	1.3	1.9	10.8	10.8	14.4	US\$/kg	542

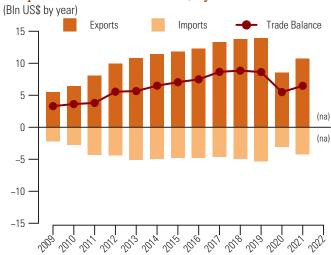
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Panama decreased substantially by 56.3 percent to reach 3.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 9.5 percent to reach 13.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 9.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Panama were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Panama increased substantially by 25.4 percent, reaching 10.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 38.8 percent and reached 4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 6.5 bln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 83.1, 12.7 and 1.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, the United States and China, accounting for respectively 11.8, 10.5 and 6.5 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 6.5 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 2.3 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 960.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

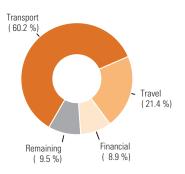


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	10478.1	8658.8	3781.9					
2603 Copper ores and concentrates		252.1	2930.8		1.8	2.3	US\$/kg	283
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1570.1	1564.5	33.7			30.0	US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	609.7	615.2						764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	316.9	408.6						752
6402 Other footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics	356.9	259.9		9.8	9.1		US\$/pair	851
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	309.9	236.5	22.5			2.9	US\$/litre	112
3303 Perfumes and toilet waters	331.8	230.6	1.3	41.5	35.6	2.0	US\$/kg	553
2922 Oxygen-function amino-compounds	456.1	15.4						514
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	127.1	151.7	172.5	0.4		0.4	US\$/kg	057
6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather	254.7	151.2		46.1	43.3		US\$/pair	851

<sup>\*</sup>From 2004 to 2020 merchandise data including Zona Libre de Colon

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00¢, growth and shares in percentage)							
			Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share			
Total	3781.9	-23.6	-56.3	100.0			
0+1	479.0	-16.3	-39.5	12.7			
2+4	3142.6	106.2	691.0	83.1			
3	6.9	38.6	52.0	0.2			
5	54.8	-65.8	-97.7	1.4			
6	61.5	-46.1	-90.6	1.6			
8	17.5	-72.1	-99.1	0.5			
9	19.6	-26.6	-54.4	0.5			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in minion 664, growth and shares in persontage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	13312.8	-11.7	-9.5	100.0				
0+1	2 2 9 8 . 5	1.6	12.7	17.3				
2+4	184.1	6.2	46.0	1.4				
3	2203.7	2.5	137.4	16.6				
5	1944.6	-20.0	-41.7	14.6				
6	1756.2	-7.5	10.8	13.2				
7	3119.7	-14.9	-21.7	23.4				
8	1795.6	-20.5	-33.7	13.5				
9	10.3	-30.1	-22.8	0.1				

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

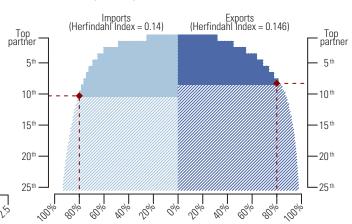
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

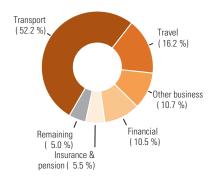


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

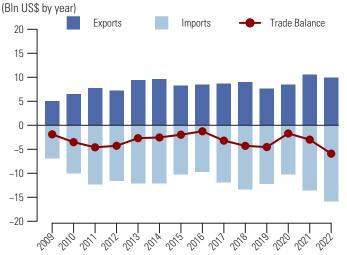
"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 23.4, 17.3 and 16.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Free zones, accounting for respectively 20.3, 19.4 and 15.5 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 691.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 454.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

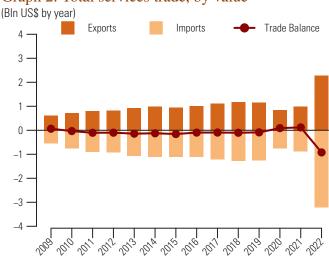
HS	Valu	<u>ie (million US</u>	• •			<u>Unit va</u>	lue	_SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	21 484.2	14716.5	13312.8					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	2046.7	779.8	1930.5	0.7	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 1665.2	1587.5	658.1			66.1	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 770.3	371.6	708.7	16.4	16.2	16.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 733.6	655.9	237.3					764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	394.3	442.6	176.4					752
6402 Other footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or plastics	. 410.6	336.3	96.1	8.7		10.2	US\$/pair	851
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	. 354.7	162.7	107.0					842
2922 Oxygen-function amino-compounds	. 524.6	10.6	10.1			2.4	US\$/kg	514
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber	. 263.3	165.9	102.3					625
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	. 170.5	164.4	189.7	8.1	8.2	9.2	US\$/kg	098

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Paraguay decreased moderately by 5.9 percent to reach 9.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.9 percent to reach 15.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 5.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -4.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Paraguay were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Paraguay increased substantially by 128.9 percent, reaching 2.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 265.2 percent and reached 3.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 922.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 42.6, 23.3 and 16.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Soya beans, whether or not broken" (HS code 1201) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Brazil, Argentina and Chile, accounting for respectively 35.3, 23.0 and 10.1 percent of total exports. "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 359.1 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 352.7 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 190.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

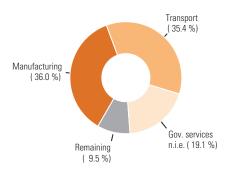


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)		l	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 8517.9	10571.0	9948.3					
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken	. 2146.5	2975.1	1226.8	0.3	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	222
2716 Electrical energy	. 1735.7	1629.4	1662.5	46.8	74.7	204.2	US\$/MWh	351
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen	591.3	772.6	850.4	3.8	4.4	4.7	US\$/kg	011
0201 Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled	. 526.4	788.7	883.5	4.6	5.5	5.7	US\$/kg	011
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues	. 682.3	764.2	586.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	081
1005 Maize (corn)	. 322.3	409.1	1088.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	044
1507 Soya-bean oil and its fractions	. 416.8	621.4	534.2	0.7	1.1	1.4	US\$/kg	421
1006 Rice	. 295.0	273.9	293.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	042
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	. 179.7	235.3	277.3	19.4	20.6	22.2	US\$/kg	773
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken	. 111.8	117.0	148.3	1.6	1.8	2.4	US\$/kg	222

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

Avg. Growth rates 2022									
			Avg. Growth rates						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	9948.3	2.4	-5.9	100.0					
0+1	4239.6	10.3	22.2	42.6					
2+4	2316.8	-6.3	-43.0	23.3					
3	1670.3	-5.7	2.5	16.8					
5	509.1	22.5	53.4	5.1					
6	616.2	18.3	9.2	6.2					
7	349.2	1.9	23.6	3.5					
8	242.5	5.5	7.8	2.4					
9	4.6	8.2	-30.9	0.0					
0+1 2+4 3 5 6 7	4239.6 2316.8 1670.3 509.1 616.2 349.2 242.5	10.3 -6.3 -5.7 22.5 18.3 1.9 5.5	22.2 -43.0 2.5 53.4 9.2 23.6 7.8	42 23 16 5 6 3					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

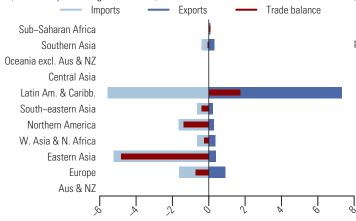
(Taras III IIII SSQ) grevial and shares III persentage,									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	15852.7	4.4	16.9	100.0					
0+1	1093.3	-0.1	11.3	6.9					
2+4	197.3	4.3	4.2	1.2					
3	2585.1	8.9	45.9	16.3					
5	3146.1	8.4	19.9	19.8					
6	2 2 2 3 . 5	6.2	9.2	14.0					
7	5546.6	2.2	8.9	35.0					
8	1060.8	-1.2	23.0	6.7					
9	0.0	-57.9	-96.9	0.0					

## SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

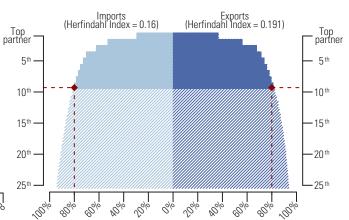
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



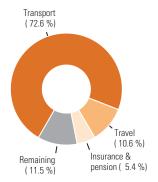
# Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 35.0, 19.8 and 16.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Brazil and Argentina, accounting for respectively 29.7, 23.4 and 8.8 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 637.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

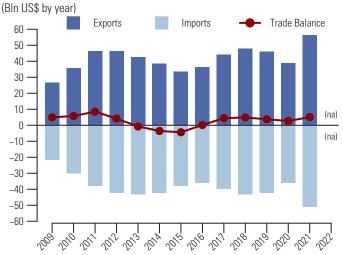
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System		2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		10216.4	13559.7	15852.7					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		1143.9	1611.6	2418.4	0.6	0.7	1.2	US\$/kg	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy		1159.0	1155.0	1201.9					764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the	transport	410.6	466.1	570.2	20.0	21.2	21.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides		356.3	356.4	481.2	7.7	8.3	10.5	US\$/kg	591
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers		225.4	347.8	357.1	0.4	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	562
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof		145.9	319.2	399.6					752
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber		160.9	290.5	348.3					625
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods		154.0	250.6	248.4	21.3	23.2		thsd US\$/unit	782
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06	i)	161.9	199.1	203.2	9.8	19.0	15.9	US\$/kg	542
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses		98.0	177.6	207.1	109.9	140.8		US\$/kg	541

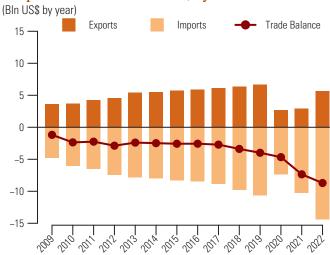
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Peru increased substantially by 45.2 percent to reach 56.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 41.9 percent to reach 51.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 5.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 7.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Peru were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Peru increased substantially by 92.9 percent, reaching 5.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 39.8 percent and reached 14.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 8.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 41.2, 20.4 and 13.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Copper ores and concentrates" (HS code 2603) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Canada, accounting for respectively 30.1, 13.6 and 5.3 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 687.6 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 613.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

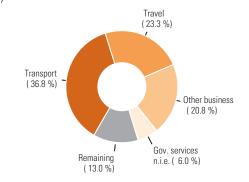


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

110		1/ 1	/ '11' 110	١٨١			1 %		OITO
HS		Valu	ıe (million US	(\$)		Į	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All C	Commodities	46131.6	38757.2	56 260.1					
	per ores and concentrates	12 191.9	9177.1	15229.6		1.5	2.3	US\$/kg	283
7108 Gold	(including gold plated with platinum)	6750.5	6436.3	7719.1	17.1	18.5	18.2	thsd US\$/kg	971
7403 Refir	ned copper and copper alloys, unwrought	1623.1	1787.1	2291.8	6.1	6.3	9.3	US\$/kg	682
2710 Petro	pleum oils, other than crude	2365.6	757.3	1869.0	0.5	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
2301 Flour	rs, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal	1529.3	1173.8	1797.0	1.4	1.4		US\$/kg	081
2608 Zinc	ores and concentrates	1634.0	991.7	1648.7	8.0	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	287
2601 Iron	ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	979.0	1081.4	1773.6		0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	281
0804 Date	es, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried	1024.9	1049.0	1376.6	2.0	1.6	1.7	US\$/kg	057
0810 Othe	er fruit, fresh	889.8	1067.2	1285.9	5.4	5.4		US\$/kg	057
0806 Grap	nes, fresh or dried	880.4	992.1	1197.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	US\$/kg	057

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

Avg. Growth rates 2021									
				Avg. Growth rates					
	SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
	Total	56 260.1	6.2	45.2	100.0				
	0+1	11 492.5	9.0	20.0	20.4				
	2+4	23 202.8	6.9	62.3	41.2				
	3	3 9 3 2 . 7	2.9	168.7	7.0				
	5	1533.5	7.9	24.9	2.7				
	6	6191.9	6.9	44.8	11.0				
	7	437.3	-0.1	21.6	8.0				
	8	1750.2	6.4	57.3	3.1				
	9	7719.3	2.1	19.9	13.7				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

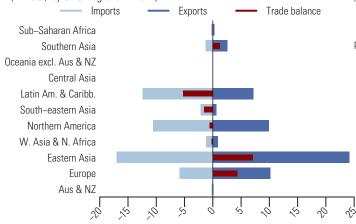
(value in million oow, growth and shares in percentage)									
			Avg. Grov	2021					
	SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
	Total	51 177.7	6.5	41.9	100.0				
	0+1	5321.1	6.0	21.9	10.4				
	2+4	2299.6	11.8	63.0	4.5				
	3	6424.2	3.2	96.8	12.6				
	5	8351.7	8.8	35.4	16.3				
	6	8683.1	11.4	42.2	17.0				
	7	16032.4	4.5	39.3	31.3				
	8	4065.4	4.6	26.3	7.9				
	9	0.2	-20.2	-99.0	0.0				

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

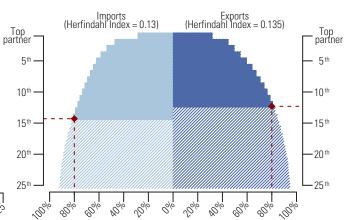
# Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

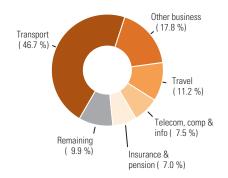


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

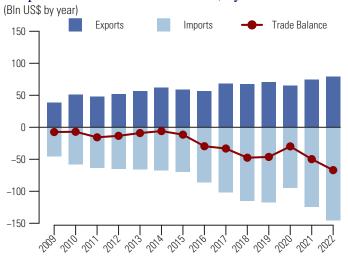
"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 31.3, 17.0 and 16.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and Brazil, accounting for respectively 27.1, 19.3 and 6.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 4.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.8 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

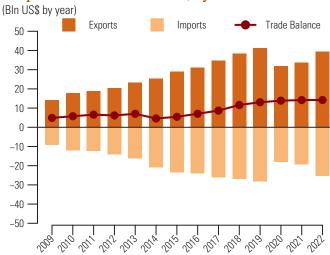
* *								
HS	Vali	ue (million US	S\$)			<u>Unit va</u>	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 42376.4	36064.0	51 177.7					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		2282.3	4162.4	0.7	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	2482.7	774.4	1818.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1493.5	1258.7	1833.7					764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	1507.3	969.6	1448.9	9.9	10.1	10.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	1027.4	786.7	1396.6	20.7	15.7	16.8	thsd US\$/unit	782
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	795.0	1009.6	1316.8	111.6	92.3	105.5	US\$/unit	752
1005 Maize (corn)	796.5	779.4	1105.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	044
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	574.0	669.3	689.0	28.9	29.5	33.2	US\$/kg	542
1001 Wheat and meslin	. 512.6	564.0	617.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	041
2304 Oil-cake and other solid residues	466.7	494.4	692.7	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	081

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of the Philippines increased moderately by 5.8 percent to reach 78.9 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 17.3 percent to reach 145.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 67.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with South-eastern Asia at -28.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Philippines were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the Philippines increased substantially by 17.7 percent, reaching 39.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 30.5 percent and reached 25.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 14.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 66.6, 8.2 and 7.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and Japan, accounting for respectively 15.7, 14.8 and 14.6 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 19.5 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 6.3 bln US\$ and "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

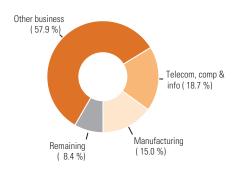


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

THS I	\/alı	ue (million US	201			Jnit valu	10	SITC
				0000				
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	65214.4	74619.5	78 928.5					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	23691.1	24074.2	28 943.5					776
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	3451.9	3740.1	2327.7	131.7	213.1	154.4	US\$/unit	752
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	2150.7	2691.6	2775.6	14.5	15.0	14.5	US\$/kg	773
8443 Printing machinery used for printing by means of the printing type, blocks	1721.5	2541.1	2045.0					726
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	1573.1	2232.3	1924.7	6.1	9.1	8.8	US\$/kg	682
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	1538.4	1682.8	1711.4					776
8504 Electrical transformers, static converters	1215.3	1816.2	1814.1					771
1513 Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil	821.7	1380.6	2124.2	2.4	3.9	3.5	US\$/kg	422
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	1644.3	1127.5	1097.8	0.5	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg	057
2604 Nickel ores and concentrates	1068.4	1 455.9	1258.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg	284

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00%, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	78928.5	4.0	5.8	100.0						
0+1	4958.7	7 1.6 -2.0		6.3						
2+4	6509.0	.0 15.4 18.4		8.2						
3	1237.8	2.0	40.4	1.6						
5	1816.2	7.8	-1.3	2.3						
6	4583.9	4.5	-6.1	5.8						
7	52604.4	3.5	6.0	66.6						
8	5970.8	1.0	3.8	7.6						
9	1247.7	-0.8	17.1	1.6						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

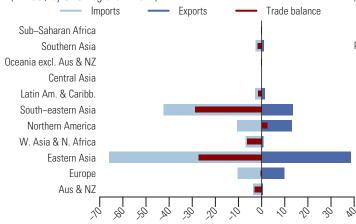
(Value III IIIII CCC, growth and charce III percentage,									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share						
Total	145880.0	6.1	17.3	100.0					
0+1	17 977.3	11.6	23.7	12.3					
2+4	5662.0	14.7	37.0	3.9					
3	25675.7	16.7	66.4	17.6					
5	15264.0	9.2	1.7	10.5					
6	17 212.9	2.3	5.0	11.8					
7	55 590.5	1.2	8.3	38.1					
8	8401.1	5.9	12.6	5.8					
9	96.5	-7.3	2.9	0.1					

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

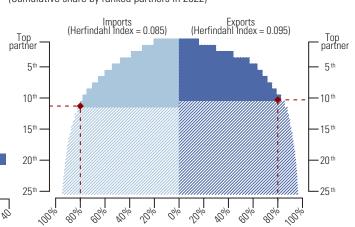
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



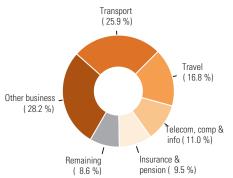
# Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

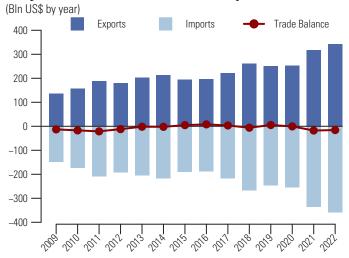
"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 38.1, 17.6 and 12.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Japan and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 21.9, 9.3 and 8.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 5.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 5.0 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

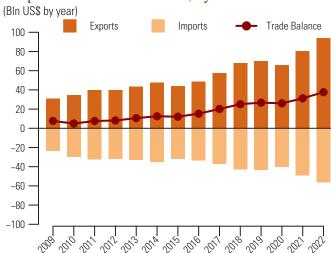
HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	95066.8	124390.4	145880.0					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	13394.5	15424.7	17 265.7					776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		9322.8	14398.9	0.4	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	334
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	1576.8	2889.4	6041.7	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	321
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	3369.3	3340.4	2532.3					764
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	1972.2	2275.5	3572.6	13.8	13.0	3.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	1345.6	1886.5	3782.1	0.3	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	333
8473 Parts and accessories for use with machines of heading 84.69 to 84.72	2018.7	2629.9	2173.1	207.9	243.4		US\$/kg	759
1001 Wheat and meslin	1628.0	1950.9	2584.1	0.2	0.3		US\$/kg	041
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	1831.1	1828.6	2128.7					776
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	1190.5	1774.9	1905.9	9.9	1.7	8.4	thsd US\$/unit	782

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Poland increased moderately by 7.9 percent to reach 342.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 6.9 percent to reach 358.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 15.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 74.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Poland were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Poland increased substantially by 16.9 percent, reaching 94.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 14.6 percent and reached 56.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 37.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 36.1, 18.2 and 15.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Czechia and France, accounting for respectively 28.4, 6.2 and 5.7 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 23.8 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 21.7 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 11.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

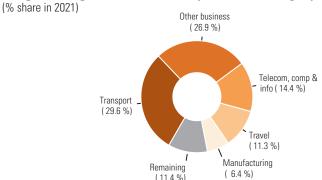


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	254 169.0	317832.1	342844.7					
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	12260.2	14268.8	15089.4	7.4	7.9	7.7	US\$/kg	784
8507 Electric accumulators, including separators therefor	5326.8	8744.1	9544.9					778
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof		6844.0	7892.4	221.1	229.9	292.4	US\$/unit	752
8528 Reception apparatus for television	4777.7	6465.6	7327.7	248.2	323.5	281.6	US\$/unit	761
9403 Other furniture and parts thereof		6817.7	5842.5					821
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02)	5959.2	7366.7	4063.6					821
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	4758.1	4040.4	5747.8	11.6	12.9	8.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	4038.4	4098.3	3734.4	20.9	21.9	18.6	US\$/kg	122
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	3 5 3 5 . 1	3809.7	4523.0	21.3	21.2	20.2	thsd US\$/unit	782
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	2986.6	3824.2	4055.1	10.7	12.5	11.8	US\$/kg	773

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in million 664, growth and shares in percentage)										
		2022								
2022	2018-2022	018-2022   2021-2022								
342844.7	7 7.0 7.9		100.0							
46 689.0	8.9	13.9	13.6							
9260.8	10.6	18.1	2.7							
13659.8	19.0	94.1	4.0							
32634.0	8.4	10.2	9.5							
62 454.8	6.2	5.3	18.2							
123759.3	6.0	7.2	36.1							
53 049.4	4.6	-7.0	15.5							
1337.4	28.1	162.7	0.4							
	2022 342 844.7 46 689.0 9 260.8 13 659.8 32 634.0 62 454.8 123 759.3 53 049.4	Avg. Grov   2022   2018-2022   342 844.7   7.0   46 689.0   8.9   9260.8   10.6   13 659.8   19.0   32 634.0   8.4   62 454.8   6.2   123 759.3   6.0   53 049.4   4.6	Avg. Growth rates 2022 2018-2022 2021-2022 342844.7 7.0 7.9 46689.0 8.9 13.9 9 260.8 10.6 18.1 13 659.8 19.0 94.1 32 634.0 8.4 10.2 62 454.8 6.2 5.3 123 759.3 6.0 7.2 53 049.4 4.6 -7.0							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

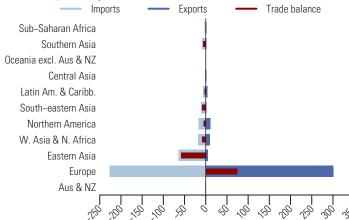
,	.o o o o, g. o a a o a. o p.						
		Avg. Grov	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share				
Total	358 592.6	7.6	6.9	100.0			
0+1	27731.2	7.8	9.6	7.7			
2+4	13999.2	11.1	18.5	3.9			
3	37 598.1	12.4	79.4	10.5			
5	50701.4	8.7	5.6	14.1			
6	60858.7	6.8	1.6	17.0			
7	108372.6	3.6	-7.0	30.2			
8	41741.6	6.0	-7.0	11.6			
9	17 589.8	43.2	116.5	4.9			

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

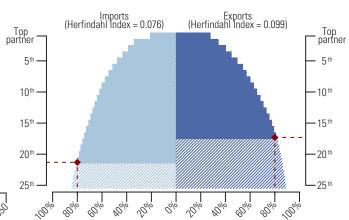
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

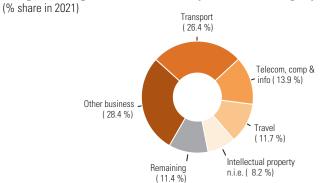


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 30.2, 17.0 and 14.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and the Russian Federation, accounting for respectively 21.2, 14.1 and 5.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 14.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 13.0 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 6.9 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

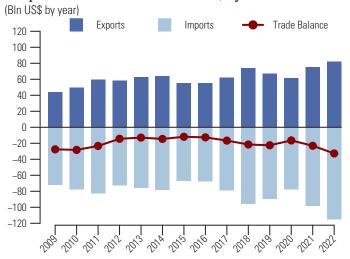
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 254660.4	335 451.3	358 592.6					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	7909.8	11327.9	16647.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	8839.4	10269.9	11483.3	19.8	21.7	21.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	2230.3	7695.7	16932.2					931
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	6968.6	8689.1	8 985.7	7.1	7.2	7.0	US\$/kg	784
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	5223.6	5739.2	5948.6	56.6	68.9	60.8	US\$/kg	542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	2394.8	4880.0	9028.8		0.7	1.2	US\$/kg	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	5517.2	6507.6	3000.2					764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	4425.9	5079.1	5258.4	88.8	63.9	98.0	US\$/unit	752
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	3238.0	3793.6	3896.6					776
8507 Electric accumulators, including separators therefor		3099.5	3 432.5					778

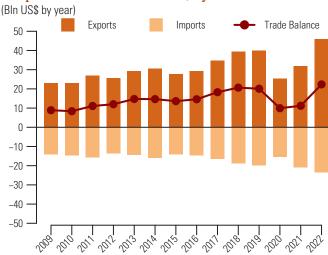
In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Portugal increased moderately by 9.5 percent to reach 82.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 17.0 percent to reach 115.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 32.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -19.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Portugal were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Portugal increased substantially by 43.6 percent, reaching 46.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 13.5 percent and reached 23.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 22.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin/consignment for intra eu



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 26.3, 22.3 and 15.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Spain, France and Germany, accounting for respectively 26.1, 13.0 and 11.2 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 11.8 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 6.6 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 6.4 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

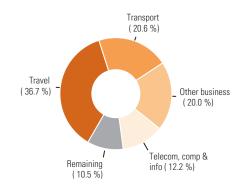


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	3\$)			<u>Unit va</u>	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	61 400.3	75242.8	82367.4					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	3578.3	4085.4	4231.7	16.3	17.5	16.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	2368.2	3 433.3	5671.6	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	3237.0	3332.7	3251.3	7.7	8.0	7.8	US\$/kg	784
6403 Footwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather	1 485.0	1687.7	1818.6	34.7	36.3	34.7	US\$/pair	851
4802 Uncoated paper and paperboard, of a kind used for writing	1079.9	1313.0	1830.3	0.9	0.9	1.2	US\$/kg	641
9029 Revolution counters, production counters, taximeters, mileometers	1138.6	1233.4	1381.5					873
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber	. 954.5	1284.7	1369.2	60.9	67.6	72.8	US\$/unit	625
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1050.8	1139.1	1127.3	34.1	36.2	34.2	US\$/kg	542
3920 Other plates, sheets, film, foil and strip, of plastics	. 864.0	1112.8	1209.7		2.8	3.0	US\$/kg	582
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	966.6	1110.1	1071.5	18.7	19.4	18.6	thsd US\$/unit	782

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00%, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022   2021-2022		share						
Total	82367.4	2.7	9.5	100.0						
0+1	8797.4	3.1	3.6	10.7						
2+4	5032.9	5.0	6.0	6.1						
3	6946.0	8.0	60.0	8.4						
5	8631.2	8.0	13.0	10.5						
6	18366.4	3.1	9.2	22.3						
7	21 623.9	0.5	4.7	26.3						
8	12664.8	-0.6	2.6	15.4						
9	304.7	-1.0	38.7	0.4						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

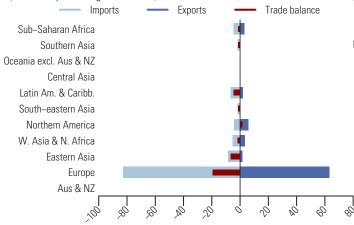
( varao iii	τιιιιιστί σσφ, ;	giovvili alia	onaroo in p	or our rago,
		Avg. Grov	2022	
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	115056.1	4.7	17.0	100.0
0+1	13639.0	3.4	14.0	11.9
2+4	5239.5	5.5	12.5	4.6
3	19169.0	13.4	70.6	16.7
5	16803.3	6.6	6.1	14.6
6	17 131.2	4.6	9.7	14.9
7	31 100.3	1.0	9.1	27.0
8	11883.2	2.9	13.7	10.3
9	90.5	2.4	19.7	0.1

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

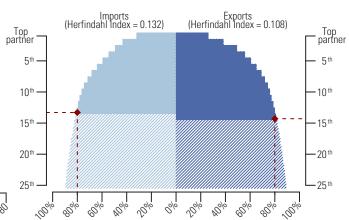
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



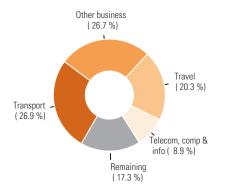
# Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 27.0, 16.7 and 14.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Spain, Germany and France, accounting for respectively 32.4, 12.2 and 6.7 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 5.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 5.6 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 4.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

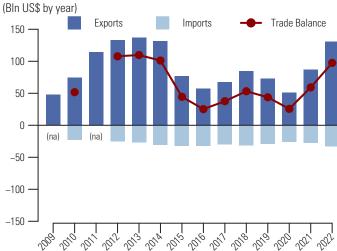
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 77834.4	98337.1	115056.1					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	. 3867.7	4782.9	7755.3	0.4	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 3858.4	4067.8	4915.2	18.6	18.6	18.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	. 2847.9	3192.0	3492.3	8.6		8.5	US\$/kg	784
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	. 1452.5	2316.4	5090.6	0.3		0.9	US\$/kg	343
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 1012.1	2471.8	3849.8		0.7	1.0	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 2409.7	2349.2	2472.2	69.3	75.6	74.1	US\$/kg	542
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 1193.6	1450.4	1664.7					764
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	1077.2	1345.2	1643.3					776
2716 Electrical energy		1287.5	2228.3		0.2		US\$/MWh	351
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof		1254.1	1016.8	151.0	168.3	164.7	US\$/unit	752

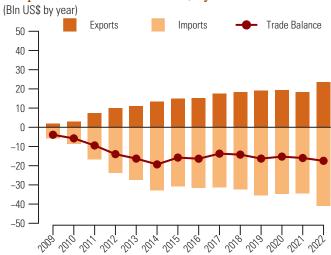
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Qatar increased substantially by 50.2 percent to reach 131.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 19.6 percent to reach 33.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 97.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 44.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Qatar were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Qatar increased substantially by 28.3 percent, reaching 23.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 19.4 percent and reached 41.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 17.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 87.3, 5.0 and 3.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons" (HS code 2711) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, India and Japan, accounting for respectively 15.6, 12.5 and 12.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 11.3 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

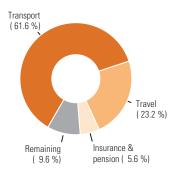


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

			- 1 -					
HS	Valu	e (million US	S\$)			Unit valı	Je	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	51 504.2	87 203.3	130 964.5					
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	34884.0	53383.9	85 402.7		0.5		US\$/kg	343
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	7 253.5	12357.4	18728.4	0.3			US\$/kg	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		7858.8	10189.2		0.6	8.0	US\$/kg	334
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms	1793.8	2710.8	2841.3					571
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	1319.9	2409.9	3576.7					562
7601 Unwrought aluminium	1187.8	1652.5	2097.6					684
2804 Hydrogen, rare gases and other non-metals	403.4	474.2	682.4					522
2503 Sulphur of all kinds; other than sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur	32.3	562.8	919.2	0.0	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	274
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels	428.6	668.8	169.9					793
3904 Polymers of vinyl chloride or of other halogenated olefins, in primary forms	252.8	422.6	488.2					573

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	ιιιιιιοιι σοφ, ί	growth and	silaies ili pi	ercerriage)
		Avg. Grov	2022	
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	130 964.5	11.4	50.2	100.0
0+1	51.7	18.7	30.0	0.0
2+4	967.5	54.1	53.7	0.7
3	114320.5	11.8	55.3	87.3
5	6529.3	4.8	16.0	5.0
6	2889.8	6.6	28.7	2.2
7	1834.3	-2.8	-20.1	1.4
8	496.1	12.5	89.5	0.4
9	3875.2	25.5	54.9	3.0

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(		J		
			wth rates	2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	33479.0	1.4	19.6	100.0
0+1	3845.8	4.1	32.2	11.5
2+4	1357.2	-4.1	16.4	4.1
3	577.2	6.9	103.6	1.7
5	3184.7	4.2	12.9	9.5
6	4424.4	0.1	7.4	13.2
7	10807.4	-4.9	1.4	32.3
8	7 107.7	10.5	54.2	21.2
9	2174.6	13.8	53.7	6.5

## SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

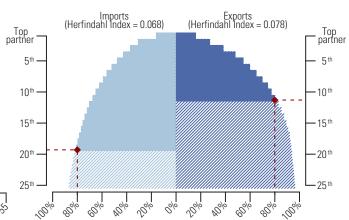
# Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

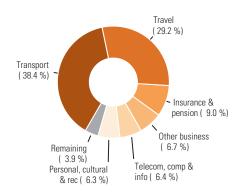


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

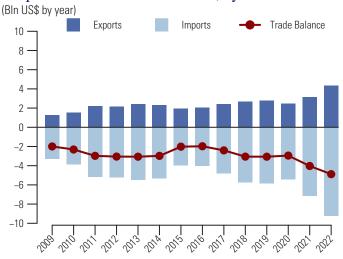
"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 32.3, 21.2 and 13.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and India, accounting for respectively 15.9, 14.1 and 5.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 13.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 10.0 bln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

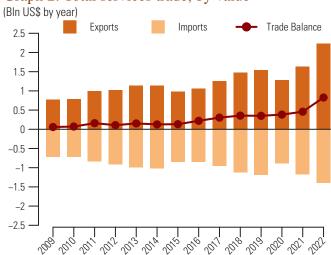
HS	Valu	e (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	25834.9	27 985.4	33 479.0					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	1645.5	1328.4	3681.8					931
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	1897.2	1784.7	1967.7					714
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	792.2	1122.5	1337.6	19.1	20.8	30.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	723.7	860.1	1046.0					764
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	369.3	677.7	744.5	13.4	15.6	0.1	thsd US\$/kg	897
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	925.5	747.6		793.9	757.6		US\$/kg	792
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	521.7	499.2	630.0		80.5	93.7	US\$/kg	542
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	358.5	451.0	641.6			365.8	US\$/unit	752
7408 Copper wire	290.2	391.8	447.4	5.7	9.1	9.3	US\$/kg	682
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cranes and other vessels	827.4	207.9	44.7			1.7	mIn US\$/unit	793

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of the Republic of Moldova increased substantially by 37.9 percent to reach 4.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 28.5 percent to reach 9.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 4.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -3.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Republic of Moldova were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the Republic of Moldova increased substantially by 36.3 percent, reaching 2.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 19.0 percent and reached 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 827.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 25.8, 19.8 and 16.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable" (HS code 8544) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Romania, Ukraine and Türkiye, accounting for respectively 28.0, 8.9 and 7.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 417.6 mln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 398.6 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 326.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

Telecom, comp & info ( 24.4 %)

Trans

Transport (20.0 %)

Manufacturing (14.8 %)

Remaining (4.0 %)

Other business (11.3 %)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

	1/ 1	/ :11: 110	ψ/			11 % 1		OITO
HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	2467.1	3144.5	4335.1					
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable		462.5	475.9	18.1	21.4	22.1	US\$/kg	773
1206 Sunflower seeds; whether or not broken	189.2	196.8	336.4	0.5	0.7	8.0	US\$/kg	222
1512 Sunflower-seed, safflower or cotton-seed oil	. 101.1	118.7	368.0	0.7	1.3	1.6	US\$/kg	421
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	12.8	13.7	559.5	0.4	0.6	1.4	US\$/kg	334
1005 Maize (com)	79.5	127.2	339.8			0.3	US\$/kg	044
2204 Wine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines		141.3	126.7	1.0	1.2	1.3	US\$/litre	112
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02)	110.3	121.1	108.7					821
1001 Wheat and meslin	27.5	207.7	58.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	041
0808 Apples, pears and quinces, fresh	78.2	87.8	91.0	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	057
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	55.8	84.9	44.0	47.0	53.1	42.5	US\$/kg	542

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	πιπιση σοφ, ί	growth and	silaies ili pi	ercerriage,			
			Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	4335.1	12.5	37.9	100.0			
0+1	1119.7	7.7	9.6	25.8			
2+4	857.7	25.4	77.1	19.8			
3	592.1	138.0	3683.3	13.7			
5	145.8	3.0	-4.4	3.4			
6	291.6	12.8	19.3	6.7			
7	692.2	4.2	9.0	16.0			
8	632.1	0.8	7.1	14.6			
9	3.9	37.5	349.1	0.1			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

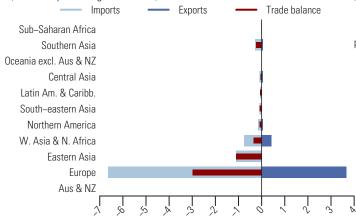
(		J 11 111 1111		
SITC	2022	Avg. Grov 2018-2022	wth rates 2021-2022	2022 share
0110				
Total	9219.1	12.5	28.5	100.0
0+1	1051.8	11.3	16.6	11.4
2+4	332.8	21.6	66.7	3.6
3	2581.6	39.1	140.8	28.0
5	1 080.9	7.4	4.6	11.7
6	1302.3	3.3	-1.0	14.1
7	2033.7	10.0	11.4	22.1
8	814.5	8.8	-0.8	8.8
9	21.4	-48.6	177.3	0.2

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

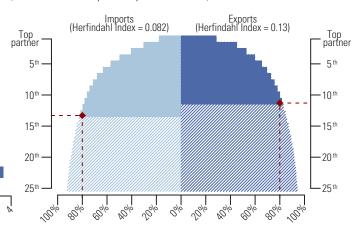
# Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

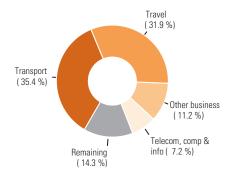


# Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 28.0, 22.1 and 14.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Romania, the Russian Federation and China, accounting for respectively 14.3, 12.8 and 11.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 416.8 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 375.1 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 131.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

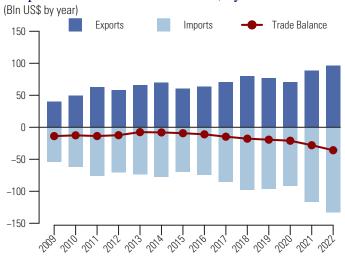
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	5416.0	7176.8	9219.1					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		596.4	1501.3	0.4	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	24.2	417.3	850.5	0.4	0.4	1.1	US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	168.9	257.5	333.5	16.6	17.7	21.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	231.3	279.6	240.8	39.5	39.4	31.9	US\$/kg	542
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	133.5	169.8	211.8	8.7	10.1	10.3	US\$/kg	773
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 116.1	128.4	132.1					764
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides	78.5	85.2	96.9	11.0	11.8		US\$/kg	591
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09)	. 52.3	77.0	128.8	4.0	4.8	7.4	thsd US\$/unit	722
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits	61.3	72.3	75.6	27.0	27.7	27.8	US\$/kg	772
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	175.5	7.4	20.7					931

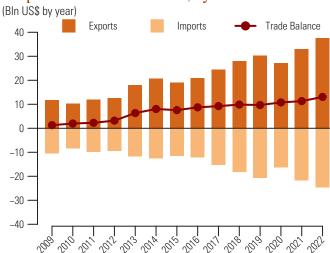
In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Romania increased moderately by 9.5 percent to reach 96.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 14.0 percent to reach 132.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 35.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -27.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Romania were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Romania increased substantially by 14.1 percent, reaching 37.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 13.5 percent and reached 24.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 13.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin/consignment for intra eu



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 41.8, 17.0 and 12.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Italy and France, accounting for respectively 20.9, 10.4 and 6.3 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 9.0 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 8.3 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 7.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

Transport (27.2 %)

Remaining (10.1 %)

Manufacturing (8.9 %)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	71 046.4	88389.7	96829.6					
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	6178.7	6590.1	6713.7	11.9	12.6	12.2	US\$/kg	784
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	5410.6	5598.9	6165.1	12.5	13.6	12.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	3638.2	4193.0	4166.9	12.5	13.5	13.2	US\$/kg	773
8537 Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases	2633.4	3010.5	3197.7	81.3	86.7	83.5	US\$/kg	772
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1318.2	1850.3	3661.4	0.4	0.7	1.0	US\$/kg	334
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber	1558.1	1903.3	2217.7	49.3	52.0	56.5	US\$/unit	625
1005 Maize (corn)	1225.8	1936.2	1994.7	0.2	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	044
1001 Wheat and meslin	948.8	1820.1	2099.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	041
9401 Seats (other than those of heading 94.02)	1495.4	1578.8	1573.5					821
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	1094.8	1198.3	1239.6					764

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili ilililioti 03%, growtii aliu silales ili percentage)											
		Avg. Grov	2022								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	96829.6	4.9	9.5	100.0							
0+1	9819.5	13.3	7.9	10.1							
2+4	5033.8	11.8	11.6	5.2							
3	7392.2	22.5	137.4	7.6							
5	4724.0	8.5	4.1	4.9							
6	16469.9	5.4	5.0	17.0							
7	40 466.2	1.6	1.5	41.8							
8	11779.0	-0.7	6.4	12.2							
9	1145.0	13.8	121.0	1.2							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

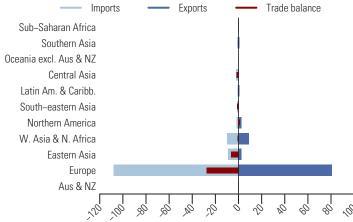
(varae in illinoir eet), grettar and endree in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	wth rates	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	132699.6	7.9	14.0	100.0						
0+1	11724.4	9.9	11.1	8.8						
2+4	4471.3	9.8	15.9	3.4						
3	16170.3	21.7	84.6	12.2						
5	19166.1	11.6	10.1	14.4						
6	23516.3	5.3	8.9	17.7						
7	43635.4	4.0	6.1	32.9						
8	13021.3	6.1	5.1	9.8						
9	994.4	27.8	36.8	0.7						

## SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

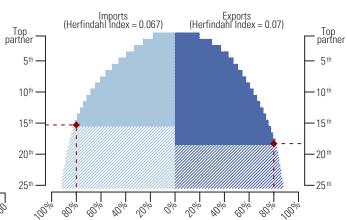
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

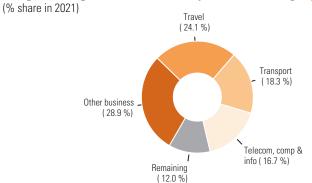


# Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 32.9, 17.7 and 14.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Italy and Hungary, accounting for respectively 19.4, 8.6 and 6.9 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 6.3 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 5.2 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 4.0 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

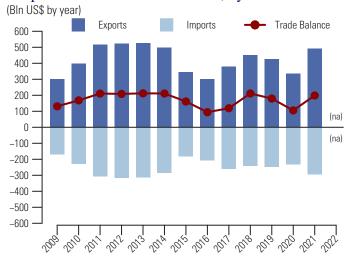
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

	* *								
HS		Valı	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
А	II Commodities	92056.3	116401.9	132699.6					
8708 P	arts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	3887.3	4467.4	4697.1	8.1	8.5	8.3	US\$/kg	784
2709 P	etroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	2272.5	3417.9	5902.8					333
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	3274.4	3 465.1	3606.7	63.2	62.5	59.9	US\$/kg	542
8703 N	Notor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	2340.2	3129.8	3 448.5	20.4	22.3	21.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 E	lectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	2034.6	2194.8	2528.5					764
2710 P	etroleum oils, other than crude	1152.6	2205.0	3023.1	0.5	0.7	1.2	US\$/kg	334
8544 Ir	nsulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	1735.7	2127.2	2069.4	12.0	13.1	11.4	US\$/kg	773
8542 E	lectronic integrated circuits	1387.8	1813.7	2423.6					776
2711 P	etroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	417.8	1127.4	3642.1	0.2	0.4	1.7	US\$/kg	343
8536 E	lectrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits	1324.8	1546.3	1572.1	29.7	31.2	32.1	US\$/kg	772

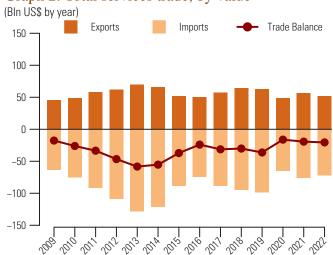
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of the Russian Federation increased substantially by 46.0 percent to reach 492.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 26.7 percent to reach 293.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 198.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 125.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Russian Federation were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 25 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the Russian Federation decreased moderately by 8.3 percent, reaching 51.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 4.6 percent and reached 72.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 20.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 43.1, 18.4 and 15.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the Netherlands and Germany, accounting for respectively 13.9, 8.9 and 6.1 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 19.0 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 13.3 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 7.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

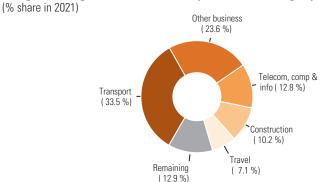


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	426720.3	337 104.0	492313.8					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	122228.6	72564.3	110968.2	0.5	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	66 946.5	45360.1	69965.7	0.5	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	55642.7	39628.0	73343.9					931
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	15986.7	12388.2	17 583.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	321
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	5763.4	18536.0	17362.8	46.4	58.1	57.5	thsd US\$/kg	971
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	9501.4	7841.8	8815.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	343
1001 Wheat and meslin	6403.0	7918.3	7301.7	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	041
7110 Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form	5128.6	7842.1	8458.4		66.3	75.5	thsd US\$/kg	681
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	6100.3	4854.8	9176.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	672
7601 Unwrought aluminium	4642.8	4218.9	6992.6	1.7	1.6	2.0	US\$/kg	684

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

Avg. Growth rates 2021											
		Avg. Grov	Avg. Growth rates								
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share							
Total	492313.8	6.7	46.0	100.0							
0+1	26227.4	10.3	15.3	5.3							
2+4	29017.6	11.8	36.2	5.9							
3	212417.9	3.3	49.7	43.1							
5	31 100.6	10.4	63.3	6.3							
6	73720.5	9.0	40.1	15.0							
7	23 0 18.0	0.6	41.5	4.7							
8	6098.4	3.6	21.2	1.2							
9	90713.4	13.0	55.9	18.4							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

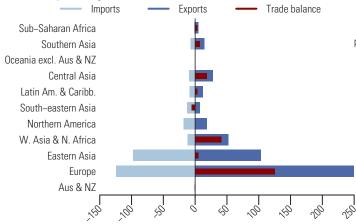
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		Avg. Grov	2021								
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share							
Total	293 497.1	3.1	26.7	100.0							
0+1	27749.6	1.7	10.8	9.5							
2+4	13672.2	8.7	29.7	4.7							
3	2277.5	2.9	34.2	0.8							
5	42413.9	6.9	27.1	14.5							
6	34713.3	5.2	24.1	11.8							
7	124694.0	-0.9	31.1	42.5							
8	34094.6	2.7	21.8	11.6							
9	13882.1	73.9	39.0	4.7							

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

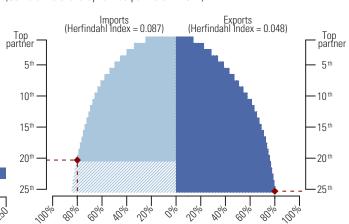
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

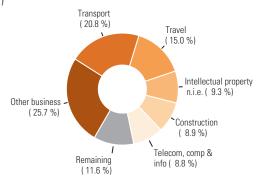


# Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 42.5, 14.5 and 11.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy" (HS code 8517) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Germany and the United States, accounting for respectively 23.5, 9.8 and 5.7 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 19.5 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 15.8 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 11.4 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

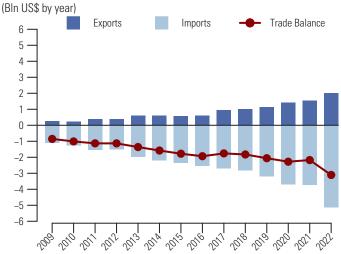
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)	(\$) Unit va			lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	247 161.3	231 664.2	293 497.1					
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	9007.1	9363.3	11 460.3					764
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	3502.2	9958.5	13861.4					931
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	8761.1	7651.6	10670.6	6.4	6.3	7.2	US\$/kg	784
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	10168.0	7212.3	9362.0	57.1	60.6	62.4	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	7906.2	5426.7	7 998.7	24.5	22.7		thsd US\$/unit	781
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	5666.6	6267.1	7813.9		128.4	138.4	US\$/unit	752
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	3058.2	2833.0	3557.2	325.2	288.6	385.2	US\$/kg	541
8419 Machinery, plant or laboratory equipment	2175.6	2870.9	3796.0					741
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells	2295.5	2267.6	2557.5	13.0	13.6	14.8	US\$/kg	747
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	2123.8	2356.0	2549.0					872

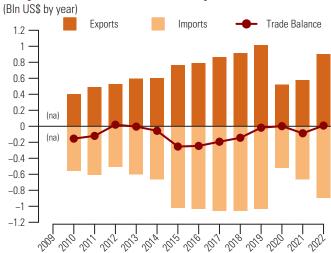
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Rwanda increased substantially by 29.2 percent to reach 2.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 37.1 percent to reach 5.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Rwanda were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Rwanda increased substantially by 56.4 percent, reaching 905.4 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 34.6 percent and reached 896.6 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 8.7 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 28.3, 27.5 and 18.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Democratic Republic of the Congo, the United Arab Emirates and China, accounting for respectively 34.9, 33.4 and 2.4 percent of total exports. "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 231.8 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 149.9 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 146.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

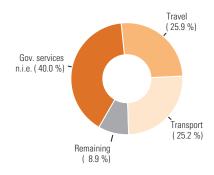


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	1431.2	1562.5	2019.3					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	665.5	363.1	555.7	56.5	57.3		thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	78.9	109.3	197.7	0.7	8.0	1.4	US\$/kg	334
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured	104.6	104.2	101.3	2.8	2.7	3.0	US\$/kg	074
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	70.5	84.8	96.1	3.4	4.4	5.4	US\$/kg	071
2615 Niobium, tantalum, vanadium or zirconium ores and concentrates	32.1	42.1	63.7	33.3	40.2	48.8	US\$/kg	287
2609 Tin ores and concentrates	21.7	49.4	64.8	9.3	17.2	17.3	US\$/kg	287
1006 Rice	34.0	36.5	62.9	0.6	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	042
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	25.7	49.0	57.7	1.0	1.4	1.6	US\$/kg	422
2611 Tungsten ores and concentrates	20.6	50.6	54.5	10.6	17.9	18.5	US\$/kg	287
1101 Wheat or meslin flour	31.7	39.1	45.2	0.5	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	046

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in mineri est, grevvar and endres in percentage)						
	Avg. Growth rates					
2022	2022   2018-2022   2021-2022					
2019.3	2019.3 19.1 29.2					
571.8	14.3	8.9	28.3			
364.5	8.0	49.3	18.0			
198.5	198.5 10.8 81.1		9.8			
51.9	37.8	95.3	2.6			
170.7	11.3	67.6	8.5			
52.3	3.8	17.3	2.6			
53.9	20.6	-63.4	2.7			
555.7	65.8	53.0	27.5			
	2022 2019.3 571.8 364.5 198.5 51.9 170.7 52.3 53.9	2022 2018-2022 2019.3 19.1 571.8 14.3 364.5 8.0 198.5 10.8 51.9 37.8 170.7 11.3 52.3 3.8 53.9 20.6	Avg. Growth rates   2018-2022   2021-2022   2021-2022   2021-2022   2019.3   19.1   29.2   571.8   14.3   8.9   364.5   8.0   49.3   198.5   10.8   81.1   51.9   37.8   95.3   170.7   11.3   67.6   52.3   3.8   17.3   53.9   20.6   -63.4			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

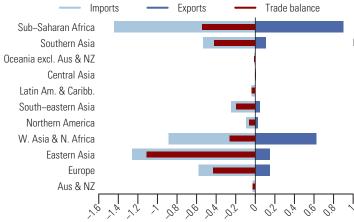
(				
		Avg. Grov	2022	
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	5124.7	16.0	37.1	100.0
0+1	892.5	18.0	65.5	17.4
2+4	348.3	18.7	28.5	6.8
3	785.7	8.8	90.9	15.3
5	549.4	13.9	23.4	10.7
6	866.0	17.5	38.0	16.9
7	801.5	6.1	4.8	15.6
8	371.1	14.2	20.2	7.2
9	510.0	4039.5	38.5	10.0

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Couc	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

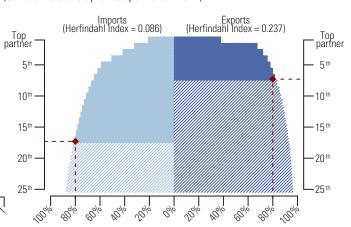
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

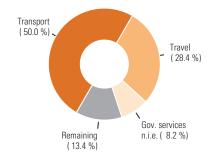


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 17.4, 16.9 and 15.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United Republic of Tanzania and Kenya, accounting for respectively 19.9, 12.3 and 9.2 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 333.2 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 189.2 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 54.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

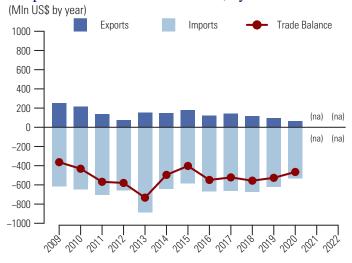
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

	* *								
HS		Value	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All	Commodities	3706.6	3736.7	5124.7					
7108 Gol	d (including gold plated with platinum)	677.5	368.3	510.0		57.6		thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 Pet	roleum oils, other than crude	354.2	357.1	718.5	0.5	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
1511 Palı	m oil and its fractions	85.6	135.4	175.0	0.9	1.3	1.5	US\$/kg	422
1701 Car	ne or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	68.5	106.9	174.1	0.5	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	061
1006 Ric	Ө	97.9	88.8	144.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	042
8517 Elec	ctrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	90.5	107.1	86.0					764
3004 Me	dicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	77.8	87.5	81.5	12.9	12.9	11.4	US\$/kg	542
7210 Flat	t-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	69.6	75.2	78.6	0.9	1.1	1.3	US\$/kg	674
1001 Wh	eat and meslin	59.9	60.9	79.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	041
	neral or chemical fertilisers	49.3	50.3	89.4	0.5	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	562

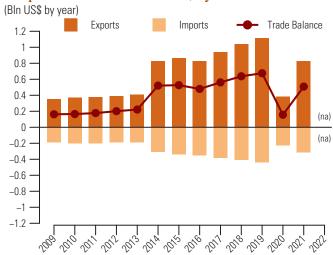
#### Overview:

In 2020, the value of merchandise exports of Saint Lucia decreased substantially by 30.7 percent to reach 67.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 14.6 percent to reach 532.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 465.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -203.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Saint Lucia were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Saint Lucia increased substantially by 114.4 percent, reaching 825.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 38.6 percent and reached 317.2 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 508.4 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2020, representing respectively 41.6, 15.9 and 14.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2018 to 2020, the largest export commodity was "Beer made from malt" (HS code 2203) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the United Kingdom and Trinidad and Tobago, accounting for respectively 35.2, 8.6 and 8.4 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 780.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

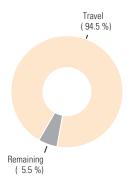


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2018 to 2020

I								
HS	Valu	e (million US	\$\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All Commodities	116.8	97.3	67.4					
2203 Beer made from malt	10.5	11.8	10.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	US\$/litre	112
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	13.9	8.9	3.6	2.6	12.1	8.0	thsd US\$/kg	897
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried	9.2	7.0	5.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	057
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	6.6	5.6	2.9	8.7	8.9	7.3	US\$/litre	112
9101 Wrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, precious metal	6.0	2.8	1.3	6.2	4.9	7.1	thsd US\$/unit	885
2517 Pebbles, gravel, broken or crushed stone	3.7	3.6	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	US\$/kg	273
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	4.0	3.4	2.3	1.1	1.3	1.3	US\$/kg	334
4819 Cartons, boxes, cases, bags and other packing containers, of paper	2.9	2.9	2.9	1.5	1.7	1.6	US\$/kg	642
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	3.6	2.9	2.0					764
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	3.6	3.3	1.5	90.2	54.8	53.5	US\$/kg	122

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	ii iiiiiioii osa, giowiii aliu siiales iii percentage)						
		Avg. Grov	2020				
SITC	2020	2016-2020 2019-2020					
Total	67.4	-13.4	-30.7	100.0			
0+1	28.0	-10.3	-24.8	41.6			
2+4	5.5	27.4	10.1	8.2			
3	2.3	-3.8	-32.8	3.4			
5	4.9	-13.9	19.3	7.3			
6	5.5	-16.8	-15.3	8.1			
7	9.8	-21.2	-41.3	14.5			
8	10.7	-19.2	-54.2	15.9			
9	0.6	-3.0	-22.3	0.9			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

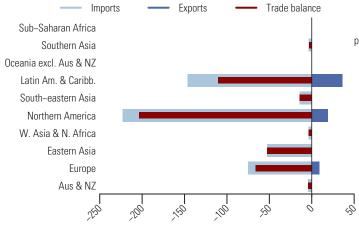
		Avg. Growth rates			
SITC	2020	2016-2020	2019-2020	share	
Total	532.9	-5.5	-14.6	100.0	
0+1	144.7	-0.6	-13.1	27.2	
2+4	12.1	-1.7	3.3	2.3	
3	60.9	-17.0	-41.6	11.4	
5	49.7	-1.7	0.3	9.3	
6	75.5	-4.9	-11.1	14.2	
7	120.8	-5.6	-11.1	22.7	
8	58.7	-6.7	-11.5	11.0	
9	10.5	29.8	125.4	2.0	

SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

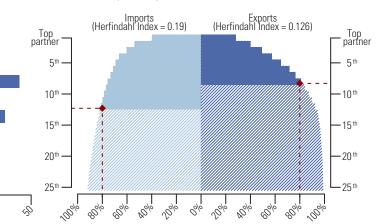
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2020)

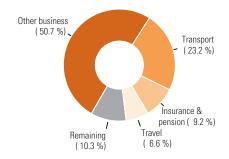


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2020)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2020, representing respectively 27.2, 22.7 and 14.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2018 to 2020, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and China, accounting for respectively 43.0, 15.3 and 5.5 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 160.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 73.6 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 29.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2018 to 2020

HS		Valu	e (million US	(\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All Commoditie	98	672.9	623.8	532.9					
2710 Petroleum oils,	other than crude	128.8	93.7	53.4	1.6	1.6	1.4	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and	d other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	20.9	21.5	15.8	7.5	7.5	7.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
0207 Meat and edib	le offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	13.9	14.4	13.6	1.4	1.5	1.4	US\$/kg	012
8517 Electrical appa	ratus for line telephony or line telegraphy	9.4	13.0	7.5					764
3004 Medicaments (	excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	13.9	7.7	8.0	31.4	22.8	18.7	US\$/kg	542
2711 Petroleum gase	es and other gaseous hydrocarbons	11.5	10.2	7.2	8.5	4.9	0.7	US\$/kg	343
8704 Motor vehicles	for the transport of goods	8.5	9.6	8.5	18.2	18.1	18.8	thsd US\$/unit	782
3923 Articles for the	conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	8.8	8.5	6.3	2.6	2.9	2.9	US\$/kg	893
1905 Bread, pastry, o	cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares	7.7	7.8	7.1	3.9	3.9	3.8	US\$/kg	048
2523 Portland cemer	nt, aluminous cement, slag cement	6.4	7.1	8.5	0.1	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg	661

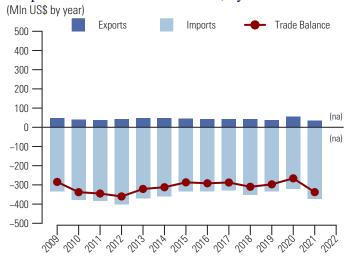
Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

Trade System: Special

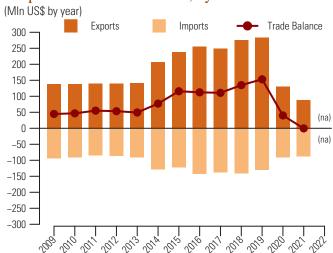
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines decreased substantially by 37.1 percent to reach 34.7 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.0 percent to reach 372.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 337.8 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -176.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Saint Vincent and the Grenadines were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines decreased substantially by 33.0 percent, reaching 87.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 3.0 percent and reached 87.9 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 0.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 73.9, 13.2 and 8.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Wheat or meslin flour" (HS code 1101) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Barbados and Portugal, accounting for respectively 15.7, 15.0 and 14.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 46.2 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 16.9 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 5.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

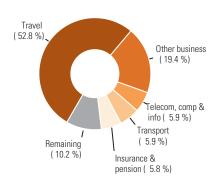


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit val	IIE	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020		Unit	code
All Commodities	38.2	55.2	34.7					
1101 Wheat or meslin flour	8.8	9.6	9.1	0.8	8.0	0.8	US\$/kg	046
2309 Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	4.1	4.4	5.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	081
8903 Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes	0.4	11.2	0.3					793
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or not	2.5	4.5	3.4	6.9	11.0	10.1	US\$/kg	036
0714 Manioc, arrowroot, sweet potatoes and similar roots	2.7	1.9	1.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	054
2203 Beer made from malt	2.5	2.1	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.1	US\$/litre	112
7610 Aluminium structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06)	2.0	1.3	1.6	6.4	6.6	7.9	US\$/kg	691
7210 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	2.0	1.0	1.2	1.9	2.1	2.3	US\$/kg	674
2202 Waters with added sugar	1.8	1.3	0.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	US\$/litre	111
0803 Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried		1.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	057

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	in minion 00%, growth and shares in percentage,							
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2017-2021   2020-2021					
Total	34.7	-4.8	100.0					
0+1	25.7	-3.6	-8.3	73.9				
2+4	0.3	19.5	-56.7	1.0				
3	0.0	32.0	312.5	0.0				
5	0.3	-0.8	-20.7	0.9				
6	4.6	-8.8	-3.8	13.2				
7	2.8	-12.1	-85.9	8.1				
8	1.0	1.0 7.3 -27.2		2.9				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$. growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIII 1004), growth and charge in percentage						
		Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2021	021 2017-2021 2020-2021				
Total	372.5	372.5 3.1 16.0		100.0		
0+1	102.8	3.4	13.0	27.6		
2+4	10.5	1.7	1.5	2.8		
3	46.5	46.5 10.9 30.8		12.5		
5	34.7	7.1	22.9	9.3		
6	58.6	-0.9	15.3	15.7		
7	77.4	0.7	10.4	20.8		
8	42.0	3.2	19.6	11.3		
9	0.0	-61.6		0.0		

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

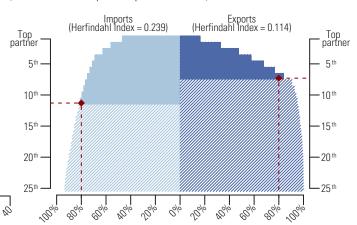
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

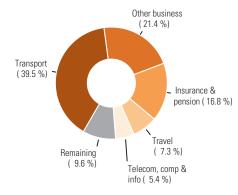


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 27.6, 20.8 and 15.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 43.7, 11.8 and 7.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 34.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 18.8 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 14.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

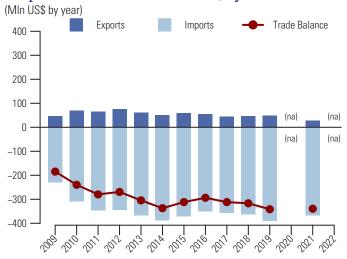
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 335.2	321.2	372.5					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		31.7	40.9	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	334
0207 Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	. 12.0	11.5	12.9	1.4	1.3	1.6	US\$/kg	012
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	. 7.4	7.0	11.1	1.3	1.7	1.2	US\$/kg	098
1001 Wheat and meslin	. 8.1	7.8	9.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	041
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 9.0	6.8	6.9	18.3	19.8	20.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	. 5.2	6.4	6.1		0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 6.4	6.0	5.1					764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 4.1	4.0	6.3	21.5	17.0	21.1	US\$/kg	542
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	. 2.4	6.1	5.2					752
2202 Waters with added sugar	. 4.6	4.4	4.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	US\$/litre	111

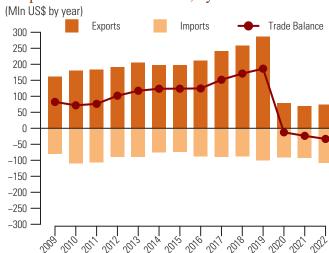
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Samoa was 28.8 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports reached 368.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 339.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Australia and New Zealand at -116.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Samoa were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Samoa increased moderately by 8.1 percent, reaching 74.3 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 16.5 percent and reached 107.6 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 33.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 53.8, 18.0 and 11.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04" (HS code 0303) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were American Samoa, New Zealand and the United States, accounting for respectively 27.4, 18.7 and 14.8 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 24.7 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 20.7 mln US\$ and "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 8.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

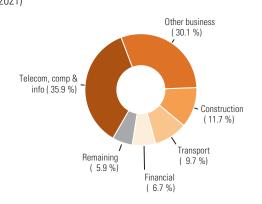


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1							
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	S\$)		Unit valı	ıe	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019 20	20   2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	49.3		28.8				
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	11.2		4.9		2.2	US\$/kg	034
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	12.0		3.1	0.7	0.6	US\$/kg	334
1513 Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil	1.8		4.4	2.1	3.1	US\$/kg	422
0714 Manioc, arrowroot, sweet potatoes and similar roots	3.0		3.0	1.3	1.4	US\$/kg	054
2009 Fruit juices (including grape must) and vegetable juices	3.8		1.1	2.3	1.6	US\$/kg	059
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced)	4.4		0.0	3.4	1.3	US\$/kg	034
2203 Beer made from malt	1.8		2.1	1.3	1.4	US\$/litre	112
0308 Aquatic invertebrates other than crustaceans and molluscs	1.7		0.0	3.1	4.1	US\$/kg	036
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits	0.0		1.7	12.2		US\$/kg	772
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	0.5		1.2	98.7		US\$/kg	122

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million eet, greven and endree in percentage)								
			Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	28.8	-10.2		100.0				
0+1	15.5	-10.3		53.8				
2+4	5.2	32.3		18.0				
3	3.1	-29.8		10.9				
5	0.2	-1.9		0.8				
6	0.7	7.2		2.5				
7	3.4	-2.7		11.6				
8	0.7	-4.5		2.3				
9	0.0	-81.1		0.0				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in immeri eeq, grevvar and endree in percentage,								
		Avg. Grov	Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	368.2	0.8		100.0				
0+1	110.5	3.4		30.0				
2+4	17.0	8.9		4.6				
3	58.6	8.0		15.9				
5	29.0	4.3		7.9				
6	55.0	-2.8		14.9				
7	67.4	-1.2		18.3				
8	30.9	-2.3		8.4				
9	0.0	-36.6		0.0				

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

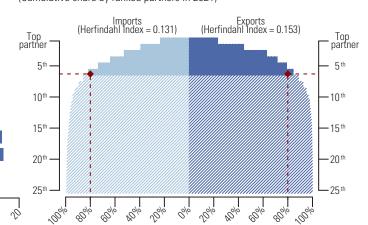
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

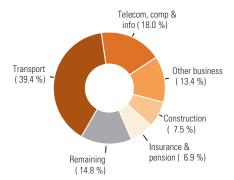


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 30.0, 18.3 and 15.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were New Zealand, Singapore and China, accounting for respectively 24.8, 16.4 and 12.8 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 36.4 mln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 16.7 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 12.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

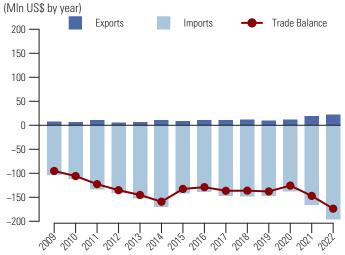
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

	<u> </u>							
HS		Valu	ie (million US	\$)		Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020 2021	Unit	code
All C	ommodities	390.7		368.2				
2710 Petro	pleum oils, other than crude	63.0		54.8	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	334
	t and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	19.6		22.4	1.0	1.0	US\$/kg	012
8703 Moto	or cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	14.7		9.1	4.6	4.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Moto	or vehicles for the transport of goods	10.5		10.2	18.8	20.8	thsd US\$/unit	782
4407 Woo	d sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	7.4		9.4		64.2	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
2523 Portl	and cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	6.9		7.0	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	661
8517 Elect	rical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	8.3		5.1				764
1905 Brea	d, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers'wares	5.7		7.1	2.5	2.6	US\$/kg	048
1604 Prepa	ared or preserved fish; caviar	4.9		6.5	1.4	1.5	US\$/kg	037
0401 Milk	and cream, not concentrated nor containing added sugar	4.9		6.3	0.9	1.0	US\$/kg	022

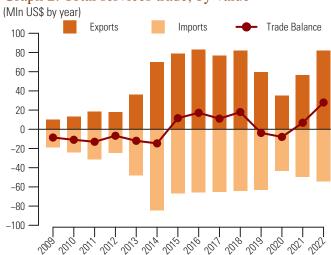
## Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Sao Tome and Principe increased substantially by 17.8 percent to reach 22.6 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 18.1 percent to reach 196.3 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 173.7 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -85.1 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Sao Tome and Principe were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Sao Tome and Principe increased substantially by 45.1 percent, reaching 82.2 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 8.9 percent and reached 54.2 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 27.9 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 38.1, 37.7 and 22.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted" (HS code 1801) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the Netherlands, Areas nes and Belgium, accounting for respectively 42.5, 27.6 and 17.1 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 31.2 mln US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 18.8 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

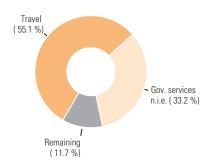


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

	1/ 1	/ '11' 110	٨١			11. 3.		OITO
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	12.4	19.2	22.6					
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted		11.4	8.1	2.7	2.8	2.5	US\$/kg	072
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	3.7	5.8	8.2	8.0	1.0	1.3	US\$/kg	422
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		0.0	5.0			1.2	US\$/kg	334
1513 Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil	0.3	0.5	0.3	3.2	3.4	2.5	US\$/kg	422
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	0.4	0.4	0.0	44.1	49.9	95.0	US\$/kg	792
1806 Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	0.4	0.2	0.1	3.5	9.2	10.8	US\$/kg	073
0904 Pepper of the genus Piper	0.1	0.2	0.1	8.4	8.6	8.8	US\$/kg	075
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	0.3	0.0	0.0	48.0	43.7	48.6	thsd US\$/unit	723
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	US\$/kg	057
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	0.2							793

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00%, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	22.6	16.9	17.8	100.0				
0+1	8.5	-0.8	-28.1	37.7				
2+4	8.6	119.7	35.4	38.1				
3	5.0	919.7	>	22.1				
5	0.0	57.8	-44.5	0.2				
6	0.1	-6.2	-42.6	0.3				
7	0.3	-31.6	-54.1	1.4				
8	0.0	-59.9	-47.0	0.2				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(varae iii iiiiii ee ee ee ee ee ee ee ee ee									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	196.3	7.3	18.1	100.0					
0+1	49.6	5.8	-8.8	25.3					
2+4	7.9	7.1	20.0	4.0					
3	56.3	14.7	72.3	28.7					
5	11.5	10.4	-4.7	5.9					
6	21.2	5.4	6.6	10.8					
7	38.2	3.6	23.9	19.4					
8	9.6	-5.5	-1.7	4.9					
9	2.0	605.2	34291.2	1.0					

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

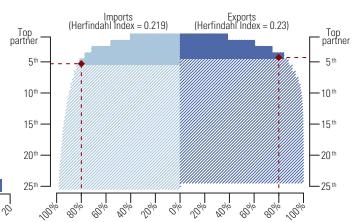
# Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

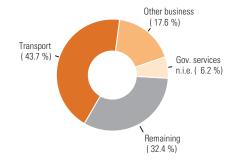


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 28.7, 25.3 and 19.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Portugal, Angola and Togo, accounting for respectively 46.6, 13.3 and 11.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 21.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 8.8 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 3.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

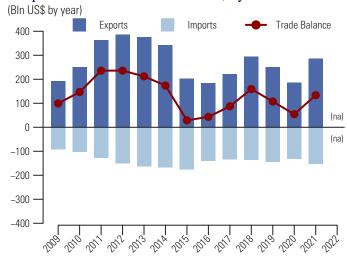
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

	* *								
HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
Δ	All Commodities	138.0	166.3	196.3					
2710 P	etroleum oils, other than crude	24.9	32.0	55.7			1.1	US\$/kg	334
1006 F	lice	5.7	7.9	7.1	0.6	0.7	0.7	US\$/kg	042
	Notor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	4.2	5.6	5.2	24.4	23.4	28.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
2523 P	ortland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	4.9	5.0	4.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
2204 V	Vine of fresh grapes, including fortified wines	4.3	5.4	4.8					112
1101 V	Vheat or meslin flour	3.8	4.3	5.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	046
8502 E	lectric generating sets and rotary converters	2.7	0.6	7.0					716
2202 V	Vaters with added sugar	2.8	4.2	2.9	0.8	0.8		US\$/litre	111
0207 N	Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	3.0	3.9	2.5	1.0			US\$/kg	012
	reparations of a kind used in animal feeding	2.2	3.1	3.2	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	081

## Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Saudi Arabia increased substantially by 54.3 percent to reach 286.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 16.3 percent to reach 152.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large surplus of 133.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -24.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Saudi Arabia were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 9 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Saudi Arabia increased substantially by 284.3 percent, reaching 39.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 24.7 percent and reached 91.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 51.8 bln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 74.2, 16.0 and 3.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, China and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 69.9, 3.9 and 3.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 3.8 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 2.7 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

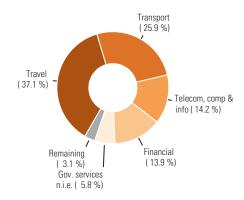


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	251 800.0	185699.4	286 467.3					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	202382.2	132 298.5	75.6					931
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude			150844.3			0.5	US\$/kg	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		27.4	52 250.0		0.3	0.6	US\$/kg	334
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms		8181.9	11719.4	1.0	0.8	1.2	US\$/kg	571
3902 Polymers of propylene or of other olefins, in primary forms	5730.4	4957.9	7 293.6	1.1			US\$/kg	575
2909 Ethers, ether-alcohols, ether-phenols, ether-alcohol-phenols		2992.0	3793.8	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	516
2905 Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives		2183.7	3773.5	0.4	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	512
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons		8.9	8151.9		0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	343
2902 Cyclic hydrocarbons		1765.6	2641.6	1.0	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	511
2814 Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution	1981.9	1955.9	1575.6	0.3	0.2	0.5	US\$/kg	522

<sup>\*</sup>Major export partners were confidential or unknown (denoted Areas nes) and resulted in high partner concentration for exports in graph 5

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in million 664, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2021				
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share			
Total	286 467.3	6.6	54.3	100.0			
0+1	3745.7	1.3	11.8	1.3			
2+4	3 448.3	16.4	71.6	1.2			
3	212 585.3	1391.5	>	74.2			
5	45697.5	10.1	46.9	16.0			
6	7 224.3	8.0	26.9	2.5			
7	10239.5	8.4	29.8	3.6			
8	2316.0	12.3	74.0	0.8			
9	1210.6	-71.0	-99.1	0.4			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

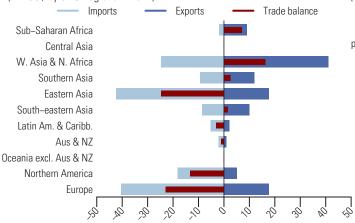
(value in million 664, growth and shares in persontage)								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	152695.1	3.2	16.3	100.0				
0+1	21 211.0	1.3	10.2	13.9				
2+4	3843.6	-0.1	15.8	2.5				
3	7 385.3	25.0	82.7	4.8				
5	18446.4	5.0	15.9	12.1				
6	21 988.8	4.2	8.9	14.4				
7	51 535.2	0.7	9.1	33.8				
8	16591.4	4.7	21.6	10.9				
9	11693.4	4.6	51.5	7.7				

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Coue	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

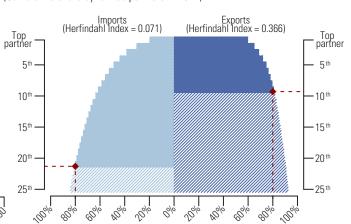
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



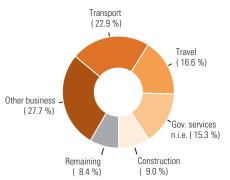
# Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

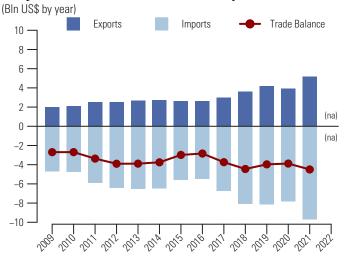
"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 33.8, 14.4 and 13.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United States and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 19.6, 11.1 and 7.4 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 20.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 16.8 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 12.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

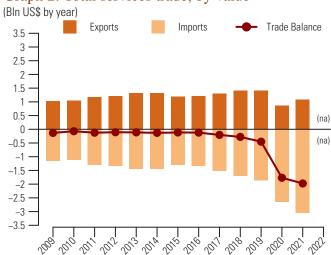
HS		Value (million US\$)			Unit value			SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harm	onized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities		144334.5	131313.2	152695.1					
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principall	y designed for the transport	10928.0	10560.5	11899.1	13.6	14.5	21.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind		8641.4	6553.6	8010.2					931
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line t	elegraphy	7 199.5	6178.4	6944.0					764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		3577.0	3787.4	6996.1	0.4	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.1	02, 30.05 or 30.06)	4017.6	4201.9	4157.5	116.5	99.0		US\$/kg	542
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)		2331.1	1165.9	3683.7	40.9	54.2		thsd US\$/kg	971
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02		2595.4	1944.9	2370.1	471.8	569.3	519.6	US\$/kg	792
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units	thereof	1842.4	2054.8	2191.0		,	251.1	US\$/unit	752
8905 Light-vessels, fire-floats, dredgers, floating cra	nes and other vessels	3606.4	899.0	713.9		(	390.1	thsd US\$/unit	793
7203 Ferrous products obtained by direct reduction of	of iron ore	1457.3	1438.7	2061.9		0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	671

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Senegal increased substantially by 32.4 percent to reach 5.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 24.1 percent to reach 9.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 4.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Senegal were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Senegal increased substantially by 23.1 percent, reaching 1.1 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 15.5 percent and reached 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 2.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 24.2, 18.7 and 15.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Mali, Switzerland and India, accounting for respectively 21.3, 13.9 and 8.8 percent of total exports. "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 242.6 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 231.4 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 215.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

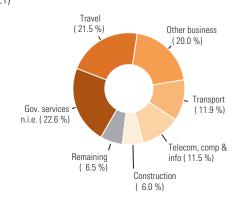


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

I								
HS	Value (million US\$)		Unit value			lue	SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	4178.5	3929.4	5202.2					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	641.7	734.5	973.4	39.9	50.3	51.7	thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	802.5	612.4	773.4	0.6	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	334
2809 Diphosphorus pentaoxide; phosphoric acid	334.2	263.5	478.5	0.6	0.5	1.0	US\$/kg	522
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	263.2	298.2	298.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg	034
1202 Ground-nuts, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whether or not shelled or broken	190.4	197.6	279.1	0.6	0.7	8.0	US\$/kg	222
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	132.7	128.1	155.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
2104 Soups and broths and preparations therefor	131.4	132.5	152.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	US\$/kg	098
2614 Titanium ores and concentrates	92.5	108.1	158.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	287
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not	123.5	58.3	142.0	5.6		7.2	US\$/kg	036
2615 Niobium, tantalum, vanadium or zirconium ores and concentrates	104.6	93.8	112.6	1.2	1.1	1.2	US\$/kg	287

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili illillioti 05\$, growtii aliu shares ili percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2017-2021 2020-2021							
Total	5202.2	14.9	32.4	100.0						
0+1	1 258.8	8.8	24.0	24.2						
2+4	738.8	17.5	41.9	14.2						
3	807.7	16.3	28.6	15.5						
5	705.3	21.8	54.4	13.6						
6	429.2	4.6	28.9	8.2						
7	155.3	11.0	14.1	3.0						
8	133.4	6.4	27.3	2.6						
9	973.7	26.9	32.5	18.7						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

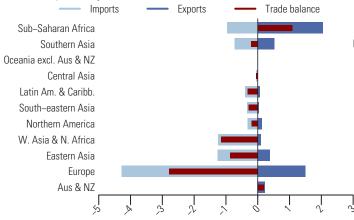
(value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)											
		Avg. Grov	2021								
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share							
Total	9699.0	9.6	24.1	100.0							
0+1	1844.6	44.6 6.6 13.4		19.0							
2+4	501.7	9.5	20.2	5.2							
3	2447.8	13.5	35.3	25.2							
5	1 020.1	11.3	22.9	10.5							
6	1365.8	12.8	39.8	14.1							
7	2033.9	5.2	19.1	21.0							
8	434.4	9.0	7.4	4.5							
9	50.7			0.5							

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
lotal	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

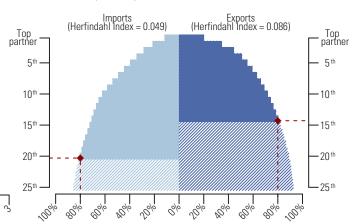
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

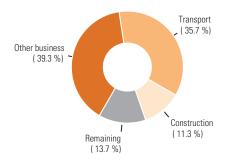


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 25.2, 21.0 and 19.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were France, China and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 14.5, 9.9 and 5.9 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.1 bln US\$ and "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 346.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

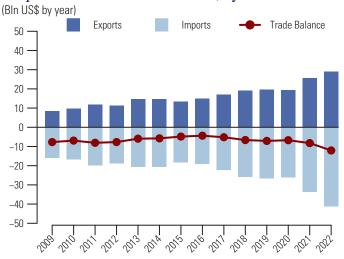
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS		Valu	ie (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System		2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities		8143.7	7812.5	9699.0					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		1495.6	1159.5	1650.3	0.6	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude		403.3	441.2	513.3	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	333
1006 Rice		339.3	427.7	473.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	042
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)		242.0	263.7	307.8	17.5	19.4	20.5	US\$/kg	542
1001 Wheat and meslin		184.7	191.9	269.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	041
1901 Malt extract; food preparations of flour		195.9	196.0	207.4	2.0	3.2	3.0	US\$/kg	048
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the trans	ort	183.6	168.4	203.9	30.3	31.3	32.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy		146.2	151.7	177.5					764
1511 Palm oil and its fractions		116.0	172.0	134.2		0.9		US\$/kg	422
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons		92.2	115.3	146.4	0.5	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	343

## Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Serbia increased substantially by 13.7 percent to reach 29.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 21.7 percent to reach 41.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 12.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -4.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Serbia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Serbia increased substantially by 25.0 percent, reaching 11.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 21.9 percent and reached 9.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.3 bln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 26.5, 21.2 and 15.4 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable" (HS code 8544) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Italy and Bosnia and Herzegovina, accounting for respectively 13.1, 8.0 and 7.3 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.4 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 2.2 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.9 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

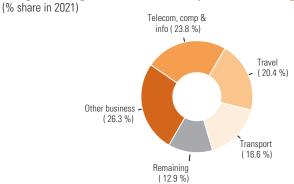


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1401	o i. Top to empore commodities 2020 to 2022								
HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)		l	Unit val	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	19500.8	25 566.2	29058.2					
	nsulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	1412.7	1785.7	1879.9		20.5		US\$/kg	773
2603 (	Copper ores and concentrates	96.8	855.1	1767.7	1.7	1.7	1.5	US\$/kg	283
4011	New pneumatic tyres, of rubber	674.9	853.2	909.6	41.8	45.8	51.5	US\$/unit	625
8501 E	Electric motors and generators (excluding generating sets)	495.3	588.0	766.0	29.4	33.2	32.5	US\$/unit	716
0811 F	ruit and nuts	477.8	682.1	614.8	2.1	3.2	3.5	US\$/kg	058
	Maize (corn)	665.3	606.5	431.4	0.2	0.3		US\$/kg	044
7208 F	Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	315.8	605.9	604.7	0.5	1.1	1.0	US\$/kg	673
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	208.8	444.4	588.4	0.4	0.7	1.2	US\$/kg	334
3402 (	Organic surface-active agents (other than soap)	264.9	423.6	497.9	2.1	2.6	2.9	US\$/kg	554
2716 E	lectrical energy	119.5	155.9	891.0	50.3	97.7	291.2	US\$/MWh	351

<sup>\*</sup>Special trade system up to 2008

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million LIS\$ growth and shares in percentage

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2018-2022   2021-2022					
Total	29058.2	10.9	13.7	100.0				
0+1	4473.7	10.8	1.4	15.4				
2+4	2819.9	36.9	44.1	9.7				
3	1579.9	28.5	112.3	5.4				
5	2931.0	12.1	11.2	10.1				
6	6168.0	6.5	7.5	21.2				
7	7706.9	9.6	12.8	26.5				
8	3172.8	6.5	9.2	10.9				
9	206.0	-16.1	-40.3	0.7				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

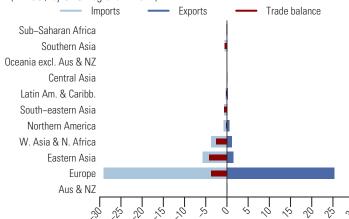
(variation 204), granda and an paradiago,											
		Avg. Grov	2022								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	41 137.7	12.3	21.7	100.0							
0+1	2959.8	13.0	17.0	7.2							
2+4	1304.6	3.7	-4.4	3.2							
3	7 270.2	24.8	137.3	17.7							
5	5948.1	14.1	15.3	14.5							
6	7 149.1	10.3	10.2	17.4							
7	9059.9	7.8	4.9	22.0							
8	2752.0	10.1	2.4	6.7							
9	4694.1	11.6	21.4	11.4							

## SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

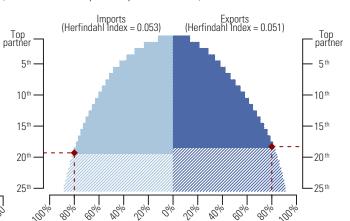
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



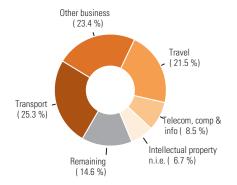
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 22.0, 17.7 and 17.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and Italy, accounting for respectively 12.6, 12.3 and 7.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.8 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

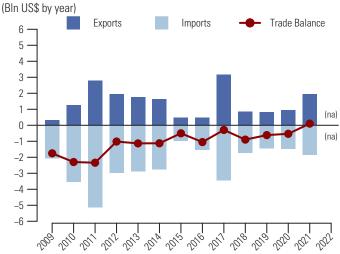
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

THS I	Valu	ue (million US	(92			Jnit va	luo	SITC
	2020	2021	2022	2020		2022		1
code   4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	ZUZZ	Unit	code
All Commodities	26228.0	33793.0	41 137.7					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	3127.9	3823.7	4565.2					931
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	839.1	1341.4	2279.5	0.4	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1077.5	1077.9	1279.4	73.9	70.3	78.4	US\$/kg	542
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	507.5	597.9	1823.7		0.3	0.8	US\$/kg	343
2716 Electrical energy	55.6	165.8	1673.1	53.4	119.62	260.3	US\$/MWh	351
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport		641.2	663.7	3.6	4.5		thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	328.6	586.3	797.2		0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	470.9	502.1	552.2					764
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	411.6	533.6	540.4	9.6	10.9	10.9	US\$/kg	773
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	424.7	505.9	389.1	7.5	7.7	7.9	US\$/kg	784

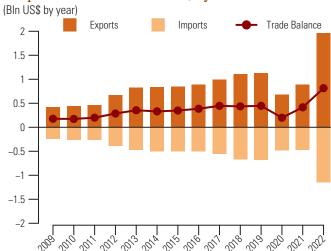
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Seychelles increased substantially by 103.1 percent to reach 2.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 23.7 percent to reach 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 104.0 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Latin America and the Caribbean at 470.3 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Seychelles were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Seychelles increased substantially by 120.0 percent, reaching 2.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 141.2 percent and reached 1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 814.3 mln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 73.0, 20.3 and 5.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes" (HS code 8903) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Gibraltar, Bermuda and Cayman Islands, accounting for respectively 51.8, 16.9 and 16.8 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 430.9 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 309.6 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 127.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

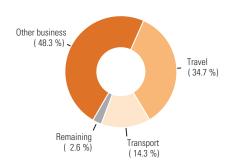


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

Valu	e (million US	\$)		ļ	Unit va	lue	SITC
2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
824.1	960.9	1951.9					
167.6	453.4	1412.3					793
226.9	232.1	270.9	6.5	5.3	5.6	US\$/kg	037
307.0	97.4	108.4		0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
58.9	76.9	99.4	1.7	1.2	0.9	US\$/kg	034
14.4	22.9	12.6	1.0	1.4	1.1	US\$/kg	081
0.0	23.8	1.6					793
18.6	5.5	0.9	16.1	9.6	10.1	US\$/kg	122
0.8	23.7		7.3	6.7		mIn US\$/unit	792
4.5	5.1	5.4	45.5	78.2	94.9	US\$/kg	036
5.1	4.8	4.1	5.1	4.7	4.2	US\$/kg	411
	2019 824.1 167.6 226.9 307.0 58.9 14.4 0.0 18.6 0.8 4.5	2019         2020           824.1         960.9           167.6         453.4           226.9         232.1           307.0         97.4           58.9         76.9           14.4         22.9           0.0         23.8           18.6         5.5           0.8         23.7           4.5         5.1	824.1     960.9     1951.9       167.6     453.4     1412.3       226.9     232.1     270.9       307.0     97.4     108.4       58.9     76.9     99.4       14.4     22.9     12.6       0.0     23.8     1.6       18.6     5.5     0.9       0.8     23.7        4.5     5.1     5.4	2019         2020         2021         2019           824.1         960.9         1951.9           167.6         453.4         1412.3           226.9         232.1         270.9         6.5           307.0         97.4         108.4         108.4           58.9         76.9         99.4         1.7           14.4         22.9         12.6         1.0           0.0         23.8         1.6           18.6         5.5         0.9         16.1           0.8         23.7          7.3           4.5         5.1         5.4         45.5	2019         2020         2021         2019         2020           824.1         960.9         1951.9           167.6         453.4         1412.3           226.9         232.1         270.9         6.5         5.3           307.0         97.4         108.4         0.4           58.9         76.9         99.4         1.7         1.2           14.4         22.9         12.6         1.0         1.4           0.0         23.8         1.6         18.6         5.5         0.9         16.1         9.6           0.8         23.7          7.3         6.7           4.5         5.1         5.4         45.5         78.2	2019         2020         2021         2019         2020         2021           824.1         960.9         1951.9         167.6         453.4         1412.3         1412.3         1412.3         1412.3         1412.3         1412.3         1412.3         1412.3         1412.3         1412.3         141.3         141.3         141.3         141.4         141.3         141.4 <t< td=""><td>2019         2020         2021         2019         2020         2021         Unit           824.1         960.9         1951.9           167.6         453.4         1412.3           226.9         232.1         270.9         6.5         5.3         5.6         US\$/kg           307.0         97.4         108.4         0.4         0.6         US\$/kg           58.9         76.9         99.4         1.7         1.2         0.9         US\$/kg           14.4         22.9         12.6         1.0         1.4         1.1         US\$/kg           0.0         23.8         1.6           18.6         5.5         0.9         16.1         9.6         10.1         US\$/kg           0.8         23.7          7.3         6.7         mln US\$/unit           4.5         5.1         5.4         45.5         78.2         94.9         US\$/kg</td></t<>	2019         2020         2021         2019         2020         2021         Unit           824.1         960.9         1951.9           167.6         453.4         1412.3           226.9         232.1         270.9         6.5         5.3         5.6         US\$/kg           307.0         97.4         108.4         0.4         0.6         US\$/kg           58.9         76.9         99.4         1.7         1.2         0.9         US\$/kg           14.4         22.9         12.6         1.0         1.4         1.1         US\$/kg           0.0         23.8         1.6           18.6         5.5         0.9         16.1         9.6         10.1         US\$/kg           0.8         23.7          7.3         6.7         mln US\$/unit           4.5         5.1         5.4         45.5         78.2         94.9         US\$/kg

<sup>\*</sup>As of 2010, trade in services data reflect improvement of the coverage of balance of payments statistics

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in minion coo, growth and shares in percentage,										
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
Total	1951.9	-11.4	103.1	100.0						
0+1	397.2	5.4	15.0	20.3						
2+4	11.1	31.5	78.3	0.6						
3	108.4	-8.1	11.2	5.6						
5	0.4	-7.0	-39.2	0.0						
6	3.7	45.9	92.8	0.2						
7	1424.0	-14.6	182.0	73.0						
8	3.2	-14.3	5.5	0.2						
9	3.9	-2.6	246.4	0.2						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

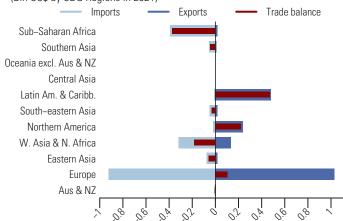
(Value III IIIIII σοφ, growth and shares III percentage										
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	21   2017-2021   2020-2021								
Total	1847.9	-14.5	23.7	100.0						
0+1	344.0	2.4	41.4	18.6						
2+4	26.0	-6.4	-49.0	1.4						
3	205.0	-1.0	17.1	11.1						
5	93.9	16.6	91.1	5.1						
6	194.4	-0.4	50.8	10.5						
7	895.8	-23.1	14.9	48.5						
8	84.8	0.7	31.7	4.6						
9	3.9	3.7	39.0	0.2						

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Couc	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

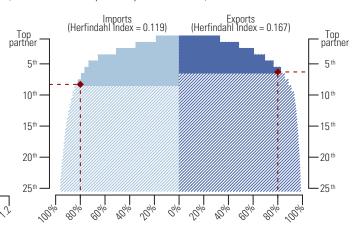
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

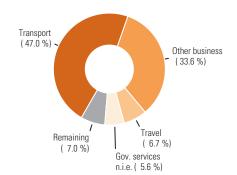


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 48.5, 18.6 and 11.1 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes" (HS code 8903) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, South Africa and British Virgin Islands, accounting for respectively 18.8, 9.8 and 8.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 223.7 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 159.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

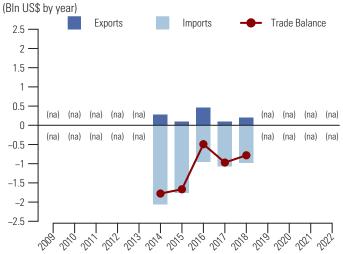
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

110	1	1.7.1	/ '''' 110	٨١					OUTO
HS		Valu	<u>ıe (million US</u>	\$)			<u>Jnit va</u>	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
Δ	II Commodities	1438.0	1 494.1	1847.9					
	achts and other vessels for pleasure or sports; rowing boats and canoes	347.8	554.1	585.7					793
2710 P	etroleum oils, other than crude	228.9	172.9	189.9		0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
0303 F	ish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	102.7	131.7	123.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	US\$/kg	034
8708 P	arts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	7.3	4.5	149.4	6.7	6.8		US\$/kg	784
2306 C	il-cake and other solid residues	0.0	0.1	91.7		0.6	0.4	US\$/kg	081
7210 F	lat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	13.5	12.7	43.2	2.0	1.7		US\$/kg	674
8802 C	ther aircraft (for example, helicopters, aeroplanes); spacecraft	1.5	47.3	10.6	4.2			mIn US\$/unit	792
8309 S	toppers, caps and lids	5.4	6.8	32.2		1.2	20.9	US\$/kg	699
8703 N	Notor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	25.6	9.9	5.4		11.5	6.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
1509 C	live oil and its fractions	4.8	28.2	5.9	3.7	11.0	3.0	US\$/kg	421

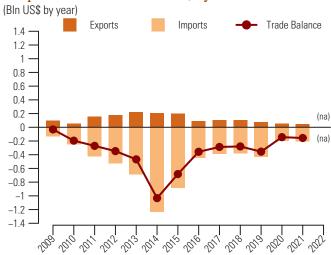
#### Overview:

In 2018, the value of merchandise exports of Sierra Leone increased substantially by 100.1 percent to reach 205.4 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased moderately by 8.1 percent to reach 986.9 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 781.5 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -167.9 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Sierra Leone were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Sierra Leone decreased moderately by 8.1 percent, reaching 48.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 4.1 percent and reached 204.9 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 156.3 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2018, representing respectively 38.2, 36.5 and 18.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2016 to 2018, the largest export commodity was "Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved" (HS code 1605) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Republic of Korea and Netherlands, accounting for respectively 18.3, 14.0 and 13.5 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 3.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

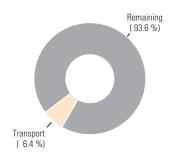


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2016 to 2018

HS	Valu	ue (million US	3\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
All Commodities	465.6	102.7	205.4					
1605 Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved	158.9	0.0		15.9	0.0		thsd US\$/kg	037
0409 Natural honey	142.4	0.1	0.2	622.9	2.0	0.5	US\$/kg	061
1108 Starches; inulin	87.8	0.0	0.0	87.7	0.0	0.4	US\$/kg	592
1801 Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted		14.5	20.7	1.7	0.1	1.7	US\$/kg	072
0303 Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	27.4	5.6	14.1	1.3	0.3		US\$/kg	034
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	4.1	17.9	18.1		10.2		US\$/kg	782
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	4.7	8.3	19.2	207.4	213.7	334.1	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
0307 Molluscs, whether in shell or not			26.6			555.2	US\$/kg	036
2620 Ash and residues	0.0		13.9	0.1		0.0	US\$/kg	288
1802 Cocoa shells, husks, skins and other cocoa waste	0.6	8.9	1.6	27.7	2.0	1.7	US\$/kg	072

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 034, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	Avg. Growth rates						
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share					
Total	205.4	-7.4	100.1	100.0					
0+1	78.5	62.9	128.8	38.2					
2+4	75.0	-25.4	135.1	36.5					
3	0.3	69.2	732.1	0.1					
5	1.6	160.2	1.3	0.8					
6	5.1	48.2	103.8	2.5					
7	38.5	22.4	22.1	18.7					
8	6.4	-6.3	727.9	3.1					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
		Avg. Grov	2018							
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share						
Total	986.9	-16.8	-8.1	100.0						
0+1	305.5	8.7	-8.5	31.0						
2+4	37.1	12.1	-1.3	3.8						
3	11.1	-65.5	78.7	1.1						
5	99.7	-7.8	7.7	10.1						
6	181.0	-4.9	-11.6	18.3						
7	272.9	-14.8	-12.0	27.6						
8	79.5	-14.6	-10.0	8.1						
9	0.1	-43.1	990.1	0.0						

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

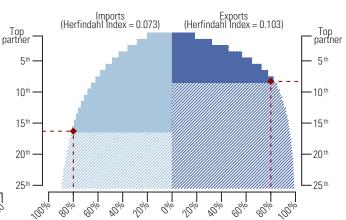
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2018)



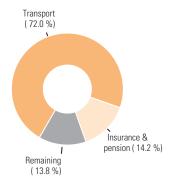
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2018)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2018, representing respectively 31.0, 27.6 and 18.3 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2016 to 2018, the largest import commodity was "Rice" (HS code 1006) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 16.5, 7.6 and 6.9 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 147.7 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 29.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

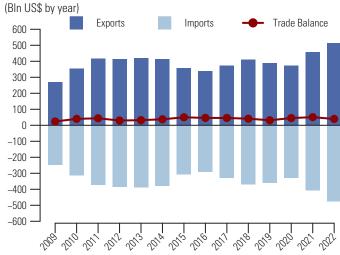
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2016 to 2018

HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System		2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
All Commodities		957.9	1073.6	986.9					
1006 Rice		110.0	193.1	152.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	042
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transpor	t	40.8	68.9	45.0	19.7	31.7	21.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement		50.9	55.4	40.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods		31.6	27.1	18.1			32.3	thsd US\$/unit	782
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		56.0	5.4	8.3	7.6	1.3	1.1	US\$/kg	334
6309 Worn clothing and other worn articles		40.1	14.2	14.6	3.2	1.2	1.3	US\$/kg	269
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)		30.5	15.5	21.1	7.1	2.9	3.5	US\$/kg	542
1101 Wheat or meslin flour		19.9	19.1	21.1	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	046
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel		15.9	22.1	19.5	0.6	0.6		US\$/kg	676
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers		10.0	19.8	20.8	56.9	52.8	53.0	thsd US\$/unit	723

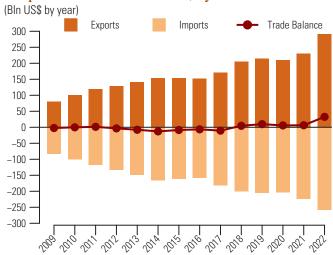
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Singapore increased substantially by 12.7 percent to reach 515.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 17.0 percent to reach 475.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 39.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Southeastern Asia at 40.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Singapore were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 15 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Singapore increased substantially by 26.7 percent, reaching 291.2 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 15.7 percent and reached 258.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 32.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 51.7, 12.7 and 11.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, China, Hong Kong SAR and Malaysia, accounting for respectively 13.6, 12.2 and 9.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 74.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 68.1 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 37.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

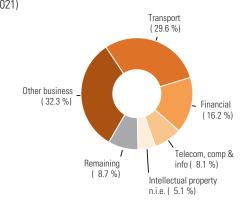


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Vali	ue (million U	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	373 683.7	457 081.3	514966.1					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	86222.4	112436.9	121 993.2					776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	27391.6	41 326.1	63470.2	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	20285.6	24541.0	35527.6					931
8486 Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices	11249.9	17700.0	21 236.0					728
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	15795.7	15017.8	15524.3	53.1		55.0	thsd US\$/kg	971
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	13727.7	12063.1	15293.8					714
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	11613.3	13732.1	14060.2					764
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	9245.4	11 247.0	12700.7					776
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	7316.4	9483.5	10557.8	106.2	89.6	59.4	US\$/unit	752
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	5839.7	6465.2	6858.6	21.0	20.7	23.1	US\$/kg	098

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05%, growth and shares in percentage)								
			Avg. Grov	2022				
	SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
	Total	514966.1	5.8	12.7	100.0			
	0+1	14361.3	2.3	1.7	2.8			
	2+4	3745.1	0.2	13.7	0.7			
	3	65646.5	5.0	43.0	12.7			
	5	59487.0	0.6	-0.8	11.6			
	6	15761.4	2.7	2.9	3.1			
	7	266 345.8	7.7	9.9	51.7			
	8	38156.4	4.1	5.6	7.4			
	9	51 462.7	7.9	28.6	10.0			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

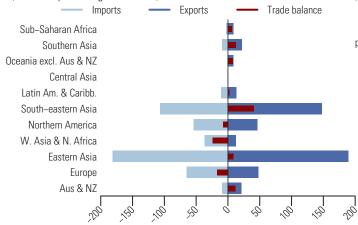
( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	475412.9	6.4	17.0	100.0					
0+1	13867.1	3.3	5.5	2.9					
2+4	6255.7	12.4	15.0	1.3					
3	105231.8	4.6	39.7	22.1					
5	37 160.3	6.0	11.8	7.8					
6	22 155.7	3.9	8.4	4.7					
7	233 265.6	7.8	12.2	49.1					
8	36 183.6	6.7	14.8	7.6					
9	21 292.9	4.7	10.1	4.5					

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Coue	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

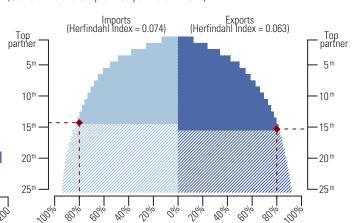
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

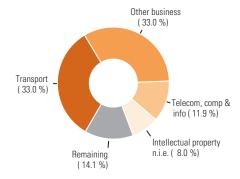


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 49.1, 22.1 and 7.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Malaysia and Other Asia nes, accounting for respectively 13.6, 12.8 and 12.0 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 73.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 73.9 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 26.5 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

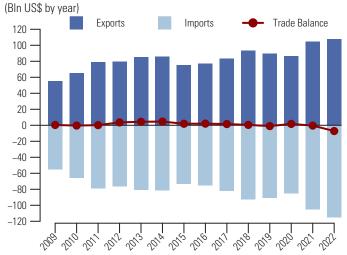
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	- +1			<u>Unit val</u>	ue	_  SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	328624.5	406318.3	475412.9					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	. 71678.8	94360.2	107 960.7					776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	31 234.5	46 595.0	62 489.5	0.3			US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	14376.4	22642.5	34014.9	0.3	0.5	0.8	US\$/kg	333
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	16626.7	14458.3	17718.8	56.0	56.8		thsd US\$/kg	971
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	15062.6	14912.9	17739.1					714
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 11643.0	12112.4	13044.0					764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	8053.8	8679.0	9915.5	148.3	152.1	106.9	US\$/unit	752
8486 Machines and apparatus used for the manufacture of semiconductor devices	. 5160.0	7 982.5	10886.8					728
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	5184.5	6107.8	6247.3					776
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	3209.5	5642.7	7716.8	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	343

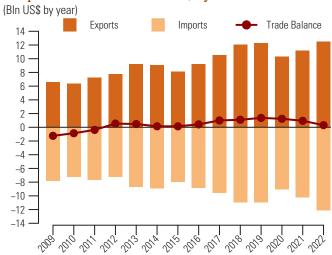
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Slovakia increased slightly by 3.1 percent to reach 108.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 9.6 percent to reach 115.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 7.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -13.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Slovakia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Slovakia increased substantially by 11.5 percent, reaching 12.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 18.7 percent and reached 12.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 310.4 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 58.0, 16.6 and 8.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Czechia and Poland, accounting for respectively 21.7, 11.4 and 8.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 4.0 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.8 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 2.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

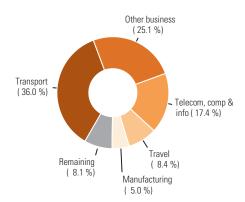


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1401	o i. Top to expert commodities 2020 to 2022								
HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	86707.8	104733.3	108012.8					
8703 N	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	24311.5	26643.6	26339.6	23.6	25.4	24.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
8708 F	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	4926.1	5612.9	5433.9	9.2	9.3	8.3	US\$/kg	784
8528 F	Reception apparatus for television	4375.6	5230.9	4793.2	360.2	414.4	425.1	US\$/unit	761
8517 E	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	4231.7	4259.0	3829.1					764
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	1250.3	1727.4	2693.1	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	334
4011 N	New pneumatic tyres, of rubber	1558.2	1893.1	2192.3	83.9	88.1	91.1	US\$/unit	625
8544 I	nsulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	1399.8	1813.7	1777.5	15.4	17.8	16.0	US\$/kg	773
2716 E	Electrical energy	623.4	1243.6	2429.8	48.1	95.0	158.6	US\$/MWh	351
	Air or vacuum pumps, air or other gas compressors and fans	1105.1	1338.7	1298.7					743
7208 F	lat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	594.1	1648.5	1431.8		1.0		US\$/kg	673

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 66¢, grevial and charge in percentage,									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	108012.8	3.7	3.1	100.0					
0+1	4239.1	10.1	16.0	3.9					
2+4	2658.9	9.1	9.3	2.5					
3	5614.3	18.8	67.5	5.2					
5	5149.8	6.8	11.1	4.8					
6	17 932.9	3.3	0.9	16.6					
7	62641.9	2.4	-1.6	58.0					
8	9483.5	1.9	5.0	8.8					
9	292.4	-0.7	55.6	0.3					

## Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

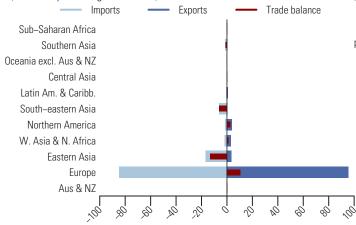
( value iii	(Value in million 664, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	115215.3	5.5	9.6	100.0							
0+1	6622.1	7.7	13.2	5.7							
2+4	3 423.5	8.1	-0.8	3.0							
3	16279.0	21.2	81.2	14.1							
5	9547.2	5.6	3.7	8.3							
6	16 180.3	3.2	3.5	14.0							
7	50 979.4	2.6	-0.5	44.2							
8	11661.0	4.3	11.4	10.1							
9	522.7	13.1	59.9	0.5							

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

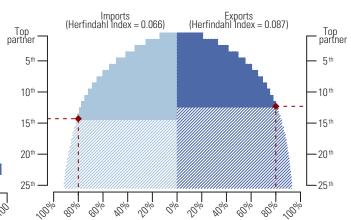
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



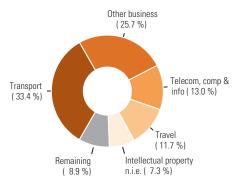
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 44.2, 14.1 and 14.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05" (HS code 8708) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Czechia and Rest of Europe nes, accounting for respectively 17.1, 9.6 and 9.0 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 3.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.6 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 1.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

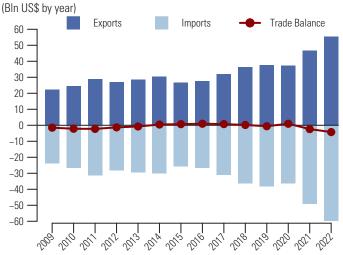
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 84998.5	105141.8	115215.3					
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	. 11325.2	12411.6	12613.7	7.6	8.6	8.4	US\$/kg	784
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 4831.8	4729.3	6147.1					764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	. 1560.7	3094.0	6504.0					343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 2216.5	2452.5	2950.7	19.8	22.6		thsd US\$/unit	781
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	. 1831.8	2614.6	2877.9	0.3		0.5	US\$/kg	333
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	. 1844.9	2308.9	2315.1	14.0	15.2		US\$/kg	773
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 1894.7	1853.6	1900.0	83.7	98.4		US\$/kg	542
2716 Electrical energy	. 692.5	1305.4	3419.4	52.1	94.0	204.7	US\$/MWh	351
8507 Electric accumulators, including separators therefor		1785.4	2302.1					778
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28	. 1814.6	2549.3	819.2	21.8	28.0		US\$/kg	764

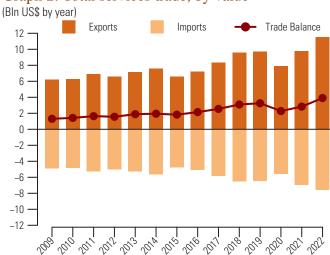
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Slovenia increased substantially by 18.8 percent to reach 55.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 21.7 percent to reach 59.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 4.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -7.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Slovenia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Slovenia increased substantially by 17.8 percent, reaching 11.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 9.6 percent and reached 7.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 3.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 33.7, 26.9 and 16.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, Switzerland and Italy, accounting for respectively 16.5, 16.1 and 10.2 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 3.2 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 2.1 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

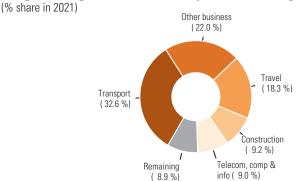


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	3\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	37 471.1	46692.1	55 478.9					
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	7 205.9	8 4 2 5 . 7	13857.3	188.7	229.8	346.4	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	3210.6	3340.4	2511.8	9.8	14.1	7.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	728.2	1033.7	2631.0	0.5	0.7	1.2	US\$/kg	334
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	973.4	1188.8	1199.1	8.3	9.0	8.5	US\$/kg	784
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	546.2	1100.4	1315.3	1.6	1.1	0.9	thsd US\$/kg	541
2716 Electrical energy	372.9	851.6	1627.3	42.7	103.7	197.9	US\$/MWh	351
8516 Electric instantaneous or storage water heaters and immersion heaters	466.4	571.8	618.3					775
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber	. 399.9	500.4	541.7	45.4	46.9	50.1	US\$/unit	625
8512 Electrical lighting or signalling equipment	487.7	477.0	446.4					778
8503 Electric motor and generator parts	. 348.0	448.0	493.1	8.7	10.0	11.5	US\$/kg	716

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00¢, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share							
Total	55 478.9	11.1	18.8	100.0						
0+1	1956.9	5.4	0.3	3.5						
2+4	1580.7	5.6	6.4	2.8						
3	4 452.7	23.7	132.1	8.0						
5	18669.9	32.0	44.9	33.7						
6	9173.5	6.0	9.3	16.5						
7	14925.4	1.1	-3.1	26.9						
8	4598.6	3.9	1.0	8.3						
9	121.4	18.1	15.3	0.2						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

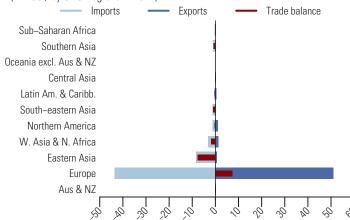
(Value III IIIIII OOQ, growth and onares in percentage									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	59722.8	13.3	21.7	100.0					
0+1	3181.0	4.3	6.1	5.3					
2+4	2349.0	5.9	10.9	3.9					
3	8199.5	24.6	123.9	13.7					
5	19064.3	35.4	32.6	31.9					
6	8665.1	6.0	7.9	14.5					
7	13710.8	3.1	1.7	23.0					
8	4205.3	4.2	1.0	7.0					
9	347.8	55.4	48.3	0.6					

## SITC Legend

	SITC	D
Į	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

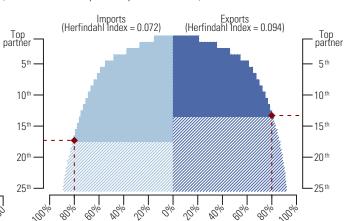
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Other business (29.9 %)

Travel (15.0 %)

Telecom, comp & info (11.3 %)

Remaining

## Imports Profile:

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 31.9, 23.0 and 14.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Switzerland, Germany and China, accounting for respectively 13.2, 12.3 and 11.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.8 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

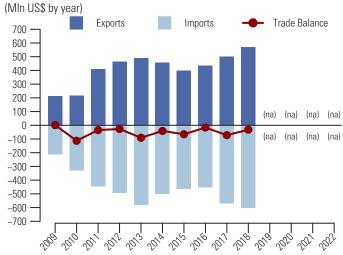
(17.5%)

HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	36512.7	49067.4	59722.8					
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 5322.5	5627.3	7791.9	350.8	383.2	435.1	US\$/kg	542
2933 Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	. 608.7	3177.3	4749.5	13.8	72.2	140.8	US\$/kg	515
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 1379.0	2138.9	4934.5	0.4	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 1740.7	1981.2	2108.3	14.7	16.8	15.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
2716 Electrical energy	. 332.8	1039.6	2058.7	41.7	121.92	222.7	US\$/MWh	351
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05		893.1	742.1	7.3	7.9	7.9	US\$/kg	784
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	. 499.9	841.3	1132.0	1.6	0.6	1.3	thsd US\$/kg	541
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 465.7	530.2	591.2					764
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	. 221.4	335.0	978.5	0.3	0.5	1.3	US\$/kg	343
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	453.6	530.2	540.7	23.1	24.8	19.8	thsd US\$/unit	782

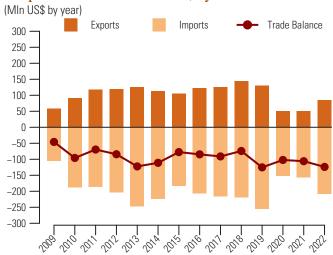
#### Overview:

In 2018, the value of merchandise exports of Solomon Islands increased substantially by 13.9 percent to reach 569.1 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 5.2 percent to reach 601.4 mln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 32.3 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 227.4 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Solomon Islands were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Solomon Islands increased substantially by 68.3 percent, reaching 84.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 33.4 percent and reached 208.5 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 123.8 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2018, representing respectively 83.8, 13.3 and 2.1 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2016 to 2018, the largest export commodity was "Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood" (HS code 4403) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Italy and India, accounting for respectively 65.0, 7.3 and 4.3 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 20.1 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 8.9 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 6.4 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Other business (17.7 %)

Gov. services n.i.e. (12.7 %)

Construction (7.9 %)

Telecom, comp & info (6.1 %)

(15.6 %)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2016 to 2018

1	- 1								
HS		Valu	ıe (million US	3\$)		Į	Jnit valu	16	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
All Commodit	ties	437.3	499.7	569.1					
4403 Wood in the r	rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood	289.6	322.0	407.3	112.9			US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	247
0305 Fish, dried, sa	alted or in brine	26.4	42.1	9.2					035
1511 Palm oil and i	its fractions	25.8	26.4	22.8	0.7	0.8	1.0	US\$/kg	422
4404 Hoopwood; s	plit poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood	23.8	24.1	8.1	0.4	81.0	25.3	US\$/kg	634
1604 Prepared or p	reserved fish; caviar	2.9	4.4	40.7	0.0	30.3	8.4	US\$/kg	037
2606 Aluminium or	es and concentrates	0.6	20.2	21.3		0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	285
1513 Coconut (copi	ra), palm kernel or babassu oil	12.0	13.3	9.6	1.7	1.6	1.2	US\$/kg	422
1203 Copra		11.1	13.9	6.6		0.7	0.6	US\$/kg	223
	excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 03.04	10.0	7.0	12.6					034
1801 Cocoa beans,	whole or broken, raw or roasted	12.6	4.4	8.6	2.4	1.1	1.7	US\$/kg	072

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	(value ili ilililloti 05%, growtii aliu silales ili percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2018								
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share							
Total	569.1	5.6	13.9	100.0							
0+1	75.4	-0.5	18.0	13.3							
2+4	476.8	10.2	18.5	83.8							
5	0.1	-28.1	104.9	0.0							
6	11.7	53.7	-56.1	2.1							
7	1.4	-40.9	-53.2	0.2							
8	0.5	-24.9	31.8	0.1							
9	3.2	-47.4	-2.0	0.6							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

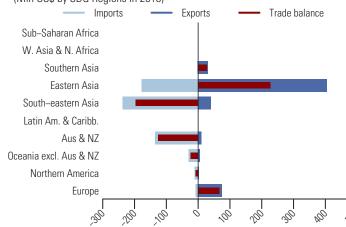
(		J 11 111 1111		
			wth rates	2018
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share
Total	601.4	4.8	5.2	100.0
0+1	129.7	2.9	-4.6	21.6
2+4	8.9	2.3	-6.3	1.5
3	101.3	-3.7	26.8	16.8
5	30.3	2.6	7.1	5.0
6	83.8	6.1	8.7	13.9
7	208.8	13.4	3.8	34.7
8	38.4	2.3	-3.5	6.4
9	0.2	-50.4	4588.7	0.0

## SITC Legend

	SITC	D
Į	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

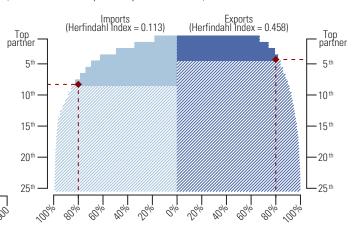
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2018)

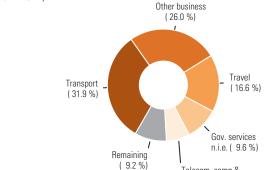


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2018)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



Telecom, comp & info ( 6.8 %)

## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2018, representing respectively 34.7, 21.6 and 16.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2016 to 2018, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Australia, Singapore and China, accounting for respectively 19.4, 15.2 and 14.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 49.8 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 40.5 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 25.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

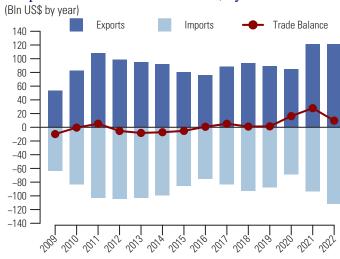
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2016 to 2018

HS		Valu	e (million US	\$\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
All C	Commodities	453.9	571.8	601.4					
2710 Petr	oleum oils, other than crude	66.5	75.6	94.0		0.4	0.0	US\$/kg	334
1006 Rice		39.5	43.8	42.4	0.8	0.9	0.9	US\$/kg	042
	-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	7.9	23.0	32.6	62.9	13.7		thsd US\$/unit	723
8539 Elec	tric filament or discharge lamps, including sealed beam lamp units	0.3	50.7	0.4					778
8703 Mot	or cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	14.6	13.3	16.2	17.7	7.8	8.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
8902 Fish	ing vessels; factory ships and other vessels for processing			37.2			12.4	mIn US\$/unit	793
0207 Mea	at and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 01.05	9.3	10.5	12.7		2.5	3.1	US\$/kg	012
8704 Mot	or vehicles for the transport of goods	9.8	10.6	12.0		22.0	23.7	thsd US\$/unit	782
4907 Unu	sed postage, revenue or similar stamps of current or new issue	7.4	7.8	8.0		322.3	303.4	US\$/kg	892
8517 Elec	trical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	7.0	11.0	5.0					764

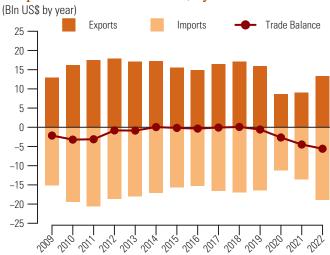
## Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of South Africa increased slightly by 0.2 percent to reach 121.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 19.7 percent to reach 111.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 9.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Sub-Saharan Africa at 19.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in South Africa were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 25 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of South Africa increased substantially by 46.6 percent, reaching 13.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 39.4 percent and reached 18.9 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 5.6 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 27.8, 17.1 and 16.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form" (HS code 7110) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, the United States and Germany, accounting for respectively 10.7, 9.4 and 7.5 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 2.8 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 2.1 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 1.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

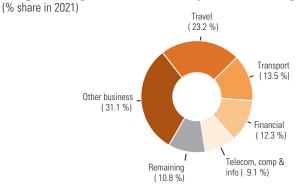


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	85 226.8	121 321.3	121616.3					
7110 Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form	. 10741.1	23123.9	16690.4					681
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	. 3925.9	6023.1	13383.0	0.1			US\$/kg	321
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	. 6118.1	9860.3	6500.1					281
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	. 6717.4	7307.6	5264.9					971
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	. 4610.6	5334.1	5765.4	23.4	26.6	25.2	thsd US\$/unit	781
7202 Ferro-alloys	. 2710.0	4135.0	4252.0			1.2	US\$/kg	671
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods		3994.1	3974.4	24.4	26.8	26.5	thsd US\$/unit	782
2602 Manganese ores and concentrates	. 2478.2	2776.7	2885.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	287
8421 Centrifuges, including centrifugal dryers	. 1778.8	2595.7	2274.7					743
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 1829.2	1839.3	2814.4	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in million 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2022				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	121616.3	6.7	0.2	100.0			
0+1	11804.9	4.6	5.6	9.7			
2+4	20784.6	8.5	-4.0	17.1			
3	17 357.5	14.7	65.3	14.3			
5	9018.2	6.8	3.5	7.4			
6	33828.2	9.3	-14.2	27.8			
7	20 283.5	1.6	3.4	16.7			
8	3065.4	-0.4	9.6	2.5			
9	5474.0	-2.0	-26.1	4.5			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

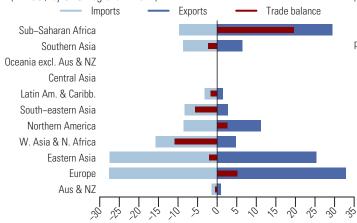
(		9		
			wth rates	2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	111880.3	4.8	19.7	100.0
0+1	5841.1	0.2	2.5	5.2
2+4	3520.2	5.3	16.0	3.1
3	25496.0	10.4	64.7	22.8
5	14582.7	6.0	8.6	13.0
6	11 915.9	3.9	6.4	10.7
7	32394.2	3.5	19.1	29.0
8	10247.4	3.1	8.6	9.2
9	7882.8	0.5	-1.1	7.0

## SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

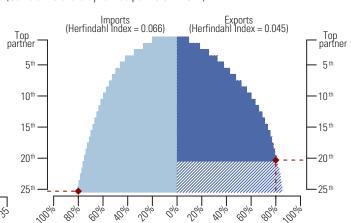
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

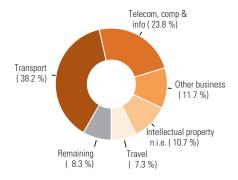


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 29.0, 22.8 and 13.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Germany and the United States, accounting for respectively 20.4, 8.0 and 7.0 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 5.2 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 3.2 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

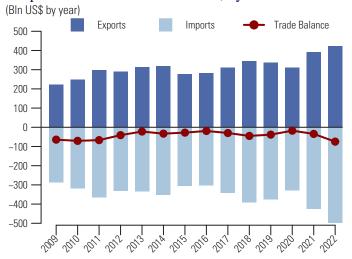
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmoniz	ed System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		68943.2	93 439.6	111880.3					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		3566.4	8383.5	18729.5	0.4	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	334
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind		5123.5	7 486.6	7 406.1					931
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous r	minerals; crude	5088.4	5418.8	4397.9	0.3	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally de	signed for the transport	2108.8	3111.2	4499.9	12.7	12.8	13.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line teleg	raphy	2466.8	3078.8	3641.7					764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 3	30.05 or 30.06)	1819.8	2009.0	1791.9	40.2	49.6	35.6	US\$/kg	542
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units the	reof	1462.1	2044.7	2064.3	142.8	130.5	211.5	US\$/unit	752
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of hea	dings 87.01 to 87.05	1198.9	1679.6	1768.9	7.2	7.7	4.9	US\$/kg	784
4907 Unused postage, revenue or similar stamps of curr	ent or new issue	1028.1	1645.1	1882.5	3.7	3.2	16.0	thsd US\$/kg	892
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods		510.3	686.2	1020.2	32.8	22.5	24.1	thsd US\$/unit	782

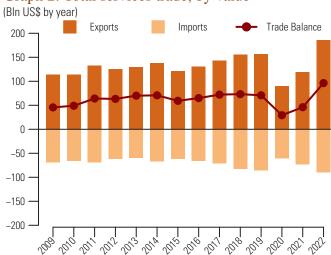
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Spain increased moderately by 8.4 percent to reach 424.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 17.1 percent to reach 499.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 74.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -47.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Spain were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 26 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Spain increased substantially by 56.5 percent, reaching 186.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 23.1 percent and reached 90.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 96.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 25.3, 17.0 and 14.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, Germany and Italy, accounting for respectively 15.2, 9.9 and 7.8 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 34.5 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 31.8 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 17.9 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

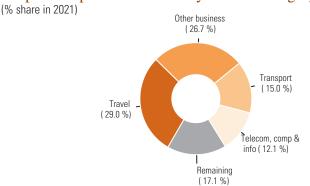


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1001	- 1. 1ep 10 enpero commicunos 2020 te 2022								
HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		Į	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	312 080.5	391 558.5	424 286.1					
8703 N	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	31510.8	33 943.7	32 901.5					781
9999 (	Commodities not specified according to kind	19616.9	23 983.0	25967.3					931
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	9648.1	15675.6	23944.0	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	10218.0	10813.6	10919.1	43.4	54.1		US\$/kg	542
8708 F	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	9101.6	10115.4	10184.9		6.8	6.6	US\$/kg	784
3002 H	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	2294.3	8088.4	15653.7	85.5	235.42	212.1	US\$/kg	541
0203 N	Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen	6460.7	6506.8	5922.7	3.0	2.9	3.0	US\$/kg	012
8704 N	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	4487.6	5735.7	4897.6		20.5		thsd US\$/unit	782
6907 l	Jnglazed ceramic flags and paving, hearth or wall tiles	3362.6	4335.0	4725.4	7.1	8.0	10.3	US\$/m <sup>2</sup>	662
	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried	4191.0	4231.8	3686.1		1.1	1.1	US\$/kg	057

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05¢, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share			
Total	424286.1	5.2	8.4	100.0			
0+1	59 281.8	4.7	-2.7	14.0			
2+4	18028.7	5.5	7.8	4.2			
3	36 299.6	13.0	57.0	8.6			
5	72 169.5	12.6	20.9	17.0			
6	63214.5	5.1	5.9	14.9			
7	107 342.5	-0.6	0.7	25.3			
8	39 293.9	2.9	1.3	9.3			
9	28 655.6	11.8	10.2	6.8			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

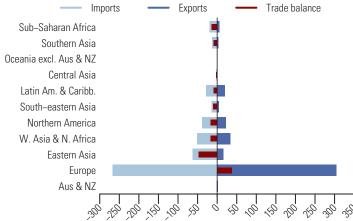
,		9.011	опатоо пт р	o. comage,		
		Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	499055.1	6.3	17.1	100.0		
0+1	44844.6	5.2	13.8	9.0		
2+4	24547.6	6.4	6.2	4.9		
3	95 549.8	14.1	73.5	19.1		
5	74340.4	8.4	5.4	14.9		
6	53 508.5	6.1	13.4	10.7		
7	125797.8	1.8	10.2	25.2		
8	58697.1	3.8	10.1	11.8		
9	21769.3	10.1	-6.1	4.4		

## SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

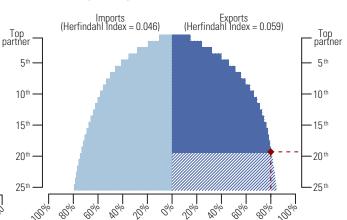
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

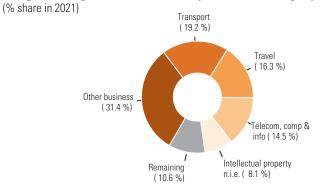


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 25.2, 19.1 and 14.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, China and France, accounting for respectively 10.3, 10.1 and 9.2 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 22.9 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 14.0 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 11.9 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

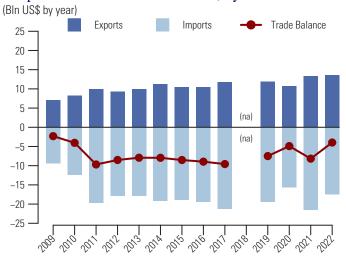
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020 2021 2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	329738.8	426 059.8	499 055.1			
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	18214.9	29581.1	47748.6			333
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	16500.4	21 082.3	19687.7			931
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	14541.5	16124.7	16072.6			784
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	13844.3	15340.5	17 406.4			781
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	5735.1	11357.1	27 575.9			343
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	11037.1	11900.0	13688.1	<i>91.8</i> 109.8	US\$/kg	542
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	4763.3	8949.8	11788.4			334
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	4555.8	11395.0	8320.1	201.9 490.1	US\$/kg	541
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	6340.3	7139.6	7402.4			764
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	4373.3	4624.1	5080.6	<i>142.4</i> 168.0	US\$/unit	752

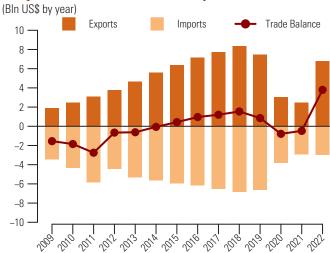
## Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Sri Lanka increased slightly by 2.0 percent to reach 13.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 18.3 percent to reach 17.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 4.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -3.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Sri Lanka were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 21 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Sri Lanka increased substantially by 174.6 percent, reaching 6.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.7 percent and reached 3.0 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 3.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 48.7, 22.2 and 14.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Tea, whether or not flavoured" (HS code 0902) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, the United Kingdom and India, accounting for respectively 25.0, 7.9 and 6.5 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 608.2 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 506.9 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

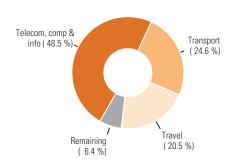


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	io /million LIC	199			Unit val	110	SITC
1 115		ue (million US						
code   4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	10706.9	13331.2	13592.1					
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured	1329.5	1391.6	1305.6	4.7	4.9	5.3	US\$/kg	074
6108 Women's or girls'slips, petticoats, briefs, panties, knitted or crocheted	496.3	675.7	707.2	1.6	1.8	1.6	US\$/unit	844
6212 Brassieres, girdles, corsets, braces, suspenders, garters	501.4	690.2	655.0	58.4	61.1	56.7	US\$/kg	845
6109 T-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	404.3	541.6	649.3	4.0	4.7	3.9	US\$/unit	845
6104 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	430.1	557.2	503.2	5.0	4.1	5.7	US\$/unit	844
6204 Women's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	434.3	491.5	534.4	7.7	8.2	8.1	US\$/unit	842
4012 Retreaded or used pneumatic tyres of rubber	297.3	438.9	445.1					625
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	295.5	393.1	456.0	8.9	10.7	10.5	US\$/unit	841
6116 Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted	321.4	404.8	392.6	25.9	29.6	28.8	US\$/kg	846
4015 Articles of apparel and clothing accessories	267.8	391.6	306.9	7.2	9.4	7.7	US\$/kg	848

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in minion σοφ, growth and onares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	13592.1		2.0	100.0						
0+1	3014.1		-6.8	22.2						
2+4	549.4		-8.5	4.0						
3	302.3		19.3	2.2						
5	293.3		-6.7	2.2						
6	1979.8		4.6	14.6						
7	837.4		6.5	6.2						
8	6615.0		5.9	48.7						
9	0.8		-51.9	0.0						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

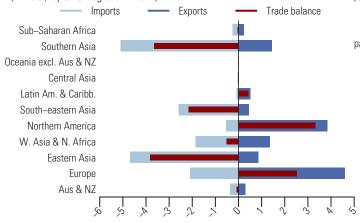
•				υ,		
		Avg. Growth rates				
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	17 559.5		-18.3	100.0		
0+1	2324.4		-8.2	13.2		
2+4	572.1		-40.0	3.3		
3	3986.3		17.2	22.7		
5	2434.6		-19.4	13.9		
6	5166.2		-19.5	29.4		
7	2289.0		-45.1	13.0		
8	784.9		-22.0	4.5		
9	2.0		14.7	0.0		

## SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

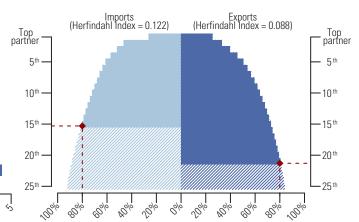
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



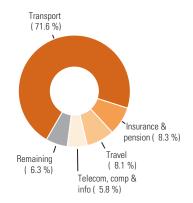
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 29.4, 22.7 and 13.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were India, China and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 22.6, 22.3 and 6.0 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.1 bln US\$, followed by "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 243.6 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 238.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

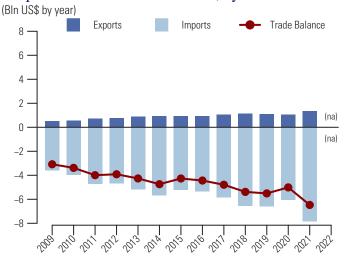
HS	Valu	ie (million US	S\$)		l	Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 15607.1	21501.9	17559.5					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	. 1165.7	2131.8	2990.7	0.4	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	334
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics	391.7	576.1	580.7	7.6	9.1	9.1	US\$/kg	655
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	. 404.9	489.5	389.2	0.2			US\$/kg	333
6004 Knitted or crocheted fabrics of a width exceeding 30 cm	. 323.5	475.1	422.0	9.8	11.3	13.4	US\$/kg	655
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	. 407.6	645.8	162.2					764
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	. 419.1	420.8	363.4	18.8	27.5	30.5	US\$/kg	542
1001 Wheat and meslin	. 366.0	433.2	231.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	041
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	. 276.8	371.9	251.5	0.5	0.8		US\$/kg	343
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar		319.2	205.7	3.2	3.8	4.1	US\$/kg	022
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	. 216.5	296.4	321.4	0.1		0.2	US\$/kg	321

Trade System: General

#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of the State of Palestine increased substantially by 28.7 percent to reach 1.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 29.1 percent to reach 7.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 6.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the State of Palestine were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were also highly concentrated. The top 1 partner accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). No trade in services data is available.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: No Data Available

## **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 34.2, 24.2 and 15.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Worked monumental or building stone (except slate) and articles thereof" (HS code 6802) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Israel, Jordan and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 84.0, 5.6 and 2.0 percent of total exports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for exports.

Graph 3: No Data Available

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS		Valı	ue (million US	(2)			Jnit valu	IIE	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020		Unit	code
All C	Commodities	1103.8	1054.6	1357.6					
6802 Wor	ked monumental or building stone (except slate) and articles thereof	179.4	143.9	171.3	0.8	0.8	0.8	US\$/kg	661
3923 Artic	cles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	58.8	62.3	82.7	3.5	3.3	3.9	US\$/kg	893
9403 Othe	er furniture and parts thereof	58.4	52.4	65.1					821
9401 Seat	s (other than those of heading 94.02)	39.9	47.0	56.8		184.7	197.3	US\$/unit	821
7204 Ferro	ous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	36.4	35.1	68.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	282
0804 Date	es, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried	39.4	41.8	53.1	3.4	3.6	2.9	US\$/kg	057
1509 Olive	e oil and its fractions	52.9	40.2	38.4	4.2	4.2	4.7	US\$/kg	421
2517 Pebb	oles, gravel, broken or crushed stone	30.9	38.0	41.4					273
9404 Mat	tress supports; articles of bedding and similar furnishing	25.1	31.0	36.6					821
7604 Alun	ninium bars, rods and profiles	19.5	21.4	30.2	4.6	4.6	4.9	US\$/kg	684

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili illillioli 05%, growtii aliu siiares ili percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
Total	1357.6	6.3	28.7	100.0						
0+1	204.2	-2.0	15.1	15.0						
2+4	202.6	13.0	45.5	14.9						
3	0.9	-2.1	-18.1	0.1						
5	92.0	11.4	26.2	6.8						
6	464.6	4.4	31.1	34.2						
7	64.9	18.4	16.3	4.8						
8	328.4	8.7	29.4	24.2						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in minion σοψ, growth and shares in percentage)											
	Avg. Grov	2021									
2021	2017-2021	share									
7829.1	7.5	29.1	100.0								
2397.0	11.2	21.8	30.6								
185.8	7.1	3.2	2.4								
1 280.6	3.1	25.5	16.4								
941.1	14.6	35.2	12.0								
1 393.9	6.2	35.3	17.8								
1138.3	2.9	42.3	14.5								
492.4	8.7	33.5	6.3								
0.0	-48.6	-48.3	0.0								
	2021 7 829.1 2 397.0 185.8 1 280.6 941.1 1 393.9 1 138.3 492.4	2021 Avg. Grov 2021 2017-2021 7 829.1 7.5 2 397.0 11.2 185.8 7.1 1 280.6 3.1 941.1 14.6 1 393.9 6.2 1 138.3 2.9 4 92.4 8.7	Avg. Growth rates           2021         2017-2021         2020-2021           7829.1         7.5         29.1           2397.0         11.2         21.8           185.8         7.1         3.2           1280.6         3.1         25.5           941.1         14.6         35.2           1393.9         6.2         35.3           1138.3         2.9         42.3           492.4         8.7         33.5								

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

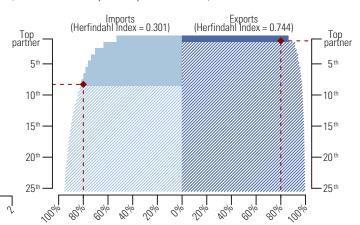
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)



## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: No Data Available

## Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 30.6, 17.8 and 16.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Electrical energy" (HS code 2716) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Israel, Türkiye and China, accounting for respectively 54.3, 10.2 and 6.7 percent of total imports. Services data by detailed EBOPS category is not available for imports.

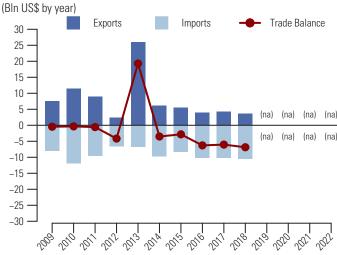
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	1 1	Valu	ie (million US	۵۱.			Jnit va	luo	SITC
по			- 1	* /					H I
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All	Commodities	6613.5	6063.4	7829.1					
	ctrical energy	629.0	619.8	633.0	53.2	47.9	72.8	US\$/MWh	351
2710 Peti	roleum oils, other than crude	519.6	316.2	525.8	1.1	0.9	1.1	US\$/kg	334
2309 Pre	parations of a kind used in animal feeding	289.1	267.5	441.0	1.5	1.6	1.8	US\$/kg	081
2523 Port	tland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	184.2	162.1	191.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
2402 Ciga	ars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes	150.7	184.9	188.0	21.0	19.6	20.7	US\$/kg	122
3004 Me	dicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	149.9	154.5	184.9	127.5	138.6		US\$/kg	542
8517 Elec	ctrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	145.4	149.2	193.9					764
0102 Live	e bovine animals	127.1	162.7	195.7	0.9	0.9	1.0	thsd US\$/unit	001
8703 Mo	tor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	152.3	102.7	181.3	17.5	17.4	20.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
7228 Oth	er bars and rods of other alloy steel	134.7	105.2	133.2	1.1	1.0	1.3	US\$/kg	676

#### Overview:

In 2018, the value of merchandise exports of the Sudan decreased substantially by 14.7 percent to reach 3.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased slightly by 2.0 percent to reach 10.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 6.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -2.6 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the Sudan were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the Sudan decreased substantially by 22.6 percent, reaching 1.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 8.1 percent and reached 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 48.4 mln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2018, representing respectively 29.0, 28.8 and 25.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2016 to 2018, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United Arab Emirates, China and Saudi Arabia, accounting for respectively 33.5, 16.6 and 14.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 388.8 mln US\$ and "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 88.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

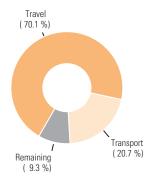


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2016 to 2018

Idol	o 1. Top to empore commodities 2010 to 2010								
HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)			Unit va	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	3 993.5	4240.6	3619.3					
7108 0	Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	1061.9	1515.2	911.1	37.4	40.5		thsd US\$/kg	971
1207 (	Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken	447.8	411.8	680.6	1.7	0.7		US\$/kg	222
0104 L	ive sheep and goats	381.4	476.8	483.2	,	244.8		US\$/unit	001
2709 F	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	335.7	429.5	430.3	0.3	0.6	1.3	US\$/kg	333
01060	Other live animals	288.5	305.1	217.1		1.2		thsd US\$/unit	001
5201 0	Cotton, not carded or combed	78.2	138.2	155.8	1.3	2.3	1.7	US\$/kg	263
1508 0	Ground-nut oil and its fractions	322.8	38.1	11.2	1.4	1.2		US\$/kg	421
1301 L	ac; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and oleoresins (for example, balsams)	111.7	114.7	115.0		1.4	2.1	US\$/kg	292
2710 F	etroleum oils, other than crude	87.0	116.4	78.3	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	334
0201 N	Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled	132.7	42.2	45.0	4.2	4.0	5.4	US\$/kg	011

<sup>\*</sup>Data up to 2011 refer to former Sudan (including South Sudan) and data beginning 2012 is attributed to Sudan without South Sudan

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05\$, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2018							
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share						
Total	3619.3	-12.6	-14.7	100.0						
0+1	1051.2	5.4	-16.8	29.0						
2+4	1043.4	13.5	28.8	28.8						
3	509.5	-36.4	-7.2	14.1						
5	15.4	-24.0	-15.2	0.4						
6	26.0	-16.1	-29.9	0.7						
7	56.4	65.8		1.6						
8	6.3	-6.3	-86.8	0.2						
9	911.2	-11.7	-39.9	25.2						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

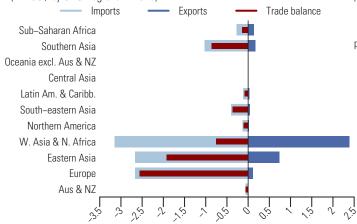
		5		
		Avg. Grov		2018
SITC	2018	2014-2018	2017-2018	share
Total	10483.7	1.9	2.0	100.0
0+1	3000.3	7.5	62.6	28.6
2+4	216.0	-7.3	-49.7	2.1
3	1348.2	-3.5	56.1	12.9
5	1171.8	-1.6	-9.2	11.2
6	1224.4	-0.5	-27.3	11.7
7	2920.2	5.1	-13.4	27.9
8	597.5	-4.1	-24.2	5.7
9	5.3	5.4	23.5	0.1

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Couc	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

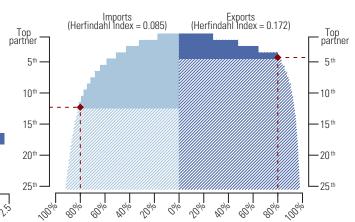
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2018)

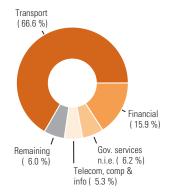


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2018)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2018, representing respectively 28.6, 27.9 and 12.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2016 to 2018, the largest import commodity was "Wheat and meslin" (HS code 1001) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the Russian Federation and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 19.6, 12.5 and 9.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 926.9 mln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 221.1 mln US\$ and "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 85.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

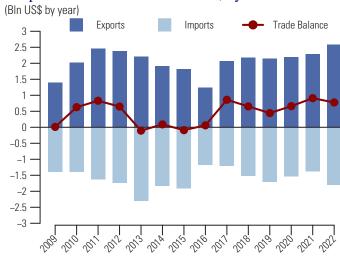
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2016 to 2018

1 1								
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	3\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2016	2017	2018	2016	2017	2018	Unit	code
All Commodities	10275.5	10276.9	10483.7					
1001 Wheat and meslin	1996.9	603.3	1691.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	594.1	789.0	1203.8	0.5	0.6		US\$/kg	334
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	485.5	379.5	622.9	0.8	0.7		US\$/kg	061
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	252.5	468.9	341.1	22.3			thsd US\$/unit	781
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	231.3	314.8	318.5					782
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09)	195.8	250.6	241.2	32.6			thsd US\$/unit	722
3003 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	232.3	254.2	180.1	78.3	139.1	90.1	US\$/kg	542
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	189.2	208.2	168.6	8.1	123.4	7.0	US\$/kg	542
8429 Self-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	85.5	175.2	156.0	58.4	57.3	59.1	thsd US\$/unit	723
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25	105.7	208.0	83.4	8.5	19.2	12.1	US\$/kg	723

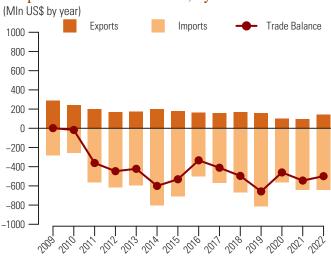
## Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Suriname increased substantially by 12.6 percent to reach 2.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 30.6 percent to reach 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 776.2 mln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 937.1 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Suriname were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 5 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Suriname increased substantially by 49.7 percent, reaching 143.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 0.3 percent and reached 642.6 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 499.0 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 73.0, 7.7 and 7.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Switzerland, the United Arab Emirates and Areas nes, accounting for respectively 43.7, 22.6 and 4.5 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 40.3 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 23.3 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 13.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

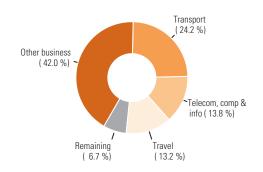


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1									
HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		Į	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System		2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		2193.3	2291.3	2579.4					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)		1558.3	1855.9	1879.5	55.4			thsd US\$/kg	971
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind		287.8	1.6	8.3					931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		0.0	72.7	195.6	0.4	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of heading	ıs 84.25	83.8	47.8	119.1	10.8	13.8	34.1	US\$/kg	723
4403 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood	l	80.4	63.2	76.8	233.3	301.3	410.8	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	247
2402 Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes		46.9	54.8	38.8	5.7	6.1	6.7	US\$/kg	122
1006 Rice		27.4	32.4	25.0	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	042
2208 Alcohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol		14.1	14.4	19.5	10.6	9.0	8.7	US\$/litre	112
8609 Containers (including containers for the transport of fluids)		7.2	16.8	14.4		9.7	20.1	thsd US\$/unit	786
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced)		8.7	9.7	13.1	2.3	2.6	3.1	US\$/kg	034

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Taras III Personal God, growth and shares III personal go,									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	2579.4	4.3	12.6	100.0					
0+1	137.9	-2.5	-9.7	5.3					
2+4	100.2	-17.5	13.4	3.9					
3	197.9	421.9	168.6	7.7					
5	12.9	113.9	41.7	0.5					
6	24.0	116.4	167.0	0.9					
7	187.6	83.9	101.3	7.3					
8	34.8	39.5	346.9	1.4					
9	1884.0	1.4	1.4	73.0					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

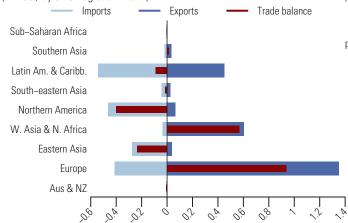
(value in million σοφ, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2022							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	1803.2	4.2	30.6	100.0						
0+1	243.9	5.2	24.4	13.5						
2+4	41.4	21.6	20.3	2.3						
3	161.5	13.0	20.7	9.0						
5	231.8	9.9	35.0	12.9						
6	313.3	14.7	43.2	17.4						
7	685.7	3.5	29.4	38.0						
8	121.8	3.8	32.3	6.8						
9	3.7	-61.5	-14.3	0.2						

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

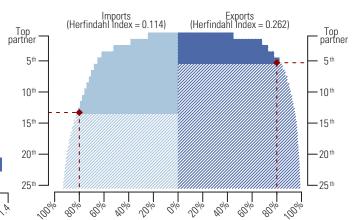
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

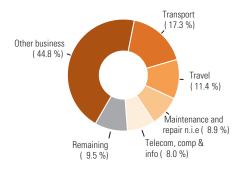


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 38.0, 17.4 and 13.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25" (HS code 8431) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, Trinidad and Tobago and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 24.5, 15.5 and 14.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 286.9 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 110.9 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 73.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

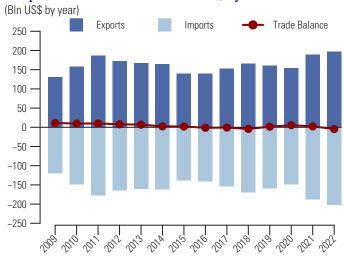
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	ie (million US				Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
Al	I Commodities	1533.1	1381.2	1803.2					
	arts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25	179.0	118.3	143.7	14.0	12.4	15.0	US\$/kg	723
2710 Pe	etroleum oils, other than crude	173.7	108.7	137.5		0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
8704 M	otor vehicles for the transport of goods	39.7	50.1	46.9	21.9	20.6	17.8	thsd US\$/unit	782
8413 Pu	imps for liquids, whether or not fitted with a measuring device	67.5	24.4	25.2					742
8703 M	otor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	39.0	37.2	40.8	20.8	5.2	5.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
8429 Se	elf-propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers	33.8	32.5	37.1	58.5	24.6	36.8	thsd US\$/unit	723
7326 Ot	ther articles of iron or steel	31.0	21.1	36.2	1.4	1.8	2.4	US\$/kg	699
2711 Pe	etroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	24.7	24.7	23.2	0.8	1.0	1.1	US\$/kg	343
8474 M	achinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding	22.0	22.8	25.3					728
2202 W	aters with added sugar	9.1	21.8	35.4	0.7	0.6	0.6	US\$/litre	111

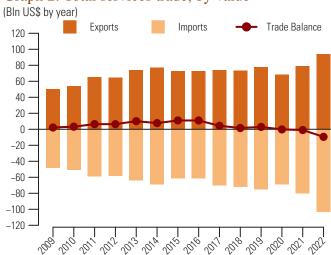
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Sweden increased slightly by 4.2 percent to reach 197.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 7.9 percent to reach 202.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 4.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -20.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Sweden were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Sweden increased substantially by 18.9 percent, reaching 93.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 29.3 percent and reached 103.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 9.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 33.5, 16.3 and 13.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Norway, Germany and the United States, accounting for respectively 10.7, 10.2 and 8.4 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 21.4 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 17.3 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 9.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021) Telecom, comp & info (21.9 %) Transport (12.1%) Intellectual property n.i.e. (10.8 %) Other business (27.1%) Personal, cultural & rec ( 8.7 %) Travel Remaining 7.7 %) (6.3%) Financial (5.5%)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1401	o 1. Top 10 emport commodities 2020 to 2022								
HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		Į	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	154935.6	189635.1	197597.5					
8703 [	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	11338.7	12560.0	12037.7	32.6			thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	5493.3	9263.5	12964.4	0.4	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	9101.2	8017.0	7766.4	155.3	146.1	150.2	US\$/kg	542
9999 (	Commodities not specified according to kind	5247.1	7036.2	8142.8					931
8517 E	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	4954.4	5416.3	5052.0					764
8708 F	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	4121.7	5040.6	4747.7	8.6	9.2	8.6	US\$/kg	784
4407 \	Nood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	3369.5	5346.7	4829.6	240.54	424.4	350.3	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
2601 l	ron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	3079.9	4722.1	3703.8	0.1	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	281
0302 F	Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets	3266.1	3605.9	4004.3	5.2	5.7	7.0	US\$/kg	034
	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	2191.2	2741.3	5054.2	992.3			US\$/kg	541

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Variation in minimum 300), growth and shares in personnage)								
		2022						
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
197597.5	4.5	4.2	100.0					
12 043.5	4.7	6.0	6.1					
15318.8	8.1	-8.1	7.8					
20109.1	13.0	52.5	10.2					
26913.4	8.9	9.7	13.6					
32302.7	3.7	3.9	16.3					
66 138.7	0.7	-3.7	33.5					
15702.8	4.7	-3.1	7.9					
9068.5	3.6	14.6	4.6					
	2022 197 597.5 12 043.5 15 318.8 20 109.1 26 913.4 32 302.7 66 138.7 15 702.8	Avg. Grov   2018-2022   197 597.5   4.5   12 043.5   4.7   15 318.8   8.1   20 109.1   13.0   26 913.4   8.9   32 302.7   3.7   66 138.7   0.7   15 702.8   4.7	Avg. Growth rates           2022         2018-2022         2021-2022           197 597.5         4.5         4.2           12 043.5         4.7         6.0           15 318.8         8.1         -8.1           20 109.1         13.0         52.5           26 913.4         8.9         9.7           32 302.7         3.7         3.9           66 138.7         0.7         -3.7           15 702.8         4.7         -3.1					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

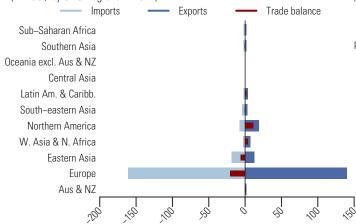
(Value in Tillion Coo, growth and charce in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	202093.8	4.4	7.9	100.0					
0+1	18420.1	2.6	6.6	9.1					
2+4	6997.7	6.6	13.0	3.5					
3	28311.1	8.8	55.7	14.0					
5	22831.4	7.2	10.3	11.3					
6	26755.0	5.3	6.4	13.2					
7	67 204.8	2.0	-2.4	33.3					
8	22313.6	4.8	-0.1	11.0					
9	9260.1	2.7	6.8	4.6					

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
lotal	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

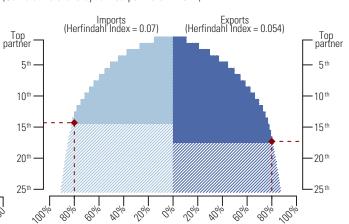
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

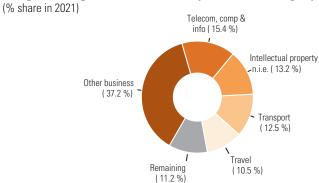


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 33.3, 14.0 and 13.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, Norway and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 16.6, 10.4 and 10.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 29.9 bln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 12.4 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 10.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

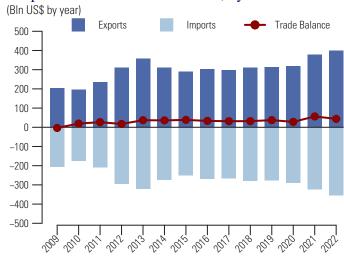
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	• •	Valu	ue (million US	247			Unit va	luo	SITC
1				- +1		0001			<b>⊣</b>
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All	Commodities	149436.3	187319.6	202 093.8					
2709 Pet	roleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	5679.3	9472.1	14883.8	0.3	0.5	0.8	US\$/kg	333
8703 Mc	otor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	8395.7	10102.0	9735.1	24.4			thsd US\$/unit	781
9999 Cor	mmodities not specified according to kind	7131.1	8583.1	9170.0					931
8517 Ele	ctrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	6237.5	7192.1	6965.3					764
2710 Pet	roleum oils, other than crude	4370.4	5 5 9 4 . 6	9058.2	0.5	0.9	1.3	US\$/kg	334
8708 Par	ts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	5123.1	6051.8	5779.9	7.4	7.5	7.2	US\$/kg	784
8471 Au	tomatic data processing machines and units thereof	3914.8	5169.7	4750.0	247.3	312.2	323.3	US\$/unit	752
0302 Fis	h, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets	3263.0	3626.7	4043.3	5.8	6.5	7.9	US\$/kg	034
3004 Me	edicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	3108.9	3181.2	3151.2	70.7	77.0	71.8	US\$/kg	542
3002 Hu	man blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	1808.1	2276.6	2752.6	486.0	621.4	544.6	US\$/kg	541

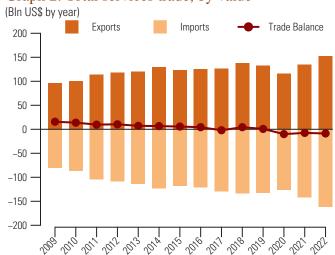
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Switzerland increased moderately by 5.3 percent to reach 400.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 10.2 percent to reach 356.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 43.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at 31.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Switzerland were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 23 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Switzerland increased substantially by 13.5 percent, reaching 152.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 13.6 percent and reached 161.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services deficit of 8.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 35.5, 25.3 and 16.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Germany and China, accounting for respectively 18.3, 14.3 and 8.6 percent of total exports. "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 29.9 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 24.1 bln US\$ and "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 24.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Other business (17.9 %)

Intellectual property
n.i.e. (22.2 %)

Remaining (6.8 %)

Travel (7.7 %)
Insurance & pension (5.9 %)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1401	o 1. Top 10 expert committees 2020 to 2022								
HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		U	Init val	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020 2	2021   2	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	318580.4	379770.9	400 057.2					
7108 (	Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	71656.7	86757.6	100 227.9	55.9	57.8	57.5	thsd US\$/kg	971
3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	47 351.7	49759.7	46 446.6	546.06	605.45	44.8	US\$/kg	542
3002 H	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	39536.3	50357.0	50 061.1	5.9	6.9	6.7	thsd US\$/kg	541
2933 H	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero-atom(s) only	12589.3	15088.7	17 537.3	603.76	556.07	717.5	US\$/kg	515
9102\	Nrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, of base metal	11 448.3	15006.0	15844.2	8.0	1.0	1.0	thsd US\$/unit	885
	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal		11 420.1	12570.3	182.12	207.3 1	174.5	thsd US\$/kg	897
9101 \	Nrist-watches, pocket-watches and other watches, precious metal	5771.6	8243.2	9018.7	17.6	20.3	20.2	thsd US\$/unit	885
9021 (	Orthopaedic appliances, including crutches, surgical belts and trusses	5975.5	6972.1	7 353.1					899
2716 E	Electrical energy	1557.1	3897.0	8817.8	42.21	19.0		US\$/MWh	351
	nstruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	3519.4	3864.9	3812.7					872

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value in initial Coo, growth and onarce in percentage,									
			Avg. Growth rates						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	400 057.2	6.5	5.3	100.0					
0+1	10343.6	2.3	-3.2	2.6					
2+4	2274.5	6.9	-10.1	0.6					
3	9850.5	35.7	130.3	2.5					
5	142 175.8	7.4	-1.5	35.5					
6	23910.7	6.3	14.0	6.0					
7	44146.9	0.5	0.4	11.0					
8	66 165.5	1.9	1.4	16.5					
9	101 189.7	11.2	15.4	25.3					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

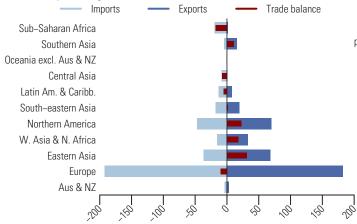
(value in million 66¢, growth and charce in percentage)									
			Avg. Growth rates						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	356 235.3	6.3	10.2	100.0					
0+1	14392.3	5.1	2.8	4.0					
2+4	3 433.7	5.6	0.6	1.0					
3	23 085.4	24.3	111.9	6.5					
5	70823.8	7.3	13.2	19.9					
6	34891.7	5.6	6.7	9.8					
7	60 094.1	2.4	3.9	16.9					
8	48378.0	-2.6	0.0	13.6					
9	101 136.5	11.9	8.1	28.4					

## SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
0000	Boodilption
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

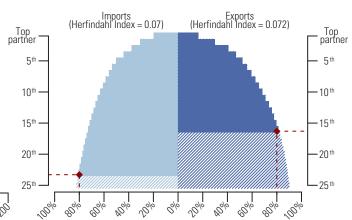
## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

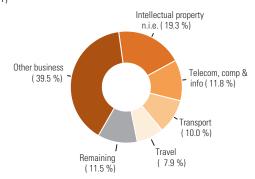


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 28.4, 19.9 and 16.9 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Germany, the United States and Italy, accounting for respectively 19.4, 8.7 and 7.5 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 56.2 bln US\$, followed by "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 27.5 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 16.9 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

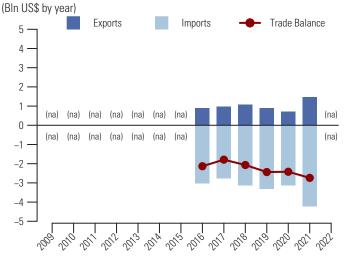
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valı	ue (million U	S\$)		Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020 2021	2022	Unit	code
Δ	All Commodities	290 402.1	323356.1	356235.3				
7108 G	Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	87 931.5	92691.6	98 951.9		41.1	thsd US\$/kg	971
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	25885.3	27 022.8	31722.4	557.6	594.1	US\$/kg	542
3002 H	Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	12395.9	14522.5	16211.9	1.3	1.5	thsd US\$/kg	541
8703 N	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	10114.6	10395.8	11091.6				781
7113 A	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	7896.5	8385.8	8961.2	67.9		thsd US\$/kg	897
2716 E	lectrical energy	1249.5	4179.1	8743.1	39.0118.2		US\$/MWh	351
	Petroleum oils, other than crude	2624.9	3785.3	6107.9	0.7	1.1	US\$/kg	334
8471 A	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	3452.8	3771.6	4089.3	376.4347.6	427.8	US\$/unit	752
8517 E	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	3279.7	3377.6	3439.3				764
7110 P	Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form	3118.0	3408.6	2492.4		34.2	thsd US\$/kg	681

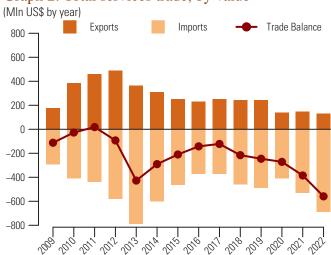
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Tajikistan increased substantially by 105.7 percent to reach 1.5 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 34.3 percent to reach 4.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 2.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -1.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Tajikistan were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were also moderately concentrated. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Tajikistan decreased substantially by 11.9 percent, reaching 129.3 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 29.5 percent and reached 688.2 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 558.9 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 38.0, 25.0 and 23.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Cotton, not carded or combed" (HS code 5201) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Kazakhstan, Türkiye and Uzbekistan, accounting for respectively 23.7, 21.7 and 12.3 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 112.5 mln US\$, followed by "Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others" (EBOPS code SA) at 12.0 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 11.1 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)

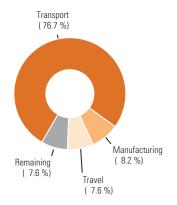


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

<u> </u>								
HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	892.0	717.9	1476.8					
5201 Cotton, not carded or combed		136.0	202.6	1.5	1.4	2.0	US\$/kg	263
7601 Unwrought aluminium	175.2	136.5	135.2	1.8	1.6	2.4	US\$/kg	684
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)			351.2			59.6	thsd US\$/kg	971
2607 Lead ores and concentrates	117.5	78.0	136.4	1.2	1.3	1.6	US\$/kg	287
2608 Zinc ores and concentrates	128.5	57.8	140.8	0.7	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	287
2716 Electrical energy	34.9	55.5	95.1	20.0	30.2	24.4	US\$/MWh	351
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	68.1	59.9	46.1					661
8110 Antimony and articles thereof, including waste and scrap	23.0	32.4	88.8	5.2	4.7		US\$/kg	689
5205 Cotton yarn (other than sewing thread), containing 85 % or more	40.6	36.1	51.9	2.2	2.1	2.7	US\$/kg	651
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	17.8	7.7	50.4	1.8	1.9	2.3	US\$/kg	283

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in inililion 03\$, growth and shares in percentage)										
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
Total	1476.8	10.7	105.7	100.0						
0+1	44.3	18.6	56.3	3.0						
2+4	560.7	1.8	80.5	38.0						
3	96.1	16.8	72.6	6.5						
5	12.8	41.2	98.2	0.9						
6	369.4	3.8	29.2	25.0						
7	18.6	-17.8	81.0	1.3						
8	23.8	-2.8	16.1	1.6						
9	351.2			23.8						

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in minion 554) greaten and endres in personage,									
			Avg. Growth rates						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	4215.5	11.0	34.3	100.0					
0+1	836.3	10.9	18.6	19.8					
2+4	305.7	1.8	2.4	7.3					
3	726.6	11.2	37.8	17.2					
5	383.7	9.2	22.2	9.1					
6	711.1	7.2	24.8	16.9					
7	1 008.7	19.4	67.9	23.9					
8	243.0	11.3	98.1	5.8					
9	0.4	21.4	79.7	0.0					

## SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

## Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

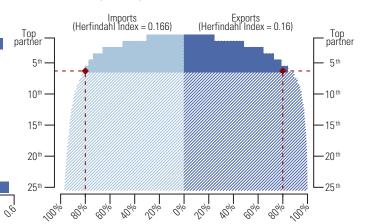
(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

Imports Exports



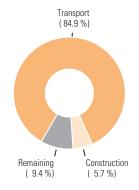
## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 23.9, 19.8 and 17.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan and China, accounting for respectively 30.2, 21.7 and 16.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 451.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

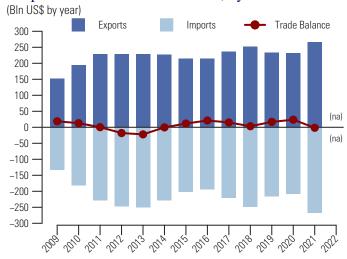
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	(\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	3327.3	3139.0	4215.5					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	333.5	275.6	418.2	1.0	0.8	0.7	US\$/kg	334
1001 Wheat and meslin	222.8	243.2	265.9	0.2	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	041
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	205.7	195.3	249.8	0.4	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	149.1	116.1	147.3	7.0	5.0	5.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
7214 Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel	84.7	127.4	129.1	0.5	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	676
2818 Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined	107.1	89.4	54.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	522
1512 Sunflower-seed, safflower or cotton-seed oil	77.3	79.6	82.3	8.0	0.9	1.2	US\$/kg	421
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	72.6	57.1	86.2	0.4	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	061
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	61.8	67.6	75.0	141.8	155.5	153.4	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	55.7	38.1	56.3	10.4	7.0	8.9	thsd US\$/unit	782

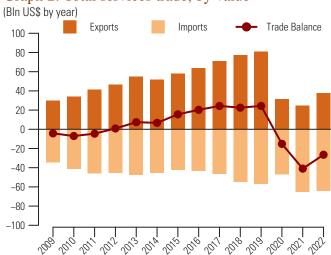
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Thailand increased substantially by 15.3 percent to reach 266.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 29.1 percent to reach 268.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -42.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Thailand were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 18 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Thailand increased substantially by 54.6 percent, reaching 37.9 bln US\$, while its imports of services decreased slightly by 1.7 percent and reached 64.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 26.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 44.3, 13.0 and 12.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Automatic data processing machines and units thereof" (HS code 8471) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and Japan, accounting for respectively 14.4, 12.9 and 9.6 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 13.1 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 4.8 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 4.3 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

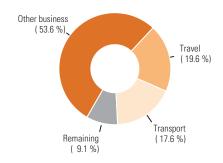


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value			lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	233674.4	231 387.9	266 674.8					
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof		11794.8	14176.3			76.9	US\$/unit	752
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	9404.2	8300.7	10616.2	19.5	17.8	17.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	7 281.8	13345.0	3838.5		54.9	55.3	thsd US\$/kg	971
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	7 389.8	6697.6	8643.5	10.7	9.2	8.7	US\$/kg	784
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	6931.8	7 155.5	8355.5					776
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	6860.4	5017.6	8047.8			18.2	thsd US\$/unit	782
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	6552.7	4687.0	7793.2	0.7	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	334
4011 New pneumatic tyres, of rubber	5 5 5 9 9 . 7	5297.8	6266.8	50.6	39.8	41.7	US\$/unit	625
8415 Air conditioning machines, comprising a motor-driven fan	5134.9	5251.8	6340.8					741
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	3681.5	4854.6	5171.4					764

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIIIIIII Oob, growth and shares III percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	266 674.8	3.0	15.3	100.0					
0+1	34716.6	2.6	6.1	13.0					
2+4	14944.4	2.3	43.4	5.6					
3	9633.0	3.9	55.7	3.6					
5	28416.8	6.6	32.2	10.7					
6	34 451.7	4.3	24.4	12.9					
7	118060.0	2.8	19.6	44.3					
8	22 551.8	2.4	9.1	8.5					
9	3900.4	-9.5	-71.0	1.5					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

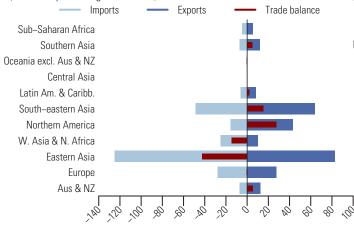
(12.22									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	268 205.3	4.9	29.1	100.0					
0+1	15105.2	5.4	10.1	5.6					
2+4	9761.7	9.8	53.5	3.6					
3	41 170.4	8.1	43.4	15.4					
5	32493.4	7.9	37.5	12.1					
6	48603.4	5.6	41.3	18.1					
7	92 984.1	3.3	21.3	34.7					
8	19735.2	4.4	3.2	7.4					
9	8351.8	-6.8	65.5	3.1					

SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

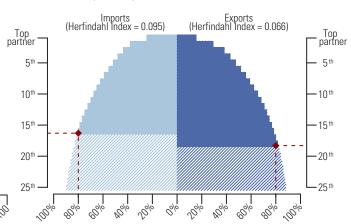
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

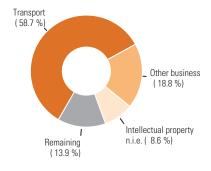


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



## Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 34.7, 18.1 and 15.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Japan and the United States, accounting for respectively 23.4, 13.5 and 6.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 38.4 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 12.3 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 5.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

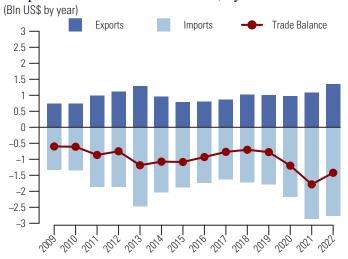
HS	Val	Value (million US\$)				Unit value			
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020		Unit	SITC	
All Commodities	216 804.8	207 695.7	268 205.3						
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude		17635.7	25421.1	0.5	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	333	
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	10202.8	12197.7	15105.0					776	
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	6105.2	6661.7	7664.7					764	
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	6183.2	5044.7	8341.1					971	
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	6134.8	5027.6	6570.6	11.4	9.4	9.4	US\$/kg	784	
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	5083.3	4079.2	5928.6		0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	343	
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	5372.3	3423.0	5438.9	0.7	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	334	
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	3724.1	3203.1	4132.7			139.3	US\$/unit	752	
8523 Prepared unrecorded media for sound recording	2364.1	3145.7	3611.6		3.4	3.1	US\$/unit	898	
7326 Other articles of iron or steel	2816.4	2594.7	3108.5	6.4	5.6	5.5	US\$/kg	699	

#### Overview:

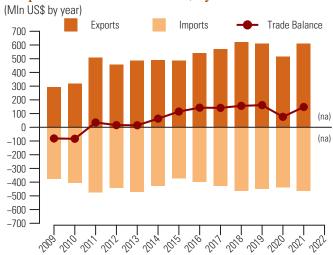
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Togo increased substantially by 24.8 percent to reach 1.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased slightly by 3.3 percent to reach 2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -693.8 mln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Togo were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 22 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of Togo increased substantially by 19.0 percent, reaching 611.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased moderately by 5.9 percent and reached 463.7 mln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 148.1 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



## **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 38.2, 15.1 and 13.7 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Natural calcium phosphates" (HS code 2510) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Burkina Faso, India and Mali, accounting for respectively 13.4, 11.2 and 10.2 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 197.0 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 162.0 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 133.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

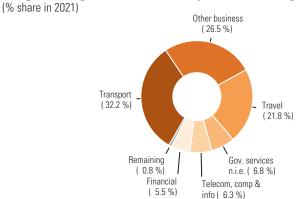


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

I								
HS	Value (million US\$)			Unit value				SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		1079.8	1347.5					
2510 Natural calcium phosphates	85.8	129.1	299.8		0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	272
3923 Articles for the conveyance or packing of goods, of plastics	87.4	82.6	103.1		2.0	1.7	US\$/kg	893
3304 Beauty or make-up preparations	81.0	69.9	75.6	8.6	3.2	2.6	US\$/kg	553
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	81.3	69.2	61.3		0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	52.2	64.8	93.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	US\$/kg	334
8711 Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor	65.9	83.5	56.2	0.2	3.0	2.3	thsd US\$/unit	785
5201 Cotton; not carded or combed	63.3	65.0	45.2		1.8	2.0	US\$/kg	263
1511 Palm oil and its fractions	63.6	56.7	50.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	422
6704 Wigs, false beards, eyebrows and eyelashes, switches and the like	32.5	55.5	52.1	41.8	17.6		US\$/kg	899
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken	26.3	19.9	76.4		0.3	0.6	US\$/kg	222

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00%, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	share						
Total	1347.5	7.1	24.8	100.0					
0+1	184.5	13.2	16.2	13.7					
2+4	514.2	21.2	67.2	38.2					
3	119.6	-8.3	63.9	8.9					
5	113.1	5.8	13.0	8.4					
6	114.0	-9.7	-10.0	8.5					
7	97.2	2.1	-23.0	7.2					
8	204.0	11.0	8.7	15.1					
9	1.0	-52.2		0.1					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

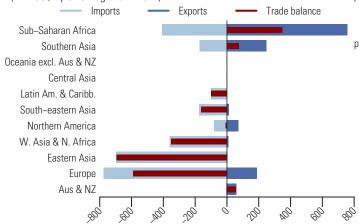
(value in million 664, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	2769.0	12.5	-3.3	100.0					
0+1	343.3	8.7	0.7	12.4					
2+4	130.2	10.6	-6.3	4.7					
3	405.2	2.4	-25.0	14.6					
5	567.9	18.4	30.2	20.5					
6	498.1	12.1	-5.4	18.0					
7	638.0	17.2	-7.5	23.0					
8	181.8	21.5	-2.4	6.6					
9	4.6		13.7	0.2					

#### SITC Legend

	SITC	D
Į	Code	Description
	Total	All commodities
	0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
	2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
	3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
	5	Chemicals
	6	Goods classified chiefly by material
	7	Machinery and transport equipment
	8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
	9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

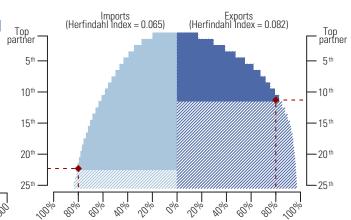
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(MIn US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



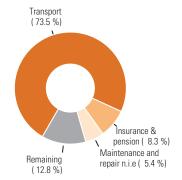
### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category





#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 23.0, 20.5 and 18.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, France and India, accounting for respectively 19.9, 8.8 and 6.6 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 340.8 mln US\$, followed by "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 38.5 mln US\$ and "Maintenance and repair services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SB) at 25.1 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

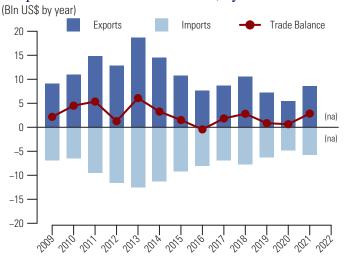
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	V	alue (million	US\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	2172.	0 2863.3	3 2769.0					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		4 341.	1 149.4	0.5		1.0	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	111.	0 103.3	3 103.0	38.0	15.4	13.3	US\$/kg	542
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	84.	6 113.	3 95.6	4.5	20.8	22.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
8711 Motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor	73.	2 134.4	4 81.6	0.2	2.4	2.5	thsd US\$/unit	785
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms	73.	4 92.2	2 109.3		1.2	1.3	US\$/kg	571
2716 Electrical energy	111.	8 61.9	71.8					351
1511 Palm oil and its fractions		3 73.8	3 59.8		0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	422
2713 Petroleum coke and other residues	28.	2 77.3	81.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	335
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	54.	9 57.	7 45.6	13.0	28.2	28.9	thsd US\$/unit	782
1006 Rice	58.	4 42.0	55.5		0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	042

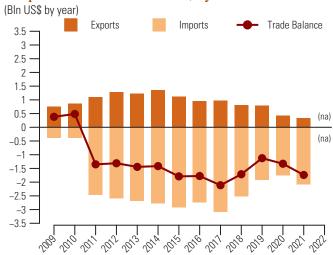
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Trinidad and Tobago increased substantially by 56.2 percent to reach 8.6 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 18.1 percent to reach 5.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 2.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Trinidad and Tobago were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 14 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of Trinidad and Tobago decreased substantially by 21.5 percent, reaching 343.1 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 17.9 percent and reached 2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Chemicals" (SITC section 5), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 48.2, 27.3 and 11.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives" (HS code 2905) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Guyana and Spain, accounting for respectively 39.9, 7.0 and 3.9 percent of total exports. "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 118.6 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 97.2 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 55.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

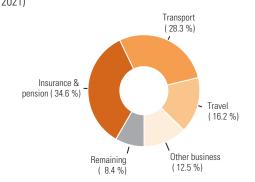


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	ue (million US	\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	7191.9	5519.4	8620.2					
2905 Acyclic alcohols and their derivatives	955.3	784.7	1531.0	0.3	0.2	0.3	US\$/kg	512
2814 Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution	880.4	653.1	1687.8	0.2	0.2	0.5	US\$/kg	522
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	1114.8	730.9	1181.7					333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	1360.1	499.3	552.6	0.2	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	343
7203 Ferrous products obtained by direct reduction of iron ore	599.1	440.5	795.4					671
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	484.3	688.6	613.3	0.7	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	464.8	394.0	748.5	0.2	0.2	0.4	US\$/kg	562
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	22.6	24.9	238.0		8.3	15.9	mIn US\$/unit	793
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25		119.6	39.8	9.2	9.4	37.4	US\$/kg	723
2202 Waters with added sugar	80.8	65.3	83.1		0.8	0.8	US\$/litre	111

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Taras in Ferral and Shares in Personage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	8620.2	-0.3	56.2	100.0					
0+1	424.6	3.8	9.3	4.9					
2+4	68.7	12.2	-48.4	0.8					
3	2349.0	-13.1	22.4	27.3					
5	4151.6	11.3	112.4	48.2					
6	992.1	4.1	59.3	11.5					
7	474.6	-4.1	26.3	5.5					
8	102.4	2.1	33.2	1.2					
9	57.1	83.5	17.1	0.7					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

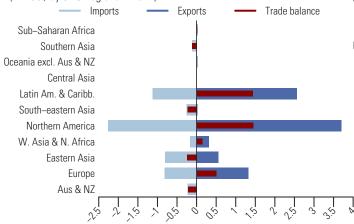
(value in mineri eet, greviar and endree in percentage,										
		Avg. Grov	2021							
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share						
Total	5760.7	-4.4	18.1	100.0						
0+1	946.5	946.5 1.1 10.3		1.1 10.		16.4				
2+4	666.0	11.2	71.3	11.6						
3	38.0	-60.9	-76.3	0.7						
5	730.2	4.2	14.8	12.7						
6	1 054.1	6.5	42.2	18.3						
7	1846.9	-2.0	11.4	32.1						
8	473.8	-0.2	10.5	8.2						
9	5.1	-9.0	44.7	0.1						

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

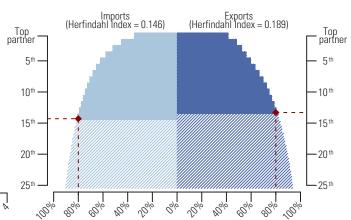
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

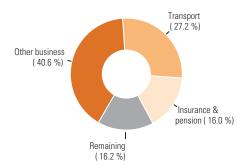


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 32.1, 18.3 and 16.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United States, China and Brazil, accounting for respectively 38.2, 9.8 and 5.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 844.8 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 565.8 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 332.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

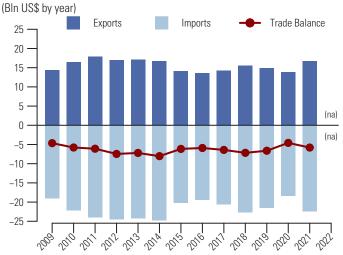
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Val	ue (million US	247		- 1	Jnit va	luo	SITC
								H I
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	6338.6	4876.0	5760.7					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1 036.6	150.8	30.1	0.8	1.0	2.3	US\$/kg	334
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	386.3	281.9	535.4					281
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	290.8	222.5	143.4	4.1	2.9	17.0	thsd US\$/unit	781
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	130.8	136.0	135.4	39.2	43.9	55.9	US\$/kg	542
7308 Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06)	28.2	20.9	332.4	2.4	2.5	18.2	US\$/kg	691
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25	101.8	92.8	174.3	9.4	12.4	21.6	US\$/kg	723
8901 Cruise ships, excursion boats, ferry-boats, cargo ships, barges	11.9	134.0	189.6	2.4	7.9	27.1	mIn US\$/unit	793
8481 Taps, cocks, valves and similar appliances for pipes, boiler shells	88.4	114.9	84.4	25.5	30.7	30.0	US\$/kg	747
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	105.3	65.8	74.5	21.6	5.6	22.9	thsd US\$/unit	782
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included	62.2	60.6	68.6	7.3	7.9	8.4	US\$/kg	098

#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Tunisia increased substantially by 20.4 percent to reach 16.7 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 22.0 percent to reach 22.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 5.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -2.8 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Tunisia were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Tunisia increased substantially by 72.4 percent, reaching 4.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 29.0 percent and reached 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 1.4 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 35.5, 25.4 and 11.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable" (HS code 8544) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were France, Italy and Germany, accounting for respectively 26.4, 17.2 and 12.7 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.0 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 737.5 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 313.2 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

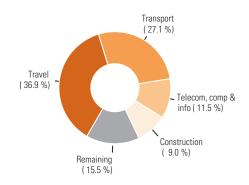


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Vali	ue (million US	(2:3			Unit val	IIE	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020		Unit	code
All Commodities	14944.1	13860.8	16695.2					
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	1979.8	1677.0	2227.8	12.9	12.7	14.8	US\$/kg	773
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	614.8	536.6	765.8	0.5	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	333
1509 Olive oil and its fractions	. 466.5	814.8	600.3	2.9	2.2	3.3	US\$/kg	421
6211 Track suits, ski suits and swimwear; other garments	. 559.4	503.0	595.7					845
6203 Men's or boys'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, trousers	. 517.4	458.7	490.8	16.5	16.1	12.5	US\$/unit	841
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits	. 386.3	390.5	440.0	24.3	24.5	25.8	US\$/kg	772
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	. 383.9	322.7	358.5	21.0	20.8	20.3	US\$/kg	784
8803 Parts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	429.7	316.5	297.2	110.4	120.6	99.9	US\$/kg	792
3926 Other articles of plastics	286.1	271.2	320.5	10.4	11.0	11.1	US\$/kg	893
0804 Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados and mangosteens, fresh or dried	. 266.3	263.1	257.2	2.3	2.4	2.1	US\$/kg	057

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million IIS\$ growth and shares in percenta

(value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)							
		Avg. Grov	2021				
SITC	2021	021 2017-2021 2020-2021					
Total	16695.2	4.1	20.4	100.0			
0+1	1117.8	2.8	11.0	6.7			
2+4	1 023.7	8.0	-8.4	6.1			
3	1094.2	6.6	39.2	6.6			
5	1390.6	7.6	53.9	8.3			
6	1887.7	11.0	32.1	11.3			
7	5930.7	2.1	19.1	35.5			
8	4247.0	2.5	16.7	25.4			
9	3.5	39.2	53.4	0.0			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

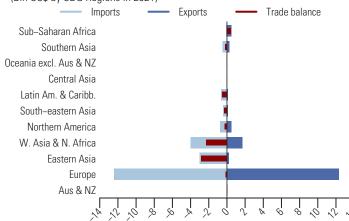
(value in mineri eeq, greviar and endree in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	22 496.2	2.2	22.0	100.0					
0+1	2145.2	5.0	8.8	9.5					
2+4	1 185.5	3.4	36.9	5.3					
3	3138.5	4.0	31.4	14.0					
5	2765.7	3.8	20.1	12.3					
6	4933.8	3.2	26.2	21.9					
7	6501.4	-0.5	19.6	28.9					
8	1807.0	0.6	17.2	8.0					
9	19.2	-4.9	-37.9	0.1					

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Couc	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

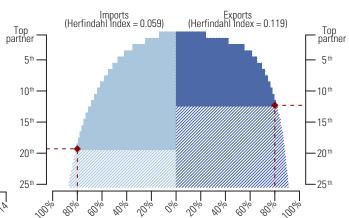
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

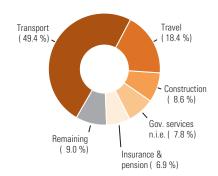


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 28.9, 21.9 and 14.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Italy, France and China, accounting for respectively 14.4, 12.8 and 10.2 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 474.6 mln US\$ and "Construction" (EBOPS code SE) at 221.2 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

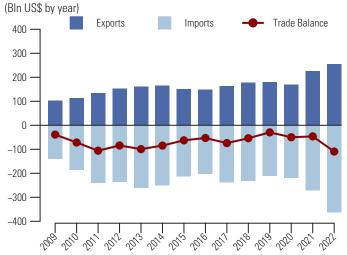
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

110	1 1	/ '11' 116	241			1. 1.		TOITO
HS	Valu	ue (million US	5\$)		l	Unit va	llue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	21573.8	18445.4	22 496.2					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	1 957.5	1014.2	1387.1	0.6	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	1489.6	962.0	843.3		1.4		US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	611.4	552.9	775.7	16.8	17.4	12.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
1001 Wheat and meslin	459.5	585.3	644.6	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
8536 Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits	521.3	469.9	564.7	26.6	28.1	33.2	US\$/kg	772
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	417.8	372.9	501.0	14.3	14.3	15.7	US\$/kg	773
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	. 400.6	357.2	326.4					776
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	315.0	367.4	352.2					764
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	18.4	313.7	684.2		0.4	0.3	US\$/kg	333
7408 Copper wire	304.4	263.4	419.9	6.3	6.5	9.1	US\$/kg	682

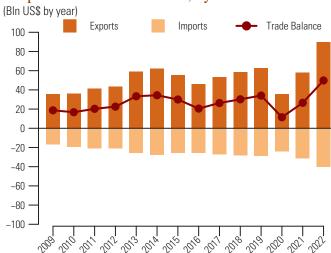
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Türkiye increased substantially by 12.9 percent to reach 254.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 34.0 percent to reach 363.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 109.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -51.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Türkiye were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 38 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 23 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Türkiye increased substantially by 54.7 percent, reaching 90.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 27.2 percent and reached 40.2 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services surplus of 49.8 bln US\$. See footnote.\*

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 26.2, 25.6 and 17.5 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Germany, the United States and the United Kingdom, accounting for respectively 8.7, 6.4 and 5.8 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 24.9 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 20.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

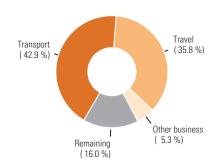


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

Tuon	o 1. Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022								
HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
A	All Commodities	169657.9	225 214.5	254 201.0					
8703 N	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	9636.8	9565.8	9351.0		15.6	14.8	thsd US\$/unit	781
2710 P	etroleum oils, other than crude	3718.1	6516.3	13089.1	0.4	0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
7113 A	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	3573.6	6810.4	8169.9	21.1		24.5	thsd US\$/kg	897
8708 P	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	4408.6	5782.9	6542.1	4.7	4.8	5.1	US\$/kg	784
8704 N	Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	4197.2	5354.5	5544.3		17.4	17.2	thsd US\$/unit	782
7214 C	Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel	2568.8	4754.3	4207.6		0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	676
9999 C	Commodities not specified according to kind	2216.3	2880.4	5065.4					931
6204 V	Vomen's or girls'suits, ensembles, jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts	2523.7	3415.7	3781.1	9.1	8.9	9.5	US\$/unit	842
8544 lı	nsulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	2210.6	3183.8	3648.0	4.8	6.5	6.9	US\$/kg	773
6109 T	-shirts, singlets and other vests, knitted or crocheted	2302.8	2701.8	2758.5	3.4	3.5	3.6	US\$/unit	845

<sup>\*</sup>Special trade system up to 2012

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 05\$, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	254201.0	9.4	12.9	100.0				
0+1	25 493.6	9.5	14.8	10.0				
2+4	10695.9	15.8	25.0	4.2				
3	16070.4	30.6	93.4	6.3				
5	20701.6	17.3	26.7	8.1				
6	66 625.1	9.9	4.6	26.2				
7	65179.2	4.0	7.4	25.6				
8	44378.3	9.6	11.9	17.5				
9	5 0 5 6 . 8	1.2	-11.8	2.0				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

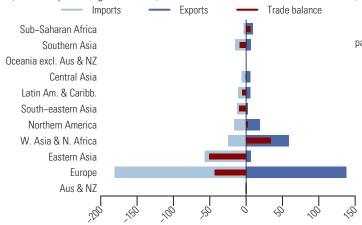
(									
0000		2022 share							
2022	2018-2022	018-2022   2021-2022							
363708.9	12.0	34.0	100.0						
15472.5	8.9	24.8	4.3						
30 077.7	13.5	11.2	8.3						
31719.2	11.3	82.2	8.7						
49 253.0	10.9	10.2	13.5						
58374.8	10.8	22.1	16.0						
78375.0	5.8	10.4	21.5						
15009.6	4.0	24.0	4.1						
85 427.1	25.3	119.3	23.5						
	15 472.5 30 077.7 31 719.2 49 253.0 58 374.8 78 375.0 15 009.6	2022         2018-2022           363708.9         12.0           15472.5         8.9           30077.7         13.5           31719.2         11.3           49253.0         10.9           58374.8         10.8           78375.0         5.8           15009.6         4.0	363708.9     12.0     34.0       15472.5     8.9     24.8       30077.7     13.5     11.2       31719.2     11.3     82.2       49253.0     10.9     10.2       58374.8     10.8     22.1       78375.0     5.8     10.4       15009.6     4.0     24.0						

SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

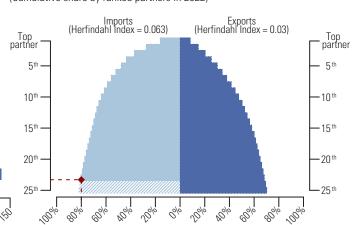
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

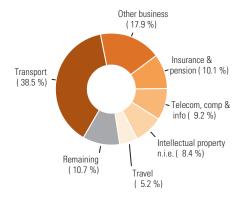


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 23.5, 21.5 and 16.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the Russian Federation, China and Special Categories, accounting for respectively 12.4, 11.3 and 8.5 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 12.2 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 5.7 bln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 3.2 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

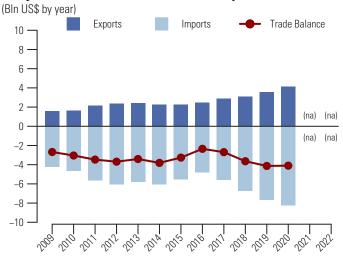
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	. 219514.4	271 425.6	363708.9					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	18773.0	34047.4	65 555.1					931
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	25183.8	5498.6	20439.7	50.1	45.5	53.9	thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	6333.0	9910.9	18665.9		0.6	0.9	US\$/kg	334
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel	. 6240.6	11126.3	9719.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	US\$/kg	282
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	7928.7	6728.7	7 980.2	17.9	18.3	18.9	thsd US\$/unit	781
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	. 5227.6	5812.2	6120.4		9.5	9.2	US\$/kg	784
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	. 2721.3	4076.7	8169.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	US\$/kg	321
7601 Unwrought aluminium	2199.4	4773.0	5230.0		2.6	2.9	US\$/kg	684
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	2039.0	4872.7	4257.1	0.5	0.9	0.9	US\$/kg	673
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	3362.5	3586.6	3647.7					764

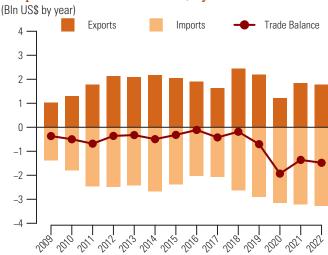
#### Overview:

In 2020, the value of merchandise exports of Uganda increased substantially by 16.4 percent to reach 4.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased moderately by 7.2 percent to reach 8.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 4.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -1.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Uganda were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 8 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Uganda decreased slightly by 3.4 percent, reaching 1.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased slightly by 1.8 percent and reached 3.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 1.5 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2020, representing respectively 43.9, 34.5 and 7.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2018 to 2020, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United Arab Emirates, Kenya and South Sudan, accounting for respectively 33.4, 13.8 and 9.9 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 877.1 mln US\$, followed by "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) at 373.8 mln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 173.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

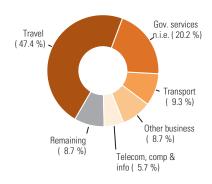


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2018 to 2020

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)			Unit val	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All Commodities	3087.4	3563.8	4149.0					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	515.6	1256.8	1818.0	40.3	43.7		thsd US\$/kg	971
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	436.1	438.5	515.5	1.7	1.6	1.6	US\$/kg	071
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	129.0	132.1	77.1		1.1	1.1	US\$/kg	334
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced)	101.1	100.1	74.1		3.8		US\$/kg	034
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	105.5	79.8	71.6					061
0902 Tea, whether or not flavoured	88.8	78.0	78.7	1.3	1.1	1.1	US\$/kg	074
1801 Cocoa beans; whole or broken, raw or roasted	64.7	77.5	99.1	2.1	2.3	2.4	US\$/kg	072
1005 Maize (corn)	89.5	52.7	66.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	044
0305 Fish, dried, salted or in brine	67.3	71.5	48.4	48.0	38.5	39.9	US\$/kg	035
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	56.4	57.0	69.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value III	ιιιιιιοιι σοφ, ί	growth and	silaites ili pi	siceritage,			
		Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2020	2016-2020	2019-2020	share			
Total	4149.0	13.7	16.4	100.0			
0+1	1 430.5	6.3	4.5	34.5			
2+4	234.5	5.7	-6.2	5.7			
3	98.6	36.1	-44.4	2.4			
5	133.8	5.5	36.5	3.2			
6	291.4	1.1	12.1	7.0			
7	86.7	-15.6	-9.1	2.1			
8	51.5	-1.1	-5.3	1.2			
9	1822.0	35.9	44.5	43.9			

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

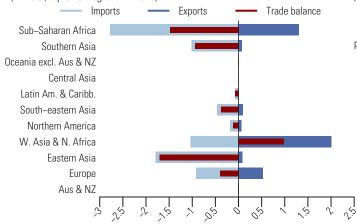
(value in miner eet, greater and enales in personage,									
		Avg. Grov	wth rates	2020					
SITC	2020	2016-2020	2016-2020 2019-2020						
Total	8250.5	14.3	7.2	100.0					
0+1	655.8	12.2	6.1	7.9					
2+4	512.9	7.3	22.9	6.2					
3	975.3	5.4	-21.9	11.8					
5	1 250.3	8.5	10.0	15.2					
6	1029.2	6.2	-0.6	12.5					
7	1568.7	7.5	4.1	19.0					
8	416.4	4.4	0.3	5.0					
9	1841.9	387.0	39.8	22.3					

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

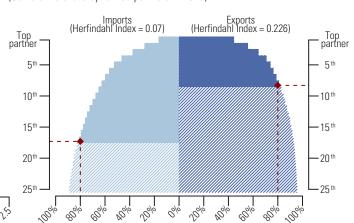
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2020)

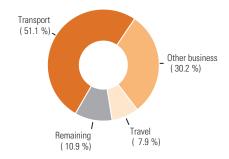


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2020)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2020, representing respectively 22.3, 19.0 and 15.2 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2018 to 2020, the largest import commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, India and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 16.7, 11.6 and 9.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.6 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 968.9 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 252.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

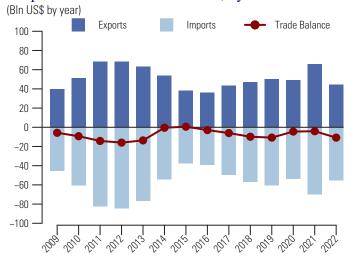
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2018 to 2020

HS		Valu	e (million US	\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized	d System	2018	2019	2020	2018	2019	2020	Unit	code
All Commodities		6729.4	7696.0	8250.5					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)		334.5	1317.3	1841.9	38.2	41.5		thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude		1269.2	1204.8	932.9	0.7	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30	.05 or 30.06)	235.8	236.8	294.5		14.7	17.1	US\$/kg	542
1511 Palm oil and its fractions		232.6	192.9	271.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	422
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally desi	gned for the transport	168.4	182.5	178.8	4.4	5.0	25.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
1001 Wheat and meslin		154.1	171.9	151.7					041
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel		174.2	167.1	135.3	0.7	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	673
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods		135.7	132.1	139.5	10.5	9.6	34.1	thsd US\$/unit	782
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegra	phy	110.8	122.4	126.4					764
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms		103.6	96.4	99.0	1.3	1.1	1.0	US\$/kg	571

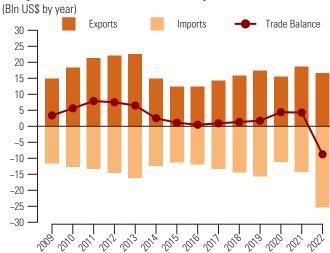
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Ukraine decreased substantially by 32.5 percent to reach 44.4 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports decreased substantially by 21.1 percent to reach 55.2 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 10.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -7.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Ukraine were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Ukraine decreased substantially by 10.9 percent, reaching 16.6 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 76.9 percent and reached 25.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services deficit of 8.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 31.5, 30.9 and 18.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Sunflower-seed, safflower or cotton-seed oil" (HS code 1512) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Poland and Türkiye, accounting for respectively 11.0, 9.4 and 5.9 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 7.1 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 5.0 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 3.1 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

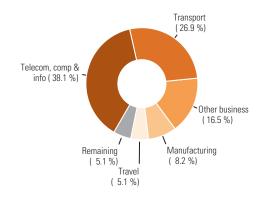


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	3\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	49230.8	65870.3	44 443.2					
1512 Sunflower-seed, safflower or cotton-seed oil	5319.9	6310.6	5492.6	8.0	1.2	1.3	US\$/kg	421
1005 Maize (corn)	4885.1	5854.6	5992.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	044
2601 Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	4239.3	6810.6	2913.6		0.2		US\$/kg	281
1001 Wheat and meslin	3594.2	4722.7	2678.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	041
7207 Semi-finished products of iron or non-alloy steel	2746.4	3888.5	1191.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	672
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	1599.2	3 4 3 6 . 7	1008.9	0.4	0.7	8.0	US\$/kg	673
8544 Insulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	1351.0	1625.4	1328.2	20.1	20.9	20.1	US\$/kg	773
1205 Rape or colza seeds, whether or not broken	1007.1	1359.0	1551.0	0.4	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	222
2306 Oil-cake and other solid residues	1177.8	1275.7	775.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	US\$/kg	081
7201 Pig iron and spiegeleisen in pigs, blocks or other primary forms	922.2	1576.7	638.7	0.3	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	671

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIIIIIII Oou, growth and shares in percentage)								
		Avg. Grov	2022					
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share				
Total	44 443.2	-1.6	-32.5	100.0				
0+1	13716.5	3.0	-22.3	30.9				
2+4	13 982.3	5.2	-23.6	31.5				
3	1 044.5	4.9	40.6	2.4				
5	1 487.0	-3.7	-47.2	3.3				
6	8128.9	-12.1	-53.8	18.3				
7	4121.9	-6.1	-31.0	9.3				
8	1 930.5	-1.4	-22.5	4.3				
9	31.4	-36.4	-89.7	0.1				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

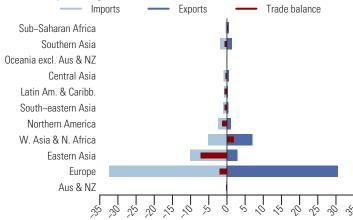
(		J 11 111 1111			
			Avg. Growth rates		
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share	
Total	55 224.1	-0.9	-21.1	100.0	
0+1	5196.7	4.8	-21.2	9.4	
2+4	1 404.2	-8.8	-36.8	2.5	
3	12797.5	-1.1	2.5	23.2	
5	8131.8	-2.7	-32.4	14.7	
6	6154.9	-6.0	-33.2	11.1	
7	14961.2	-2.5	-31.2	27.1	
8	4174.5	5.6	-20.9	7.6	
9	2403.3	44.2	519.8	4.4	

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

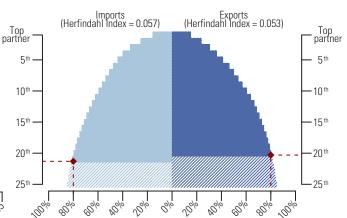
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

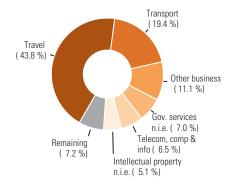


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 27.1, 23.2 and 14.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Germany and Poland, accounting for respectively 15.4, 8.9 and 8.1 percent of total imports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 6.3 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 2.8 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	e (million US	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit	heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities		53674.7	69962.8	55 224.1					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crue	de	3372.4	5444.0	8661.4			1.2	US\$/kg	334
8703 Motor cars and other motor ve	chicles principally designed for the transport	3503.5	4386.6	2947.7	7.1	6.7	7.1	thsd US\$/unit	781
2711 Petroleum gases and other ga	seous hydrocarbons	1454.3	2935.9	2112.1		0.6	1.1	US\$/kg	343
3004 Medicaments (excluding good	s of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1969.1	2129.6	1550.7		85.2	84.5	US\$/kg	542
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and s	milar solid fuels manufactured from coal	1688.2	2404.0	1177.0			0.3	US\$/kg	321
8517 Electrical apparatus for line to	lephony or line telegraphy	1110.0	1331.1	1015.6					764
9999 Commodities not specified ac	cording to kind	252.8	269.3	2372.8					931
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fun	gicides, herbicides	892.0	1022.5	912.1	8.8	8.7	10.4	US\$/kg	591
8471 Automatic data processing ma	achines and units thereof	617.6	842.9	638.0	86.7	98.5	119.6	US\$/unit	752
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of	f heading 87.09)	518.5	770.0	792.6		9.7	12.0	thsd US\$/unit	722

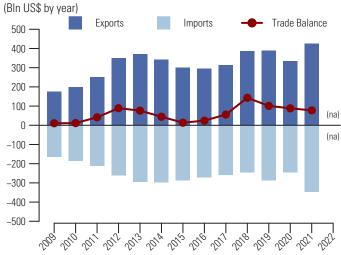
Trade System: Special

#### Overview:

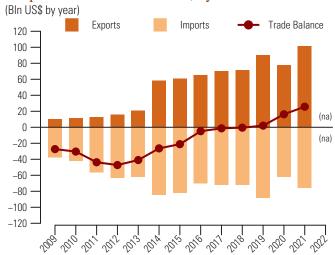
Goods Imports: CIF, by origin

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of the United Arab Emirates increased substantially by 26.8 percent to reach 425.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 40.7 percent to reach 347.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 77.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at 54.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the United Arab Emirates were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 25 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2021, the value of exports of services of the United Arab Emirates increased substantially by 30.4 percent, reaching 101.8 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 23.0 percent and reached 76.1 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 25.7 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 51.1, 15.9 and 10.3 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, Saudi Arabia and India, accounting for respectively 50.2, 6.3 and 4.4 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 34.4 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 24.8 bln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 17.8 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

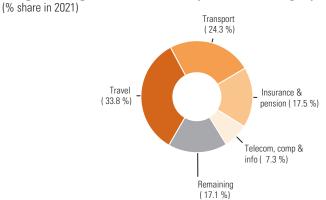


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Vali	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	389 428.0	335 296.9	425 159.8					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	127 284.3	105123.4	99039.2	0.5			US\$/kg	333
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	60756.0	47 548.1	88832.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	334
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	19113.2	29303.5	33786.9		25.6		thsd US\$/kg	971
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	24762.8	20488.8	29157.9	0.4	0.4		US\$/kg	343
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	21 474.2	20570.7	24726.3					764
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	11557.3	8672.8	16583.2	92.2	52.3		US\$/carat	667
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	16443.0	6457.5	9922.8	22.2	21.0	16.7	thsd US\$/kg	897
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	7739.9	6018.2	6784.9	32.1	30.2	31.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	4336.5	5406.7	6240.5					752
7601 Unwrought aluminium	4289.8	3 2 9 3 . 6	6411.2	1.9	1.7	2.1	US\$/kg	684

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( Value III	(value in million 66¢, grevial and charge in percentage,								
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	425 159.8	7.9	26.8	100.0					
0+1	14090.1	21.8	11.3	3.3					
2+4	6375.6	29.2	69.4	1.5					
3	217 285.5	36.2	25.4	51.1					
5	19040.8	18.5	28.8	4.5					
6	43742.4	8.1	58.3	10.3					
7	67 567.3	5.5	17.3	15.9					
8	23 237.4	-1.9	43.9	5.5					
9	33820.7	-27.2	15.2	8.0					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

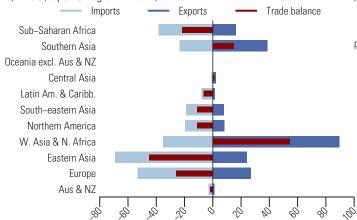
( varao iii	(value in million 664, growth and charge in percentage,								
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	347 529.0	7.8	40.7	100.0					
0+1	17 059.9	0.1	8.3	4.9					
2+4	6295.9	6.4	38.4	1.8					
3	36782.0	40.8	-13.3	10.6					
5	21 443.2	8.3	34.7	6.2					
6	39711.7	1.2	37.3	11.4					
7	92844.4	-3.1	17.2	26.7					
8	31 974.6	2.8	40.0	9.2					
9	101 417.3	26.9	171.6	29.2					

### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
T-4-1	
iotai	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

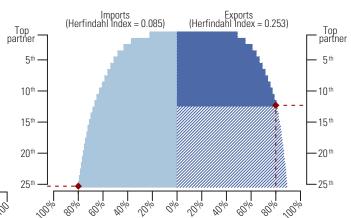
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

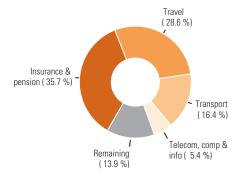


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 29.2, 26.7 and 11.4 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Areas nes, China and India, accounting for respectively 16.8, 14.9 and 7.3 percent of total imports. "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 27.2 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 21.8 bln US\$ and "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 12.5 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

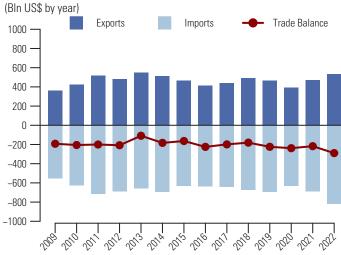
	* *								
HS		Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
1	All Commodities	288 446.7	246 961.1	347 529.0					
7108 (	Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	32 134.0	37 256.6	48 181.9	39.4	50.1	49.2	thsd US\$/kg	971
2710 F	Petroleum oils, other than crude	22 107.6	16174.8	33 297.3	0.6	0.5		US\$/kg	334
8517 l	Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	22 190.2	20385.3	27 417.6					764
9999 (	Commodities not specified according to kind	33.7	35.1	53213.4					931
2709 F	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	27750.6	21 440.7	2237.0					333
8703 l	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	13908.6	10320.1	12689.7	27.6	29.3	32.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
7102 l	Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set	10934.5	8463.6	14714.5	83.9	27.8	126.2	US\$/carat	667
7113	Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	14869.2	6082.2	10103.4	32.2	16.5		thsd US\$/kg	897
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	5754.3	6797.9	8358.5					752
8411	Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	5918.1	4103.4	4279.8					714

Goods Imports: CIF, by origin/consignment for intra eu

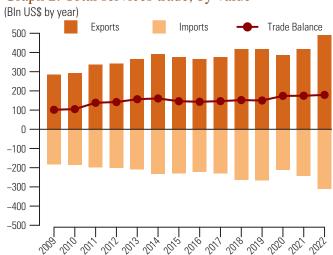
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of the United Kingdom increased substantially by 13.1 percent to reach 532.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 19.4 percent to reach 822.1 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 289.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at -125.3 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the United Kingdom were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 19 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 24 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the United Kingdom increased substantially by 17.4 percent, reaching 490.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 28.0 percent and reached 310.8 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 179.2 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 29.8, 17.6 and 13.8 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, Germany and the Netherlands, accounting for respectively 12.9, 8.9 and 7.6 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 171.4 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 84.3 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 42.2 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

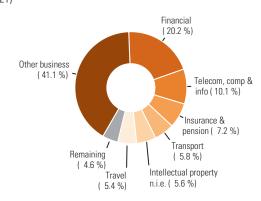


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

	1 1								
HS		Vali	ue (million U	S\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
Α	Il Commodities	395692.1	470547.8	532 326.9					
7108 G	old (including gold plated with platinum)	21 447.6	41 432.4	72701.2	56.4	57.1	57.7	thsd US\$/kg	971
8703 N	lotor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	26 555.1	30186.4	29375.1	29.3			thsd US\$/unit	781
8411 Tu	urbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	20144.6	23 208.5	28681.6					714
9999 C	ommodities not specified according to kind	16860.4	30876.4	22 035.8					931
2709 Pe	etroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	16096.9	19719.3	25105.4		0.5		US\$/kg	333
3004 N	ledicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	18412.6	19053.2	20802.4	81.4	119.3	119.8	US\$/kg	542
2710 Pe	etroleum oils, other than crude	7208.9	10440.2	18687.3					334
7110 PI	atinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form	11612.8	13609.2	9432.3	60.8	75.1	59.2	thsd US\$/kg	681
8803 Pa	arts of goods of heading 88.01 or 88.02	10549.4	10103.9	9904.1	465.6	378.8	350.3	US\$/kg	792
2208 A	Icohol of a strength by volume of less than 80 % vol	6255.2	7672.6	9328.0					112

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

( value iii	(value in million 66¢, grewar and chares in percentage,								
		Avg. Grov	2022						
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share					
Total	532326.9	2.0	13.1	100.0					
0+1	30583.3	0.4	9.4	5.7					
2+4	13 043.0	7.1	-2.9	2.5					
3	61 064.5	7.1	63.2	11.5					
5	73343.2	1.0	4.6	13.8					
6	51 479.2	5.2	6.1	9.7					
7	158 440.3	-2.8	4.7	29.8					
8	50636.5	-4.4	-1.4	9.5					
9	93737.0	15.0	33.1	17.6					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

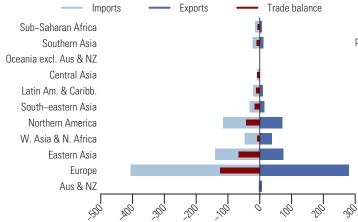
(Value III IIIIII 604, groven and onares in personage)					
			wth rates	2022	
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share	
Total	822 055.2	5.2	19.4	100.0	
0+1	68 589.1	2.7	13.3	8.3	
2+4	22 436.5	8.1	-1.0	2.7	
3	137 297.0	19.5	95.4	16.7	
5	92010.1	4.9	14.1	11.2	
6	81721.5	2.6	-2.0	9.9	
7	247 883.3	1.0	17.7	30.2	
8	102804.1	1.3	9.8	12.5	
9	69313.8	14.3	4.2	8.4	

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

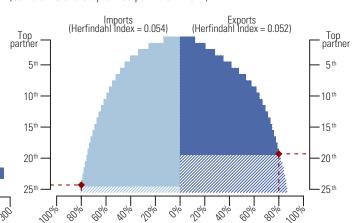
Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

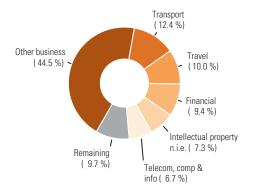


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 30.2, 16.7 and 12.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Germany and the United States, accounting for respectively 12.9, 10.3 and 10.1 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 108.2 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 30.1 bln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 24.3 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

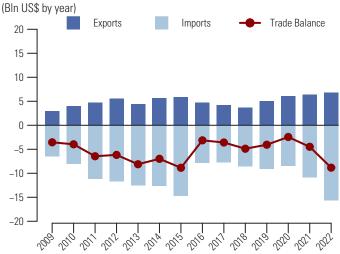
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)		l	Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	634174.9	688 236.5	822 055.2					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	88335.1	53720.9	41833.9	58.6	58.0	56.7	thsd US\$/kg	971
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	34728.6	34084.5	44231.6					781
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	6029.2	26812.6	59700.4		0.7		US\$/kg	343
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	15623.5	23948.5	39459.1		0.5		US\$/kg	333
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	19107.5	17560.3	22028.7					764
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	9818.6	13423.5	29833.2	0.4			US\$/kg	334
8411 Turbo-jets, turbo-propellers and other gas turbines	13892.5	15127.4	21854.2					714
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	10642.5	12146.0	27820.5					931
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	14875.8	15033.3	20017.7	61.4	79.5	93.6	US\$/kg	542
8471 Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	16179.2	16283.6	17346.0	183.0	215.3	258.5	US\$/unit	752

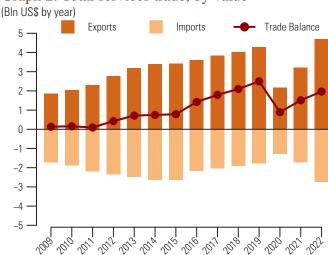
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of the United Republic of Tanzania increased moderately by 6.8 percent to reach 6.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 44.0 percent to reach 15.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 8.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -4.2 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the United Republic of Tanzania were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 16 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the United Republic of Tanzania increased substantially by 45.7 percent, reaching 4.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 59.1 percent and reached 2.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 2.0 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 42.7, 25.2 and 11.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were South Africa, India and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 15.6, 14.1 and 13.3 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.5 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.4 bln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 241.6 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

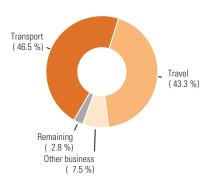


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ıe (million US	\$)		l	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	6076.4	6390.9	6824.8					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	2957.5	2743.1	2835.1					971
0801 Coconuts, Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh or dried	367.8	163.9	234.8	1.1	1.1		US\$/kg	057
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split	195.7	269.0	183.8	0.5	0.6		US\$/kg	054
1006 Rice	143.9	302.0	183.5	0.4	0.5		US\$/kg	042
0901 Coffee, whether or not roasted or decaffeinated	150.4	171.5	182.9	2.2	2.2	3.0	US\$/kg	071
2616 Precious metal ores and concentrates	358.0	100.9	7.6	9.0	8.0	3.1	US\$/kg	289
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse	148.7	127.5	178.5	3.5	3.4	3.7	US\$/kg	121
1207 Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken	152.9	150.3	148.1	0.9	1.1	1.2	US\$/kg	222
7112 Waste and scrap of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal	1.8	191.3	78.0			8.6	thsd US\$/kg	971
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced)	68.1	88.6	79.1	4.1	6.6	6.0	US\$/kg	034

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value ili lililloli 054, growtii aliu silales ili percentage)						
		Avg. Grov	2022			
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	6824.8	16.8	6.8	100.0		
0+1	1721.3	22.1	0.7	25.2		
2+4	791.4	63.7	17.0	11.6		
3	255.8	67.5	289.6	3.7		
5	271.7	-0.1	6.4	4.0		
6	677.3	-1.3	19.6	9.9		
7	100.4	-40.4	9.2	1.5		
8	93.9	-43.7	1.7	1.4		
9	2913.1	200.9	-0.7	42.7		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$. growth and shares in percentage)

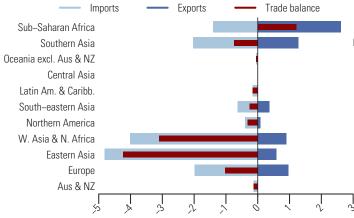
(Value III IIIIII 604, groven and onares in personage)					
		2022			
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
15654.4	16.3	44.0	100.0		
928.0	26.6	44.6	5.9		
412.4	0.4	-12.5	2.6		
3890.4	21.6	71.7	24.9		
3227.4	19.7	51.0	20.6		
2359.3	13.0	24.4	15.1		
4122.3	13.4	41.1	26.3		
700.5	9.2	30.1	4.5		
14.2	181.5	5624.3	0.1		
	2022 15 654.4 928.0 412.4 3 890.4 3 227.4 2 359.3 4 122.3 700.5	Avg. Grov   2022   2018-2022   15 654.4   16.3   928.0   26.6   412.4   0.4   3890.4   21.6   3227.4   19.7   2359.3   13.0   4122.3   13.4   700.5   9.2	Avg. Growth rates           2022         2018-2022         2021-2022           15 654.4         16.3         44.0           928.0         26.6         44.6           412.4         0.4         -12.5           3890.4         21.6         71.7           3227.4         19.7         51.0           2359.3         13.0         24.4           4122.3         13.4         41.1           700.5         9.2         30.1		

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

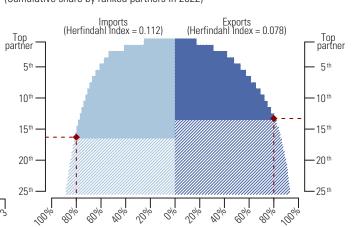
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

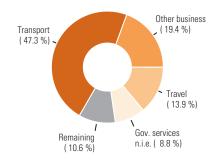


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 26.3, 24.9 and 20.6 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the United Arab Emirates and India, accounting for respectively 25.1, 13.3 and 12.2 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 813.1 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 333.0 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 238.9 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

	* *								
HS		Valu	e (million US	(\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
А	II Commodities	8516.5	10873.3	15654.4					
2710 P	etroleum oils, other than crude	1233.4	2113.8	3650.5	0.4	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	334
3004 N	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	373.3	357.4	365.0	17.9	13.7	16.1	US\$/kg	542
7208 FI	lat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	155.8	335.8	335.2	0.6		1.0	US\$/kg	673
8703 N	Notor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	217.0	241.7	284.1	4.5	0.8	25.5	thsd US\$/unit	781
1001 V	Vheat and meslin	172.2	222.8	333.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	041
8701 Tı	ractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09)	119.3	179.9	392.0	21.3	0.8		thsd US\$/unit	722
8704 N	Notor vehicles for the transport of goods	140.4	182.2	302.2	13.0	1.6	39.6	thsd US\$/unit	782
1511 P	alm oil and its fractions	163.1	213.6	139.1	0.4	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	422
3002 H	luman blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	48.1	85.7	361.8	113.1	169.6		US\$/kg	541
7210 FI	lat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	104.2	169.6	220.8	1.0	1.3	1.5	US\$/kg	674

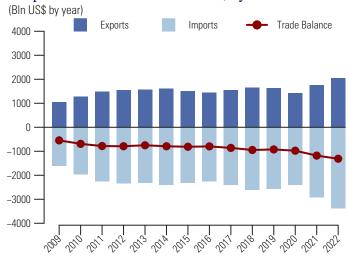
Goods Exports: FOB, by last known destination

Trade System: General

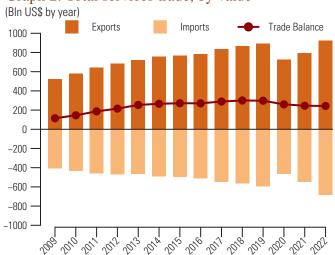
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of the United States increased substantially by 17.6 percent to reach 2062.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 15.0 percent to reach 3372.9 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 1310.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -576.7 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in the United States were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 20 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of the United States increased substantially by 16.5 percent, reaching 926.7 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 24.3 percent and reached 683.7 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a moderate trade in services surplus of 242.9 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 28.3, 18.4 and 14.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Commodities not specified according to kind" (HS code 9999) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Canada, Mexico and China, accounting for respectively 17.5, 15.5 and 8.2 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 217.4 bln US\$, followed by "Financial services" (EBOPS code SG) at 171.7 bln US\$ and "Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e." (EBOPS code SH) at 124.6 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

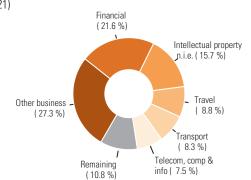


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

1 1								
HS	Valı	ue (billion US:	\$)		Į	Jnit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	1430.3	1753.1	2062.1					
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	114.5	130.7	156.7					931
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	60.7	84.9	135.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	50.3	69.4	117.0	0.3	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	333
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	33.3	67.6	96.3	0.3	0.5		US\$/kg	343
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	45.6	54.7	57.9	22.1	22.6	24.4	thsd US\$/unit	781
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	44.2	52.8	51.8					776
3002 Human blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	26.1	43.9	43.4	345.2	505.3	473.1	US\$/kg	541
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	33.2	35.6	40.7	12.3	14.2	12.8	US\$/kg	784
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	28.1	31.8	34.8					764
9018 Instruments and appliances used in medical, surgical, dental or veterinary	28.0	31.0	33.7					872

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 03\$, growth and shares in percentage)						
		Avg. Grov	2022			
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share		
Total	2062089.8	5.5	17.6	100.0		
0+1	144 270.8	5.5	5.8	7.0		
2+4	113220.0	9.0	12.0	5.5		
3	378 408.0	18.4	57.9	18.4		
5	306 509.1	8.4	13.5	14.9		
6	162320.7	2.7	11.0	7.9		
7	584 525.2	2.0	8.6	28.3		
8	175 970.5	1.1	9.9	8.5		
9	196865.4	-0.2	21.8	9.5		

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

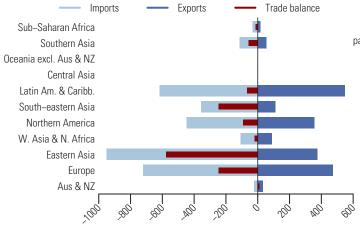
(		J		
		Avg. Grov		2022
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share
Total	3372902.2	6.6	15.0	100.0
0+1	206 585.6	8.9	13.7	6.1
2+4	69702.1	10.8	11.4	2.1
3	322636.2	7.5	44.2	9.6
5	382701.1	9.9	16.3	11.3
6	393 429.0	8.0	14.3	11.7
7	1323924.9	4.7	13.5	39.3
8	544 497.5	7.3	11.1	16.1
9	129426.0	3.8	-4.2	3.8

SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
T-4-1	
iotai	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

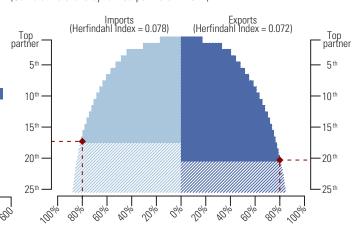
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

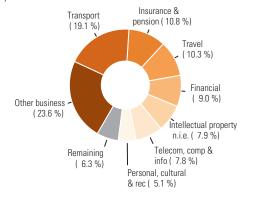


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 39.3, 16.1 and 11.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport" (HS code 8703) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, Mexico and Canada, accounting for respectively 18.1, 13.5 and 12.5 percent of total imports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 129.6 bln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 105.3 bln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 59.4 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

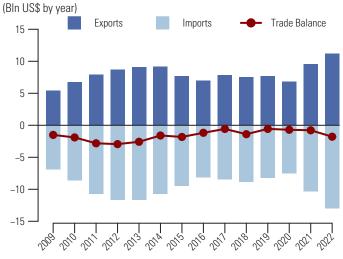
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS		Valu	ue (billion US\$	3)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All C	Commodities	2405.4	2933.0	3372.9					
8703 Moto	or cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	145.7	148.1	168.3	22.4	24.1	26.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
2709 Petro	pleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	81.6	138.4	204.7	0.2	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	333
8471 Auto	matic data processing machines and units thereof	104.9	118.2	123.8	253.1	254.5	302.2	US\$/unit	752
9999 Com	modities not specified according to kind	102.5	120.5	117.2					931
8517 Elect	trical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	95.2	111.5	128.6					764
3004 Med	licaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	81.9	84.5	92.4	177.5	181.1	147.1	US\$/kg	542
8708 Parts	s and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	60.0	74.1	86.2	11.7	11.6	11.8	US\$/kg	784
2710 Petro	pleum oils, other than crude	36.3	64.1	82.3	0.3	0.5	0.8	US\$/kg	334
3002 Hum	an blood; animal blood prepared for therapeutic uses	51.4	58.2	64.8	2.4	1.7	1.6	thsd US\$/kg	541
8542 Elect	tronic integrated circuits	31.9	41.3	43.7					776

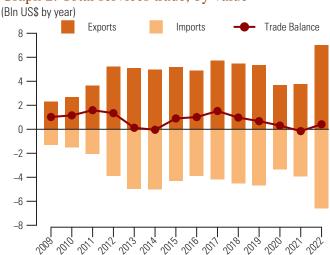
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Uruguay increased substantially by 17.3 percent to reach 11.2 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 25.7 percent to reach 13.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small deficit of 1.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Northern America at -1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Uruguay were diversified amongst partners; imports were also diversified. The top 11 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Uruguay increased substantially by 85.4 percent, reaching 7.0 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 67.6 percent and reached 6.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a relatively small trade in services surplus of 416.6 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 49.4, 31.7 and 5.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Meat of bovine animals, frozen" (HS code 0202) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were China, Brazil and Free zones, accounting for respectively 23.2, 16.2 and 16.2 percent of total exports. "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 977.4 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 524.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

Telecom, comp & info ( 35.3 %)

Remaining ( 4.6 %)

Transport ( 11.3 %)

Financial

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	ue (million US	3\$)			Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	6863.9	9541.0	11190.0					
0202 Meat of bovine animals, frozen	. 1260.4	2014.2	2122.2	4.7	5.4	6.2	US\$/kg	011
1201 Soya beans, whether or not broken	762.1	892.7	1922.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	222
4403 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood	678.3	701.5	673.8	61.7	62.9	3.4	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	247
0402 Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar	466.6	549.7	620.7	3.0	3.4	4.0	US\$/kg	022
1006 Rice	. 462.5	382.5	498.0	0.4	0.5	0.5	US\$/kg	042
0201 Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled		396.4	431.0	8.8	9.2	11.0	US\$/kg	011
2716 Electrical energy	. 79.1	525.3	162.7					351
1107 Malt, whether or not roasted		222.9	284.3	0.5	0.6	0.7	US\$/kg	048
0206 Edible offal of bovine animals, swine, sheep, goats, horses, asses, mules	. 127.6	230.4	202.7	1.5	2.1	2.0	US\$/kg	012
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	79.9	154.1	309.6	13.9	13.8	18.8	thsd US\$/unit	782

(9.0%)

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Value III IIIIIII Oow, growth and shares in percentage)											
		Avg. Grov	2022								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	11190.0	10.5	17.3	100.0							
0+1	5531.1	9.2	8.1	49.4							
2+4	3544.7	16.5	52.0	31.7							
3	167.8	17.0	-68.9	1.5							
5	630.0	5.8	9.9	5.6							
6	481.7	-2.8	5.8	4.3							
7	563.5	19.5	96.7	5.0							
8	270.5	0.6	14.6	2.4							
9	0.7	-54.3	455.9	0.0							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

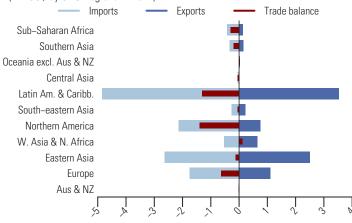
(value in minion eet, grewar and endree in percentage)										
		2022								
2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
12973.5	9.9	25.7	100.0							
1519.8	6.8	18.6	11.7							
434.2	7.2	20.5	3.3							
2185.2	14.9	50.7	16.8							
2599.7	12.5	26.3	20.0							
1364.2	5.6	7.5	10.5							
3651.5	11.3	27.3	28.1							
1218.3	4.1	18.3	9.4							
0.5	241.1	-69.4	0.0							
	2022 12 973.5 1 519.8 434.2 2 185.2 2 599.7 1 364.2 3 651.5 1 218.3	Avg. Grov   2022   2018-2022   12 973.5   9.9   1519.8   6.8   434.2   7.2   2185.2   14.9   2599.7   12.5   1364.2   5.6   3651.5   11.3   1218.3   4.1	Avg. Growth rates           2022         2018-2022         2021-2022           12973.5         9.9         25.7           1519.8         6.8         18.6           434.2         7.2         20.5           2185.2         14.9         50.7           2599.7         12.5         26.3           1364.2         5.6         7.5           3651.5         11.3         27.3           1218.3         4.1         18.3							

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

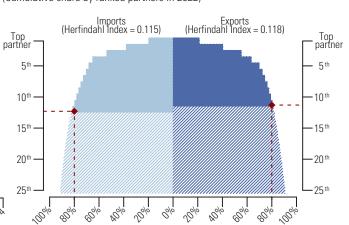
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)



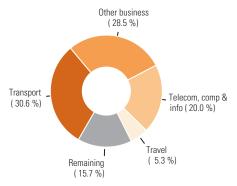
### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category

(% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 28.1, 20.0 and 16.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude" (HS code 2709) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were Brazil, China and the United States, accounting for respectively 20.2, 18.8 and 12.5 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 1.2 bln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 1.1 bln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 785.3 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

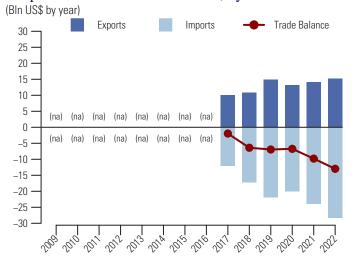
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Value (million US\$)  Unit value					lue	SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	7564.5	10320.3	12973.5					
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	681.1	1111.6	1656.5	0.4	0.5	8.0	US\$/kg	333
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	251.5	394.6	476.8	9.8	11.2	12.3	thsd US\$/unit	781
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	252.0	273.4	352.5					764
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	151.4	279.4	332.9	14.8	15.7		thsd US\$/unit	782
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	89.8	238.1	354.5		8.0		US\$/kg	334
3808 Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides	158.5	218.0	290.2		5.1	6.9	US\$/kg	591
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	103.4	201.4	341.0			0.7	US\$/kg	562
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	95.1	182.5	278.2	7.3	7.2	9.3	US\$/kg	784
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	154.7	165.4	197.6	24.9	27.1	16.5	US\$/kg	542
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers	81.5	142.5	199.0	0.4	0.6	1.0	US\$/kg	562

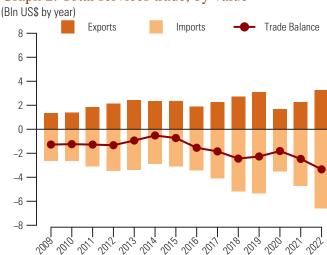
#### Overview:

In 2022, the value of merchandise exports of Uzbekistan increased moderately by 8.5 percent to reach 15.3 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 18.3 percent to reach 28.3 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 13.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -7.0 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Uzbekistan were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 6 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Uzbekistan increased substantially by 45.0 percent, reaching 3.3 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 39.9 percent and reached 6.6 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 3.3 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2022, representing respectively 29.1, 29.0 and 11.0 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2020 to 2022, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Areas nes, the Russian Federation and China, accounting for respectively 35.6, 14.2 and 11.0 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.3 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 552.8 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 176.3 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

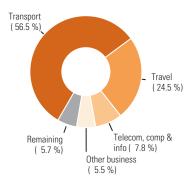


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Value (million US\$)  Unit value					ue	SITC	
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	13280.6	14092.2	15286.9					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	5804.4	4109.8	4110.3	58.0	56.1	59.2	thsd US\$/kg	971
5205 Cotton yarn (other than sewing thread), containing 85 % or more	934.1	1603.3	1390.7	2.1	3.4	3.5	US\$/kg	651
2711 Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons	587.4	721.9	925.3	0.2	0.4	1.2	US\$/kg	343
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	582.4	738.0	581.5	5.9	9.2	8.5	US\$/kg	682
9999 Commodities not specified according to kind	544.6	350.7	319.8					931
3901 Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms	263.2	312.0	268.0	0.7	1.6	1.0	US\$/kg	571
1101 Wheat or meslin flour	218.6	281.2	268.5	0.3	0.6	0.3	US\$/kg	046
0806 Grapes, fresh or dried	188.3	208.5	280.1	0.0	2.4	0.9	US\$/kg	057
7408 Copper wire	82.8	260.9	300.0	6.3	9.9	8.7	US\$/kg	682
0713 Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split	194.5	208.4	230.8	0.0	1.0	0.0	US\$/kg	054

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(Variation in minimum coop, growth and charge in percentage)											
		Avg. Grov	2022								
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share							
Total	15286.9	8.8	8.5	100.0							
0+1	1679.7	12.4	19.3	11.0							
2+4	424.1	-0.2	-17.7	2.8							
3	1214.1	-17.9	34.3	7.9							
5	1 006.1	10.7	19.2	6.6							
6	4447.0	16.5	-0.9	29.1							
7	981.9	48.1	42.6	6.4							
8	1104.0	34.4	40.5	7.2							
9	4430.1	8.9	-0.7	29.0							

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

Ava. Growth rates 2022										
			Avg. Growth rates							
SITC	2022	2018-2022	2021-2022	share						
Total	28 264.0	13.0	18.3	100.0						
0+1	3533.5	27.1	35.8	12.5						
2+4	1710.6	13.8	8.2	6.1						
3	1794.1	19.5	16.4	6.3						
5	4241.9	18.8	16.1	15.0						
6	5790.8	13.7	22.2	20.5						
7	9767.5	6.1	15.9	34.6						
8	1360.4	16.2	2.2	4.8						
9	65.3	31.3	347.5	0.2						

#### SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

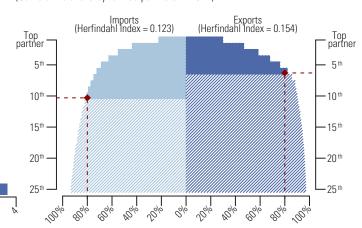
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2022)

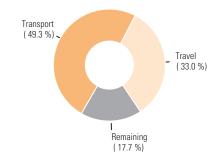


## Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2022)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2022, representing respectively 34.6, 20.5 and 15.0 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2020 to 2022, the largest import commodity was "Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)" (HS code 3004) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the Russian Federation and Kazakhstan, accounting for respectively 21.7, 21.5 and 11.1 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 2.3 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 1.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

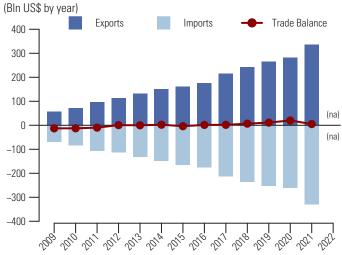
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2020 to 2022

HS	Valu	e (million US	S\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2020	2021	2022	2020	2021	2022	Unit	code
All Commodities	20 020.1	23885.9	28 264.0					
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	1029.5	1206.0	1317.3	35.7	133.7	37.6	US\$/kg	542
8708 Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 87.01 to 87.05	912.7	916.7	1224.4	0.0	13.1	0.0	US\$/kg	784
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	538.6	764.3	839.9	0.4	1.3	0.8	US\$/kg	334
1001 Wheat and meslin	556.5	616.4	781.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	041
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	475.5	588.8	778.8	18.4	23.9	25.6	thsd US\$/unit	781
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	215.2	496.3	650.8		0.9	0.8	US\$/kg	673
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	389.6	478.1	421.4					764
8474 Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding	460.1	337.3	361.2					728
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	240.0	333.4	520.9	0.4	1.4		US\$/kg	061
4407 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled	322.5	333.5	437.6	120.1	382.2	191.7	US\$/m <sup>3</sup>	248

#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Viet Nam increased substantially by 19.3 percent to reach 335.8 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 26.6 percent to reach 330.8 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a relatively small surplus of 5.0 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Eastern Asia at -96.4 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Viet Nam were diversified amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 17 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 10 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Viet Nam increased substantially by 214.3 percent, reaching 11.5 bln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 35.6 percent and reached 26.3 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 14.8 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Miscellaneous manufactured articles" (SITC section 8) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 47.9, 23.3 and 13.2 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy" (HS code 8517) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were the United States, China and the Republic of Korea, accounting for respectively 26.6, 16.6 and 6.9 percent of total exports. "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 1.0 bln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

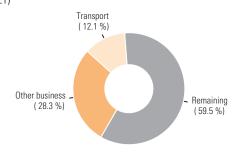


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	1 1	Value (million US\$)				Unit value			
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020		Unit	SITC code
A	All Commodities	264610.3	281 441.5	335792.6					
8517 E	lectrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	56358.9	61 939.0	72697.8					764
8542 E	lectronic integrated circuits	11519.9	13952.3	14494.0					776
6404 F	ootwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather	9249.3	8432.2	9113.8	28.4	29.5	29.4	US\$/pair	851
9403 0	Other furniture and parts thereof	5516.6	6947.4	7593.6					821
6403 F	ootwear with outer soles of rubber, plastics, leather	5602.3	5147.7	5310.8	42.5	41.5	44.6	US\$/pair	851
8544 li	nsulated (including enamelled or anodised) wire, cable	4708.5	4997.3	5872.9	22.4	29.0	26.4	US\$/kg	773
8471 A	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof	3968.6	5532.0	5995.9					752
8529 F	Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28	3053.9	5341.0	5355.0	211.2	191.5		US\$/kg	764
8528 F	Reception apparatus for television	3149.6	4504.7	5739.5					761
8541 E	Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	3658.8	4565.4	4888.2					776

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in minion 60¢, growth and shares in percentage)									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	335792.6	11.8	19.3	100.0					
0+1	26853.0	1.0	10.1	8.0					
2+4	7917.8	7.8 10.8 26.2		2.4					
3	3 2 8 9 . 6	-9.2	23.2	1.0					
5	9262.7	18.6	36.8	2.8					
6	44 434.3	19.1	19.1 43.2						
7	160830.5			47.9					
8	78 267.6			23.3					
9	4937.1	102.2	70.0	1.5					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

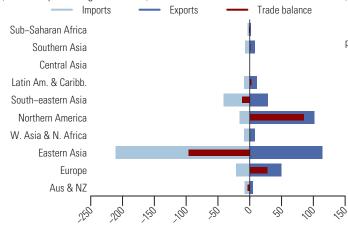
( · a. a									
		Avg. Grov	2021						
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share					
Total	330752.3	11.6	26.6	100.0					
0+1	24717.1	12.3	35.1	7.5					
2+4	19391.3	16.6	57.2	5.9					
3	16356.3	10.4	26.8	4.9					
5	39093.4	10.7	33.1	11.8					
6	58 106.1	7.8	26.6	17.6					
7	150877.9	13.2	22.5	45.6					
8	17 470.5	4.2	2.7	5.3					
9	4739.7	82.0	101.2	1.4					

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

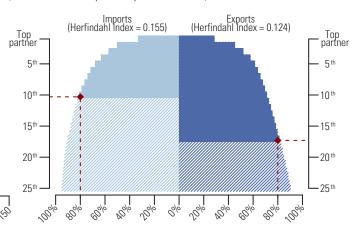
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

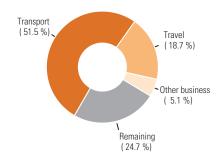


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 45.6, 17.6 and 11.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Electronic integrated circuits" (HS code 8542) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were China, the Republic of Korea and Japan, accounting for respectively 31.9, 17.7 and 7.4 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 10.0 bln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 3.6 bln US\$ (see graph 6).

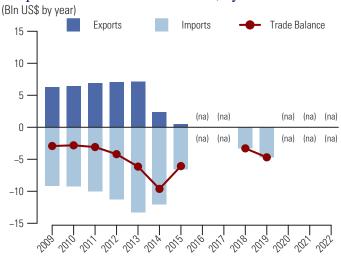
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Val	ue (million U	S\$)			Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	253 442.0	261 309.5	330752.3					
8542 Electronic integrated circuits	30615.5	39140.8	47 889.8					776
8517 Electrical apparatus for line telephony or line telegraphy	15957.2	18541.5	24222.2					764
8541 Diodes, transistors and similar semiconductor devices	4556.2	6292.0	4521.1					776
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	6348.8	3776.7	4782.9	0.6	0.4	0.6	US\$/kg	334
8529 Parts suitable for use with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28	3007.4	4624.3	6990.1	122.4	133.5		US\$/kg	764
8534 Circuits; printed	3554.7	4105.2	5448.0	83.2	104.5		US\$/kg	772
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude		3840.3	5032.2	0.5	0.3	0.5	US\$/kg	333
7208 Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel	3569.1	3483.7	4597.6	0.6	0.5	0.9	US\$/kg	673
2701 Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	3516.1	3593.8	3933.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	321
6006 Other knitted or crocheted fabrics		3263.1	4003.9	8.3	8.5	8.4	US\$/kg	655

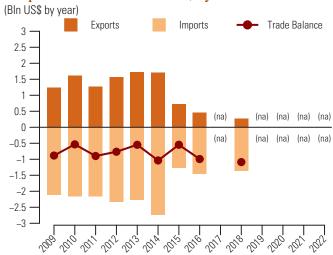
#### Overview:

In 2019, the value of merchandise exports of Yemen increased substantially by 53.9 percent to reach 23.8 mln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 42.5 percent to reach 4.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a large deficit of 4.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at -2.1 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Yemen were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 12 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2018, the value of exports of services of Yemen was 270.7 mln US\$, while its imports of services reached 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 1.1 bln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2019, representing respectively 97.9, 0.8 and 0.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2017 to 2019, the largest export commodity was "Wheat or meslin flour" (HS code 1101) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Egypt, Türkiye and Pakistan, accounting for respectively 58.2, 34.2 and 12.2 percent of total exports. "Government goods and services n.i.e." (EBOPS code SL) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2016 at 157.0 mln US\$, followed by "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 118.1 mln US\$ and "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 100.0 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

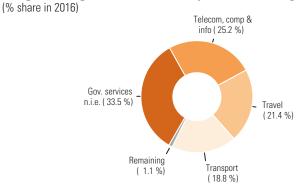


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2017 to 2019

1 1			/	<b>4</b> )				OUTO
HS		Valu	ıe (million US	\$)		Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit hea	ding of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017   2018	2019	Unit	code
All Commodities			15.5	23.8				
			2.7	14.9	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	046
1103 Cereal groats, meal and pellets			7.7	8.0	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	046
1001 Wheat and meslin			2.4		0.2		US\$/kg	041
			0.7		2.9		US\$/kg	036
2303 Residues of starch manufacture a	nd similar residues		0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1	US\$/kg	081
1005 Maize (corn)			0.5	0.0	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	044
0304 Fish fillets and other fish meat (w	hether or not minced)		0.4		4.5		US\$/kg	034
2106 Food preparations not elsewhere	specified or included		0.3		1.4		US\$/kg	098
7204 Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting	g scrap ingots of iron or steel		0.3		0.0		US\$/kg	282
0306 Crustaceans, whether in shell or r	ot		0.1		4.8		US\$/kg	036

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$ growth and shares in percentage)

0+1     23.3     -47.2     54.4     97.9       2+4     0.1     -70.5     -50.7     0.6       3     0.0     -66.7      0.1       5     0.0     -76.7     52.7     0.2	(value in million 05\$, growth and shares in percentage)									
Total         23.8         -53.5         53.9         100.0           0+1         23.3         -47.2         54.4         97.9           2+4         0.1         -70.5         -50.7         0.6           3         0.0         -66.7          0.1           5         0.0         -76.7         52.7         0.2           6         0.2         -68.7         394.5         0.8           7         0.0         -89.9         -40.2         0.1	SITC	2010								
0+1     23.3     -47.2     54.4     97.9       2+4     0.1     -70.5     -50.7     0.6       3     0.0     -66.7      0.1       5     0.0     -76.7     52.7     0.2       6     0.2     -68.7     394.5     0.8       7     0.0     -89.9     -40.2     0.1	3116	2013	2013-2013	2010-2013	Silaie					
2+4     0.1     -70.5     -50.7     0.6       3     0.0     -66.7      0.1       5     0.0     -76.7     52.7     0.2       6     0.2     -68.7     394.5     0.8       7     0.0     -89.9     -40.2     0.1	Total	23.8	-53.5	53.9	100.0					
3 0.0 -66.7 0.1 5 0.0 -76.7 52.7 0.2 6 0.2 -68.7 394.5 0.8 7 0.0 -89.9 -40.2 0.1	0+1	23.3	3 -47.2 54.4		97.9					
5 0.0 -76.7 52.7 0.2 6 0.2 -68.7 394.5 0.8 7 0.0 -89.9 -40.2 0.1	2+4	0.1	-70.5	-50.7	0.6					
6 0.2 -68.7 394.5 0.8 7 0.0 -89.9 -40.2 0.1	3	0.0	-66.7		0.1					
7 0.0 -89.9 -40.2 0.1	5	0.0	-76.7		0.2					
	6	0.2	-68.7	394.5	0.8					
8 0.1 -58.0 3850.9 0.4	7	0.0	-89.9	-40.2	0.1					
	8	0.1	-58.0	3850.9	0.4					

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in minion 554, gretter and charge in personlage								
			Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2019	19 2015-2019 2018-2019						
Total	4716.0	-8.0	42.5	100.0				
0+1	1796.7	-10.4	39.9	38.1				
2+4	80.2	-27.9	26.3	1.7				
3	1340.1	19.9	20.8	28.4				
5	331.0	-10.3	43.9	7.0				
6	505.5	-11.0	77.7	10.7				
7	467.0	-18.9	126.5	9.9				
8	195.5	-8.8	49.6	4.1				

#### SITC Legend

SITC	
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles

9 Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

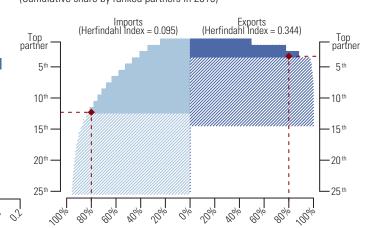
### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2019)

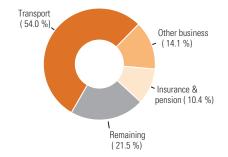


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2019)



# Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2016)



#### Imports Profile:

"Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1), "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2019, representing respectively 38.1, 28.4 and 10.7 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2017 to 2019, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were the United Arab Emirates, Oman and China, accounting for respectively 21.2, 9.5 and 8.4 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2016 at 787.5 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 204.9 mln US\$ and "Insurance and pension services" (EBOPS code SF) at 151.5 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

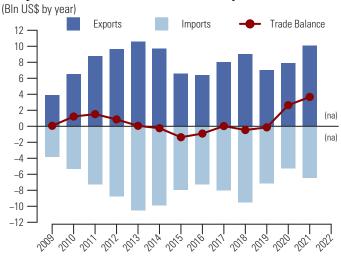
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2017 to 2019

HS		Value	e (million US	\$)		Unit val	ue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2017	2018	2019	2017 2018	2019	Unit	code
All Com	nmodities		3309.0	4716.0				
	um oils, other than crude		1096.5	1333.6	0.5	0.7	US\$/kg	334
1001 Wheat	and meslin		432.8	546.9	0.3	3 0.3	US\$/kg	041
1701 Cane or	r beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form		230.5	237.5	0.4	0.4	US\$/kg	061
1005 Maize (	(corn)		148.9	163.9	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	044
1006 Rice			84.0	140.7	0.8	0.5	US\$/kg	042
1101 Wheat	or meslin flour		41.2	126.7	0.3	0.4	US\$/kg	046
3004 Medica	aments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)		64.8	93.0	3.8	4.6	US\$/kg	542
7213 Bars an	nd rods, hot-rolled, in irregularly wound coils		40.6	104.2		0.2	US\$/kg	676
8703 Motor o	cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport		20.7	93.9				781
8541 Diodes,	, transistors and similar semiconductor devices		40.7	70.2				776

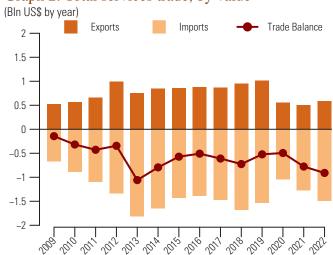
#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Zambia increased substantially by 27.5 percent to reach 10.1 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 21.8 percent to reach 6.4 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate surplus of 3.7 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Europe at 3.9 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Zambia were moderately concentrated amongst partners; imports were diversified. The top 4 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 13 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Zambia increased substantially by 16.4 percent, reaching 583.6 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 16.9 percent and reached 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 909.5 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6), "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) and "Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 82.3, 7.3 and 3.6 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Copper; unrefined, copper anodes for electrolytic refining" (HS code 7402) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were Switzerland, China and Singapore, accounting for respectively 42.6, 19.5 and 11.5 percent of total exports. "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 393.0 mln US\$, followed by "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) at 66.5 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category

Remaining (2.7 %) (13.3 %)

Telecom, comp & info ( 5.6 %)

Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

1 1								
HS	Valu	ue (million US	S\$)		Į	Jnit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	7039.4	7 923.7	10101.4					
7402 Copper; unrefined, copper anodes for electrolytic refining		4253.8	5608.8	6.1	6.3	9.4	US\$/kg	682
7403 Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought	. 1130.6	1449.4	1966.7	5.9	6.0	9.0	US\$/kg	682
2523 Portland cement, aluminous cement, slag cement	112.5	125.9	127.5		0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	661
2716 Electrical energy	86.8	124.3	130.9		46.8		US\$/MWh	351
7103 Precious stones (other than diamonds) and semi-precious stones	. 144.5	67.8	98.1					667
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse	69.9	110.1	112.4	2.9	4.2	4.0	US\$/kg	121
2807 Sulphuric acid; oleum	147.3	93.4	50.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	US\$/kg	522
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	116.1	87.3	72.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	061
2202 Waters with added sugar	62.9	86.3	118.3	0.6	0.5	0.4	US\$/litre	111
7202 Ferro-alloys	48.6	55.0	152.0	0.9	8.0	1.2	US\$/kg	671

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

1	(Valdo III IIIIII OOQ, growth and onaroo III poroontago)								
			Avg. Grov	2021					
L	SITC	2021	2017-2021	share					
	Total	10101.4	01.4 5.9 27.5		100.0				
	0+1	738.9	9.7	31.6	7.3				
	2+4	364.4	364.4 9.1 -17.1		3.6				
	3	145.9	18.8	8.0	1.4				
	5	284.3	6.4	5.1	2.8				
	6	8308.4	6.1	32.5	82.3				
	7	167.9	167.9 1.0 9.2		1.7				
	8	24.6	24.6 -34.9 28.4		0.2				
	9	66.8	-9.5	-8.6	0.7				

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

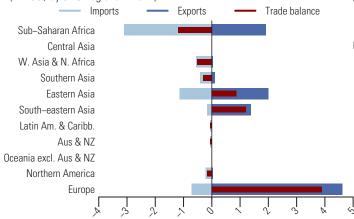
(Value III IIIIII 604, growth and charge III percentage)								
			Avg. Growth rates					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	6435.4	-5.3	21.8	100.0				
0+1	423.7	0.3	18.2	6.6				
2+4	527.7	-18.4 61.3		8.2				
3	641.7	-16.8	29.5	10.0				
5	1720.9	3.6	18.0	26.7				
6	932.5	0.1	20.0	14.5				
7	1845.5	-5.0	23.4	28.7				
8	339.6	-0.1	-7.5	5.3				
9	3.9	-35.6	-25.0	0.1				

#### SITC Legend

SITC Code	Description
Couc	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

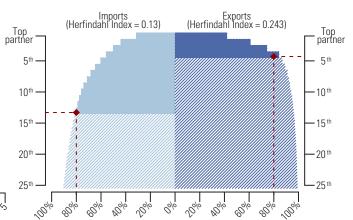
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

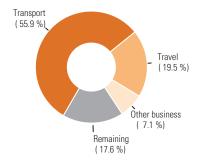


### Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Goods classified chiefly by material" (SITC section 6) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 28.7, 26.7 and 14.5 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, China and the United Arab Emirates, accounting for respectively 31.8, 14.3 and 8.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 713.6 mln US\$, followed by "Travel" (EBOPS code SD) at 248.7 mln US\$ and "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 90.4 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

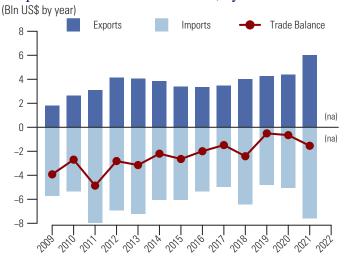
Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Valu	e (million US	\$)		l	Unit va	lue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	 7173.0	5284.7	6435.4					
2710 Petroleum oils, other than crude	 700.5	212.7	537.6	0.9	0.8	0.9	US\$/kg	334
2709 Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals; crude	 504.1	225.9	45.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	US\$/kg	333
3004 Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	 149.9	209.9	215.7	5.0	24.7	4.9	US\$/kg	542
3102 Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	 163.8	157.1	253.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	562
3105 Mineral or chemical fertilisers	 169.9	241.2	121.2	0.5	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	562
8704 Motor vehicles for the transport of goods	 178.7	130.7	191.7					782
2603 Copper ores and concentrates	 153.8	62.7	196.3	1.3	0.0		US\$/kg	283
8703 Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport	 113.2	87.8	117.6	22.9	25.4	24.7	thsd US\$/unit	781
8431 Parts suitable for use principally with the machinery of headings 84.25	 116.6	79.4	117.5	12.4	11.4	13.2	US\$/kg	723
8701 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 87.09)	 106.5	93.7	109.0					722

#### Overview:

In 2021, the value of merchandise exports of Zimbabwe increased substantially by 37.3 percent to reach 6.0 bln US\$, while its merchandise imports increased substantially by 50.1 percent to reach 7.6 bln US\$ (see graph 1, table 2 and table 3). The merchandise trade balance recorded a moderate deficit of 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 1). The largest merchandise trade balance was with Western Asia and Northern Africa at 1.5 bln US\$ (see graph 4). Merchandise exports in Zimbabwe were highly concentrated amongst partners; imports were moderately concentrated. The top 3 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of exports and 7 partners accounted for 80 percent or more of imports (see graph 5). In 2022, the value of exports of services of Zimbabwe increased substantially by 145.6 percent, reaching 589.9 mln US\$, while its imports of services increased substantially by 43.7 percent and reached 1.4 bln US\$ (see graph 2). There was a large trade in services deficit of 768.2 mln US\$.

Graph 1: Total merchandise trade, by value



Graph 2: Total services trade, by value



#### **Exports Profile:**

"Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils" (SITC section 2+4), "Not classified elsewhere in the SITC" (SITC section 9) and "Food, animals + beverages, tobacco" (SITC section 0+1) were the largest commodity groups for exports in 2021, representing respectively 44.7, 26.7 and 15.9 percent of exported goods (see table 2). From 2019 to 2021, the largest export commodity was "Gold (including gold plated with platinum)" (HS code 7108) (see table 1). The top three destinations for merchandise exports were South Africa, the United Arab Emirates and Special Categories, accounting for respectively 45.9, 23.4 and 19.7 percent of total exports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of exports of services in 2021 at 110.7 mln US\$ (see graph 3).

Graph 3: Exports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)

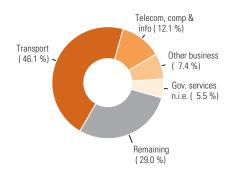


Table 1: Top 10 export commodities 2019 to 2021

HS	Val	ue (million US	S\$)		-	Unit val	ue	SITC
code 4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021	Unit	code
All Commodities	4279.4	4394.8	6036.2					
7108 Gold (including gold plated with platinum)	1063.9	982.3	1612.8					971
7501 Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products	488.5	985.3	1248.4	57.6	86.1	2.2	US\$/kg	284
2604 Nickel ores and concentrates	737.1	611.8	1036.1	3.1	4.0	0.0	US\$/kg	284
2401 Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse	783.0	741.4	780.5	4.5		4.4	US\$/kg	121
7202 Ferro-alloys	228.0	140.2	305.6	8.0	0.7		US\$/kg	671
7102 Diamonds, whether or not worked, but not mounted or set		141.0	165.7	29.7		92.7	US\$/carat	667
7110 Platinum, unwrought or in semi-manufactured forms, or in powder form	60.1	134.4	204.9	20.5			thsd US\$/kg	681
7113 Articles of jewellery and parts thereof, of precious metal	160.7	84.6	3.5	37.2	41.0	10.2	thsd US\$/kg	897
1701 Cane or beet sugar and chemically pure sucrose, in solid form	60.8	75.5	15.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	US\$/kg	061
2704 Coke and semi-coke of coal, of lignite or of peat	26.7	37.6	81.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	US\$/kg	325

Table 2: Merchandise exports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

(value in million 00%, growth and shares in percenta						
			2021			
	SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share	
	Total	6036.2	14.8	37.3	100.0	
	0+1	957.2	-0.5	-1.7	15.9	
	2+4	2701.0	24.9	41.8	44.7	
	3	94.4	38.9	95.5	1.6	
	5	15.1	1.5	-0.6	0.2	
	6	576.1	12.2	78.4	9.5	
	7	40.1	-11.0	23.1	0.7	
	8	38.9	-0.6	-66.2	0.6	
	9	1613.5	16.2	64.1	26.7	

Table 3: Merchandise imports by SITC

(Value in million US\$, growth and shares in percentage)

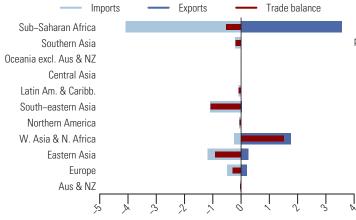
<u>(************************************</u>								
		Avg. Grov	2021					
SITC	2021	2017-2021	2020-2021	share				
Total	7577.6	11.2	50.1	100.0				
0+1	731.9	7.1	-6.3	9.7				
2+4	409.5	15.9	57.9	5.4				
3	1 423.7	-1.2	74.9	18.8				
5	1693.7	19.3	69.9	22.4				
6	1 0 9 1 . 7	19.3	48.8	14.4				
7	1903.3	14.8	56.8	25.1				
8	287.1	10.7	33.5	3.8				
9	36.7	10.2	8.1	0.5				

### SITC Legend

SITC	Dannintian
Code	Description
Total	All commodities
0+1	Food, animals + beverages, tobacco
2+4	Crude materials + anim. & veg. oils
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants
5	Chemicals
6	Goods classified chiefly by material
7	Machinery and transport equipment
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles
9	Not classified elsewhere in the SITC

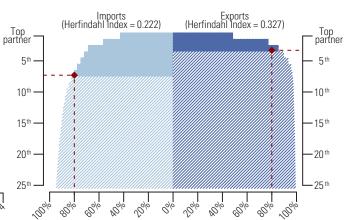
#### Graph 4: Merchandise trade balance

(Bln US\$ by SDG Regions in 2021)

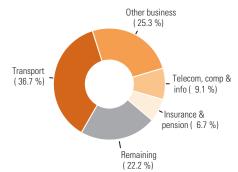


Graph 5: Partner concentration of merchandise trade

(Cumulative share by ranked partners in 2021)



## Graph 6: Imports of services by EBOPS category (% share in 2021)



#### Imports Profile:

"Machinery and transport equipment" (SITC section 7), "Chemicals" (SITC section 5) and "Mineral fuels, lubricants" (SITC section 3) were the largest commodity groups for imports in 2021, representing respectively 25.1, 22.4 and 18.8 percent of imported goods (see table 3). From 2019 to 2021, the largest import commodity was "Petroleum oils, other than crude" (HS code 2710) (see table 4). The top three partners for merchandise imports were South Africa, Singapore and China, accounting for respectively 43.5, 16.1 and 10.3 percent of total imports. "Transport" (EBOPS code SC) accounted for the largest share of imports of services in 2021 at 347.4 mln US\$, followed by "Other business services" (EBOPS code SJ) at 239.1 mln US\$ and "Telecommunications, computer, and information services" (EBOPS code SI) at 85.8 mln US\$ (see graph 6).

Table 4: Top 10 import commodities 2019 to 2021

HS		Valu	e (million US	(2)		ı	Unit va	lue	SITC
code	4-digit heading of Harmonized System	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020		Unit	code
All Co	mmodities	4787.4	5047.9	7577.6					
	eum oils, other than crude	1312.5	613.9	1184.5	1.1	0.8	0.9	US\$/kg	334
3004 Medic	caments (excluding goods of heading 30.02, 30.05 or 30.06)	163.2	134.0	190.0	17.1	29.7	35.7	US\$/kg	542
3102 Miner	al or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous	113.4	108.9	251.1	0.5			US\$/kg	562
8704 Motor	vehicles for the transport of goods	141.0	121.5	194.0	1.7	31.2	1.5	thsd US\$/unit	782
1005 Maize	(corn)	30.9	298.7	114.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	US\$/kg	044
	bean oil and its fractions	72.2	128.4	222.5	1.0	1.0	1.6	US\$/kg	421
	ical energy	94.2	153.9	152.1	53.1	45.7	72.8	US\$/MWh	351
3808 Insect	icides, rodenticides, fungicides, herbicides	85.4	99.9	140.4	8.9	6.4	9.6	US\$/kg	591
8701 Tracto	rs (other than tractors of heading 87.09)	84.0	103.9	123.4					722
		50.5	106.1	129.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	US\$/kg	042

## **Country, Regional and World Trade Profiles**

For further information on sources, method of estimation, currency conversion, period, country nomenclature and regional groupings, please see the Introduction.